

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 HB5104

Introduced 2/8/2024, by Rep. Jay Hoffman - Brad Stephens

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

40 ILCS 5/5-144 from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 5-144 40 ILCS 5/5-153 from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 5-153 40 ILCS 5/5-154 from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 5-154 30 ILCS 805/8.48 new

Amends the Chicago Police Article of the Illinois Pension Code. In provisions concerning death benefits and disability benefits, provides that certain presumptions that apply to a policeman who becomes disabled or dies as a result of exposure to and contraction of COVID-19 apply to any policeman who was exposed to and contracted COVID-19 on or after March 9, 2020 and on or before January 31, 2022 (instead of on or before June 30, 2021). Amends the State Mandates Act require implementation without reimbursement. Effective immediately.

LRB103 38081 RPS 68213 b

STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT 1 AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by changing Sections 5-144, 5-153, and 5-154 as follows:
- 6 (40 ILCS 5/5-144) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 5-144)
- Sec. 5-144. Death from injury in the performance of acts of duty; compensation annuity and supplemental annuity.
- 9 (a) Beginning January 1, 1986, and without regard to whether or not the annuity in question began before that date, 10 if the annuity for the widow of a policeman whose death, on or 11 after January 1, 1940, results from injury incurred in the 12 performance of an act or acts of duty, is not equal to the sum 13 14 hereinafter stated, "compensation annuity" equal to the difference between the annuity and an amount equal to 75% of 15 16 the policeman's salary attached to the position he held by certification and appointment as a result of competitive civil 17 service examination that would ordinarily have been paid to 18 19 him as though he were in active discharge of his duties shall 20 be payable to the widow until the policeman, had he lived, 21 would have attained age 63. The total amount of the widow's 22 annuity and children's awards payable to the family of such policeman shall not exceed the amounts stated in Section 23

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For the purposes of this Section only, the death of any policeman as a result of the exposure to and contraction of COVID-19, as evidenced by either (i) a confirmed positive laboratory test for COVID-19 or COVID-19 antibodies or (ii) a confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19 from a licensed medical professional, shall be rebuttably presumed to have been contracted while in the performance of an act or acts of duty and the policeman shall be rebuttably presumed to have been fatally injured while in active service. The presumption shall apply to any policeman who was exposed to and contracted COVID-19 on or after March 9, 2020 and on or before January 31, 2022 June 30, 2021 (including the period between December 31, 2020 and the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly); except that the presumption shall not apply if the policeman was on a leave of absence from his or her employment or otherwise not required to report for duty for a period of 14 or more consecutive days immediately prior to the date of contraction of COVID-19. For the purposes of determining when a policeman contracted COVID-19 under this paragraph, the date of contraction is either the date that the policeman was diagnosed with COVID-19 or was unable to work due to symptoms that were later diagnosed as COVID-19, whichever occurred first.

The provisions of this Section, as amended by Public Act 84-1104, including the reference to the date upon which the

deceased policeman would have attained age 63, shall apply to all widows of policemen whose death occurs on or after January 1, 1940 due to injury incurred in the performance of an act of duty, regardless of whether such death occurred prior to September 17, 1969. For those widows of policemen that died prior to September 17, 1969, who became eligible for compensation annuity by the action of Public Act 84-1104, such compensation annuity shall begin and be calculated from January 1, 1986. The provisions of this amendatory Act of 1987 are intended to restate and clarify the intent of Public Act 84-1104, and do not make any substantive change.

- (b) Upon termination of the compensation annuity, "supplemental annuity" shall become payable to the widow, equal to the difference between the annuity for the widow and an amount equal to 75% of the annual salary (including all salary increases and longevity raises) that the policeman would have been receiving when he attained age 63 if the policeman had continued in service at the same rank (whether career service or exempt) that he last held in the police department. The increase in supplemental annuity resulting from this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly applies without regard to whether the deceased policeman was in service on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act and is payable from July 1, 2002 or the date upon which the supplemental annuity begins, whichever is later.
 - (c) Neither compensation nor supplemental annuity shall be

- 1 paid unless the death of the policeman was a direct result of
- 2 the injury, or the injury was of such character as to prevent
- 3 him from subsequently resuming service as a policeman; nor
- 4 shall compensation or supplemental annuity be paid unless the
- 5 widow was the wife of the policeman when the injury occurred.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 101-633, eff. 6-5-20; 101-653, eff. 2-28-21.)
- 7 (40 ILCS 5/5-153) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 5-153)
- 8 Sec. 5-153. Death benefit.
- 9 (a) Effective January 1, 1962, an ordinary death benefit
- 10 is payable on account of any policeman in service and in
- 11 receipt of salary on or after such date, which benefit is in
- 12 addition to all other annuities and benefits herein provided.
- 13 This benefit is payable upon death of a policeman:
- 14 (1) occurring in active service while in receipt of
- 15 salary;
- 16 (2) on an authorized and approved leave of absence,
- without salary, beginning on or after January 1, 1962, if
- 18 the death occurs within 60 days from the date the employee
- 19 was in receipt of salary; or otherwise in the service and
- 20 not separated by resignation or discharge beginning
- January 1, 1962 if death occurs before his resignation or
- 22 discharge from the service;
- 23 (3) receiving duty disability or ordinary disability
- 24 benefit;
- 25 (4) occurring within 60 days from the date of

termination of duty disability or ordinary disability
benefit payments if re-entry into service had not
occurred; or

- (5) occurring on retirement and while in receipt of an age and service annuity, Tier 2 monthly retirement annuity, or prior service annuity; provided (a) retirement on such annuity occurred on or after January 1, 1962, and (b) such separation from service was effective on or after the policeman's attainment of age 50, and (c) application for such annuity was made within 60 days after separation from service.
- (b) The ordinary death benefit is payable to such beneficiary or beneficiaries as the policeman has nominated by written direction duly signed and acknowledged before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments, and filed with the board. If no such written direction has been filed or if the designated beneficiaries do not survive the policeman, payment of the benefit shall be made to his estate.
- (c) Until December 31, 1977, if death occurs prior to retirement on annuity and before the policeman's attainment of age 50, the amount of the benefit payable is \$6,000. If death occurs prior to retirement, at age 50 or over, the benefit of \$6,000 shall be reduced \$400 for each year (commencing on the policeman's attainment of age 50, and thereafter on each succeeding birthdate) that the policeman's age, at date of death, is more than age 50, but in no event below the amount of

- 1 \$2,000. However, if death results from injury incurred in the
- 2 performance of an act or acts of duty, prior to retirement on
- 3 annuity, the amount of the benefit payable is \$6,000
- 4 notwithstanding the age attained.
- 5 Until December 31, 1977, if the policeman's death occurs
- 6 while he is in receipt of an annuity, the benefit is \$2,000 if
- 7 retirement was effective upon attainment of age 55 or greater.
- 8 If the policeman retired at age 50 or over and before age 55,
- 9 the benefit of \$2,000 shall be reduced \$100 for each year or
- 10 fraction of a year that the policeman's age at retirement was
- less than age 55 to a minimum payment of \$1,500.
- 12 After December 31, 1977, and on or before January 1, 1986,
- if death occurs prior to retirement on annuity and before the
- 14 policeman's attainment of age 50, the amount of the benefit
- payable is \$7,000. If death occurs prior to retirement, at age
- 16 50 or over, the benefit of \$7,000 shall be reduced \$400 for
- each year (commencing on the policeman's attainment of age 50,
- 18 and thereafter on each succeeding birthdate) that the
- 19 policeman's age, at date of death, is more than age 50, but in
- 20 no event below the amount of \$3,000. However, if death results
- 21 from injury incurred in the performance of an act or acts of
- 22 duty, prior to retirement on annuity, the amount of the
- benefit payable is \$7,000 notwithstanding the age attained.
- 24 After December 31, 1977, and on or before January 1, 1986,
- if the policeman's death occurs while he is in receipt of an
- annuity, the benefit is \$2,250 if retirement was effective

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upon attainment of age 55 or greater. If the policeman retired at age 50 or over and before age 55, the benefit of \$2,250 shall be reduced \$100 for each year or fraction of a year that the policeman's age at retirement was less than age 55 to a minimum payment of \$1,750.

After January 1, 1986, if death occurs prior to retirement on annuity and before the policeman's attainment of age 50, the amount of benefit payable is \$12,000. If death occurs prior to retirement, at age 50 or over, the benefit of \$12,000 shall be reduced \$400 for each year (commencing on the policeman's attainment of age 50, and thereafter on each succeeding birthdate) that the policeman's age, at date of death, is more than age 50, but in no event below the amount of \$6,000. However, if death results from injury in the performance of an act or acts of duty, prior to retirement on annuity, the amount of benefit payable is \$12,000 notwithstanding the age attained.

After January 1, 1986, if the policeman's death occurs while he is in receipt of an annuity, the benefit is \$6,000.

(d) For the purposes of this Section only, the death of any policeman as a result of the exposure to and contraction of COVID-19, as evidenced by either (i) a confirmed positive laboratory test for COVID-19 or COVID-19 antibodies or (ii) a confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19 from a licensed medical professional, shall be rebuttably presumed to have been contracted while in the performance of an act or acts of duty

and the policeman shall be rebuttably presumed to have been 1 2 fatally injured while in active service. The presumption shall 3 apply to any policeman who was exposed to and contracted COVID-19 on or after March 9, 2020 and on or before January 31, 5 2022 June 30, 2021 (including the period between December 31, 2020 and the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st 6 7 General Assembly); except that the presumption shall not apply 8 if the policeman was on a leave of absence from his or her 9 employment or otherwise not required to report for duty for a 10 period of 14 or more consecutive days immediately prior to the 11 date of contraction of COVID-19. For the purposes of 12 determining when a policeman contracted COVID-19 under this subsection, the date of contraction is either the date that 13 14 the policeman was diagnosed with COVID-19 or was unable to 15 work due to symptoms that were later diagnosed as COVID-19, 16 whichever occurred first.

- 17 (Source: P.A. 101-633, eff. 6-5-20; 101-653, eff. 2-28-21.)
- 18 (40 ILCS 5/5-154) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 5-154)
- 19 Sec. 5-154. Duty disability benefit; child's disability 20 benefit.
- 21 (a) An active policeman who becomes disabled on or after 22 the effective date as the result of injury incurred on or after 23 such date in the performance of an act of duty, has a right to 24 receive duty disability benefit during any period of such 25 disability for which he does not have a right to receive

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salary, equal to 75% of his salary, as salary is defined in this Article, at the time the disability is allowed; or in the case of a policeman on duty disability who returns to active employment at any time for a period of at least 2 years and is again disabled from the same cause or causes, 75% of his salary, as salary is defined in this Article, at the time disability is allowed; provided, however, that:

- (i) If the disability resulted from any physical defect or mental disorder or any disease which existed at the time the injury was sustained, or if the disability is less than 50% of total disability for any service of a remunerative character, the duty disability benefit shall be 50% of salary as defined in this Article.
- (ii) Beginning January 1, 1996, no duty disability benefit that has been payable under this Section for at least 10 years shall be less than 50% of the current salary attached from time to time to the rank held by the the time of removal from the police policeman at department payroll, regardless of whether that removal occurred before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1995. Beginning on January 1, 2000, no duty disability benefit that has been payable under this Section for at least 7 years shall be less than 60% of the current salary attached from time to time to the rank held by the policeman at the time of removal from the police department payroll, regardless of whether that removal

occurred before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly.

- (iii) If the Board finds that the disability of the policeman is of such a nature as to permanently render him totally disabled for any service of a remunerative character, the duty disability benefit shall be 75% of the current salary attached from time to time to the rank held by the policeman at the time of removal from the police department payroll. In the case of a policeman receiving a duty disability benefit under this Section on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, the increase in benefit provided by this amendatory Act, if any, shall begin to accrue as of the date that the Board makes the required finding of permanent total disability, regardless of whether removal from the payroll occurred before the effective date of this amendatory Act.
- (b) The policeman shall also have a right to child's disability benefit of \$100 per month for each unmarried child, the issue of the policeman, less than age 18, but the total amount of child's disability benefit shall not exceed 25% of his salary as defined in this Article. The increase in child's disability benefit provided by this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly applies beginning January 1, 2000 to all such benefits payable on or after that date, regardless of whether the disabled policeman is in active service on or after the

- 1 effective date of this amendatory Act.
 - (c) Duty disability benefit shall be payable until the policeman becomes age 63 or would have been retired by operation of law, whichever is later, and child's disability benefit shall be paid during any such period of disability until the child attains age 18. Thereafter the policeman shall receive the annuity provided in accordance with the other provisions of this Article.
 - (d) A policeman who suffers a heart attack during the performance and discharge of his or her duties as a policeman shall be considered injured in the performance of an act of duty and shall be eligible for all benefits that the City provides for police officers injured in the performance of an act of duty. This subsection (d) is a restatement of existing law and applies without regard to whether the policeman is in service on or after the effective date of Public Act 89-12 or this amendatory Act of 1996.
 - (e) For the purposes of this Section only, any policeman who becomes disabled as a result of exposure to and contraction of COVID-19, as evidenced by either a confirmed positive laboratory test for COVID-19 or COVID-19 antibodies or a confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19 from a licensed medical professional, shall:
 - (1) be rebuttably presumed to have contracted COVID-19 while in the performance of an act or acts of duty;
 - (2) be rebuttably presumed to have been injured while

in the performance of an act or acts of duty; and

(3) be entitled to receive a duty disability benefit during any period of such disability for which the policeman does not have a right to receive salary, in an amount equal to 75% of the policeman's salary, as salary is defined in this Article, at the time the disability is allowed, in accordance with subsection (a).

The presumption shall apply to any policeman who was exposed to and contracted COVID-19 on or after March 9, 2020 and on or before <u>January 31, 2022</u> June 30, 2021; except that the presumption shall not apply if the policeman was on a leave of absence from his or her employment or otherwise not required to report for duty for a period of 14 or more consecutive days immediately prior to the date of contraction of COVID-19. For the purposes of determining when a policeman contracted COVID-19 under this paragraph, the date of contraction is either the date that the policeman was diagnosed with COVID-19 or was unable to work due to symptoms that were later diagnosed as COVID-19, whichever occurred first.

It is the intent of the General Assembly that the change made in this subsection (e) by this amendatory Act shall apply retroactively to March 9, 2020, and any policeman who has been previously denied a duty disability benefit that would otherwise be entitled to duty disability benefit under this subsection (e) shall be entitled to retroactive benefits and

- 1 duty disability benefit.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 103-2, eff. 5-10-23.)
- 3 Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding
- 4 Section 8.48 as follows:
- 5 (30 ILCS 805/8.48 new)
- 6 Sec. 8.48. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and
- 7 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for
- 8 the implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory
- 9 Act of the 103rd General Assembly.
- 10 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 11 becoming law.