

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 SB0105

Introduced 1/24/2023, by Sen. Cristina Castro

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

820 ILCS 115/4 820 ILCS 115/4.2 new 820 ILCS 115/14.5 from Ch. 48, par. 39m-4

Amends the Illinois Wage Payment and Collection Act. Provides that an employer may require an employee to receive wages either by direct deposit or by means of a payroll card if the employer satisfies specified requirements. In provisions concerning payroll cards: (i) provides that an employer shall not make receipt of wages by payroll card a condition of employment or a condition for the receipt of any benefit or other form of remuneration for any employee without the additional option of direct deposit, at the employee's election (rather than the employer must obtain the employee's voluntary written or electronic consent to receive the wages by payroll card); and (ii) the payroll card or payroll card account may not be linked to any form of credit, except that early payment of wages verified to have been already earned in the current pay period is permitted. Makes other changes.

LRB103 24853 SPS 51186 b

1 AN ACT concerning employment.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Wage Payment and Collection Act is amended by changing Sections 4 and 14.5 and by adding Section 4.2 as follows:
- 7 (820 ILCS 115/4) (from Ch. 48, par. 39m-4)
- Sec. 4. All wages earned by any employee during a 8 9 semi-monthly or bi-weekly pay period shall be paid to such employee not later than 13 days after the end of the pay period 10 in which such wages were earned. All wages earned by any 11 employee during a weekly pay period shall be paid not later 12 than 7 days after the end of the weekly pay period in which the 13 14 wages were earned. All wages paid on a daily basis shall be paid insofar as possible on the same day as the wages were 15 16 earned, or not later in any event than 24 hours after the day 17 which the wages were earned. Wages of executive, administrative and professional employees, as defined in the 18 19 Federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, may be paid on or 20 before 21 calendar days after the period during which they are 21 earned.
- 22 The terms of this Section shall not apply, if there exists 23 a valid collective bargaining agreement which provides for a

different date or for different arrangements for the payment of wages.

Employers shall pay to workers on strike or layoff, no later than the next regular payday, all wages earned up to the time of such strike or layoff.

Any employee who is absent at the time fixed for payment, or who for any other reason is not paid at that time, shall be paid upon demand at any time within a period of 5 days after the time fixed for payment; and after the expiration of the 5 day period, payment shall be made upon 5 days demand. Payment to the absent employee shall be made by mail if the employee so requests in writing.

All wages and final compensation shall be paid in lawful money of the United States, by check, redeemable upon demand and without discount at a bank or other financial institution readily available to the employee, by deposit of funds in an account in a bank or other financial institution designated by the employee, or by a payroll card that meets the requirements of Section 14.5. An employer may, but is not required to, offer the additional option of wage payment by check, redeemable upon demand and without discount at a bank or other financial institution readily available to the employee. No employer may designate a particular financial institution, bank, savings bank, savings and loan, or currency exchange for the exclusive payment or deposit of a check for wages. No financial institution, bank, savings bank, savings and loan, or currency

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exchange shall refuse to honor a check for wages that exclusively designates, in violation of this Section, a particular bank, savings bank, savings and loan, or currency exchange as the exclusive place of payment or deposit except to the extent the bank, savings bank, savings and loan, or currency exchange is otherwise excused from honoring the check 7 under Section 3-111 of the Uniform Commercial Code because the bank, savings bank, savings and loan, or currency exchange is not the drawee or the maker of the check.

- 10 (Source: P.A. 98-862, eff. 1-1-15.)
- 11 (820 ILCS 115/4.2 new)
- 12 Sec. 4.2. Requiring direct deposit or payroll card.
- 1.3 (a) An employer may require an employee to receive wages either by direct deposit or by means of a payroll card that 14 meets the requirements of Section 14.5, if the employer does 15 16 all of the following:
 - (1) Provides the employee with a form that allows the employee to elect to receive wages by direct deposit. The form must include a statement notifying the employee that the employee's failure to return the form within 3 days will, by default, result in the employee receiving wages by means of a payroll card.
 - (2) Provides the employee with an adequate way to obtain the employee's pay stub electronically or via a paper statement that can be printed at the employer

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worksite if the employee elects to receive an electronic

or paper statement by checking a box on the form described

in this Section.

(b) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to employees covered by a valid collective bargaining agreement that provides for different arrangements for the payment of wages.

8 (820 ILCS 115/14.5)

- Sec. 14.5. Payroll cards. An employer using a payroll card to pay an employee's wages shall meet the following requirements:
 - (1) The employer shall not make receipt of wages by payroll card a condition of employment or a condition for the receipt of any benefit or other form of remuneration for any employee without the additional option of direct deposit, at the employee's election.
 - (2) The employer shall not initiate payment of wages to the employee by electronic fund transfer to a payroll card account unless:
 - (A) the employer provides the employee with a clear and conspicuous written disclosure notifying the employee that payment by payroll card is voluntary, listing the other method or methods of payment offered by the employer in accordance with Section 4, and explaining the terms and conditions of the payroll

Τ	card account option, including:
2	(i) an itemized list of all fees that may be
3	deducted from the employee's payroll card account
4	by the employer or payroll card issuer;
5	(ii) a notice that third parties may assess
6	transaction fees in addition to the fees assessed
7	by the employee's payroll card issuer; and
8	(iii) an explanation of how the employee may
9	obtain, at no cost, the employee's net wages,
10	check the account balance, and request to receive
11	paper or electronic transaction histories, as
12	<pre>provided in item (3);</pre>
13	(B) the employer also offers the employee another
14	method or methods of payment in compliance with
15	Section 4; and
16	(C) (blank). the employer obtains the employee's
17	voluntary written or electronic consent to receive the
18	wages by payroll card.
19	(3) A payroll card program offered by the employer
20	shall provide the employee with:
21	(A) at least one method of withdrawing the
22	employee's full net wages from the payroll card once
23	per pay period, but not less than twice per month, at
24	no cost to the employee, at a location readily
25	available to the employee;
26	(B) at the employee's request, one transaction

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history, which the employee may request to receive in paper or electronic form, each month that includes all deposits, withdrawals, deductions, or charges by any entity from or to the employee's payroll card account at no cost to the employee; and

- (C) unlimited telephone access to obtain the payroll card account balance on the payroll card at any time without incurring a fee.
- (4) An employer may not use a payroll card program that charges fees for point of sale transactions, the application, initiation, loading of wages by the employer, or participation in the payroll card program. Fees for account inactivity may be assessed following one year of inactivity. The payroll card program must offer employee a declined transaction, at no cost to the employee, twice per month. Commercially reasonable fees, limited to cover the costs to process declined transactions, may be assessed on subsequent declined transactions within that particular month.
- (5) The payroll card or payroll card account may not be linked to any form of credit including, but not limited to, overdraft fees or overdraft service fees, a loan against future pay, or a cash advance on future pay or work not yet performed, except that early payment of wages verified to have been already earned in the current pay period is permitted.

- (6) An employee paid wages by payroll card may request to be paid wages by another method of payment provided by the employer in accordance with <u>Sections</u> Section 4 and <u>4.2</u>. Following the request, the employer shall, within 2 pay periods, begin payment to the employee by the allowable method requested by the employee.
 - (7) A payroll card program offered by an employer shall provide the employee with protections from unauthorized use of the payroll card in accordance with State and federal law concerning electronic fund transfers.
 - (8) The employer's obligations under this Section shall cease 60 days after the employer-employee relationship has ended and the employee has been paid the employee's full and final wages.
 - (9) Within 30 days of the termination of the employer-employee relationship, the employer shall notify the employee that the terms and conditions of the account may change if the employee chooses to continue a relationship with the payroll card issuer.

21 (Source: P.A. 98-862, eff. 1-1-15.)