

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

HB2629

Introduced 2/15/2023, by Rep. Nabeela Syed

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/15-172

Amends the Property Tax Code. In provisions concerning the Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption, provides that, for taxable years 2024 and thereafter, the maximum income limitation is \$85,000 (currently, \$65,000). Effective immediately.

LRB103 29712 HLH 56117 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
Section 15-172 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 200/15-172)

Sec. 15-172. Low-Income Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze
Homestead Exemption.

9 (a) This Section may be cited as the Low-Income Senior
10 Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption.

11 (b) As used in this Section:

12 "Applicant" means an individual who has filed an 13 application under this Section.

14 "Base amount" means the base year equalized assessed value 15 of the residence plus the first year's equalized assessed 16 value of any added improvements which increased the assessed 17 value of the residence after the base year.

"Base year" means the taxable year prior to the taxable year for which the applicant first qualifies and applies for the exemption provided that in the prior taxable year the property was improved with a permanent structure that was occupied as a residence by the applicant who was liable for paying real property taxes on the property and who was either - 2 - LRB103 29712 HLH 56117 b

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(i) an owner of record of the property or had legal or 1 2 equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written 3 instrument or (ii) had a legal or equitable interest as a lessee in the parcel of property that was single family 4 5 residence. If in any subsequent taxable year for which the qualifies for the 6 applicant applies and exemption the 7 equalized assessed value of the residence is less than the 8 equalized assessed value in the existing base year (provided 9 that such equalized assessed value is not based on an assessed 10 value that results from a temporary irregularity in the property that reduces the assessed value for one or more 11 12 taxable years), then that subsequent taxable year shall become 13 the base year until a new base year is established under the terms of this paragraph. For taxable year 1999 only, the Chief 14 15 County Assessment Officer shall review (i) all taxable years 16 for which the applicant applied and qualified for the 17 exemption and (ii) the existing base year. The assessment officer shall select as the new base year the year with the 18 19 lowest equalized assessed value. An equalized assessed value 20 that is based on an assessed value that results from a 21 temporary irregularity in the property that reduces the 22 assessed value for one or more taxable years shall not be 23 considered the lowest equalized assessed value. The selected year shall be the base year for taxable year 1999 24 and thereafter until a new base year is established under the 25 26 terms of this paragraph.

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"Chief County Assessment Officer" means the County
 Assessor or Supervisor of Assessments of the county in which
 the property is located.

4 "Equalized assessed value" means the assessed value as
5 equalized by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

6 "Household" means the applicant, the spouse of the 7 applicant, and all persons using the residence of the 8 applicant as their principal place of residence.

9 "Household income" means the combined income of the 10 members of a household for the calendar year preceding the 11 taxable year.

"Income" has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07 of the Senior Citizens and Persons with Disabilities Property Tax Relief Act, except that, beginning in assessment year 2001, "income" does not include veteran's benefits.

16 "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means the United States 17 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor law or laws 18 relating to federal income taxes in effect for the year 19 preceding the taxable year.

20 "Life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative" means 21 a facility as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities 22 Act.

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"Maximum income limitation" means:

24 (1) \$35,000 prior to taxable year 1999;
25 (2) \$40,000 in taxable years 1999 through 2003;
26 (3) \$45,000 in taxable years 2004 through 2005;

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(4) \$50,000 in taxable years 2006 and 2007;

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(5) \$55,000 in taxable years 2008 through 2016;

3 (6) for taxable year 2017, (i) \$65,000 for qualified 4 property located in a county with 3,000,000 or more 5 inhabitants and (ii) \$55,000 for qualified property 6 located in a county with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants; 7 and

8 (7) for taxable years 2018 <u>through 2023</u> and
 9 <u>thereafter</u>, \$65,000 for all qualified property; and.

10 (8) for taxable years 2024 and thereafter, \$85,000 for
 11 all qualified property.

12 As an alternative income valuation, a homeowner who is 13 enrolled in any of the following programs may be presumed to have household income that does not exceed the maximum income 14 15 limitation for that tax year as required by this Section: Aid 16 to the Aged, Blind or Disabled (AABD) Program or the 17 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), both of which are administered by the Department of Human Services; 18 19 the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), which 20 is administered by the Department of Commerce and Economic 21 Opportunity; The Benefit Access program, which is administered 22 by the Department on Aging; and the Senior Citizens Real 23 Estate Tax Deferral Program.

A chief county assessment officer may indicate that he or she has verified an applicant's income eligibility for this exemption but may not report which program or programs, if any, enroll the applicant. Release of personal information submitted pursuant to this Section shall be deemed an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy under the Freedom of Information Act.

5 "Residence" means the principal dwelling place and appurtenant structures used for residential purposes in this 6 7 State occupied on January 1 of the taxable year by a household 8 and so much of the surrounding land, constituting the parcel 9 upon which the dwelling place is situated, as is used for 10 residential purposes. If the Chief County Assessment Officer 11 has established a specific legal description for a portion of 12 property constituting the residence, then that portion of 13 property shall be deemed the residence for the purposes of 14 this Section.

15 "Taxable year" means the calendar year during which ad 16 valorem property taxes payable in the next succeeding year are 17 levied.

(c) Beginning in taxable year 1994, a low-income senior 18 19 citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption is granted for 20 real property that is improved with a permanent structure that is occupied as a residence by an applicant who (i) is 65 years 21 22 of age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household 23 income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, 24 (iii) is liable for paying real property taxes on the 25 property, and (iv) is an owner of record of the property or has 26 a legal or equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a

1 written instrument. This homestead exemption shall also apply 2 to a leasehold interest in a parcel of property improved with a 3 permanent structure that is a single family residence that is occupied as a residence by a person who (i) is 65 years of age 4 5 or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income 6 that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) has 7 a legal or equitable ownership interest in the property as 8 lessee, and (iv) is liable for the payment of real property 9 taxes on that property.

10 In counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the amount 11 of the exemption for all taxable years is the equalized 12 assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount. In all other 13 14 counties, the amount of the exemption is as follows: (i) 15 through taxable year 2005 and for taxable year 2007 and 16 thereafter, the amount of this exemption shall be the 17 equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount; and (ii) 18 19 for taxable year 2006, the amount of the exemption is as 20 follows:

(1) For an applicant who has a household income of
\$45,000 or less, the amount of the exemption is the
equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable
year for which application is made minus the base amount.

(2) For an applicant who has a household income
 exceeding \$45,000 but not exceeding \$46,250, the amount of

the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.8.

4 (3) For an applicant who has a household income 5 exceeding \$46,250 but not exceeding \$47,500, the amount of 6 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the 7 residence in the taxable year for which application is 8 made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.6.

9 (4) For an applicant who has a household income 10 exceeding \$47,500 but not exceeding \$48,750, the amount of 11 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the 12 residence in the taxable year for which application is 13 made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.4.

14 (5) For an applicant who has a household income 15 exceeding \$48,750 but not exceeding \$50,000, the amount of 16 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the 17 residence in the taxable year for which application is 18 made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.2.

When the applicant is a surviving spouse of an applicant for a prior year for the same residence for which an exemption under this Section has been granted, the base year and base amount for that residence are the same as for the applicant for the prior year.

Each year at the time the assessment books are certified to the County Clerk, the Board of Review or Board of Appeals shall give to the County Clerk a list of the assessed values of

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improvements on each parcel qualifying for this exemption that were added after the base year for this parcel and that increased the assessed value of the property.

In the case of land improved with an apartment building 4 5 owned and operated as a cooperative or a building that is a life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative, the 6 7 maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value of the 8 property is limited to the sum of the reductions calculated 9 for each unit occupied as a residence by a person or persons 10 (i) 65 years of age or older, (ii) with a household income that 11 does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) who is 12 liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for paying real property taxes on the property, and (iv) who is an 13 14 owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the 15 cooperative apartment building, other than a leasehold 16 interest. In the instance of a cooperative where a homestead 17 exemption has been granted under this Section, the cooperative association or its management firm shall credit the savings 18 19 resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax 20 liability of the owner who qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to credit that savings to an 21 22 owner who qualifies for the exemption is quilty of a Class B 23 misdemeanor.

When a homestead exemption has been granted under this Section and an applicant then becomes a resident of a facility licensed under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the

Care Act, the Specialized Mental 1 Nursing Home Health 2 Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community Care Act, or the MC/DD Act, the exemption shall be granted in subsequent 3 years so long as the residence (i) continues to be occupied by 4 5 the qualified applicant's spouse or (ii) if remaining 6 unoccupied, is still owned by the qualified applicant for the 7 homestead exemption.

Beginning January 1, 1997, when an individual dies who 8 9 would have qualified for an exemption under this Section, and 10 the surviving spouse does not independently qualify for this 11 exemption because of age, the exemption under this Section 12 shall be granted to the surviving spouse for the taxable year 13 preceding and the taxable year of the death, provided that, except for age, the surviving spouse meets all 14 other 15 qualifications for the granting of this exemption for those 16 years.

When married persons maintain separate residences, the exemption provided for in this Section may be claimed by only one of such persons and for only one residence.

For taxable year 1994 only, in counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an application by February 15, 1995 to the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located. In counties having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, for taxable year 1994 and all subsequent taxable years, to receive the exemption, a person may submit an application to

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property is located during such period as may be specified by County Assessment Officer. the Chief The Chief County Assessment Officer in counties of 3,000,000 or inhabitants shall annually give notice of the application period by mail or by publication. In counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, beginning with taxable year 1995 and thereafter, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an application by July 1 of each taxable year to the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located. A county may, by ordinance, establish a date for submission of applications that is different than July 1. The applicant shall submit with the application an affidavit of the applicant's total household income, age, marital status (and if married the name and address of the applicant's spouse, if known), and principal dwelling place of members of the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The Department shall establish, by rule, a method for verifying the accuracy of affidavits filed by applicants under this Section, and the Chief County Assessment Officer may conduct audits of any taxpayer claiming an exemption under this Section to verify that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the exemption. Each application shall contain or be verified by a written

the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the

declaration that it is made under the penalties of perjury. A 24 25 taxpayer's signing a fraudulent application under this Act is perjury, as defined in Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 26

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1 2012. The applications shall be clearly marked as applications 2 for the Low-Income Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead 3 Exemption and must contain a notice that any taxpayer who 4 receives the exemption is subject to an audit by the Chief 5 County Assessment Officer.

Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, in 6 7 counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an 8 applicant fails to file the application required by this 9 Section in a timely manner and this failure to file is due to a 10 mental or physical condition sufficiently severe so as to 11 render the applicant incapable of filing the application in a 12 timely manner, the Chief County Assessment Officer may extend the filing deadline for a period of 30 days after the applicant 13 14 regains the capability to file the application, but in no case 15 may the filing deadline be extended beyond 3 months of the 16 original filing deadline. In order to receive the extension 17 provided in this paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County Assessment Officer with a signed statement from 18 the applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, 19 20 or physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the 21 condition, that, in the physician's, advanced practice 22 registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the 23 condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, and 24 25 the date on which the applicant regained the capability to 26 file the application.

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Beginning January 1, 1998, notwithstanding any other 1 2 provision to the contrary, in counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the 3 application required by this Section in a timely manner and 4 5 this failure to file is due to a mental or physical condition 6 sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of 7 filing the application in a timely manner, the Chief County 8 Assessment Officer may extend the filing deadline for a period 9 of 3 months. In order to receive the extension provided in this 10 paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County 11 Assessment Officer with а signed statement from the 12 applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or 13 physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the condition, and that, in the physician's, advanced practice 14 registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the 15 16 condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant 17 incapable of filing the application in a timely manner.

In counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an 18 applicant was denied an exemption in taxable year 1994 and the 19 20 denial occurred due to an error on the part of an assessment 21 official, or his or her agent or employee, then beginning in 22 taxable year 1997 the applicant's base year, for purposes of 23 determining the amount of the exemption, shall be 1993 rather than 1994. In addition, in taxable year 1997, the applicant's 24 25 exemption shall also include an amount equal to (i) the amount 26 of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1995

as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year, (ii) the amount of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1996 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year, and (iii) the amount of the exemption erroneously denied for taxable year 1994.

6 For purposes of this Section, a person who will be 65 years 7 of age during the current taxable year shall be eligible to 8 apply for the homestead exemption during that taxable year. 9 Application shall be made during the application period in 10 effect for the county of his or her residence.

The Chief County Assessment Officer may determine the 11 12 eligibility of a life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative to receive the benefits provided by this Section 13 by use of an affidavit, application, visual inspection, 14 15 questionnaire, or other reasonable method in order to insure 16 that the tax savings resulting from the exemption are credited 17 by the management firm to the apportioned tax liability of each qualifying resident. The Chief County Assessment Officer 18 19 may request reasonable proof that the management firm has so 20 credited that exemption.

Except as provided in this Section, all information received by the chief county assessment officer or the Department from applications filed under this Section, or from any investigation conducted under the provisions of this Section, shall be confidential, except for official purposes or pursuant to official procedures for collection of any State

or local tax or enforcement of any civil or criminal penalty or sanction imposed by this Act or by any statute or ordinance imposing a State or local tax. Any person who divulges any such information in any manner, except in accordance with a proper judicial order, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

Nothing contained in this Section shall prevent 6 the 7 Director or chief county assessment officer from publishing or 8 available reasonable statistics concerning making the 9 operation of the exemption contained in this Section in which 10 the contents of claims are grouped into aggregates in such a 11 way that information contained in any individual claim shall 12 not be disclosed.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for taxable year 2017 and thereafter, in counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the amount of the exemption shall be the greater of (i) the amount of the exemption otherwise calculated under this Section or (ii) \$2,000.

18 (c-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each 19 chief county assessment officer may approve this exemption for 20 the 2020 taxable year, without application, for any property 21 that was approved for this exemption for the 2019 taxable 22 year, provided that:

(1) the county board has declared a local disaster as
 provided in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act
 related to the COVID-19 public health emergency;

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(2) the owner of record of the property as of January

1, 2020 is the same as the owner of record of the property
 as of January 1, 2019;

3 (3) the exemption for the 2019 taxable year has not
4 been determined to be an erroneous exemption as defined by
5 this Code; and

6 (4) the applicant for the 2019 taxable year has not 7 asked for the exemption to be removed for the 2019 or 2020 8 taxable years.

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude or impair the 10 authority of a chief county assessment officer to conduct 11 audits of any taxpayer claiming an exemption under this 12 Section to verify that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the 13 exemption as provided elsewhere in this Section.

14 (c-10) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each 15 chief county assessment officer may approve this exemption for 16 the 2021 taxable year, without application, for any property 17 that was approved for this exemption for the 2020 taxable 18 year, if:

(1) the county board has declared a local disaster as provided in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act related to the COVID-19 public health emergency;

(2) the owner of record of the property as of January
1, 2021 is the same as the owner of record of the property
as of January 1, 2020;

(3) the exemption for the 2020 taxable year has not
been determined to be an erroneous exemption as defined by

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1 this Code; and

2 (4) the taxpayer for the 2020 taxable year has not
3 asked for the exemption to be removed for the 2020 or 2021
4 taxable years.

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude or impair the 6 authority of a chief county assessment officer to conduct 7 audits of any taxpayer claiming an exemption under this 8 Section to verify that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the 9 exemption as provided elsewhere in this Section.

10 (d) Each Chief County Assessment Officer shall annually 11 publish a notice of availability of the exemption provided 12 under this Section. The notice shall be published at least 60 days but no more than 75 days prior to the date on which the 13 application must be submitted to the Chief County Assessment 14 15 Officer of the county in which the property is located. The 16 notice shall appear in a newspaper of general circulation in 17 the county.

18 Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates 19 Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the 20 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.

21 (Source: P.A. 101-635, eff. 6-5-20; 102-136, eff. 7-23-21; 22 102-895, eff. 5-23-22.)

23 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 24 becoming law.