1 AN ACT concerning utilities.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Public Utilities Act is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 8-103, 8-103B, and 8-104 as follows:
- 6 (220 ILCS 5/8-103)
- Sec. 8-103. Energy efficiency and demand-response measures.
- 9 (a) It is the policy of the State that electric utilities are required to use cost-effective energy efficiency and 10 11 demand-response measures to reduce delivery load. Requiring 12 investment in cost-effective energy efficiency demand-response measures will reduce direct and indirect costs 13 14 to consumers by decreasing environmental impacts and by 15 avoiding or delaying the need for new generation, 16 transmission, and distribution infrastructure. It serves the public interest to allow electric utilities to recover costs 17 for reasonably and prudently incurred expenses for energy 18 19 efficiency and demand-response measures. As used in this Section, "cost-effective" means that the measures satisfy the 20 21 total resource cost test. The low-income measures described in 22 subsection (f)(4) of this Section shall not be required to meet the total resource cost test. For purposes of this 2.3

"electric utility", and "total resource cost test" shall have the meanings set forth in the Illinois Power Agency Act. For purposes of this Section, the amount per kilowatthour means the total amount paid for electric service expressed on a per

Section, the terms "energy-efficiency", "demand-response",

- 6 kilowatthour basis. For purposes of this Section, the total
- 7 amount paid for electric service includes without limitation
- 8 estimated amounts paid for supply, transmission, distribution,
- 9 surcharges, and add-on-taxes.
- 10 (a-5) This Section applies to electric utilities serving 11 500,000 or less but more than 200,000 retail customers in this 12 State. Through December 31, 2017, this Section also applies to 13 electric utilities serving more than 500,000 retail customers
- in the State.
- 15 (b) Electric utilities shall implement cost-effective 16 energy efficiency measures to meet the following incremental 17 annual energy savings goals:
- 18 (1) 0.2% of energy delivered in the year commencing
  19 June 1, 2008;
- 20 (2) 0.4% of energy delivered in the year commencing 21 June 1, 2009;
- 22 (3) 0.6% of energy delivered in the year commencing 23 June 1, 2010;
- 24 (4) 0.8% of energy delivered in the year commencing 25 June 1, 2011;
- 26 (5) 1% of energy delivered in the year commencing June

1 1, 2012;

- 2 (6) 1.4% of energy delivered in the year commencing 3 June 1, 2013;
- 4 (7) 1.8% of energy delivered in the year commencing 5 June 1, 2014; and
- 6 (8) 2% of energy delivered in the year commencing June 7 1, 2015 and each year thereafter.

Electric utilities may comply with this subsection (b) by meeting the annual incremental savings goal in the applicable year or by showing that the total cumulative annual savings within a 3-year planning period associated with measures implemented after May 31, 2014 was equal to the sum of each annual incremental savings requirement from May 31, 2014 through the end of the applicable year.

- (c) Electric utilities shall implement cost-effective demand-response measures to reduce peak demand by 0.1% over the prior year for eligible retail customers, as defined in Section 16-111.5 of this Act, and for customers that elect hourly service from the utility pursuant to Section 16-107 of this Act, provided those customers have not been declared competitive. This requirement commences June 1, 2008 and continues for 10 years.
- (d) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (b) and (c) of this Section, an electric utility shall reduce the amount of energy efficiency and demand-response measures implemented over a 3-year planning period by an amount

- necessary to limit the estimated average annual increase in the amounts paid by retail customers in connection with electric service due to the cost of those measures to:
  - (1) in 2008, no more than 0.5% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2007;
  - (2) in 2009, the greater of an additional 0.5% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2008 or 1% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2007;
  - (3) in 2010, the greater of an additional 0.5% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2009 or 1.5% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2007;
  - (4) in 2011, the greater of an additional 0.5% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2010 or 2% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2007; and
  - (5) thereafter, the amount of energy efficiency and demand-response measures implemented for any single year shall be reduced by an amount necessary to limit the estimated average net increase due to the cost of these measures included in the amounts paid by eligible retail

customers in connection with electric service to no more than the greater of 2.015% of the amount paid per kilowatthour by those customers during the year ending May 31, 2007 or the incremental amount per kilowatthour paid for these measures in 2011.

No later than June 30, 2011, the Commission shall review the limitation on the amount of energy efficiency and demand-response measures implemented pursuant to this Section and report to the General Assembly its findings as to whether that limitation unduly constrains the procurement of energy efficiency and demand-response measures.

(e) Electric utilities shall be responsible for overseeing the design, development, and filing of energy efficiency and demand-response plans with the Commission. Electric utilities shall implement 100% of the demand-response measures in the plans. Electric utilities shall implement 75% of the energy efficiency measures approved by the Commission, and may, as part of that implementation, outsource various aspects of program development and implementation. The remaining 25% of those energy efficiency measures approved by the Commission shall be implemented by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, and must be designed in conjunction with the utility and the filing process. The Department may outsource development and implementation of energy efficiency measures. A minimum of 10% of the entire portfolio of cost-effective energy efficiency measures shall be procured

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1 from units of local government, municipal corporations, school

2 districts, public institutions of higher education, and

community college districts. The Department shall coordinate

the implementation of these measures.

The apportionment of the dollars to cover the costs to implement the Department's share of the portfolio of energy efficiency measures shall be made to the Department once the has executed rebate agreements, Department grants, contracts for energy efficiency measures and provided supporting documentation for those rebate agreements, grants, and contracts to the utility. The Department is authorized to adopt any rules necessary and prescribe procedures in order to ensure compliance by applicants in carrying out the purposes rebate agreements for energy efficiency measures implemented by the Department made under this Section.

The details of the measures implemented by the Department shall be submitted by the Department to the Commission in connection with the utility's filing regarding the energy efficiency and demand-response measures that the utility implements.

A utility providing approved energy efficiency and demand-response measures in the State shall be permitted to recover costs of those measures through an automatic adjustment clause tariff filed with and approved by the Commission. The tariff shall be established outside the context of a general rate case. Each year the Commission shall

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initiate a review to reconcile any amounts collected with the actual costs and to determine the required adjustment to the annual tariff factor to match annual expenditures.

Each utility shall include, in its recovery of costs, the costs estimated for both the utility's and the Department's implementation of energy efficiency and demand-response measures. Costs collected by the utility for implemented by the Department shall be submitted to the Department pursuant to Section 605-323 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, shall be deposited into the Energy Efficiency Portfolio Standards Fund, and shall be used by the Department solely for the purpose of implementing these measures. A utility shall not be required to advance any moneys to the Department but only to forward such funds as it has collected. The Department shall report to the Commission on an annual basis regarding the costs actually incurred by the Department in the implementation of the measures. Any changes to the costs of energy efficiency measures as a result of plan modifications shall be appropriately reflected in amounts recovered by the utility and turned over to the Department.

The portfolio of measures, administered by both the utilities and the Department, shall, in combination, be designed to achieve the annual savings targets described in subsections (b) and (c) of this Section, as modified by subsection (d) of this Section.

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The utility and the Department shall agree upon a reasonable portfolio of measures and determine the measurable corresponding percentage of the savings goals associated with measures implemented by the utility or Department.

No utility shall be assessed a penalty under subsection (f) of this Section for failure to make a timely filing if that failure is the result of a lack of agreement with the Department with respect to the allocation of responsibilities or related costs or target assignments. In that case, the Department and the utility shall file their respective plans with the Commission and the Commission shall determine an appropriate division of measures and programs that meets the requirements of this Section.

If the Department is unable to meet incremental annual performance goals for the portion of the portfolio implemented by the Department, then the utility and the Department shall jointly submit a modified filing to the Commission explaining the performance shortfall and recommending an appropriate course going forward, including any program modifications that may be appropriate in light of the evaluations conducted under item (7) of subsection (f) of this Section. In this case, the utility obligation to collect the Department's costs and turn over those funds to the Department under this subsection (e) if continue onlv the Commission approves modifications to the plan proposed by the Department.

(f) No later than November 15, 2007, each electric utility

shall file an energy efficiency and demand-response plan with 1 2 the Commission to meet the energy efficiency and demand-response standards for 2008 through 2010. No later than 3 October 1, 2010, each electric utility shall file an energy 5 efficiency and demand-response plan with the Commission to meet the energy efficiency and demand-response standards for 6 7 2011 through 2013. Every 3 years thereafter, each electric 8 utility shall file, no later than September 1, an energy 9 efficiency and demand-response plan with the Commission. If a 10 utility does not file such a plan by September 1 of an 11 applicable year, it shall face a penalty of \$100,000 per day 12 until the plan is filed. Each utility's plan shall set forth the utility's proposals to meet the utility's portion of the 13 energy efficiency standards identified in subsection (b) and 14 15 the demand-response standards identified in subsection (c) of 16 this Section as modified by subsections (d) and (e), taking 17 into account the unique circumstances of the utility's service territory. The Commission shall seek public comment on the 18 19 utility's plan and shall issue an order approving or 20 disapproving each plan within 5 months after its submission. If the Commission disapproves a plan, the Commission shall, 21 22 within 30 days, describe in detail the reasons for the 23 disapproval and describe a path by which the utility may file a revised draft of the plan to address the Commission's concerns 24 25 satisfactorily. If the utility does not refile with the 26 Commission within 60 days, the utility shall be subject to

- (1) Demonstrate that its proposed energy efficiency and demand-response measures will achieve the requirements that are identified in subsections (b) and (c) of this Section, as modified by subsections (d) and (e).
- (2) Present specific proposals to implement new building and appliance standards that have been placed into effect.
- (3) Present estimates of the total amount paid for electric service expressed on a per kilowatthour basis associated with the proposed portfolio of measures designed to meet the requirements that are identified in subsections (b) and (c) of this Section, as modified by subsections (d) and (e).
- (4) Coordinate with the Department to present a portfolio of energy efficiency measures proportionate to the share of total annual utility revenues in Illinois from households at or below 150% of the poverty level. The energy efficiency programs shall be targeted to households

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with incomes at or below 80% of area median income.

- (5) Demonstrate that its overall portfolio of energy efficiency and demand-response measures, not including programs covered by item (4) of this subsection (f), are cost-effective using the total resource cost test and represent a diverse cross-section of opportunities for customers of all rate classes to participate in programs.
- (6) Include a proposed cost-recovery tariff mechanism to fund the proposed energy efficiency and demand-response measures and to ensure the recovery of the prudently and reasonably incurred costs of Commission-approved programs.
- (7) Provide for an annual independent evaluation of the performance of the cost-effectiveness of the utility's portfolio of measures and the Department's portfolio of measures, as well as a full review of the 3-year results of broader net program impacts and, to the extent the adjustment of practical, for the measures on а going-forward basis as a result of the evaluations. The resources dedicated to evaluation shall not exceed 3% of portfolio resources in any given year.
- than 3% of energy efficiency (a) No more and demand-response program revenue may be allocated for demonstration of breakthrough equipment and devices.
- (h) This Section does not apply to an electric utility that on December 31, 2005 provided electric service to fewer

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than 100,000 customers in Illinois.

(i) If, after 2 years, an electric utility fails to meet the efficiency standard specified in subsection (b) of this Section, as modified by subsections (d) and (e), it shall make a contribution to the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program. The combined total liability for failure to meet the goal shall be \$1,000,000, which shall be assessed as follows: a large electric utility shall pay \$665,000, and a medium electric utility shall pay \$335,000. If, after 3 years, an electric utility fails to meet the efficiency standard specified in subsection (b) of this Section, as modified by subsections (d) and (e), it shall make a contribution to the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program. The combined total liability for failure to meet the goal shall be \$1,000,000, which shall be assessed as follows: a large electric utility shall pay \$665,000, and a medium electric utility shall pay \$335,000. In addition, the responsibility for implementing the energy efficiency measures of the utility making the payment shall be transferred to the Illinois Power Agency if, after 3 years, or in any subsequent 3-year period, the utility fails to meet the efficiency standard specified in subsection (b) of this Section, as modified by subsections (d) and (e). The Agency shall implement a competitive procurement program to procure resources necessary to meet the standards specified in this Section as modified by subsections (d) and (e), with costs for those resources to be recovered in the same manner as

- 1 products purchased through the procurement plan as provided in
- 2 Section 16-111.5. The Director shall implement this
- 3 requirement in connection with the procurement plan as
- 4 provided in Section 16-111.5.
- 5 For purposes of this Section, (i) a "large electric
- 6 utility" is an electric utility that, on December 31, 2005,
- 7 served more than 2,000,000 electric customers in Illinois;
- 8 (ii) a "medium electric utility" is an electric utility that,
- on December 31, 2005, served 2,000,000 or fewer but more than
- 10 100,000 electric customers in Illinois; and (iii) Illinois
- 11 electric utilities that are affiliated by virtue of a common
- 12 parent company are considered a single electric utility.
- 13 (j) If, after 3 years, or any subsequent 3-year period,
- 14 the Department fails to implement the Department's share of
- 15 energy efficiency measures required by the standards in
- 16 subsection (b), then the Illinois Power Agency may assume
- 17 responsibility for and control of the Department's share of
- 18 the required energy efficiency measures. The Agency shall
- 19 implement a competitive procurement program to procure
- 20 resources necessary to meet the standards specified in this
- 21 Section, with the costs of these resources to be recovered in
- 22 the same manner as provided for the Department in this
- 23 Section.
- 24 (k) No electric utility shall be deemed to have failed to
- 25 meet the energy efficiency standards to the extent any such
- 26 failure is due to a failure of the Department or the Agency.

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- (1) (1) The energy efficiency and demand-response plans of electric utilities serving more than 500,000 retail customers in the State that were approved by the Commission on or before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly for the period June 1, 2014 through May 31, 2017 shall continue to be in force and effect through December 31, 2017 so that the energy efficiency programs set forth in those plans continue to be offered during the period June 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017. Each such utility is authorized to increase, on a pro rata basis, the energy savings goals and budgets approved in its plan to reflect the additional 7 months of the plan's operation, provided that such increase shall also incorporate reductions to goals and budgets to reflect the proportion of the utility's load attributable to customers who are exempt from this Section under subsection (m) of this Section.
- (2) If an electric utility serving more than 500,000 retail customers in the State filed with the Commission, under subsection (f) of this Section, its proposed energy efficiency and demand-response plan for the period June 1, 2017 through May 31, 2020, and the Commission has not yet entered its final order approving such plan on or before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly, then the utility shall file a notice of withdrawal with the Commission, following such effective date, to withdraw the proposed energy efficiency and demand-response plan. Upon receipt of such

- notice, the Commission shall dismiss with prejudice any docket that had been initiated to investigate such plan, and the plan and the record related thereto shall not be the subject of any further hearing, investigation, or proceeding of any kind.
  - (3) For those electric utilities that serve more than 500,000 retail customers in the State, this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly preempts and supersedes any orders entered by the Commission that approved such utilities' energy efficiency and demand response plans for the period commencing June 1, 2017 and ending May 31, 2020. Any such orders shall be void, and the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection (1) shall apply.
  - (m) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, after May 31, 2017, this Section does not apply to any retail customers of an electric utility that serves more than 3,000,000 retail customers in the State and whose total highest 30 minute demand was more than 10,000 kilowatts, or any retail customers of an electric utility that serves less than 3,000,000 retail customers but more than 500,000 retail customers in the State and whose total highest 15 minute demand was more than 10,000 kilowatts. For purposes of this subsection (m), "retail customer" has the meaning set forth in Section 16-102 of this Act. The criteria for determining whether this subsection (m) is applicable to a retail customer shall be based on the 12 consecutive billing periods prior to the start of the first year of each such multi-year plan.

1 (Source: P.A. 98-90, eff. 7-15-13; 99-906, eff. 6-1-17.)

- 2 (220 ILCS 5/8-103B)
- 3 Sec. 8-103B. Energy efficiency and demand-response 4 measures.
- 5 (a) It is the policy of the State that electric utilities 6 are required to use cost-effective energy efficiency and 7 demand-response measures to reduce delivery load. Requiring 8 investment in cost-effective energy efficiency 9 demand-response measures will reduce direct and indirect costs 10 to consumers by decreasing environmental impacts and by 11 avoiding delaying the for or need new generation, 12 transmission, and distribution infrastructure. It serves the public interest to allow electric utilities to recover costs 1.3 14 for reasonably and prudently incurred expenditures for energy 15 efficiency and demand-response measures. As used in this 16 Section, "cost-effective" means that the measures satisfy the total resource cost test. The low-income measures described in 17 subsection (c) of this Section shall not be required to meet 18 the total resource cost test. For purposes of this Section, 19 the terms "energy-efficiency", "demand-response", "electric 20 21 utility", and "total resource cost test" have the meanings set 22 forth in the Illinois Power Agency Act. "Black, indigenous, and people of color" and "BIPOC" means people who are members 23 24 of the groups described in subparagraphs (a) through (e) of paragraph (A) of subsection (1) of Section 2 of the Business 25

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- 1 Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with 2 Disabilities Act.
- 3 (a-5) This Section applies to electric utilities serving 4 more than 500,000 retail customers in the State for those 5 multi-year plans commencing after December 31, 2017.
  - For purposes of this Section, electric utilities subject to this Section that serve more than 3,000,000 retail customers in the State shall be deemed to have achieved a cumulative persisting annual savings of 6.6% from energy efficiency measures and programs implemented during the period beginning January 1, 2012 and ending December 31, 2017, which percent is based on the deemed average weather normalized sales of electric power and energy during calendar years 2014, 2015, and 2016 of 88,000,000 MWhs. For the purposes of this subsection (b) and subsection (b-5), the 88,000,000 MWhs of deemed electric power and energy sales shall be reduced by the number of MWhs equal to the sum of the annual consumption of customers that have opted out of subsections (a) through (j) of this Section under paragraph (1) of subsection (1) of this Section, as averaged across the calendar years 2014, 2015, and 2016. After 2017, the deemed value of cumulative persisting annual savings from energy efficiency measures and programs implemented during the period beginning January 1, 2012 and ending December 31, 2017, shall be reduced each year, as follows, and the applicable value shall be applied to and count toward the utility's achievement of the cumulative

- 1 persisting annual savings goals set forth in subsection (b-5):
- 2 (1) 5.8% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- 3 for the year ending December 31, 2018;
- 4 (2) 5.2% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2019;
- 6 (3) 4.5% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2020;
- 8 (4) 4.0% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- 9 for the year ending December 31, 2021;
- 10 (5) 3.5% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- 11 for the year ending December 31, 2022;
- 12 (6) 3.1% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2023;
- 14 (7) 2.8% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2024;
- 16 (8) 2.5% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2025;
- 18 (9) 2.3% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2026;
- 20 (10) 2.1% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- 21 for the year ending December 31, 2027;
- 22 (11) 1.8% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2028;
- 24 (12) 1.7% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2029;
- 26 (13) 1.5% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings

- for the year ending December 31, 2030;
- 2 (14) 1.3% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- 3 for the year ending December 31, 2031;
- 4 (15) 1.1% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2032;
- 6 (16) 0.9% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2033;
- 8 (17) 0.7% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- 9 for the year ending December 31, 2034;
- 10 (18) 0.5% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- 11 for the year ending December 31, 2035;
- 12 (19) 0.4% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2036;
- 14 (20) 0.3% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2037;
- 16 (21) 0.2% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2038;
- 18 (22) 0.1% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2039; and
- 20 (23) 0.0% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- 21 for the year ending December 31, 2040 and all subsequent
- vears.
- For purposes of this Section, "cumulative persisting
- 24 annual savings" means the total electric energy savings in a
- 25 given year from measures installed in that year or in previous
- years, but no earlier than January 1, 2012, that are still

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operational and providing savings in that year because the measures have not yet reached the end of their useful lives.

- (b-5) Beginning in 2018, electric utilities subject to this Section that serve more than 3,000,000 retail customers in the State shall achieve the following cumulative persisting annual savings goals, as modified by subsection (f) of this Section and as compared to the deemed baseline of 88,000,000 MWhs of electric power and energy sales set forth in subsection (b), as reduced by the number of MWhs equal to the sum of the annual consumption of customers that have opted out of subsections (a) through (j) of this Section under paragraph (1) of subsection (1) of this Section as averaged across the 2014, 2015, and calendar years 2016, through the implementation of energy efficiency measures during the applicable year and in prior years, but no earlier than January 1, 2012:
- 17 (1) 7.8% cumulative persisting annual savings for the 18 year ending December 31, 2018;
  - (2) 9.1% cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2019;
  - (3) 10.4% cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2020;
  - (4) 11.8% cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2021;
- 25 (5) 13.1% cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2022;

1	(6)	14.4%	cumulat	ive	persisting	annual	savings	for	the
2	year er	nding De	ecember	31,	2023;				

- (7) 15.7% cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2024;
- (8) 17% cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2025;
- 7 (9) 17.9% cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2026;
  - (10) 18.8% cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2027;
  - (11) 19.7% cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2028;
  - (12) 20.6% cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2029; and
  - (13) 21.5% cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2030.

No later than December 31, 2021, the Illinois Commerce Commission shall establish additional cumulative persisting annual savings goals for the years 2031 through 2035. No later than December 31, 2024, the Illinois Commerce Commission shall establish additional cumulative persisting annual savings goals for the years 2036 through 2040. The Commission shall also establish additional cumulative persisting annual savings goals every 5 years thereafter to ensure that utilities always have goals that extend at least 11 years into the future. The cumulative persisting annual savings goals beyond the year

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2030 shall increase by 0.9 percentage points per year, absent a Commission decision to initiate a proceeding to consider establishing goals that increase by more or less than that amount. Such a proceeding must be conducted in accordance with the procedures described in subsection (f) of this Section. If such a proceeding is initiated, the cumulative persisting annual savings goals established by the Commission through that proceeding shall reflect the Commission's best estimate of the maximum amount of additional savings that are forecast to be cost-effectively achievable unless such best estimates would result in goals that represent less than 0.5 percentage point annual increases in total cumulative persisting annual The Commission may only establish goals that savings. represent less than 0.5 percentage point annual increases in cumulative persisting annual savings if it can demonstrate, based on clear and convincing evidence and through independent analysis, that 0.5 percentage point increases are cost-effectively achievable. The Commission shall inform its decision based on an energy efficiency potential study that conforms to the requirements of this Section.

(b-10) For purposes of this Section, electric utilities subject to this Section that serve less than 3,000,000 retail customers but more than 500,000 retail customers in the State shall be deemed to have achieved a cumulative persisting annual savings of 6.6% from energy efficiency measures and programs implemented during the period beginning January 1,

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2012 and ending December 31, 2017, which is based on the deemed 1 2 average weather normalized sales of electric power and energy during calendar years 2014, 2015, and 2016 of 36,900,000 MWhs. 3 For the purposes of this subsection (b-10) and subsection 5 (b-15), the 36,900,000 MWhs of deemed electric power and energy sales shall be reduced by the number of MWhs equal to 6 7 the sum of the annual consumption of customers that have opted 8 out of subsections (a) through (j) of this Section under 9 paragraph (1) of subsection (1) of this Section, as averaged across the calendar years 2014, 2015, and 2016. After 2017, 10 11 the deemed value of cumulative persisting annual savings from 12 energy efficiency measures and programs implemented during the period beginning January 1, 2012 and ending December 31, 2017, 13 14 shall be reduced each year, as follows, and the applicable 15 value shall be applied to and count toward the utility's 16 achievement of the cumulative persisting annual savings goals 17 set forth in subsection (b-15):

- (1) 5.8% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2018;
- (2) 5.2% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2019;
- (3) 4.5% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2020;
- (4) 4.0% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2021;
  - (5) 3.5% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings

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1	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2022;		
2		(6)	3.1%	deemed	d cu	mulative	persisting	annual	savings
3	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2023;		
4		(7)	2.8%	deemed	d cu	mulative	persisting	annual	savings
5	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2024;		
6		(8)	2.5%	deemed	d cu	mulative	persisting	annual	savings
7	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2025;		
8		(9)	2.3%	deemed	d cu	mulative	persisting	annual	savings
9	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2026;		
10		(10)	2.19	deeme	d cı	umulative	persisting	annual	savings
11	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2027;		
12		(11)	1.89	deeme	d cı	umulative	persisting	annual	savings
13	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2028;		
14		(12)	1.79	deeme	d cı	umulative	persisting	annual	savings
15	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2029;		
16		(13)	1.59	deeme	d cı	umulative	persisting	annual	savings
17	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2030;		
18		(14)	1.39	deeme	d cı	umulative	persisting	annual	savings
19	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2031;		
20		(15)	1.19	deeme	d cı	umulative	persisting	annual	savings
21	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2032;		
22		(16)	0.99	deeme	d cı	umulative	persisting	annual	savings
23	for	the	year	ending	Dec	ember 31,	2033;		
24		(17)	0.79	deeme	d cı	umulative	persisting	annual	savings

for the year ending December 31, 2034;

(18) 0.5% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings

- for the year ending December 31, 2035;
- 2 (19) 0.4% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- 3 for the year ending December 31, 2036;
- 4 (20) 0.3% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2037;
- 6 (21) 0.2% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- 7 for the year ending December 31, 2038;
- 8 (22) 0.1% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- 9 for the year ending December 31, 2039; and
- 10 (23) 0.0% deemed cumulative persisting annual savings
- for the year ending December 31, 2040 and all subsequent
- 12 years.
- 13 (b-15) Beginning in 2018, electric utilities subject to
- 14 this Section that serve less than 3,000,000 retail customers
- but more than 500,000 retail customers in the State shall
- 16 achieve the following cumulative persisting annual savings
- 17 goals, as modified by subsection (b-20) and subsection (f) of
- 18 this Section and as compared to the deemed baseline as reduced
- 19 by the number of MWhs equal to the sum of the annual
- 20 consumption of customers that have opted out of subsections
- 21 (a) through (j) of this Section under paragraph (1) of
- 22 subsection (1) of this Section as averaged across the calendar
- years 2014, 2015, and 2016, through the implementation of
- energy efficiency measures during the applicable year and in
- prior years, but no earlier than January 1, 2012:
- 26 (1) 7.4% cumulative persisting annual savings for the

1	year ending December 31, 2018;
2	(2) 8.2% cumulative persisting annual savings for the
3	year ending December 31, 2019;
4	(3) 9.0% cumulative persisting annual savings for the
5	year ending December 31, 2020;
6	(4) 9.8% cumulative persisting annual savings for the
7	year ending December 31, 2021;
8	(5) 10.6% cumulative persisting annual savings for the
9	year ending December 31, 2022;
10	(6) 11.4% cumulative persisting annual savings for the
11	year ending December 31, 2023;
12	(7) 12.2% cumulative persisting annual savings for the
13	year ending December 31, 2024;
14	(8) 13% cumulative persisting annual savings for the
15	year ending December 31, 2025;
16	(9) 13.6% cumulative persisting annual savings for the
17	year ending December 31, 2026;
18	(10) 14.2% cumulative persisting annual savings for
19	the year ending December 31, 2027;
20	(11) 14.8% cumulative persisting annual savings for
21	the year ending December 31, 2028;
22	(12) 15.4% cumulative persisting annual savings for
23	the year ending December 31, 2029; and
24	(13) 16% cumulative persisting annual savings for the

No later than December 31, 2021, the Illinois Commerce

year ending December 31, 2030.

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Commission shall establish additional cumulative persisting annual savings goals for the years 2031 through 2035. No later than December 31, 2024, the Illinois Commerce Commission shall establish additional cumulative persisting annual savings goals for the years 2036 through 2040. The Commission shall also establish additional cumulative persisting annual savings goals every 5 years thereafter to ensure that utilities always have goals that extend at least 11 years into the future. The cumulative persisting annual savings goals beyond the year 2030 shall increase by 0.6 percentage points per year, absent a Commission decision to initiate a proceeding to consider establishing goals that increase by more or less than that amount. Such a proceeding must be conducted in accordance with the procedures described in subsection (f) of this Section. If such a proceeding is initiated, the cumulative persisting annual savings goals established by the Commission through that proceeding shall reflect the Commission's best estimate of the maximum amount of additional savings that are forecast to be cost-effectively achievable unless such best estimates would result in goals that represent less than 0.4 percentage point annual increases in total cumulative persisting annual The Commission may only establish goals that savings. represent less than 0.4 percentage point annual increases in cumulative persisting annual savings if it can demonstrate, based on clear and convincing evidence and through independent analysis, that 0.4 percentage point increases are

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1 cost-effectively achievable. The Commission shall inform its 2 decision based on an energy efficiency potential study that 3 conforms to the requirements of this Section.

(b-20) Each electric utility subject to this Section may include cost-effective voltage optimization measures in its plans submitted under subsections (f) and (q) of this Section, and the costs incurred by a utility to implement the measures under a Commission-approved plan shall be recovered under the provisions of Article IX or Section 16-108.5 of this Act. For purposes of this Section, the measure life of voltage optimization measures shall be 15 years. The measure life period is independent of the depreciation rate of the voltage optimization assets deployed. Utilities may claim savings from voltage optimization on circuits for more than 15 years if demonstrate that they have made additional investments necessary to enable voltage optimization savings to continue beyond 15 years. Such demonstrations must be subject to the review of independent evaluation.

Within 270 days after June 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-906), an electric utility that serves less than 3,000,000 retail customers but more than 500,000 retail customers in the State shall file a plan with the Commission that identifies the cost-effective voltage optimization investment the electric utility plans to undertake through December 31, 2024. The Commission, after notice and hearing, shall approve or approve with modification the plan within 120

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- days after the plan's filing and, in the order approving or approving with modification the plan, the Commission shall adjust the applicable cumulative persisting annual savings goals set forth in subsection (b-15) to reflect any amount of cost-effective energy savings approved by the Commission that is greater than or less than the following cumulative persisting annual savings values attributable to voltage optimization for the applicable year:
- 9 (1) 0.0% of cumulative persisting annual savings for 10 the year ending December 31, 2018;
  - (2) 0.17% of cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2019;
  - (3) 0.17% of cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2020;
    - (4) 0.33% of cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2021;
      - (5) 0.5% of cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2022;
  - (6) 0.67% of cumulative persisting annual savings for the year ending December 31, 2023;
- 21 (7) 0.83% of cumulative persisting annual savings for 22 the year ending December 31, 2024; and
- 23 (8) 1.0% of cumulative persisting annual savings for 24 the year ending December 31, 2025 and all subsequent 25 years.
- 26 (b-25) In the event an electric utility jointly offers an

energy efficiency measure or program with a gas utility under plans approved under this Section and Section 8-104 of this Act, the electric utility may continue offering the program, including the gas energy efficiency measures, in the event the gas utility discontinues funding the program. In that event, the energy savings value associated with such other fuels shall be converted to electric energy savings on an equivalent Btu basis for the premises. However, the electric utility shall prioritize programs for low-income residential customers to the extent practicable. An electric utility may recover the costs of offering the gas energy efficiency measures under this subsection (b-25).

For those energy efficiency measures or programs that save both electricity and other fuels but are not jointly offered with a gas utility under plans approved under this Section and Section 8-104 or not offered with an affiliated gas utility under paragraph (6) of subsection (f) of Section 8-104 of this Act, the electric utility may count savings of fuels other than electricity toward the achievement of its annual savings goal, and the energy savings value associated with such other fuels shall be converted to electric energy savings on an equivalent Btu basis at the premises.

In no event shall more than 10% of each year's applicable annual total savings requirement as defined in paragraph (7.5) of subsection (g) of this Section be met through savings of fuels other than electricity.

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(b-27) Beginning in 2022, an electric utility may offer and promote measures that electrify space heating, water heating, cooling, drying, cooking, industrial processes, and other building and industrial end uses that would otherwise be served by combustion of fossil fuel at the premises, provided the electrification measures reduce total consumption at the premises. The electric utility may count the reduction in energy consumption at the premises toward achievement of its annual savings goals. The reduction in energy consumption at the premises shall be calculated as the difference between: (A) the reduction in Btu consumption of fossil fuels as a result of electrification, converted to kilowatt-hour equivalents by dividing by 3,412 Btus per kilowatt hour; and (B) the increase in kilowatt hours of electricity consumption resulting from the displacement of fossil fuel consumption as a result of electrification. An electric utility may recover the costs of offering and promoting electrification measures under this subsection (b-27).

In no event shall electrification savings counted toward each year's applicable annual total savings requirement, as defined in paragraph (7.5) of subsection (g) of this Section, be greater than:

- (1) 5% per year for each year from 2022 through 2025;
- 25 (2) 10% per year for each year from 2026 through 2029;
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1 (3) 15% per year for 2030 and all subsequent years.

In addition, a minimum of 25% of all electrification savings counted toward a utility's applicable annual total savings requirement must be from electrification of end uses in low-income housing. The limitations on electrification savings that may be counted toward a utility's annual savings goals are separate from and in addition to the subsection (b-25) limitations governing the counting of the other fuel savings resulting from efficiency measures and programs.

part of the annual informational filing to Commission that is required under paragraph (9) of subsection (g) of this Section, each utility shall identify the specific electrification measures offered under this subsection (b-27); the quantity of each electrification measure that installed by its customers; the average total cost, average utility cost, average reduction in fossil fuel consumption, and average increase in electricity consumption associated electrification with each measure; the portion installations of each electrification measure that were in low-income single-family housing, low-income multifamily housing, non-low-income single-family housing, non-low-income multifamily housing, commercial buildings, and industrial facilities; and the quantity of savings associated with each measure category in each customer category that are being counted toward the utility's applicable annual total savings requirement. Prior to installing an electrification measure,

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the utility shall provide a customer with an estimate of the impact of the new measure on the customer's average monthly

electric bill and total annual energy expenses.

(c) Electric utilities shall be responsible for overseeing the design, development, and filing of energy efficiency plans with the Commission and may, as part of that implementation, various aspects of program development outsource implementation. A minimum of 10%, for electric utilities that serve more than 3,000,000 retail customers in the State, and a minimum of 7%, for electric utilities that serve less than 3,000,000 retail customers but more than 500,000 retail customers in the State, of the utility's entire portfolio funding level for a given year shall be used to procure cost-effective energy efficiency measures from units of local government, municipal corporations, school districts, public housing, public institutions of higher education, community college districts, provided that a minimum percentage of available funds shall be used to procure energy efficiency from public housing, which percentage shall be equal to public housing's share of public building energy consumption.

The utilities shall also implement energy efficiency measures targeted at low-income households, which, for purposes of this Section, shall be defined as households at or below 80% of area median income, and expenditures to implement the measures shall be no less than \$40,000,000 per year for

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customers.

electric utilities that serve more than 3,000,000 retail customers in the State and no less than \$13,000,000 per year for electric utilities that serve less than 3,000,000 retail customers but more than 500,000 retail customers in the State. The ratio of spending on efficiency programs targeted at low-income multifamily buildings to spending on efficiency programs targeted at low-income single-family buildings shall be designed to achieve levels of savings from each building type that are approximately proportional to the magnitude of cost-effective lifetime savings potential in each building type. Investment in low-income whole-building weatherization programs shall constitute a minimum of 80% of a utility's total budget specifically dedicated to serving low-income

The utilities shall work to bundle low-income energy efficiency offerings with other programs that serve low-income households to maximize the benefits going to these households. The utilities shall market and implement low-income energy efficiency programs in coordination with low-income assistance programs, the Illinois Solar for All Program, and weatherization whenever practicable. The program implementer shall walk the customer through the enrollment process for any programs for which the customer is eligible. The utilities shall also pilot targeting customers with high arrearages, high energy intensity (ratio of energy usage divided by home or unit square footage), or energy assistance programs with

energy efficiency offerings, and then track reduction in arrearages as a result of the targeting. This targeting and bundling of low-income energy programs shall be offered to both low-income single-family and multifamily customers

5 (owners and residents).

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The utilities shall invest in health and safety measures appropriate and necessary for comprehensively weatherizing a home or multifamily building, and shall implement a health and safety fund of at least 15% of the total income-qualified weatherization budget that shall be used for the purpose of making grants for technical assistance, construction, reconstruction, improvement, or repair of buildings to facilitate their participation in the energy efficiency programs targeted at low-income single-family and multifamily households. These funds may also be used for the purpose of making grants for technical assistance, construction, reconstruction, improvement, or repair of the following buildings to facilitate their participation in the energy efficiency programs created by this Section: (1) buildings that are owned or operated by registered 501(c)(3) public charities; and (2) day care centers, day care homes, or group day care homes, as defined under 89 Ill. Adm. Code Part 406, 407, or 408, respectively.

Each electric utility shall assess opportunities to implement cost-effective energy efficiency measures and programs through a public housing authority or authorities

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located in its service territory. If such opportunities are 1 2 identified, the utility shall propose such measures and programs to address the opportunities. Expenditures to address 3 such opportunities shall be credited toward the minimum 5 procurement and expenditure requirements set forth in this 6 subsection (c).

Implementation of energy efficiency measures and programs targeted at low-income households should be contracted, when it is practicable, to independent third parties that have demonstrated capabilities to serve such households, with a preference for not-for-profit entities and government agencies that have existing relationships with or experience serving low-income communities in the State.

electric utility shall develop and implement reporting procedures that address and assist in determining the amount of energy savings that can be applied to the low-income procurement and expenditure requirements set forth in this subsection (c). Each electric utility shall also track the types and quantities or volumes of insulation and air sealing materials, and their associated energy benefits, installed in energy efficiency programs targeted at low-income single-family and multifamily households.

The electric utilities shall participate in a low-income energy efficiency accountability committee ("the committee"), which will directly inform the design, implementation, and evaluation of the low-income and public-housing energy

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efficiency programs. The committee shall be comprised of the subject to the requirements of this electric utilities Section, the gas utilities subject to the requirements of Section 8-104 of this Act, the utilities' low-income energy implementation contractors, nonprofit organizations, community action agencies, advocacy groups, local governmental agencies, public-housing and organizations, and representatives of community-based organizations, especially those living in or working with environmental justice communities and BIPOC communities. The committee shall be composed of 2 geographically differentiated subcommittees: one for stakeholders in northern Illinois and one for stakeholders in central and southern Illinois. The subcommittees shall meet together at least twice per year.

There shall be one statewide leadership committee led by and composed of community-based organizations that representative of BIPOC and environmental justice communities includes equitable representation and that from communities. The leadership committee shall be composed of an equal number of representatives from the 2 subcommittees. The subcommittees shall address specific programs and issues, with the leadership committee convening targeted workgroups as needed. The leadership committee may elect to work with an independent facilitator to solicit and organize feedback, recommendations and meeting participation from a wide variety of community-based stakeholders. If a facilitator is used,

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they shall be fair and responsive to the needs of all stakeholders involved in the committee.

All committee meetings must be accessible, with rotating locations if meetings are held in-person, virtual participation options, and materials and agendas circulated in advance.

There shall also be opportunities for direct input by committee members outside of committee meetings, such as via individual meetings, surveys, emails and calls, to ensure robust participation by stakeholders with limited capacity and ability to attend committee meetings. Committee meetings shall emphasize opportunities to bundle and coordinate delivery of low-income energy efficiency with other programs that serve low-income communities, such as the Illinois Solar for All Program and bill payment assistance programs. Meetings shall include educational opportunities for stakeholders to learn more about these additional offerings, and the committee shall assist in figuring out the best methods for coordinated delivery and implementation of offerings when low-income communities. The committee shall directly and equitably influence and inform utility low-income and public-housing energy efficiency programs and priorities. Participating utilities shall implement recommendations from the committee whenever possible.

Participating utilities shall track and report how input from the committee has led to new approaches and changes in

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1 their energy efficiency portfolios. This reporting shall occur

2 at committee meetings and in quarterly energy efficiency

reports to the Stakeholder Advisory Group and Illinois

Commerce Commission, and other relevant reporting mechanisms.

5 Participating utilities shall also report on relevant equity

data and metrics requested by the committee, such as energy

burden data, geographic, racial, and other relevant

demographic data on where programs are being delivered and

what populations programs are serving.

The Illinois Commerce Commission shall oversee and have relevant staff participate in the committee. The committee shall have a budget of 0.25% of each utility's entire efficiency portfolio funding for a given year. The budget shall be overseen by the Commission. The budget shall be used to provide grants for community-based organizations serving on leadership committee, stipends for community-based organizations participating in the committee, grants for community-based organizations to do energy efficiency outreach and education, and relevant meeting needs as determined by the leadership committee. The education and outreach shall include, but is not limited to, basic energy efficiency education, information about low-income energy efficiency information on the committee's programs, and purpose, structure, and activities.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a utility providing approved energy efficiency

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measures and, if applicable, demand-response measures in the State shall be permitted to recover all reasonable and prudently incurred costs of those measures from all retail customers, except as provided in subsection (1) of this Section, as follows, provided that nothing in this subsection (d) permits the double recovery of such costs from customers:

- (1) The utility may recover its costs through an automatic adjustment clause tariff filed with and approved by the Commission. The tariff shall be established outside the context of a general rate case. Each year the Commission shall initiate a review to reconcile amounts collected with the actual costs and to determine the required adjustment to the annual tariff factor to match annual expenditures. To enable the financing of the incremental capital expenditures, including regulatory assets, for electric utilities that serve less than 3,000,000 retail customers but more than 500,000 retail customers in the State, the utility's actual year-end capital structure that includes a common equity ratio, excluding goodwill, of up to and including 50% of the total capital structure shall be deemed reasonable and used to set rates.
- (2) A utility may recover its costs through an energy efficiency formula rate approved by the Commission under a filing under subsections (f) and (g) of this Section, which shall specify the cost components that form the

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basis of the rate charged to customers with sufficient specificity to operate in a standardized manner and be annually with transparent information updated reflects the utility's actual costs to be recovered during the applicable rate year, which is the period beginning with the first billing day of January and extending through the last billing day of the following December. The energy efficiency formula rate shall be implemented tariff filed with the Commission through а subsections (f) and (q) of this Section that is consistent with the provisions of this paragraph (2) and that shall be applicable to all delivery services customers. The Commission shall conduct an investigation of the tariff in a manner consistent with the provisions of this paragraph (2), subsections (f) and (q) of this Section, and the provisions of Article IX of this Act to the extent they do conflict with this paragraph (2). The efficiency formula rate approved by the Commission shall remain in effect at the discretion of the utility and shall do the following:

(A) Provide for the recovery of the utility's actual costs incurred under this Section that are prudently incurred and reasonable in amount consistent with Commission practice and law. The sole fact that a cost differs from that incurred in a prior calendar year or that an investment is different from that made

in a prior calendar year shall not imply the imprudence or unreasonableness of that cost or investment.

- (B) Reflect the utility's actual year-end capital structure for the applicable calendar year, excluding goodwill, subject to a determination of prudence and reasonableness consistent with Commission practice and law. To enable the financing of the incremental capital expenditures, including regulatory assets, for electric utilities that serve less than 3,000,000 retail customers but more than 500,000 retail customers in the State, a participating electric utility's actual year-end capital structure that includes a common equity ratio, excluding goodwill, of up to and including 50% of the total capital structure shall be deemed reasonable and used to set rates.
- (C) Include a cost of equity, which shall be calculated as the sum of the following:
  - (i) the average for the applicable calendar year of the monthly average yields of 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in its weekly H.15 Statistical Release or successor publication; and
    - (ii) 580 basis points.

At such time as the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System ceases to include the monthly

average yields of 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds in its weekly H.15 Statistical Release or successor publication, the monthly average yields of the U.S. Treasury bonds then having the longest duration published by the Board of Governors in its weekly H.15 Statistical Release or successor publication shall instead be used for purposes of this paragraph (2).

- (D) Permit and set forth protocols, subject to a determination of prudence and reasonableness consistent with Commission practice and law, for the following:
  - (i) recovery of incentive compensation expense that is based on the achievement of operational metrics, including metrics related to budget controls, outage duration and frequency, safety, customer service, efficiency and productivity, and environmental compliance; however, this protocol shall not apply if such expense related to costs incurred under this Section is recovered under Article IX or Section 16-108.5 of this Act; incentive compensation expense that is based on net income or an affiliate's earnings per share shall not be recoverable under the energy efficiency formula rate;
  - (ii) recovery of pension and other post-employment benefits expense, provided that

such costs are supported by an actuarial study; however, this protocol shall not apply if such expense related to costs incurred under this Section is recovered under Article IX or Section 16-108.5 of this Act;

- (iii) recovery of existing regulatory assets
  over the periods previously authorized by the
  Commission;
- (iv) as described in subsection (e),
  amortization of costs incurred under this Section;
  and
- (v) projected, weather normalized billing determinants for the applicable rate year.
- (E) Provide for an annual reconciliation, as described in paragraph (3) of this subsection (d), less any deferred taxes related to the reconciliation, with interest at an annual rate of return equal to the utility's weighted average cost of capital, including a revenue conversion factor calculated to recover or refund all additional income taxes that may be payable or receivable as a result of that return, of the energy efficiency revenue requirement reflected in rates for each calendar year, beginning with the calendar year in which the utility files its energy efficiency formula rate tariff under this paragraph (2), with what the revenue requirement would have been had the

actual cost information for the applicable calendar year been available at the filing date.

The utility shall file, together with its tariff, the projected costs to be incurred by the utility during the rate year under the utility's multi-year plan approved under subsections (f) and (g) of this Section, including, but not limited to, the projected capital investment costs and projected regulatory asset balances with correspondingly updated depreciation and amortization reserves and expense, that shall populate the energy efficiency formula rate and set the initial rates under the formula.

The Commission shall review the proposed tariff in conjunction with its review of a proposed multi-year plan, as specified in paragraph (5) of subsection (g) of this Section. The review shall be based on the same evidentiary standards, including, but not limited to, those concerning the prudence and reasonableness of the costs incurred by the utility, the Commission applies in a hearing to review a filing for a general increase in rates under Article IX of this Act. The initial rates shall take effect beginning with the January monthly billing period following the Commission's approval.

The tariff's rate design and cost allocation across customer classes shall be consistent with the utility's automatic adjustment clause tariff in effect on June 1,

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2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-906); however, the Commission may revise the tariff's rate design and cost allocation in subsequent proceedings under paragraph (3) of this subsection (d).

If the energy efficiency formula rate is terminated, the then current rates shall remain in effect until such time as the energy efficiency costs are incorporated into new rates that are set under this subsection (d) or Article IX of this Act, subject to retroactive rate adjustment, with interest, to reconcile rates charged with actual costs.

(3) The provisions of this paragraph (3) shall only apply to an electric utility that has elected to file an energy efficiency formula rate under paragraph (2) of this subsection (d). Subsequent to the Commission's issuance of an order approving the utility's energy efficiency formula rate structure and protocols, and initial rates under paragraph (2) of this subsection (d), the utility shall file, on or before June 1 of each year, with the Chief Clerk of the Commission its updated cost inputs to the energy efficiency formula rate for the applicable rate year and the corresponding new charges, as well as the information described in paragraph (9) of subsection (g) of this Section. Each such filing shall conform to the requirements following and include the following information:

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(A) The inputs to the energy efficiency formula rate for the applicable rate year shall be based on the projected costs to be incurred by the utility during the rate year under the utility's multi-year plan approved under subsections (f) and (q) of this Section, including, but not limited to, projected capital investment costs and projected regulatory balances with correspondingly asset updated depreciation and amortization reserves and expense. The filing shall also include a reconciliation of the energy efficiency revenue requirement that was in effect for the prior rate year (as set by the cost inputs for the prior rate year) with the actual requirement for the prior revenue rate (determined using a year-end rate base) that uses amounts reflected in the applicable FERC Form 1 that reports the actual costs for the prior rate year. Any over-collection or under-collection indicated by such reconciliation shall be reflected as a credit against, or recovered as an additional charge to, respectively, with interest calculated at a rate equal to the utility's weighted average cost of capital approved by the Commission for the prior rate year, the charges for the applicable rate year. Such over-collection or under-collection shall be adjusted to remove any deferred taxes related to the reconciliation,

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purposes of calculating interest at an annual rate of return equal to the utility's weighted average cost of capital approved by the Commission for the prior rate year, including a revenue conversion factor calculated to recover or refund all additional income taxes that may be payable or receivable as a result of that return. Each reconciliation shall be certified by the participating utility in the same manner that FERC Form 1 is certified. The filing shall also include the charge or credit, if any, resulting from the calculation required by subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (d).

Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the intent of the reconciliation is to ultimately reconcile both the revenue requirement reflected in rates for each calendar year, beginning with the calendar year in which the utility files its energy efficiency formula rate tariff under paragraph (2) of this subsection (d), with what the revenue requirement determined using a year-end rate base for the applicable calendar year would have been had the actual cost information for the applicable calendar year been available at the filing date.

For purposes of this Section, "FERC Form 1" means Annual Report of Major Electric Utilities, Licensees and Others that electric utilities are

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required to file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act, Sections 3, 4(a), 304 and 209, modified as necessary to be consistent with 83 Ill. Adm. Code Part 415 as of May 1, 2011. Nothing in this Section is intended to allow costs that are not otherwise recoverable to recoverable by virtue of inclusion in FERC Form 1.

- (B) The new charges shall take effect beginning on the first billing day of the following January billing period and remain in effect through the last billing day of the next December billing period regardless of whether the Commission enters upon a hearing under this paragraph (3).
- (C) The filing shall include relevant necessary data and documentation for the applicable rate year. Normalization adjustments shall not be required.

Within 45 days after the utility files its annual update of cost inputs to the energy efficiency formula rate, the Commission shall with reasonable notice, initiate a proceeding concerning whether the projected costs to be incurred by the utility and recovered during the applicable rate year, and that are reflected in the inputs to the energy efficiency formula rate, consistent with the utility's approved multi-year plan under subsections (f) and (q) of this Section and whether

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the costs incurred by the utility during the prior rate year were prudent and reasonable. The Commission shall also have the authority to investigate the information and data described in paragraph (9) of subsection (g) of this Section, including the proposed adjustment utility's return on equity component of its weighted average cost of capital. During the course of each objection shall be proceeding, stated particularity and evidence provided in support thereof, after which the utility shall have the opportunity to rebut the evidence. Discovery shall be allowed consistent with the Commission's Rules of Practice, which Rules of Practice shall be enforced by the Commission or the assigned administrative law judge. The Commission shall apply the same evidentiary standards, including, but not limited to, those concerning the prudence reasonableness of the costs incurred by the utility, during the proceeding as it would apply in a proceeding to review a filing for a general increase in rates under Article IX of this Act. The Commission shall not, however, have the authority in a proceeding under this paragraph (3) to consider or order any changes to the structure or protocols of the energy efficiency formula rate approved paragraph (2) of this subsection (d). proceeding under this paragraph (3), the Commission shall enter its order no later than the earlier of 195 days after

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the utility's filing of its annual update of cost inputs to the energy efficiency formula rate or December 15. The utility's proposed return on equity calculation, described in paragraphs (7) through (9) of subsection (g) of this Section, shall be deemed the final, approved calculation on December 15 of the year in which it is filed unless the Commission enters an order on or before December 15, after notice and hearing, that modifies such calculation consistent with this Section. The Commission's determinations of the prudence and reasonableness of the costs incurred, and determination of such return on equity calculation, for the applicable calendar year shall be final upon entry of the Commission's order and shall not be subject to reopening, reexamination, or collateral attack in any other Commission proceeding, case, docket, order, rule, or regulation; however, nothing in this paragraph (3) shall prohibit a party from petitioning the Commission to rehear or appeal to the courts the order under the provisions of this Act.

(e) Beginning on June 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-906), a utility subject to the requirements of this Section may elect to defer, as a regulatory asset, up to the full amount of its expenditures incurred under this Section for each annual period, including, but not limited to, any expenditures incurred above the funding level set by subsection (f) of this Section for a given year. The total

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expenditures deferred as a regulatory asset in a given year shall be amortized and recovered over a period that is equal to the weighted average of the energy efficiency measure lives implemented for that year that are reflected in the regulatory asset. The unamortized balance shall be recognized as of December 31 for a given year. The utility shall also earn a return on the total of the unamortized balances of all of the energy efficiency regulatory assets, less any deferred taxes related to those unamortized balances, at an annual rate equal to the utility's weighted average cost of capital that includes, based on a year-end capital structure, the utility's actual cost of debt for the applicable calendar year and a cost of equity, which shall be calculated as the sum of the (i) the average for the applicable calendar year of the monthly average yields of 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in its weekly H.15 Statistical Release or successor publication; and (ii) 580 basis points, including a revenue conversion factor calculated to recover or refund all additional income taxes that may be payable or receivable as a result of that return. Capital investment costs shall be depreciated and recovered over their useful lives consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The weighted average cost of capital shall be applied to the capital investment cost balance, less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated deferred income taxes, as of December 31 for a given year.

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When an electric utility creates a regulatory asset under the provisions of this Section, the costs are recovered over a period during which customers also receive a benefit which is in the public interest. Accordingly, it is the intent of the General Assembly that an electric utility that elects to create a regulatory asset under the provisions of this Section shall recover all of the associated costs as set forth in this Section. After the Commission has approved the prudence and reasonableness of the costs that comprise the regulatory asset, the electric utility shall be permitted to recover all such costs, and the value and recoverability through rates of the associated regulatory asset shall not be limited, altered, impaired, or reduced.

- (f) Beginning in 2017, each electric utility shall file an energy efficiency plan with the Commission to meet the energy efficiency standards for the next applicable multi-year period beginning January 1 of the year following the filing, according to the schedule set forth in paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection (f). If a utility does not file such a plan on or before the applicable filing deadline for the plan, it shall face a penalty of \$100,000 per day until the plan is filed.
  - (1) No later than 30 days after June 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-906), each electric utility shall file a 4-year energy efficiency plan commencing on January 1, 2018 that is designed to achieve

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the cumulative persisting annual savings goals specified in paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (b-5) of this Section or in paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (b-15)of this Section, applicable, as through implementation of energy efficiency measures; however, the goals may be reduced if the utility's expenditures are limited pursuant to subsection (m) of this Section or, for utility that serves less than 3,000,000 retail customers, if each of the following conditions are met: (A) the plan's analysis and forecasts of the utility's ability to acquire energy savings demonstrate that achievement of such goals is not cost effective; and (B) the amount of energy savings achieved by the utility as determined by the independent evaluator for the most recent year for which savings have been evaluated preceding the plan filing was less than the average annual amount of savings required to achieve the goals for the applicable 4-year plan period. Except as provided in subsection (m) of this Section, annual increases in cumulative persisting annual savings goals during the applicable 4-year plan period shall not be reduced to amounts that are less than the maximum amount cumulative persisting annual savings that is forecast to be cost-effectively achievable during the 4-year plan period. The Commission shall review any proposed goal reduction as part of its review and approval of the

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utility's proposed plan.

(2) No later than March 1, 2021, each electric utility shall file a 4-year energy efficiency plan commencing on January 1, 2022 that is designed to achieve the cumulative persisting annual savings goals specified in paragraphs (5) through (8) of subsection (b-5) of this Section or in paragraphs (5) through (8) of subsection (b-15) of this Section, as applicable, through implementation of energy efficiency measures; however, the goals may be reduced if either (1) clear and convincing evidence demonstrates, through independent analysis, that the expenditure limits subsection of this Section preclude in (m) achievement of the goals or (2) each of the following conditions are met: (A) the plan's analysis and forecasts the utility's ability to acquire energy savings demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence and through independent analysis that achievement of such goals is not cost effective; and (B) the amount of energy savings achieved by the utility as determined by the independent evaluator for the most recent year for which savings have been evaluated preceding the plan filing was less than the average annual amount of savings required to achieve the goals for the applicable 4-year plan period. If there is not clear and convincing evidence that achieving the savings goals specified in paragraph (b-5) or (b-15) of this Section is possible both cost-effectively and within

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the expenditure limits in subsection (m), such savings goals shall not be reduced. Except as provided in subsection (m) of this Section, annual increases in cumulative persisting annual savings goals during the applicable 4-year plan period shall not be reduced to amounts that are less than the maximum amount cumulative persisting annual savings that is forecast to be cost-effectively achievable during the 4-year plan period. The Commission shall review any proposed goal reduction as part of its review and approval of the utility's proposed plan.

(3) No later than March 1, 2025, each electric utility shall file a 4-year energy efficiency plan commencing on January 1, 2026 that is designed to achieve the cumulative persisting annual savings goals specified in paragraphs (9) through (12) of subsection (b-5) of this Section or in paragraphs (9) through (12) of subsection (b-15) of this Section, as applicable, through implementation of energy efficiency measures; however, the goals may be reduced if either (1) clear and convincing evidence demonstrates, through independent analysis, that the expenditure limits subsection (m) of this Section preclude in achievement of the goals or (2) each of the following conditions are met: (A) the plan's analysis and forecasts of the utility's ability to acquire energy savings demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence and through

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independent analysis that achievement of such goals is not cost effective; and (B) the amount of energy savings achieved by the utility as determined by the independent evaluator for the most recent year for which savings have been evaluated preceding the plan filing was less than the average annual amount of savings required to achieve the goals for the applicable 4-year plan period. If there is not clear and convincing evidence that achieving the savings goals specified in paragraphs (b-5) or (b-15) of this Section is possible both cost-effectively and within the expenditure limits in subsection (m), such savings goals shall not be reduced. Except as provided in (m) of this Section, annual subsection increases cumulative persisting annual savings goals during the applicable 4-year plan period shall not be reduced to amounts that are less than the maximum amount cumulative persisting annual savings that is forecast to be cost-effectively achievable during the 4-year plan period. The Commission shall review any proposed goal reduction as part of its review and approval of the utility's proposed plan.

(4) No later than March 1, 2029, and every 4 years thereafter, each electric utility shall file a 4-year energy efficiency plan commencing on January 1, 2030, and every 4 years thereafter, respectively, that is designed to achieve the cumulative persisting annual savings goals

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established by the Illinois Commerce Commission pursuant to direction of subsections (b-5) and (b-15) of this Section, as applicable, through implementation of energy efficiency measures; however, the goals may be reduced if either (1) clear and convincing evidence and independent analysis demonstrates that the expenditure limits in subsection (m) of this Section preclude full achievement of the goals or (2) each of the following conditions are met: (A) the plan's analysis and forecasts of the utility's ability to acquire energy savings demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence and through independent that achievement analysis of such goals is cost-effective; and (B) the amount of energy savings achieved by the utility as determined by the independent evaluator for the most recent year for which savings have been evaluated preceding the plan filing was less than the average annual amount of savings required to achieve the goals for the applicable 4-year plan period. If there is not clear and convincing evidence that achieving the savings goals specified in paragraphs (b-5) or (b-15) of this Section is possible both cost-effectively and within the expenditure limits in subsection (m), such savings shall not be reduced. Except as goals provided subsection (m) of this Section, annual increases cumulative persisting annual savings goals during the applicable 4-year plan period shall not be reduced to

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amounts that are less than the maximum amount of cumulative persisting annual savings that is forecast to be cost-effectively achievable during the 4-year plan period. The Commission shall review any proposed goal reduction as part of its review and approval of the utility's proposed plan.

Each utility's plan shall set forth the utility's proposals to meet the energy efficiency standards identified in subsection (b-5) or (b-15), as applicable and as such standards may have been modified under this subsection (f), taking into account the unique circumstances of the utility's service territory. For those plans commencing on January 1, 2018, the Commission shall seek public comment utility's plan and shall issue an order approving disapproving each plan no later than 105 days after June 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-906). For those plans commencing after December 31, 2021, the Commission shall seek public comment on the utility's plan and shall issue an order approving or disapproving each plan within 6 months after its submission. If the Commission disapproves a plan, the Commission shall, within 30 days, describe in detail the reasons for the disapproval and describe a path by which the utility may file a revised draft of the plan to address the Commission's concerns satisfactorily. If the utility does not refile with the Commission within 60 days, the utility shall be subject to penalties at a rate of \$100,000 per day until the

- 1 plan is filed. This process shall continue, and penalties
- 2 shall accrue, until the utility has successfully filed a
- 3 portfolio of energy efficiency and demand-response measures.
- 4 Penalties shall be deposited into the Energy Efficiency Trust
- 5 Fund.
- 6 (g) In submitting proposed plans and funding levels under
- 7 subsection (f) of this Section to meet the savings goals
- 8 identified in subsection (b-5) or (b-15) of this Section, as
- 9 applicable, the utility shall:
- 10 (1) Demonstrate that its proposed energy efficiency
- measures will achieve the applicable requirements that are
- identified in subsection (b-5) or (b-15) of this Section,
- as modified by subsection (f) of this Section.
- 14 (2) (Blank).
- 15 (2.5) Demonstrate consideration of program options for
- 16 (A) advancing new building codes, appliance standards, and
- municipal regulations governing existing and new building
- 18 efficiency improvements and (B) supporting efforts to
- 19 improve compliance with new building codes, appliance
- 20 standards and municipal regulations, as potentially
- 21 cost-effective means of acquiring energy savings to count
- toward savings goals.
- 23 (3) Demonstrate that its overall portfolio of
- 24 measures, not including low-income programs described in
- 25 subsection (c) of this Section, is cost-effective using
- the total resource cost test or complies with paragraphs

- (1) through (3) of subsection (f) of this Section and represents a diverse cross-section of opportunities for customers of all rate classes, other than those customers described in subsection (1) of this Section, to participate in the programs. Individual measures need not be cost effective.
- (3.5) Demonstrate that the utility's plan integrates the delivery of energy efficiency programs with natural gas efficiency programs, programs promoting distributed solar, programs promoting demand response and other efforts to address bill payment issues, including, but not limited to, LIHEAP and the Percentage of Income Payment Plan, to the extent such integration is practical and has the potential to enhance customer engagement, minimize market confusion, or reduce administrative costs.
- (4) Present a third-party energy efficiency implementation program subject to the following requirements:
  - (A) beginning with the year commencing January 1, 2019, electric utilities that serve more than 3,000,000 retail customers in the State shall fund third-party energy efficiency programs in an amount that is no less than \$25,000,000 per year, and electric utilities that serve less than 3,000,000 retail customers but more than 500,000 retail customers in the State shall fund third-party energy

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efficiency programs in an amount that is no less than \$8,350,000 per year;

(B) during 2018, the utility shall conduct a solicitation process for purposes of requesting proposals from third-party vendors for third-party energy efficiency programs to be offered during one or more of the years commencing January 1, 2019, January 1, 2020, and January 1, 2021; for those multi-year plans commencing on January 1, 2022 and Januarv 1, 2026, the utility shall conduct a solicitation process during 2021 and 2025, respectively, for purposes of requesting proposals from third-party vendors for those third-party energy efficiency programs to be offered during one or more years of the respective multi-year plan period; for each solicitation process, the utility shall identify the sector, technology, or geographical area for which it is seeking requests for proposals; the solicitation process must be either for programs that fill gaps in the utility's program portfolio and for programs that target low-income customers, business sectors, building types, geographies, or other specific parts of its customer base with initiatives that would be more effective at reaching these customer segments than the utilities' programs filed in its energy efficiency plans;

- (C) the utility shall propose the bidder qualifications, performance measurement process, and contract structure, which must include a performance payment mechanism and general terms and conditions; the proposed qualifications, process, and structure shall be subject to Commission approval; and
- (D) the utility shall retain an independent third party to score the proposals received through the solicitation process described in this paragraph (4), rank them according to their cost per lifetime kilowatt-hours saved, and assemble the portfolio of third-party programs.

The electric utility shall recover all costs associated with Commission-approved, third-party administered programs regardless of the success of those programs.

- (4.5) Implement cost-effective demand-response measures to reduce peak demand by 0.1% over the prior year for eligible retail customers, as defined in Section 16-111.5 of this Act, and for customers that elect hourly service from the utility pursuant to Section 16-107 of this Act, provided those customers have not been declared competitive. This requirement continues until December 31, 2026.
- (5) Include a proposed or revised cost-recovery tariff mechanism, as provided for under subsection (d) of this

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Section, to fund the proposed energy efficiency and demand-response measures and to ensure the recovery of the prudently and reasonably incurred costs of Commission-approved programs.

- (6) Provide for an annual independent evaluation of the performance of the cost-effectiveness of the utility's portfolio of measures, as well as a full review of the multi-year plan results of the broader net program impacts and, to the extent practical, for adjustment of the measures on a going-forward basis as a result of the evaluations. The resources dedicated to evaluation shall not exceed 3% of portfolio resources in any given year.
- For electric utilities that serve more than (7) 3,000,000 retail customers in the State:
  - (A) Through December 31, 2025, provide for an adjustment to the return on equity component of the utility's weighted average cost of capital calculated under subsection (d) of this Section:
    - (i) If the independent evaluator determines that the utility achieved a cumulative persisting annual savings that is less than the applicable annual incremental goal, then the return on equity component shall be reduced by a maximum of 200 basis points in the event that the utility achieved no more than 75% of such goal. If the utility achieved more than 75% of the applicable

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annual incremental goal but less than 100% of such goal, then the return on equity component shall be reduced by 8 basis points for each percent by which the utility failed to achieve the goal.

(ii) If the independent evaluator determines that the utility achieved a cumulative persisting annual savings that is more than the applicable annual incremental goal, then the return on equity component shall be increased by a maximum of 200 basis points in the event that the utility achieved at least 125% of such goal. If the utility achieved more than 100% of the applicable annual incremental goal but less than 125% of such goal, then the return on equity component shall be increased by 8 basis points for each percent by which the utility achieved above the goal. If the applicable annual incremental goal was reduced under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (f) of this Section, then the following adjustments shall be made to the calculations described in this item (ii):

the calculation for determining (aa) achievement that is at least 125% of the applicable annual incremental goal shall use the unreduced applicable annual incremental goal to set the value; and

- (bb) the calculation for determining achievement that is less than 125% but more than 100% of the applicable annual incremental goal shall use the reduced applicable annual incremental goal to set the value for 100% achievement of the goal and shall use the unreduced goal to set the value for 125% achievement. The 8 basis point value shall also be modified, as necessary, so that the 200 basis points are evenly apportioned among each percentage point value between 100% and 125% achievement.
- (B) For the period January 1, 2026 through December 31, 2029 and in all subsequent 4-year periods, provide for an adjustment to the return on equity component of the utility's weighted average cost of capital calculated under subsection (d) of this Section:
  - (i) If the independent evaluator determines that the utility achieved a cumulative persisting annual savings that is less than the applicable annual incremental goal, then the return on equity component shall be reduced by a maximum of 200 basis points in the event that the utility achieved no more than 66% of such goal. If the utility achieved more than 66% of the applicable

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annual incremental goal but less than 100% of such goal, then the return on equity component shall be reduced by 6 basis points for each percent by which the utility failed to achieve the goal.

(ii) If the independent evaluator determines that the utility achieved a cumulative persisting annual savings that is more than the applicable annual incremental goal, then the return on equity component shall be increased by a maximum of 200 basis points in the event that the utility achieved at least 134% of such goal. If the utility achieved more than 100% of the applicable annual incremental goal but less than 134% of such goal, then the return on equity component shall be increased by 6 basis points for each percent by which the utility achieved above the goal. If the applicable annual incremental goal was reduced under paragraph (3) of subsection (f) of this Section, then the following adjustments shall be made to the calculations described in this item (ii):

the calculation for determining (aa) achievement that is at least 134% of the applicable annual incremental goal shall use the unreduced applicable annual incremental goal to set the value; and

- (bb) the calculation for determining achievement that is less than 134% but more than 100% of the applicable annual incremental goal shall use the reduced applicable annual incremental goal to set the value for 100% achievement of the goal and shall use the unreduced goal to set the value for 134% achievement. The 6 basis point value shall also be modified, as necessary, so that the 200 basis points are evenly apportioned among each percentage point value between 100% and 134% achievement.
- (C) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph (7), if the applicable annual incremental goal for an electric utility is ever less than 0.6% of deemed average weather normalized sales of electric power and energy during calendar years 2014, 2015, and 2016, an adjustment to the return on equity component of the utility's weighted average cost of capital calculated under subsection (d) of this Section shall be made as follows:
  - (i) If the independent evaluator determines that the utility achieved a cumulative persisting annual savings that is less than would have been achieved had the applicable annual incremental

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goal been achieved, then the return on equity component shall be reduced by a maximum of 200 basis points if the utility achieved no more than 75% of its applicable annual total savings requirement as defined in paragraph (7.5) of this subsection. If the utility achieved more than 75% of the applicable annual total savings requirement but less than 100% of such goal, then the return on equity component shall be reduced by 8 basis points for each percent by which the utility failed to achieve the goal.

(ii) If the independent evaluator determines that the utility achieved a cumulative persisting annual savings that is more than would have been achieved had the applicable annual incremental goal been achieved, then the return on equity component shall be increased by a maximum of 200 basis points if the utility achieved at least 125%  $\circ f$ its applicable annual total savings requirement. If the utility achieved more than 100% of the applicable annual total savings requirement but less than 125% of such goal, then the return on equity component shall be increased by 8 basis points for each percent by which the utility achieved above the applicable annual total savings requirement. If the applicable annual

incremental goal was reduced under paragraph (1)
or (2) of subsection (f) of this Section, then the
following adjustments shall be made to the
calculations described in this item (ii):

- (aa) the calculation for determining achievement that is at least 125% of the applicable annual total savings requirement shall use the unreduced applicable annual incremental goal to set the value; and
- (bb) the calculation for determining achievement that is less than 125% but more than 100% of the applicable annual total savings requirement shall use the reduced applicable annual incremental goal to set the value for 100% achievement of the goal and shall use the unreduced goal to set the value for 125% achievement. The 8 basis point value shall also be modified, as necessary, so that the 200 basis points are evenly apportioned among each percentage point value between 100% and 125% achievement.
- (7.5) For purposes of this Section, the term "applicable annual incremental goal" means the difference between the cumulative persisting annual savings goal for the calendar year that is the subject of the independent evaluator's determination and the cumulative persisting

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annual savings goal for the immediately preceding calendar year, as such goals are defined in subsections (b-5) and (b-15) of this Section and as these goals may have been modified as provided for under subsection (b-20) and paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (f) of this Section. Under subsections (b), (b-5), (b-10), and (b-15)this Section, a utility must first replace energy from measures that have expired before any savings progress towards achievement of its applicable annual incremental goal may be counted. Savings may expire because measures installed in previous years have reached the end of their lives, because measures installed in previous years are producing lower savings in the current year than in the previous year, or for other reasons identified by independent evaluators. Notwithstanding anything else set forth in this Section, the difference between the actual annual incremental savings achieved in any given year, including the replacement of energy savings that have expired, and the applicable annual incremental goal shall not affect adjustments to the return on equity for subsequent calendar years under this subsection (q).

In this Section, "applicable annual total savings requirement" means the total amount of new annual savings that the utility must achieve in any given year to achieve the applicable annual incremental goal. This is equal to

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the applicable annual incremental goal plus the total new annual savings that are required to replace savings that expired in or at the end of the previous year.

- (8) For electric utilities that serve less than 3,000,000 retail customers but more than 500,000 retail customers in the State:
  - (A) Through December 31, 2025, the applicable annual incremental goal shall be compared to the annual incremental savings as determined by the independent evaluator.
    - (i) The return on equity component shall be reduced by 8 basis points for each percent by which the utility did not achieve 84.4% of the applicable annual incremental goal.
    - (ii) The return on equity component shall be increased by 8 basis points for each percent by which the utility exceeded 100% of the applicable annual incremental goal.
    - (iii) The return on equity component shall not if increased or decreased be the annual incremental savings as determined by the independent evaluator is greater than 84.4% of the applicable annual incremental goal and less than 100% of the applicable annual incremental goal.
    - (iv) The return on equity component shall not be increased or decreased by an amount greater

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1	than 200 basis points pursuant to this
2	subparagraph (A).
3	(B) For the period of January 1, 2026 through
4	December 31, 2029 and in all subsequent 4-year
5	periods, the applicable annual incremental goal shall
6	be compared to the annual incremental savings as
7	determined by the independent evaluator.
8	(i) The return on equity component shall be
9	reduced by 6 basis points for each percent by
10	which the utility did not achieve 100% of the
11	applicable annual incremental goal.
12	(ii) The return on equity component shall be
13	increased by 6 basis points for each percent by
14	which the utility exceeded 100% of the applicable
15	annual incremental goal.
16	(iii) The return on equity component shall not
17	be increased or decreased by an amount greater
18	than 200 basis points pursuant to this
19	subparagraph (B).
20	(C) Notwithstanding provisions in subparagraphs
21	(A) and (B) of paragraph (7) of this subsection, if the
22	applicable annual incremental goal for an electric
23	utility is ever less than 0.6% of deemed average

weather normalized sales of electric power and energy

during calendar years 2014, 2015 and 2016, an

adjustment to the return on equity component of the

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1	utility's weighted average cost of capital calculated
2	under subsection (d) of this Section shall be made as
3	follows:
4	(i) The return on equity component shall be
5	reduced by 8 basis points for each percent by
6	which the utility did not achieve 100% of the
7	applicable annual total savings requirement.
8	(ii) The return on equity component shall be
9	increased by 8 basis points for each percent by
10	which the utility exceeded 100% of the applicable
11	annual total savings requirement.
12	(iii) The return on equity component shall not
13	be increased or decreased by an amount greater
14	than 200 basis points pursuant to this
15	subparagraph (C).
16	(D) If the applicable annual incremental goal was
17	reduced under paragraph $(1)$ , $(2)$ , $(3)$ , or $(4)$ of
18	subsection (f) of this Section, then the following
19	adjustments shall be made to the calculations
20	described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of this
21	paragraph (8):
22	(i) The calculation for determining
23	achievement that is at least 125% or 134%, as
24	applicable, of the applicable annual incremental

goal or the applicable annual total savings

requirement, as applicable, shall use the

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unreduced applicable annual incremental goal to set the value.

(ii) For the period through December 31, 2025, the calculation for determining achievement that is less than 125% but more than 100% of the applicable annual incremental goal the applicable annual total savings requirement, as applicable, shall use the reduced applicable annual incremental goal to set the value for 100% achievement of the goal and shall use unreduced goal to set the value for 125% achievement. The 8 basis point value shall also be modified, as necessary, so that the 200 basis evenly apportioned among points are percentage point value between 100% and 125% achievement.

(iii) For the period of January 1, through December 31, 2029 and all subsequent 4-year periods, the calculation for determining achievement that is less than 125% or 134%, as applicable, but more than 100% of the applicable annual incremental goal or the applicable annual total savings requirement, as applicable, shall use the reduced applicable annual incremental goal to set the value for 100% achievement of the goal and shall use the unreduced goal to set the value

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for 125% achievement. The 6 basis-point value or 8 basis-point value, as applicable, shall also be modified, as necessary, so that the 200 basis points are evenly apportioned among each percentage point value between 100% and 125% or between 100% and 134% achievement, as applicable.

(9) The utility shall submit the energy savings data to the independent evaluator no later than 30 days after the close of the plan year. The independent evaluator shall determine the cumulative persisting annual savings for a given plan year, as well as an estimate of job impacts and other macroeconomic impacts of the efficiency programs for that year, no later than 120 days after the close of the plan year. The utility shall submit an informational filing to the Commission no later than 160 days after the close of the plan year that attaches the independent evaluator's final report identifying cumulative persisting annual savings for the year and calculates, under paragraph (7) or (8) of this subsection (g), as applicable, any resulting change to the utility's return on equity component of the weighted average cost of capital applicable to the next plan year beginning with the January monthly billing period and extending through December monthly billing period. However, if the utility recovers the costs incurred under this Section under paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (d) of this

Section, then the utility shall not be required to submit such informational filing, and shall instead submit the information that would otherwise be included in the informational filing as part of its filing under paragraph (3) of such subsection (d) that is due on or before June 1 of each year.

For those utilities that must submit the informational filing, the Commission may, on its own motion or by petition, initiate an investigation of such filing, provided, however, that the utility's proposed return on equity calculation shall be deemed the final, approved calculation on December 15 of the year in which it is filed unless the Commission enters an order on or before December 15, after notice and hearing, that modifies such calculation consistent with this Section.

The adjustments to the return on equity component described in paragraphs (7) and (8) of this subsection (g) shall be applied as described in such paragraphs through a separate tariff mechanism, which shall be filed by the utility under subsections (f) and (g) of this Section.

- (9.5) The utility must demonstrate how it will ensure that program implementation contractors and energy efficiency installation vendors will promote workforce equity and quality jobs.
- (9.6) Utilities shall collect data necessary to ensure compliance with paragraph (9.5) no less than quarterly and

shall communicate progress toward compliance with paragraph (9.5) to program implementation contractors and energy efficiency installation vendors no less than quarterly. Utilities shall work with relevant vendors, providing education, training, and other resources needed to ensure compliance and, where necessary, adjusting or terminating work with vendors that cannot assist with compliance.

- programs under subsections (b-5) and (b-10) shall report annually to the Illinois Commerce Commission and the General Assembly on how hiring, contracting, job training, and other practices related to its energy efficiency programs enhance the diversity of vendors working on such programs. These reports must include data on vendor and employee diversity, including data on the implementation of paragraphs (9.5) and (9.6). If the utility is not meeting the requirements of paragraphs (9.5) and (9.6), the utility shall submit a plan to adjust their activities so that they meet the requirements of paragraphs (9.5) and (9.6) within the following year.
- (h) No more than 4% of energy efficiency and demand-response program revenue may be allocated for research, development, or pilot deployment of new equipment or measures. Electric utilities shall work with interested stakeholders to formulate a plan for how these funds should be spent,

- incorporate statewide approaches for these allocations, and file a 4-year plan that demonstrates that collaboration. If a utility files a request for modified annual energy savings goals with the Commission, then a utility shall forgo spending portfolio dollars on research and development proposals.
  - (i) When practicable, electric utilities shall incorporate advanced metering infrastructure data into the planning, implementation, and evaluation of energy efficiency measures and programs, subject to the data privacy and confidentiality protections of applicable law.
  - (j) The independent evaluator shall follow the guidelines and use the savings set forth in Commission-approved energy efficiency policy manuals and technical reference manuals, as each may be updated from time to time. Until such time as measure life values for energy efficiency measures implemented for low-income households under subsection (c) of this Section are incorporated into such Commission-approved manuals, the low-income measures shall have the same measure life values that are established for same measures implemented in households that are not low-income households.
  - (k) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an electric utility subject to the requirements of this Section may file a tariff cancelling an automatic adjustment clause tariff in effect under this Section or Section 8-103, which shall take effect no later than one business day after the date such tariff is filed. Thereafter, the utility shall

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be authorized to defer and recover its expenditures incurred under this Section through a new tariff authorized under subsection (d) of this Section or in the utility's next rate case under Article IX or Section 16-108.5 of this Act, with interest at an annual rate equal to the utility's weighted average cost of capital as approved by the Commission in such case. If the utility elects to file a new tariff under subsection (d) of this Section, the utility may file the tariff within 10 days after June 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-906), and the cost inputs to such tariff shall be based on the projected costs to be incurred by the utility during the calendar year in which the new tariff is filed and that were not recovered under the tariff that was cancelled as provided for in this subsection. Such costs shall include those incurred or to be incurred by the utility under its multi-year plan approved under subsections (f) and (g) of this Section, including, but not limited to, projected capital investment costs and projected regulatory asset balances with correspondingly updated depreciation and amortization reserves and expense. The Commission shall, after notice and hearing, approve, or approve with modification, such tariff and cost inputs no later than 75 days after the utility filed the tariff, provided that such approval, or approval with modification, shall be consistent with the provisions of this Section to the extent they do not conflict with this subsection (k). The tariff approved by the Commission shall

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take effect no later than 5 days after the Commission enters

its order approving the tariff.

No later than 60 days after the effective date of the tariff cancelling the utility's automatic adjustment clause tariff, the utility shall file a reconciliation that reconciles the moneys collected under its automatic adjustment clause tariff with the costs incurred during the period beginning June 1, 2016 and ending on the date that the electric utility's automatic adjustment clause tariff was cancelled. In the event the reconciliation reflects an under-collection, the utility shall recover the costs as specified in this subsection (k). Ιf the reconciliation reflects an over-collection, the utility shall apply the amount of such over-collection as a one-time credit to retail customers' bills.

- (1) For the calendar years covered by a multi-year plan commencing after December 31, 2017, subsections (a) through (j) of this Section do not apply to eligible large private energy customers that have chosen to opt out of multi-year plans consistent with this subsection (1).
- (1) For purposes of this subsection (1), "eligible large private energy customer" means any retail customers, except for federal, State, municipal, and other public customers, of an electric utility that serves more than 3,000,000 retail customers, except for federal, State, municipal and other public customers, in the State and

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(2) Within 45 days after September 15, 2021 (the effective date of Public Act 102-662), the Commission shall prescribe the form for notice required for opting out of energy efficiency programs. The notice must be submitted to the retail electric utility 12 months before the next energy efficiency planning cycle. However, within

- 120 days after the Commission's initial issuance of the form for notice, eligible large private energy customers may submit a form for notice to an electric utility. The form for notice for opting out of energy efficiency programs shall include all of the following:
  - (A) a statement indicating that the customer has elected to opt out;
  - (B) the account numbers for the customer accounts to which the opt out shall apply;
  - (C) the mailing address associated with the customer accounts identified under subparagraph (B);
  - (D) an American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) level 2 or higher audit report conducted by an independent third-party expert identifying cost-effective energy efficiency project opportunities that could be invested in over the next 10 years. A retail customer with specialized processes may utilize a self-audit process in lieu of the ASHRAE audit;
  - (E) a description of the customer's plans to reallocate the funds toward internal energy efficiency efforts identified in the subparagraph (D) report, including, but not limited to: (i) strategic energy management or other programs, including descriptions of targeted buildings, equipment and operations; (ii) eligible energy efficiency measures; and (iii)

expected energy savings, itemized by technology. If the subparagraph (D) audit report identifies that the customer currently utilizes the best available energy efficient technology, equipment, programs, and operations, the customer may provide a statement that more efficient technology, equipment, programs, and operations are not reasonably available as a means of satisfying this subparagraph (E); and

- (F) the effective date of the opt out, which will be the next January 1 following notice of the opt out.
- (3) Upon receipt of a properly and timely noticed request for opt out submitted by an eligible large private energy customer, the retail electric utility shall grant the request, file the request with the Commission and, beginning January 1 of the following year, the opted out customer shall no longer be assessed the costs of the plan and shall be prohibited from participating in that 4-year plan cycle to give the retail utility the certainty to design program plan proposals.
- (4) Upon a customer's election to opt out under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection (1) and commencing on the effective date of said opt out, the account properly identified in the customer's notice under paragraph (2) shall not be subject to any cost recovery and shall not be eligible to participate in, or directly benefit from, compliance with energy efficiency cumulative

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- persisting savings requirements under subsections (a)
  through (j).
  - (5) A utility's cumulative persisting annual savings targets will exclude any opted out load.
  - (6) The request to opt out is only valid for the requested plan cycle. An eligible large private energy customer must also request to opt out for future energy plan cycles, otherwise the customer will be included in the future energy plan cycle.
- 10 (m) Notwithstanding the requirements of this Section, as 11 part of a proceeding to approve a multi-year plan under 12 subsections (f) and (g) of this Section if the multi-year plan has been designed to maximize savings, but does not meet the 13 14 cost cap limitations of this Section, the Commission shall 15 reduce the amount of energy efficiency measures implemented 16 for any single year, and whose costs are recovered under 17 subsection (d) of this Section, by an amount necessary to limit the estimated average net increase due to the cost of the 18 19 measures to no more than
- 20 (1) 3.5% for each of the 4 years beginning January 1, 21 2018,
- 22 (2) (blank),
- 23 (3) 4% for each of the 4 years beginning January 1, 2022,
- 25 (4) 4.25% for the 4 years beginning January 1, 2026, 26 and

determinations shall be made.

(5) 4.25% plus an increase sufficient to account for 1 the rate of inflation between January 1, 2026 and January 2 3 1 of the first year of each subsequent 4-year plan cycle, of the average amount paid per kilowatthour by residential 5 eligible retail customers during calendar year 2015. An 6 electric utility may plan to spend up to 10% more in any year 7 applicable multi-year plan period during an 8 cost-effectively achieve additional savings so long as the 9 average over the applicable multi-year plan period does not 10 exceed the percentages defined in items (1) through (5). To 11 determine the total amount that may be spent by an electric 12 utility in any single year, the applicable percentage of the average amount paid per kilowatthour shall be multiplied by 13 14 the total amount of energy delivered by such electric utility 15 in the calendar year 2015, adjusted to reflect the proportion 16 of the utility's load attributable to customers that have 17 opted out of subsections (a) through (j) of this Section under of this Section. For purposes of 18 subsection (1) 19 subsection (m), the amount paid per kilowatthour includes, without limitation, estimated amounts paid for supply, 20 21 transmission, distribution, surcharges, and add-on taxes. For 22 purposes of this Section, "eligible retail customers" shall 23 have the meaning set forth in Section 16-111.5 of this Act. Once the Commission has approved a plan under subsections (f) 24 25 of this Section, no subsequent rate (q)

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- (n) A utility shall take advantage of the efficiencies available through existing Illinois Home Weatherization Assistance Program infrastructure and services, such as enrollment, marketing, quality assurance and implementation, which can reduce the need for similar services at a lower cost than utility-only programs, subject to capacity constraints at community action agencies, for both single-family and multifamily weatherization services, to the extent Illinois Weatherization Assistance Program community action Home agencies provide multifamily services. A utility's plan shall demonstrate that in formulating annual weatherization budgets, it has sought input and coordination with community action agencies regarding agencies' capacity to expand and maximize Illinois Home Weatherization Assistance Program delivery using the ratepayer dollars collected under this Section.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 102-662, eff. 9-15-21; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23.)
- 17 (220 ILCS 5/8-104)
- 18 Sec. 8-104. Natural gas energy efficiency programs.
- 19 (a) It is the policy of the State that natural gas
  20 utilities and the Department of Commerce and Economic
  21 Opportunity are required to use cost-effective energy
  22 efficiency to reduce direct and indirect costs to consumers.
  23 It serves the public interest to allow natural gas utilities
  24 to recover costs for reasonably and prudently incurred

expenses for cost-effective energy efficiency measures.

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(b) For purposes of this Section, "energy efficiency" means measures that reduce the amount of energy required to achieve a given end use. "Energy efficiency" also includes measures that reduce the total Btus of electricity and natural gas needed to meet the end use or uses. "Cost-effective" means that the measures satisfy the total resource cost test which, for purposes of this Section, means a standard that is met if, for an investment in energy efficiency, the benefit-cost ratio is greater than one. The benefit-cost ratio is the ratio of the net present value of the total benefits of the measures to the net present value of the total costs as calculated over the lifetime of the measures. The total resource cost test compares the sum of avoided natural gas utility costs, representing the benefits that accrue to the system and the participant in the delivery of those efficiency measures, as well as other quantifiable societal benefits, including avoided electric utility costs, to the sum of all incremental costs of end use measures (including both utility and participant contributions), plus costs to administer, deliver, and evaluate each demand-side measure, to quantify the net savings obtained by substituting demand-side measures for supply resources. In calculating avoided costs, reasonable estimates shall be included for financial costs likely to be imposed by future regulation of emissions of greenhouse gases. The low-income programs described in item (4) of subsection (f) of this Section shall not be required to meet the total

1 resource cost test.

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- (c) Natural gas utilities shall implement cost-effective energy efficiency measures to meet at least the following natural gas savings requirements, which shall be based upon the total amount of gas delivered to retail customers, other than the customers described in subsection (m) of this Section, during calendar year 2009 multiplied by the applicable percentage. Natural gas utilities may comply with this Section by meeting the annual incremental savings goal in the applicable year or by showing that total cumulative annual savings within a multi-year planning period associated with measures implemented after May 31, 2011 were equal to the sum of each annual incremental savings requirement from the first day of the multi-year planning period through the last day of the multi-year planning period:
  - (1) 0.2% by May 31, 2012;
- 17 (2) an additional 0.4% by May 31, 2013, increasing total savings to .6%;
- 19 (3) an additional 0.6% by May 31, 2014, increasing 20 total savings to 1.2%;
- 21 (4) an additional 0.8% by May 31, 2015, increasing 22 total savings to 2.0%;
- 23 (5) an additional 1% by May 31, 2016, increasing total savings to 3.0%;
- 25 (6) an additional 1.2% by May 31, 2017, increasing total savings to 4.2%;

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- (7) an additional 1.4% in the year commencing January 1 2 1, 2018;
- 3 (8) an additional 1.5% in the year commencing January 1, 2019; and
- (9)an additional 1.5% in each 12-month period 6 thereafter.
  - (d) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (c) of this Section, a natural gas utility shall limit the amount of energy efficiency implemented in any multi-year reporting period established by subsection (f) of Section 8-104 of this Act, by an amount necessary to limit the estimated average increase in the amounts paid by retail customers in connection with natural gas service to no more than 2% in the applicable multi-year reporting period. The energy savings requirements in subsection (c) of this Section may be reduced by the Commission for the subject plan, if the utility demonstrates by substantial evidence that it is highly unlikely that the could be achieved without exceeding requirements the applicable spending limits in any multi-year reporting period. No later than September 1, 2013, the Commission shall review the limitation on the amount of energy efficiency measures implemented pursuant to this Section and report to the General Assembly, in the report required by subsection (k) of this Section, its findings as to whether that limitation unduly constrains the procurement of energy efficiency measures.
    - (e) The provisions of this subsection (e) apply to those

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multi-year plans that commence prior to January 1, 2018. The utility shall utilize 75% of the available funding associated with energy efficiency programs approved by the Commission, and may outsource various aspects of program development and implementation. The remaining 25% of available funding shall be used by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity to implement energy efficiency measures that achieve no less than 20% of the requirements of subsection (c) of this Section. Such measures shall be designed in conjunction with the utility and approved by the Commission. The Department may outsource development and implementation of energy efficiency measures. A minimum of 10% of the entire portfolio of cost-effective energy efficiency measures shall be procured local government, municipal corporations, districts, public institutions of higher education, community college districts. Five percent of the entire portfolio of cost-effective energy efficiency measures may be granted to local government and municipal corporations for market transformation initiatives. The Department coordinate the implementation of these measures and shall integrate delivery of natural gas efficiency programs with electric efficiency programs delivered pursuant to Section 8-103 of this Act, unless the Department can show that integration is not feasible.

The apportionment of the dollars to cover the costs to implement the Department's share of the portfolio of energy

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efficiency measures shall be made to the Department once the executed rebate agreements, Department has grants, contracts for energy efficiency measures and provided supporting documentation for those rebate agreements, grants, and contracts to the utility. The Department is authorized to adopt any rules necessary and prescribe procedures in order to ensure compliance by applicants in carrying out the purposes agreements for energy efficiency of rebate measures implemented by the Department made under this Section.

The details of the measures implemented by the Department shall be submitted by the Department to the Commission in connection with the utility's filing regarding the energy efficiency measures that the utility implements.

The portfolio of measures, administered by both the utilities and the Department, shall, in combination, be designed to achieve the annual energy savings requirements set forth in subsection (c) of this Section, as modified by subsection (d) of this Section.

The utility and the Department shall agree upon a reasonable portfolio of measures and determine the measurable corresponding percentage of the savings goals associated with measures implemented by the Department.

No utility shall be assessed a penalty under subsection (f) of this Section for failure to make a timely filing if that failure is the result of a lack of agreement with the Department with respect to the allocation of responsibilities

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or related costs or target assignments. In that case, the

2 Department and the utility shall file their respective plans

with the Commission and the Commission shall determine an

appropriate division of measures and programs that meets the

requirements of this Section.

(e-5) The provisions of this subsection (e-5) shall be applicable to those multi-year plans that commence after December 31, 2017. Natural gas utilities shall be responsible for overseeing the design, development, and filing of their efficiency plans with the Commission and may outsource development and implementation of energy efficiency measures. A minimum of 10% of the entire portfolio of cost-effective energy efficiency measures shall be procured from local government, municipal corporations, school districts, public institutions of higher education, and community college districts. Five percent of the entire portfolio cost-effective energy efficiency measures may be granted to local government and municipal corporations for transformation initiatives.

The utilities shall also present a portfolio of energy efficiency measures proportionate to the share of total annual utility revenues in Illinois from households at or below 150% of the poverty level. Such programs shall be targeted to households with incomes at or below 80% of area median income.

(e-10) A utility providing approved energy efficiency measures in this State shall be permitted to recover costs of

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those measures through an automatic adjustment clause tariff filed with and approved by the Commission. The tariff shall be established outside the context of a general rate case and shall be applicable to the utility's customers other than the customers described in subsection (m) of this Section. Each year the Commission shall initiate a review to reconcile any amounts collected with the actual costs and to determine the required adjustment to the annual tariff factor to match annual expenditures.

(e-15) For those multi-year plans that commence prior to January 1, 2018, each utility shall include, in its recovery of costs, the costs estimated for both the utility's and the Department's implementation of energy efficiency measures. Costs collected by the utility for measures implemented by the Department shall be submitted to the Department pursuant to Section 605-323 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, shall be deposited into the Energy Efficiency Portfolio Standards Fund, and shall be used by the Department solely for the purpose of implementing these measures. A utility shall not be required to advance any moneys to the Department but only to forward such funds as it has collected. The Department shall report to the Commission on an annual basis regarding the costs actually incurred by the Department implementation of the measures. Any changes to the costs of energy efficiency measures as a result of plan modifications shall be appropriately reflected in amounts recovered by the

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utility and turned over to the Department.

(f) No later than October 1, 2010, each gas utility shall file an energy efficiency plan with the Commission to meet the energy efficiency standards through May 31, 2014. No later than October 1, 2013, each gas utility shall file an energy efficiency plan with the Commission to meet the energy efficiency standards through May 31, 2017. Beginning in 2017 and every 4 years thereafter, each utility shall file an energy efficiency plan with the Commission to meet the energy efficiency standards for the next applicable 4-year period beginning January 1 of the year following the filing. For those multi-year plans commencing on January 1, 2018, each utility shall file its proposed energy efficiency plan no later than 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly or May 1, 2017, whichever is later. Beginning in 2021 and every 4 years thereafter, each utility shall file its energy efficiency plan no later than March 1. If a utility does not file such a plan on or before the applicable filing deadline for the plan, then it shall face a penalty of \$100,000 per day until the plan is filed.

Each utility's plan shall set forth the utility's proposals to meet the utility's portion of the energy efficiency standards identified in subsection (c) of this Section, as modified by subsection (d) of this Section, taking into account the unique circumstances of the utility's service territory. For those plans commencing after December 31, 2021,

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the Commission shall seek public comment on the utility's plan and shall issue an order approving or disapproving each plan within 6 months after its submission. For those plans commencing on January 1, 2018, the Commission shall seek public comment on the utility's plan and shall issue an order approving or disapproving each plan no later than August 31, 2017, or 105 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly, whichever is later. If the Commission disapproves a plan, the Commission shall, within 30 days, describe in detail the reasons for the disapproval and describe a path by which the utility may file a revised draft of plan to address the Commission's the concerns satisfactorily. If the utility does not refile with the Commission within 60 days after the disapproval, the utility shall be subject to penalties at a rate of \$100,000 per day until the plan is filed. This process shall continue, and penalties shall accrue, until the utility has successfully filed a portfolio of energy efficiency measures. Penalties shall be deposited into the Energy Efficiency Trust Fund and the cost of any such penalties may not be recovered from ratepayers. In submitting proposed energy efficiency plans and funding levels to meet the savings goals adopted by this Act the utility shall:

(1) Demonstrate that its proposed energy efficiency measures will achieve the requirements that are identified in subsection (c) of this Section, as modified by

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subsection (d) of this Section.

- (2) Present specific proposals to implement new building and appliance standards that have been placed into effect.
- (3) Present estimates of the total amount paid for gas service expressed on a per therm basis associated with the proposed portfolio of measures designed to meet the requirements that are identified in subsection (c) of this Section, as modified by subsection (d) of this Section.
- (4) For those multi-year plans that commence prior to January 1, 2018, coordinate with the Department to present a portfolio of energy efficiency measures proportionate to the share of total annual utility revenues in Illinois from households at or below 150% of the poverty level. Such programs shall be targeted to households with incomes at or below 80% of area median income.
- (5) Demonstrate that its overall portfolio of energy efficiency measures, not including low-income programs described in item (4) of this subsection (f) and subsection (e-5) of this Section, are cost-effective using the total resource cost test and represent a diverse cross section of opportunities for customers of all rate classes to participate in the programs.
- (6) Demonstrate that a gas utility affiliated with an electric utility that is required to comply with Section 8-103 or 8-103B of this Act has integrated gas and

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electric efficiency measures into a single program that reduces program or participant costs and appropriately allocates costs to gas and electric ratepayers. For those multi-year plans that commence prior to January 1, 2018, the Department shall integrate all gas and electric programs it delivers in any such utilities' territories, unless the Department can show that integration is not feasible or appropriate.

- (7) Include a proposed cost recovery tariff mechanism to fund the proposed energy efficiency measures and to ensure the recovery of the prudently and reasonably incurred costs of Commission-approved programs.
- Provide for quarterly status reports tracking implementation of and expenditures for the utility's portfolio of measures and, if applicable, the Department's portfolio of measures, an annual independent review, and a full independent evaluation of the multi-year results of and the cost-effectiveness performance of the utility's and, if applicable, Department's portfolios of measures and broader net program impacts and, to the extent practical, for adjustment of the measures on a going forward basis as a result of the evaluations. The resources dedicated to evaluation shall not exceed 3% of portfolio resources in any given multi-year period.
- (g) No more than 3% of expenditures on energy efficiency measures may be allocated for demonstration of breakthrough

- 1 equipment and devices.
- 2 (h) Illinois natural gas utilities that are affiliated by
- 3 virtue of a common parent company may, at the utilities'
- 4 request, be considered a single natural gas utility for
- 5 purposes of complying with this Section.
- 6 (i) If, after 3 years, a gas utility fails to meet the
- 7 efficiency standard specified in subsection (c) of this
- 8 Section as modified by subsection (d), then it shall make a
- 9 contribution to the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program.
- 10 The total liability for failure to meet the goal shall be
- 11 assessed as follows:
- 12 (1) a large gas utility shall pay \$600,000;
- 13 (2) a medium gas utility shall pay \$400,000; and
- 14 (3) a small gas utility shall pay \$200,000.
- For purposes of this Section, (i) a "large gas utility" is
- 16 a gas utility that on December 31, 2008, served more than
- 17 1,500,000 gas customers in Illinois; (ii) a "medium gas
- 18 utility" is a gas utility that on December 31, 2008, served
- fewer than 1,500,000, but more than 500,000 gas customers in
- 20 Illinois; and (iii) a "small gas utility" is a gas utility that
- on December 31, 2008, served fewer than 500,000 and more than
- 22 100,000 gas customers in Illinois. The costs of this
- contribution may not be recovered from ratepayers.
- 24 If a gas utility fails to meet the efficiency standard
- 25 specified in subsection (c) of this Section, as modified by
- 26 subsection (d) of this Section, in any 2 consecutive

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multi-year planning periods, then the responsibility for implementing the utility's energy efficiency measures shall be transferred to an independent program administrator selected by the Commission. Reasonable and prudent costs incurred by the independent program administrator to meet the efficiency standard specified in subsection (c) of this Section, as modified by subsection (d) of this Section, may be recovered from the customers of the affected gas utilities, other than customers described in subsection (m) of this Section. The utility shall provide the independent program administrator with all information and assistance necessary to perform the program administrator's duties including but not limited to customer, account, and energy usage data, and shall allow the program administrator to include inserts in customer bills. The utility may recover reasonable costs associated with any such assistance.

- (j) No utility shall be deemed to have failed to meet the energy efficiency standards to the extent any such failure is due to a failure of the Department.
- (k) Not later than January 1, 2012, the Commission shall develop and solicit public comment on a plan to foster statewide coordination and consistency between statutorily mandated natural gas and electric energy efficiency programs to reduce program or participant costs or to improve program performance. Not later than September 1, 2013, the Commission shall issue a report to the General Assembly containing its

- findings and recommendations.
  - (1) This Section does not apply to a gas utility that on January 1, 2009, provided gas service to fewer than 100,000 customers in Illinois.
    - (m) Subsections (a) through (k) of this Section do not apply to customers of a natural gas utility that have a North American Industry Classification System code number that is 22111 or any such code number beginning with the digits 31, 32, or 33 and (i) annual usage in the aggregate of 4 million therms or more within the service territory of the affected gas utility or with aggregate usage of 8 million therms or more in this State and complying with the provisions of item (1) of this subsection (m); or (ii) using natural gas as feedstock and meeting the usage requirements described in item (i) of this subsection (m), to the extent such annual feedstock usage is greater than 60% of the customer's total annual usage of natural gas.
      - (1) Customers described in this subsection (m) of this Section shall apply, on a form approved on or before October 1, 2009 by the Department, to the Department to be designated as a self-directing customer ("SDC") or as an exempt customer using natural gas as a feedstock from which other products are made, including, but not limited to, feedstock for a hydrogen plant, on or before the 1st day of February, 2010. Thereafter, application may be made not less than 6 months before the filing date of the gas

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utility energy efficiency plan described in subsection (f) of this Section; however, a new customer that commences taking service from a natural gas utility after February 1, 2010 may apply to become a SDC or exempt customer up to 30 days after beginning service. Customers described in this subsection (m) that have not already been approved by the Department may apply to be designated a self-directing customer or exempt customer, on a form approved by the Department, between September 1, 2013 and September 30, 2013. Customer applications that are approved by the Department under this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly shall be considered to be a self-directing customer or exempt customer, as applicable, for the current 3-year planning period effective December 1, 2013. Such application shall contain the following:

- (A) the customer's certification that, at the time of its application, it qualifies to be a SDC or exempt customer described in this subsection (m) of this Section;
- in the case of a SDC, the customer's it has established certification that or will establish by the beginning of the utility's multi-year commencing planning period subsequent to application, and will maintain for accounting purposes, an energy efficiency reserve account and that the customer will accrue funds in said account to

be held for the purpose of funding, in whole or in part, energy efficiency measures of the customer's choosing, which may include, but are not limited to, projects involving combined heat and power systems that use the same energy source both for generation of electrical or mechanical power and the production of steam or another form of useful thermal energy or the use of combustible gas produced from biomass, or both;

- (C) in the case of a SDC, the customer's certification that annual funding levels for the energy efficiency reserve account will be equal to 2% of the customer's cost of natural gas, composed of the customer's commodity cost and the delivery service charges paid to the gas utility, or \$150,000, whichever is less;
- (D) in the case of a SDC, the customer's certification that the required reserve account balance will be capped at 3 years' worth of accruals and that the customer may, at its option, make further deposits to the account to the extent such deposit would increase the reserve account balance above the designated cap level;
- (E) in the case of a SDC, the customer's certification that by October 1 of each year, beginning no sooner than October 1, 2012, the customer

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will report to the Department information, for the 12-month period ending May 31 of the same year, on all deposits and reductions, if any, to the reserve account during the reporting year, and to the extent deposits to the reserve account in any year are in an amount less than \$150,000, the basis for such reduced deposits; reserve account balances by month; description of energy efficiency measures undertaken by the customer and paid for in whole or in part with funds from the reserve account; an estimate of the energy saved, or to be saved, by the measure; and that the report shall include a verification by an officer or plant manager of the customer or by a registered professional engineer or certified energy efficiency trade professional that the funds withdrawn from the reserve account were used for the energy efficiency measures;

- (F) in the case of an exempt customer, the customer's certification of the level of gas usage as feedstock in the customer's operation in a typical year and that it will provide information establishing this level, upon request of the Department;
- (G) in the case of either an exempt customer or a SDC, the customer's certification that it has provided the gas utility or utilities serving the customer with a copy of the application as filed with the

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## Department;

- (H) in the case of either an exempt customer or a SDC, certification of the natural gas utility or utilities serving the customer in Illinois including the natural gas utility accounts that are the subject of the application; and
- (I) in the case of either an exempt customer or a SDC, a verification signed by a plant manager or an authorized corporate officer attesting to the truthfulness and accuracy of the information contained in the application.
- (2) The Department shall review the application to determine that it contains the information described in provisions (A) through (I) of item (1) of this subsection (m), as applicable. The review shall be completed within 30 days after the date the application is filed with the Department. Absent a determination by the Department within the 30-day period, the applicant shall considered to be a SDC or exempt customer, as applicable, for all subsequent multi-year planning periods, as of the date of filing the application described in subsection (m). If the Department determines that the application does not contain the applicable information described in provisions (A) through (I) of item (1) of this subsection (m), it shall notify the customer, in writing, of its determination that the application does

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not contain the required information and identify the information that is missing, and the customer shall provide the missing information within 15 working days after the date of receipt of the Department's notification.

- (3) The Department shall have the right to audit the information provided in the customer's application and annual reports to ensure continued compliance with the requirements of this subsection. Based on the audit, if the Department determines the customer is no longer in compliance with the requirements of items (A) through (I) of item (1) of this subsection (m), as applicable, the Department shall notify the customer in writing of the noncompliance. The customer shall have 30 davs establish its compliance, and failing to do so, may have its status as a SDC or exempt customer revoked by the Department. The Department shall treat all information provided by any customer seeking SDC status or exemption from the provisions of this Section as strictly confidential.
- (4) Upon request, or on its own motion, the Commission may open an investigation, no more than once every 3 years and not before October 1, 2014, to evaluate the effectiveness of the self-directing program described in this subsection (m).

Customers described in this subsection (m) that applied to

- the Department on January 3, 2013, were approved by the 1 2 Department on February 13, 2013 to be a self-directing customer or exempt customer, and receive natural gas from a 3 utility that provides gas service to at least 500,000 retail 4 5 customers in Illinois and electric service to at least 1,000,000 retail customers in Illinois shall be considered to 6 7 self-directing customer or exempt customer, 8 applicable, for the current 3-year planning period effective 9 December 1, 2013.
- 10 (n) The applicability of this Section to customers
  11 described in subsection (m) of this Section is conditioned on
  12 the existence of the SDC program. In no event will any
  13 provision of this Section apply to such customers after
  14 January 1, 2020.
- (o) Utilities' 3-year energy efficiency plans approved by 15 the Commission on or before the effective date of this 16 17 amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly for the period June 1, 2014 through May 31, 2017 shall continue to be in force 18 and effect through December 31, 2017 so that the energy 19 20 efficiency programs set forth in those plans continue to be offered during the period June 1, 2017 through December 31, 21 22 2017. Each utility is authorized to increase, on a pro rata 23 basis, the energy savings goals and budgets approved in its plan to reflect the additional 7 months of the plan's 24 25 operation.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 98-90, eff. 7-15-13; 98-225, eff. 8-9-13;

- 1 98-604, eff. 12-17-13; 99-906, eff. 6-1-17.)
- 2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 3 becoming law.