HB3149 Enrolled

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AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
changing Sections 6-500, 6-507.5, 6-514, 7-315, 7-318,
11-1201, 11-1202, and 11-1425 and by adding Section 6-508.5 as
follows:

8 (625 ILCS 5/6-500) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-500)

9 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-982)

6-500. Definitions of 10 Sec. words and phrases. Notwithstanding the definitions set forth elsewhere in this 11 Code, for purposes of the Uniform Commercial Driver's License 12 Act (UCDLA), the words and phrases listed below have the 13 14 meanings ascribed to them as follows:

(1) Alcohol. "Alcohol" means any substance containing any
form of alcohol, including but not limited to ethanol,
methanol, propanol, and isopropanol.

18 (2) Alcohol concentration. "Alcohol concentration" means:
19 (A) the number of grams of alcohol per 210 liters of

20 breath; or

(B) the number of grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters
 of blood; or

23

(C) the number of grams of alcohol per 67 milliliters

HB3149 Enrolled

1 of urine.

Alcohol tests administered within 2 hours of the driver being "stopped or detained" shall be considered that driver's "alcohol concentration" for the purposes of enforcing this UCDLA.

6 (3) (Blank).

7 (4) (Blank).

8 (5) (Blank).

9 (5.3) CDLIS driver record. "CDLIS driver record" means the 10 electronic record of the individual CDL driver's status and 11 history stored by the State-of-Record as part of the 12 Commercial Driver's License Information System, or CDLIS, 13 established under 49 U.S.C. 31309.

(5.5) CDLIS motor vehicle record. "CDLIS motor vehicle
record" or "CDLIS MVR" means a report generated from the CDLIS
driver record meeting the requirements for access to CDLIS
information and provided by states to users authorized in 49
C.F.R. 384.225(e)(3) and (4), subject to the provisions of the
Driver Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. 2721-2725.

20 (5.7) Commercial driver's license downgrade. "Commercial 21 driver's license downgrade" or "CDL downgrade" means either:

(A) a state allows the driver to change his or her
self-certification to interstate, but operating
exclusively in transportation or operation excepted from
49 C.F.R. Part 391, as provided in 49 C.F.R. 390.3(f),
391.2, 391.68, or 398.3;

HB3149 Enrolled - 3 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 (B) a state allows the driver to change his or her 2 self-certification to intrastate only, if the driver 3 qualifies under that state's physical qualification 4 requirements for intrastate only;

5 (C) a state allows the driver to change his or her 6 certification to intrastate, but operating exclusively in 7 transportation or operations excepted from all or part of 8 the state driver qualification requirements; or

9 (D) a state removes the CDL privilege from the driver 10 license.

11

(6) Commercial Motor Vehicle.

(A) "Commercial motor vehicle" or "CMV" means a motor
vehicle or combination of motor vehicles used in commerce,
except those referred to in subdivision (B), designed to
transport passengers or property if the motor vehicle:

(i) has a gross combination weight rating or gross
combination weight of 11,794 kilograms or more (26,001
pounds or more), whichever is greater, inclusive of
any towed unit with a gross vehicle weight rating or
gross vehicle weight of more than 4,536 kilograms
(10,000 pounds), whichever is greater; or

(i-5) has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross
vehicle weight of 11,794 or more kilograms (26,001
pounds or more), whichever is greater; or

(ii) is designed to transport 16 or more persons,
including the driver; or

HB3149 Enrolled

- 4 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

(iii) is of any size and is used in transporting
 hazardous materials as defined in 49 C.F.R. 383.5.

(B) Pursuant to the interpretation of the Commercial
Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 by the Federal Highway
Administration, the definition of "commercial motor
vehicle" does not include:

7 (i) recreational vehicles, when operated primarily
8 for personal use;

9 (ii) vehicles owned by or operated under the 10 direction of the United States Department of Defense 11 or the United States Coast Guard only when operated by 12 non-civilian personnel. This includes any operator on 13 active military duty; members of the Reserves; 14 National Guard; personnel on part-time training; and 15 National Guard military technicians (civilians who are 16 required to wear military uniforms and are subject to 17 the Code of Military Justice); or

(iii) firefighting, police, and other emergency 18 19 equipment (including, without limitation, equipment 20 owned or operated by a HazMat or technical rescue team authorized by a county board under Section 5-1127 of 21 22 the Counties Code), with audible and visual signals, 23 owned or operated by or for a governmental entity, 24 which is necessary to the preservation of life or 25 property or the execution of emergency governmental 26 functions which are normally not subject to general

HB3149 Enrolled - 5 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

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traffic rules and regulations.

2 (7) Controlled Substance. "Controlled substance" shall have the same meaning as defined in Section 102 of the Illinois 3 Controlled Substances Act, and shall also include cannabis as 4 defined in Section 3 of the Cannabis Control 5 Act and defined in of 6 methamphetamine as Section 10 the 7 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

Conviction. "Conviction" 8 (8) means an unvacated 9 adjudication of quilt or a determination that a person has 10 violated or failed to comply with the law in a court of 11 original jurisdiction or by an authorized administrative 12 tribunal; an unvacated revocation of pretrial release; a plea 13 of guilty or nolo contendere accepted by the court; or the payment of a fine or court cost regardless of whether the 14 15 imposition of sentence is deferred and ultimately a judgment 16 dismissing the underlying charge is entered.

17 (8.5) Day. "Day" means calendar day.

18 (9) (Blank).

19 (10) (Blank).

- 20 (11) (Blank).
- 21 (12) (Blank).

(13) Driver. "Driver" means any person who drives, operates, or is in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, any person who is required to hold a CDL, or any person who is a holder of a CDL while operating a non-commercial motor vehicle. HB3149 Enrolled - 6 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 (13.5) Driver applicant. "Driver applicant" means an 2 individual who applies to a state or other jurisdiction to 3 obtain, transfer, upgrade, or renew a CDL or to obtain or renew 4 a CLP.

5 <u>(13.6)</u> Drug and alcohol clearinghouse. "Drug and alcohol 6 <u>clearinghouse</u>" means a database system established by the 7 <u>Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration that permits the</u> 8 <u>access and retrieval of a drug and alcohol testing violation</u> 9 <u>or violations precluding an applicant or employee from</u> 10 <u>occupying safety-sensitive positions involving the operation</u> 11 <u>of a commercial motor vehicle.</u>

12 (13.8) Electronic device. "Electronic device" includes, 13 but is not limited to, a cellular telephone, personal digital 14 assistant, pager, computer, or any other device used to input, 15 write, send, receive, or read text.

16 (14) Employee. "Employee" means a person who is employed 17 as a commercial motor vehicle driver. A person who is 18 self-employed as a commercial motor vehicle driver must comply 19 with the requirements of this UCDLA pertaining to employees. 20 An owner-operator on a long-term lease shall be considered an 21 employee.

(15) Employer. "Employer" means a person (including the United States, a State or a local authority) who owns or leases a commercial motor vehicle or assigns employees to operate such a vehicle. A person who is self-employed as a commercial motor vehicle driver must comply with the requirements of this HB3149 Enrolled

1 UCDLA.

2 (15.1) Endorsement. "Endorsement" means an authorization 3 to an individual's CLP or CDL required to permit the 4 individual to operate certain types of commercial motor 5 vehicles.

6 (15.2) Entry-level driver training. "Entry-level driver training" means the training an entry-level driver receives 7 8 from an entity listed on the Federal Motor Carrier Safety 9 Administration's Training Provider Registry prior to: (i) 10 taking the CDL skills test required to receive the Class A or 11 Class B CDL for the first time; (ii) taking the CDL skills test 12 required to upgrade to a Class A or Class B CDL; or (iii) 13 taking the CDL skills test required to obtain a passenger or school bus endorsement for the first time or the CDL knowledge 14 15 test required to obtain a hazardous materials endorsement for 16 the first time.

(15.3) Excepted interstate. "Excepted interstate" means a person who operates or expects to operate in interstate commerce, but engages exclusively in transportation or operations excepted under 49 C.F.R. 390.3(f), 391.2, 391.68, or 398.3 from all or part of the qualification requirements of 49 C.F.R. Part 391 and is not required to obtain a medical examiner's certificate by 49 C.F.R. 391.45.

(15.5) Excepted intrastate. "Excepted intrastate" means a
 person who operates in intrastate commerce but engages
 exclusively in transportation or operations excepted from all

HB3149 Enrolled - 8 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 or parts of the state driver qualification requirements.

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(16) (Blank).

3 (16.5) Fatality. "Fatality" means the death of a person as4 a result of a motor vehicle accident.

5 (16.7) Foreign commercial driver. "Foreign commercial 6 driver" means a person licensed to operate a commercial motor 7 vehicle by an authority outside the United States, or a 8 citizen of a foreign country who operates a commercial motor 9 vehicle in the United States.

10 (17) Foreign jurisdiction. "Foreign jurisdiction" means a 11 sovereign jurisdiction that does not fall within the 12 definition of "State".

13 (18) (Blank).

14 (19) (Blank).

15 (20) Hazardous materials. "Hazardous material" means any 16 material that has been designated under 49 U.S.C. 5103 and is 17 required to be placarded under subpart F of 49 C.F.R. part 172 18 or any quantity of a material listed as a select agent or toxin 19 in 42 C.F.R. part 73.

20 Imminent Hazard. "Imminent hazard" means (20.5)the existence of any condition of a vehicle, employee, or 21 22 commercial motor vehicle operations that substantially 23 increases the likelihood of serious injury or death if not 24 discontinued immediately; or a condition relating to hazardous 25 material that presents a substantial likelihood that death, 26 serious illness, severe personal injury, or a substantial

HB3149 Enrolled - 9 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

endangerment to health, property, or the environment may occur before the reasonably foreseeable completion date of a formal proceeding begun to lessen the risk of that death, illness, injury or endangerment.

5 (20.6) Issuance. "Issuance" means initial issuance, 6 transfer, renewal, or upgrade of a CLP or CDL and 7 non-domiciled CLP or CDL.

8 (20.7) Issue. "Issue" means initial issuance, transfer, 9 renewal, or upgrade of a CLP or CDL and non-domiciled CLP or 10 non-domiciled CDL.

11 (21) Long-term lease. "Long-term lease" means a lease of a 12 commercial motor vehicle by the owner-lessor to a lessee, for 13 a period of more than 29 days.

(21.01) Manual transmission. "Manual transmission" means a 14 15 transmission utilizing a driver-operated clutch that is 16 activated by a pedal or lever and a gear-shift mechanism 17 operated either by hand or foot including those known as a stick shift, stick, straight drive, or standard transmission. 18 19 All other transmissions, whether semi-automatic or automatic, shall be considered automatic for the purposes of the 20 standardized restriction code. 21

(21.1) Medical examiner. "Medical examiner" means an individual certified by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration and listed on the National Registry of Certified Medical Examiners in accordance with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, 49 CFR 390.101 et seq. HB3149 Enrolled - 10 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

(21.2) Medical examiner's certificate. "Medical examiner's 1 2 certificate" means either (1) prior to June 22, 2021, a 3 document prescribed or approved by the Secretary of State that is issued by a medical examiner to a driver to medically 4 5 qualify him or her to drive; or (2) beginning June 22, 2021, an electronic submission of results of an examination conducted 6 7 by a medical examiner listed on the National Registry of Certified Medical Examiners to the Federal Motor Carrier 8 9 Safety Administration of a driver to medically qualify him or 10 her to drive.

11 (21.5) Medical variance. "Medical variance" means a driver 12 has received one of the following from the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration which allows the driver to be 13 14 issued a medical certificate: (1) an exemption letter 15 permitting operation of a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to 16 49 C.F.R. Part 381, Subpart C or 49 C.F.R. 391.64; or (2) a 17 skill performance evaluation (SPE) certificate permitting operation of a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to 49 C.F.R. 18 391.49. 19

20 (21.7) Mobile telephone. "Mobile telephone" means a mobile 21 communication device that falls under or uses any commercial 22 mobile radio service, as defined in regulations of the Federal 23 Communications Commission, 47 CFR 20.3. It does not include 24 two-way or citizens band radio services.

(22) Motor Vehicle. "Motor vehicle" means every vehiclewhich is self-propelled, and every vehicle which is propelled

by electric power obtained from over head trolley wires but not operated upon rails, except vehicles moved solely by human power and motorized wheel chairs.

4 (22.2) Motor vehicle record. "Motor vehicle record" means
5 a report of the driving status and history of a driver
6 generated from the driver record provided to users, such as
7 drivers or employers, and is subject to the provisions of the
8 Driver Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. 2721-2725.

9 (22.5) Non-CMV. "Non-CMV" means a motor vehicle or 10 combination of motor vehicles not defined by the term 11 "commercial motor vehicle" or "CMV" in this Section.

12 (22.7) Non-excepted interstate. "Non-excepted interstate" 13 means a person who operates or expects to operate in 14 interstate commerce, is subject to and meets the qualification 15 requirements under 49 C.F.R. Part 391, and is required to 16 obtain a medical examiner's certificate by 49 C.F.R. 391.45.

17 (22.8) Non-excepted intrastate. "Non-excepted intrastate" 18 means a person who operates only in intrastate commerce and is 19 subject to State driver qualification requirements.

20 (23) Non-domiciled CLP or Non-domiciled CDL.
21 "Non-domiciled CLP" or "Non-domiciled CDL" means a CLP or CDL,
22 respectively, issued by a state or other jurisdiction under
23 either of the following two conditions:

(i) to an individual domiciled in a foreign country
meeting the requirements of Part 383.23(b)(1) of 49 C.F.R.
of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.

HB3149 Enrolled

- 12 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

(ii) to an individual domiciled in another state 1 2 meeting the requirements of Part 383.23(b)(2) of 49 C.F.R. 3 of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.

(24) (Blank). 4

5 (25) (Blank).

6 (25.5)Railroad-Highway Grade Crossing Violation. 7 "Railroad-highway grade crossing violation" means a violation, 8 while operating a commercial motor vehicle, of any of the 9 following:

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(A) Section 11-1201, 11-1202, or 11-1425 of this Code.

11 (B) Any other similar law or local ordinance of any 12 state relating to railroad-highway grade crossing.

13 (25.7) School Bus. "School bus" means a commercial motor 14 vehicle used to transport pre-primary, primary, or secondary 15 school students from home to school, from school to home, or to 16 and from school-sponsored events. "School bus" does not 17 include a bus used as a common carrier.

Serious Traffic Violation. "Serious traffic 18 (26)violation" means: 19

20 (A) a conviction when operating a commercial motor 21 vehicle, or when operating a non-CMV while holding a CLP 22 or CDL, of:

23 (i) a violation relating to excessive speeding, 24 involving a single speeding charge of 15 miles per 25 hour or more above the legal speed limit; or 26

(ii) a violation relating to reckless driving; or

(iii) a violation of any State law or local 1 ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control 2 3 (other than parking violations) arising in connection with a fatal traffic accident; or 4 5 (iv) a violation of Section 6-501, relating to 6 having multiple driver's licenses; or 7 (v) a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 6-507, relating to the requirement to have a valid CLP or CDL; 8 9 or 10 (vi) a violation relating to improper or erratic 11 traffic lane changes; or 12 (vii) a violation relating to following another 13 vehicle too closely; or 14 (viii) a violation relating to texting while 15 driving; or 16 (ix) a violation relating to the use of a 17 hand-held mobile telephone while driving; or (B) any other similar violation of a law or local 18 19 ordinance of any state relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, which the 20 21 Secretary of State determines by administrative rule to be 22 serious. 23 (27) State. "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia and any province or territory of 24 25 Canada. 26 (28) (Blank).

HB3149 Enrolled - 14 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 (29) (Blank).

2 (30) (Blank).

3 (31) (Blank).

4 (32) Texting. "Texting" means manually entering 5 alphanumeric text into, or reading text from, an electronic 6 device.

7 (1) Texting includes, but is not limited to, short 8 message service, emailing, instant messaging, a command or 9 request to access a World Wide Web page, pressing more 10 than a single button to initiate or terminate a voice 11 communication using a mobile telephone, or engaging in any 12 other form of electronic text retrieval or entry for 13 present or future communication.

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(2) Texting does not include:

(i) inputting, selecting, or reading information
on a global positioning system or navigation system;
or

18 (ii) pressing a single button to initiate or 19 terminate a voice communication using a mobile 20 telephone; or

(iii) using a device capable of performing multiple functions (for example, a fleet management system, dispatching device, smart phone, citizens band radio, or music player) for a purpose that is not otherwise prohibited by Part 392 of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations. HB3149 Enrolled - 15 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 (32.3) Third party skills test examiner. "Third party 2 skills test examiner" means a person employed by a third party 3 tester who is authorized by the State to administer the CDL 4 skills tests specified in 49 C.F.R. Part 383, subparts G and H.

5 (32.5) Third party tester. "Third party tester" means a 6 person (including, but not limited to, another state, a motor 7 carrier, a private driver training facility or other private 8 institution, or a department, agency, or instrumentality of a 9 local government) authorized by the State to employ skills 10 test examiners to administer the CDL skills tests specified in 11 49 C.F.R. Part 383, subparts G and H.

12 (32.7) United States. "United States" means the 50 states13 and the District of Columbia.

14 (33) Use a hand-held mobile telephone. "Use a hand-held 15 mobile telephone" means:

16 (1) using at least one hand to hold a mobile telephone17 to conduct a voice communication;

18 (2) dialing or answering a mobile telephone by19 pressing more than a single button; or

(3) reaching for a mobile telephone in a manner that requires a driver to maneuver so that he or she is no longer in a seated driving position, restrained by a seat belt that is installed in accordance with 49 CFR 393.93 and adjusted in accordance with the vehicle manufacturer's instructions.

26 (Source: P.A. 100-223, eff. 8-18-17; 101-185, eff. 1-1-20;

HB3149 Enrolled - 16 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b 1 101-652, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1104, eff. 1-1-23.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-982)

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6-500. Definitions 3 Sec. of words and phrases. 4 Notwithstanding the definitions set forth elsewhere in this 5 Code, for purposes of the Uniform Commercial Driver's License 6 Act (UCDLA), the words and phrases listed below have the 7 meanings ascribed to them as follows: 8 (1) Alcohol. "Alcohol" means any substance containing any 9 form of alcohol, including but not limited to ethanol, 10 methanol, propanol, and isopropanol. 11 (2) Alcohol concentration. "Alcohol concentration" means: 12 (A) the number of grams of alcohol per 210 liters of 13 breath: or 14 (B) the number of grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters 15 of blood; or 16 (C) the number of grams of alcohol per 67 milliliters of urine. 17 Alcohol tests administered within 2 hours of the driver 18 being "stopped or detained" shall be considered that driver's 19 20 "alcohol concentration" for the purposes of enforcing this 21 UCDLA. 22 (3) (Blank). 23 (4) (Blank). 24 (5) (Blank). (5.3) CDLIS driver record. "CDLIS driver record" means the 25

HB3149 Enrolled - 17 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

electronic record of the individual CDL driver's status and history stored by the State-of-Record as part of the Commercial Driver's License Information System, or CDLIS, established under 49 U.S.C. 31309.

5 (5.5) CDLIS motor vehicle record. "CDLIS motor vehicle 6 record" or "CDLIS MVR" means a report generated from the CDLIS 7 driver record meeting the requirements for access to CDLIS 8 information and provided by states to users authorized in 49 9 C.F.R. 384.225(e)(3) and (4), subject to the provisions of the 10 Driver Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. 2721-2725.

11 (5.7) Commercial driver's license downgrade. "Commercial 12 driver's license downgrade" or "CDL downgrade" means either:

(A) a state allows the driver to change his or her self-certification to interstate, but operating exclusively in transportation or operation excepted from 49 C.F.R. Part 391, as provided in 49 C.F.R. 390.3(f), 391.2, 391.68, or 398.3;

(B) a state allows the driver to change his or her self-certification to intrastate only, if the driver qualifies under that state's physical qualification requirements for intrastate only;

(C) a state allows the driver to change his or her
 certification to intrastate, but operating exclusively in
 transportation or operations excepted from all or part of
 the state driver qualification requirements; or

26

(D) a state removes the CDL privilege from the driver

1 license.

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(6) Commercial Motor Vehicle.

3 (A) "Commercial motor vehicle" or "CMV" means a motor
4 vehicle or combination of motor vehicles used in commerce,
5 except those referred to in subdivision (B), designed to
6 transport passengers or property if the motor vehicle:

(i) has a gross combination weight rating or gross
combination weight of 11,794 kilograms or more (26,001
pounds or more), whichever is greater, inclusive of
any towed unit with a gross vehicle weight rating or
gross vehicle weight of more than 4,536 kilograms
(10,000 pounds), whichever is greater; or

(i-5) has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross
vehicle weight of 11,794 or more kilograms (26,001
pounds or more), whichever is greater; or

(ii) is designed to transport 16 or more persons,
 including the driver; or

(iii) is of any size and is used in transporting
 hazardous materials as defined in 49 C.F.R. 383.5.

(B) Pursuant to the interpretation of the Commercial
 Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 by the Federal Highway
 Administration, the definition of "commercial motor
 vehicle" does not include:

24 (i) recreational vehicles, when operated primarily25 for personal use;

(ii) vehicles owned by or operated under the

direction of the United States Department of Defense 1 2 or the United States Coast Guard only when operated by 3 non-civilian personnel. This includes any operator on active military duty; members of the 4 Reserves; 5 National Guard; personnel on part-time training; and National Guard military technicians (civilians who are 6 7 required to wear military uniforms and are subject to the Code of Military Justice); or 8

9 (iii) firefighting, police, and other emergency 10 equipment (including, without limitation, equipment 11 owned or operated by a HazMat or technical rescue team 12 authorized by a county board under Section 5-1127 of 13 the Counties Code), with audible and visual signals, 14 owned or operated by or for a governmental entity, 15 which is necessary to the preservation of life or 16 property or the execution of emergency governmental 17 functions which are normally not subject to general traffic rules and regulations. 18

(7) Controlled Substance. "Controlled substance" shall 19 20 have the same meaning as defined in Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, and shall also include cannabis as 21 defined in Section 3 of the Cannabis Control Act 22 and 23 methamphetamine defined in Section 10 as of the 24 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

(8) Conviction. "Conviction" means an unvacatedadjudication of guilt or a determination that a person has

HB3149 Enrolled - 20 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

violated or failed to comply with the law in a court of original jurisdiction or by an authorized administrative tribunal; an unvacated revocation of pretrial release; a plea of guilty or nolo contendere accepted by the court; or the payment of a fine or court cost regardless of whether the imposition of sentence is deferred and ultimately a judgment dismissing the underlying charge is entered.

- 8 (8.5) Day. "Day" means calendar day.
- 9 (9) (Blank).
- 10 (10) (Blank).
- 11 (11) (Blank).
- 12 (12) (Blank).

(13) Driver. "Driver" means any person who drives, operates, or is in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, any person who is required to hold a CDL, or any person who is a holder of a CDL while operating a non-commercial motor vehicle.

18 (13.5) Driver applicant. "Driver applicant" means an 19 individual who applies to a state or other jurisdiction to 20 obtain, transfer, upgrade, or renew a CDL or to obtain or renew 21 a CLP.

22 (13.6) Drug and alcohol clearinghouse. "Drug and alcohol 23 clearinghouse" means a database system established by the 24 Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration that permits the 25 access and retrieval of a drug and alcohol testing violation 26 or violations precluding an applicant or employee from HB3149 Enrolled - 21 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 <u>occupying safety-sensitive positions involving the operation</u> 2 of a commercial motor vehicle.

3 (13.8) Electronic device. "Electronic device" includes,
4 but is not limited to, a cellular telephone, personal digital
5 assistant, pager, computer, or any other device used to input,
6 write, send, receive, or read text.

7 (14) Employee. "Employee" means a person who is employed 8 as a commercial motor vehicle driver. A person who is 9 self-employed as a commercial motor vehicle driver must comply 10 with the requirements of this UCDLA pertaining to employees. 11 An owner-operator on a long-term lease shall be considered an 12 employee.

(15) Employer. "Employer" means a person (including the United States, a State or a local authority) who owns or leases a commercial motor vehicle or assigns employees to operate such a vehicle. A person who is self-employed as a commercial motor vehicle driver must comply with the requirements of this UCDLA.

19 (15.1) Endorsement. "Endorsement" means an authorization 20 to an individual's CLP or CDL required to permit the 21 individual to operate certain types of commercial motor 22 vehicles.

(15.2) Entry-level driver training. "Entry-level driver training" means the training an entry-level driver receives from an entity listed on the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration's Training Provider Registry prior to: (i) HB3149 Enrolled - 22 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

taking the CDL skills test required to receive the Class A or Class B CDL for the first time; (ii) taking the CDL skills test required to upgrade to a Class A or Class B CDL; or (iii) taking the CDL skills test required to obtain a passenger or school bus endorsement for the first time or the CDL knowledge test required to obtain a hazardous materials endorsement for the first time.

8 (15.3) Excepted interstate. "Excepted interstate" means a 9 person who operates or expects to operate in interstate 10 commerce, but engages exclusively in transportation or 11 operations excepted under 49 C.F.R. 390.3(f), 391.2, 391.68, 12 or 398.3 from all or part of the qualification requirements of 13 49 C.F.R. Part 391 and is not required to obtain a medical 14 examiner's certificate by 49 C.F.R. 391.45.

15 (15.5) Excepted intrastate. "Excepted intrastate" means a 16 person who operates in intrastate commerce but engages 17 exclusively in transportation or operations excepted from all 18 or parts of the state driver qualification requirements.

19 (16) (Blank).

20 (16.5) Fatality. "Fatality" means the death of a person as21 a result of a motor vehicle crash.

(16.7) Foreign commercial driver. "Foreign commercial driver" means a person licensed to operate a commercial motor vehicle by an authority outside the United States, or a citizen of a foreign country who operates a commercial motor vehicle in the United States. HB3149 Enrolled

1 (17) Foreign jurisdiction. "Foreign jurisdiction" means a 2 sovereign jurisdiction that does not fall within the 3 definition of "State".

4 (18) (Blank).

5 (19) (Blank).

6 (20) Hazardous materials. "Hazardous material" means any 7 material that has been designated under 49 U.S.C. 5103 and is 8 required to be placarded under subpart F of 49 C.F.R. part 172 9 or any quantity of a material listed as a select agent or toxin 10 in 42 C.F.R. part 73.

11 (20.5)Imminent Hazard. "Imminent hazard" means the 12 existence of any condition of a vehicle, employee, or 13 commercial motor vehicle operations that substantially 14 increases the likelihood of serious injury or death if not 15 discontinued immediately; or a condition relating to hazardous 16 material that presents a substantial likelihood that death, 17 serious illness, severe personal injury, or a substantial endangerment to health, property, or the environment may occur 18 19 before the reasonably foreseeable completion date of a formal 20 proceeding begun to lessen the risk of that death, illness, 21 injury or endangerment.

(20.6) Issuance. "Issuance" means initial issuance, transfer, renewal, or upgrade of a CLP or CDL and non-domiciled CLP or CDL.

(20.7) Issue. "Issue" means initial issuance, transfer,
 renewal, or upgrade of a CLP or CDL and non-domiciled CLP or

HB3149 Enrolled - 24 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 non-domiciled CDL.

2 (21) Long-term lease. "Long-term lease" means a lease of a
3 commercial motor vehicle by the owner-lessor to a lessee, for
4 a period of more than 29 days.

5 (21.01) Manual transmission. "Manual transmission" means a transmission utilizing a driver-operated clutch that is 6 7 activated by a pedal or lever and a gear-shift mechanism 8 operated either by hand or foot including those known as a 9 stick shift, stick, straight drive, or standard transmission. 10 All other transmissions, whether semi-automatic or automatic, 11 shall be considered automatic for the purposes of the 12 standardized restriction code.

13 (21.1) Medical examiner. "Medical examiner" means an 14 individual certified by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety 15 Administration and listed on the National Registry of 16 Certified Medical Examiners in accordance with Federal Motor 17 Carrier Safety Regulations, 49 CFR 390.101 et seq.

(21.2) Medical examiner's certificate. "Medical examiner's 18 19 certificate" means either (1) prior to June 22, 2021, a 20 document prescribed or approved by the Secretary of State that is issued by a medical examiner to a driver to medically 21 22 qualify him or her to drive; or (2) beginning June 22, 2021, an 23 electronic submission of results of an examination conducted by a medical examiner listed on the National Registry of 24 25 Certified Medical Examiners to the Federal Motor Carrier 26 Safety Administration of a driver to medically qualify him or

HB3149 Enrolled - 25 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 her to drive.

2 (21.5) Medical variance. "Medical variance" means a driver has received one of the following from the Federal Motor 3 Carrier Safety Administration which allows the driver to be 4 5 issued a medical certificate: (1) an exemption letter 6 permitting operation of a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to 7 49 C.F.R. Part 381, Subpart C or 49 C.F.R. 391.64; or (2) a 8 skill performance evaluation (SPE) certificate permitting 9 operation of a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to 49 C.F.R. 391.49. 10

11 (21.7) Mobile telephone. "Mobile telephone" means a mobile 12 communication device that falls under or uses any commercial 13 mobile radio service, as defined in regulations of the Federal 14 Communications Commission, 47 CFR 20.3. It does not include 15 two-way or citizens band radio services.

16 (22) Motor Vehicle. "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle 17 which is self-propelled, and every vehicle which is propelled 18 by electric power obtained from over head trolley wires but 19 not operated upon rails, except vehicles moved solely by human 20 power and motorized wheel chairs.

21 (22.2) Motor vehicle record. "Motor vehicle record" means 22 a report of the driving status and history of a driver 23 generated from the driver record provided to users, such as 24 drivers or employers, and is subject to the provisions of the 25 Driver Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. 2721-2725.

26 (22.5) Non-CMV. "Non-CMV" means a motor vehicle or

HB3149 Enrolled - 26 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 combination of motor vehicles not defined by the term 2 "commercial motor vehicle" or "CMV" in this Section.

3 (22.7) Non-excepted interstate. "Non-excepted interstate" 4 means a person who operates or expects to operate in 5 interstate commerce, is subject to and meets the qualification 6 requirements under 49 C.F.R. Part 391, and is required to 7 obtain a medical examiner's certificate by 49 C.F.R. 391.45.

8 (22.8) Non-excepted intrastate. "Non-excepted intrastate" 9 means a person who operates only in intrastate commerce and is 10 subject to State driver qualification requirements.

11 (23) Non-domiciled CLP or Non-domiciled CDL.
12 "Non-domiciled CLP" or "Non-domiciled CDL" means a CLP or CDL,
13 respectively, issued by a state or other jurisdiction under
14 either of the following two conditions:

(i) to an individual domiciled in a foreign country
meeting the requirements of Part 383.23(b)(1) of 49 C.F.R.
of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.

(ii) to an individual domiciled in another state
meeting the requirements of Part 383.23(b)(2) of 49 C.F.R.
of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.

21 (24) (Blank).

22 (25) (Blank).

23 (25.5) Railroad-Highway Grade Crossing Violation.
24 "Railroad-highway grade crossing violation" means a violation,
25 while operating a commercial motor vehicle, of any of the
26 following:

HB3149 Enrolled - 27 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

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(A) Section 11-1201, 11-1202, or 11-1425 of this Code.

2

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17

(B) Any other similar law or local ordinance of any state relating to railroad-highway grade crossing.

4 (25.7) School Bus. "School bus" means a commercial motor 5 vehicle used to transport pre-primary, primary, or secondary 6 school students from home to school, from school to home, or to 7 and from school-sponsored events. "School bus" does not 8 include a bus used as a common carrier.

9 (26) Serious Traffic Violation. "Serious traffic 10 violation" means:

11 (A) a conviction when operating a commercial motor 12 vehicle, or when operating a non-CMV while holding a CLP 13 or CDL, of:

14 (i) a violation relating to excessive speeding,
15 involving a single speeding charge of 15 miles per
16 hour or more above the legal speed limit; or

(ii) a violation relating to reckless driving; or

18 (iii) a violation of any State law or local 19 ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control 20 (other than parking violations) arising in connection 21 with a fatal traffic crash; or

(iv) a violation of Section 6-501, relating to
 having multiple driver's licenses; or

(v) a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 6-507,
relating to the requirement to have a valid CLP or CDL;
or

HB3149 Enrolled - 28 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

(vi) a violation relating to improper or erratic
 traffic lane changes; or

3 (vii) a violation relating to following another
4 vehicle too closely; or

5 (viii) a violation relating to texting while 6 driving; or

7 (ix) a violation relating to the use of a
8 hand-held mobile telephone while driving; or

9 (B) any other similar violation of a law or local 10 ordinance of any state relating to motor vehicle traffic 11 control, other than a parking violation, which the 12 Secretary of State determines by administrative rule to be 13 serious.

14 (27) State. "State" means a state of the United States, 15 the District of Columbia and any province or territory of 16 Canada.

- 17 (28) (Blank).
- 18 (29) (Blank).
- 19 (30) (Blank).
- 20 (31) (Blank).

21 (32) Texting. "Texting" means manually entering 22 alphanumeric text into, or reading text from, an electronic 23 device.

(1) Texting includes, but is not limited to, short
 message service, emailing, instant messaging, a command or
 request to access a World Wide Web page, pressing more

HB3149 Enrolled - 29 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 than a single button to initiate or terminate a voice 2 communication using a mobile telephone, or engaging in any 3 other form of electronic text retrieval or entry for 4 present or future communication.

5

(2) Texting does not include:

6 (i) inputting, selecting, or reading information 7 on a global positioning system or navigation system; 8 or

9 (ii) pressing a single button to initiate or 10 terminate a voice communication using a mobile 11 telephone; or

(iii) using a device capable of performing multiple functions (for example, a fleet management system, dispatching device, smart phone, citizens band radio, or music player) for a purpose that is not otherwise prohibited by Part 392 of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations.

18 (32.3) Third party skills test examiner. "Third party 19 skills test examiner" means a person employed by a third party 20 tester who is authorized by the State to administer the CDL 21 skills tests specified in 49 C.F.R. Part 383, subparts G and H.

(32.5) Third party tester. "Third party tester" means a person (including, but not limited to, another state, a motor carrier, a private driver training facility or other private institution, or a department, agency, or instrumentality of a local government) authorized by the State to employ skills HB3149 Enrolled - 30 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

- test examiners to administer the CDL skills tests specified in
 49 C.F.R. Part 383, subparts G and H.
- 3 (32.7) United States. "United States" means the 50 states4 and the District of Columbia.

5 (33) Use a hand-held mobile telephone. "Use a hand-held 6 mobile telephone" means:

- 7 (1) using at least one hand to hold a mobile telephone8 to conduct a voice communication;
- 9 (2) dialing or answering a mobile telephone by 10 pressing more than a single button; or
- (3) reaching for a mobile telephone in a manner that requires a driver to maneuver so that he or she is no longer in a seated driving position, restrained by a seat belt that is installed in accordance with 49 CFR 393.93 and adjusted in accordance with the vehicle manufacturer's instructions.

17 (Source: P.A. 101-185, eff. 1-1-20; 101-652, eff. 1-1-23;
18 102-982, eff. 7-1-23; 102-1104, eff. 1-1-23.)

19 (625 ILCS 5/6-507.5)

20 Sec. 6-507.5. Application for Commercial Learner's Permit 21 (CLP).

(a) The application for a CLP must include, but is notlimited to, the following:

(1) the driver applicant's full legal name and current
 Illinois domiciliary address, unless the driver applicant

HB3149 Enrolled - 31 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 is from a foreign country and is applying for а non-domiciled CLP in which case the driver applicant shall 2 3 submit proof of Illinois residency or the driver applicant is from another state and is applying for a non-domiciled 4 5 CLP in which case the driver applicant shall submit proof domicile in the state which issued the 6 of driver 7 applicant's Non-CDL;

8 (2) a physical description of the driver applicant 9 including gender, height, weight, color of eyes, and hair 10 color;

11

12

(3) date of birth;

(4) the driver applicant's social security number;

13

(5) the driver applicant's signature;

14 (6) the names of all states where the driver applicant 15 has previously been licensed to drive any type of motor 16 vehicle during the previous 10 years under 49 C.F.R. Part 17 383;

(7) proof of citizenship or lawful permanent residency 18 as set forth in Table 1 of 49 C.F.R. 383.71, unless the 19 20 driver applicant is from a foreign country and is applying 21 for a non-domiciled CLP, in which case the applicant must 22 provide an unexpired employment authorization document 23 (EAD) issued by USCIS or an unexpired foreign passport 24 accompanied by an approved I-94 form documenting the 25 applicant's most recent admittance into the United States; 26 and

HB3149 Enrolled

- 32 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

(8) any other information required by the Secretary of
 State.

3 (b) Except as provided in subsection (b-5), no CLP shall 4 be issued to a driver applicant unless the applicant has taken 5 and passed a general knowledge test that meets the federal 6 standards contained in 49 C.F.R. Part 383, subparts F, G, and H 7 for the commercial motor vehicle the applicant expects to 8 operate.

9 (b-5) The Secretary of State may waive the general 10 knowledge test specified in 49 CFR 383.71(a)(2)(ii) for a 11 qualifying driver applicant of a commercial learner's permit. 12 A qualifying driver applicant shall:

13

(1) be a current resident of this State;

14 (2) be a current or former member of the military 15 services, including a member of any reserve component or 16 National Guard unit;

17 (3) within one year prior to the application, have 18 been regularly employed in a military position that 19 requires the operation of large trucks;

(4) have received formal military training in the
operation of a vehicle similar to the commercial motor
vehicle the applicant expects to operate; and

(5) provide the Secretary of State with a general
knowledge test waiver form signed by the applicant and his
or her commanding officer certifying that the applicant
qualifies for the general knowledge test waiver.

HB3149 Enrolled - 33 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 (c) No CLP shall be issued to a driver applicant unless the 2 applicant possesses a valid Illinois driver's license or if 3 the applicant is applying for a non-domiciled CLP under 4 subsection (b) of Section 6-509 of this Code, in which case the 5 driver applicant must possess a valid driver's license from 6 his or her state of domicile.

7 (d) No CLP shall be issued to a person under 18 years of 8 age.

9 (e) No person shall be issued a CLP unless the person 10 certifies to the Secretary one of the following types of 11 driving operations in which he or she will be engaged:

12

(1) non-excepted interstate;

- 13 (2) non-excepted intrastate;
- 14
- 15

(3) excepted interstate; or

(4) excepted intrastate.

16 (f) No person shall be issued a CLP unless the person 17 certifies to the Secretary that he or she is not subject to any 18 disqualification under 49 C.F.R. 383.51, or any license 19 disqualification under State law, and that he or she does not 20 have a driver's license from more than one state or 21 jurisdiction.

(g) No CLP shall be issued to a person while the person is subject to a disqualification from driving a commercial motor vehicle, unless otherwise permitted by this Code, while the person's driver's license is suspended, revoked, or cancelled in any state, or any territory or province of Canada; nor may a HB3149 Enrolled - 34 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 CLP be issued to a person who has a CLP or CDL issued by any 2 other state or foreign jurisdiction, unless the person 3 surrenders all of these licenses. No CLP shall be issued to or 4 renewed for a person who does not meet the requirement of 49 5 C.F.R. 391.41(b)(11). The requirement may be met with the aid 6 of a hearing aid.

7 (h) No CLP with a Passenger, School Bus or Tank Vehicle 8 endorsement shall be issued to a person unless the driver 9 applicant has taken and passed the knowledge test for each 10 endorsement.

11 (1) A CLP holder with a Passenger (P) endorsement is 12 prohibited from operating a CMV carrying passengers, other than federal or State auditors and inspectors, test 13 14 examiners, or other trainees, and the CDL holder 15 accompanying the CLP holder as prescribed by subsection 16 (a) of Section 6-507 of this Code. The P endorsement must 17 be class specific.

(2) A CLP holder with a School Bus (S) endorsement is
prohibited from operating a school bus with passengers
other than federal or State auditors and inspectors, test
examiners, or other trainees, and the CDL holder
accompanying the CLP holder as prescribed by subsection
(a) of Section 6-507 of this Code.

(3) A CLP holder with a Tank Vehicle (N) endorsement
 may only operate an empty tank vehicle and is prohibited
 from operating any tank vehicle that previously contained

1 hazardous material that has not been purged of all 2 residue.

3 (4) All other federal endorsements are prohibited on a4 CLP.

5 (i) No CLP holder may operate a commercial motor vehicle 6 transporting hazardous material as defined in paragraph (20) 7 of Section 6-500 of this Code.

8 (j) The CLP holder must be accompanied by the holder of a 9 valid CDL who has the proper CDL group and endorsement 10 necessary to operate the CMV. The CDL holder must at all times 11 be physically present in the front seat of the vehicle next to 12 the CLP holder or, in the case of a passenger vehicle, directly 13 behind or in the first row behind the driver and must have the 14 CLP holder under observation and direct supervision.

15 (k) A CLP is valid for <u>12 months</u> 180 days from the date of 16 issuance. A CLP may be renewed for an additional <u>180 days</u> 17 without requiring the CLP holder to retake the general and 18 endorsement knowledge tests.

(1) A CLP issued prior to July 1, 2014 for a limited time period according to state requirements, shall be considered a valid commercial driver's license for purposes of behind-the-wheel training on public roads or highways.

23 (Source: P.A. 100-223, eff. 8-18-17.)

24

(625 ILCS 5/6-508.5 new)

25 <u>Sec. 6-508.5. Drug and alcohol clearinghouse.</u>

HB3149 Enrolled - 36 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 <u>(a) No driver who has engaged in conduct prohibited by</u> 2 <u>subpart B of 49 CFR 382 shall perform safety-sensitive</u> 3 <u>functions, including driving a commercial motor vehicle,</u> 4 <u>unless the driver has met the return to duty requirements of</u> 5 <u>subpart 0 of 49 CFR 40 and, if the driver's CDL or CLP was</u> 6 <u>canceled, has had the CDL or CLP reinstated.</u>

7 (b) By applying for a CDL or CLP, a driver is deemed to
8 have consented to the release of information from the drug and
9 alcohol clearinghouse to the Secretary of State.

10 (c) No later than November 18, 2024, the Secretary shall 11 request information from the drug and alcohol clearinghouse 12 for all applicants applying for an initial, renewal, transfer, 13 or upgraded CDL or CLP. If the Secretary receives notification 14 that pursuant to 49 CFR 382.503 the applicant is prohibited 15 from operating a commercial motor vehicle, the Secretary shall 16 not issue, renew, transfer, or upgrade a CDL or CLP.

17 (d) No later than November 18, 2024, the Secretary must, upon receiving notification from the drug and alcohol 18 19 clearinghouse that a holder of a CDL or CLP is prohibited from 20 operating a commercial motor vehicle, cancel the CDL or CLP. 21 The cancellation must be completed and recorded on the CDLIS 22 driver record within 60 days after the State's receipt of such 23 a notification. Upon notification from the Federal Motor 24 Carrier Safety Administration that a driver has completed the 25 return-to-duty process, the Secretary may reinstate the 26 driver's CDL or CLP privileges.

HB3149 Enrolled - 37 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 <u>(e) Upon notification from the Federal Motor Carrier</u> 2 Safety Administration that a violation was entered into the 3 drug and alcohol clearinghouse erroneously, the Secretary 4 shall reinstate the driver's CDL or CLP privileges and remove 5 the cancellation from the driving record.

6 (625 ILCS 5/6-514)

7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-982)

8 Sec. 6-514. Commercial driver's license (CDL); commercial
9 learner's permit (CLP); disqualifications.

10 (a) A person shall be disqualified from driving a 11 commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12 12 months for the first violation of:

13 (1) Refusing to submit to or failure to complete a 14 test or tests to determine the driver's blood 15 concentration of alcohol, other drug, or both while 16 driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a 17 CLP or CDL holder, while driving a non-CMV; or

18 (2) Operating a commercial motor vehicle while the 19 alcohol concentration of the person's blood, breath, other 20 bodily substance, or urine is at least 0.04, or any amount 21 of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's blood, 22 other bodily substance, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the 23 24 Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the 25 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine as HB3149 Enrolled - 38 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act as indicated by a police officer's sworn 2 3 report or other verified evidence; or operating a the non-commercial motor vehicle while 4 alcohol 5 concentration of the person's blood, breath, other bodily 6 substance, or urine was above the legal limit defined in 7 Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.8 or any amount of a drug, 8 substance, or compound in the person's blood, other bodily 9 substance, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or 10 consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control 11 Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois 12 Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act 13 14 as indicated by a police officer's sworn report or other 15 verified evidence while holding a CLP or CDL; or

16

(3) Conviction for a first violation of:

(i) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the
driver is a CLP or CDL holder, driving a non-CMV while
under the influence of alcohol, or any other drug, or
combination of drugs to a degree which renders such
person incapable of safely driving; or

(ii) Knowingly leaving the scene of an accident while operating a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CLP or CDL holder, while driving a non-CMV; or

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(iii) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if

HB3149 Enrolled - 39 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

the driver is a CLP or CDL holder, driving a non-CMV while committing any felony; or

3 (iv) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while the 4 person's driving privileges or driver's license or 5 permit is revoked, suspended, or cancelled or the 6 driver is disqualified from operating a commercial 7 motor vehicle; or

(v) Causing a fatality through the negligent 8 9 operation of a commercial motor vehicle, including but 10 not limited to the crimes of motor vehicle 11 manslaughter, homicide by a motor vehicle, and 12 negligent homicide.

13 As used in this subdivision (a)(3)(v), "motor vehicle manslaughter" means the offense of involuntary 14 15 manslaughter if committed by means of a vehicle; 16 "homicide by a motor vehicle" means the offense of 17 first degree murder or second degree murder, if either offense is committed by means of a vehicle; and 18 "negligent homicide" means reckless homicide under 19 Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 20 Criminal Code of 2012 and aggravated driving under the 21 22 influence of alcohol, other druq or drugs, 23 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof under subdivision (d)(1)(F) of Section 11-501 24 25 of this Code.

26 If any of the above violations or refusals occurred

HB3149 Enrolled - 40 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

- while transporting hazardous material(s) required to be placarded, the person shall be disqualified for a period of not less than 3 years; or
- 4

(4) (Blank).

5 (b) A person is disqualified for life for a second 6 conviction of any of the offenses specified in paragraph (a), 7 or any combination of those offenses, arising from 2 or more 8 separate incidents.

9 (c) A person is disgualified from driving a commercial 10 motor vehicle for life if the person either (i) uses a 11 commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony 12 involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a 13 possession controlled substance, or with intent to 14 manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance or 15 (ii) if the person is a CLP or CDL holder, uses a non-CMV in 16 the commission of a felony involving any of those activities.

17 (d) The Secretary of State may, when the United States Secretary of Transportation so authorizes, issue regulations 18 in which a disqualification for life under paragraph (b) may 19 be reduced to a period of not less than 10 years. If a 20 reinstated driver is subsequently convicted of another 21 22 disqualifying offense, as specified in subsection (a) of this 23 Section, he or she shall be permanently disqualified for life and shall be ineligible to again apply for a reduction of the 24 25 lifetime disgualification.

26

(e) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial

motor vehicle for a period of not less than 2 months if 1 2 convicted of 2 serious traffic violations, committed in a 3 commercial motor vehicle, non-CMV while holding a CLP or CDL, or any combination thereof, arising from separate incidents, 4 5 occurring within a 3-year period, provided the serious traffic committed in a non-CMV would result 6 violation in the 7 suspension or revocation of the CLP or CDL holder's non-CMV 8 privileges. However, a person will be disqualified from 9 driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 4 months if convicted of 3 serious traffic violations, 10 11 committed in a commercial motor vehicle, non-CMV while holding 12 a CLP or CDL, or any combination thereof, arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3-year period, provided 13 the serious traffic violation committed in a non-CMV would 14 result in the suspension or revocation of the CLP or CDL 15 16 holder's non-CMV privileges. If all the convictions occurred 17 in a non-CMV, the disgualification shall be entered only if the convictions would result in the suspension or revocation 18 of the CLP or CDL holder's non-CMV privileges. 19

20

(e-1) (Blank).

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, any driver disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle, pursuant to this UCDLA, shall not be eligible for restoration of commercial driving privileges during any such period of disqualification.

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(g) After suspending, revoking, or cancelling a CLP or

HB3149 Enrolled - 42 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 CDL, the Secretary of State must update the driver's records 2 to reflect such action within 10 days. After suspending or 3 revoking the driving privilege of any person who has been 4 issued a CLP or CDL from another jurisdiction, the Secretary 5 shall originate notification to such issuing jurisdiction 6 within 10 days.

7 (h) The "disqualifications" referred to in this Section
8 shall not be imposed upon any commercial motor vehicle driver,
9 by the Secretary of State, unless the prohibited action(s)
10 occurred after March 31, 1992.

11 (i) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial 12 motor vehicle in accordance with the following:

(1) For 6 months upon a first conviction of paragraph
(2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) of Section 6-507
of this Code.

16 (2) For 2 years upon a second conviction of paragraph 17 subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or (2)of any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or 18 subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code 19 20 within a 10-year period if the second conviction is a 21 violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection 22 (b-3).

(3) For 3 years upon a third or subsequent conviction
of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or
any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b)
or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this

HB3149 Enrolled - 43 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

Code within a 10-year period if the third or subsequent
 conviction is a violation of paragraph (2) of subsection
 (b) or subsection (b-3).

4 (4) For one year upon a first conviction of paragraph
5 (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) of Section 6-507
6 of this Code.

7 (5) For 3 years upon a second conviction of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) or any 8 9 combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or 10 subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code 11 within a 10-year period if the second conviction is a 12 violation of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or (b-5).

(6) For 5 years upon a third or subsequent conviction
of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) or
any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b)
or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this
Code within a 10-year period if the third or subsequent
conviction is a violation of paragraph (3) of subsection
(b) or (b-5).

20 (j) Disqualification for railroad-highway grade crossing 21 violation.

(1) General rule. A driver who is convicted of a violation of a federal, State, or local law or regulation pertaining to one of the following 6 offenses at a railroad-highway grade crossing must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for the period of HB3149 Enrolled

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time specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection (j) if the offense was committed while operating a commercial motor vehicle:

4 (i) For drivers who are not required to always 5 stop, failing to slow down and check that the tracks 6 are clear of an approaching train or railroad track 7 equipment, as described in subsection (a-5) of Section 8 11-1201 of this Code;

9 (ii) For drivers who are not required to always 10 stop, failing to stop before reaching the crossing, if 11 the tracks are not clear, as described in subsection 12 (a-1) (a) of Section 11-1201 of this Code;

13 (iii) For drivers who are always required to stop, 14 failing to stop before driving onto the crossing, as 15 described in <u>subsection (a-1) of</u> Section 11-1202 of 16 this Code;

(iv) For all drivers, failing to have sufficient space to drive completely through the crossing without stopping, as described in subsection <u>(b-5)</u> (b) of Section 11-1425 of this Code;

(v) For all drivers, failing to obey a traffic control device or the directions of an enforcement official at the crossing, as described in subdivision (2) of subsection (a-1) (a)2 of Section 11-1201 of this Code;

(vi) For all drivers, failing to negotiate a

crossing because of insufficient undercarriage
 clearance, as described in subsection (d-1) of Section
 11-1201 of this Code.

4 (2) Duration of disqualification for railroad-highway
5 grade crossing violation.

6 (i) First violation. A driver must be disqualified 7 from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less 8 than 60 days if the driver is convicted of a violation 9 described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and, 10 in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the 11 driver had no convictions for a violation described in 12 paragraph (1) of this subsection (j).

Second 13 violation. A driver (ii) must be 14 disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle 15 for not less than 120 days if the driver is convicted 16 of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this 17 subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had one other conviction 18 19 for a violation described in paragraph (1) of this 20 subsection (j) that was committed in a separate incident. 21

(iii) Third or subsequent violation. A driver must
be disqualified from operating a commercial motor
vehicle for not less than one year if the driver is
convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of
this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period

HB3149 Enrolled - 46 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 preceding the conviction, the driver had 2 or more 2 other convictions for violations described in 3 paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) that were 4 committed in separate incidents.

5 (k) Upon notification of a disqualification of a driver's 6 commercial motor vehicle privileges imposed by the U.S. 7 Department of Transportation, Federal Motor Carrier Safety 8 Administration, in accordance with 49 CFR 383.52, the 9 Secretary of State shall immediately record to the driving 10 record the notice of disqualification and confirm to the 11 driver the action that has been taken.

12 (1) A foreign commercial driver is subject to13 disqualification under this Section.

(m) A person shall be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for life if that individual uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of a felony involving an act or practice of severe forms of human trafficking, as defined in 22 U.S.C. 7102(11).

19 (Source: P.A. 102-749, eff. 1-1-23.)

20 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-982)

21 Sec. 6-514. Commercial driver's license (CDL); commercial 22 learner's permit (CLP); disqualifications.

(a) A person shall be disqualified from driving a
commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12
months for the first violation of:

HB3149 Enrolled

(1) Refusing to submit to or failure to complete a 1 2 determine test or tests to the driver's blood 3 concentration of alcohol, other drug, or both while driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a 4 5 CLP or CDL holder, while driving a non-CMV; or

6 (2) Operating a commercial motor vehicle while the 7 alcohol concentration of the person's blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine is at least 0.04, or any amount 8 9 of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's blood, 10 other bodily substance, or urine resulting from the 11 unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the 12 Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the 13 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine as 14 listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community 15 Protection Act as indicated by a police officer's sworn 16 report or other verified evidence; or operating a 17 vehicle while non-commercial motor the alcohol concentration of the person's blood, breath, other bodily 18 19 substance, or urine was above the legal limit defined in 20 Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.8 or any amount of a drug, 21 substance, or compound in the person's blood, other bodily 22 substance, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or 23 consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control 24 Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois 25 Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine as listed in 26 the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act HB3149 Enrolled

as indicated by a police officer's sworn report or other verified evidence while holding a CLP or CDL; or

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(3) Conviction for a first violation of:

4 (i) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the
5 driver is a CLP or CDL holder, driving a non-CMV while
6 under the influence of alcohol, or any other drug, or
7 combination of drugs to a degree which renders such
8 person incapable of safely driving; or

(ii) Knowingly leaving the scene of a crash while operating a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CLP or CDL holder, while driving a non-CMV; or

12 (iii) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if 13 the driver is a CLP or CDL holder, driving a non-CMV 14 while committing any felony; or

(iv) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while the person's driving privileges or driver's license or permit is revoked, suspended, or cancelled or the driver is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle; or

20 (v) Causing a fatality through the negligent 21 operation of a commercial motor vehicle, including but 22 not limited to the crimes of motor vehicle 23 manslaughter, homicide by a motor vehicle, and 24 negligent homicide.

As used in this subdivision (a)(3)(v), "motor vehicle manslaughter" means the offense of involuntary HB3149 Enrolled - 49 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

manslaughter if committed by means of a vehicle; 1 2 "homicide by a motor vehicle" means the offense of 3 first degree murder or second degree murder, if either offense is committed by means of a vehicle; and 4 5 "negligent homicide" means reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 6 Criminal Code of 2012 and aggravated driving under the 7 influence of alcohol, other drug 8 or drugs, 9 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 10 thereof under subdivision (d) (1) (F) of Section 11-501 11 of this Code.

12 If any of the above violations or refusals occurred 13 while transporting hazardous material(s) required to be 14 placarded, the person shall be disqualified for a period 15 of not less than 3 years; or

16

(4) (Blank).

(b) A person is disqualified for life for a second conviction of any of the offenses specified in paragraph (a), or any combination of those offenses, arising from 2 or more separate incidents.

(c) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial 21 22 motor vehicle for life if the person either (i) uses a 23 commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a 24 25 substance, or possession with controlled intent to 26 manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance or HB3149 Enrolled - 50 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 2 (ii) if the person is a CLP or CDL holder, uses a non-CMV in the commission of a felony involving any of those activities.

(d) The Secretary of State may, when the United States 3 Secretary of Transportation so authorizes, issue regulations 4 5 in which a disqualification for life under paragraph (b) may be reduced to a period of not less than 10 years. If a 6 reinstated driver is subsequently convicted of another 7 8 disqualifying offense, as specified in subsection (a) of this 9 Section, he or she shall be permanently disqualified for life 10 and shall be ineligible to again apply for a reduction of the 11 lifetime disgualification.

12 (e) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial 13 motor vehicle for a period of not less than 2 months if convicted of 2 serious traffic violations, committed in a 14 15 commercial motor vehicle, non-CMV while holding a CLP or CDL, or any combination thereof, arising from separate incidents, 16 17 occurring within a 3-year period, provided the serious traffic committed in a non-CMV would result 18 violation in the suspension or revocation of the CLP or CDL holder's non-CMV 19 20 privileges. However, a person will be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less 21 22 than 4 months if convicted of 3 serious traffic violations, 23 committed in a commercial motor vehicle, non-CMV while holding 24 a CLP or CDL, or any combination thereof, arising from 25 separate incidents, occurring within a 3-year period, provided the serious traffic violation committed in a non-CMV would 26

HB3149 Enrolled - 51 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

result in the suspension or revocation of the CLP or CDL holder's non-CMV privileges. If all the convictions occurred in a non-CMV, the disqualification shall be entered only if the convictions would result in the suspension or revocation of the CLP or CDL holder's non-CMV privileges.

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(e-1) (Blank).

7 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, any 8 driver disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle, 9 pursuant to this UCDLA, shall not be eligible for restoration 10 of commercial driving privileges during any such period of 11 disqualification.

(g) After suspending, revoking, or cancelling a CLP or CDL, the Secretary of State must update the driver's records to reflect such action within 10 days. After suspending or revoking the driving privilege of any person who has been issued a CLP or CDL from another jurisdiction, the Secretary shall originate notification to such issuing jurisdiction within 10 days.

(h) The "disqualifications" referred to in this Section
shall not be imposed upon any commercial motor vehicle driver,
by the Secretary of State, unless the prohibited action(s)
occurred after March 31, 1992.

(i) A person is disqualified from driving a commercialmotor vehicle in accordance with the following:

(1) For 6 months upon a first conviction of paragraph
(2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) of Section 6-507

d - 52 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

HB3149 Enrolled

1 of this Code.

2 (2) For 2 years upon a second conviction of paragraph 3 (2)of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or 4 5 subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period if the second conviction is a 6 7 violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3). 8

9 (3) For 3 years upon a third or subsequent conviction 10 of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or 11 any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) 12 or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this 13 Code within a 10-year period if the third or subsequent 14 conviction is a violation of paragraph (2) of subsection 15 (b) or subsection (b-3).

16 (4) For one year upon a first conviction of paragraph
17 (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) of Section 6-507
18 of this Code.

19 (5) For 3 years upon a second conviction of paragraph
20 (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) or any
21 combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or
22 subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code
23 within a 10-year period if the second conviction is a
24 violation of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or (b-5).

25 (6) For 5 years upon a third or subsequent conviction
26 of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) or

HB3149 Enrolled - 53 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period if the third or subsequent conviction is a violation of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or (b-5).

6 (j) Disqualification for railroad-highway grade crossing7 violation.

(1) General rule. A driver who is convicted of a 8 9 violation of a federal, State, or local law or regulation 10 pertaining to one of the following 6 offenses at a 11 railroad-highway grade crossing must be disqualified from 12 operating a commercial motor vehicle for the period of time specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection (j) if 13 14 the offense was committed while operating a commercial 15 motor vehicle:

16 (i) For drivers who are not required to always 17 stop, failing to slow down and check that the tracks 18 are clear of an approaching train or railroad track 19 equipment, as described in subsection (a-5) of Section 20 11-1201 of this Code;

(ii) For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to stop before reaching the crossing, if the tracks are not clear, as described in subsection (a-1) (a) of Section 11-1201 of this Code;

(iii) For drivers who are always required to stop,
failing to stop before driving onto the crossing, as

HB3149 Enrolled - 54 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 described in <u>subsection (a-1) of</u> Section 11-1202 of 2 this Code;

3 (iv) For all drivers, failing to have sufficient
4 space to drive completely through the crossing without
5 stopping, as described in subsection (b-5) (b) of
6 Section 11-1425 of this Code;

7 (v) For all drivers, failing to obey a traffic 8 control device or the directions of an enforcement 9 official at the crossing, as described in subdivision 10 <u>(2) of subsection (a-1)</u> (a)2 of Section 11-1201 of 11 this Code;

12 (vi) For all drivers, failing to negotiate a
13 crossing because of insufficient undercarriage
14 clearance, as described in subsection (d-1) of Section
15 11-1201 of this Code.

16 (2) Duration of disqualification for railroad-highway17 grade crossing violation.

(i) First violation. A driver must be disqualified
from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less
than 60 days if the driver is convicted of a violation
described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and,
in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the
driver had no convictions for a violation described in
paragraph (1) of this subsection (j).

(ii) Second violation. A driver must bedisqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle

HB3149 Enrolled - 55 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 for not less than 120 days if the driver is convicted 2 of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this 3 subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding 4 the conviction, the driver had one other conviction 5 for a violation described in paragraph (1) of this 6 subsection (j) that was committed in a separate 7 incident.

8 (iii) Third or subsequent violation. A driver must 9 be disqualified from operating a commercial motor 10 vehicle for not less than one year if the driver is 11 convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of 12 this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period 13 preceding the conviction, the driver had 2 or more for violations 14 other convictions described in 15 paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) that were 16 committed in separate incidents.

(k) Upon notification of a disqualification of a driver's commercial motor vehicle privileges imposed by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, in accordance with 49 CFR 383.52, the Secretary of State shall immediately record to the driving record the notice of disqualification and confirm to the driver the action that has been taken.

24 (1) A foreign commercial driver is subject to25 disqualification under this Section.

26

(m) A person shall be disqualified from operating a

HB3149 Enrolled - 56 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 commercial motor vehicle for life if that individual uses a 2 commercial motor vehicle in the commission of a felony 3 involving an act or practice of severe forms of human 4 trafficking, as defined in 22 U.S.C. 7102(11).

5 (Source: P.A. 102-749, eff. 1-1-23; 102-982, eff. 7-1-23; 6 revised 12-14-22.)

7 (625 ILCS 5/7-315) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 7-315)

8

Sec. 7-315. A certificate of insurance proof.

9 (a) Proof of financial responsibility may be made by 10 filing with the Secretary of State the written or electronic 11 certificate of any insurance carrier duly authorized to do 12 business in this State, certifying that it has issued to or for the benefit of the person furnishing such proof and named as 13 14 the insured in a motor vehicle liability policy, a motor vehicle liability policy or policies or in certain events an 15 16 operator's policy meeting the requirements of this Code and that said policy or policies are then in full force and effect. 17 All written or electronic certificates must be submitted in a 18 19 manner satisfactory to the Secretary of State.

20 (b) Such certificate or certificates shall give the dates 21 of issuance and expiration of such policy or policies and 22 certify that the same shall not be canceled unless 15 days' 23 prior written or electronic notice thereof be given to the 24 Secretary of State and shall explicitly describe all motor 25 vehicles covered thereby unless the policy or policies are HB3149 Enrolled - 57 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 issued to a person who is not the owner of a motor vehicle.

2 Secretary of State shall not accept (C) The anv certificate or certificates unless the same shall cover all 3 motor vehicles then registered in this State in the name of the 4 5 person furnishing such proof as owner and an additional certificate or certificates shall be required as a condition 6 precedent to the subsequent registration of any motor vehicle 7 8 or motor vehicles in the name of the person giving such proof 9 as owner.

10 (Source: P.A. 94-239, eff. 1-1-06.)

11 (625 ILCS 5/7-318) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 7-318)

12 Sec. 7-318. Notice of cancellation or termination of certified policy Cancellation or Termination of Certified 13 14 Policy. When an insurance carrier has certified a motor 15 vehicle liability policy or policies under this Act, it shall 16 notify the Secretary of State of any cancellation by submitting an mailing a written or electronic notice at least 17 15 days prior to cancellation of such policy and the policy 18 shall continue in full force and effect until the date of 19 cancellation specified in such notice or until its expiration, 20 21 except that such a policy subsequently procured and certified 22 shall, on the effective date of its certification, terminate the insurance previously certified with respect to any vehicle 23 24 designated in both certificates. All written or electronic 25 certificates must be submitted in a manner satisfactory to the

HB3149 Enrolled - 58 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 Secretary of State.

2 (Source: P.A. 94-239, eff. 1-1-06.)

3 (625 ILCS 5/11-1201) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-1201)
4 Sec. 11-1201. Obedience to signal indicating approach of
5 train or railroad track equipment.

6 (a) Whenever any person driving a vehicle approaches a 7 railroad grade crossing where the driver is not always required to stop, the person must exercise due care and 8 9 caution as the existence of a railroad track across a highway 10 is a warning of danger, and under any of the circumstances 11 stated in this Section, the driver shall stop within 50 feet 12 but not less than 15 feet from the nearest rail of the railroad 13 and shall not proceed until the tracks are clear and he or she 14 can do so safely. The foregoing requirements shall apply when:

A clearly visible electric or mechanical signal
 device gives warning of the immediate approach of a
 railroad train or railroad track equipment;

2. A crossing gate is lowered or a human flagman gives
or continues to give a signal of the approach or passage of
a railroad train or railroad track equipment;

3. A railroad train or railroad track equipment approaching a highway crossing emits a warning signal and such railroad train or railroad track equipment, by reason of its speed or nearness to such crossing, is an immediate hazard;

HB3149 Enrolled - 59 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

4. An approaching railroad train or railroad track 1 equipment is plainly visible and is in hazardous proximity 2 to such crossing; 3 5. A railroad train or railroad track equipment is 4 5 approaching so closely that an immediate hazard is 6 created. 7 (a-1) Whenever any person driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in Section 6-500 of this Code, approaches 8 9 a railroad grade crossing where the driver is not always required to stop, the person must exercise due care and 10 caution as the existence of a railroad track across a highway 11 12 is a warning of danger, and under any of the circumstances stated in this Section, the driver shall stop within 50 feet 13 14 but not less than 15 feet from the nearest rail of the railroad and shall not proceed until the tracks are clear and he or she 15 can do so safely. The foregoing requirements shall apply when: 16 17 1. A clearly visible electric or mechanical signal device gives warning of the immediate approach of a 18 19 railroad train or railroad track equipment; 20 2. A crossing gate is lowered or a human flagman gives 21 or continues to give a signal of the approach or passage of 22 a railroad train or railroad track equipment; 23 3. A railroad train or railroad track equipment 24 approaching a highway crossing emits a warning signal and 25 such railroad train or railroad track equipment, by reason of its speed or nearness to such crossing, is an immediate 26

HB3149 Enrolled

hazard;

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<u>4. An approaching railroad train or railroad track</u>
<u>equipment is plainly visible and is in hazardous proximity</u>
<u>to such crossing;</u>

5 <u>5. A railroad train or railroad track equipment is</u> 6 <u>approaching so closely that an immediate hazard is</u> 7 <u>created.</u>

8 (a-5) Whenever a person driving a commercial motor 9 vehicle, as defined in Section 6-500 of this Code, vehicle 10 approaches a railroad grade crossing where the driver is not 11 always required to stop but must slow down, the person must 12 exercise due care and caution as the existence of a railroad track across a highway is a warning of danger, and under any of 13 the circumstances stated in this Section, the driver shall 14 slow down within 50 feet but not less than 15 feet from the 15 16 nearest rail of the railroad and shall not proceed until he or 17 she checks that the tracks are clear of an approaching train or railroad track equipment. 18

(b) No person shall drive any vehicle through, around or under any crossing gate or barrier at a railroad crossing while such gate or barrier is closed or is being opened or closed.

(c) The Department, and local authorities with the approval of the Department, are hereby authorized to designate particularly dangerous highway grade crossings of railroads and to erect stop signs thereat. When such stop signs are HB3149 Enrolled - 61 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

1 erected the driver of any vehicle shall stop within 50 feet but 2 not less than 15 feet from the nearest rail of such railroad 3 and shall proceed only upon exercising due care.

(d) At any railroad grade crossing provided with railroad 4 5 crossbuck signs, without automatic, electric, or mechanical signal devices, crossing gates, or a human flagman giving a 6 signal of the approach or passage of a train or railroad track 7 equipment, the driver of a vehicle shall in obedience to the 8 9 railroad crossbuck sign, yield the right-of-way and slow down 10 to a speed reasonable for the existing conditions and shall 11 stop, if required for safety, at a clearly marked stopped 12 line, or if no stop line, within 50 feet but not less than 15 feet from the nearest rail of the railroad and shall not 13 14 proceed until he or she can do so safely. If a driver is 15 involved in a collision at a railroad crossing or interferes 16 with the movement of a train or railroad track equipment after 17 driving past the railroad crossbuck sign, the collision or interference is prima facie evidence of the driver's failure 18 19 to yield right-of-way.

20 (d-1) No person shall, while driving a commercial motor 21 vehicle, fail to negotiate a railroad-highway grade railroad 22 crossing because of insufficient undercarriage clearance.

23 (d-5) (Blank).

24

(e) It is unlawful to violate any part of this Section.

(1) A violation of this Section is a petty offense for
which a fine of \$500 shall be imposed for a first

HB3149 Enrolled - 62 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

violation, and a fine of \$1,000 shall be imposed for a second or subsequent violation. The court may impose 25 hours of community service in place of the \$500 fine for the first violation.

5 (2) For a second or subsequent violation, the 6 Secretary of State may suspend the driving privileges of 7 the offender for a minimum of 6 months.

8 (f) Corporate authorities of municipal corporations 9 regulating operators of vehicles that fail to obey signals 10 indicating the presence, approach, passage, or departure of a 11 train or railroad track equipment shall impose fines as 12 established in subsection (e) of this Section.

13 (Source: P.A. 99-663, eff. 1-1-17.)

14 (625 ILCS 5/11-1202) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-1202)

Sec. 11-1202. Certain vehicles must stop at all railroad grade crossings.

(a) The driver of any of the following vehicles shall, before crossing a railroad track or tracks at grade, stop such vehicle within 50 feet but not less than 15 feet from the nearest rail and, while so stopped, shall listen and look for the approach of a train or railroad track equipment and shall not proceed until such movement can be made with safety:

23 1. Any second division vehicle carrying passengers for24 hire;

25

2. Any bus that meets all of the special requirements

HB3149 Enrolled - 63 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

for school buses in Sections 12-801, 12-803, and 12-805 of 1 2 this Code. The driver of the bus, in addition to complying 3 with all other applicable requirements of this subsection (a), must also (i) turn off all noise producing 4 5 accessories, including heater blowers, defroster fans, auxiliary fans, and radios, and (ii) open the service door 6 and driver's window, before crossing a railroad track or 7 8 tracks;

9 3. <u>(Blank).</u> Any other vehicle which is required by 10 Federal or State law to be placarded when carrying as a 11 cargo or part of a cargo hazardous material as defined in 12 the "Illinois Hazardous Materials Transportation Act".

13 <u>(a-1) The driver of any of the following vehicles shall,</u> 14 <u>before crossing a railroad track or tracks at grade, stop such</u> 15 <u>vehicle within 50 feet but not less than 15 feet from the</u> 16 <u>nearest rail and, while so stopped, shall listen and look for</u> 17 <u>the approach of a train or railroad track equipment and shall</u> 18 <u>not proceed until such movement can be made with safety:</u>

A commercial motor vehicle, as defined in Section
 <u>6-500 of this Code, carrying passengers for hire;</u>

21 2. Any bus that meets all of the special requirements 22 for school buses in Sections 12-801, 12-803, and 12-805 of 23 this Code and is designed to transport 16 or more persons, 24 including the driver. The driver of the bus, in addition 25 to complying with all other applicable requirements of 26 this subsection (a-1), must also (i) turn off all noise HB3149 Enrolled - 64 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

producing accessories, including heater blowers, defroster
fans, auxiliary fans, and radios, and (ii) open the
service door and driver's window, before crossing a
railroad track or tracks;

3. Any other vehicle which is required by federal or
State law to be placarded when carrying as a cargo or part
of a cargo hazardous material as defined in the Illinois
Hazardous Materials Transportation Act.

9 After stopping as required in this Section, the driver 10 shall proceed only in a gear not requiring a change of gears 11 during the crossing, and the driver shall not shift gears 12 while crossing the track or tracks.

13

(b) This Section shall not apply:

At any railroad grade crossing where traffic is
 controlled by a police officer or flagperson;

16 2. At any railroad grade crossing controlled by a 17 functioning traffic-control signal transmitting a green 18 indication which, under law, permits the vehicle to 19 proceed across the railroad tracks without slowing or 20 stopping, except that subsection (a) shall apply to any 21 school bus;

3. At any streetcar grade crossing within a business
or residence district; or

4. At any abandoned, industrial or spur track railroad
grade crossing designated as exempt by the Illinois
Commerce Commission and marked with an official sign as

HB3149 Enrolled - 65 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

- authorized in the State Manual on Uniform Traffic Control
 Devices for Streets and Highways.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 95-756, eff. 1-1-09; 96-1244, eff. 1-1-11.)

4 (625 ILCS 5/11-1425) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-1425)

Sec. 11-1425. Stop when traffic obstructed.

5

6 (a) No driver shall enter an intersection or a marked 7 crosswalk or drive onto any railroad grade crossing unless there is sufficient space on the other side of 8 the 9 intersection, crosswalk or railroad grade crossing to 10 accommodate the vehicle he is operating without obstructing 11 the passage of other vehicles, pedestrians or railroad trains 12 notwithstanding any traffic-control signal indication to 13 proceed.

(b) No driver shall enter a highway rail grade crossing unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the highway rail grade crossing to accommodate the vehicle being operated without obstructing the passage of a train or other railroad equipment using the rails, notwithstanding any traffic-control signal indication to proceed.

20 <u>(b-5) No driver operating a commercial motor vehicle, as</u> 21 <u>defined in Section 6-500 of this Code, shall enter a highway</u> 22 <u>rail grade crossing unless there is sufficient space on the</u> 23 <u>other side of the highway rail grade crossing to accommodate</u> 24 <u>the vehicle being operated without obstructing the passage of</u> 25 <u>a train or other railroad equipment using the rails</u>,

1 <u>notwithstanding any traffic-control signal indication to</u> 2 <u>proceed.</u>

3

(c) (Blank).

(d) Beginning with the effective date of this amendatory 4 5 Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Secretary of State shall suspend for a period of one month the driving privileges of any 6 7 person convicted of a violation of subsection (b) of this 8 Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance; the 9 Secretary shall suspend for a period of 3 months the driving 10 privileges of any person convicted of a second or subsequent 11 violation of subsection (b) of this Section or a similar 12 provision of a local ordinance if the second or subsequent 13 violation occurs within 5 years of a prior conviction for the 14 same offense. In addition to the suspensions authorized by 15 this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (b) 16 of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance 17 shall be subject to a mandatory fine of \$500 or 50 hours of community service. Any person given a disposition of court 18 supervision for violating subsection (b) of this Section or a 19 20 similar provision of a local ordinance shall also be subject to a mandatory fine of \$500 or 50 hours of community service. 21 22 Upon a second or subsequent violation, in addition to the 23 suspensions authorized by this Section, the person shall be subject to a mandatory fine of \$500 and 50 hours community 24 25 service. The Secretary may also grant, for the duration of any suspension issued under this subsection, a restricted driving 26

HB3149 Enrolled - 67 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle 1 2 between the driver's residence and place of employment or 3 within other proper limits that the Secretary of State shall find necessary to avoid any undue hardship. A restricted 4 5 driving permit issued hereunder shall be subject to cancellation, revocation and suspension by the Secretary of 6 State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license 7 8 may be cancelled, revoked or suspended; except that а 9 conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or 10 ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed 11 sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension or 12 cancellation of the restricted driving permit. The Secretary 13 of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted 14 driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a 15 designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. Any 16 conviction for a violation of this subsection shall be 17 included as an offense for the purposes of determining suspension action under any other provision of this Code, 18 19 provided however, that the penalties provided under this 20 subsection shall be imposed unless those penalties imposed 21 under other applicable provisions are greater.

22 (Source: P.A. 95-753, eff. 1-1-09.)

23 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 24 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text 25 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section HB3149 Enrolled - 68 - LRB103 30978 MXP 57571 b

represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon6 becoming law.