

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 HB4977

Introduced 2/8/2024, by Rep. Robyn Gabel

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

305 ILCS 5/5-30.1

Amends the Medical Assistance Article of the Illinois Public Aid Code. Makes changes to provisions requiring Medicaid managed care organizations (MCO) to make payments for emergency services. Requires an MCO to pay any provider of emergency services, including inpatient stabilization services provided during the inpatient stabilization period, that does not have in effect a contract with the MCO. Defines "inpatient stabilization period" to mean the initial 72 hours of inpatient stabilization services, beginning from the date and time of the order for inpatient admission to the hospital. Provides that when determining payment for all emergency services, including inpatient stabilization services provided during the inpatient stabilization period, the MCO shall: (i) not impose any service authorization requirements, including, not limited to, prior authorization, prior approval, pre-certification, concurrent review, or certification of admission; (ii) have no obligation to cover emergency services provided on an emergency basis that are not covered services under the MCO's contract with the Department of Healthcare and Family Services; and (iii) not condition coverage for emergency services on the treating provider notifying the MCO of the enrollee's emergency medical screening examination and treatment within 10 days after presentation for emergency services. Provides that the determination of the attending emergency physician, or the practitioner responsible for the enrollee's care at the hospital, of whether an enrollee requires inpatient stabilization services, can be stabilized in the outpatient setting, or is sufficiently stabilized for discharge or transfer to another facility, shall be binding on the MCO. Provides that an MCO shall not reimburse inpatient stabilization services billed on an inpatient institutional claim under the outpatient reimbursement methodology and shall not reimburse providers for emergency services in cases of fraud. Requires the Department to impose sanctions on a MCO for noncompliance, including, but not limited to, financial penalties, suspension of enrollment of new enrollees, and termination of the MCO's contract with the Department. Effective immediately.

LRB103 37679 KTG 67806 b

1 AN ACT concerning public aid.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Section 5-30.1 as follows:
- 6 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.1)

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- 7 Sec. 5-30.1. Managed care protections.
- 8 (a) As used in this Section:
  - "Managed care organization" or "MCO" means any entity which contracts with the Department to provide services where payment for medical services is made on a capitated basis.
- "Emergency services" means health care items and services,

  including inpatient and outpatient hospital services,

  furnished or required to evaluate and stabilize an emergency

  medical condition. "Emergency services" include inpatient

  stabilization services furnished during the inpatient

  stabilization period. "Emergency services" do not include
- 19 (1) emergency services, as defined by Section 10 of 20 the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act;

post-stabilization medical services. include:

21 (2) emergency medical screening examinations, as
22 defined by Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and
23 Patient Rights Act;

1	(3) post-stabilization medical services, as defined by
2	Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights
3	Act; and
4	(4) emergency medical conditions, as defined by
5	Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights
6	<del>Act.</del>
7	"Emergency medical condition" means a medical condition
8	manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity,
9	regardless of the final diagnosis given, such that a prudent
10	layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and
11	medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate
12	<pre>medical attention to result in:</pre>
13	(1) placing the health of the individual (or, with
14	respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her
15	unborn child) in serious jeopardy;
16	(2) serious impairment to bodily functions;
17	(3) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part;
18	(4) inadequately controlled pain; or
19	(5) with respect to a pregnant woman who is having
20	<pre>contractions:</pre>
21	(A) inadequate time to complete a safe transfer to
22	another hospital before delivery; or
23	(B) a transfer to another hospital may pose a
24	threat to the health or safety of the woman or unborn
25	child.
26	"Emergency medical screening examination" means a medical

screening examination and evaluation by a physician licensed
to practice medicine in all its branches or, to the extent
permitted by applicable laws, by other appropriately licensed
personnel under the supervision of or in collaboration with a
physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches to
determine whether the need for emergency services exists.

"Inpatient stabilization period" means the initial 72 hours of inpatient stabilization services, beginning from the date and time of the order for inpatient admission to the hospital.

"Inpatient stabilization services" mean emergency services furnished in the inpatient setting at a licensed hospital pursuant to an order for inpatient admission by a physician or other qualified practitioner who has admitting privileges at the hospital, as permitted by State law, to stabilize an emergency medical condition following an emergency medical screening examination.

"Post-stabilization medical services" means health care services provided to an enrollee that are furnished in a licensed hospital by a provider that is qualified to furnish such services and determined to be medically necessary and directly related to the emergency medical condition following stabilization.

(b) As provided by Section 5-16.12, managed care organizations are subject to the provisions of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act.

1	(c) An MCO shall pay any provider of emergency services $_{m{L}}$
2	including inpatient stabilization services provided during the
3	inpatient stabilization period, that does not have in effect a
4	contract with the contracted Medicaid MCO. The default rate of
5	reimbursement shall be the rate paid under Illinois Medicaid
6	fee-for-service program methodology, including all policy
7	adjusters, including but not limited to Medicaid High Volume
8	Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage Adjustments, Outpatient High
9	Volume Adjustments, and all outlier add-on adjustments to the
10	extent such adjustments are incorporated in the development of
11	the applicable MCO capitated rates.
12	(d) An MCO shall pay for all post-stabilization services
13	as a covered service in any of the following situations:
14	(1) the MCO authorized such services;
15	(2) such services were administered to maintain the
16	enrollee's stabilized condition within one hour after a
17	request to the MCO for authorization of further
18	<pre>post stabilization services;</pre>
19	(3) the MCO did not respond to a request to authorize
20	such services within one hour;

(5) the MCO and the treating provider, if the treating provider is a non-affiliated provider, could not reach an agreement concerning the enrollee's care and an affiliated provider was unavailable for a consultation, in which case the MCO must pay for such services rendered by the

(4) the MCO could not be contacted; or

treating non-affiliated provider until an affiliated provider was reached and either concurred with the treating non-affiliated provider's plan of care or assumed responsibility for the enrollee's care. Such payment shall be made at the default rate of reimbursement paid under Illinois Medicaid fee for service program methodology, including all policy adjusters, including but not limited to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments and all outlier add on adjustments to the extent that such adjustments are incorporated in the development of the applicable MCO capitated rates.

- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the (e)

  The following requirements apply to MCOs in determining payment for all emergency services, including inpatient stabilization services provided during the inpatient stabilization period:
  - (1) The MCO MCOs shall not impose any service authorization requirements for prior approval of emergency services, including, but not limited to, prior authorization, prior approval, pre-certification, concurrent review, or certification of admission.
  - (2) The MCO shall cover emergency services provided to enrollees who are temporarily away from their residence and outside the contracting area to the extent that the enrollees would be entitled to the emergency services if

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1 they still were within the contracting area.

- (3) The MCO shall have no obligation to cover emergency medical services provided on an emergency basis that are not covered services under the contract.
- (4) The MCO shall not condition coverage for emergency services on the treating provider notifying the MCO of the enrollee's <u>emergency medical</u> screening <u>examination</u> and treatment within 10 days after presentation for emergency services.
- (5) The determination of the attending emergency physician, or the practitioner responsible for the enrollee's care at the hospital, the provider actually treating the enrollee, of whether an enrollee requires inpatient stabilization services, can be stabilized in the outpatient setting, or is sufficiently stabilized for discharge or transfer to another facility, shall be binding on the MCO. The MCO shall cover and reimburse providers for emergency services as billed by the provider for all enrollees whether the emergency services are provided by an affiliated or non-affiliated provider, except in cases of fraud. The MCO shall not reimburse inpatient stabilization services provided during the inpatient stabilization period and billed on an inpatient institutional claim under the outpatient reimbursement methodology.
  - (6) The MCO's financial responsibility for

1	post-stabilization <u>medical</u> care services it has not
2	pre-approved ends when:
3	(A) a plan physician with privileges at the
4	treating hospital assumes responsibility for the
5	enrollee's care;
6	(B) a plan physician assumes responsibility for
7	the enrollee's care through transfer;
8	(C) a contracting entity representative and the
9	treating physician reach an agreement concerning the
10	enrollee's care; or
11	(D) the enrollee is discharged.
12	(e) An MCO shall pay for all post-stabilization medical
13	services as a covered service in any of the following
14	situations:
15	(1) the MCO authorized such services;
16	(2) such services were administered to maintain the
17	enrollee's stabilized condition within one hour after a
18	request to the MCO for authorization of further
19	<pre>post-stabilization services;</pre>
20	(3) the MCO did not respond to a request to authorize
21	such services within one hour;
22	(4) the MCO could not be contacted; or
23	(5) the MCO and the treating provider, if the treating
24	provider is a non-affiliated provider, could not reach an
25	agreement concerning the enrollee's care and an affiliated
26	provider was unavailable for a consultation, in which case

the MCO must pay for such services rendered by the
treating non-affiliated provider until an affiliated
provider was reached and either concurred with the
treating non-affiliated provider's plan of care or assumed
responsibility for the enrollee's care. Such payment shall
be made at the default rate of reimbursement paid under
the State's Medicaid fee-for-service program methodology,
including all policy adjusters, including, but not limited
to, Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage
Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments, and all
outlier add-on adjustments to the extent that such
adjustments are incorporated in the development of the
applicable MCO capitated rates.

- (f) Network adequacy and transparency.
  - (1) The Department shall:
  - (A) ensure that an adequate provider network is in place, taking into consideration health professional shortage areas and medically underserved areas;
  - (B) publicly release an explanation of its process for analyzing network adequacy;
  - (C) periodically ensure that an MCO continues to have an adequate network in place;
  - (D) require MCOs, including Medicaid Managed Care Entities as defined in Section 5-30.2, to meet provider directory requirements under Section 5-30.3;
    - (E) require MCOs to ensure that any

Medicaid-certified provider under contract with an MCO and previously submitted on a roster on the date of service is paid for any medically necessary, Medicaid-covered, and authorized service rendered to any of the MCO's enrollees, regardless of inclusion on the MCO's published and publicly available directory of available providers; and

- (F) require MCOs, including Medicaid Managed Care Entities as defined in Section 5-30.2, to meet each of the requirements under subsection (d-5) of Section 10 of the Network Adequacy and Transparency Act; with necessary exceptions to the MCO's network to ensure that admission and treatment with a provider or at a treatment facility in accordance with the network adequacy standards in paragraph (3) of subsection (d-5) of Section 10 of the Network Adequacy and Transparency Act is limited to providers or facilities that are Medicaid certified.
- (2) Each MCO shall confirm its receipt of information submitted specific to physician or dentist additions or physician or dentist deletions from the MCO's provider network within 3 days after receiving all required information from contracted physicians or dentists, and electronic physician and dental directories must be updated consistent with current rules as published by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or its

1	successor	agency.

- (g) Timely payment of claims.
- (1) The MCO shall pay a claim within 30 days of receiving a claim that contains all the essential information needed to adjudicate the claim.
- (2) The MCO shall notify the billing party of its inability to adjudicate a claim within 30 days of receiving that claim.
- (3) The MCO shall pay a penalty that is at least equal to the timely payment interest penalty imposed under Section 368a of the Illinois Insurance Code for any claims not timely paid.
  - (A) When an MCO is required to pay a timely payment interest penalty to a provider, the MCO must calculate and pay the timely payment interest penalty that is due to the provider within 30 days after the payment of the claim. In no event shall a provider be required to request or apply for payment of any owed timely payment interest penalties.
  - (B) Such payments shall be reported separately from the claim payment for services rendered to the MCO's enrollee and clearly identified as interest payments.
- (4) (A) The Department shall require MCOs to expedite payments to providers identified on the Department's expedited provider list, determined in accordance with 89

- Ill. Adm. Code 140.71(b), on a schedule at least as frequently as the providers are paid under the Department's fee-for-service expedited provider schedule.
  - (B) Compliance with the expedited provider requirement may be satisfied by an MCO through the use of a Periodic Interim Payment (PIP) program that has been mutually agreed to and documented between the MCO and the provider, if the PIP program ensures that any expedited provider receives regular and periodic payments based on prior period payment experience from that MCO. Total payments under the PIP program may be reconciled against future PIP payments on a schedule mutually agreed to between the MCO and the provider.
  - (C) The Department shall share at least monthly its expedited provider list and the frequency with which it pays providers on the expedited list.
  - (g-5) Recognizing that the rapid transformation of the Illinois Medicaid program may have unintended operational challenges for both payers and providers:
    - (1) in no instance shall a medically necessary covered service rendered in good faith, based upon eligibility information documented by the provider, be denied coverage or diminished in payment amount if the eligibility or coverage information available at the time the service was rendered is later found to be inaccurate in the assignment of coverage responsibility between MCOs or the

fee-for-service system, except for instances when an individual is deemed to have not been eligible for coverage under the Illinois Medicaid program; and

- (2) the Department shall, by December 31, 2016, adopt rules establishing policies that shall be included in the Medicaid managed care policy and procedures manual addressing payment resolutions in situations in which a provider renders services based upon information obtained after verifying a patient's eligibility and coverage plan through either the Department's current enrollment system or a system operated by the coverage plan identified by the patient presenting for services:
  - (A) such medically necessary covered services shall be considered rendered in good faith;
  - (B) such policies and procedures shall be developed in consultation with industry representatives of the Medicaid managed care health plans and representatives of provider associations representing the majority of providers within the identified provider industry; and
  - (C) such rules shall be published for a review and comment period of no less than 30 days on the Department's website with final rules remaining available on the Department's website.

The rules on payment resolutions shall include, but not be limited to:

1	(A) the extension of the timely filing period;
2	(B) retroactive prior authorizations; and
3	(C) guaranteed minimum payment rate of no less
4	than the current, as of the date of service,
5	fee-for-service rate, plus all applicable add-ons,
6	when the resulting service relationship is out of
7	network.
8	The rules shall be applicable for both MCO coverage
9	and fee-for-service coverage.
10	If the fee-for-service system is ultimately determined to
11	have been responsible for coverage on the date of service, the
12	Department shall provide for an extended period for claims
13	submission outside the standard timely filing requirements.
14	(g-6) MCO Performance Metrics Report.
15	(1) The Department shall publish, on at least a
16	quarterly basis, each MCO's operational performance,
17	including, but not limited to, the following categories of
18	metrics:
19	(A) claims payment, including timeliness and
20	accuracy;
21	(B) prior authorizations;
22	(C) grievance and appeals;
23	(D) utilization statistics;
24	(E) provider disputes;
25	(F) provider credentialing; and
26	(G) member and provider customer service.

- 1 (2) The Department shall ensure that the metrics 2 report is accessible to providers online by January 1, 3 2017.
  - (3) The metrics shall be developed in consultation with industry representatives of the Medicaid managed care health plans and representatives of associations representing the majority of providers within the identified industry.
  - (4) Metrics shall be defined and incorporated into the applicable Managed Care Policy Manual issued by the Department.
  - (g-7) MCO claims processing and performance analysis. In order to monitor MCO payments to hospital providers, pursuant to Public Act 100-580, the Department shall post an analysis of MCO claims processing and payment performance on its website every 6 months. Such analysis shall include a review and evaluation of a representative sample of hospital claims that are rejected and denied for clean and unclean claims and the top 5 reasons for such actions and timeliness of claims adjudication, which identifies the percentage of claims adjudicated within 30, 60, 90, and over 90 days, and the dollar amounts associated with those claims.
  - (g-8) Dispute resolution process. The Department shall maintain a provider complaint portal through which a provider can submit to the Department unresolved disputes with an MCO. An unresolved dispute means an MCO's decision that denies in

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whole or in part a claim for reimbursement to a provider for health care services rendered by the provider to an enrollee of the MCO with which the provider disagrees. Disputes shall not be submitted to the portal until the provider has availed itself of the MCO's internal dispute resolution process. Disputes that are submitted to the MCO internal dispute resolution process may be submitted to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services' complaint portal no sooner than 30 days after submitting to the MCO's internal process and not later than 30 days after the unsatisfactory resolution of the internal MCO process or 60 days after submitting the dispute to the MCO internal process. Multiple claim disputes involving the same MCO may be submitted in one complaint, regardless of whether the claims are for different enrollees, when the specific reason for non-payment of the claims involves a common question of fact or policy. Within 10 business days of receipt of a complaint, the Department shall present such disputes to the appropriate MCO, which shall then have 30 days to issue its written proposal to resolve the dispute. The Department may grant one 30-day extension of this time frame to one of the parties to resolve the dispute. If the dispute remains unresolved at the end of this time frame or the provider is not satisfied with the MCO's written proposal to resolve the dispute, the provider may, within 30 days, request the Department to review the dispute and make a final determination. Within 30 days of the request for Department

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review of the dispute, both the provider and the MCO shall 1 2 present all relevant information to the Department for resolution and make individuals with knowledge of the issues 3 available to the Department for further inquiry if needed. 5 Within 30 days of receiving the relevant information on the dispute, or the lapse of the period for submitting such 6 7 information, the Department shall issue a written decision on 8 the dispute based on contractual terms between the provider 9 and the MCO, contractual terms between the MCO and the 10 Department of Healthcare and Family Services and applicable 11 Medicaid policy. The decision of the Department shall be 12 final. By January 1, 2020, the Department shall establish by 13 rule further details of this dispute resolution process. 14 Disputes between MCOs and providers presented to 15 Department for resolution are not contested cases, as defined 16 in Section 1-30 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, 17 conferring any right to an administrative hearing.

- (g-9)(1) The Department shall publish annually on its website a report on the calculation of each managed care organization's medical loss ratio showing the following:
- 21 (A) Premium revenue, with appropriate adjustments.
- 22 (B) Benefit expense, setting forth the aggregate 23 amount spent for the following:
- 24 (i) Direct paid claims.
- 25 (ii) Subcapitation payments.
- 26 (iii) Other claim payments.

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1 (iv) Direct reserves
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- 2 (v) Gross recoveries.
- 3 (vi) Expenses for activities that improve health 4 care quality as allowed by the Department.
- 5 (2) The medical loss ratio shall be calculated consistent 6 with federal law and regulation following a claims runout 7 period determined by the Department.
  - (g-10)(1) "Liability effective date" means the date on which an MCO becomes responsible for payment for medically necessary and covered services rendered by a provider to one of its enrollees in accordance with the contract terms between the MCO and the provider. The liability effective date shall be the later of:
  - (A) The execution date of a network participation contract agreement.
    - (B) The date the provider or its representative submits to the MCO the complete and accurate standardized roster form for the provider in the format approved by the Department.
    - (C) The provider effective date contained within the Department's provider enrollment subsystem within the Illinois Medicaid Program Advanced Cloud Technology (IMPACT) System.
- 24 (2) The standardized roster form may be submitted to the 25 MCO at the same time that the provider submits an enrollment 26 application to the Department through IMPACT.

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- (3) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall require all MCOs to update their provider directory with information for new practitioners of existing contracted providers within 30 days of receipt of a complete and accurate standardized roster template in the format approved by the Department provided that the provider is effective in the Department's provider enrollment subsystem within the IMPACT system. Such provider directory shall be readily accessible for purposes of selecting an approved health care provider and comply with all other federal and State requirements.
- (q-11)The Department shall work with relevant stakeholders on the development of operational guidelines to enhance and improve operational performance of Illinois' Medicaid managed care program, including, but not limited to, improving provider billing practices, reducing rejections and inappropriate payment denials, and standardizing processes, procedures, definitions, and response timelines, with the goal of reducing provider and MCO administrative burdens and conflict. The Department shall include a report on the progress of these program improvements and other topics in its Fiscal Year 2020 annual report to the General Assembly.
  - (g-12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the Department or an MCO requires submission of a claim for payment in a non-electronic format, a provider shall always be afforded a period of no less than 90 business days, as a

1 correction period, following any notification of rejection by 2 either the Department or the MCO to correct errors or 3 omissions in the original submission.

Under no circumstances, either by an MCO or under the State's fee-for-service system, shall a provider be denied payment for failure to comply with any timely submission requirements under this Code or under any existing contract, unless the non-electronic format claim submission occurs after the initial 180 days following the latest date of service on the claim, or after the 90 business days correction period following notification to the provider of rejection or denial of payment.

- (h) The Department shall not expand mandatory MCO enrollment into new counties beyond those counties already designated by the Department as of June 1, 2014 for the individuals whose eligibility for medical assistance is not the seniors or people with disabilities population until the Department provides an opportunity for accountable care entities and MCOs to participate in such newly designated counties.
- (h-5) Leading indicator data sharing. By January 1, 2024, the Department shall obtain input from the Department of Human Services, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Children and Family Services, the State Board of Education, managed care organizations, providers, and clinical experts to identify and analyze key indicators from assessments and data

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sets available to the Department that can be shared with managed care organizations and similar care coordination entities contracted with the Department as leading indicators for elevated behavioral health crisis risk for children. To the extent permitted by State and federal law, the identified leading indicators shall be shared with managed organizations similar care coordination entities and contracted with the Department within 6 months identification for the purpose of improving care coordination with the early detection of elevated risk. Leading indicators shall be reassessed annually with stakeholder input.

- (i) The requirements of this Section apply to contracts with accountable care entities and MCOs entered into, amended, or renewed after June 16, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-651).
- 16 (i) Health care information released to managed care 17 organizations. A health care provider shall release to a Medicaid managed care organization, upon request, and subject 18 to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 19 20 1996 and any other law applicable to the release of health information, the health care information of the 21 MCO's 22 enrollee, if the enrollee has completed and signed a general 23 release form that grants to the health care provider permission to release the recipient's health care information 24 25 to the recipient's insurance carrier.
  - (k) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services,

- 1 managed care organizations, a statewide organization
- 2 representing hospitals, and a statewide organization
- 3 representing safety-net hospitals shall explore ways to
- 4 support billing departments in safety-net hospitals.
- 5 (1) The requirements of this Section added by Public Act
- 6 102-4 shall apply to services provided on or after the first
- day of the month that begins 60 days after April 27, 2021 (the
- 8 effective date of Public Act 102-4).
- 9 (m) The Department shall impose sanctions on a managed
- 10 care organization for violating any provision under this
- 11 Section, including, but not limited to, financial penalties,
- 12 suspension of enrollment of new enrollees, and termination of
- the MCO's contract with the Department.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 102-4, eff. 4-27-21; 102-43, eff. 7-6-21;
- 15 102-144, eff. 1-1-22; 102-454, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff.
- 16 5-13-22; 103-546, eff. 8-11-23.)
- 17 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 18 becoming law.