1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 3. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by changing Section 7.5 as follows:
- 6 (5 ILCS 140/7.5)

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- 7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-472)
- Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be
- 10 exempt from inspection and copying:
- 11 (a) All information determined to be confidential 12 under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and 13 Development Act.
 - (b) Library circulation and order records identifying library users with specific materials under the Library Records Confidentiality Act.
 - (c) Applications, related documents, and medical records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it has received.
- 23 (d) Information and records held by the Department of

Public Health and its authorized representatives relating
to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible
disease or any information the disclosure of which is
restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible
Disease Control Act.

- (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
- (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection Act.
- (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
- (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.
- (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers under the Emergency Telephone System Act.

- (k) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (1) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team Act.
 - (m) Information provided to the predatory lending database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.
 - (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act (repealed). This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
 - (o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.
 - (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Department of Transportation under Sections 2705-300 and

- 2705-616 of the Department of Transportation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act, or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act (repealed).
 - (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Record Review Act.
 - (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.
 - (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
 - (t) (Blank).
 - (u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under the Developmental Disability and Mental Health Safety Act (also known as Brian's Law).
- (v) Names and information of people who have applied for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

- 1 (v-5) Records of the Firearm Owner's Identification 2 Card Review Board that are exempted from disclosure under 3 Section 10 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
 - (w) Personally identifiable information which is exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section 19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.
 - (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
 - (y) Confidential information under the Adult Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (z) Records and information provided to a fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.
 - (bb) Information which is or was prohibited from disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
 - (cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement

- Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent authorized under that Act.
 - (dd) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.
 - (ee) Information that is exempted from disclosure under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.
 - (ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.
 - (gg) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (hh) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.
 - (ii) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2505-800 of the Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
 - (jj) Information and reports that are required to be submitted to the Department of Labor by registering day and temporary labor service agencies but are exempt from disclosure under subsection (a-1) of Section 45 of the Day and Temporary Labor Services Act.
 - (kk) Information prohibited from disclosure under the Seizure and Forfeiture Reporting Act.
 - (11) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 5-30.8 of the Illinois Public

1 Aid Code.

- (mm) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 4.2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act.
 - (nn) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 70 of the Higher Education Student Assistance Act.
 - (00) Communications, notes, records, and reports arising out of a peer support counseling session prohibited from disclosure under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act.
 - (pp) Names and all identifying information relating to an employee of an emergency services provider or law enforcement agency under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act.
 - (qq) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives collected under the Reproductive Health Act.
 - (rr) Information that is exempt from disclosure under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.
 - (ss) Data reported by an employer to the Department of Human Rights pursuant to Section 2-108 of the Illinois Human Rights Act.
 - (tt) Recordings made under the Children's Advocacy Center Act, except to the extent authorized under that Act.
 - (uu) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of the Sexual Assault Evidence Submission Act.

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Trafficking, or Stalking Act.

(vv) Information that is exempt from disclosure under 1 subsections (f) and (j) of Section 5-36 of the Illinois 2 Public Aid Code. 3 (ww) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 16.8 of the State Treasurer Act. (xx) Information that is exempt from disclosure or 6 information that shall not be made public under the 7 Illinois Insurance Code. 8 9 (yy) Information prohibited from being disclosed under the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act. 10 11 (zz) Information prohibited from being disclosed under 12 the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act. (aaa) Information prohibited from being disclosed 13 under Section 1-167 of the Illinois Pension Code. 14 (bbb) Information that is prohibited from disclosure 15 16 by the Illinois Police Training Act and the Illinois State 17 Police Act. (ccc) Records exempt from disclosure under Section 18 2605-304 of the Illinois State Police Law of the Civil 19 Administrative Code of Illinois. 20

> (eee) Information prohibited from being disclosed under subsection (b) of Section 75 of the Domestic

under Section 35 of the Address Confidentiality for

Victims of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human

Information prohibited from being disclosed

1	Violence Fatality Review Act.
2	(fff) Images from cameras under the Expressway Camera
3	Act. This subsection (fff) is inoperative on and after
4	July 1, 2025.
5	(ggg) Information prohibited from disclosure under
6	paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 14 of the Nurse
7	Agency Licensing Act.
8	(hhh) Information submitted to the Illinois State
9	Police in an affidavit or application for an assault
10	weapon endorsement, assault weapon attachment endorsement,
11	.50 caliber rifle endorsement, or .50 caliber cartridge
12	endorsement under the Firearm Owners Identification Card
13	Act.
14	(iii) Data exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of
15	the School Safety Drill Act.
16	(jjj) (hhh) Information exempt from disclosure under
17	Section 30 of the Insurance Data Security Law.
18	(kkk) (iii) Confidential business information
19	prohibited from disclosure under Section 45 of the Paint
20	Stewardship Act.
21	(111) (Reserved).
22	(mmm) (iii) Information prohibited from being
23	disclosed under subsection (e) of Section 1-129 of the
24	Illinois Power Agency Act.
25	(nnn) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
26	Section 7-101 of the Illinois Human Rights Act.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 102-36, eff. 6-25-21; 102-237, eff. 1-1-22;
- 2 102-292, eff. 1-1-22; 102-520, eff. 8-20-21; 102-559, eff.
- 3 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-946, eff. 7-1-22;
- 4 102-1042, eff. 6-3-22; 102-1116, eff. 1-10-23; 103-8, eff.
- 5 6-7-23; 103-34, eff. 6-9-23; 103-142, eff. 1-1-24; 103-372,
- 6 eff. 1-1-24; 103-508, eff. 8-4-23; 103-580, eff. 12-8-23;
- 7 revised 1-2-24.)
- 8 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-472)
- 9 Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for
- 10 by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be
- 11 exempt from inspection and copying:
- 12 (a) All information determined to be confidential
- under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and
- 14 Development Act.
- 15 (b) Library circulation and order records identifying
- library users with specific materials under the Library
- 17 Records Confidentiality Act.
- 18 (c) Applications, related documents, and medical
- 19 records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
- 20 Procedures Board and any and all documents or other
- 21 records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
- 22 Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it
- has received.
- 24 (d) Information and records held by the Department of
- 25 Public Health and its authorized representatives relating

- to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.
 - (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
 - (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection Act.
 - (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
 - (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.
 - (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
 - (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers under the Emergency Telephone System Act.
 - (k) Law enforcement officer identification information

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25 26 or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

- (1) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team Act.
- Information provided to the predatory lending (m) database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.
- (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act (repealed). This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
- (0) Information that is prohibited from disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.
- (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Department of Transportation under Sections 2705-300 and 2705-616 of the Department of Transportation Law of the

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- (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.
- (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
 - (t) (Blank).
- (u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under the Developmental Disability and Mental Health Safety Act (also known as Brian's Law).
- (v) Names and information of people who have applied for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
 - (v-5) Records of the Firearm Owner's Identification

1 Card Review Board that are exempted from disclosure under 2 Section 10 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

- (w) Personally identifiable information which is exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section 19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.
- (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (y) Confidential information under the Adult Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
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- (bb) Information which is or was prohibited from disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- (cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent

- (dd) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.
 - (ee) Information that is exempted from disclosure under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.
 - (ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.
 - (gg) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (hh) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.
 - (ii) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2505-800 of the Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
 - (jj) Information and reports that are required to be submitted to the Department of Labor by registering day and temporary labor service agencies but are exempt from disclosure under subsection (a-1) of Section 45 of the Day and Temporary Labor Services Act.
 - (kk) Information prohibited from disclosure under the Seizure and Forfeiture Reporting Act.
 - (11) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 5-30.8 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.

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Act.

- (mm) Records that are exempt from disclosure under 1 Section 4.2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act. 2 3 (nn) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 70 of the Higher Education Student Assistance Act. (00) Communications, notes, records, and reports 6 of а peer support counseling 7 prohibited from disclosure under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act. 8 9 (pp) Names and all identifying information relating to 10 an employee of an emergency services provider or law 11 enforcement agency under the First Responders Suicide 12 Prevention Act. (qq) Information and records held by the Department of 13 14 Public Health and its authorized representatives collected under the Reproductive Health Act. 15 16 (rr) Information that is exempt from disclosure under 17 the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act. (ss) Data reported by an employer to the Department of 18 19 Human Rights pursuant to Section 2-108 of the Illinois 20 Human Rights Act. 21 (tt) Recordings made under the Children's Advocacy
 - (uu) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of the Sexual Assault Evidence Submission Act.

Center Act, except to the extent authorized under that

(vv) Information that is exempt from disclosure under

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- subsections (f) and (j) of Section 5-36 of the Illinois 1 2 Public Aid Code.
- (ww) Information that is exempt from disclosure under 3 Section 16.8 of the State Treasurer Act.
 - (xx) Information that is exempt from disclosure or information that shall not be made public under the Illinois Insurance Code.
 - (yy) Information prohibited from being disclosed under the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act.
 - (zz) Information prohibited from being disclosed under the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act.
- 12 (aaa) Information prohibited from being disclosed under Section 1-167 of the Illinois Pension Code. 13
 - (bbb) Information that is prohibited from disclosure by the Illinois Police Training Act and the Illinois State Police Act.
 - (ccc) Records exempt from disclosure under Section 2605-304 of the Illinois State Police Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
 - (ddd) Information prohibited from being disclosed under Section 35 of the Address Confidentiality for Victims of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, or Stalking Act.
- 24 (eee) Information prohibited from being disclosed 25 under subsection (b) of Section 75 of the Domestic 26 Violence Fatality Review Act.

1	(fff) Images from cameras under the Expressway Camera
2	Act. This subsection (fff) is inoperative on and after
3	July 1, 2025.
4	(ggg) Information prohibited from disclosure under
5	paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 14 of the Nurse
6	Agency Licensing Act.
7	(hhh) Information submitted to the Illinois State
8	Police in an affidavit or application for an assault
9	weapon endorsement, assault weapon attachment endorsement,
10	.50 caliber rifle endorsement, or .50 caliber cartridge
11	endorsement under the Firearm Owners Identification Card
12	Act.
13	(iii) Data exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of
14	the School Safety Drill Act.
15	<u>(jjj)</u> (hhh) Information exempt from disclosure under
16	Section 30 of the Insurance Data Security Law.
17	(kkk) (iii) Confidential business information
18	prohibited from disclosure under Section 45 of the Paint
19	Stewardship Act.
20	(111) (iii) Data exempt from disclosure under Section
21	2-3.196 of the School Code.
22	(mmm) (iii) Information prohibited from being
23	disclosed under subsection (e) of Section 1-129 of the
24	Illinois Power Agency Act.
25	(nnn) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
26	Section 7-101 of the Illinois Human Rights Act

- 1 (Source: P.A. 102-36, eff. 6-25-21; 102-237, eff. 1-1-22;
- 2 102-292, eff. 1-1-22; 102-520, eff. 8-20-21; 102-559, eff.
- 3 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-946, eff. 7-1-22;
- 4 102-1042, eff. 6-3-22; 102-1116, eff. 1-10-23; 103-8, eff.
- 5 6-7-23; 103-34, eff. 6-9-23; 103-142, eff. 1-1-24; 103-372,
- 6 eff. 1-1-24; 103-472, eff. 8-1-24; 103-508, eff. 8-4-23;
- 7 103-580, eff. 12-8-23; revised 1-2-24.)
- 8 Section 5. The Illinois Human Rights Act is amended by
- 9 changing Sections 2-102, 3-101, 3-102, 7-101, 8-101, 8-111,
- 10 8B-104, 10-103, and 10-104 as follows:
- 11 (775 ILCS 5/2-102) (from Ch. 68, par. 2-102)
- 12 Sec. 2-102. Civil rights violations employment. It is a
- 13 civil rights violation:
- 14 (A) Employers. For any employer to refuse to hire, to
- 15 segregate, to engage in harassment as defined in
- 16 subsection (E-1) of Section 2-101, or to act with respect
- to recruitment, hiring, promotion, renewal of employment,
- 18 selection for training or apprenticeship, discharge,
- discipline, tenure or terms, privileges or conditions of
- 20 employment on the basis of unlawful discrimination,
- 21 citizenship status, or work authorization status. An
- 22 employer <u>shall be</u> is responsible for harassment <u>of the</u>
- employer's employees by the employer's nonmanagerial and
- 24 nonsupervisory employees, nonemployees as defined in

subsection (A-10) of this Section, and third parties, including, but not limited to, customers, clients, vendors, or other visitors only if the employer becomes aware of the conduct and fails to take reasonable corrective measures.

(A-5) Language. For an employer to impose a restriction that has the effect of prohibiting a language from being spoken by an employee in communications that are unrelated to the employee's duties.

For the purposes of this subdivision (A-5), "language" means a person's native tongue, such as Polish, Spanish, or Chinese. "Language" does not include such things as slang, jargon, profanity, or vulgarity.

(A-10) Harassment of nonemployees. For any employer, employment agency, or labor organization to engage in harassment of nonemployees in the workplace. An employer shall be is responsible for harassment of nonemployees by the employer's nonmanagerial and nonsupervisory employees only if the employer becomes aware of the conduct and fails to take reasonable corrective measures. For the purposes of this subdivision (A-10), "nonemployee" means a person who is not otherwise an employee of the employer and is directly performing services for the employer pursuant to a contract with that employer. "Nonemployee" includes contractors and consultants. This subdivision applies to harassment occurring on or after the effective

date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

- (B) Employment agency. For any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify properly, accept applications and register for employment referral or apprenticeship referral, refer for employment, or refer for apprenticeship on the basis of unlawful discrimination, citizenship status, or work authorization status or to accept from any person any job order, requisition or request for referral of applicants for employment or apprenticeship which makes or has the effect of making unlawful discrimination or discrimination on the basis of citizenship status or work authorization status a condition of referral.
- (C) Labor organization. For any labor organization to limit, segregate or classify its membership, or to limit employment opportunities, selection and training for apprenticeship in any trade or craft, or otherwise to take, or fail to take, any action which affects adversely any person's status as an employee or as an applicant for employment or as an apprentice, or as an applicant for apprenticeships, or wages, tenure, hours of employment or apprenticeship conditions on the basis of unlawful discrimination, citizenship status, or work authorization status.
- (D) Sexual harassment. For any employer, employee, agent of any employer, employment agency or labor

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that an employer shall be responsible for sexual harassment of the employer's employees by nonemployees or nonmanagerial and nonsupervisory employees, nonemployees as defined in subsection (D-5) of this Section, and third parties, including, but not limited to, customers, clients, vendors, or other visitors only if the employer becomes aware of the conduct and fails to take reasonable corrective measures.

- Sexual harassment of nonemployees. For any employee, agent of any employer, employment labor organization to engage agency, or in sexual harassment of nonemployees in the workplace. An employer shall be is responsible for sexual harassment nonemployees by the employer's nonmanagerial nonsupervisory employees only if the employer becomes aware of the conduct and fails to take reasonable corrective measures. For the purposes of this subdivision (D-5), "nonemployee" means a person who is not otherwise an employee of the employer and is directly performing services for the employer pursuant to a contract with that emplover. "Nonemployee" includes contractors and consultants. This subdivision applies to sexual harassment occurring on or after the effective date of amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.
 - (E) Public employers. For any public employer to

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refuse to permit a public employee under its jurisdiction who takes time off from work in order to practice his or her religious beliefs to engage in work, during hours such employee's regular working hours, than consistent with the operational needs of the employer and order to compensate for work time lost for such religious reasons. Any employee who elects such deferred work shall be compensated at the wage rate which he or she would have earned during the originally scheduled work period. The employer may require that an employee who plans to take time off from work in order to practice his or her religious beliefs provide the employer with a notice of his or her intention to be absent from work not exceeding 5 days prior to the date of absence.

(E-5) Religious discrimination. For any employer to impose upon a person as a condition of obtaining or employment, including opportunities retaining for transfer, promotion, advancement, or any terms orconditions that would require such person to violate or forgo a sincerely held practice of his or her religion including, but not limited to, the wearing of any attire, clothing, or facial hair in accordance with or her religion, unless, requirements of his engaging in a bona fide effort, the employer demonstrates that it is unable to reasonably accommodate the employee's or prospective employee's sincerely held religious belief,

practice, or observance without undue hardship on the conduct of the employer's business.

Nothing in this Section prohibits an employer from enacting a dress code or grooming policy that may include restrictions on attire, clothing, or facial hair to maintain workplace safety or food sanitation.

- (F) Training and apprenticeship programs. For any employer, employment agency or labor organization to discriminate against a person on the basis of age in the selection, referral for or conduct of apprenticeship or training programs.
 - (G) Immigration-related practices.
 - (1) for an employer to request for purposes of satisfying the requirements of Section 1324a(b) of Title 8 of the United States Code, as now or hereafter amended, more or different documents than are required under such Section or to refuse to honor documents tendered that on their face reasonably appear to be genuine or to refuse to honor work authorization based upon the specific status or term of status that accompanies the authorization to work; or
 - (2) for an employer participating in the E-Verify Program, as authorized by 8 U.S.C. 1324a, Notes, Pilot Programs for Employment Eligibility Confirmation (enacted by PL 104-208, div. C title IV, subtitle A) to refuse to hire, to segregate, or to act with respect to

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recruitment, hiring, promotion, renewal of employment, selection for training or apprenticeship, discharge, discipline, tenure or terms, privileges or conditions of employment without following the procedures under the E-Verify Program.

- (H) (Blank).
- (I) Pregnancy. For an employer to refuse to hire, to segregate, or to act with respect to recruitment, hiring, promotion, renewal of employment, selection for training or apprenticeship, discharge, discipline, tenure or terms, privileges or conditions of employment on the basis of pregnancy, childbirth, or medical or common conditions related to pregnancy or childbirth. Women affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or medical or common conditions related to pregnancy or childbirth shall be treated the for all employment-related purposes, including receipt of benefits under fringe benefit programs, as other persons not so affected but similar in their ability or inability to work, regardless of the source of the inability to work or employment classification or status.
 - (J) Pregnancy; reasonable accommodations.
 - (1) If after a job applicant or employee, including a part-time, full-time, or probationary employee, requests a reasonable accommodation, for an employer to not make reasonable accommodations for any medical or common condition of a job applicant or

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employee related to pregnancy or childbirth, unless the employer can demonstrate that the accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the ordinary operation of the business of the employer. employer may request documentation from the employee's health care provider concerning the need for the requested reasonable accommodation or accommodations to the same extent documentation is requested for conditions related to disability if the employer's documentation request for is iob-related and consistent with business necessity. The employer may require only the medical justification for the accommodation requested or accommodations, description of the reasonable accommodation accommodations medically advisable, the date reasonable accommodation or accommodations became medically advisable, and the probable duration of the reasonable accommodation or accommodations. It is the dutv of the individual seeking reasonable а accommodation or accommodations to submit to the employer any documentation that is requested in accordance with this paragraph. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, the employer may require documentation by the employee's health care provider to determine compliance with other laws. The employee and employer shall engage in a timely, good faith, and

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meaningful exchange to determine effective reasonable accommodations.

- (2) For employer to deny an employment opportunities or benefits to or take adverse action against an otherwise qualified job applicant employee, including a part-time, full-time, probationary employee, if the denial or adverse action is based on the need of the employer to make reasonable accommodations to the known medical or common conditions related to the pregnancy or childbirth of the applicant or employee.
- (3) For an employer to require a job applicant or employee, including a part-time, full-time, or probationary employee, affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or medical or common conditions related to pregnancy or childbirth to accept an accommodation when the applicant or employee did not request an accommodation and the applicant or employee chooses not to accept the employer's accommodation.
- (4) For an employer to require an employee, including a part-time, full-time, or probationary employee, to take leave under any leave law or policy of the employer if another reasonable accommodation can be provided to the known medical or common conditions related to the pregnancy or childbirth of an employee. No employer shall fail or refuse to

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reinstate the employee affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or medical or common conditions related to pregnancy or childbirth to her original job or to an equivalent position with equivalent pay accumulated seniority, retirement, fringe benefits, applicable service credits other signifying her intent to return or when her need for reasonable accommodation ceases, unless the employer can demonstrate that the accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the ordinary operation of the business of the employer.

For the purposes of this subdivision (J), "reasonable modifications accommodations" means reasonable adjustments to the job application process or work environment, or to the manner or circumstances under which the position desired or held is customarily performed, enable an applicant or employee affected by that pregnancy, childbirth, or medical or common conditions related to pregnancy or childbirth to be considered for the position the applicant desires or to perform the essential functions of that position, and may include, but is not limited to: more frequent or longer bathroom breaks, breaks for increased water intake, and breaks for periodic rest; private non-bathroom space for expressing breast milk and breastfeeding; seating; assistance with manual labor; light duty; temporary transfer to a less

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strenuous or hazardous position; the provision of accessible worksite; acquisition or modification of equipment; job restructuring; a part-time or modified work schedule; appropriate adjustment or modifications of examinations, training materials, or policies; reassignment to a vacant position; time off to recover from conditions related to childbirth; and leave necessitated by pregnancy, childbirth, or medical or common conditions resulting from pregnancy or childbirth.

For the purposes of this subdivision (J), "undue hardship" means an action that is prohibitively expensive or disruptive when considered in light of the following factors: (i) the nature and cost of the accommodation (ii) the overall financial resources of facility or facilities involved in the provision of the reasonable accommodation, the number of persons employed at the facility, the effect on expenses and resources, or impact otherwise of the accommodation upon the the operation of the facility; (iii) the overall financial resources of the employer, the overall size of the business of the employer with respect to the number of its employees, and the number, type, and location of its facilities; and (iv) the type of operation or operations of the employer, including the composition, structure, and functions of the workforce of the employer, the geographic separateness, administrative, or fiscal relationship of

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the facility or facilities in question to the employer. The employer has the burden of proving undue hardship. The fact that the employer provides or would be required to provide a similar accommodation to similarly situated employees creates a rebuttable presumption that the accommodation does not impose an undue hardship on the employer.

No employer is required by this subdivision (J) to create additional employment that the employer would not otherwise have created, unless the employer does so or would do so for other classes of employees who need accommodation. The employer is not required to discharge any employee, transfer any employee with more seniority, or promote any employee who is not qualified to perform the job, unless the employer does so or would do so to accommodate other classes of employees who need it.

(K) Notice.

(1) For an employer to fail to post or keep posted in a conspicuous location on the premises of the employer where notices to employees are customarily posted, or fail to include in any employee handbook information concerning an employee's rights under this Article, a notice, to be prepared or approved by the Department, summarizing the requirements of this Article and information pertaining to the filing of a charge, including the right to be free from unlawful

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discrimination, the right to be free from sexual harassment, and the right to certain reasonable accommodations. The Department shall make the documents required under this paragraph available for retrieval from the Department's website.

- (2) Upon notification of a violation of paragraph (1) of this subdivision (K), the Department may launch a preliminary investigation. If the Department finds a violation, the Department may issue a notice to show cause giving the employer 30 days to correct the violation. If the violation is not corrected, the Department may initiate a charge of a civil rights violation.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 101-221, eff. 1-1-20; 102-233, eff. 8-2-21.)
- 15 (775 ILCS 5/3-101) (from Ch. 68, par. 3-101)
- Sec. 3-101. Definitions. The following definitions are applicable strictly in the context of this Article:
- 18 (A) Real Property. "Real property" includes buildings,
 19 structures, real estate, lands, tenements, leaseholds,
 20 interests in real estate cooperatives, condominiums, and
 21 hereditaments, corporeal and incorporeal, or any interest
 22 therein.
- 23 (B) Real Estate Transaction. "Real estate transaction"
 24 includes the sale, exchange, rental or lease of real property.
 25 or any act that otherwise makes available such a transaction

- or alters a person's rights to real property. "Real estate 1
- 2 transaction" also includes the brokering or appraising of
- 3 residential real property and the making or purchasing of
- loans or providing other financial assistance: 4
- 5 (1) for purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing
- or maintaining a dwelling; or 6
 - (2) secured by residential real estate.
- 8 Housing Accommodations. "Housing accommodation" (C)
- 9 includes any improved or unimproved real property, or part
- 10 thereof, which is used or occupied, or is intended, arranged
- 11 or designed to be used or occupied, as the home or residence of
- 12 one or more individuals.

- 13 (D) Real Estate Broker or Salesman. "Real estate broker or
- 14 salesman" means a person, whether licensed or not, who, for or
- 15 with the expectation of receiving a consideration, lists,
- 16 sells, purchases, exchanges, rents, or leases real property,
- 17 or who negotiates or attempts to negotiate any of these
- activities, or who holds oneself out as engaged in these. 18
- (E) Familial Status. "Familial status" means one or more 19
- 20 individuals (who have not attained the age of 18 years) being
- domiciled with: 21
- 22 (1) a parent or person having legal custody of such
- 23 individual or individuals; or
- 24 (2) the designee of such parent or other person having
- 25 such custody, with the written permission of such parent
- 26 or other person.

- 1 The protections afforded by this Article against
- 2 discrimination on the basis of familial status apply to any
- 3 person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal
- 4 custody of any individual who has not attained the age of 18
- 5 years.
- 6 (F) Conciliation. "Conciliation" means the attempted
- 7 resolution of issues raised by a charge, or by the
- 8 investigation of such charge, through informal negotiations
- 9 involving the aggrieved party, the respondent and the
- 10 Department.
- 11 (G) Conciliation Agreement. "Conciliation agreement" means
- a written agreement setting forth the resolution of the issues
- in conciliation.
- 14 (H) Covered Multifamily Dwellings. As used in Section
- 3-102.1, "covered multifamily dwellings" means:
- 16 (1) buildings consisting of 4 or more units if such
- buildings have one or more elevators; and
- 18 (2) ground floor units in other buildings consisting
- of 4 or more units.
- 20 (I) Immigration Status. "Immigration status" means a
- 21 person's actual or perceived citizenship or immigration
- 22 status.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 103-232, eff. 1-1-24.)
- 24 (775 ILCS 5/3-102) (from Ch. 68, par. 3-102)
- 25 Sec. 3-102. Civil rights violations; real estate

- (A) Transactions. Refuse to engage in a real estate transaction with a person or deny real property, or to discriminate in making available such a transaction;
 - (B) Terms. Alter the terms, conditions or privileges of a real estate transaction or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith;
 - (C) Offers. Refuse to receive or to fail to transmit a bona fide offer in a real estate transaction from a person;
 - (D) Negotiation. Refuse to negotiate a real estate transaction with a person;
 - (E) Representations. Represent to a person that real property is not available for inspection, sale, rental, or lease when in fact it is so available, or to fail to bring a property listing to the person's attention, or to refuse to permit the person to inspect real property;
 - (F) Publication of Intent. Make, print, circulate, post, mail, publish or cause to be made, printed, circulated, posted, mailed, or published any notice, statement, advertisement or sign, or use a form of

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- application for a real estate transaction, or make a record or inquiry in connection with a prospective real estate transaction, that indicates any preference, limitation, or discrimination based on unlawful discrimination or unlawful discrimination based familial status, immigration status, source of income, or an arrest record, or an intention to make any such preference, limitation, or discrimination;
- (G) Listings. Offer, solicit, accept, use or retain a listing of real property with knowledge that unlawful discrimination or discrimination on the basis of familial status, immigration status, source of income, or an arrest record in a real estate transaction is intended.
- 14 (H) Criteria. Use criteria or methods that have the 15 effect of subjecting individuals to unlawful 16 discrimination or discrimination based on familial status, 17 immigration status, source of income, or an arrest record 18 in a real estate transaction.
- (Source: P.A. 102-896, eff. 1-1-23; 103-232, eff. 1-1-24.) 19
- 20 (775 ILCS 5/7-101) (from Ch. 68, par. 7-101)
- 21 Sec. 7-101. Powers and duties. In addition to other powers 22 and duties prescribed in this Act, the Department shall have
- 23 the following powers:
- 24 (A) Rules and Regulations. To adopt, promulgate, amend, 25 and rescind rules and regulations not inconsistent with the

- 1 provisions of this Act pursuant to the Illinois Administrative
- 2 Procedure Act.
- 3 (B) Charges. To issue, receive, investigate, conciliate,
- 4 settle, and dismiss charges filed in conformity with this Act.
- 5 (C) Compulsory Process. To request subpoenas as it deems
- 6 necessary for its investigations.
- 7 (D) Complaints. To file complaints with the Commission in
- 8 conformity with this Act and to intervene in complaints
- 9 pending before the Commission filed under Article 2, 4, 5, 5A,
- 10 or 6.
- 11 (E) Judicial Enforcement. To seek temporary relief and to
- 12 enforce orders of the Commission in conformity with this Act.
- 13 (F) Equal Employment Opportunities. To take such action as
- 14 may be authorized to provide for equal employment
- opportunities and affirmative action.
- 16 (G) Recruitment; Research; Public Communication; Advisory
- 17 Councils. To engage in such recruitment, research and public
- 18 communication and create such advisory councils as may be
- 19 authorized to effectuate the purposes of this Act.
- 20 (H) Coordination with other Agencies. To coordinate its
- 21 activities with federal, state, and local agencies in
- 22 conformity with this Act.
- 23 (I) Grants; Private Gifts.
- 24 (1) To accept public grants and private gifts as may
- 25 be authorized.
- 26 (2) To design grant programs and award grants to

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- 1 eligible recipients.
 - (J) Education and Training. To implement a formal and unbiased program of education and training for all employees assigned to investigate and conciliate charges under Articles 7A and 7B. The training program shall include the following:
 - (1) substantive and procedural aspects of the investigation and conciliation positions;
 - (2) current issues in human rights law and practice;
 - (3) lectures by specialists in substantive areas related to human rights matters;
 - (4) orientation to each operational unit of the Department and Commission;
 - (5) observation of experienced Department investigators and attorneys conducting conciliation conferences, combined with the opportunity to discuss evidence presented and rulings made;
 - (6) the use of hypothetical cases requiring the Department investigator and conciliation conference attorney to issue judgments as a means to evaluating knowledge and writing ability;
 - (7) writing skills;
- 22 (8) computer skills, including but not limited to word 23 processing and document management.

A formal, unbiased and ongoing professional development program including, but not limited to, the above-noted areas shall be implemented to keep Department investigators and

- attorneys informed of recent developments and issues and to 1
- 2 assist them in maintaining and enhancing their professional
- 3 competence.
- (K) Hotlines. To establish and maintain hotlines and 4
- 5 helplines to aid in effectuating the purposes of this Act
- including the confidential reporting of discrimination, 6
- harassment, and bias incidents. All communications received or 7
- 8 sent via the hotlines and helplines are exempt from disclosure
- 9 under the Freedom of Information Act.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 102-1115, eff. 1-9-23; 103-335, eff. 1-1-24.)
- 11 (775 ILCS 5/8-101)
- 12 Sec. 8-101. Illinois Human Rights Commission.
- 1.3 (A) Creation; appointments. The Human Rights Commission is
- 14 created to consist of 7 members appointed by the Governor with
- 15 the advice and consent of the Senate. No more than 4 members
- 16 shall be of the same political party. The Governor shall
- designate one member as chairperson. All appointments shall be 17
- 18 in writing and filed with the Secretary of State as a public
- 19 record.
- 20 (B) Terms. Of the members first appointed, 4 shall be
- 21 appointed for a term to expire on the third Monday of January,
- 22 2021, and 3 (including the Chairperson) shall be appointed for
- 23 a term to expire on the third Monday of January τ 2023.
- Notwithstanding any provision of this Section to the 24
- 25 contrary, the term of office of each member of the Illinois

Human Rights Commission is abolished on January 19, 2019. 1 2 Incumbent members holding a position on the Commission that 3 was created by Public Act 84-115 and whose terms, if not for Public Act 100-1066 this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, would have expired January 18, 2021 shall continue to exercise all of the powers and be subject to all of the 6 duties of members of the Commission until June 30, 2019 or 7

until their respective successors are appointed and qualified,

whichever is earlier.

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Thereafter, each member shall serve for a term of 4 years and until the member's successor is appointed and qualified; except that any member chosen to fill a vacancy occurring otherwise than by expiration of a term shall be appointed only for the unexpired term of the member whom the member shall succeed and until the member's successor is appointed and qualified.

(C) Vacancies.

- (1) In the case of vacancies on the Commission during a recess of the Senate, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next meeting of the Senate when the Governor shall appoint a person to fill the vacancy. Any person so nominated and confirmed by the Senate shall hold office for the remainder of the term and until the person's successor is appointed and qualified.
- (2) If the Senate is not in session at the time this Act takes effect, the Governor shall make temporary

appointments to the Commission as in the case of vacancies.

- (3) Vacancies in the Commission shall not impair the right of the remaining members to exercise all the powers of the Commission. Except when authorized by this Act to proceed through a 3 member panel, a majority of the members of the Commission then in office shall constitute a quorum.
- (D) Compensation. On and after January 19, 2019, the Chairperson of the Commission shall be compensated at the rate of \$125,000 per year, or as set by the Compensation Review Board, whichever is greater, during the Chairperson's service as Chairperson, and each other member shall be compensated at the rate of \$119,000 per year, or as set by the Compensation Review Board, whichever is greater. In addition, all members of the Commission shall be reimbursed for expenses actually and necessarily incurred by them in the performance of their duties.
- (E) (Blank). Notwithstanding the general supervisory authority of the Chairperson, each commissioner, unless appointed to the special temporary panel created under subsection (H), has the authority to hire and supervise a staff attorney. The staff attorney shall report directly to the individual commissioner.
- (F) A formal training program for newly appointed commissioners shall be implemented. The training program shall

include the following:

- 2 (1) substantive and procedural aspects of the office of commissioner;
 - (2) current issues in employment and housing discrimination and public accommodation law and practice;
 - (3) orientation to each operational unit of the Human Rights Commission;
 - (4) observation of experienced hearing officers and commissioners conducting hearings of cases, combined with the opportunity to discuss evidence presented and rulings made;
 - (5) the use of hypothetical cases requiring the newly appointed commissioner to issue judgments as a means of evaluating knowledge and writing ability;
 - (6) writing skills; and
 - (7) professional and ethical standards.

A formal and ongoing professional development program including, but not limited to, the above-noted areas shall be implemented to keep commissioners informed of recent developments and issues and to assist them in maintaining and enhancing their professional competence. Each commissioner shall complete 20 hours of training in the above-noted areas during every 2 years the commissioner remains in office.

- (G) Commissioners must meet one of the following qualifications:
 - (1) licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois;

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- (2) at least 3 years of experience as a hearing officer at the Human Rights Commission; or
- least 4 years of professional experience at working for or dealing with individuals or corporations affected by this Act or similar laws jurisdictions, including, but not limited to, experience with a civil rights advocacy group, a fair housing group, a community organization, a trade association, a union, a law firm, a legal aid organization, an employer's human resources department, an employment discrimination consulting firm, a community affairs organization, or a municipal human relations agency.

The Governor's appointment message, filed with the Secretary of State and transmitted to the Senate, shall state specifically how the experience of a nominee for commissioner meets the requirement set forth in this subsection. The Chairperson must have public or private sector management and budget experience, as determined by the Governor.

Each commissioner shall devote full time to the commissioner's duties and any commissioner who is an attorney shall not engage in the practice of law, nor shall any commissioner hold any other office or position of profit under the United States or this State or any municipal corporation or political subdivision of this State, nor engage in any other business, employment, or vocation.

(H) (Blank).

- 1 (Source: P.A. 102-1129, eff. 2-10-23; 103-326, eff. 1-1-24;
- 2 revised 12-15-23.)

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- 3 (775 ILCS 5/8-111) (from Ch. 68, par. 8-111)
- 4 Sec. 8-111. Court Proceedings.
 - (A) Civil Actions Commenced in Circuit Court.
 - (1) Venue. Civil actions commenced in a circuit court pursuant to Section 7A-102 or 8B-102 shall be commenced in the circuit court in the county in which the civil rights violation was allegedly committed.
 - (2) If a civil action is commenced in a circuit court, the form of the complaint shall be in accordance with the Code of Civil Procedure.
 - (3) Jury Trial. If a civil action is commenced in a circuit court under Section 7A-102 or 8B-102, the plaintiff or defendant may demand trial by jury.
 - (4) Remedies. Upon the finding of a civil rights violation, the circuit court or jury may award any of the remedies set forth in Section 8A-104 or 8B-104.
 - (B) Judicial Review.
 - (1) Any complainant or respondent may apply for and obtain judicial review of a final order of the Commission entered under this Act by filing a petition for review in the Appellate Court within 35 days from the date that a copy of the decision sought to be reviewed was served upon the party affected by the decision. If a 3-member panel or

the full Commission finds that an interlocutory order involves a question of law as to which there is substantial ground for difference of opinion and that an immediate appeal from the order may materially advance the ultimate termination of the litigation, any party may petition the Appellate Court for permission to appeal the order. The procedure for obtaining the required Commission findings and the permission of the Appellate Court shall be governed by Supreme Court Rule 308, except the references to the "trial court" shall be understood as referring to the Commission.

- (2) In any proceeding brought for judicial review, the Commission's findings of fact shall be sustained unless the court determines that such findings are contrary to the manifest weight of the evidence.
- (3) Venue. Proceedings for judicial review shall be commenced in the appellate court for the district wherein the civil rights violation which is the subject of the Commission's order was allegedly committed.
- (C) Judicial Enforcement.
- (1) When the Commission, at the instance of the Department or an aggrieved party, concludes that any person has violated a valid order of the Commission issued pursuant to this Act, and the violation and its effects are not promptly corrected, the Commission, through a panel of 3 members, shall order the Department to commence

an action in the name of the People of the State of Illinois by complaint, alleging the violation, attaching a copy of the order of the Commission and praying for the issuance of an order directing such person, his or her or its officers, agents, servants, successors and assigns to comply with the order of the Commission.

- (2) An aggrieved party may file a complaint for enforcement of a valid order of the Commission directly in Circuit Court.
- (3) Upon the commencement of an action filed under paragraphs (1) or (2) of this subsection, the court shall have jurisdiction over the proceedings and power to grant or refuse, in whole or in part, the relief sought or impose such other remedy as the court may deem proper.
- (4) The court may stay an order of the Commission in accordance with the applicable Supreme Court rules, pending disposition of the proceedings.
- (5) The court may punish for any violation of its order as in the case of civil contempt.
- (6) Venue. Proceedings for judicial enforcement of a Commission order shall be commenced in the circuit court in the county wherein the civil rights violation which is the subject of the Commission's order was committed.
- (7) Enforcement of judicial order. An aggrieved party may take action to collect on a judicial order issued by the Circuit Court in an enforcement action initiated by

the State, regardless of whether or not the aggrieved

2 party intervened in an enforcement action.

- 3 (D) Limitation. Except as otherwise provided by law, no
- 4 court of this state shall have jurisdiction over the subject
- of an alleged civil rights violation other than as set forth in
- 6 this Act.
- 7 (E) This amendatory Act of 1996 applies to causes of
- 8 action filed on or after January 1, 1996.
- 9 (F) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory
- 10 Act of the 95th General Assembly apply to charges or
- 11 complaints filed with the Department or the Commission on or
- 12 after the effective date of those changes.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 101-661, eff. 4-2-21; 102-706, eff. 4-22-22.)
- 14 (775 ILCS 5/8B-104) (from Ch. 68, par. 8B-104)
- Sec. 8B-104. Relief; penalties. Upon finding a civil
- 16 rights violation, a hearing officer may recommend and the
- 17 Commission or any three-member panel thereof may provide for
- any relief or penalty identified in this Section, separately
- 19 or in combination, by entering an order directing the
- 20 respondent to:
- 21 (A) Cease and Desist Order. Cease and desist from any
- violation of this Act.
- 23 (B) Actual Damages. Pay actual damages, as reasonably
- determined by the Commission, for injury or loss suffered
- 25 by the complainant.

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- (C) Civil Penalty. Pay a civil penalty per violation to vindicate the public interest. In imposing a civil penalty to vindicate the public interest, a separate penalty may be imposed for each specific act constituting a civil rights violation as defined in Section 1-103, and for each aggrieved party injured by the civil rights violation:
 - (i) in an amount not exceeding \$16,000 if the respondent has not been adjudged to have committed any prior civil rights violation under Article 3;
 - (ii) in an amount not exceeding \$42,500 if the respondent has been adjudged to have committed one other civil rights violation under Article 3 during the 5-year period ending on the date of the filing of this charge; and
 - (iii) in an amount not exceeding \$70,000 if the respondent has been adjudged to have committed 2 or more civil rights violations under Article 3 during the 7-year period ending on the date of the filing of this charge; except that if the acts constituting the civil rights violation that is the object of the charge are committed by the same natural person who has been previously adjudged to have committed acts constituting a civil rights violation under Article 3, then the civil penalties set forth in subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) may be imposed without regard to the

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period of time within which any subsequent civil rights violation under Article 3 occurred.

- (D) Attorney Fees; Costs. Pay to the complainant all or a portion of the costs of maintaining the action, including reasonable attorneys fees and expert witness fees incurred in maintaining this action before the Department, the Commission and in any judicial review and judicial enforcement proceedings.
- (E) Compliance Report. Report as to the manner of compliance.
- (F) Posting of Notices. Post notices in a conspicuous place which the Commission may publish or cause to be published setting forth requirements for compliance with this Act or other relevant information which the Commission determines necessary to explain this Act.
- (G) Make Complainant Whole. Take such action as may be necessary to make the individual complainant whole, including, but not limited to, awards of interest on the complainant's actual damages from the date of the civil rights violation.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 99-548, eff. 1-1-17.)
- 22 (775 ILCS 5/10-103) (from Ch. 68, par. 10-103)
- 23 Sec. 10-103. Circuit court actions pursuant to election.
- 24 (A) If an election is made under Section 8B-102, the 25 Department shall authorize and, not later than 30 days after

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- the entry of the administrative closure order is entered by 1 2 the Commission and served on the Department, the Attorney General shall commence and maintain a civil action on behalf 3 of the aggrieved party in a circuit court of Illinois seeking 5 relief under this Section. Venue for such civil action shall be determined under Section 8-111(A)(1). 6
 - (B) Any aggrieved party with respect to the issues to be determined in a civil action under this Section may intervene as of right in that civil action.
- 10 (C) In a civil action under this Section, if the court 11 finds that a civil rights violation has occurred or is about to 12 occur the court may grant as relief any relief which a court could grant with respect to such civil rights violation in a 13 civil action under Section 10-102. Any relief so granted that 14 15 would accrue to an aggrieved party in a civil action commenced 16 by that aggrieved party under Section 10-102 shall also accrue 17 to that aggrieved party in a civil action under this Section. If monetary relief is sought for the benefit of an aggrieved 18 party who does not intervene in the civil action, the court 19 shall not award such relief if that aggrieved party has not 20 complied with discovery orders entered by the court. 21
- 22 (Source: P.A. 101-530, eff. 1-1-20; 101-661, eff. 4-2-21.)
- 23 (775 ILCS 5/10-104)
- Sec. 10-104. Circuit Court Actions by the 24 25 Attorney General.

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- (A) Standing, venue, limitations on actions, preliminary investigations, notice, and Assurance of Voluntary Compliance.
 - Whenever the Illinois Attorney General reasonable cause to believe that any person or group of is engaged in a pattern and practice of discrimination prohibited by this Act, the Attorney General may commence a civil action in the name of the People of the State, as parens patriae on behalf of persons within the State to enforce the provisions of this Act in any appropriate circuit court. Venue for this civil action shall be determined under paragraph of subsection (A) of Section 8-111. Such actions shall be commenced no later than 2 years after the occurrence or the termination of an alleged civil rights violation or the breach of a conciliation agreement or Assurance of Voluntary Compliance entered into under this whichever occurs last, to obtain relief with respect to the alleged civil rights violation or breach.
 - (2) Prior to initiating a civil action, the Attorney General shall conduct a preliminary investigation to determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe that any person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern and practice of discrimination declared unlawful by this Act and whether the dispute can be resolved without litigation. In conducting this investigation, the Attorney General may:

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- (a) require the individual or entity to file a statement or report in writing under oath or otherwise, as to all information the Attorney General may consider necessary;
- (b) examine under oath any person alleged to have participated in or with knowledge of the alleged pattern and practice violation; or
- (c) issue subpoenas or conduct hearings in aid of any investigation.
- (3) Service by the Attorney General of any notice requiring a person to file a statement or report, or of a subpoena upon any person, shall be made:
 - (a) personally by delivery of a duly executed copy thereof to the person to be served or, if a person is not a natural person, in the manner provided in the Code of Civil Procedure when a complaint is filed; or
 - (b) by mailing by certified mail a duly executed copy thereof to the person to be served at his or her last known abode or principal place of business within this State.
- (4) In lieu of a civil action, the individual or entity alleged to have engaged in a pattern or practice of discrimination deemed violative of this Act may enter into an Assurance of Voluntary Compliance with respect to the alleged pattern or practice violation.
 - (5) The Illinois Attorney General may commence a civil

action under this subsection (A) whether or not a charge has been filed under Sections 7A-102 or 7B-102 and without regard to the status of any charge, however, if the Department or local agency has obtained a conciliation or settlement agreement or if the parties have entered into an Assurance of Voluntary Compliance no action may be filed under this subsection (A) with respect to the alleged civil rights violation practice that forms the basis for the complaint except for the purpose of enforcing the terms of the conciliation or settlement agreement or the terms of the Assurance of Voluntary Compliance.

(6) Subpoenas.

- (a) Petition for enforcement. Whenever any person fails to comply with any subpoena issued under paragraph (2) of this subsection (A), or whenever satisfactory copying or reproduction of any material requested in an investigation cannot be done and the person refuses to surrender the material, the Attorney General may file in any appropriate circuit court, and serve upon the person, a petition for a court order for the enforcement of the subpoena or other request. Venue for this enforcement action shall be determined under paragraph (E)(1) of Section 8-104.
 - (b) Petition to modify or set aside a subpoena.
 - (i) Any person who has received a subpoena

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issued under paragraph (2) of this subsection (A) may file in the appropriate circuit court, and serve upon the Attorney General, a petition for a court order to modify or set aside the subpoena or other request. The petition must be filed either (I) within 20 days after the date of service of the subpoena or at any time before the return date specified in the subpoena, whichever date is earlier, or (II) within such longer period as may be prescribed in writing by the Attorney General.

(ii) The petition shall specify each ground upon which the petitioner relies in seeking relief under subdivision (i) and may be based upon any failure of the subpoena to comply with Section provisions of this or upon any constitutional or other legal right or privilege of the petitioner. During the pendency of the petition in the court, the court may stay, as it deems proper, the running of the time allowed for compliance with the subpoena or other request, in whole or in part, except that the petitioner shall comply with any portion of the subpoena or other request not sought to be modified or set aside.

(c) Jurisdiction. Whenever any petition is filed in any circuit court under this paragraph (6), the court shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine

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the matter so presented and to enter such orders as may be required to carry out the provisions of this Section. Any final order so entered shall be subject to appeal in the same manner as appeals of other final orders in civil matters. Any disobedience of any final order entered under this paragraph (6) by any court shall be punished as a contempt of the court.

- (B) Relief which may be granted.
- (1) In any civil action brought pursuant to subsection (A) of this Section, the Attorney General may obtain as a remedy, equitable relief (including any permanent or preliminary injunction, temporary restraining order, or other order, including an order enjoining the defendant from engaging in such civil rights violation or ordering any action as may be appropriate). In addition, the Attorney General may request and the Court may impose restitution to any aggrieved party injured by the pattern or practice of discrimination, to the extent not covered by other sources, and a civil penalty per civil rights violation to vindicate the public interest. In imposing a civil penalty to vindicate the public interest, each instance in which a provision of this Act is violated as part of a pattern or practice of discrimination may be considered to constitute a separate violation or violations, as may each aggrieved party harmed:
 - (a) for violations of this Act Article 3 and

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Article 4 in an amount not exceeding \$50,000 \$25,000 per violation, and in the case of violations of all other Articles in an amount not exceeding \$10,000 if the defendant has not been adjudged to have committed any prior civil rights violations under any provision of the Act that is the basis of the complaint;

- (b) for violations of this Act Article 3 Article 4 in an amount not exceeding \$75,000 \$50,000 per violation, and in the case of violations of all other Articles in an amount not exceeding \$25,000 if the defendant has been adjudged to have committed one other civil rights violation under any the provision of the Act within 5 years of the occurrence of the civil rights violation that is the basis of the complaint; and
- (c) for violations of this Act Article 3 and Article 4 in an amount not exceeding \$100,000 \$75,000 per violation, and in the case of violations of all other Articles in an amount not exceeding \$50,000 if the defendant has been adjudged to have committed 2 or more civil rights violations under any the provision of the Act within 5 years of the occurrence of the civil rights violation that is the basis of the complaint.
- (2) A civil penalty imposed under subdivision (B)(1)

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of this Section shall be deposited into the Attorney General Court Ordered and Voluntary Compliance Payment Projects Fund, which is a special fund in the State Treasury. Moneys in the Fund shall be used, subject to appropriation, for the performance of any pertaining to the exercise of the duties of the Attorney General including but not limited to enforcement of any of this State and conducting public education law programs; however, any moneys in the Fund that are required by the court or by an agreement to be used for a particular purpose shall be used for that purpose.

- (3) Aggrieved parties seeking actual damages must follow the procedure set out in Sections 7A-102 or 7B-102 for filing a charge. An action brought by the Illinois Attorney General pursuant to this Section is independent of any other action, remedy, or procedure that may be available to an aggrieved party under any other provision of law, including, but not limited to, an action, remedy, or procedure brought pursuant to the procedures set out in Section 7A-102 or 7B-102.
- (Source: P.A. 101-661, eff. 4-2-21.) 21
- 22 (775 ILCS 5/8-113 rep.)
- Section 10. The Illinois Human Rights Act is amended by 23 24 repealing Section 8-113.

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Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

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1	INDEX
2	Statutes amended in order of appearance
3	775 ILCS 5/2-102 from Ch. 68, par. 2-102
4	775 ILCS 5/3-101 from Ch. 68, par. 3-101
5	775 ILCS 5/3-102 from Ch. 68, par. 3-102
6	775 ILCS 5/8-101
7	775 ILCS 5/8-111 from Ch. 68, par. 8-111
8	775 ILCS 5/8B-104 from Ch. 68, par. 8B-104
9	775 ILCS 5/10-103 from Ch. 68, par. 10-103
10	775 ILCS 5/10-104
11	775 ILCS 5/8-113 rep.