

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 HB2965

Introduced 2/16/2023, by Rep. Bradley Fritts

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/15-175

Amends the Property Tax Code. Provides that, at each residential real estate closing, the closing agent shall present the purchaser with a copy of the application for the general homestead exemption. Provides that the purchaser shall complete the application and any associated affidavits at the time of the closing, and the closing agent shall transmit those documents to the chief county assessment officer. Provides that the chief county assessment officer shall continue to apply the exemption until the county recorder informs the chief county assessment officer that the property has been sold, transferred, or conveyed or until the chief county assessment officer otherwise becomes aware that the property no longer qualifies for the exemption.

LRB103 28357 HLH 54737 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
- 5 Section 15-175 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 200/15-175)
- 7 Sec. 15-175. General homestead exemption.
- 8 (a) Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177, 9 homestead property is entitled to an annual homestead exemption limited, except as described here with relation to 10 cooperatives or life care facilities, to a reduction in the 11 equalized assessed value of homestead property equal to the 12 13 increase in equalized assessed value for the current 14 assessment year above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum reduction set forth 15 below. If however, the 1977 equalized assessed value upon 16 17 which taxes were paid is subsequently determined by local assessing officials, the Property Tax Appeal Board, or a court 18 19 to have been excessive, the equalized assessed value which 20 should have been placed on the property for 1977 shall be used 21 to determine the amount of the exemption.
- 22 (b) Except as provided in Section 15-176, the maximum 23 reduction before taxable year 2004 shall be \$4,500 in counties

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with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$3,500 in all other 1 2 counties. Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177, for taxable years 2004 through 2007, the maximum reduction 3 shall be \$5,000, for taxable year 2008, the maximum reduction 5 is \$5,500, and, for taxable years 2009 through 2011, the maximum reduction is \$6,000 in all counties. For taxable years 6 2012 through 2016, the maximum reduction is \$7,000 in counties 7 with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$6,000 in all other 8 9 counties. For taxable years 2017 through 2022, the maximum 10 reduction is \$10,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or more 11 inhabitants and \$6,000 in all other counties. For taxable 12 years 2023 and thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$10,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, \$8,000 in 13 14 counties that are contiguous to a county of 3,000,000 or more 15 inhabitants, and \$6,000 in all other counties. If a county has 16 elected to subject itself to the provisions of Section 15-176 17 as provided in subsection (k) of that Section, then, for the first taxable year only after the provisions of Section 15-176 18 19 no longer apply, for owners who, for the taxable year, have not 20 been granted a senior citizens assessment freeze homestead 21 exemption under Section 15-172 or a long-time occupant 22 homestead exemption under Section 15-177, there shall be an 23 additional exemption of \$5,000 for owners with a household income of \$30,000 or less. 24

(c) In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if, based on the most recent assessment, the equalized assessed

- value of the homestead property for the current assessment year is greater than the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, the owner of the property shall automatically receive the exemption granted under this Section in an amount equal to the increase over the 1977 assessment up to the maximum reduction set forth in this Section.
 - (d) If in any assessment year beginning with the 2000 assessment year, homestead property has a pro-rata valuation under Section 9-180 resulting in an increase in the assessed valuation, a reduction in equalized assessed valuation equal to the increase in equalized assessed value of the property for the year of the pro-rata valuation above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977 shall be applied to the property on a proportionate basis for the period the property qualified as homestead property during the assessment year. The maximum proportionate homestead exemption shall not exceed the maximum homestead exemption allowed in the county under this Section divided by 365 and multiplied by the number of days the property qualified as homestead property.
 - (d-1) In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, where the chief county assessment officer provides a notice of discovery, if a property is not occupied by its owner as a principal residence as of January 1 of the current tax year, then the property owner shall notify the chief county assessment officer of that fact on a form prescribed by the chief county assessment officer. That notice must be received

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by the chief county assessment officer on or before March 1 of the collection year. If mailed, the form shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested. If the form is provided in person, the chief county assessment officer shall provide a date stamped copy of the notice. Failure to provide timely notice pursuant to this subsection (d-1) shall result in the exemption being treated as an erroneous exemption. Upon timely receipt of the notice for the current tax year, no exemption shall be applied to the property for the current tax year. If the exemption is not removed upon timely receipt of the notice by the chief assessment officer, then the error is considered granted as a result of a clerical error or omission the part of the chief county assessment officer as described in subsection (h) of Section 9-275, and the property owner shall not be liable for the payment of interest and penalties due to the erroneous exemption for the current tax year for which the notice was filed after the date that notice was timely received pursuant to this subsection. Notice provided under this subsection shall not constitute a defense or amnesty for prior year erroneous exemptions.

For the purposes of this subsection (d-1):

"Collection year" means the year in which the first and second installment of the current tax year is billed.

"Current tax year" means the year prior to the collection year.

26 (e) The chief county assessment officer may, when

1 considering whether to grant a leasehold exemption under this 2 Section, require the following conditions to be met:

- (1) that a notarized application for the exemption, signed by both the owner and the lessee of the property, must be submitted each year during the application period in effect for the county in which the property is located;
- (2) that a copy of the lease must be filed with the chief county assessment officer by the owner of the property at the time the notarized application is submitted:
- (3) that the lease must expressly state that the lessee is liable for the payment of property taxes; and
- (4) that the lease must include the following language in substantially the following form:

"Lessee shall be liable for the payment of real estate taxes with respect to the residence in accordance with the terms and conditions of Section 15-175 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/15-175). The permanent real estate index number for the premises is (insert number), and, according to the most recent property tax bill, the current amount of real estate taxes associated with the premises is (insert amount) per year. The parties agree that the monthly rent set forth above shall be increased or decreased pro rata (effective January 1 of each calendar year) to reflect any increase or decrease in

real estate taxes. Lessee shall be deemed to be satisfying Lessee's liability for the above mentioned real estate taxes with the monthly rent payments as set forth above (or increased or decreased as set forth herein).".

In addition, if there is a change in lessee, or if the lessee vacates the property, then the chief county assessment officer may require the owner of the property to notify the chief county assessment officer of that change.

This subsection (e) does not apply to leasehold interests in property owned by a municipality.

(f) "Homestead property" under this Section includes residential property that is occupied by its owner or owners as his or their principal dwelling place, or that is a leasehold interest on which a single family residence is situated, which is occupied as a residence by a person who has an ownership interest therein, legal or equitable or as a lessee, and on which the person is liable for the payment of property taxes. For land improved with an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative, the maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value shall be limited to the increase in the value above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum reduction set forth above, multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by a person or persons who is liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for paying property taxes on the

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property and is an owner of record of a legal or equitable 1 2 interest in the cooperative apartment building, other than a 3 leasehold interest. For land improved with a life care facility, the maximum reduction from the value of the 5 property, as equalized by the Department, shall be multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by a person or 6 persons, irrespective of any legal, equitable, or leasehold 7 8 interest in the facility, who are liable, under a life care 9 contract with the owner or owners of record of the facility, for paying property taxes on the property. For purposes of 10 11 this Section, the term "life care facility" has the meaning 12 stated in Section 15-170.

"Household", as used in this Section, means the owner, the spouse of the owner, and all persons using the residence of the owner as their principal place of residence.

"Household income", as used in this Section, means the combined income of the members of a household for the calendar year preceding the taxable year.

"Income", as used in this Section, has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07 of the Senior Citizens and Persons with Disabilities Property Tax Relief Act, except that "income" does not include veteran's benefits.

(g) In a cooperative or life care facility where a homestead exemption has been granted, the cooperative association or the management of the cooperative or life care facility shall credit the savings resulting from that

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- exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner or resident who qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to so credit the savings shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
 - (h) Where married persons maintain and reside in separate residences qualifying as homestead property, each residence shall receive 50% of the total reduction in equalized assessed valuation provided by this Section.
 - all counties, the assessor or chief county (i) assessment officer may determine the eliqibility residential property to receive the homestead exemption and the amount of the exemption by application, visual inspection, questionnaire or other reasonable methods. The determination shall be made in accordance with quidelines established by the Department, provided that the taxpayer applying for additional general exemption under this Section shall submit to the chief county assessment officer an application with an affidavit of the applicant's total household income, age, marital status (and, if married, the name and address of the applicant's spouse, if known), and principal dwelling place of members of the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The Department shall issue quidelines establishing a method for verifying the accuracy of the affidavits filed by applicants under this paragraph. The applications shall be clearly marked applications for the Additional General Homestead Exemption.

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- (i-5) This subsection (i-5) applies to counties with 1 2 3,000,000 or more inhabitants. In the event of a sale of 3 homestead property, the homestead exemption shall remain in effect for the remainder of the assessment year of the sale. 5 Upon receipt of a transfer declaration transmitted by the recorder pursuant to Section 31-30 of the Real Estate Transfer 6 7 Tax Law for property receiving an exemption under this 8 Section, the assessor shall mail a notice and forms to the new 9 owner of the property providing information pertaining to the 10 rules and applicable filing periods for applying or reapplying 11 for homestead exemptions under this Code for which the 12 property may be eligible. If the new owner fails to apply or 13 reapply for a homestead exemption during the applicable filing period or the property no longer qualifies for an existing 14 homestead exemption, the assessor shall cancel such exemption 15 16 for any ensuing assessment year.
 - (j) In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, in the event of a sale of homestead property the homestead exemption shall remain in effect for the remainder of the assessment year of the sale. The assessor or chief county assessment officer may require the new owner of the property to apply for the homestead exemption for the following assessment year.
 - (j-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, at each residential real estate closing occurring on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General

- 1 Assembly, the closing agent shall present the purchaser with a 2 copy of the application for the general homestead exemption 3 under this Section. If the purchaser intends to occupy the property in a manner that would qualify the property for the 4 5 exemption under this Section, then the purchaser shall complete the application and any associated affidavits at the 6 7 time of the closing, and the closing agent shall transmit those documents to the chief county assessment officer. The 8 9 county recorder shall, at least once per month, notify the chief county assessment officer of any residential property 10 11 that has been sold, transferred, or conveyed in the previous 12 month. The chief county assessment officer shall continue to apply the exemption until the county recorder informs the 13 14 chief county assessment officer that the property has been sold, transferred, or conveyed or until the chief county 15 assessment officer otherwise becomes aware that the property 16 17 no longer qualifies for the exemption.
- (k) Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates

 Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the

 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.
- 21 (1) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory
 22 Act of the 100th General Assembly are effective for the 2018
 23 tax year and thereafter.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 102-895, eff. 5-23-22.)