



Rep. Hoan Huynh

Filed: 3/27/2024

10300HB4204ham001

LRB103 34178 HLH 71447 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 4204

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 4204 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
15 the sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued

1 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
2 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
3 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
4 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
5 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code;

7 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
8 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
9 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
10 taxable year;

11 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
12 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
13 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
14 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
15 for which a deduction was previously taken under
16 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
17 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
18 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
19 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
20 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
21 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
22 which is attributable to such principal residence;

23 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
24 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
25 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
26 computation of adjusted gross income;

1 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
2 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
3 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
4 medical care savings account and the interest earned
5 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
6 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
7 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of
8 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
9 2000;

10 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
11 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
12 costs that the individual deducted in computing
13 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
14 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

15 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
16 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
17 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
18 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
19 the Internal Revenue Code;

20 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
21 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
22 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
23 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
24 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
25 deductions taken in all taxable years under
26 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

1 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
2 the last day of the last tax year for which a
3 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
4 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
5 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
6 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
7 equal to that subtraction modification.

8 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
9 modification under this subparagraph only once with
10 respect to any one piece of property;

11 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
12 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
13 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the same unitary business group but for the
17 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
18 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
19 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
21 who would be a member of the same unitary business
22 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
23 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
24 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
25 required to apportion business income under different
26 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification

1 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
2 extent that dividends were included in base income of
3 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
4 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
5 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
6 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
7 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included
8 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
10 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
11 incurred.

12 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
15 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
16 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
17 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
18 with respect to such interest; or

19 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
21 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
22 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
23 following:

24 (a) the person, during the same taxable
25 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
26 to a person that is not a related member, and

1 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
2 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
3 person did not have as a principal purpose the
4 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
5 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
6 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
7 terms; or

8 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
9 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
10 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
11 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
12 and terms and the principal purpose for the
13 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
14 or

15 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
19 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
20 to the application or use of an alternative method
21 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

22 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
23 Director from making any other adjustment
24 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
25 for any tax year beginning after the effective
26 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is

1 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
2 Department and such regulations provide methods
3 and standards by which the Department will utilize
4 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

5 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
6 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
7 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
10 foreign person who would be a member of the same
11 unitary business group but for the fact that the
12 foreign person's business activity outside the United
13 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
14 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
16 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
17 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
18 from being included in the unitary business group
19 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
20 business income under different subsections of Section
21 304. The addition modification required by this
22 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
23 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
24 group for the same taxable year and received by the
25 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
26 business group (including amounts included in gross

1 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
3 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
4 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
5 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
6 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
7 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same
8 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
9 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
10 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
11 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
12 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
13 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
14 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
15 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
17 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
18 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
19 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
20 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
21 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
22 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
23 similar types of intangible assets.

24 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

25 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
2 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
3 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
4 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
5 with respect to such item; or

6 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
9 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person during the same taxable
12 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
13 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
14 not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 intangible expense or cost between the
17 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
18 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
19 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
20 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
21 or

22 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
25 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;

1 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
2 writing to the application or use of an
3 alternative method of apportionment under Section
4 304(f);

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
6 Director from making any other adjustment
7 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
8 for any tax year beginning after the effective
9 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
10 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
11 Department and such regulations provide methods
12 and standards by which the Department will utilize
13 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

14 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
16 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
17 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
19 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
25 addition modification required by this subparagraph
26 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were

1 included in base income of the unitary group for the
2 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
4 (including amounts included in gross income under
5 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
6 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
7 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
8 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
9 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
10 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
11 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
12 the addition modification required under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
14 Act;

15 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
16 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
17 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
18 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
19 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
20 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
21 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
22 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
23 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
24 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
25 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
26 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
2 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
3 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
4 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
5 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
6 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
7 adopts and determines that its offering materials
8 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
9 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
10 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
11 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
12 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
13 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
14 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
15 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
16 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
17 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

18 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
19 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
20 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
21 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
22 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
23 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
24 participants in its offering materials or makes a
25 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
26 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the

1 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
2 out-of-state program distributes its offering
3 materials;

4 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
5 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
6 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
7 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from
8 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
9 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
10 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B)
11 of the Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
14 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
16 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
17 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
18 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

19 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
21 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
22 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
23 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
24 State to an ABLE account established under an
25 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
26 the contribution component of the transferred amount

1 that was previously deducted from base income under
2 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
3 Section;

4 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
5 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
6 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
7 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
8 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
9 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
10 education institution, an amount equal to the
11 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
12 or refund that was previously deducted from base
13 income under subsection (a) (2) (y) of this Section,
14 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
15 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
16 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
17 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
18 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
19 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
20 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
22 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
23 or refund that was previously deducted from base
24 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section, and
25 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
26 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of

1 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
2 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
3 amount equal to the contribution component of the
4 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
5 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
6 of this Section;

7 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
8 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
9 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
10 Act;

11 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
13 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 for the taxable year;

15 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal
16 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
17 pursuant to Section 201(p)(7) of this Act;

18 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
19 following amounts:

20 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
21 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
22 any compensation (including but not limited to any
23 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
24 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
25 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
26 Forces of the United States and in respect of any

1 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
2 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
3 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
4 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
5 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
6 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
7 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending
8 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
9 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
11 in respect of any compensation (including but not
12 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
13 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
14 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
15 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
16 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
17 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
18 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
19 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
20 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
21 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
23 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
24 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
25 of Section 250;

26 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in

1 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
2 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
3 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
4 total as distributions under the provisions of any
5 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
6 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
7 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
8 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
9 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
10 adopted pursuant thereto;

11 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

12 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
13 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
14 and included in such total for the taxable year;

15 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
16 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
17 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
18 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
19 computation of taxable income;

20 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
21 such total which were paid by a corporation which
22 conducts business operations in a River Edge
23 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
24 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
25 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
26 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is

1 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
3 such total that were paid by a corporation that
4 conducts business operations in a federally designated
5 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
6 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
7 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
8 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
9 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
10 this subparagraph (K);

11 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
12 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
13 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
14 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code;

16 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
17 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
18 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
19 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
21 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
23 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
24 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
26 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of

1 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
2 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
3 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
5 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
6 250;

7 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in
8 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
9 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
10 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
11 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
12 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
13 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
14 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
15 net of bond premium amortization;

16 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
17 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
18 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

19 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
20 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
21 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
22 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
23 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
24 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
25 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
26 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

1 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
2 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
3 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
4 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
5 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
6 illness;

7 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
8 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

9 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
10 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
11 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
12 medical care savings account established under the
13 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
14 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
15 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
16 as provided in that Act;

17 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
18 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
19 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
20 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
21 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
22 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
23 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

24 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
25 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
26 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of

1 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
2 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
3 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

4 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
5 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
6 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
7 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
8 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
9 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
10 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
11 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
12 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
13 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
14 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
15 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
16 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
17 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
18 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
19 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
20 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
21 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
22 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
23 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
24 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
25 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
26 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer

1 times a number that represents the fractional
2 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
3 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
4 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

5 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
7 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year
8 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
9 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
13 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
14 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
15 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
16 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
17 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
18 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
19 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
20 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
21 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
22 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
23 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
24 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
25 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
26 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a

1 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
2 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
3 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
4 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
5 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
6 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
7 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
8 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
9 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
10 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
11 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
12 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
13 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
14 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
15 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
16 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
17 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
20 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
21 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
22 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
23 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
25 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
26 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum

1 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
2 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
3 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
4 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
7 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
8 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
9 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
10 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
11 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
12 from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
14 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
15 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
16 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
17 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
18 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

19 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
20 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
21 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
22 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
23 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
24 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
25 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

26 (2) for taxable years ending on or before

1 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
2 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
3 0.429); and

4 (3) for taxable years ending after December
5 31, 2005:

6 (i) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
8 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
9 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
10 by 0.429);

11 (ii) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
14 1.0;

15 (iii) for property on which a bonus
16 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
17 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
18 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
19 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
20 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
21 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
23 depreciation on that property; and

24 (iv) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
26 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis

1 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
2 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
3 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
4 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
5 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
6 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
7 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

8 The aggregate amount deducted under this
9 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
10 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
11 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
12 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
13 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
14 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
20 an amount equal to that addition modification.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which a
23 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
24 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
25 required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
3 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
4 one piece of property.

5 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
8 other than salary, received by a driver in a
9 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

10 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
13 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
14 modification with respect to such transaction under
15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
17 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
18 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
19 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
21 that is required to make an addition modification with
22 respect to such transaction under Section
23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
25 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
2 into account for the taxable year (net of the
3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
4 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
6 for the fact that the foreign person's business
7 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
8 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
9 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
10 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
11 business group but for the fact that the person is
12 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
13 included in the unitary business group because he or
14 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
15 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
16 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
17 made for the same taxable year under Section
18 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
20 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
21 of Section 250;

22 (EF) An amount equal to the income from intangible
23 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
24 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
25 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
26 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but

1 for the fact that the foreign person's business
2 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
3 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
4 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
5 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
6 business group but for the fact that the person is
7 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
8 included in the unitary business group because he or
9 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
10 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
11 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
12 made for the same taxable year under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
15 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
16 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
18 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
19 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
20 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
21 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
24 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
25 add back any insurance premiums under Section
26 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract

1 that part of a reimbursement received from the
2 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
3 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
4 company) that would have been taken into account as a
5 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
6 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
7 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
8 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
9 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
10 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
11 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
14 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
15 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
16 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
17 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
18 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
19 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
20 be considered moneys contributed under this
21 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
22 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
23 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
24 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;

25 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
26 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the

1 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal
2 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
4 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
5 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
6 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection
7 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code; ~~and~~

8 (JJ) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
10 operating in this State and licensed under the
11 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
12 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
13 organization operating in this State and licensed
14 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
15 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
16 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
17 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
18 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
19 this subparagraph (JJ) are exempt from the provisions
20 of Section 250; ~~:-~~

21 (KK) ~~(JJ)~~ To the extent includible in gross income
22 for federal income tax purposes, any amount awarded or
23 paid to the taxpayer as a result of a judgment or
24 settlement for fertility fraud as provided in Section
25 15 of the Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, donor
26 fertility fraud as provided in Section 20 of the

1 Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, or similar action in
2 another state; and-

3 (LL) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2024, an amount equal to the qualified
5 expenses paid or incurred by a qualified performing
6 artist, as defined in Section 62 of the federal
7 Internal Revenue Code, in connection with performances
8 by the qualified performing artist in the performing
9 arts as an employee, except that the amount of
10 qualified expenses calculated under this subparagraph
11 (LL) shall be reduced, but not below zero, by 10
12 percentage points for each \$2,000 (or \$4,000 if the
13 taxpayer is filing a joint return), or fraction
14 thereof, by which the taxpayer's gross income for the
15 taxable year exceeds the income limitation for the
16 category of taxpayer to which the taxpayer belongs.

17 As used in this subparagraph (LL):

18 "Category of taxpayer" means:

19 (1) taxpayers who are filing a joint return;

20 and

21 (2) taxpayers who are not filing a joint

22 return.

23 "Consumer Price Index" means the index published
24 by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States
25 Department of Labor that measures the average change
26 in prices of goods and services purchased by all urban

1 consumers, United States city average, all items,
2 1982-84 = 100.

3 "Income limitation" means:

4 (1) for taxable years that begin on or after
5 January 1, 2024 and begin before January 1, 2025,
6 \$200,000 for taxpayers who are filing a joint
7 return and \$100,000 for taxpayers who are not
8 filing a joint return; and

9 (2) for taxable years that begin on or after
10 January 1, 2025, the income limitation for taxable
11 years that begin in the immediately preceding
12 calendar year, multiplied by one plus the
13 percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price
14 Index during the 12-month period ending in
15 September of the immediately preceding calendar
16 year; if the income limitation generated by this
17 paragraph (2) is not a multiple of \$25, then the
18 adjustment shall be rounded to the next lowest
19 multiple of \$25.

20 "Qualified expenses" means deductions allowed by
21 Section 162 of the federal Internal Revenue Code.

22 This subparagraph (LL) is exempt from the
23 provisions of Section 250.

24 (b) Corporations.

25 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base

1 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
2 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

3 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
4 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
5 of the following amounts:

6 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
7 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
8 received from regulated investment companies during
9 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
10 income in the computation of taxable income;

11 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
12 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
13 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
14 year;

15 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
16 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
17 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
18 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
19 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
20 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
21 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
22 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
23 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
24 law and is not a new enactment);

25 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
26 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net

1 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
2 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

3 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
4 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
5 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
6 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
7 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
8 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
9 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
10 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
11 year, with the following limitations applied in the
12 order that they are listed:

13 (i) the addition modification relating to the
14 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
15 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
16 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
17 of addition modification under this subparagraph
18 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
19 which was taken into account in calculating the
20 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

21 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
22 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
23 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
24 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
25 such carryback or carryforward;

26 For taxable years in which there is a net

1 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
2 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
3 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
4 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
5 computed independently under the preceding provisions
6 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

7 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
9 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
10 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
11 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

12 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
13 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
14 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
15 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code;

17 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
18 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
19 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
20 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
21 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
22 deductions taken in all taxable years under
23 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

24 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
25 the last day of the last tax year for which a
26 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property

1 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
2 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
3 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
4 equal to that subtraction modification.

5 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
6 modification under this subparagraph only once with
7 respect to any one piece of property;

8 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
9 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the same unitary business group but for the
14 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
15 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
18 who would be a member of the same unitary business
19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
22 required to apportion business income under different
23 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
24 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
25 extent that dividends were included in base income of
26 the unitary group for the same taxable year and

1 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
2 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
3 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
4 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
5 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
7 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
8 accrued, or incurred.

9 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
12 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
13 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
14 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
15 with respect to such interest; or

16 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
19 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
20 following:

21 (a) the person, during the same taxable
22 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
23 to a person that is not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
26 person did not have as a principal purpose the

1 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
2 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
3 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
4 terms; or

5 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
6 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
7 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
8 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
9 and terms and the principal purpose for the
10 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
11 or

12 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
15 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
16 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
17 to the application or use of an alternative method
18 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
20 Director from making any other adjustment
21 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
22 for any tax year beginning after the effective
23 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
24 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
25 Department and such regulations provide methods
26 and standards by which the Department will utilize

1 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

2 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
3 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
4 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
6 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
7 foreign person who would be a member of the same
8 unitary business group but for the fact that the
9 foreign person's business activity outside the United
10 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
11 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
13 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
14 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
15 from being included in the unitary business group
16 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
17 business income under different subsections of Section
18 304. The addition modification required by this
19 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
20 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
21 group for the same taxable year and received by the
22 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
23 business group (including amounts included in gross
24 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
26 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)

1 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
2 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
3 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
4 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
5 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
6 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
7 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
8 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
9 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
10 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
11 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
12 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
14 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
15 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
16 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
17 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
18 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
19 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
20 similar types of intangible assets.

21 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

22 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
25 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
26 than a state which requires mandatory unitary

1 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
2 with respect to such item; or

3 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
6 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
7 following:

8 (a) the person during the same taxable
9 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
10 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
11 not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
13 intangible expense or cost between the
14 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
15 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
16 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
17 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
18 or

19 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
24 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
25 writing to the application or use of an
26 alternative method of apportionment under Section

1 304(f);

2 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
3 Director from making any other adjustment
4 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
5 for any tax year beginning after the effective
6 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
7 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
8 Department and such regulations provide methods
9 and standards by which the Department will utilize
10 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

11 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
13 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
14 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
16 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
17 business group but for the fact that the person is
18 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
19 included in the unitary business group because he or
20 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
21 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
22 addition modification required by this subparagraph
23 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
24 included in base income of the unitary group for the
25 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
26 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group

1 (including amounts included in gross income under
2 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
4 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
5 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
6 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
7 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
8 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
9 the addition modification required under Section
10 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
11 Act;

12 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
13 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
14 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
15 to a real estate investment trust under Section
16 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
17 dividends paid;

18 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
19 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
20 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
21 Act;

22 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
24 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 for the taxable year;

26 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December

1 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
2 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
3 Code for the taxable year;

4 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
5 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
6 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
7 Code for the taxable year;

8 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
9 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
10 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
11 Revenue Code for the taxable year.

12 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
13 following amounts:

14 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
15 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
16 and included in such total for the taxable year;

17 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
18 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

19 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
20 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
21 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
22 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
23 for the taxable year;

24 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
25 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
26 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections

1 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
2 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
4 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
5 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
6 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
7 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
8 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
9 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
10 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
11 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
12 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
13 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
15 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
16 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
17 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
18 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
19 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
20 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
21 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
22 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
23 from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
25 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
26 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution

1 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
2 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
3 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
4 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
5 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
6 net of bond premium amortization;

7 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
8 such total which were paid by a corporation which
9 conducts business operations in a River Edge
10 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
11 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
12 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
13 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
14 the provisions of Section 250;

15 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
16 such total that were paid by a corporation that
17 conducts business operations in a federally designated
18 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
19 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
20 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
21 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
22 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
23 this subparagraph (L);

24 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
25 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
26 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest

1 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
2 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
3 property which is eligible for the River Edge
4 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
5 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
6 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
7 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
8 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
9 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
10 investment credit property which secures the loan or
11 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
12 such property on the date that it was placed in service
13 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
14 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
15 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
16 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
17 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
18 calculated under the previous sentence. This
19 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250;

21 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
22 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
23 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
24 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
25 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
26 property which is eligible for the High Impact

1 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
2 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
3 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
4 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
5 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
6 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
7 investment credit property which secures the loan or
8 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
9 such property on the date that it was placed in service
10 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
11 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
12 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
13 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
14 eligible for the deduction provided under this
15 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
16 available to taxpayers in any year under this
17 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
18 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
19 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
20 under the previous sentence;

21 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
22 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
23 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
24 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
25 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
26 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by

1 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
2 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
3 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
4 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
7 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
8 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
9 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
10 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
11 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
12 income and received from a corporation that is not
13 created or organized under the laws of the United
14 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
15 including, for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
17 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
18 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
19 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
20 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
21 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
23 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
24 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
25 included in taxable income and received, including,
26 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,

1 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
2 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
4 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
5 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
6 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
7 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
8 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
9 affiliated group which includes the dividend
10 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
11 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
12 this subsection (b) which is related to such
13 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
14 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
15 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as
16 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue
17 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to
18 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
19 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This
20 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250 of this Act;

22 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
23 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
24 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

25 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
26 used to compute the federal income tax credit for

1 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
2 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
3 the Internal Revenue Code;

4 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
5 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
6 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
7 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
8 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
9 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
10 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
11 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
12 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
13 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
15 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250;

17 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
18 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
19 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
20 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
21 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
22 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
23 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
24 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
25 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
2 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
3 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
4 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
5 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
6 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

7 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
8 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
9 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
10 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
11 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
12 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
13 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

14 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
15 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
16 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
17 0.429); and

18 (3) for taxable years ending after December
19 31, 2005:

20 (i) for property on which a bonus
21 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
22 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
23 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
24 by 0.429);

25 (ii) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 1.0;

3 (iii) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
6 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
7 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
8 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
9 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
10 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
11 depreciation on that property; and

12 (iv) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
14 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
15 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
16 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
17 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
18 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
19 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
20 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
21 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

22 The aggregate amount deducted under this
23 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
24 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
25 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
26 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection

1 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
2 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
5 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
6 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
10 the last day of the last tax year for which a
11 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
12 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
13 required in any taxable year to make an addition
14 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
15 equal to that addition modification.

16 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
17 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
18 one piece of property.

19 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
22 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
23 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
24 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
25 modification with respect to such transaction under
26 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),

1 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
2 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
3 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
4 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
5 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
6 that is required to make an addition modification with
7 respect to such transaction under Section
8 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
9 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
10 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
11 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
12 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
13 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
14 an addition modification with respect to such
15 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
16 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
17 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
18 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
19 from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
21 into account for the taxable year (net of the
22 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
25 for the fact that the foreign person's business
26 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of

1 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
2 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
3 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
4 business group but for the fact that the person is
5 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
6 included in the unitary business group because he or
7 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
8 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
9 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
10 made for the same taxable year under Section
11 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
13 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250;

15 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
20 for the fact that the foreign person's business
21 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
22 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
25 business group but for the fact that the person is
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
3 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
4 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
5 made for the same taxable year under Section
6 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
9 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
11 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
12 add back any insurance premiums under Section
13 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
14 that part of a reimbursement received from the
15 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
16 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
17 company) that would have been taken into account as a
18 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
19 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
20 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
21 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
22 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
23 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
24 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250;

26 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible

1 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
2 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
3 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
4 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
5 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
6 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250; and

8 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
10 operating in this State and licensed under the
11 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
12 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
13 organization operating in this State and licensed
14 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
15 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
16 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
17 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
18 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
19 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
20 of Section 250.

21 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),
22 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
23 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
24 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
25 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
26 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all

1 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
2 Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

3 (c) Trusts and estates.

4 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
5 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
6 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

7 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
8 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
9 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
10 following amounts:

11 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
12 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
13 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
14 in the computation of taxable income;

15 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
16 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
17 required to distribute all of its income currently,
18 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
19 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
20 the computation of taxable income;

21 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
22 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
23 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
24 year;

25 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction

1 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
2 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
3 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

4 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
5 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
6 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
7 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
8 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
9 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
10 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
11 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
12 the following limitations applied in the order that
13 they are listed:

14 (i) the addition modification relating to the
15 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
16 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
17 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
18 of addition modification under this subparagraph
19 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
20 which was taken into account in calculating the
21 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

22 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
23 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
24 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
25 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
26 such carryback or carryforward;

1 For taxable years in which there is a net
2 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
3 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
4 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
5 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
6 computed independently under the preceding provisions
7 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

8 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
9 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
10 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
11 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
12 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
13 of this Act;

14 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
15 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
16 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
17 computation of taxable income;

18 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
19 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
20 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
21 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
22 estate claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section
23 201;

24 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
25 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
26 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the

1 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
2 the Internal Revenue Code; and

3 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
4 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
5 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
6 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
7 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
8 deductions taken in all taxable years under
9 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
11 the last day of the last tax year for which a
12 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
13 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
14 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
15 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
16 equal to that subtraction modification.

17 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
18 modification under this subparagraph only once with
19 respect to any one piece of property;

20 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
21 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the same unitary business group but for the
26 fact that the foreign person's business activity

1 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
4 who would be a member of the same unitary business
5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
8 required to apportion business income under different
9 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
10 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
11 extent that dividends were included in base income of
12 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
13 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
14 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
15 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
16 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
17 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
19 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
20 accrued, or incurred.

21 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

22 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
24 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
25 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
26 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income

1 with respect to such interest; or

2 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
4 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
5 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
6 following:

7 (a) the person, during the same taxable
8 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
9 to a person that is not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
12 person did not have as a principal purpose the
13 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
14 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
15 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
16 terms; or

17 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
18 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
19 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
20 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
21 and terms and the principal purpose for the
22 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
23 or

24 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
26 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing

1 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
2 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
3 to the application or use of an alternative method
4 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
6 Director from making any other adjustment
7 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
8 for any tax year beginning after the effective
9 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
10 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
11 Department and such regulations provide methods
12 and standards by which the Department will utilize
13 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

14 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
15 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
16 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
19 foreign person who would be a member of the same
20 unitary business group but for the fact that the
21 foreign person's business activity outside the United
22 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
23 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
25 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
26 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)

1 from being included in the unitary business group
2 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
3 business income under different subsections of Section
4 304. The addition modification required by this
5 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
6 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
7 group for the same taxable year and received by the
8 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
9 business group (including amounts included in gross
10 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
12 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
13 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
14 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
15 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
16 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
17 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
18 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
19 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
20 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
21 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
22 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
23 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
24 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
26 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,

1 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
2 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
3 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
4 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
5 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
6 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

7 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
11 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
12 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
13 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
14 with respect to such item; or

15 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
18 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the person during the same taxable
21 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
22 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
23 not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 intangible expense or cost between the
26 taxpayer and the person did not have as a

1 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
2 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
3 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
4 or

5 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
8 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
9 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
10 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
11 writing to the application or use of an
12 alternative method of apportionment under Section
13 304(f);

14 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
15 Director from making any other adjustment
16 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
17 for any tax year beginning after the effective
18 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
19 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
20 Department and such regulations provide methods
21 and standards by which the Department will utilize
22 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

23 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
25 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
26 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were

1 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
2 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
3 business group but for the fact that the person is
4 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
5 included in the unitary business group because he or
6 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
7 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
8 addition modification required by this subparagraph
9 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
10 included in base income of the unitary group for the
11 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
12 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
13 (including amounts included in gross income under
14 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
15 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
16 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
17 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
18 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
19 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
20 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
21 the addition modification required under Section
22 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
23 Act;

24 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
25 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
26 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this

1 Act;

2 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
4 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
5 for the taxable year;

6 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
7 following amounts:

8 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
9 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
10 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
11 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
12 as distributions under the provisions of any
13 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
14 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
15 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
16 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
17 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
18 adopted pursuant thereto;

19 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

20 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
21 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
22 and included in such total for the taxable year;

23 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
24 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
25 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
26 taxation by this State either by reason of its

1 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
2 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
3 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
4 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
5 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
6 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
7 premium amortization;

8 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
9 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
10 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
11 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
12 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
13 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
15 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
16 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
18 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
19 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
20 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
21 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
22 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
23 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
24 250;

25 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
26 such total which were paid by a corporation which

1 conducts business operations in a River Edge
2 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
3 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
4 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
5 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
6 the provisions of Section 250;

7 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
8 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
9 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

10 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
11 such total that were paid by a corporation that
12 conducts business operations in a federally designated
13 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
14 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
15 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
16 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
17 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
18 this subparagraph (O);

19 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
20 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
21 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
22 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
23 the Internal Revenue Code;

24 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
25 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
26 to the extent includible in gross income for federal

1 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
2 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
3 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
4 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
5 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
6 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
7 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
8 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
9 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
10 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
11 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
12 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
13 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
14 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
15 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
16 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
17 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
18 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
19 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
20 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
21 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
22 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
23 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
24 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
25 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
26 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or

1 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
2 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
3 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
4 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
6 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
7 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
8 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
10 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

11 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
12 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
13 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
14 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
15 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
16 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
17 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

18 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
19 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
20 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
21 0.429); and

22 (3) for taxable years ending after December
23 31, 2005:

24 (i) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
2 by 0.429);

3 (ii) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 1.0;

7 (iii) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
10 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
11 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
12 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
13 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
15 depreciation on that property; and

16 (iv) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
18 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
19 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
20 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
21 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
22 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
23 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
24 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
25 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

26 The aggregate amount deducted under this

1 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
2 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
3 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
4 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
5 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
6 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
7 Section 250;

8 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
9 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
10 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
11 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
12 equal to that addition modification.

13 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
14 the last day of the last tax year for which a
15 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
16 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
17 required in any taxable year to make an addition
18 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
19 equal to that addition modification.

20 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
21 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
22 one piece of property.

23 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
26 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account

1 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
2 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
3 modification with respect to such transaction under
4 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
5 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
6 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
7 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
8 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
9 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
10 that is required to make an addition modification with
11 respect to such transaction under Section
12 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
13 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
14 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
15 from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
17 into account for the taxable year (net of the
18 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
19 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
21 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
22 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
23 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
24 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
25 who would be a member of the same unitary business
26 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited

1 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
2 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
3 required to apportion business income under different
4 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
5 addition modification required to be made for the same
6 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
7 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
9 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
11 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
12 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
13 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
15 for the fact that the foreign person's business
16 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
17 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
18 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
19 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
20 business group but for the fact that the person is
21 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
22 included in the unitary business group because he or
23 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
24 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
25 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
26 made for the same taxable year under Section

1 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
3 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
4 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
6 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
7 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
8 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
9 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
10 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
11 from Section 250;

12 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
13 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
14 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
15 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
16 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
18 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
19 add back any insurance premiums under Section
20 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
21 that part of a reimbursement received from the
22 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
23 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
24 company) that would have been taken into account as a
25 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
26 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer

1 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
2 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
3 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
4 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
5 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
6 Section 250;

7 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
8 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
9 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
10 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
11 Revenue Code; and

12 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
14 operating in this State and licensed under the
15 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
16 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
17 organization operating in this State and licensed
18 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
19 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
20 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
21 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
22 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
23 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
24 of Section 250.

25 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
26 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under

1 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
2 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
3 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
4 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
5 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

6 (d) Partnerships.

7 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
8 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
9 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

10 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
11 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
12 of the following amounts:

13 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
14 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
15 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
16 in the computation of taxable income;

17 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
18 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
19 the taxable year;

20 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
21 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
23 income;

24 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
25 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue

1 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
2 computation of taxable income;

3 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
4 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
5 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
6 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
9 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
10 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
11 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
12 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
13 deductions taken in all taxable years under
14 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which a
17 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
18 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
19 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
20 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
21 equal to that subtraction modification.

22 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
23 modification under this subparagraph only once with
24 respect to any one piece of property;

25 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
26 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for

1 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the same unitary business group but for the
5 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
6 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
9 who would be a member of the same unitary business
10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
13 required to apportion business income under different
14 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
15 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
16 extent that dividends were included in base income of
17 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
18 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
19 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
21 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
24 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
25 accrued, or incurred.

26 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

1 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
6 with respect to such interest; or

7 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11 following:

12 (a) the person, during the same taxable
13 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
14 to a person that is not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
17 person did not have as a principal purpose the
18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
21 terms; or

22 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
23 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
24 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
25 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
26 and terms and the principal purpose for the

1 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;

2 or

3 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
5 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
6 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
7 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
8 to the application or use of an alternative method
9 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
11 Director from making any other adjustment
12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
13 for any tax year beginning after the effective
14 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
15 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
16 Department and such regulations provide methods
17 and standards by which the Department will utilize
18 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

19 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
20 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
21 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
24 foreign person who would be a member of the same
25 unitary business group but for the fact that the
26 foreign person's business activity outside the United

1 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
2 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
4 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
5 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
6 from being included in the unitary business group
7 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
8 business income under different subsections of Section
9 304. The addition modification required by this
10 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
11 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
12 group for the same taxable year and received by the
13 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
14 business group (including amounts included in gross
15 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
17 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
18 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
19 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
20 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
21 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
22 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
23 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
24 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
25 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
26 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or

1 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
2 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
3 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
5 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
6 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
7 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
8 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
9 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
10 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
11 similar types of intangible assets;

12 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
16 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
17 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
18 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
19 with respect to such item; or

20 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
23 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person during the same taxable
26 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the

1 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
2 not a related member, and

3 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
4 intangible expense or cost between the
5 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
6 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
7 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
8 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
9 or

10 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
15 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
16 writing to the application or use of an
17 alternative method of apportionment under Section
18 304(f);

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
20 Director from making any other adjustment
21 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
22 for any tax year beginning after the effective
23 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
24 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
25 Department and such regulations provide methods
26 and standards by which the Department will utilize

1 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

2 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
4 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
5 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
7 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
8 business group but for the fact that the person is
9 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
10 included in the unitary business group because he or
11 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
12 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
13 addition modification required by this subparagraph
14 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
15 included in base income of the unitary group for the
16 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
18 (including amounts included in gross income under
19 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
20 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
21 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
22 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
23 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
24 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
25 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
26 the addition modification required under Section

1 203(d)(2)(D-7) or Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

2 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
3 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
4 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
5 Act;

6 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
8 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 for the taxable year;

10 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
11 amounts:

12 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

13 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
14 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
15 and included in such total for the taxable year;

16 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
17 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
18 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
19 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
20 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
21 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
22 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
23 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
24 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
25 net of bond premium amortization;

26 (H) Any income of the partnership which

1 constitutes personal service income as defined in
2 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
3 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
4 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
5 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
6 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
7 Section 250;

8 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
9 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
10 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
11 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
12 including amounts distributable to organizations
13 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
14 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
15 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
17 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
18 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
19 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
21 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
23 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
24 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
26 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section

1 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
2 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
3 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
4 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
5 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
6 250;

7 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
8 such total which were paid by a corporation which
9 conducts business operations in a River Edge
10 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
11 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
12 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
13 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
14 the provisions of Section 250;

15 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
16 job training project established pursuant to the Real
17 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

18 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
19 such total that were paid by a corporation that
20 conducts business operations in a federally designated
21 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
22 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
23 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
24 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
25 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
26 this subparagraph (M);

1 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
2 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
3 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
4 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
5 the Internal Revenue Code;

6 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
18 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
3 by 0.429);

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 1.0;

8 (iii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
11 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
12 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
13 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
14 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
16 depreciation on that property; and

17 (iv) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
19 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
20 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
21 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
22 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
23 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
24 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
25 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
26 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

1 The aggregate amount deducted under this
2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
4 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
7 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
10 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
12 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
13 equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which a
16 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
17 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
18 required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
22 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
23 one piece of property.

24 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of

1 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
2 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
3 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
4 modification with respect to such transaction under
5 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
6 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
7 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
8 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
9 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
10 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
11 that is required to make an addition modification with
12 respect to such transaction under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
14 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
15 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
16 from Section 250;

17 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
18 into account for the taxable year (net of the
19 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
22 for the fact that the foreign person's business
23 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
24 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
25 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
26 a person who would be a member of the same unitary

1 business group but for the fact that the person is
2 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
3 included in the unitary business group because he or
4 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
5 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
6 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
7 made for the same taxable year under Section
8 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
10 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

11 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
12 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
13 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
16 for the fact that the foreign person's business
17 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
18 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
19 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
20 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
21 business group but for the fact that the person is
22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
23 included in the unitary business group because he or
24 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
25 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
26 not to exceed the addition modification required to be

1 made for the same taxable year under Section
2 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
3 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
4 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
5 Section 250;

6 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
7 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
8 add back any insurance premiums under Section
9 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
10 that part of a reimbursement received from the
11 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
12 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
13 company) that would have been taken into account as a
14 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
15 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
16 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
17 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
18 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
19 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
20 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250; and

22 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after
23 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
24 operating in this State and licensed under the
25 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
26 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing

1 organization operating in this State and licensed
2 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
3 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
4 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
5 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
6 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
7 this subparagraph (U) are exempt from the provisions
8 of Section 250.

9 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

10 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
11 (2) and subsection (b)(3), for purposes of this Section
12 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
13 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
14 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
15 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
16 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
17 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
18 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
20 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
21 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
22 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
23 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
24 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
25 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount

1 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
2 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
4 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
5 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
6 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
7 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
8 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
9 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
10 addition modification must be made under those
11 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
12 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
13 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
14 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
15 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code.

17 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
18 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
19 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

20 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
21 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
22 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
23 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
24 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
25 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
26 Internal Revenue Code;

1 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
2 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
3 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
4 insurance company taxable income;

5 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
6 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
7 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
8 investment company taxable income;

9 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
10 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
11 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
12 real estate investment trust taxable income;

13 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
14 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
15 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
16 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
17 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
18 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
19 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
20 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
21 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
22 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
23 determined as if the election provided by Section
24 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
25 effect for all such years;

26 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative

1 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
2 organization determined in accordance with the
3 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
5 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
6 activities against income from nonpatronage
7 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
8 association may make an election to follow its federal
9 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
10 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
11 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
12 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
13 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
14 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
15 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
16 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
17 effective for all taxable years with original returns
18 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
19 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
20 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
21 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
22 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
23 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
24 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
25 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
26 requirements for documenting the elections and any

1 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
2 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
3 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
4 existing law;

5 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
6 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
7 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
8 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
9 of such corporation determined in accordance with
10 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
11 that taxable income shall take into account those
12 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
13 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
14 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
15 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
16 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
17 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
18 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
19 such corporation determined in accordance with the
20 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
21 1982; and

22 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
23 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
24 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
25 income shall take into account those items which are
26 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated

1 but which would be taken into account by an individual
2 in calculating his taxable income.

3 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
4 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
5 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
6 business has been classified as business income and in a
7 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
8 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
9 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
10 related to that asset or business that generated the
11 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
12 business income in the year of the disposition of the
13 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
14 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
15 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
16 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
17 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
18 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
19 preceding taxable years.

20 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

21 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
22 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
23 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

24 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
25 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable

1 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
3 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
4 plus

5 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
6 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
7 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
8 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
9 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
10 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
11 of such gain included in the amount determined under
12 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

13 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

14 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
15 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
16 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
17 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
18 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
19 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
20 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
21 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
22 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
23 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
24 such property.

25 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
26 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on

1 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
2 amount for such property is that amount which bears
3 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
4 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
5 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
6 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
7 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
8 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
9 period for the property.

10 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
11 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
12 purposes of this paragraph.

13 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
14 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
15 to be deducted more than once.

16 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
17 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
18 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
19 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
20 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
21 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
22 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
23 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
24 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

1 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
2 102-658, eff. 8-27-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1112, eff.
3 12-21-22; 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-478, eff. 1-1-24; revised
4 9-26-23.)

5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
6 becoming law."