

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 SB0119

Introduced 1/24/2023, by Sen. Steve Stadelman

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/228 35 ILCS 31/10 35 ILCS 31/20

Amends the Historic Preservation Tax Credit Act. Extends the sunset of the credit to December 31, 2028 (currently, December 31, 2023). Provides that, in each calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and ending on or before December 31, 2028, the State Historic Preservation Office in the Department of Natural Resources is authorized to allocate \$75,000,000 (currently, \$15,000,000) in tax credits under the Act. Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act to make conforming changes. Effective immediately.

LRB103 06051 HLH 51081 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Section 228 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 5/228)

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Sec. 228. Historic preservation credit. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and ending on or before December 31, 2028 December 31, 2023, a taxpayer who qualifies for a credit under the Historic Preservation Tax Credit Act is entitled to a credit against the taxes imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act as provided in that Act. If the taxpayer is a partnership, Subchapter S corporation, or a limited liability company the credit shall be allowed to the partners, shareholders, or members in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code provided that credits granted to a partnership, а limited liability company taxed partnership, or other multiple owners of property shall be through to the partners, members, or passed respectively on a pro rata basis or pursuant to an executed agreement among the partners, members, or owners documenting

- 1 any alternate distribution method. If the amount of any tax
- 2 credit awarded under this Section exceeds the qualified
- 3 taxpayer's income tax liability for the year in which the
- 4 qualified rehabilitation plan was placed in service, the
- 5 excess amount may be carried forward as provided in the
- 6 Historic Preservation Tax Credit Act.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-741, eff. 5-6-22.)
- 8 Section 10. The Historic Preservation Tax Credit Act is
- 9 amended by changing Sections 10 and 20 as follows:
- 10 (35 ILCS 31/10)
- 11 Sec. 10. Allowable credit.
- 12 (a) To the extent authorized by this Act, for taxable
- years beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and ending on or
- 14 before <u>December 31, 2028</u> December 31, 2023, there shall be
- allowed a tax credit to the qualified taxpayer against the tax
- 16 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the
- 17 Illinois Income Tax Act in an aggregate amount equal to 25% of
- 18 qualified expenditures, but not to exceed \$3,000,000, incurred
- 19 undertaking a qualified rehabilitation plan, provided that the
- total amount of such expenditures must (i) equal \$5,000 or
- 21 more and (ii) exceed the adjusted basis of the structure on the
- 22 first day the qualified rehabilitation plan commenced. If the
- 23 qualified rehabilitation plan spans multiple years, the
- 24 aggregate credit for the entire project shall be allowed in

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1 the last taxable year.

- (b) To obtain a tax credit certificate pursuant to this Section, the qualified taxpayer must apply with the Division. Division shall determine the amount of eliqible rehabilitation expenditures within 45 days after receipt of a application. The taxpayer must provide to the Division a third-party cost certification conducted by a certified public accountant verifying (i) the qualified and non-qualified rehabilitation expenses and (ii) that qualified expenditures exceed the adjusted basis of structure on the first day the qualified rehabilitation plan commenced. The accountant shall provide appropriate review and testing of invoices. The Division is authorized, but not required, to accept this third-party cost certification to determine the amount of qualified expenditures. The Division and the National Park Service shall determine whether the rehabilitation is consistent with the Standards of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior.
- (c) If the amount of any tax credit awarded under this Act exceeds the qualified taxpayer's income tax liability for the year in which the qualified rehabilitation plan was placed in service, the excess amount may be carried forward for deduction from the taxpayer's income tax liability in the next succeeding year or years until the total amount of the credit has been used, except that a credit may not be carried forward for deduction after the tenth taxable year after the taxable

year in which the qualified rehabilitation plan was placed in 1 2 service. Upon completion of the project and approval of the 3 complete application, the Division shall issue a single certificate in the amount of the eligible credits equal to 25% 5 of the qualified expenditures incurred during the eligible taxable years, not to exceed the lesser of the allocated 6 amount or \$3,000,000 per single qualified rehabilitation plan. 7 Prior to the issuance of the tax credit certificate, the 8 9 qualified taxpayer must provide to the Division verification 10 that the rehabilitated structure is a qualified historic 11 structure. At the time the certificate is issued, an issuance 12 fee up to the maximum amount of 2% of the amount of the credits issued by the certificate may be collected from the qualified 13 taxpayer to administer the Act. If collected, this issuance 14 15 fee shall be directed to the Division Historic Property 16 Administrative Fund or other such fund as appropriate for use 17 the Division in the administration of the Historic Preservation Tax Credit Program. The taxpayer must attach the 18 certificate or legal documentation of her or his proportional 19 20 share of the certificate to the tax return on which the credits are to be claimed. The tax credit under this Section may not 21 22 reduce the taxpayer's liability to less than zero. If the 23 amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for the year, 24 the excess credit may be carried forward and applied to the tax 25 liability of the 10 taxable years following the first excess 26 credit year. The taxpayer is not eligible to receive credits

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- under this Section and under Section 221 of the Illinois
 Income Tax Act for the same qualified expenditures or
 qualified rehabilitation plan.
 - If the taxpayer is (i) a corporation having an election in effect under Subchapter S of the federal Internal Revenue Code, (ii) a partnership, or (iii) a limited liability company, the credit provided under this Act may be claimed by the shareholders of the corporation, the partners of the partnership, or the members of the limited liability company in the same manner as those shareholders, partners, or members account for their proportionate shares of the income or losses of the corporation, partnership, or limited liability company, or as provided in the bylaws or other executed agreement of the corporation, partnership, or limited liability company. Credits granted to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a partnership, or other multiple owners of property shall be passed through to the partners, members, or owners respectively on a pro rata basis or pursuant to an executed agreement among the partners, members, or owners documenting any alternate distribution method.
 - (e) If a recapture event occurs during the recapture period with respect to a qualified historic structure, then for any taxable year in which the credits are allowed as specified in this Act, the tax under the applicable Section of this Act shall be increased by applying the recapture percentage set forth below to the tax decrease resulting from

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- the application of credits allowed under this Act to the taxable year in question.
- For the purposes of this subsection, the recapture percentage shall be determined as follows:
 - (1) if the recapture event occurs within the first year after commencement of the recapture period, then the recapture percentage is 100%;
 - (2) if the recapture event occurs within the second year after commencement of the recapture period, then the recapture percentage is 80%;
 - (3) if the recapture event occurs within the third year after commencement of the recapture period, then the recapture percentage is 60%;
 - (4) if the recapture event occurs within the fourth year after commencement of the recapture period, then the recapture percentage is 40%; and
 - (5) if the recapture event occurs within the fifth year after commencement of the recapture period, then the recapture percentage is 20%.
 - In the case of any recapture event, the carryforwards under this Act shall be adjusted by reason of such event.
- 22 (f) The Division may adopt rules to implement this Section 23 in addition to the rules expressly authorized herein.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-741, eff. 5-6-22.)

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- 1 Sec. 20. Limitations, reporting, and monitoring.
- 2 (a) In each every calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and ending on or before December 31, 2023 that 3 this program is in effect, the Division is authorized to 4 5 allocate \$15,000,000 in tax credits in addition to any unallocated, returned, or rescinded allocations from previous 6 7 years, pursuant to qualified rehabilitation plans. In each 8 calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and ending 9 on or before December 31, 2028, the Division is authorized to 10 allocate \$75,000,000 in tax credits in addition to any unallocated, returned, or rescinded allocations from previous 11 12 years, pursuant to qualified rehabilitation plans. The Division shall not allocate or award more than \$3,000,000 in 13 14 tax credits with regard to a single qualified rehabilitation 15 plan. In allocating tax credits under this Act, the Division 16 must prioritize applications that meet one or more of the 17 following:
 - (1) the structure is located in a county that borders a State with a historic income-producing property rehabilitation credit;
 - (2) the structure was previously owned by a federal, state, or local governmental entity for no less than 6 months;
 - (3) the structure is located in a census tract that has a median family income at or below the State median family income; data from the most recent 5-year estimate

- from the American Community Survey (ACS), published by the
 U.S. Census Bureau, shall be used to determine
 eligibility;
 - (4) the qualified rehabilitation plan includes in the development partnership a Community Development Entity or a low-profit (B Corporation) or not-for-profit organization, as defined by Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; or
 - (5) the structure is located in an area declared under an Emergency Declaration or Major Disaster Declaration under the federal Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. The declaration must be no older than 3 years at the time of application.
 - (b) The annual aggregate authorization of \$15,000,000 set forth in subsection (a) shall be allocated by the Division, in such proportion as determined by the Director twice in each calendar year that the program is in effect, provided that the amount initially allocated by the Division for the first calendar year application period shall not exceed 65% of the total amount available for allocation. Any unallocated amount remaining as of the end of the second application period of a given calendar year shall be rolled over and added to the total authorized amount for the next available calendar year. The qualified rehabilitation plan must meet a readiness test, as defined by the Division, in order for the application to qualify. In any given application period, applications that

- qualify under this Act will be prioritized as set forth in subsection (a) and placed in a queue based on the date and time the application is received. Applicants whose applications qualify but do not receive an allocation must reapply to be considered in subsequent application periods.
- (c) Subject to appropriation to the Division, moneys in the Historic Property Administrative Fund shall be used, on a biennial basis, beginning at the end of the second fiscal year after the effective date of this Act, to hire a qualified third party to prepare a biennial report to assess the overall impact of this Act from the qualified rehabilitation plans under this Act completed in that year and in previous years. Baseline data of the metrics in the report shall be collected at the initiation of a qualified rehabilitation plan. The overall economic impact shall include at least:
 - (1) the number of applications, project locations, and proposed use of qualified historic structures;
 - (2) the amount of credits awarded and the number and location of projects receiving credit allocations;
 - (3) the status of ongoing projects and projected qualifying expenditures for ongoing projects;
 - (4) for completed projects, the total amount of qualifying rehabilitation expenditures and non-qualifying expenditures, the number of housing units created and the number of housing units that qualify as affordable, and the total square footage rehabilitated and developed;

- 1 (5) direct, indirect, and induced economic impacts;
- 2 (6) temporary, permanent, and construction jobs 3 created; and
 - (7) sales, income, and property tax generation before construction, during construction, and after completion.

The report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the Secretary shall direct.

- (d) Any time prior to issuance of a tax credit certificate, the Director of the Division, the State Historic Preservation Officer, or staff of the Division may, upon reasonable notice of not less than 3 business days, conduct a site visit to the project to inspect and evaluate the project.
- (e) Any time prior to the issuance of a tax credit certificate, the Director may, upon reasonable notice of not less than 30 calendar days, request a status report from the Applicant consisting of information and updates relevant to the status of the project. Status reports shall not be requested more than twice yearly.
- (f) In order to demonstrate sufficient evidence of reviewable progress within 12 months after the date the Applicant received notification of allocation from the Division, the Director may require the Applicant to provide all of the following:
 - (1) a viable financial plan which demonstrates by way

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of an executed agreement that all financing has been secured for the project; such financing shall include, but not be limited to, equity investment as demonstrated by letters of commitment from the owner of the property, investment partners, and equity investors;

- (2) (blank); and
- (3) all historic approvals, including all federal and State rehabilitation documents required by the Division.

The Director shall review the submitted evidence and may request additional documentation from the Applicant if necessary. The Applicant will have 30 calendar days to provide the information requested, otherwise the allocation may be rescinded at the discretion of the Director.

In order to demonstrate sufficient evidence reviewable progress within 24 months after the date application received notification of approval the Division, the Director may require the Applicant to provide detailed evidence that the Applicant has secured and closed on financing for the complete scope of rehabilitation for the project. To demonstrate evidence that the Applicant has secured and closed on financing, the Applicant will need to provide signed and processed loan agreements, bank financing other legal and contractual evidence documents or demonstrate that adequate financing is available to complete the project. The Director shall review the submitted evidence and may request additional documentation from the Applicant if

necessary. The Applicant will have 30 calendar days to provide the information requested, otherwise the allocation may be rescinded at the discretion of the Director.

If the Applicant fails to document reviewable progress within 24 months of approval, the Director may notify the Applicant that the allocation is rescinded. However, should financing and construction be imminent, the Director may elect to grant the Applicant no more than 5 months to close on financing and commence construction. If the Applicant fails to meet these conditions in the required timeframe, the Director shall notify the Applicant that the allocation is rescinded. Any such rescinded allocation shall be added to the aggregate amount of credits available for allocation for the year in which the forfeiture occurred.

The amount of the qualified expenditures identified in the qualified taxpayer's certification of completion and reflected on the Historic Preservation Tax Credit certificate issued by the Director is subject to inspection, examination, and audit by the Department of Revenue.

The qualified taxpayer shall establish and maintain for a period of 4 years following the effective date on a project tax credit certificate such records as required by the Director. Such records include, but are not limited to, records documenting project expenditures and compliance with the U.S. Secretary of the Interior's Standards. The qualified taxpayer shall make such records available for review and verification

- 1 by the Director, the State Historic Preservation Officer, the
- 2 Department of Revenue, or appropriate staff, as well as other
- 3 appropriate State agencies. In the event the Director
- 4 determines an Applicant has submitted a status report
- 5 containing erroneous information or data not supported by
- 6 records established and maintained under this Act, the
- 7 Director may, after providing notice, require the Applicant to
- 8 resubmit corrected reports.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 102-741, eff. 5-6-22.)
- 10 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 11 becoming law.