

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 HB5040

Introduced 2/8/2024, by Rep. Tom Weber

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Acupuncture Practice Act, the Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act, the Illinois Dental Practice Act, the Massage Licensing Act, the Medical Practice Act of 1987, the Nurse Practice Act, the Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987, the Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics Practice Act, the Illinois Physical Therapy Act, the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987, the Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987, the Respiratory Care Practice Act, the Registered Surgical Assistant and Registered Surgical Technologist Title Protection Act, and the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act. Provides that any Department of Financial and Professional Regulation process under statute or rule used to verify the criminal history of an applicant for licensure shall be used for all applicants for licensure, applicants for renewal of a license, or persons whose conviction of a crime or other behavior warrants review of a license. Provides that a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea, or plea of no contest to specified offenses entered after the effective date of the amendatory Act is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the Department is notified that the individual has been found guilty or has pled guilty or no contest. Provides that the individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only upon the reversal of the criminal conviction. Provides that crime victims have the right to file a complaint against the accused with the agency or department that licensed, certified, permitted, or registered the accused if the accused holds a license, certificate, permit, or registration to practice a profession. Effective 6 months after becoming law.

LRB103 37791 RTM 67920 b

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1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

- (1) The health, safety, and peace of mind of the citizens of Illinois are of paramount concern.
- (2) Health care professionals entrusted with the health of the citizens of Illinois should be held to the highest standards of conduct so that these professions can build bonds of trust with current and future patients, clients, and residents.
- (3) The background check requirements for these professions vary widely, leading to unequal treatment by the State of licensees in these professions.
- (4) Incidents of improper action, including sexual assault, by health care professionals across the State and nation have been underreported, and, in some cases, persons charged with, and found guilty of, these crimes have continued to practice and their licenses have remained active without prompt and thorough review.
- (5) It is right and fitting that any Department of Financial and Professional Regulation process under statute or rule currently used to verify the criminal history of an applicant for licensure under a health care

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1	professional's licensing act shall be used for all
2	applicants and licensees thereunder whose conviction of a
3	crime or other behavior warrants review of a license
4	thereunder.

- (6) Under the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, unlicensed health care personnel are already required to submit to rigorous background check protocols before they can be considered by a health care employer.
- 9 (7) It is right and fitting that licensed health care 10 professionals be subject to the same criminal background 11 check requirements as their unlicensed counterparts.
- Section 5. The Acupuncture Practice Act is amended by changing Section 110 and by adding Section 40.5 as follows:
- 14 (225 ILCS 2/40.5 new)
- Sec. 40.5. Criminal history. Any Department process under

 statute or rule used to verify the criminal history of an

 applicant for licensure under this Act shall be used for all

 applicants for licensure, applicants for renewal of a license,

 or persons whose conviction of a crime or other behavior

 warrants review of a license under this Act.
- 21 (225 ILCS 2/110)
- 22 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)
- Sec. 110. Grounds for disciplinary action.

- (a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, place on probation, suspend, revoke or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as deemed appropriate including the imposition of fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license for any one or combination of the following causes:
 - (1) Violations of this Act or its rules.
 - (2) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty or that is directly related to the practice of the profession.
 - (3) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining a license.
 - (4) Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or its rules.
 - (5) Failing to provide information within 60 days in response to a written request made by the Department which has been sent by certified or registered mail to the licensee's address of record or by email to the licensee's email address of record.
 - (6) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign

1	nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline
2	is the same or substantially equivalent to one set forth
3	in this Section.

- (7) Solicitation of professional services by means other than permitted under this Act.
- (8) Failure to provide a patient with a copy of his or her record upon the written request of the patient.
 - (9) Gross negligence in the practice of acupuncture.
- (10) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in an acupuncturist's inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (11) A finding that licensure has been applied for or obtained by fraudulent means.
- (12) A pattern of practice or other behavior that demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act.
- (13) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or a neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (14) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused

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and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

(15) The use of any words, abbreviations, figures or letters (such "Acupuncturist", "Licensed as Acupuncturist", "Certified Acupuncturist", "Doctor of Acupuncture and Chinese Medicine", "Doctor of Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine", "Doctor of Acupuncture", "Oriental Practitioner", "Licensed Oriental Medicine Medicine Practitioner", "Oriental Medicine Doctor", "Licensed Oriental Medicine Doctor", "C.A.", "Act.", "Lic. Act.", "Lic. Ac.", "D.Ac.", "DACM", "DAOM", or "O.M.D.") or any designation used by the Accreditation Commission for Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine with the intention of indicating practice as a licensed acupuncturist without a valid license as an acupuncturist issued under this Act.

When the name of the licensed acupuncturist is used professionally in oral, written, or printed announcements, professional cards, or publications for the information of the public, the degree title or degree abbreviation shall be added immediately following title and name. When the announcement, professional card, or publication is in writing or in print, the explanatory addition shall be in writing, type, or print not less than 1/2 the size of that used in the name and title. No person other than the holder of a valid existing license under this Act shall use the title and designation of "acupuncturist", either directly or indirectly, in connection with his or her profession or

1 business.

- (16) Using claims of superior quality of care to entice the public or advertising fee comparisons of available services with those of other persons providing acupuncture services.
- (17) Advertising of professional services that the offeror of the services is not licensed to render. Advertising of professional services that contains false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading material or guarantees of success, statements that play upon the vanity or fears of the public, or statements that promote or produce unfair competition.
- (18) Having treated ailments other than by the practice of acupuncture as defined in this Act, or having treated ailments of as a licensed acupuncturist pursuant to a referral by written order that provides for management of the patient by a physician or dentist without having notified the physician or dentist who established the diagnosis that the patient is receiving acupuncture treatments.
- (19) Unethical, unauthorized, or unprofessional conduct as defined by rule.
- (20) Physical illness, mental illness, or other impairment that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, and safety, including, without limitation, deterioration through the

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- aging process, mental illness, or disability.
- 2 (21) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.
 - (22) Failure to refer a patient whose condition should, at the time of evaluation or treatment, be determined to be beyond the scope of practice of the acupuncturist to a licensed physician or dentist.
 - (23) Holding himself or herself out as being trained in Chinese herbology without being able to provide the Department with proof of status as a Diplomate of Oriental Medicine certified by the National Certification Commission for Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine or a substantially equivalent status approved by the Department or proof that he or she has successfully completed the National Certification Commission for Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine Chinese Herbology Examination or a substantially equivalent examination approved by the Department.

Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea, or plea of no contest entered after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the

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1 Department is notified that the individual has been found 2 guilty or has pled guilty or no contest. The individual may 3 appeal the revocation to the Department only upon the reversal

5 The entry of an order by a circuit court establishing that 6

of the criminal conviction.

any person holding a license under this Act is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided for in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as an automatic suspension of that license. That person may have his or her license restored only upon the determination by a circuit court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient and upon the Board's recommendation to the Department that the license be restored. Where the circumstances so indicate, the Board may recommend to the Department that it require an examination prior to restoring a suspended license.

The Department may refuse to issue or renew the license of any person who fails to (i) file a return or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return or (ii) pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until the time that the requirements of that tax Act are satisfied.

In enforcing this Section, the Department upon a showing of a possible violation may compel an individual licensed to

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practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The Department may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. The examining physicians shall specifically designated by the Department. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when directed, grounds for suspension of his or her license until the individual submits to the examination if the Department finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to the examination was without reasonable cause.

If the Department finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department may require that individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, restored, or renewed licensure to practice; or, in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may file a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise

discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose license was granted, continued, restored, renewed, disciplined supervised subject to such terms, conditions, restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 30 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to review the subject individual's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act and affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

23 (Source: P.A. 100-375, eff. 8-25-17; 101-201, eff. 1-1-20.)

Section 10. The Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act is amended by changing Sections 9 and 16 as follows:

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- 1 (225 ILCS 5/9) (from Ch. 111, par. 7609)
- 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- Sec. 9. Qualifications for licensure. A person shall be qualified for licensure as an athletic trainer if he or she fulfills all of the following:
- 6 (a) Has graduated from a curriculum in athletic
 7 training accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of
 8 Athletic Training Education (CAATE), its successor entity,
 9 or its equivalent, as approved by the Department.
 - (b) Gives proof of current certification, on the date of application, in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and automated external defibrillators (AED) for Healthcare Providers and Professional Rescuers or its equivalent based on American Red Cross or American Heart Association standards.
 - (b-5) Has graduated from a 4 year accredited college or university.
 - (c) Has passed an examination approved by the Department to determine his or her fitness for practice as an athletic trainer, or is entitled to be licensed without examination as provided in Sections 7 and 8 of this Act.
 - Any Department process under statute or rule used to verify the criminal history of an applicant for licensure under this Act shall be used for all applicants for licensure, applicants for renewal of a license, or persons whose

- 1 <u>conviction of a crime or other behavior warrants review of a</u>
- 2 license under this Act.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 99-469, eff. 8-26-15.)
- 4 (225 ILCS 5/16) (from Ch. 111, par. 7616)
- 5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 6 Sec. 16. Grounds for discipline.
- 7 (1) The Department may refuse to issue or renew, or may
- 8 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other
- 9 disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper,
- including fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, with
- 11 regard to any licensee for any one or combination of the
- 12 following:
- 13 (A) Material misstatement in furnishing information to
- the Department;
- 15 (B) Violations of this Act, or of the rules or
- regulations promulgated hereunder;
- 17 (C) Conviction of or plea of guilty to any crime under
- the Criminal Code of 2012 or the laws of any jurisdiction
- 19 of the United States that is (i) a felony, (ii) a
- 20 misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty,
- 21 or (iii) of any crime that is directly related to the
- 22 practice of the profession;
- 23 (D) Fraud or any misrepresentation in applying for or
- 24 procuring a license under this Act, or in connection with
- applying for renewal of a license under this Act;

- (F) Malpractice;
- (G) Aiding or assisting another person, firm, partnership, or corporation in violating any provision of this Act or rules:
- (H) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department;
- (I) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public;
- (J) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs defined in law as controlled substances, alcohol, or any other substance that results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety;
- (K) Discipline by another state, unit of government, government agency, the District of Columbia, territory, or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth herein;
- (L) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually or personally rendered. Nothing in this subparagraph (L) affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment arrangements among health care professionals, health

facilities, health care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this subparagraph (L) shall be construed to require an employment arrangement to receive professional fees for services rendered;

- (M) A finding by the Department that the licensee after having his or her license disciplined has violated the terms of probation;
 - (N) Abandonment of an athlete;
- (O) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice, including but not limited to false records filed with State agencies or departments;
- (P) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
- (Q) Physical illness, including but not limited to deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety;
- (R) Solicitation of professional services other than by permitted institutional policy;
 - (S) The use of any words, abbreviations, figures or

letters with the intention of indicating practice as an athletic trainer without a valid license as an athletic trainer under this Act;

- (T) The evaluation or treatment of ailments of human beings other than by the practice of athletic training as defined in this Act or the treatment of injuries of athletes by a licensed athletic trainer except by the referral of a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, podiatric physician, or dentist:
- (U) Willfully violating or knowingly assisting in the violation of any law of this State relating to the use of habit-forming drugs;
- (V) Willfully violating or knowingly assisting in the violation of any law of this State relating to the practice of abortion;
- (W) Continued practice by a person knowingly having an infectious communicable or contagious disease;
- (X) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
 - (X-5) Failure to provide a monthly report on the

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athlete.

1	patient's progress to the referring physician, physician
2	assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, podiatric
3	physician, or dentist;
4	(Y) (Blank);
5	(Z) Failure to fulfill continuing education
6	requirements;
7	(AA) Allowing one's license under this Act to be used
8	by an unlicensed person in violation of this Act;
9	(BB) Practicing under a false or, except as provided
10	by law, assumed name;
11	(CC) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices,
12	appliances, or goods provided in any manner to exploit the
13	client for the financial gain of the licensee;
14	(DD) Gross, willful, or continued overcharging for
15	professional services;
16	(EE) Mental illness or disability that results in the
17	inability to practice under this Act with reasonable
18	<pre>judgment, skill, or safety;</pre>
19	(FF) Cheating on or attempting to subvert the
20	licensing examination administered under this Act;
21	(GG) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
22	Act; or
23	(HH) Failure by a supervising athletic trainer of an
24	aide to maintain contact, including personal supervision

and instruction, to ensure the safety and welfare of an

- All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing the fine.
 - (1.5) Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, a finding of quilt by a judge or jury, a quilty plea, or plea of no contest entered after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the Department is notified that the individual has been found guilty or has pled guilty or no contest. The individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only upon the reversal of the criminal conviction.
 - (2) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as an automatic suspension. Such suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the licensee is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and issuance of an order so finding and discharging the licensee.
- 25 (3) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend 26 without hearing, as provided for in the Code of Civil

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Procedure, the license of any person who fails to file a return, to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied in accordance with subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

(4) In enforcing this Section, the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual who is licensed under this Act or any individual who has applied for licensure to submit to a mental or physical examination or evaluation, or both, which may include a substance abuse or sexual offender evaluation, at the expense of the Department. The Department shall specifically designate the examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in providing the mental or physical examination and evaluation. The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, licensed chiropractic physicians, licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed professional counselors, and other professional and

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administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to submit to an examination and evaluation pursuant to this Section to submit to any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological testing, or neuropsychological testing.

The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the Department any and all records, including business records, that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any supplemental testing performed. The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to present testimony concerning this examination and evaluation of the licensee or applicant, including testimony concerning any supplemental testing or documents relating to the examination and evaluation. No information, report, record, or other documents in any way related to examination and evaluation shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communication between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the licensee or applicant ordered to undergo an evaluation and examination for the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide

information, reports, records, or other documents or to provide any testimony regarding the examination and evaluation. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination.

Failure of any individual to submit to a mental or physical examination or evaluation, or both, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension without hearing, until such time as the individual submits to the examination. If the Department finds a licensee unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department shall require the licensee to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department as a condition for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure.

When the Secretary immediately suspends a license under this Section, a hearing upon such person's license must be convened by the Department within 15 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department shall have the authority to review the licensee's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

Individuals licensed under this Act who are affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate

- 1 to the Department that they can resume practice in compliance
- 2 with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions
- 3 of their license.
- 4 (5) (Blank).
- 5 (6) In cases where the Department of Healthcare and Family
- 6 Services has previously determined a licensee or a potential
- 7 licensee is more than 30 days delinquent in the payment of
- 8 child support and has subsequently certified the delinquency
- 9 to the Department, the Department may refuse to issue or renew
- or may revoke or suspend that person's license or may take
- 11 other disciplinary action against that person based solely
- 12 upon the certification of delinquency made by the Department
- of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance with paragraph
- 14 (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of
- 15 Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code
- of Illinois.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 102-940, eff. 1-1-23.)
- 18 Section 15. The Illinois Dental Practice Act is amended by
- 19 changing Section 23 and by adding Section 23d as follows:
- 20 (225 ILCS 25/23) (from Ch. 111, par. 2323)
- 21 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 22 Sec. 23. Refusal, revocation or suspension of dental
- licenses. The Department may refuse to issue or renew, or may
- 24 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand or take other

- disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, including imposing fines not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, with regard to any license for any one or any combination of the following causes:
 - 1. Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for or procuring a license under this Act, or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.
 - 2. Inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety as a result of habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug.
 - 3. Willful or repeated violations of the rules of the Department of Public Health or Department of Nuclear Safety.
 - 4. Acceptance of a fee for service as a witness, without the knowledge of the court, in addition to the fee allowed by the court.
 - 5. Division of fees or agreeing to split or divide the fees received for dental services with any person for bringing or referring a patient, except in regard to referral services as provided for under Section 45, or assisting in the care or treatment of a patient, without the knowledge of the patient or his or her legal representative. Nothing in this item 5 affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment arrangements among health care professionals, health facilities, health

care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this item 5 shall be construed to require an employment arrangement to receive professional fees for services rendered.

- 6. Employing, procuring, inducing, aiding or abetting a person not licensed or registered as a dentist or dental hygienist to engage in the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene. The person practiced upon is not an accomplice, employer, procurer, inducer, aider, or abetter within the meaning of this Act.
- 7. Making any misrepresentations or false promises, directly or indirectly, to influence, persuade or induce dental patronage.
- 8. Professional connection or association with or lending his or her name to another for the illegal practice of dentistry by another, or professional connection or association with any person, firm or corporation holding himself, herself, themselves, or itself out in any manner contrary to this Act.
- 9. Obtaining or seeking to obtain practice, money, or any other things of value by false or fraudulent representations, but not limited to, engaging in such

- fraudulent practice to defraud the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code.
 - 10. Practicing under a false or, except as provided by law, an assumed name.
 - 11. Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
 - 12. Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by sentencing for any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that (i) is a felony under the laws of this State or (ii) is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of dentistry.
 - 13. Permitting a dental hygienist, dental assistant or other person under his or her supervision to perform any operation not authorized by this Act.
 - 14. Permitting more than 4 dental hygienists to be employed under his or her supervision at any one time.
 - 15. A violation of any provision of this Act or any rules promulgated under this Act.
 - 16. Taking impressions for or using the services of

- any person, firm or corporation violating this Act.
- 2 17. Violating any provision of Section 45 relating to advertising.
 - 18. Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth within this Act.
 - 19. Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
 - 20. Gross negligence in practice under this Act.
 - 21. The use or prescription for use of narcotics or controlled substances or designated products as listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, in any way other than for therapeutic purposes.
 - 22. Willfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice as a dentist, including, but not limited to, false records to support claims against the dental assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Illinois Department of Public Aid).
 - 23. Professional incompetence as manifested by poor standards of care.
 - 24. Physical or mental illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skills which results in a dentist's

inability to practice dentistry with reasonable judgment,
skill or safety. In enforcing this paragraph, the
Department may compel a person licensed to practice under
this Act to submit to a mental or physical examination
pursuant to the terms and conditions of Section 23b.

- 25. Gross or repeated irregularities in billing for services rendered to a patient. For purposes of this paragraph 25, "irregularities in billing" shall include:
 - (a) Reporting excessive charges for the purpose of obtaining a total payment in excess of that usually received by the dentist for the services rendered.
 - (b) Reporting charges for services not rendered.
 - (c) Incorrectly reporting services rendered for the purpose of obtaining payment not earned.
- 26. Continuing the active practice of dentistry while knowingly having any infectious, communicable, or contagious disease proscribed by rule or regulation of the Department.
- 27. Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
 - 28. Violating the Health Care Worker Self-Referral

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- 2 29. Abandonment of a patient.
- 3 30. Mental incompetency as declared by a court of competent jurisdiction.
 - 31. A finding by the Department that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.
- 32. Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department.
 - 33. Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request by the Department in the course of an investigation.
 - 34. Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, including, but not limited to, commission of an act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice.
 - 35. Cheating on or attempting to subvert the licensing examination administered under this Act.
 - 36. A pattern of practice or other behavior that demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act.
 - 37. Failure to establish and maintain records of patient care and treatment as required under this Act.
 - 38. Failure to provide copies of dental records as required by law.
 - 39. Failure of a licensed dentist who owns or is employed at a dental office to give notice of an office

1 closure to his or her patients at least 30 days prior to 2 the office closure pursuant to Section 50.1.

40. Failure to maintain a sanitary work environment.

All proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary status, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the foregoing grounds, must be commenced within 5 years after receipt by the Department of a complaint alleging the commission of or notice of the conviction order for any of the acts described herein. Except for fraud in procuring a license, no action shall be commenced more than 7 years after the date of the incident or act alleged to have violated this Section. The time during which the holder of the license was outside the State of Illinois shall not be included within any period of time limiting the commencement of disciplinary action by the Department.

Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea, or plea of no contest entered after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the Department is notified that the individual has been found guilty or has pled guilty or no contest. The individual may

- appeal the revocation to the Department only upon the reversal
- 2 of the criminal conviction.
- 3 All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within
- 4 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine
- 5 or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing
- 6 the fine.
- 7 The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the
- 8 license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the
- 9 tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any
- 10 final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by
- 11 any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of
- 12 Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax
- 13 Act are satisfied.
- Any dentist who has had his or her license suspended or
- 15 revoked for more than 5 years must comply with the
- 16 requirements for restoration set forth in Section 16 prior to
- 17 being eligible for reinstatement from the suspension or
- 18 revocation.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 103-425, eff. 1-1-24.)
- 20 (225 ILCS 25/23d new)
- Sec. 23d. Criminal history. Any Department process under
- 22 statute or rule used to verify the criminal history of an
- 23 applicant for licensure under this Act shall be used for all
- 24 applicants for licensure, applicants for renewal of a license,
- or persons whose conviction of a crime or other behavior

1 <u>warrants review of a license under this Act.</u>

- 2 Section 25. The Massage Licensing Act is amended by
- 3 changing Sections 15 and 45 as follows:
- 4 (225 ILCS 57/15)
- 5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)
- 6 Sec. 15. Licensure requirements.
- 7 (a) Persons engaged in massage for compensation must be
- 8 licensed by the Department. The Department shall issue a
- 9 license to an individual who meets all of the following
- 10 requirements:
- 11 (1) The applicant has applied in writing on the
- 12 prescribed forms and has paid the required fees.
- 13 (2) The applicant is at least 18 years of age and of
- 14 good moral character. In determining good moral character,
- 15 the Department may take into consideration conviction of
- any crime under the laws of the United States or any state
- or territory thereof that is a felony or a misdemeanor or
- any crime that is directly related to the practice of the
- 19 profession. Such a conviction shall not operate
- 20 automatically as a complete bar to a license, except in
- 21 the case of any conviction for prostitution, rape, or
- 22 sexual misconduct, or where the applicant is a registered
- sex offender.
- 24 (3) The applicant has successfully completed a massage

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therapy program approved by the Department that requires a minimum of 500 hours, except applicants applying on or after January 1, 2014 shall meet a minimum requirement of 600 hours, and has passed a competency examination approved by the Department.

(b) Each applicant for licensure as a massage therapist shall have his or her fingerprints submitted to the Illinois State Police in an electronic format that complies with the form and manner for requesting and furnishing criminal history record information as prescribed by the Illinois State Police. These fingerprints shall be checked prior to the Department issuing or renewing a license against the Illinois State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history record databases now and hereafter filed. The Illinois State Police shall charge applicants a fee for conducting the criminal history records check, which shall be deposited into the State Police Services Fund and shall not exceed the actual cost of the records check. The Illinois State Police shall furnish, pursuant to positive identification, records of Illinois convictions to the Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee, either to the Department or to a vendor. The Department, in its discretion, may allow an applicant who does not have reasonable access to a designated vendor to provide his or her fingerprints in an alternative manner. The Department may adopt any rules necessary to implement this Section.

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- 1 (Source: P.A. 102-20, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
- 2 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)
- 3 (225 ILCS 57/45)
- 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)
- 5 Sec. 45. Grounds for discipline.
- 6 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or renew, or may
 7 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other
 8 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action, as the Department
 9 considers appropriate, including the imposition of fines not
 10 to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, with regard to any
 11 license or licensee for any one or more of the following:
 - (1) violations of this Act or of the rules adopted under this Act;
 - (2) conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States: (i) that is a felony; or (ii) that is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of the profession;
 - (3) professional incompetence;
 - (4) advertising in a false, deceptive, or misleading manner, including failing to use the massage therapist's

own license number in an advertisement;

- (5) aiding, abetting, assisting, procuring, advising, employing, or contracting with any unlicensed person to practice massage contrary to any rules or provisions of this Act;
- (6) engaging in immoral conduct in the commission of any act, such as sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual exploitation, related to the licensee's practice;
- (7) engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public;
- (8) practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law or accepting and performing professional responsibilities which the licensee knows or has reason to know that he or she is not competent to perform;
- (9) knowingly delegating professional responsibilities to a person unqualified by training, experience, or licensure to perform;
- (10) failing to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department within 60 days;
- (11) having a habitual or excessive use of or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug which results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety;
 - (12) having a pattern of practice or other behavior

- that demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act;
 - (13) discipline by another state, District of Columbia, territory, or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Section;
 - (14) a finding by the Department that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation;
 - (15) willfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice, including, but not limited to, false records filed with State agencies or departments;
 - (16) making a material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department or otherwise making misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in violation of this Act or otherwise in the practice of the profession;
 - (17) fraud or misrepresentation in applying for or procuring a license under this Act or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act;
 - (18) inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety as a result of physical illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, loss of motor

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- skill, or a mental illness or disability;
- 2 (19) charging for professional services not rendered, 3 including filing false statements for the collection of 4 fees for which services are not rendered;
- 5 (20) practicing under a false or, except as provided 6 by law, an assumed name; or
- 7 (21) cheating on or attempting to subvert the licensing examination administered under this Act.
 - All fines shall be paid within 60 days of the effective date of the order imposing the fine.
 - (a-5) Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea, or plea of no contest entered after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the Department is notified that the individual has been found guilty or has pled guilty or no contest. The individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only upon the reversal of the criminal conviction.
 - (b) A person not licensed under this Act and engaged in the business of offering massage therapy services through others, shall not aid, abet, assist, procure, advise, employ, or contract with any unlicensed person to practice massage

- therapy contrary to any rules or provisions of this Act. A
 person violating this subsection (b) shall be treated as a
 licensee for the purposes of disciplinary action under this
 Section and shall be subject to cease and desist orders as
 provided in Section 90 of this Act.
 - (c) The Department shall revoke any license issued under this Act of any person who is convicted of prostitution, rape, sexual misconduct, or any crime that subjects the licensee to compliance with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration Act and any such conviction shall operate as a permanent bar in the State of Illinois to practice as a massage therapist.
 - (d) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a tax return, to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed tax return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of the tax Act are satisfied in accordance with subsection (g) of Section 2105-15 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- 21 (e) (Blank).
 - (f) In cases where the Department of Healthcare and Family Services has previously determined that a licensee or a potential licensee is more than 30 days delinquent in the payment of child support and has subsequently certified the delinquency to the Department, the Department may refuse to

- issue or renew or may revoke or suspend that person's license or may take other disciplinary action against that person based solely upon the certification of delinquency made by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance with item (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
 - (g) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and the issuance of a court order so finding and discharging the patient.
 - (h) In enforcing this Act, the Department or Board, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel an individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The Department or Board may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. The examining physicians shall be specifically designated by the

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Board or Department. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. The examination shall be performed by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches. Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension without hearing.

A person holding a license under this Act or who has applied for a license under this Act who, because of a physical or mental illness or disability, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill, is unable to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety, may be required by the Department to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice. Submission to care, counseling, or treatment as required by the Department shall not be considered discipline of a license. If the licensee refuses to enter into a care, counseling, or treatment agreement or fails to abide by the terms of the agreement, the Department may file a complaint to revoke, suspend, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. The Secretary may order the license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department. Fines shall not be assessed in disciplinary actions involving physical or

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1 mental illness or impairment.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 15 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to review the subject individual's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act and affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department or Board that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

16 (Source: P.A. 102-20, eff. 1-1-22.)

Section 30. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended by changing Sections 9.7 and 22 as follows:

- 19 (225 ILCS 60/9.7)
- 20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)

Sec. 9.7. Criminal history records background check. Each applicant for licensure or permit under Sections 9, 18, and 19 shall have his or her fingerprints submitted to the Illinois State Police in an electronic format that complies with the

form and manner for requesting and furnishing criminal history 1 2 record information as prescribed by the Illinois State Police. 3 These fingerprints shall be checked prior to the Department issuing or renewing a license against the Illinois State 5 Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history record databases now and hereafter filed. The Illinois State 6 Police shall charge applicants a fee for conducting the 7 8 criminal history records check, which shall be deposited into 9 the State Police Services Fund and shall not exceed the actual cost of the records check. The Illinois State Police shall 10 11 furnish, pursuant to positive identification, records of 12 Illinois convictions to the Department. The Department may 13 require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee, 14 either to the Department or to a Department designated or 15 approved vendor. The Department, in its discretion, may allow 16 an applicant who does not have reasonable access to a 17 designated vendor to provide his or her fingerprints in an The Department may adopt any rules 18 alternative manner. 19 necessary to implement this Section.

21 (225 ILCS 60/22) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-22)

(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

- 22 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)
- 23 Sec. 22. Disciplinary action.

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24 (A) The Department may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any

- other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the
 Department may deem proper with regard to the license or
 permit of any person issued under this Act, including imposing
 fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, upon any of the
 following grounds:
 - (1) (Blank).
 - (2) (Blank).
 - (3) A plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States of any crime that is a felony.
 - (4) Gross negligence in practice under this Act.
 - (5) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
 - (6) Obtaining any fee by fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation.
 - (7) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs defined in law as controlled substances, of alcohol, or of any other substances which results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
 - (8) Practicing under a false or, except as provided by law, an assumed name.
 - (9) Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for, or

procuring, a license under this Act or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.

- (10) Making a false or misleading statement regarding their skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine, treatment, or remedy prescribed by them at their direction in the treatment of any disease or other condition of the body or mind.
- (11) Allowing another person or organization to use their license, procured under this Act, to practice.
- (12) Adverse action taken by another state or jurisdiction against a license or other authorization to practice as a medical doctor, doctor of osteopathy, doctor of osteopathic medicine, or doctor of chiropractic, a certified copy of the record of the action taken by the other state or jurisdiction being prima facie evidence thereof. This includes any adverse action taken by a State or federal agency that prohibits a medical doctor, doctor of osteopathy, doctor of osteopathic medicine, or doctor of chiropractic from providing services to the agency's participants.
- (13) Violation of any provision of this Act or of the Medical Practice Act prior to the repeal of that Act, or violation of the rules, or a final administrative action of the Secretary, after consideration of the recommendation of the Medical Board.
 - (14) Violation of the prohibition against fee

- 1 splitting in Section 22.2 of this Act.
 - (15) A finding by the Medical Board that the registrant after having his or her license placed on probationary status or subjected to conditions or restrictions violated the terms of the probation or failed to comply with such terms or conditions.
 - (16) Abandonment of a patient.
 - (17) Prescribing, selling, administering, distributing, giving, or self-administering any drug classified as a controlled substance (designated product) or narcotic for other than medically accepted therapeutic purposes.
 - (18) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, appliances, or goods provided for a patient in such manner as to exploit the patient for financial gain of the physician.
 - (19) Offering, undertaking, or agreeing to cure or treat disease by a secret method, procedure, treatment, or medicine, or the treating, operating, or prescribing for any human condition by a method, means, or procedure which the licensee refuses to divulge upon demand of the Department.
 - (20) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act including, but not limited to, commission of an act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice.
 - (21) Willfully making or filing false records or

reports in his or her practice as a physician, including, but not limited to, false records to support claims against the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code.

- (22) Willful omission to file or record, or willfully impeding the filing or recording, or inducing another person to omit to file or record, medical reports as required by law, or willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse or neglect as required by law.
- (23) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (24) Solicitation of professional patronage by any corporation, agents, or persons, or profiting from those representing themselves to be agents of the licensee.
- (25) Gross and willful and continued overcharging for professional services, including filing false statements for collection of fees for which services are not rendered, including, but not limited to, filing such false statements for collection of monies for services not rendered from the medical assistance program of the

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- (26) A pattern of practice or other behavior which demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act.
- (27) Mental illness or disability which results in the inability to practice under this Act with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (28) Physical illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill which results in a physician's inability to practice under this Act with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (29) Cheating on or attempting to subvert the licensing examinations administered under this Act.
- (30) Willfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between physician and patient except as required by law.
- (31) The use of any false, fraudulent, or deceptive statement in any document connected with practice under this Act.
- (32) Aiding and abetting an individual not licensed under this Act in the practice of a profession licensed under this Act.
- (33) Violating State or federal laws or regulations relating to controlled substances, legend drugs, or

ephedra as defined in the Ephedra Prohibition Act.

- (34) Failure to report to the Department any adverse final action taken against them by another licensing jurisdiction (any other state or any territory of the United States or any foreign state or country), by any peer review body, by any health care institution, by any professional society or association related to practice under this Act, by any governmental agency, by any law enforcement agency, or by any court for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.
- (35) Failure to report to the Department surrender of a license or authorization to practice as a medical doctor, a doctor of osteopathy, a doctor of osteopathic medicine, or doctor of chiropractic in another state or jurisdiction, or surrender of membership on any medical staff or in any medical or professional association or society, while under disciplinary investigation by any of those authorities or bodies, for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.
- (36) Failure to report to the Department any adverse judgment, settlement, or award arising from a liability claim related to acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.

- 1 (37) Failure to provide copies of medical records as required by law.
 - (38) Failure to furnish the Department, its investigators or representatives, relevant information, legally requested by the Department after consultation with the Chief Medical Coordinator or the Deputy Medical Coordinator.
 - (39) Violating the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
- 10 (40) (Blank).
 - (41) Failure to establish and maintain records of patient care and treatment as required by this law.
 - (42) Entering into an excessive number of written collaborative agreements with licensed advanced practice registered nurses resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate.
 - (43) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a licensed advanced practice registered nurse.
 - (44) Violating the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
 - (45) Entering into an excessive number of written collaborative agreements with licensed prescribing psychologists resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate.
 - (46) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a licensed prescribing psychologist.

- (47) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and required by the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (48) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective Services Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (49) Entering into an excessive number of written collaborative agreements with licensed physician assistants resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate.
 - (50) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a physician assistant.

Except for actions involving the ground numbered (26), all proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary status, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the foregoing grounds, must be commenced within 5 years next after receipt by the Department of a complaint alleging the commission of or notice of the conviction order for any of the acts described herein. Except for the grounds numbered (8), (9), (26), and (29), no action shall be commenced more than 10 years after the date of the incident or act alleged to have violated this

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Section. For actions involving the ground numbered (26), a pattern of practice or other behavior includes all incidents alleged to be part of the pattern of practice or other behavior that occurred, or a report pursuant to Section 23 of this Act received, within the 10-year period preceding the filing of the complaint. In the event of the settlement of any claim or cause of action in favor of the claimant or the reduction to final judgment of any civil action in favor of the plaintiff, such claim, cause of action, or civil action being grounded on the allegation that a person licensed under this Act was negligent in providing care, the Department shall have an additional period of 2 years from the date of notification to the Department under Section 23 of this Act of such settlement or final judgment in which to investigate and commence formal disciplinary proceedings under Section 36 of this Act, except as otherwise provided by law. The time during which the holder of the license was outside the State of Illinois shall not be included within any period of time limiting the commencement of disciplinary action by the Department.

The entry of an order or judgment by any circuit court establishing that any person holding a license under this Act is a person in need of mental treatment operates as a suspension of that license. That person may resume his or her practice only upon the entry of a Departmental order based upon a finding by the Medical Board that the person has been determined to be recovered from mental illness by the court

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and upon the Medical Board's recommendation that the person be permitted to resume his or her practice.

The Department may refuse to issue or take disciplinary action concerning the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

The Department, upon the recommendation of the Medical Board, shall adopt rules which set forth standards to be used in determining:

- (a) when a person will be deemed sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust;
- (b) what constitutes dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public;
- (c) what constitutes immoral conduct in the commission of any act, including, but not limited to, commission of an act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice; and
- 23 (d) what constitutes gross negligence in the practice of medicine.

However, no such rule shall be admissible into evidence in any civil action except for review of a licensing or other

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disciplinary action under this Act.

In enforcing this Section, the Medical Board, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual who is licensed to practice under this Act or holds a permit to practice under this Act, or any individual who has applied for licensure or a permit pursuant to this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both, which may include a substance abuse or sexual offender evaluation, as required by the Medical Board and at the expense of the Department. The Medical Board shall specifically designate the examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in providing the mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both. The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, licensed chiropractic physicians, licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed clinical professional counselors, and other professional and administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to submit to an examination and evaluation pursuant to this Section to submit to any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but not limited to, blood testing,

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urinalysis, psychological testing, or neuropsychological testing. The Medical Board or the Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the Department or the Medical Board any and all records, including business records, that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any supplemental testing performed. The Medical Board or the Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to present testimony concerning this examination and evaluation of the licensee, permit holder, or applicant, including testimony concerning any supplemental testing or documents relating to the examination and evaluation. No information, report, record, or other documents in any way related to the examination and evaluation shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communication between the licensee, permit holder, applicant and the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the licensee, permit holder, or applicant ordered to undergo an evaluation and examination for the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide information, reports, records, or other documents or to provide testimony regarding the examination and evaluation. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination. Failure of any individual to

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submit to mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension, without hearing, until such time as the individual submits to the examination. If the Medical Board finds a physician unable to practice following an examination and evaluation because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Medical Board shall require such physician to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians, or other health care professionals, approved or designated by the Medical Board, as a condition for issued, continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice. Any physician, whose license was granted pursuant to Section 9, 17, or 19 of this Act, or, continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined, or supervised, subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions who shall fail to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, or to complete a required program of care, counseling, or treatment, as determined by the Chief Medical Coordinator or Deputy Medical Coordinators, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the licensee shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Medical Board. instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a license under this Section, a hearing upon such person's license must be convened by the Medical Board within 15 days after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Medical Board shall have the authority to review the subject physician's record of treatment and counseling

regarding the impairment, to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act, affected under this Section, shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Medical Board that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

The Medical Board, in determining mental capacity of an individual licensed under this Act, shall consider the latest recommendations of the Federation of State Medical Boards.

The Department may promulgate rules for the imposition of fines in disciplinary cases, not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation of this Act. Fines may be imposed in conjunction with other forms of disciplinary action, but shall not be the exclusive disposition of any disciplinary action arising out of conduct resulting in death or injury to a patient. Any funds collected from such fines shall be deposited in the Illinois State Medical Disciplinary Fund.

All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing the fine.

(B) The Department shall revoke the license or permit issued under this Act to practice medicine or a chiropractic physician who has been convicted a second time of committing

- any felony under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or who has been convicted a second time of committing a Class 1 felony under Sections 8A-3 and 8A-6 of the Illinois Public Aid Code. A person whose license or permit is revoked under this subsection B shall be prohibited from practicing medicine or treating human ailments without the use of drugs and without operative surgery.
 - (C) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the license or permit issued under this Act to practice medicine to a physician:
 - (1) based solely upon the recommendation of the physician to an eligible patient regarding, or prescription for, or treatment with, an investigational drug, biological product, or device;
 - (2) for experimental treatment for Lyme disease or other tick-borne diseases, including, but not limited to, the prescription of or treatment with long-term antibiotics;
 - (3) based solely upon the physician providing, authorizing, recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, or otherwise participating in any health care service, so long as the care was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of whether the patient was

a resident of this State or another state; or

- (4) based upon the physician's license being revoked or suspended, or the physician being otherwise disciplined by any other state, if that revocation, suspension, or other form of discipline was based solely on the physician violating another state's laws prohibiting the provision of, authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health care service if that health care service as provided would not have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with the standards of conduct for the physician if it occurred in Illinois.
- 13 (D) (Blank).
 - (E) The conduct specified in subsection (C) shall not trigger reporting requirements under Section 23, constitute grounds for suspension under Section 25, or be included on the physician's profile required under Section 10 of the Patients' Right to Know Act.
 - (F) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or authorization pursuant to this Act and who has been subject to disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the basis of having provided, authorized, recommended, aided, assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health care shall not be denied such licensure, certification, or authorization, unless the Department determines that the

- 1 action would have constituted professional misconduct in this
- 2 State; however, nothing in this Section shall be construed as
- 3 prohibiting the Department from evaluating the conduct of the
- 4 applicant and making a determination regarding the licensure,
- 5 certification, or authorization to practice a profession under
- 6 this Act.
- 7 (G) The Department may adopt rules to implement the
- 8 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
- 9 Assembly.
- 10 (H) Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary,
- 11 a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea, or plea
- of no contest entered after the effective date of this
- amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the
- offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the
- 15 Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section
- 16 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying
- offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically
- 18 revoked when the Department is notified that the individual
- 19 has been found guilty or has pled guilty or no contest. The
- 20 individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only
- 21 upon the reversal of the criminal conviction.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 102-20, eff. 1-1-22; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
- 23 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-442, eff.
- 24 1-1-24.
- 25 Section 35. The Nurse Practice Act is amended by changing

1 Sections 50-35 and 70-5 as follows:

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(225 ILCS 65/50-35) (was 225 ILCS 65/5-23)
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          (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)
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          Sec. 50-35. Criminal history records background check.
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      Each applicant for licensure by examination or restoration
      shall have his or her fingerprints submitted to the Illinois
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      State Police in an electronic format that complies with the
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      form and manner for requesting and furnishing criminal history
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      record information as prescribed by the Illinois State Police.
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      These fingerprints shall be checked prior to the Department
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      issuing or renewing a license against the Illinois State
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      Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history
      record databases now and hereafter filed. The Illinois State
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      Police shall charge applicants a fee for conducting the
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      criminal history records check, which shall be deposited into
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      the State Police Services Fund and shall not exceed the actual
      cost of the records check. The Illinois State Police shall
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      furnish, pursuant to positive identification, records of
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      Illinois convictions to the Department. The Department may
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      require applicants to pay a separate fingerprinting fee,
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      either to the Department or to a vendor. The Department, in its
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      discretion, may allow an applicant
                                             who does
                                                        not have
      reasonable access to a designated vendor to provide his or her
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      fingerprints in an alternative manner. The Department may
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      adopt any rules necessary to implement this Section.
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- 1 (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 2 (225 ILCS 65/70-5) (was 225 ILCS 65/10-45)
- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)
- 4 Sec. 70-5. Grounds for disciplinary action.
 - (a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may deem appropriate, including fines not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, with regard to a license for any one or combination of the causes set forth in subsection (b) below. All fines collected under this Section shall be deposited in the Nursing Dedicated and Professional Fund.
 - (b) Grounds for disciplinary action include the following:
 - (1) Material deception in furnishing information to the Department.
 - (2) Material violations of any provision of this Act or violation of the rules of or final administrative action of the Secretary, after consideration of the recommendation of the Board.
 - (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States: (i)

-	that	is a	a felony;	or	(ii)	tha	t is	а	misc	deme	anor,	an
2	essen	tial	element	of	which	is	disho	nes	sty,	or	that	is
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- (4) A pattern of practice or other behavior which demonstrates incapacity or incompetency to practice under this Act.
- (5) Knowingly aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or rules.
- (6) Failing, within 90 days, to provide a response to a request for information in response to a written request made by the Department by certified or registered mail or by email to the email address of record.
- (7) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public, as defined by rule.
- (8) Unlawful taking, theft, selling, distributing, or manufacturing of any drug, narcotic, or prescription device.
- (9) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that could result in a licensee's inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (10) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Section.

- (11) A finding that the licensee, after having her or his license placed on probationary status or subject to conditions or restrictions, has violated the terms of probation or failed to comply with such terms or conditions.
- (12) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services and under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (13) Willful omission to file or record, or willfully impeding the filing or recording or inducing another person to omit to file or record medical reports as required by law.
- (13.5) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (14) Gross negligence in the practice of practical, professional, or advanced practice registered nursing.
- (15) Holding oneself out to be practicing nursing under any name other than one's own.
- (16) Failure of a licensee to report to the Department any adverse final action taken against him or her by another licensing jurisdiction of the United States or any

foreign state or country, any peer review body, any health care institution, any professional or nursing society or association, any governmental agency, any law enforcement agency, or any court or a nursing liability claim related to acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.

- (17) Failure of a licensee to report to the Department surrender by the licensee of a license or authorization to practice nursing or advanced practice registered nursing in another state or jurisdiction or current surrender by the licensee of membership on any nursing staff or in any nursing or advanced practice registered nursing or professional association or society while under disciplinary investigation by any of those authorities or bodies for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for action as defined by this Section.
- (18) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department.
- (19) Failure to establish and maintain records of patient care and treatment as required by law.
- (20) Fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in applying for or procuring a license under this Act or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.
- (21) Allowing another person or organization to use the licensee's license to deceive the public.

(22) Willfully making or filing false records o
reports in the licensee's practice, including, but no
limited to, false records to support claims against th
medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcar
and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid
under the Illinois Public Aid Code.

- (23) Attempting to subvert or cheat on a licensing examination administered under this Act.
- (24) Immoral conduct in the commission of an act, including, but not limited to, sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual exploitation, related to the licensee's practice.
- (25) Willfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between nurse and patient except as required by law.
- (26) Practicing under a false or assumed name, except as provided by law.
- (27) The use of any false, fraudulent, or deceptive statement in any document connected with the licensee's practice.
- (28) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from a person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association a fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for professional services not actually or personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (28) affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment

arrangements among health care professionals, health facilities, health care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this paragraph (28) shall be construed to require an employment arrangement to receive professional fees for services rendered.

- (29) A violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.
- (30) Physical illness, mental illness, or disability that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (31) Exceeding the terms of a collaborative agreement or the prescriptive authority delegated to a licensee by his or her collaborating physician or podiatric physician in guidelines established under a written collaborative agreement.
- (32) Making a false or misleading statement regarding a licensee's skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine, treatment, or remedy prescribed by him or her in the course of treatment.
- (33) Prescribing, selling, administering, distributing, giving, or self-administering a drug

_	classified as a controlled substance (designated product)
2	or narcotic for other than medically accepted therapeutic
3	purposes.

- (34) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, appliances, or goods provided for a patient in a manner to exploit the patient for financial gain.
- (35) Violating State or federal laws, rules, or regulations relating to controlled substances.
- (36) Willfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between an advanced practice registered nurse, collaborating physician, dentist, or podiatric physician and a patient, except as required by law.
- (37) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and required by the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (38) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by the Department on Aging and under the Adult Protective Services Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (39) A violation of any provision of this Act or any rules adopted under this Act.
- (40) Violating the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

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(b-5) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily suspend, place on probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the license or permit issued under this Act to practice as a registered nurse or an advanced practice registered nurse based solely upon the registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse providing, authorizing, recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, or otherwise participating in any health care service, so long as the care was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of whether the patient was a resident of this State or another state.

(b-10) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the license or permit issued under this Act to practice as a registered nurse or an advanced practice registered nurse based upon the registered nurse's or advanced practice registered nurse's license being revoked suspended, or the registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse being otherwise disciplined by any other state, if that revocation, suspension, or other form of discipline was based solely on the registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse violating another state's prohibiting the provision of, authorization recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, referring for, or

participation in any health care service if that health care service as provided would not have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with the standards of conduct for the registered nurse or advanced practice registered nurse practicing in Illinois.

(b-15) The conduct specified in subsections (b-5) and (b-10) shall not trigger reporting requirements under Section 65-65 or constitute grounds for suspension under Section 70-60.

(b-20) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or authorization under this Act who has been subject to disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the basis of having provided, authorized, recommended, aided, assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health care shall not be denied such licensure, certification, or authorization, unless the Department determines that such action would have constituted professional misconduct in this State; however, nothing in this Section shall be construed as prohibiting the Department from evaluating the conduct of such applicant and making a determination regarding the licensure, certification, or authorization to practice a profession under this Act.

(c) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities

- Code, as amended, operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and issues an order so finding and discharging the patient; and upon the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.
 - (d) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend or otherwise discipline the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.
 - (e) In enforcing this Act, the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel an individual licensed to practice under this Act or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The Department may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. The examining physicians shall be specifically designated by the Department. The individual to

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be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another

physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of

this examination. Failure of an individual to submit to a

mental or physical examination, when directed, shall result in

an automatic suspension without hearing.

All substance-related violations shall mandate an automatic substance abuse assessment. Failure to submit to an assessment by a licensed physician who is certified as an addictionist or an advanced practice registered nurse with specialty certification in addictions may be grounds for an automatic suspension, as defined by rule.

If the Department finds an individual unable to practice or unfit for duty because of the reasons set forth in this subsection (e), the Department may require that individual to submit to a substance abuse evaluation or treatment by individuals or programs approved or designated by the a condition, term, or Department, as restriction for continued, restored, or renewed licensure to practice; or, in lieu of evaluation or treatment, the Department may file, or the Board may recommend to the Department to file, a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose license was granted, continued, restored, renewed, disciplined, supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual shall have his or

2 her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the

3 Department.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license under this subsection (e), a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 15 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to review the subject individual's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act and affected under this subsection (e) shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department that he or she can resume practice in compliance with nursing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

- (f) The Department may adopt rules to implement the changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.
- 21 (g) Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary,
 22 a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea, or plea
 23 of no contest entered after the effective date of this
 24 amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the
 25 offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the
 26 Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section

- 1 <u>16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying</u>
- offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically
- 3 revoked when the Department is notified that the individual
- 4 has been found quilty or has pled quilty or no contest. The
- 5 individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only
- 6 upon the reversal of the criminal conviction.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
- 8 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)
- 9 Section 40. The Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987
- is amended by changing Section 24 and by adding Section 12.3 as
- 11 follows:
- 12 (225 ILCS 80/12.3 new)
- 13 Sec. 12.3. Criminal history. Any Department process under
- 14 statute or rule used to verify the criminal history of an
- applicant for licensure under this Act shall be used for all
- applicants for licensure, applicants for renewal of a license,
- 17 or persons whose conviction of a crime or other behavior
- 18 warrants review of a license under this Act.
- 19 (225 ILCS 80/24) (from Ch. 111, par. 3924)
- 20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)
- 21 Sec. 24. Grounds for disciplinary action.
- 22 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may
- 23 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand or take other

- disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may
 deem appropriate, including fines not to exceed \$10,000 for
 each violation, with regard to any license for any one or
 combination of the causes set forth in subsection (a-3) of
 this Section. All fines collected under this Section shall be
 deposited in the Optometric Licensing and Disciplinary Board
 Fund. Any fine imposed shall be payable within 60 days after
 the effective date of the order imposing the fine.
- 9 (a-3) Grounds for disciplinary action include the 10 following:
 - (1) Violations of this Act, or of the rules promulgated hereunder.
 - (2) Conviction of or entry of a plea of guilty to any crime under the laws of any U.S. jurisdiction thereof that is a felony or that is a misdemeanor of which an essential element is dishonesty, or any crime that is directly related to the practice of the profession.
 - (3) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining a license.
 - (4) Professional incompetence or gross negligence in the practice of optometry.
 - (5) Gross malpractice, prima facie evidence of which may be a conviction or judgment of malpractice in any court of competent jurisdiction.
 - (6) Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or rules.

(7) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in
response to a written request made by the Department that
has been sent by certified or registered mail to the
licensee's last known address.

- (8) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
- (9) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants or any other chemical agent or drug that results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (10) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth herein.
- (11) Violation of the prohibition against fee splitting in Section 24.2 of this Act.
- (12) A finding by the Department that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on probationary status has violated the terms of probation.
 - (13) Abandonment of a patient.
- (14) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice, including but not limited to false records filed with State agencies or departments.
- (15) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse or neglect as required by law.

- (16) Physical illness, including but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill, mental illness, or disability that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
 - (17) Solicitation of professional services other than permitted advertising.
 - (18) Failure to provide a patient with a copy of his or her record or prescription in accordance with federal law.
 - (19) Conviction by any court of competent jurisdiction, either within or without this State, of any violation of any law governing the practice of optometry, conviction in this or another State of any crime that is a felony under the laws of this State or conviction of a felony in a federal court, if the Department determines, after investigation, that such person has not been sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust.
 - (20) A finding that licensure has been applied for or obtained by fraudulent means.
 - (21) Continued practice by a person knowingly having an infectious or contagious disease.
 - (22) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or a

- neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected
 Child Reporting Act.
 - (23) Practicing or attempting to practice under a name other than the full name as shown on his or her license.
 - (24) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, such as sexual abuse, sexual misconduct or sexual exploitation, related to the licensee's practice.
 - (25) Maintaining a professional relationship with any person, firm, or corporation when the optometrist knows, or should know, that such person, firm, or corporation is violating this Act.
 - (26) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, appliances or goods provided for a client or patient in such manner as to exploit the patient or client for financial gain of the licensee.
 - (27) Using the title "Doctor" or its abbreviation without further qualifying that title or abbreviation with the word "optometry" or "optometrist".
 - (28) Use by a licensed optometrist of the word "infirmary", "hospital", "school", "university", in English or any other language, in connection with the place where optometry may be practiced or demonstrated unless the licensee is employed by and practicing at a location that is licensed as a hospital or accredited as a school or university.
 - (29) Continuance of an optometrist in the employ of

any person, firm or corporation, or as an assistant to any optometrist or optometrists, directly or indirectly, after his or her employer or superior has been found guilty of violating or has been enjoined from violating the laws of the State of Illinois relating to the practice of optometry, when the employer or superior persists in that violation.

- (30) The performance of optometric service in conjunction with a scheme or plan with another person, firm or corporation known to be advertising in a manner contrary to this Act or otherwise violating the laws of the State of Illinois concerning the practice of optometry.
- (31) Failure to provide satisfactory proof of having participated in approved continuing education programs as determined by the Board and approved by the Secretary. Exceptions for extreme hardships are to be defined by the rules of the Department.
- (32) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in the practice of optometry, including, but not limited to false records to support claims against the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (33) Gross and willful overcharging for professional services including filing false statements for collection

of fees for which services are not rendered, including, but not limited to filing false statements for collection of monies for services not rendered from the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code.

- (34) In the absence of good reasons to the contrary, failure to perform a minimum eye examination as required by the rules of the Department.
- 10 (35) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
 11 Act.

The Department shall refuse to issue or shall suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

(a-5) In enforcing this Section, the Board or Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure or certification pursuant to this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The examining physicians or clinical psychologists shall be those specifically designated by the Department. The Board or the

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Department may order the examining physician or clinical psychologist to present testimony concerning this mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician or clinical psychologist. Eye examinations may be provided by a licensed optometrist. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination. Failure of any individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when directed, shall be grounds for suspension of a license until such time as the individual submits to the examination if the Board or Department finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to the examination was without reasonable cause.

If the Board or Department finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Board or Department shall require such individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians or clinical psychologists approved or designated by the Department, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice, or in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Board may recommend to the Department to file a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual, or the Board may

recommend to the Department to file a complaint to suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. Any individual whose license was granted pursuant to this Act, or continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined, or supervised, subject to such conditions, terms, or restrictions, who shall fail to comply with such conditions, terms, or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Board.

(a-10) Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea, or plea of no contest entered after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the Department is notified that the individual has been found quilty or has pled quilty or no contest. The individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only upon the reversal of the criminal conviction.

(b) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no

- 1 longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission
- 2 and issues an order so finding and discharging the patient;
- 3 and upon the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that
- 4 the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 99-43, eff. 1-1-16; 99-909, eff. 1-1-17.)
- 6 Section 45. The Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics
- 7 Practice Act is amended by changing Section 90 and by adding
- 8 Section 45.5 as follows:
- 9 (225 ILCS 84/45.5 new)
- 10 Sec. 45.5. Criminal history. Any Department process under
- 11 statute or rule used to verify the criminal history of an
- 12 applicant for licensure under this Act shall be used for all
- applicants for licensure, applicants for renewal of a license,
- or persons whose conviction of a crime or other behavior
- warrants review of a license under this Act.
- 16 (225 ILCS 84/90)
- 17 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2030)
- 18 Sec. 90. Grounds for discipline.
- 19 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or renew a license,
- or may revoke or suspend a license, or may suspend, place on
- 21 probation, or reprimand a licensee or take other disciplinary
- or non-disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper,
- 23 including, but not limited to, the imposition of fines not to

- exceed \$10,000 for each violation for one or any combination of the following:
 - (1) Making a material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department or the Board.
 - (2) Violations of or negligent or intentional disregard of this Act or its rules.
 - (3) Conviction of, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation under the laws of the United States or any state or that is (i) a felony, or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or any crime that is directly related to the practice of the profession.
 - (4) Making a misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining a license under this Act or in connection with applying for renewal or restoration of a license under this Act.
 - (5) A pattern of practice or other behavior that demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act.
 - (6) Gross negligence under this Act.
 - (7) Aiding or assisting another person in violating a provision of this Act or its rules.
 - (8) Failing to provide information within 60 days in

- 1 response to a written request made by the Department.
 - (9) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct or conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
 - (10) Inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety as a result of habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug.
 - (11) Discipline by another state or territory of the United States, the federal government, or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to one set forth in this Section.
 - (12) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from a person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association a fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for professional services not actually or personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (12) affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment arrangements among health care professionals, health facilities, health care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this

-	paragraph	(12)	shall	be	construed	to	require	an	employment
2	arrangemen	it to	rece	ive	professi	ona	l fees	for	r services
3	rendered.								

- (13) A finding by the Board that the licensee or registrant, after having his or her license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation or failed to comply with such terms.
 - (14) Abandonment of a patient or client.
- (15) Willfully making or filing false records or reports related to the licensee's practice, including, but not limited to, false records filed with federal or State agencies or departments.
- (16) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or self-neglect of an eligible child or adult as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (17) Inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety as a result of a physical illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill, or a mental illness or disability.
- (18) Solicitation of professional services using false or misleading advertising.
- (a-5) Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea,

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or plea of no contest entered after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the Department is notified that the individual has been found quilty or has pled quilty or no contest. The individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only upon the reversal of the criminal conviction.

(b) In enforcing this Section, the Department or Board upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel a licensee or applicant to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The Department or Board may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. The examining physicians shall be specifically designated by the Board or Department. individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when directed, shall be grounds for the immediate suspension of his or her

- 1 license until the individual submits to the examination if the
- 2 Department finds that the refusal to submit to the examination
- 3 was without reasonable cause as defined by rule.
- 4 If the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license
- 5 for his or her failure to submit to a mental or physical
- 6 examination, when directed, a hearing on that person's license
- 7 must be convened by the Department within 15 days after the
- 8 suspension and completed without appreciable delay.
- 9 If the Secretary otherwise suspends a person's license
- 10 pursuant to the results of a compelled mental or physical
- 11 examination, a hearing on that person's license must be
- 12 convened by the Department within 15 days after the suspension
- and completed without appreciable delay. The Department and
- 14 Board shall have the authority to review the subject
- individual's record of treatment and counseling regarding the
- 16 impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal
- 17 statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of
- 18 medical records.
- 19 An individual licensed under this Act and affected under
- 20 this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate
- 21 to the Department or Board that he or she can resume practice
- in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under
- 23 his or her license.
- (c) (Blank).
- 25 (d) If the Department of Healthcare and Family Services
- 26 (formerly Department of Public Aid) has previously determined

- that a licensee or a potential licensee is more than 30 days 1 2 delinquent in the payment of child support and has 3 subsequently certified the delinquency to the Department, the Department may refuse to issue or renew or may revoke or 5 suspend that person's license or may take other disciplinary 6 action against that person based solely upon the certification 7 of delinquency made by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance with subsection (a)(5) of Section 8 9 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 10
- 11 The Department shall refuse to issue or renew a 12 license, or may revoke or suspend a license, for failure to 13 file a return, to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a 14 filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, 15 or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the 16 Department of Revenue, until the requirements of the tax Act 17 are satisfied in accordance with subsection (q) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of 18 the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 19
- Section 50. The Illinois Physical Therapy Act is amended by changing Section 17 and by adding Section 9.5 as follows:

(Source: P.A. 100-872, eff. 8-14-18; 101-269, eff. 8-9-19.)

23 (225 ILCS 90/9.5 new)

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Sec. 9.5. Criminal history records background check. Each

applicant for licensure under this Act, or for renewal 1 2 thereof, shall have his or her fingerprints submitted to the Illinois State Police in an electronic format that complies 3 with the form and manner for requesting and furnishing 4 5 criminal history record information as prescribed by the Illinois State Police. These fingerprints shall be checked 6 against the Illinois State Police and Federal Bureau of 7 Investigation criminal history record databases now and 8 9 hereafter filed. The Illinois State Police shall charge applicants a fee for conducting the criminal history records 10 11 check, which shall be deposited into the State Police Services 12 Fund and shall not exceed the actual cost of the records check. 13 The Illinois State Police shall furnish, pursuant to positive 14 identification, records of Illinois convictions to the Department. The Department may require applicants to pay a 15 separate fingerprinting fee, either to the Department or to a 16 17 vendor. The Department, in its discretion, may allow an 18 19 vendor to provide his or her fingerprints in an alternative 20 manner. The Department may adopt any rules necessary to 21 implement this Section.

- 22 (225 ILCS 90/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 4267)
- 23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- Sec. 17. (1) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand,

- or take other disciplinary action as the Department deems appropriate, including the issuance of fines not to exceed \$5000, with regard to a license for any one or a combination of the following:
 - A. Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department or otherwise making misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in violation of this Act or otherwise in the practice of the profession;
 - B. Violations of this Act, or of the rules or regulations promulgated hereunder;
 - C. Conviction of any crime under the laws of the United States or any state or territory thereof which is a felony or which is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or of any crime which is directly related to the practice of the profession; conviction, as used in this paragraph, shall include a finding or verdict of guilty, an admission of guilt or a plea of nolo contendere;
 - D. Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining licenses, or violating any provision of this Act or the rules promulgated thereunder pertaining to advertising;
 - E. A pattern of practice or other behavior which demonstrates incapacity or incompetency to practice under this Act;
 - F. Aiding or assisting another person in violating any

provision of this Act or Rules;

- G. Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department;
- H. Engaging in dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public. Unprofessional conduct shall include any departure from or the failure to conform to the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing physical therapy practice, in which proceeding actual injury to a patient need not be established;
- I. Unlawful distribution of any drug or narcotic, or unlawful conversion of any drug or narcotic not belonging to the person for such person's own use or benefit or for other than medically accepted therapeutic purposes;
- J. Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug which results in a physical therapist's or physical therapist assistant's inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill or safety;
- K. Revocation or suspension of a license to practice physical therapy as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant or the taking of other disciplinary action by the proper licensing authority of another state, territory or country;
- L. Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association

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any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually or personally rendered. Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits persons holding valid and current licenses under this Act from practicing physical therapy in partnership under a partnership agreement, including a limited liability partnership, a limited liability company, or a corporation under the Professional Service Corporation Act or from pooling, sharing, dividing, or apportioning the fees and monies received by them or by the partnership, company, or corporation in accordance with the partnership agreement policies of the company or professional or the corporation. Nothing in this paragraph (L) affects any fide independent contractor or employment arrangements among health care professionals, facilities, health care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this paragraph (L) shall be construed to require an employment arrangement to receive professional fees for services rendered:

M. A finding by the Board that the licensee after having his or her license placed on probationary status

- 1 has violated the terms of probation;
 - N. Abandonment of a patient;
 - O. Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
 - P. Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected elder abuse or neglect as required by the Elder Abuse Reporting Act;
 - Q. Physical illness, including but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill which results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgement, skill or safety;
 - R. The use of any words (such as physical therapy, physical therapist physiotherapy or physiotherapist), abbreviations, figures or letters with the intention of indicating practice as a licensed physical therapist without a valid license as a physical therapist issued under this Act;
 - S. The use of the term physical therapist assistant, or abbreviations, figures, or letters with the intention of indicating practice as a physical therapist assistant without a valid license as a physical therapist assistant issued under this Act;
 - T. Willfully violating or knowingly assisting in the violation of any law of this State relating to the practice of abortion;

-	U.	Conti	nued	practice	e by	_Z a	person	knowingly	having	an
)	infecti	Lous,	commu	nicable	or	con	tagious	disease;		

- V. Having treated ailments of human beings otherwise than by the practice of physical therapy as defined in this Act, or having treated ailments of human beings as a licensed physical therapist in violation of Section 1.2;
- W. Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
- X. Interpretation of referrals, performance of evaluation procedures, planning or making major modifications of patient programs by a physical therapist assistant;
- Y. Failure by a physical therapist assistant and supervising physical therapist to maintain continued contact, including periodic personal supervision and instruction, to insure safety and welfare of patients;
- Z. Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.
- (1.5) Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea, or plea of no contest entered after the effective date of this

- amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the Department is notified that the individual has been found guilty or has pled guilty or no contest. The individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only upon the reversal of the criminal conviction.
 - (2) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as an automatic suspension. Such suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient; and upon the recommendation of the Board to the Director that the licensee be allowed to resume his practice.
 - (3) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 100-513, eff. 1-1-18; 100-897, eff. 8-16-18.)

- 1 Section 55. The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987
- is amended by changing Section 21 and by adding Section 9.9 as
- 3 follows:
- 4 (225 ILCS 95/9.9 new)
- 5 Sec. 9.9. Criminal history. Any Department process under
- 6 statute or rule used to verify the criminal history of an
- 7 applicant for licensure under this Act shall be used for all
- 8 applicants for licensure, applicants for renewal of a license,
- 9 or persons whose conviction of a crime or other behavior
- 10 warrants review of a license under this Act.
- 11 (225 ILCS 95/21) (from Ch. 111, par. 4621)
- 12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)
- 13 Sec. 21. Grounds for disciplinary action.
- 14 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may
- 15 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other
- 16 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action with regard to any
- 17 license issued under this Act as the Department may deem
- proper, including the issuance of fines not to exceed \$10,000
- 19 for each violation, for any one or combination of the
- 20 following causes:
- 21 (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to
- the Department.
- 23 (2) Violations of this Act, or the rules adopted under

1 this Act.

- (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is: (i) a felony; or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of the profession.
- (4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining licenses.
 - (5) Professional incompetence.
- (6) Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or its rules.
- (7) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department.
- (8) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct, as defined by rule, of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
- (9) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in a physician assistant's inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (10) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for

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discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Section.

- (11) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, association any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually or personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment which include provisions arrangements, may for compensation, health insurance, pension, other or employment benefits, with persons or entities authorized under this Act for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act.
- (12) A finding by the Board that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.
 - (13) Abandonment of a patient.
- (14) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice, including but not limited to false records filed with State agencies or departments.
- (15) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (16) Physical illness, or mental illness or impairment that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety, including, but

not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill.

- (17) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (18) (Blank).
 - (19) Gross negligence resulting in permanent injury or death of a patient.
 - (20) Employment of fraud, deception or any unlawful means in applying for or securing a license as a physician assistant.
 - (21) Exceeding the authority delegated to him or her by his or her collaborating physician in a written collaborative agreement.
 - (22) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, such as sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual exploitation related to the licensee's practice.
- (23) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.
 - (24) Practicing under a false or assumed name, except as provided by law.
 - (25) Making a false or misleading statement regarding

_	his or her skill or the efficacy or value of the medi	cine,
2	treatment, or remedy prescribed by him or her in	the
3	course of treatment	

- (26) Allowing another person to use his or her license to practice.
- (27) Prescribing, selling, administering, distributing, giving, or self-administering a drug classified as a controlled substance for other than medically accepted therapeutic purposes.
- (28) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, appliances, or goods provided for a patient in a manner to exploit the patient for financial gain.
- (29) A pattern of practice or other behavior that demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act.
- (30) Violating State or federal laws or regulations relating to controlled substances or other legend drugs or ephedra as defined in the Ephedra Prohibition Act.
- (31) Exceeding the prescriptive authority delegated by the collaborating physician or violating the written collaborative agreement delegating that authority.
- (32) Practicing without providing to the Department a notice of collaboration or delegation of prescriptive authority.
- (33) Failure to establish and maintain records of patient care and treatment as required by law.

- (34) Attempting to subvert or cheat on the examination of the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants or its successor agency.
 - (35) Willfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between physician assistant and patient, except as required by law.
 - (36) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and required by the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (37) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective Services Act and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (38) Failure to report to the Department an adverse final action taken against him or her by another licensing jurisdiction of the United States or a foreign state or country, a peer review body, a health care institution, a professional society or association, a governmental agency, a law enforcement agency, or a court acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for action under this Section.
 - (39) Failure to provide copies of records of patient care or treatment, except as required by law.

- 1 (40) Entering into an excessive number of written 2 collaborative agreements with licensed physicians 3 resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate.
 - (41) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a collaborating physician.
 - (42) Violating the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
 - (a-5) Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea, or plea of no contest entered after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the Department is notified that the individual has been found quilty or has pled quilty or no contest. The individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only upon the reversal of the criminal conviction.
 - (b) The Department may, without a hearing, refuse to issue or renew or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

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(b-5) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the license or permit issued under this Act to practice as a physician assistant based solely upon the physician assistant providing, authorizing, recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, or otherwise participating in any health care service, so long as the care was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of whether the patient was a resident of this State or another state.

(b-10) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the license or permit issued under this Act to practice as a physician assistant based upon the physician assistant's license being revoked or suspended, or the physician assistant being otherwise disciplined by any other state, if that revocation, suspension, or other form of discipline was based solely on the physician assistant violating another state's laws prohibiting the provision of, authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health care service if that health care service as provided would not have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with the standards of conduct for a physician assistant practicing in Illinois.

1 (b-15) The conduct specified in subsections (b-5) and 2 (b-10) shall not constitute grounds for suspension under 3 Section 22.13.

(b-20) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or authorization pursuant to this Act who has been subject to disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the basis of having provided, authorized, recommended, aided, assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health care shall not be denied such licensure, certification, or authorization, unless the Department determines that such action would have constituted professional misconduct in this State; however, nothing in this Section shall be construed as prohibiting the Department from evaluating the conduct of such applicant and making a determination regarding the licensure, certification, or authorization to practice a profession under this Act.

(c) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and issues an order so finding and discharging the patient, and upon the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.

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(d) In enforcing this Section, the Department upon a showing of a possible violation may compel an individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, which may include a substance abuse or sexual offender evaluation, as required by and at the expense of the Department.

The Department shall specifically designate the examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in providing the mental or physical examination or both. The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice all medicine in of its branches, licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed clinical professional counselors, and other professional and administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to submit to an examination pursuant to this Section to submit to supplemental testing deemed necessary to any additional complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological testing, or neuropsychological testing.

The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the

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1 Department any and all records, including business records,

that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any

3 supplemental testing performed.

The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee applicant. No information, report, record, or other documents in any way related to the examination shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the licensee or applicant ordered to undergo an examination for the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide information, reports, records, or other documents or to provide any testimony regarding the examination and evaluation.

The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. However, that physician shall be present only to observe and may not interfere in any way with the examination.

Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when ordered, shall result in an automatic suspension of his or her license until the individual submits to the examination.

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If the Department finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department may require that individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice; or, in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may file a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose license was granted, continued, reinstated, disciplined, or supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 30 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department shall have the authority to review the subject individual's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act and affected under

- this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.
 - (e) An individual or organization acting in good faith, and not in a willful and wanton manner, in complying with this Section by providing a report or other information to the Board, by assisting in the investigation or preparation of a report or information, by participating in proceedings of the Board, or by serving as a member of the Board, shall not be subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages as a result of such actions.
 - (f) Members of the Board shall be indemnified by the State for any actions occurring within the scope of services on the Board, done in good faith and not willful and wanton in nature. The Attorney General shall defend all such actions unless he or she determines either that there would be a conflict of interest in such representation or that the actions complained of were not in good faith or were willful and wanton.
 - If the Attorney General declines representation, the member has the right to employ counsel of his or her choice, whose fees shall be provided by the State, after approval by the Attorney General, unless there is a determination by a court that the member's actions were not in good faith or were willful and wanton.
- The member must notify the Attorney General within 7 days

- 1 after receipt of notice of the initiation of any action
- 2 involving services of the Board. Failure to so notify the
- 3 Attorney General constitutes an absolute waiver of the right
- 4 to a defense and indemnification.
- 5 The Attorney General shall determine, within 7 days after
- 6 receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to
- 7 represent the member.
- 8 (g) The Department may adopt rules to implement the
- 9 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
- 10 Assembly.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
- 12 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)
- 13 Section 60. The Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987 is
- amended by changing Section 24 and by adding Section 13.5 as
- 15 follows:
- 16 (225 ILCS 100/13.5 new)
- Sec. 13.5. Criminal history. Any Department process under
- 18 statute or rule used to verify the criminal history of an
- 19 applicant for licensure under this Act shall be used for all
- applicants for licensure, applicants for renewal of a license,
- 21 or persons whose conviction of a crime or other behavior
- 22 warrants review of a license under this Act.
- 23 (225 ILCS 100/24) (from Ch. 111, par. 4824)

1 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

Sec. 24. Grounds for disciplinary action. The Department may refuse to issue, may refuse to renew, may refuse to restore, may suspend, or may revoke any license, or may place on probation, reprimand or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, including fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation upon anyone licensed under this Act for any of the following reasons:

- (1) Making a material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department.
 - (2) Violations of this Act, or of the rules adopted under this Act.
 - (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of the profession.
 - (4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining licenses, or violating any provision of this Act or the rules promulgated thereunder pertaining to advertising.

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- 1 (5) Professional incompetence.
- 2 (6) Gross or repeated malpractice or negligence.
- 3 (7) Aiding or assisting another person in violating 4 any provision of this Act or rules.
 - (8) Failing, within 30 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department.
 - (9) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public.
 - (10) Habitual or excessive use of alcohol, narcotics, stimulants or other chemical agent or drug that results in the inability to practice podiatric medicine with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
 - (11) Discipline by another United States jurisdiction if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Section.
 - (12) Violation of the prohibition against fee splitting in Section 24.2 of this Act.
 - (13) A finding by the Board that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.
 - (14) Abandonment of a patient.
 - (15) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice, including but not limited to false records filed with state agencies or departments.

- (16) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Report Act.
 - (17) Physical illness, mental illness, or other impairment, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
 - (18) Solicitation of professional services other than permitted advertising.
 - (19) The determination by a circuit court that a licensed podiatric physician is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as an automatic suspension. Such suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and issues an order so finding and discharging the patient; and upon the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.
 - (20) Holding oneself out to treat human ailments under any name other than his or her own, or the impersonation of any other physician.
 - (21) Revocation or suspension or other action taken with respect to a podiatric medical license in another jurisdiction that would constitute disciplinary action

1 under this Act.

- (22) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, appliances or goods provided for a patient in such manner as to exploit the patient for financial gain of the podiatric physician.
- (23) Gross, willful, and continued overcharging for professional services including filing false statements for collection of fees for those services, including, but not limited to, filing false statement for collection of monies for services not rendered from the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code or other private or public third party payor.
- (24) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (25) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in the practice of podiatric medicine, including, but not limited to, false records to support claims against the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of

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- 1 Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- 2 (26) (Blank).
 - (27) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act including, sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual exploitation, related to the licensee's practice.
 - (28) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.
 - (29) Failure to report to the Department any adverse final action taken against him or her by another licensing jurisdiction of the United States or any foreign state or country, any peer review body, any health care institution, any professional society or association, any governmental agency, any law enforcement agency, or any court for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.
 - (30) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and required by the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (31) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective Services Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused an eligible adult to be abused, neglected, or financially exploited as defined in the Adult Protective Services Act.

Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea, or plea of no contest entered after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the Department is notified that the individual has been found guilty or has pled guilty or no contest. The individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only upon the reversal of the criminal conviction.

The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

Upon receipt of a written communication from the Secretary of Human Services, the Director of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Director of Public Aid), or the Director of Public Health that continuation of practice of a person licensed under this Act constitutes an immediate danger to the public, the Secretary may immediately suspend the license of such person without a hearing. In instances in which the

Secretary immediately suspends a license under this Section, a hearing upon such person's license must be convened by the Board within 15 days after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay, such hearing held to determine whether to recommend to the Secretary that the person's license be revoked, suspended, placed on probationary status or restored, or such person be subject to other disciplinary action. In such hearing, the written communication and any other evidence submitted therewith may be introduced as evidence against such person; provided, however, the person or his counsel shall have the opportunity to discredit or impeach such evidence and submit evidence rebutting the same.

Except for fraud in procuring a license, all proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary status, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the foregoing grounds, must be commenced within 5 years after receipt by the Department of a complaint alleging the commission of or notice of the conviction order for any of the acts described in this Section. Except for the grounds set forth in items (8), (9), (26), and (29) of this Section, no action shall be commenced more than 10 years after the date of the incident or act alleged to have been a violation of this Section. In the event of the settlement of any claim or cause of action in favor of the claimant or the reduction to final judgment of any civil action in favor of the plaintiff, such claim, cause of action,

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or civil action being grounded on the allegation that a person licensed under this Act was negligent in providing care, the Department shall have an additional period of 2 years from the date of notification to the Department under Section 26 of this Act of such settlement or final judgment in which to investigate and commence formal disciplinary proceedings under Section 24 of this Act, except as otherwise provided by law. The time during which the holder of the license was outside the State of Illinois shall not be included within any period of time limiting the commencement of disciplinary action by the Department.

In enforcing this Section, the Department or Board upon a showing of a possible violation may compel an individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The Department or Board may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. The examining physicians shall be specifically designated by the Board or Department. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. Failure

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individual to submit to 1 of an а mental or 2 examination, when directed, shall be grounds for suspension of his or her license until the individual submits to the 3 examination if the Department finds, after notice and hearing, 5 that the refusal to submit to the examination was without 6 reasonable cause.

If the Department or Board finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department or Board may require that individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department or Board, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, restored, or renewed licensure to practice; or, in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may file, or the Board may recommend to the Department to file, a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose license was granted, continued, restored, renewed, disciplined or supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 30

- days after the suspension and completed without appreciable
- delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to
- 3 review the subject individual's record of treatment and
- 4 counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by
- 5 applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the
- 6 confidentiality of medical records.
- 7 An individual licensed under this Act and affected under
- 8 this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate
- 9 to the Department or Board that he or she can resume practice
- in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under
- 11 the provisions of his or her license.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 100-525, eff. 9-22-17.)
- 13 Section 65. The Respiratory Care Practice Act is amended
- by changing Section 95 and by adding Section 55.5 as follows:
- 15 (225 ILCS 106/55.5 new)
- Sec. 55.5. Criminal history. Any Department process under
- 17 statute or rule used to verify the criminal history of an
- 18 applicant for licensure under this Act shall be used for all
- 19 applicants for licensure, applicants for renewal of a license,
- 20 or persons whose conviction of a crime or other behavior
- 21 warrants review of a license under this Act.
- 22 (225 ILCS 106/95)
- 23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)

- 1 Sec. 95. Grounds for discipline.
 - (a) The Department may refuse to issue, renew, or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department considers appropriate, including the issuance of fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, with regard to any license for any one or combination of the following:
 - (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department or to any other State or federal agency.
 - (2) Violations of this Act, or any of the rules adopted under this Act.
 - (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States or any state or territory thereof: (i) that is a felony or (ii) that is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of the profession.
 - (4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining a license.
 - (5) Professional incompetence or negligence in the rendering of respiratory care services.
 - (6) Malpractice.

- 1 (7) Aiding or assisting another person in violating 2 any rules or provisions of this Act.
 - (8) Failing to provide information within 60 days in response to a written request made by the Department.
 - (9) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
 - (10) Violating the rules of professional conduct adopted by the Department.
 - (11) Discipline by another jurisdiction, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Act.
 - (12) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (12) affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment arrangements among health care professionals, health facilities, health care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this paragraph (12) shall be construed to require an employment arrangement to receive professional

- 1 fees for services rendered.
 - (13) A finding that the licensee, after having her or his license placed on probationary status or subject to conditions or restrictions, has violated the terms of probation or failed to comply with such terms or conditions.
 - (14) Abandonment of a patient.
 - (15) Willfully filing false records or reports relating to a licensee's practice including, but not limited to, false records filed with a federal or State agency or department.
 - (16) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
 - (17) Providing respiratory care, other than pursuant to an order.
 - (18) Physical or mental disability including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skills that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
 - (19) Solicitation of professional services by using false or misleading advertising.
 - (20) Failure to file a tax return, or to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax penalty, or interest, as required

by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue or any successor agency or the Internal Revenue Service or any successor agency.

- (21) Irregularities in billing a third party for services rendered or in reporting charges for services not rendered.
- (22) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (23) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in an inability to practice with reasonable skill, judgment, or safety.
- (24) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective Services Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused an adult with disabilities or an older adult to be abused or neglected as defined in the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (25) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or self-neglect of an adult with disabilities or an older

- adult as required by the Adult Protective Services Act.
- 2 (26) Willful omission to file or record, or willfully
 3 impeding the filing or recording, or inducing another
 4 person to omit to file or record medical reports as
 5 required by law or willfully failing to report an instance
 6 of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the
 7 Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
 - (27) Practicing under a false or assumed name, except as provided by law.
 - (28) Willfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between licensee and patient, except as required by law.
 - (29) The use of any false, fraudulent, or deceptive statement in any document connected with the licensee's practice.
 - (a-5) Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, a finding of quilt by a judge or jury, a quilty plea, or plea of no contest entered after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the Department is notified that the individual has been found guilty or has pled guilty or no contest. The individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only

1 upon the reversal of the criminal conviction.

- 2 The determination by a court that a licensee is (b) subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as 3 provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 4 5 Code will result in an automatic suspension of his or her license. The suspension will end upon a finding by a court that 6 7 the licensee is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, the issuance of an order so finding and 8 9 discharging the patient, and the recommendation of the Board 10 to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume his or 11 her practice.
- All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing the fine.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 98-49, eff. 7-1-13; 99-230, eff. 8-3-15.)
- Section 70. The Registered Surgical Assistant and Registered Surgical Technologist Title Protection Act is amended by changing Section 75 and by adding Section 60.5 as follows:
- 21 (225 ILCS 130/60.5 new)
- Sec. 60.5. Criminal history. Any Department process under

 statute or rule used to verify the criminal history of an

 applicant for licensure under this Act shall be used for all

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- 1 applicants for licensure, applicants for renewal of a license,
- 2 or persons whose conviction of a crime or other behavior
- 3 <u>warrants review of a license under this Act.</u>
- 4 (225 ILCS 130/75)
- 5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2029)
- 6 Sec. 75. Grounds for disciplinary action.
 - (a) The Department may refuse to issue, renew, or restore a registration, may revoke or suspend a registration, or may place on probation, reprimand, or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action with regard to a person registered under this Act, including, but not limited to, the imposition of fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation and the assessment of costs as provided for in Section 90, for any one or combination of the following causes:
 - (1) Making a material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department.
 - (2) Violating a provision of this Act or rules adopted under this Act.
 - (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element

- of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of the profession.
 - (4) Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for, renewing, restoring, reinstating, or procuring a registration under this Act.
 - (5) Aiding or assisting another person in violating a provision of this Act or its rules.
 - (6) Failing to provide information within 60 days in response to a written request made by the Department.
 - (7) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public, as defined by rule of the Department.
 - (8) Discipline by another United States jurisdiction, governmental agency, unit of government, or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Section.
 - (9) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from a person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association a fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for professional services not actually or personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (9) affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment arrangements among health care professionals, health facilities, health care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise

prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the registrant's practice under this Act. Nothing in this paragraph (9) shall be construed to require an employment arrangement to receive professional fees for services rendered.

- (10) A finding by the Department that the registrant, after having the registration placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.
- (11) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in the practice, including, but not limited to, false records or reports filed with State agencies.
- (12) Willfully making or signing a false statement, certificate, or affidavit to induce payment.
- (13) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (14) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the registrant has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
 - (15) (Blank).

- (16) Failure to report to the Department (A) any adverse final action taken against the registrant by another registering or licensing jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or any court or (B) liability for conduct that would constitute grounds for action as set forth in this Section.
 - (17) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs defined in law as controlled substances, alcohol, or any other substance that results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
 - (18) Physical or mental illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skills, which results in the inability to practice the profession for which the person is registered with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
 - (19) Gross malpractice.
 - (20) Immoral conduct in the commission of an act related to the registrant's practice, including, but not limited to, sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual exploitation.
- (21) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.
- (a-5) Notwithstanding anything in this Act to the contrary, a finding of guilt by a judge or jury, a guilty plea, or plea of no contest entered after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly of any of the

- offenses listed in subsection (a) or (a-1) of Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act, except for Section 16-25 of the Criminal Code of 2012, is a disqualifying offense, and the individual's license shall be automatically revoked when the Department is notified that the individual has been found quilty or has pled quilty or no contest. The individual may appeal the revocation to the Department only upon the reversal of the criminal conviction.
 - (b) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend without hearing the registration of a person who fails to file a return, to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay a final assessment of the tax, penalty, or interest as required by a tax Act administered by the Department of Revenue, until the requirements of the tax Act are satisfied in accordance with subsection (g) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
 - (b-1) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily suspend, place on probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the license issued under this Act to practice as a registered surgical assistant or registered surgical technologist based solely upon the registered surgical assistant or registered surgical technologist providing, authorizing, recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, or otherwise participating in any health care service, so long

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as the care was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of whether the patient was a resident of this State or another state.

(b-2) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the license issued under this Act to practice as a registered surgical assistant or registered surgical technologist based upon the registered surgical assistant's or registered surgical technologist's license being revoked or suspended, the registered surgical assistant's registered surgical technologist's being otherwise disciplined by any other state, if that revocation, suspension, or other form of discipline was based solely on the registered surgical assistant or registered surgical technologist violating another state's laws prohibiting the provision of, authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health care service if that health care service as provided would not have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with the standards of conduct for the registered surgical assistant or registered surgical technologist practicing in this State.

- (b-3) The conduct specified in subsection (b-1) or (b-2) shall not constitute grounds for suspension under Section 145.
- (b-4) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or authorization pursuant to this Act who has been subject to

disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the basis of having provided, authorized, recommended, aided, assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health care shall not be denied such licensure, certification, or authorization, unless the Department determines that such action would have constituted professional misconduct in this State. Nothing in this Section shall be construed as prohibiting the Department from evaluating the conduct of such applicant and making a determination regarding the licensure, certification, or authorization to practice a profession under this Act.

- (c) The determination by a circuit court that a registrant is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will end only upon (1) a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, (2) issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient, and (3) filing of a petition for restoration demonstrating fitness to practice.
- 22 (d) (Blank).
 - (e) In cases where the Department of Healthcare and Family Services has previously determined a registrant or a potential registrant is more than 30 days delinquent in the payment of child support and has subsequently certified the delinquency

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to the Department, the Department may refuse to issue or renew or may revoke or suspend that person's registration or may take other disciplinary action against that person based solely upon the certification of delinquency made by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance with paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

(f) In enforcing this Section, the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual registered under this Act or any individual who has applied for registration to submit to a mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both, that may include a substance abuse or sexual offender evaluation, at the expense of the Department. The Department shall specifically designate the examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in providing the mental or physical examination and evaluation, The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a or both. physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, licensed chiropractic physicians, licensed clinical psychologists, clinical social workers, licensed professional counselors, and other professional administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the

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multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to submit to an examination and evaluation pursuant to this Section to submit to any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological testing, or neuropsychological testing.

The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the Department any and all records, including business records, that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any supplemental testing performed. The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to present testimony concerning this examination and evaluation of the registrant or applicant, including testimony concerning any supplemental testing or documents relating to the examination and evaluation. No information, report, record, or other documents in any way related to examination and evaluation shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communication between the registrant or applicant and the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the registrant or applicant ordered to undergo an evaluation and examination for the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide information, reports, records, or other

documents or to provide any testimony regarding the
examination and evaluation. The individual to be examined may
have, at the individual's own expense, another physician of
the individual's choice present during all aspects of the
examination.

Failure of any individual to submit to mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension without a hearing until such time as the individual submits to the examination. If the Department finds a registrant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department shall require such registrant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department as a condition for continued, reinstated, or renewed registration.

When the Secretary immediately suspends a registration under this Section, a hearing upon such person's registration must be convened by the Department within 15 days after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department shall have the authority to review the registrant's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

Individuals registered under this Act and affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate

- 1 to the Department that they can resume practice in compliance
- 2 with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions
- 3 of their registration.
- 4 (g) All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid
- 5 within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing
- 6 the fine or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order
- 7 imposing the fine.
- 8 (f) The Department may adopt rules to implement the
- 9 changes made by <u>Public Act 102-1117</u> this amendatory Act of the
- 10 102nd General Assembly.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-387, eff. 1-1-24;
- 12 revised 12-15-23.)
- 13 Section 75. The Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act
- is amended by changing Section 4 as follows:
- 15 (725 ILCS 120/4) (from Ch. 38, par. 1404)
- 16 Sec. 4. Rights of crime victims.
- 17 (a) Crime victims shall have the following rights:
- 18 (1) The right to be treated with fairness and respect
- 19 for their dignity and privacy and to be free from
- 20 harassment, intimidation, and abuse throughout the
- 21 criminal justice process.
- 22 (1.5) The right to notice and to a hearing before a
- court ruling on a request for access to any of the victim's
- 24 records, information, or communications which are

- 1 privileged or confidential by law.
 - (2) The right to timely notification of all court proceedings.
 - (3) The right to communicate with the prosecution.
 - (4) The right to be heard at any post-arraignment court proceeding in which a right of the victim is at issue and any court proceeding involving a post-arraignment release decision, plea, or sentencing.
 - (5) The right to be notified of the conviction, the sentence, the imprisonment and the release of the accused.
 - (6) The right to the timely disposition of the case following the arrest of the accused.
 - (7) The right to be reasonably protected from the accused through the criminal justice process.
 - (7.5) The right to have the safety of the victim and the victim's family considered in determining whether to release the defendant and setting conditions of release after arrest and conviction.
 - (8) The right to be present at the trial and all other court proceedings on the same basis as the accused, unless the victim is to testify and the court determines that the victim's testimony would be materially affected if the victim hears other testimony at the trial.
 - (9) The right to have present at all court proceedings, including proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, subject to the rules of evidence, an

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- 1 advocate and other support person of the victim's choice.
- 2 (10) The right to restitution.
 - (11) The right to file a complaint against the accused with the agency or department that licensed, certified, permitted, or registered the accused if the accused holds a license, certificate, permit, or registration to practice a profession.
 - Any law enforcement agency that investigates an offense committed in this State shall provide a crime victim with a written statement and explanation of the rights of crime victims under this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly within 48 hours of law enforcement's initial contact with a victim. The statement shall include information about crime victim compensation, including how to contact the Office of the Illinois Attorney General to file a claim, appropriate referrals to local and State programs that provide victim services. The content of the statement shall be provided to law enforcement by the Attorney General. Law enforcement shall also provide a crime victim with a sign-off sheet that the victim shall sign and date acknowledgement that he or she has been furnished with information and an explanation of the rights of crime victims and compensation set forth in this Act.
 - (b-5) Upon the request of the victim, the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction shall provide a free copy of the police report concerning the victim's incident, as soon as

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- practicable, but in no event later than 5 business days from the request.
 - (c) The Clerk of the Circuit Court shall post the rights of crime victims set forth in Article I, Section 8.1(a) of the Illinois Constitution and subsection (a) of this Section within 3 feet of the door to any courtroom where criminal proceedings are conducted. The clerk may also post the rights in other locations in the courthouse.
- 9 (d) At any point, the victim has the right to retain a 10 victim's attorney who may be present during all stages of any 11 interview, investigation, or other interaction with 12 representatives of the criminal justice system. Treatment of 13 the victim should not be affected or altered in any way as a result of the victim's decision to exercise this right. 14
- 15 (Source: P.A. 100-1087, eff. 1-1-19; 101-652, eff. 1-1-23.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect 6 months
 after becoming law.

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