

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 HB3367

Introduced 2/17/2023, by Rep. Daniel Didech

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

725 ILCS 120/3 from Ch. 38, par. 1403 725 ILCS 120/4 from Ch. 38, par. 1404

Amends the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act. Provides that, except in certain medical examiner or coroner investigations, whenever a person's DNA profile is collected due to the person being a victim of a crime, that specific profile collected in conjunction with that criminal investigation shall not be entered into any DNA database. Defines "DNA database".

LRB103 29296 RLC 55683 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act is amended by changing Sections 3 and 4 as follows:
- 6 (725 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1403)
- 7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-982)
- Sec. 3. The terms used in this Act shall have the following meanings:
  - (a) "Crime victim" or "victim" means: (1) any natural person determined by the prosecutor or the court to have suffered direct physical or psychological harm as a result of a violent crime perpetrated or attempted against that person or direct physical or psychological harm as a result of (i) a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or similar provision of a local ordinance or (ii) a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; (2) in the case of a crime victim who is under 18 years of age or an adult victim who is incompetent or incapacitated, both parents, legal guardians, foster parents, or a single adult representative; (3) in the case of an adult deceased victim, 2 representatives who may be the spouse, parent, child or sibling of the victim, or the representative

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- of the victim's estate; and (4) an immediate family member of a victim under clause (1) of this paragraph (a) chosen by the victim. If the victim is 18 years of age or over, the victim may choose any person to be the victim's representative. In no event shall the defendant or any person who aided and abetted in the commission of the crime be considered a victim, a crime victim, or a representative of the victim.
  - A board, agency, or other governmental entity making decisions regarding an offender's release, sentence reduction, or clemency can determine additional persons are victims for the purpose of its proceedings.
- 12 (a-3) "Advocate" means a person whose communications with 13 the victim are privileged under Section 8-802.1 or 8-802.2 of 14 the Code of Civil Procedure, or Section 227 of the Illinois 15 Domestic Violence Act of 1986.
- 16 (a-5) "Confer" means to consult together, share 17 information, compare opinions and carry on a discussion or 18 deliberation.
- (a-7) "Sentence" includes, but is not limited to, the 19 20 imposition of sentence, a request for a reduction in sentence, 21 parole, mandatory supervised release, aftercare release, early 22 release, inpatient treatment, outpatient treatment, 23 conditional release after a finding that the defendant is not 24 guilty by reason of insanity, clemency, or a proposal that 25 would reduce the defendant's sentence or result 26 defendant's release. "Early release" refers to a discretionary

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imposition of sentence and a request for a reduction in sentence, parole, mandatory supervised release, aftercare release, early release, consideration of inpatient treatment

(a-9) "Sentencing" includes, but is not limited to, the

- 6 or outpatient treatment, or conditional release after a
- 7 finding that the defendant is not guilty by reason of
- 8 insanity.
- 9 (a-10) "Status hearing" means a hearing designed to 10 provide information to the court, at which no motion of a 11 substantive nature and no constitutional or statutory right of
- 12 a crime victim is implicated or at issue.
- 13 (b) "Witness" means: any person who personally observed 14 the commission of a crime and who will testify on behalf of the 15 State of Illinois; or a person who will be called by the 16 prosecution to give testimony establishing a necessary nexus 17 between the offender and the violent crime.
- (c) "Violent crime" means: (1) any felony in which force 18 or threat of force was used against the victim; (2) any offense 19 20 involving sexual exploitation, sexual conduct, or sexual penetration; (3) a violation of Section 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 21 22 11-20.3, 11-23, or 11-23.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 23 Criminal Code of 2012; (4) domestic battery or stalking; (5) violation of an order of protection, a civil no contact order, 24 25 or a stalking no contact order; (6) any misdemeanor which 26 results in death or great bodily harm to the victim; or (7) any

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violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, if the violation resulted in personal injury or death. "Violent crime" includes any action committed by a juvenile that would be a violent crime if committed by an adult. For the purposes of this paragraph, "personal injury" shall include any Type A injury as indicated on the traffic accident report completed enforcement officer that requires immediate bv a law professional attention in either a doctor's office or medical facility. A type A injury shall include severely bleeding wounds, distorted extremities, and injuries that require the injured party to be carried from the scene.

- (d) (Blank).
- (e) "Court proceedings" includes, but is not limited to, the preliminary hearing, any post-arraignment hearing the effect of which may be the release of the defendant from custody or to alter the conditions of bond, change of plea hearing, the trial, any pretrial or post-trial hearing, sentencing, any oral argument or hearing before an Illinois appellate court, any hearing under the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code or Section 5-2-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections after a finding that the defendant is not guilty by reason of insanity, including a hearing for conditional release, any hearing related to a modification of sentence, probation revocation hearing, aftercare release or

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- parole hearings, post-conviction relief proceedings, habeas 1 2 corpus proceedings and clemency proceedings related to the defendant's conviction or sentence. For purposes of 3 the victim's right to be present, "court proceedings" does not 5 include (1) hearings under Section 109-1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, (2) grand jury proceedings, (3) 6 7 status hearings, or (4) the issuance of an order or decision of 8 Illinois court that dismisses a charge, reverses 9 conviction, reduces a sentence, or releases an offender under 10 a court rule.
- 11 (f) "Concerned citizen" includes relatives of the victim,
  12 friends of the victim, witnesses to the crime, or any other
  13 person associated with the victim or prisoner.
  - (g) "Victim's attorney" means an attorney retained by the victim for the purposes of asserting the victim's constitutional and statutory rights. An attorney retained by the victim means an attorney who is hired to represent the victim at the victim's expense or an attorney who has agreed to provide pro bono representation. Nothing in this statute creates a right to counsel at public expense for a victim.
- 21 (h) "Support person" means a person chosen by a victim to 22 be present at court proceedings.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 102-1104, eff. 1-1-23.)
- 24 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-982)
- 25 Sec. 3. The terms used in this Act shall have the following

## meanings:

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(a) "Crime victim" or "victim" means: (1) any natural person determined by the prosecutor or the court to have suffered direct physical or psychological harm as a result of a violent crime perpetrated or attempted against that person or direct physical or psychological harm as a result of (i) a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or similar provision of a local ordinance or (ii) a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; (2) in the case of a crime victim who is under 18 years of age or an adult victim who is incompetent or incapacitated, both parents, legal guardians, foster parents, or a single adult representative; (3) in the case of an adult deceased victim, 2 representatives who may be the spouse, parent, child or sibling of the victim, or the representative of the victim's estate; and (4) an immediate family member of a victim under clause (1) of this paragraph (a) chosen by the victim. If the victim is 18 years of age or over, the victim may choose any person to be the victim's representative. In no event shall the defendant or any person who aided and abetted in the commission of the crime be considered a victim, a crime victim, or a representative of the victim.

A board, agency, or other governmental entity making decisions regarding an offender's release, sentence reduction, or clemency can determine additional persons are victims for the purpose of its proceedings.

- 1 (a-3) "Advocate" means a person whose communications with
- the victim are privileged under Section 8-802.1 or 8-802.2 of
- 3 the Code of Civil Procedure, or Section 227 of the Illinois
- 4 Domestic Violence Act of 1986.
- 5 (a-5) "Confer" means to consult together, share
- 6 information, compare opinions and carry on a discussion or
- 7 deliberation.
- 8 "DNA database" means a collection of DNA profiles from
- 9 forensic casework or specimens from anonymous, identified, and
- 10 <u>unidentified sources that are created to search DNA records</u>
- 11 against each other to develop investigative leads among
- 12 forensic cases.
- 13 (a-7) "Sentence" includes, but is not limited to, the
- 14 imposition of sentence, a request for a reduction in sentence,
- parole, mandatory supervised release, aftercare release, early
- 16 release, inpatient treatment, outpatient treatment,
- 17 conditional release after a finding that the defendant is not
- 18 quilty by reason of insanity, clemency, or a proposal that
- 19 would reduce the defendant's sentence or result in the
- 20 defendant's release. "Early release" refers to a discretionary
- 21 release.
- 22 (a-9) "Sentencing" includes, but is not limited to, the
- 23 imposition of sentence and a request for a reduction in
- 24 sentence, parole, mandatory supervised release, aftercare
- 25 release, early release, consideration of inpatient treatment
- 26 or outpatient treatment, or conditional release after a

- finding that the defendant is not guilty by reason of insanity.
- 3 (a-10) "Status hearing" means a hearing designed to 4 provide information to the court, at which no motion of a 5 substantive nature and no constitutional or statutory right of 6 a crime victim is implicated or at issue.
  - (b) "Witness" means: any person who personally observed the commission of a crime and who will testify on behalf of the State of Illinois; or a person who will be called by the prosecution to give testimony establishing a necessary nexus between the offender and the violent crime.
  - (c) "Violent crime" means: (1) any felony in which force or threat of force was used against the victim; (2) any offense involving sexual exploitation, sexual conduct, or sexual penetration; (3) a violation of Section 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, 11-23, or 11-23.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; (4) domestic battery or stalking; (5) violation of an order of protection, a civil no contact order, or a stalking no contact order; (6) any misdemeanor which results in death or great bodily harm to the victim; or (7) any violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, if the violation resulted in personal injury or death. "Violent crime" includes any action committed by a juvenile that would be a violent crime if committed by an adult. For the purposes

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- of this paragraph, "personal injury" shall include any Type A injury as indicated on the traffic crash report completed by a law enforcement officer that requires immediate professional attention in either a doctor's office or medical facility. A type A injury shall include severely bleeding wounds, distorted extremities, and injuries that require the injured party to be carried from the scene.
- 8 (d) (Blank).
  - (e) "Court proceedings" includes, but is not limited to, the preliminary hearing, any post-arraignment hearing the effect of which may be the release of the defendant from custody or to alter the conditions of bond, change of plea hearing, the trial, any pretrial or post-trial hearing, sentencing, any oral argument or hearing before an Illinois appellate court, any hearing under the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code or Section 5-2-4 of Unified Code of Corrections after a finding that the defendant is not quilty by reason of insanity, including a hearing for conditional release, any hearing related to a modification of sentence, probation revocation hearing, aftercare release or parole hearings, post-conviction relief proceedings, habeas corpus proceedings and clemency proceedings related to the defendant's conviction or sentence. For purposes of victim's right to be present, "court proceedings" does not include (1) grand jury proceedings, (2) status hearings, or (3) the issuance of an order or decision of an Illinois court

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- that dismisses a charge, reverses a conviction, reduces a sentence, or releases an offender under a court rule.
- 3 (f) "Concerned citizen" includes relatives of the victim, 4 friends of the victim, witnesses to the crime, or any other 5 person associated with the victim or prisoner.
  - (g) "Victim's attorney" means an attorney retained by the victim for the purposes of asserting the victim's constitutional and statutory rights. An attorney retained by the victim means an attorney who is hired to represent the victim at the victim's expense or an attorney who has agreed to provide pro bono representation. Nothing in this statute creates a right to counsel at public expense for a victim.
- 13 (h) "Support person" means a person chosen by a victim to
  14 be present at court proceedings.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 102-982, eff. 7-1-23; 102-1104, eff. 1-1-23.)
- 16 (725 ILCS 120/4) (from Ch. 38, par. 1404)
- 17 Sec. 4. Rights of crime victims.
- 18 (a) Crime victims shall have the following rights:
  - (1) The right to be treated with fairness and respect for their dignity and privacy and to be free from harassment, intimidation, and abuse throughout the criminal justice process.
  - (1.5) The right to notice and to a hearing before a court ruling on a request for access to any of the victim's records, information, or communications which are

1 privileged or confidential by law.

- (1.6) Except as otherwise provided in Section 9.5 of the Criminal Identification Act or Section 3-3013 of the Counties Code, whenever a person's DNA profile is collected due to the person being a victim of a crime, that specific profile collected in conjunction with that criminal investigation shall not be entered into any DNA database.
- (2) The right to timely notification of all court proceedings.
  - (3) The right to communicate with the prosecution.
- (4) The right to be heard at any post-arraignment court proceeding in which a right of the victim is at issue and any court proceeding involving a post-arraignment release decision, plea, or sentencing.
- (5) The right to be notified of the conviction, the sentence, the imprisonment and the release of the accused.
- (6) The right to the timely disposition of the case following the arrest of the accused.
- (7) The right to be reasonably protected from the accused through the criminal justice process.
- (7.5) The right to have the safety of the victim and the victim's family considered in determining whether to release the defendant and setting conditions of release after arrest and conviction.
  - (8) The right to be present at the trial and all other

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court proceedings on the same basis as the accused, unless the victim is to testify and the court determines that the victim's testimony would be materially affected if the victim hears other testimony at the trial.

- (9) The right to have present at all court proceedings, including proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, subject to the rules of evidence, an advocate and other support person of the victim's choice.
  - (10) The right to restitution.
- (b) Any law enforcement agency that investigates an offense committed in this State shall provide a crime victim with a written statement and explanation of the rights of crime victims under this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly within 48 hours of law enforcement's initial contact with a victim. The statement shall include information about crime victim compensation, including how to contact the Office of the Illinois Attorney General to file a claim, appropriate referrals to local and State programs that provide victim services. The content of the statement shall be provided to law enforcement by the Attorney General. Law enforcement shall also provide a crime victim with a sign-off sheet that the victim shall sign and date as acknowledgement that he or she has been furnished with information and an explanation of the rights of crime victims and compensation set forth in this Act.
  - (b-5) Upon the request of the victim, the law enforcement

- agency having jurisdiction shall provide a free copy of the police report concerning the victim's incident, as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 5 business days from the request.
  - (c) The Clerk of the Circuit Court shall post the rights of crime victims set forth in Article I, Section 8.1(a) of the Illinois Constitution and subsection (a) of this Section within 3 feet of the door to any courtroom where criminal proceedings are conducted. The clerk may also post the rights in other locations in the courthouse.
  - (d) At any point, the victim has the right to retain a victim's attorney who may be present during all stages of any interview, investigation, or other interaction with representatives of the criminal justice system. Treatment of the victim should not be affected or altered in any way as a result of the victim's decision to exercise this right.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 100-1087, eff. 1-1-19; 101-652, eff. 1-1-23.)
  - Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.