

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 HB5250

Introduced 2/9/2024, by Rep. Carol Ammons

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/14A-32 105 ILCS 5/27-22

from Ch. 122, par. 27-22

Amends the Gifted and Talented Children and Children Eligible for Accelerated Placement Article of the School Code. Provides that a school district's accelerated placement policy may allow for the waiver of a course or unit of instruction completion requirement if (i) completion of the course or unit of instruction is required by the Code or rules adopted by the State Board of Education as a prerequisite to receiving a high school diploma and (ii) the school district has determined that the student has demonstrated mastery of or competency in the content of the course or unit of instruction. Provides that the school district shall maintain documentation of this determination of mastery or competency for each student, which must include identification of the learning standards or competencies reviewed, the methods of measurement used, student performance, the date of the determination, and identification of the district personnel involved in the determination process. Provides that a school district must provide notification to a student's parent or guardian that the student will receive a waiver. Makes a corresponding change in the Courses of Study Article of the Code. Effective immediately.

LRB103 36148 RJT 66240 b

STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT 1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
- 5 14A-32 and 27-22 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/14A-32)

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- Sec. 14A-32. Accelerated placement; school district responsibilities.
- 9 (a) Each school district shall have a policy that allows
 10 for accelerated placement that includes or incorporates by
 11 reference the following components:
 - (1) a provision that provides that participation in accelerated placement is not limited to those children who have been identified as gifted and talented, but rather is open to all children who demonstrate high ability and who may benefit from accelerated placement;
 - (2) a fair and equitable decision-making process that involves multiple persons and includes a student's parents or guardians;
 - (3) procedures for notifying parents or guardians of a child of a decision affecting that child's participation in an accelerated placement program; and
- 23 (4) an assessment process that includes multiple

1 valid, reliable indicators.

- (a-5) By no later than the beginning of the 2023-2024 school year, a school district's accelerated placement policy shall allow for the automatic enrollment, in the following school term, of a student into the next most rigorous level of advanced coursework offered by the high school if the student meets or exceeds State standards in English language arts, mathematics, or science on a State assessment administered under Section 2-3.64a-5 as follows:
 - (1) A student who meets or exceeds State standards in English language arts shall be automatically enrolled into the next most rigorous level of advanced coursework in English, social studies, humanities, or related subjects.
 - (2) A student who meets or exceeds State standards in mathematics shall be automatically enrolled into the next most rigorous level of advanced coursework in mathematics.
 - (3) A student who meets or exceeds State standards in science shall be automatically enrolled into the next most rigorous level of advanced coursework in science.

For a student entering grade 12, the next most rigorous level of advanced coursework in English language arts or mathematics shall be a dual credit course, as defined in the Dual Credit Quality Act, an Advanced Placement course, as defined in Section 10 of the College and Career Success for All Students Act, or an International Baccalaureate course; otherwise, the next most rigorous level of advanced coursework

under this subsection (a-5) may include a dual credit course, as defined in the Dual Credit Quality Act, an Advanced Placement course, as defined in Section 10 of the College and Career Success for All Students Act, an International Baccalaureate course, an honors class, an enrichment opportunity, a gifted program, or another program offered by the district.

A school district may use the student's most recent State assessment results to determine whether a student meets or exceeds State standards. For a student entering grade 9, results from the State assessment taken in grades 6 through 8 may be used. For other high school grades, the results from a locally selected, nationally normed assessment may be used instead of the State assessment if those results are the most recent.

A school district's accelerated placement policy may allow for the waiver of a course or unit of instruction completion requirement if (i) completion of the course or unit of instruction is required by this Code or rules adopted by the State Board of Education as a prerequisite to receiving a high school diploma and (ii) the school district has determined that the student has demonstrated mastery of or competency in the content of the course or unit of instruction. The school district shall maintain documentation of this determination of mastery or competency for each student, which must include identification of the learning standards or competencies

1	rev	iewed	,	the	metho	ds	of	meas	urem	ent	l	ısed,	S	tude	ent
2	per	forma	nce,	the	date o	f the	det	ermin	atio.	n,	and	iden	tifi	.cati	ion
3	of	the	dis	trict	pers	onnel	in	volve	ed i	n	the	det	ermi	nati	ion
4	pro	cess.													

A school district must provide the parent or guardian of a student eligible for automatic enrollment under this subsection (a-5) with the option to instead have the student enroll in alternative coursework that better aligns with the student's postsecondary education or career goals. If applicable, a school district must provide notification to a student's parent or guardian that the student will receive a waiver of a course or unit of instruction completion requirement under this subsection (a-5).

Nothing in this subsection (a-5) may be interpreted to preclude other students from enrolling in advanced coursework per the policy of a school district.

- (b) Further, a school district's accelerated placement policy may include or incorporate by reference, but need not be limited to, the following components:
 - (1) procedures for annually informing the community at-large, including parents or guardians, community-based organizations, and providers of out-of-school programs, about the accelerated placement program and the methods used for the identification of children eligible for accelerated placement, including strategies to reach groups of students and families who have been historically

underrepresented in accelerated placement programs and advanced coursework;

- (2) a process for referral that allows for multiple referrers, including a child's parents or guardians; other referrers may include licensed education professionals, the child, with the written consent of a parent or guardian, a peer, through a licensed education professional who has knowledge of the referred child's abilities, or, in case of possible early entrance, a preschool educator, pediatrician, or psychologist who knows the child;
- (3) a provision that provides that children participating in an accelerated placement program and their parents or guardians will be provided a written plan detailing the type of acceleration the child will receive and strategies to support the child;
- (4) procedures to provide support and promote success for students who are newly enrolled in an accelerated placement program;
- (5) a process for the school district to review and utilize disaggregated data on participation in an accelerated placement program to address gaps among demographic groups in accelerated placement opportunities; and
- (6) procedures to promote equity, which may incorporate one or more of the following evidence-based

practices:

- (A) the use of multiple tools to assess exceptional potential and provide several pathways into advanced academic programs when assessing student need for advanced academic or accelerated programming;
- (B) providing enrichment opportunities starting in the early grades to address achievement gaps that occur at school entry and provide students with opportunities to demonstrate their advanced potential;
- (C) the use of universal screening combined with local school-based norms for placement in accelerated and advanced learning programs;
- (D) developing a continuum of services to identify and develop talent in all learners ranging from enriched learning experiences, such as problem-based learning, performance tasks, critical thinking, and career exploration, to accelerated placement and advanced academic programming; and
- (E) providing professional learning in gifted education for teachers and other appropriate school personnel to appropriately identify and challenge students from diverse cultures and backgrounds who may benefit from accelerated placement or advanced academic programming.
- (c) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to determine data to be collected and disaggregated by

- 1 demographic group regarding accelerated placement, including
- 2 the rates of students who participate in and successfully
- 3 complete advanced coursework, and a method of making the
- 4 information available to the public.
- 5 (d) On or before November 1, 2022, following a review of
- 6 disaggregated data on the participation and successful
- 7 completion rates of students enrolled in an accelerated
- 8 placement program, each school district shall develop a plan
- 9 to expand access to its accelerated placement program and to
- 10 ensure the teaching capacity necessary to meet the increased
- demand.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 102-209, eff. 11-30-21 (See Section 5 of P.A.
- 13 102-671 for effective date of P.A. 102-209); 103-263, eff.
- 14 6-30-23.)
- 15 (105 ILCS 5/27-22) (from Ch. 122, par. 27-22)
- 16 Sec. 27-22. Required high school courses.
- 17 (a) (Blank).
- 18 (b) (Blank).
- 19 (c) (Blank).
- 20 (d) (Blank).
- 21 (e) Through the 2023-2024 school year, as a prerequisite
- 22 to receiving a high school diploma, each pupil entering the
- 23 9th grade must, in addition to other course requirements,
- 24 successfully complete all of the following courses:
- 25 (1) Four years of language arts.

- (2) Two years of writing intensive courses, one of which must be English and the other of which may be English or any other subject. When applicable, writing-intensive courses may be counted towards the fulfillment of other graduation requirements.
- (3) Three years of mathematics, one of which must be Algebra I, one of which must include geometry content, and one of which may be an Advanced Placement computer science course. A mathematics course that includes geometry content may be offered as an integrated, applied, interdisciplinary, or career and technical education course that prepares a student for a career readiness path.
- (3.5) For pupils entering the 9th grade in the 2022-2023 school year and 2023-2024 school year, one year of a course that includes intensive instruction in computer literacy, which may be English, social studies, or any other subject and which may be counted toward the fulfillment of other graduation requirements.
 - (4) Two years of science.
- (5) Two years of social studies, of which at least one year must be history of the United States or a combination of history of the United States and American government and, beginning with pupils entering the 9th grade in the 2016-2017 school year and each school year thereafter, at least one semester must be civics, which shall help young

people acquire and learn to use the skills, knowledge, and attitudes that will prepare them to be competent and responsible citizens throughout their lives. Civics course content shall focus on government institutions, the discussion of current and controversial issues, service learning, and simulations of the democratic process. School districts may utilize private funding available for the purposes of offering civics education. Beginning with pupils entering the 9th grade in the 2021-2022 school year, one semester, or part of one semester, may include a financial literacy course.

- (6) One year chosen from (A) music, (B) art, (C) foreign language, which shall be deemed to include American Sign Language, (D) vocational education, or (E) forensic speech (speech and debate). A forensic speech course used to satisfy the course requirement under subdivision (1) may not be used to satisfy the course requirement under this subdivision (6).
- (e-5) Beginning with the 2024-2025 school year, as a prerequisite to receiving a high school diploma, each pupil entering the 9th grade must, in addition to other course requirements, successfully complete all of the following courses:
- (1) Four years of language arts.
- 25 (2) Two years of writing intensive courses, one of 26 which must be English and the other of which may be English

or any other subject. If applicable, writing-intensive courses may be counted toward the fulfillment of other graduation requirements.

- (3) Three years of mathematics, one of which must be Algebra I, one of which must include geometry content, and one of which may be an Advanced Placement computer science course. A mathematics course that includes geometry content may be offered as an integrated, applied, interdisciplinary, or career and technical education course that prepares a student for a career readiness path.
- (3.5) One year of a course that includes intensive instruction in computer literacy, which may be English, social studies, or any other subject and which may be counted toward the fulfillment of other graduation requirements.
 - (4) Two years of laboratory science.
- (5) Two years of social studies, of which at least one year must be history of the United States or a combination of history of the United States and American government and at least one semester must be civics, which shall help young people acquire and learn to use the skills, knowledge, and attitudes that will prepare them to be competent and responsible citizens throughout their lives. Civics course content shall focus on government institutions, the discussion of current and controversial

- issues, service learning, and simulations of the democratic process. School districts may utilize private funding available for the purposes of offering civics education. One semester, or part of one semester, may include a financial literacy course.
- (6) One year chosen from (A) music, (B) art, (C) foreign language, which shall be deemed to include American Sign Language, (D) vocational education, or (E) forensic speech (speech and debate). A forensic speech course used to satisfy the course requirement under subdivision (1) may not be used to satisfy the course requirement under this subdivision (6).
 - (e-10) Beginning with the 2028-2029 school year, as a prerequisite to receiving a high school diploma, each pupil entering the 9th grade must, in addition to other course requirements, successfully complete 2 years of foreign language courses, which may include American Sign Language. A pupil may choose a third year of foreign language to satisfy the requirement under subdivision (6) of subsection (e-5).
 - (f) The State Board of Education shall develop and inform school districts of standards for writing-intensive coursework.
 - (f-5) If a school district offers an Advanced Placement computer science course to high school students, then the school board must designate that course as equivalent to a high school mathematics course and must denote on the

- student's transcript that the Advanced Placement computer science course qualifies as a mathematics-based, quantitative course for students in accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection (e) of this Section.
 - (g) Public Act 83-1082 does not apply to pupils entering the 9th grade in 1983-1984 school year and prior school years or to students with disabilities whose course of study is determined by an individualized education program.
 - Public Act 94-676 does not apply to pupils entering the 9th grade in the 2004-2005 school year or a prior school year or to students with disabilities whose course of study is determined by an individualized education program.
 - Subdivision (3.5) of subsection (e) does not apply to pupils entering the 9th grade in the 2021-2022 school year or a prior school year or to students with disabilities whose course of study is determined by an individualized education program.
 - Subsection (e-5) does not apply to pupils entering the 9th grade in the 2023-2024 school year or a prior school year or to students with disabilities whose course of study is determined by an individualized education program. Subsection (e-10) does not apply to pupils entering the 9th grade in the 2027-2028 school year or a prior school year or to students with disabilities whose course of study is determined by an individualized education program.
 - (h) The provisions of this Section are subject to the

- 1 provisions of <u>Sections 14A-32 and Section</u> 27-22.05 of this
- 2 Code and the Postsecondary and Workforce Readiness Act.
- 3 (i) The State Board of Education may adopt rules to modify
- 4 the requirements of this Section for any students enrolled in
- 5 grades 9 through 12 if the Governor has declared a disaster due
- 6 to a public health emergency pursuant to Section 7 of the
- 7 Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 102-366, eff. 8-13-21; 102-551, eff. 1-1-22;
- 9 102-864, eff. 5-13-22; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23.)
- 10 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 11 becoming law.