103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

HB2606

Introduced 2/15/2023, by Rep. Adam M. Niemerg

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the Illinois Abortion Law of 2023, with provisions similar to those of the Illinois Abortion Law of 1975 before its repeal by Public Act 101-13, as well as including provisions defining "viability" and "fetal heartbeat" and restricting the performance of an abortion to a patient who resides in the State. Creates the Partial-birth Abortion Ban Act of 2023 and the Abortion Performance Refusal Act of 2023, with provisions similar to those of the Partial-birth Abortion Ban Act and the Abortion Performance Refusal Act before their repeal by Public Act 101-13. Creates the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 2022, with provisions similar to those of the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 1995 before its repeal by Public Act 102-685. Amends various Acts by restoring the language that existed before the amendment of those Acts by Public Acts 101-13 and 102-1117. Repeals the Reproductive Health Act, the Abortion Care Clinical Training Program Act, the Lawful Health Care Activity Act, the Protecting Reproductive Health Care Services Act, and the Youth Health and Safety Act. Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning abortion.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

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Article 1.

Section 1-1. Short title. This Article shall be known and
may be cited as the Illinois Abortion Law of 2023. References
in this Article to "this Law" mean this Article.

8 Section 1-5. Definitions. Unless the language or context 9 clearly indicates a different meaning is intended, the 10 following words or phrases for the purpose of this Law shall be 11 given the meaning ascribed to them:

12 "Abortifacient" means any instrument, medicine, drug, or 13 any other substance or device which is known to cause fetal 14 death when employed in the usual and customary use for which it 15 is manufactured, whether the fetus is known to exist when such 16 substance or device is employed.

17 "Abortion" means the use of any instrument, medicine, 18 drug, or any other substance or device to terminate the 19 pregnancy of a woman known to be pregnant with an intention 20 other than to increase the probability of a live birth, to 21 preserve the life or health of the child after live birth, or 22 to remove a dead fetus. - 2 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

"Born alive", "live born", and "live birth", when applied 1 2 to an individual organism of the species homo sapiens, each mean he or she was completely expelled or extracted from his or 3 her mother and after such separation breathed or showed 4 5 evidence of the beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles, 6 7 irrespective of the duration of pregnancy and whether the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached. 8

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"Department" means the Department of Public Health.

10 "Fertilization" and "conception" each mean the 11 fertilization of a human ovum by a human sperm, which shall be 12 deemed to have occurred at the time when it is known a 13 spermatozoon has penetrated the cell membrane of the ovum.

14 "Fetal heartbeat" means cardiac activity or the steady and 15 repetitive rhythmic contraction of the fetal heart within the 16 gestational sac.

17 "Fetus" and "unborn child" each mean an individual 18 organism of the species homo sapiens from fertilization until 19 live birth.

20 "Physician" means any person licensed to practice medicine21 in all its branches under the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

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"Viability" means either:

(1) that stage of fetal development when, in the medical judgment of the attending physician based on the particular facts of the case before the attending physician, there is a reasonable likelihood of sustained - 3 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

survival of the fetus outside the womb, with or without
artificial support; or

3 (2) when, in the medical judgment of the attending 4 physician based on the particular facts of the case before 5 the attending physician, the unborn child has a fetal 6 heartbeat.

7 Section 1-10. Medical Judgment. No abortion shall be performed except by a physician after either (i) he or she 8 9 determines that, in his or her best clinical judgment, the 10 abortion is necessary, or (ii) he or she receives a written 11 statement or oral communication by another physician, hereinafter called the "referring physician", certifying that 12 in the referring physician's best clinical judgment the 13 14 abortion is necessary. Any person who intentionally or 15 knowingly performs an abortion contrary to the requirements of 16 this Section commits a Class 2 felony.

17 Section 1-15. When an abortion may be performed.

(a) When the fetus is viable no abortion shall be
performed unless in the medical judgment of the attending or
referring physician, based on the particular facts of the case
before him or her, it is necessary to preserve the life or
health of the mother. Intentional, knowing, or reckless
failure to conform to the requirements of this subsection is a
Class 2 felony.

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1 (b) When the fetus is viable the physician shall certify 2 in writing, on a form prescribed by the Department under 3 Section 1-25, the medical indications which, in his or her 4 medical judgment based on the particular facts of the case 5 before him or her, warrant performance of the abortion to 6 preserve the life or health of the mother.

7 Section 1-20. Requirements for performing abortion.

(a) Any physician who intentionally performs an abortion 8 9 when, in his or her medical judgment based on the particular 10 facts of the case before him or her, there is a reasonable 11 likelihood of sustained survival of the fetus outside the womb, with or without artificial support, shall utilize that 12 13 method of abortion which, of those he or she knows to be 14 available, is in his or her medical judgment most likely to 15 preserve the life and health of the fetus.

16 The physician shall certify in writing, on a form 17 prescribed by the Department under Section 1-25, the available 18 methods considered and the reasons for choosing the method 19 employed.

Any physician who intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly violates the provisions of this subsection commits a Class 3 felony.

(b) No abortion shall be performed or induced when the fetus is viable unless there is in attendance a physician other than the physician performing or inducing the abortion

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who shall take control of and provide immediate medical care 1 2 for any child born alive as a result of the abortion. This 3 requirement shall not apply when, in the medical judgment of the physician performing or inducing the abortion based on the 4 5 particular facts of the case before him or her, there exists a 6 medical emergency; in such a case, the physician shall 7 describe the basis of this judgment on the form prescribed by 8 Section 1-25. Any physician who intentionally performs or 9 induces such an abortion and who intentionally, knowingly, or 10 recklessly fails to arrange for the attendance of such a 11 second physician in violation of this subsection commits a 12 Class 3 felony.

13 Subsequent to the abortion, if a child is born alive, the 14 physician required by this subsection to be in attendance 15 shall exercise the same degree of professional skill, care, 16 and diligence to preserve the life and health of the child as 17 would be required of a physician providing immediate medical care to a child born alive in the course of a pregnancy 18 termination which was not an abortion. Any such physician who 19 20 intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly violates this 21 subsection commits a Class 3 felony.

(c) The law of this State shall not be construed to imply that any living individual organism of the species homo sapiens who has been born alive is not an individual under the Criminal Code of 1961 or Criminal Code of 2012.

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(d) Any physician who intentionally performs an abortion

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1 when, in his or her medical judgment based on the particular 2 facts of the case before him, there is a reasonable 3 possibility of sustained survival of the fetus outside the 4 womb, with or without artificial support, shall utilize that 5 method of abortion which, of those he or she knows to be 6 available, is in his or her medical judgment most likely to 7 preserve the life and health of the fetus.

8 The physician shall certify in writing, on a form 9 prescribed by the Department under Section 1-25, the available 10 methods considered and the reasons for choosing the method 11 employed.

12 Any physician who intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly 13 violates the provisions of this subsection commits a Class 3 14 felony.

15 (e) Nothing in Section requires a physician to employ a 16 method of abortion which, in the medical judgment of the 17 physician performing the abortion based on the particular 18 facts of the case before him or her, would increase medical 19 risk to the mother.

20 When the fetus is viable and when there exists (f) reasonable medical certainty (i) that the particular method of 21 22 abortion to be employed will cause organic pain to the fetus, 23 and (ii) that use of an anesthetic or analgesic would abolish 24 alleviate organic pain to the fetus caused by or the 25 particular method of abortion to be employed, then the 26 physician who is to perform the abortion or his or her agent or

the referring physician or his or her agent shall inform the 1 2 woman upon whom the abortion is to be performed that such an 3 anesthetic or analgesic is available, if he or she knows it to be available, for use to abolish or alleviate organic pain 4 5 caused to the fetus by the particular method of abortion to be employed. Any person who performs an abortion with knowledge 6 7 that any such reasonable medical certainty exists and that 8 anesthetic or analgesic is available, such an and 9 intentionally fails to so inform the woman or to ascertain 10 that the woman has been so informed commits a Class B 11 misdemeanor. The foregoing requirements of this subsection 12 shall not apply (i) when in the medical judgment of the physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring 13 14 physician based upon the particular facts of the case before 15 him or her: (1) there exists a medical emergency, or (2) the 16 administration of such an anesthetic or analgesic would 17 decrease a possibility of sustained survival of the fetus apart from the body of the mother, with or without artificial 18 19 support, or (ii) when the physician who is to perform the 20 abortion administers an anesthetic or an analgesic to the woman or the fetus and he or she knows there exists reasonable 21 22 medical certainty that such use will abolish organic pain 23 caused to the fetus during the course of the abortion.

(g) No person shall sell or experiment upon a fetus
 produced by the fertilization of a human ovum by a human sperm
 unless such experimentation is therapeutic to the fetus

thereby produced. Intentional violation of this subsection is
 a Class A misdemeanor. Nothing in this subsection is intended
 to prohibit the performance of in vitro fertilization.

(h) No person shall intentionally perform an abortion with 4 knowledge that the pregnant woman is seeking the abortion 5 solely on account of the sex of the fetus. Nothing in this 6 7 subsection shall be construed to proscribe the performance of 8 an abortion on account of the sex of the fetus because of a 9 genetic disorder linked to that sex. If the application of 10 this subsection to the period of prequancy prior to viability 11 is held invalid, then such invalidity shall not affect its 12 application to the period of pregnancy subsequent to viability. 13

(i) No person shall intentionally perform an abortion on a 14 15 pregnant woman in this State unless the pregnant woman is a 16 resident of this State. The pregnant woman shall provide photo 17 identification on site demonstrating that her residential address is in this State. A patient who obtains an abortion in 18 violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 4 felony. A 19 20 physician who violates this subsection shall have his or her 21 medical license suspended for 5 years following the violation.

22 Section 1-25. Reporting. A report of each abortion 23 performed shall be made to the Department on forms prescribed 24 by it. Such report forms shall not identify the patient by 25 name, but by an individual number to be noted in the patient's

permanent record in the possession of the physician, and shall include information concerning the:

3 (1) identification of the physician who performed the
4 abortion and the facility where the abortion was performed
5 and a patient identification number;

- (2) State in which the patient resides;
- 7 (3) patient's date of birth, race, and marital status;
- 8 (4) number of prior pregnancies;
- 9 (5) date of last menstrual period;
- 10 (6) type of abortion procedure performed;
- 11 (7) complications and whether the abortion resulted in 12 a live birth;
- 13 (8) date

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(8) date the abortion was performed;

14 (9) medical indications for any abortion performed15 when the fetus was viable;

16 (10) information required by subsections (a) and (d) 17 of Section 1-20, if applicable;

(11) basis for any medical judgment that a medical emergency existed when required under subsections (b) and (f) of Section 1-20 and when required to be reported in accordance with this Section by any provision of this Law; and

23 (12) pathologist's test results pursuant to Section
24 1-45.

25 Such form shall be completed by the hospital or other 26 licensed facility, signed by the physician who performed the 1 abortion or pregnancy termination, and transmitted to the 2 Department not later than 10 days following the end of the 3 month in which the abortion was performed.

If a complication of an abortion occurs or becomes known after submission of such form, a correction using the same patient identification number shall be submitted to the Department within 10 days of its becoming known.

8 Department may prescribe rules regarding The the 9 administration of this Law and shall prescribe rules to secure 10 the confidentiality of the woman's identity in the information 11 to be provided under the Vital Records Act. All reports 12 received by the Department shall be treated as confidential 13 and the Department shall secure the woman's anonymity. Such 14 reports shall be used only for statistical purposes.

15 Upon 30 days public notice, the Department is empowered to 16 require reporting of any additional information which, in the 17 sound discretion of the Department, is necessary to develop statistical data relating to the protection of maternal or 18 19 fetal life or health, or is necessary to enforce the provisions of this Law, or is necessary to develop useful 20 criteria for medical decisions. The Department shall annually 21 22 report to the General Assembly all statistical data gathered 23 under this Law and its recommendations to further the purpose 24 of this Law.

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report as required

by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act, and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

5 Section 1-30. Reporting complications resulting from 6 abortion/ Any physician who diagnoses a woman as having complications resulting from an abortion shall report, within 7 a reasonable period of time, the diagnosis and a summary of her 8 9 physical symptoms to the Department in accordance with 10 procedures and upon forms required by the Department. The 11 Department shall define the complications required to be 12 reported by rule. The complications defined by rule shall be 13 those which, according to contemporary medical standards, are 14 manifested by symptoms with severity equal to or greater than 15 hemorrhaging requiring transfusion, infection, incomplete 16 abortion, or punctured organs. If the physician making the diagnosis of a complication knows the name or location of the 17 18 facility where the abortion was performed, he or she shall 19 report such information to the Department.

Any physician who intentionally violates this Section shall be subject to revocation of his or her license pursuant to paragraph (22) of Section 22 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

24 Section 1-35. Violations.

(a) Any person who intentionally violates any provision of
this Law commits a Class A misdemeanor unless a specific
penalty is otherwise provided. Any person who intentionally
falsifies any writing required by this Law commits a Class A
misdemeanor.

6 Intentional, knowing, reckless, or negligent violations of 7 this Law shall constitute unprofessional conduct which causes 8 public harm under Section 22 of the Medical Practice Act of 9 1987, Section 70-5 of the Nurse Practice Act, and Section 21 of 10 the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987.

Intentional, knowing, reckless, or negligent violations of this Law will constitute grounds for refusal, denial, revocation, suspension, or withdrawal of license, certificate, or permit under Section 30 of the Pharmacy Practice Act, Section 7 of the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act, and Section 7 of the Hospital Licensing Act.

17 (b) Any hospital or licensed facility which, or any physician who intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly fails to 18 submit a complete report to the Department in accordance with 19 20 the provisions of Section 1-25 and any person who intentionally, knowingly, recklessly or negligently fails to 21 22 maintain the confidentiality of any reports required under 23 this Law or reports required by Section 1-30 or 1-45 commits a Class B misdemeanor. 24

(c) Any person who sells any drug, medicine, instrument,
or other substance which he or she knows to be an abortifacient

abortifacient, unless 1 and which is in fact an upon 2 physician, is guilty of a Class prescription of a В 3 misdemeanor. Any person who prescribes or administers any instrument, medicine, drug, or other substance or device, 4 5 which he or she knows to be an abortifacient, and which is in an abortifacient, and intentionally, knowingly, 6 fact or 7 recklessly fails to inform the person for whom it is 8 prescribed or upon whom it is administered that it is an 9 abortifacient commits a Class C misdemeanor.

10 (d) Any person who intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly 11 performs upon a woman what he or she represents to that woman 12 to be an abortion when he or she knows or should know that she 13 is not pregnant commits a Class 2 felony and shall be 14 answerable in civil damages equal to 3 times the amount of 15 proved damages.

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Section 1-40. Referral fee.

17 (a) The payment or receipt of a referral fee in connection18 with the performance of an abortion is a Class 4 felony.

(b) For purposes of this Section, "referral fee" means the transfer of anything of value between a doctor who performs an abortion or an operator or employee of a clinic at which an abortion is performed and the person who advised the woman receiving the abortion to use the services of that doctor or clinic.

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Section 1-45. Gross and microscopic analysis and tissue 1 2 report. The dead fetus and all tissue removed at the time of 3 abortion shall be submitted for a gross and microscopic analysis and tissue report to a board eligible or certified 4 5 pathologist as a matter of record in all cases. The results of the analysis and report shall be given to the physician who 6 performed the abortion within 7 days of the abortion and such 7 8 physician shall report any complications relevant to the 9 woman's medical condition to his or her patient within 48 10 hours of receiving a report, if possible. Any evidence of live 11 birth or of viability shall be reported within 7 days, if 12 possible, to the Department by the pathologist. Intentional failure of the pathologist to report any evidence of live 13 birth or of viability to the Department is a Class B 14 15 misdemeanor.

Section 1-50. Use of tissues or cells. Nothing in this Law shall prohibit the use of any tissues or cells obtained from a dead fetus or dead premature infant whose death did not result from an induced abortion, for therapeutic purposes or scientific, research, or laboratory experimentation, as long as the written consent to such use is obtained from one of the parents of such fetus or infant.

23 Section 1-55. No requirement to perform abortion. No 24 physician, hospital, ambulatory surgical center, nor employee

thereof, shall be required against his, her, or its conscience declared in writing to perform, permit, or participate in any abortion, and the failure or refusal to do so shall not be the basis for any civil, criminal, administrative, or disciplinary action, proceeding, penalty, or punishment. If any request for an abortion is denied, the patient shall be promptly notified.

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Section 1-60. Severability; effective dates.

(a) If any provision, word, phrase, or clause of this Law 8 9 or the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall 10 held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the be 11 provisions, words, phrases, clauses, or application of this Law which can be given effect without the invalid provision, 12 13 word, phrase, clause, or application, and to this end the provisions, words, phrases, and clauses of this Law 14 are 15 declared to be severable.

16 (b) Within 60 days from the effective date of this Law, the Department shall issue rules pursuant to Section 1-25. Insofar 17 as Section 1-25 requires registration under the Vital Records 18 Act, it shall not take effect until such rules are issued. The 19 Department shall make available the forms required under 20 21 Section 1-25 within 30 days of the effective date of this Law. 22 No requirement that any person report information to the Department shall become effective until the Department has 23 24 made available the forms required under Section 1-25.

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Article 2.

Section 2-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
Partial-birth Abortion Ban Act of 2023. References in this
Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

5 Section 2-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

6 "Fetus" and "infant" are used interchangeably to refer to 7 the biological offspring of human parents.

8 "Partial-birth abortion" means an abortion in which the 9 person performing the abortion partially vaginally delivers a 10 living human fetus or infant before killing the fetus or 11 infant and completing the delivery.

12 Section 2-10. Partial-birth abortions prohibited. Any 13 person who knowingly performs a partial-birth abortion and 14 thereby kills a human fetus or infant is guilty of a Class 4 felony. This Section does not apply to a partial-birth 15 16 abortion that is necessary to save the life of a mother because 17 her life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical illness, or physical injury, including a life-endangering 18 19 condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy itself, as 20 long as no other medical procedure would suffice for that 21 purpose.

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Section 2-15. Civil action. The maternal grandparents of

the fetus or infant, if the mother has not attained the age of 1 2 18 years at the time of the abortion, may in a civil action 3 obtain appropriate relief unless the pregnancy resulted from the plaintiff's criminal conduct or the plaintiff consented to 4 5 the abortion. The relief shall include money damages for all injuries, psychological and physical, occasioned by the 6 7 violation of this Act and statutory damages equal to 3 times 8 the cost of the partial-birth abortion.

9 Section 2-20. Prosecution of woman prohibited. A woman on 10 whom a partial-birth abortion is performed may not be 11 prosecuted under this Act, for a conspiracy to violate this Act, or for an offense under Article 31 of the Criminal Code of 12 1961 or Criminal Code of 2012 based on a violation of this Act, 13 14 nor may she be held accountable under Article 5 of the Criminal 15 Code of 1961 or Criminal Code of 2012 for an offense based on a 16 violation of this Act.

17

Article 3.

Section 3-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the Abortion Performance Refusal Act of 2023. References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

Section 3-5. Recommendation, performance, or assistance in performance of abortion not required.

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1 (a) No physician, nurse or other person who refuses to 2 recommend, perform, or assist in the performance of an 3 abortion, whether such abortion is a crime, shall be liable to 4 any person for damages allegedly arising from such refusal.

5 (b) No hospital that refuses to permit the performance of 6 an abortion upon its premises, whether such abortion is a 7 crime, shall be liable to any person for damages allegedly 8 arising from such refusal.

9 (c) Any person, association, partnership, or corporation 10 that discriminates against another person in any way, 11 including, but not limited to, hiring, promotion, advancement, 12 transfer, licensing, granting of hospital privileges, or staff appointments, because of that person's refusal to recommend, 13 14 perform, or assist in the performance of an abortion, whether 15 such abortion is a crime, shall be answerable in civil damages 16 equal to 3 times the amount of proved damages, but in no case 17 less than \$2,000.

18 (d) The license of any hospital, doctor, nurse, or any 19 other medical personnel shall not be revoked or suspended 20 because of a refusal to permit, recommend, perform, or assist 21 in the performance of an abortion.

Article 4.

23 Section 4-1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the 24 Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 2023. References in this HB2606 - 19 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

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2 Section 4-5. Legislative findings and purpose. The General 3 Assembly finds that notification of a family member as defined 4 in this Act is in the best interest of an unemancipated minor, 5 and the General Assembly's purpose in enacting this parental 6 notice law is to further and protect the best interests of an 7 unemancipated minor.

8 The medical, emotional, and psychological consequences of 9 abortion are sometimes serious and long-lasting, and immature 10 minors often lack the ability to make fully informed choices 11 that consider both the immediate and long-range consequences.

Parental consultation is usually in the best interests of the minor and is desirable since the capacity to become pregnant and the capacity for mature judgment concerning the wisdom of an abortion are not necessarily related.

16 Section 4-10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

17 "Abortion" means the use of any instrument, medicine, 18 drug, or any other substance or device to terminate the 19 pregnancy of a woman known to be pregnant with an intention 20 other than to increase the probability of a live birth, to 21 preserve the life or health of a child after live birth, or to 22 remove a dead fetus.

23 "Actual notice" means the giving of notice directly, in 24 person, or by telephone. 1 "Adult family member" means a person over 21 years of age 2 who is the parent, grandparent, step-parent living in the 3 household, or legal guardian.

4 "Constructive notice" means notice by certified mail to 5 the last known address of the person entitled to notice with 6 delivery deemed to have occurred 48 hours after the certified 7 notice is mailed.

8 "Incompetent" means any person who has been adjudged as 9 mentally ill or as a person with a developmental disability mental illness or 10 and who, because of developmental 11 disability, is not fully able to manage oneself and for whom a 12 guardian of the person has been appointed under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 11a-3 of the Probate Act of 1975. 13

"Medical emergency" means a condition that, on the basis 14 15 of the physician's good faith clinical judgment, SO 16 complicates the medical condition of a pregnant woman as to 17 necessitate the immediate abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death or for which a delay will create serious risk of 18 19 substantial and irreversible impairment of major bodily 20 function.

21 "Minor" means any person under 18 years of age who is not 22 or has not been married or who has not been emancipated under 23 the Emancipation of Minors Act.

24 "Neglect" means the failure of an adult family member to 25 supply a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, or 26 medical care when reasonably able to do so or the failure to

protect a child from conditions or actions that imminently and seriously endanger the child's physical or mental health when reasonably able to do so.

4 "Physical abuse" means any physical injury intentionally
5 inflicted by an adult family member on a child.

6 "Physician" means any person licensed to practice medicine 7 in all its branches under the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

8 "Sexual abuse" means any sexual conduct or sexual 9 penetration as defined in Section 11-0.1 of the Criminal Code 10 of 2012 that is prohibited by the criminal laws of the State 11 and committed against a minor by an adult family member as 12 defined in this Act.

Section 4-15. Notice to adult family member. No person 13 14 shall knowingly perform an abortion upon a minor or upon an 15 incompetent person unless the physician or his or her agent 16 has given at least 48 hours actual notice to an adult family member of the pregnant minor or incompetent person of his or 17 18 her intention to perform the abortion, unless that person or his or her agent has received a written statement by a 19 20 referring physician certifying that the referring physician or 21 his or her agent has given at least 48 hours notice to an adult 22 family member of the pregnant minor or incompetent person. If actual notice is not possible after a reasonable effort, the 23 24 physician or his or her agent must give 48 hours constructive 25 notice.

1	Section 4-20. Exceptions. Notice shall not be required
2	under this Act if:
3	(1) the minor or incompetent person is accompanied by
4	a person entitled to notice;
5	(2) notice is waived in writing by a person who is
6	entitled to notice;
7	(3) the attending physician certifies in the patient's
8	medical record that a medical emergency exists and there

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is insufficient time to provide the required notice;
 (4) the minor declares in writing that she is a victim

10 11 of sexual abuse, neglect, or physical abuse by an adult 12 family member. The attending physician must certify in the patient's medical record that he or she has received the 13 written declaration of abuse or neglect. Any notification 14 15 of public authorities of abuse that may be required under 16 other laws of this State need not be made by the person performing the abortion until after the minor receives an 17 18 abortion that otherwise complies with the requirements of this Act; or 19

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(5) notice is waived under Section 4-25.

21 Section 4-25. Procedure for judicial waiver of notice.

(a) The requirements and procedures under this Section are
 available to minors and incompetent persons whether they are
 residents of this State.

The minor or incompetent person may petition any 1 (b) 2 circuit court for a waiver of the notice requirement and may participate in proceedings on her own behalf. The court shall 3 appoint a quardian ad litem for her. Any quardian ad litem 4 5 appointed under this Act shall act to maintain the confidentiality of the proceedings. The circuit court shall 6 7 advise her that she has a right to court-appointed counsel and 8 shall provide her with counsel upon her request.

9 Court proceedings under this Section shall (C) be 10 confidential and shall ensure the anonymity of the minor or 11 incompetent person. All court proceedings under this Section 12 shall be sealed. The minor or incompetent person shall have 13 the right to file her petition in the circuit court using a pseudonym or using solely her initials. All documents related 14 15 to this petition shall be confidential and shall not be made 16 available to the public.

17 These proceedings shall be given precedence over other pending matters to the extent necessary to ensure that the 18 court reaches a decision promptly. The court shall rule and 19 20 issue written findings of fact and conclusions of law within 48 hours of the time that the petition is filed, except that 21 22 the 48-hour limitation may be extended at the request of the 23 minor or incompetent person. If the court fails to rule within the 48-hour period and an extension is not requested, then the 24 25 petition shall be deemed to have been granted, and the notice 26 requirement shall be waived.

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- Notice shall be waived if the court finds by a 1 (d) 2 preponderance of the evidence either:
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(1)that the minor or incompetent person is sufficiently mature and well enough informed to decide 4 5 intelligently whether to have an abortion; or

(2) that notification under Section 4-15 would not be in the best interests of the minor or incompetent person.

8 (e) A court that conducts proceedings under this Section 9 shall issue written and specific factual findings and legal 10 conclusions supporting its decision and shall order that a 11 confidential record of the evidence and the judge's findings 12 and conditions be maintained.

13 (f) An expedited confidential appeal shall be available, as the Supreme Court provides by rule, to any minor or 14 15 incompetent person to whom the circuit court denies a waiver 16 of notice. An order authorizing an abortion without notice 17 shall not be subject to appeal.

(g) The Supreme Court is respectfully requested to adopt 18 any rules necessary to ensure that proceedings under this Act 19 20 are handled in an expeditious and confidential manner.

(h) No fees shall be required of any minor or incompetent 21 22 person who avails herself of the procedures provided by this 23 Section.

24 Section 4-30. Minor's consent to abortion. A person may not perform an abortion on a minor without the minor's 25

HB2606 - 25 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b consent, except in a medical emergency.

2 Section 4-35. Reports. The Department of Public Health 3 shall comply with the reporting requirements set forth in the 4 consent decree in Herbst v. O'Malley, case no. 84-C-5602 in 5 the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, 6 Eastern Division.

7 Section 4-40. Penalties.

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8 (a) Any physician who willfully fails to provide notice as 9 required under this Act before performing an abortion on a 10 minor or an incompetent person shall be referred to the 11 Illinois State Medical Board for action in accordance with 12 Section 22 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

(b) Any person, not authorized under this Act, who signs
any waiver of notice for a minor or incompetent person seeking
an abortion, is guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.

16 Section 4-45. Immunity. Any physician who, in good faith, 17 provides notice in accordance with Section 4-15 or relies on 18 an exception under Section 4-20 shall not be subject to any 19 type of civil or criminal liability or discipline for 20 unprofessional conduct for failure to give required notice.

21 Section 4-50. Severability and inseverability. If any 22 provision of this Act or its application to any person or - 26 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity of that provision 1 2 not affect other provisions or application does or 3 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, except that Section 4-25 is 4 5 inseverable to the extent that if all or any substantial and material part of Section 4-25 is held invalid, then the entire 6 7 Act is invalid.

8

Article 5.

9 Section 5-5. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by
10 changing Section 7.5 as follows:

11 (5 ILCS 140/7.5)

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Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be exempt from inspection and copying:

(a) All information determined to be confidential
under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and
Development Act.

(b) Library circulation and order records identifying
library users with specific materials under the Library
Records Confidentiality Act.

(c) Applications, related documents, and medical
 records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
 Procedures Board and any and all documents or other

records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
 Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it
 has received.

4 (d) Information and records held by the Department of
5 Public Health and its authorized representatives relating
6 to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible
7 disease or any information the disclosure of which is
8 restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible
9 Disease Control Act.

(e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted
 under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.

(f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of
the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying
Qualifications Based Selection Act.

(g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted
and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid
Tuition Act.

(h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.

(i) Information contained in a local emergency energy
 plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a
 local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted

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under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

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(j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers under the Emergency Telephone System Act.

(k) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

9 (1) Records and information provided to a residential 10 health care facility resident sexual assault and death 11 review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse 12 Prevention Review Team Act.

13 (m) Information provided to the predatory lending 14 database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential 15 Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent 16 authorized under that Article.

(n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act. This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.

(o) Information that is prohibited from being
 disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and
 Hazardous Substances Registry Act.

(p) Security portions of system safety program plans, 1 2 investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or 3 information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Department of Transportation under Sections 2705-300 and 4 5 2705-616 of the Department of Transportation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, the 6 Regional 7 Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the 8 Regional Transportation Authority Act, or the St. Clair 9 County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety 10 Act.

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(q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Record Review Act.

13 (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the14 Illinois School Student Records Act.

(s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted
 under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.

17 (t) All identified or deidentified health information in the form of health data or medical records contained 18 19 in, stored in, submitted to, transferred by, or released 20 from the Illinois Health Information Exchange, and identified or deidentified health information in the form 21 22 of health data and medical records of the Illinois Health 23 Information Exchange in the possession of the Illinois 24 Health Information Exchange Office due to its 25 administration of the Illinois Health Information Exchange. The terms "identified" and "deidentified" shall 26

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be given the same meaning as in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, or any subsequent amendments thereto, and any regulations promulgated thereunder.

(u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under the Developmental Disability and <u>Mental Health Safety Act (also known as</u> Brian's Law).

(v) Names and information of people who have applied 8 9 for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for 10 11 or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm 12 Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the 13 14 Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed 15 Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed 16 Carry Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the 17 Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

(v-5) Records of the Firearm Owner's Identification
 Card Review Board that are exempted from disclosure under
 Section 10 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

(w) Personally identifiable information which is
exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section
19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.

(x) Information which is exempted from disclosure
 under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section
 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

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1 Confidential information under the Adult (v)2 Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling 3 statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding 4 5 against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated 6 decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of 7 an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act. 8

9 (z) Records and information provided to a fatality 10 review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory 11 Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services 12 Act.

13 (aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure14 under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.

(bb) Information which is or was prohibited from
disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

17 (cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement
18 Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent
19 authorized under that Act.

20 (dd) Information that is prohibited from being
21 disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common
22 Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.

(ee) Information that is exempted from disclosure
 under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.

(ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure
 under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.

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is prohibited from 1 Information that being (dd) 2 disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle 3 Code.

(hh) Records that are exempt from disclosure under 5 Section 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.

6 (ii) Information which is exempted from disclosure 7 under Section 2505-800 of the Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. 8

9 (jj) Information and reports that are required to be 10 submitted to the Department of Labor by registering day 11 and temporary labor service agencies but are exempt from 12 disclosure under subsection (a-1) of Section 45 of the Day and Temporary Labor Services Act. 13

14 (kk) Information prohibited from disclosure under the 15 Seizure and Forfeiture Reporting Act.

16 (11) Information the disclosure of which is restricted 17 and exempted under Section 5-30.8 of the Illinois Public Aid Code. 18

19 (mm) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 4.2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act. 20

21 (nn) Information that is exempt from disclosure under 22 Section 70 of the Higher Education Student Assistance Act.

23 (00) Communications, notes, records, and reports 24 arising out of peer support counseling а session 25 prohibited from disclosure under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act. 26

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1 (pp) Names and all identifying information relating to an employee of an emergency services provider or law 2 3 enforcement agency under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act. 4 5 (qq) (Blank). Information and records held by the 6 Department of Public Health and its authorized 7 representatives collected under the Reproductive Health 8 Act. 9 (rr) Information that is exempt from disclosure under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act. 10 11 (ss) Data reported by an employer to the Department of 12 Human Rights pursuant to Section 2-108 of the Illinois 13 Human Rights Act. 14 (tt) Recordings made under the Children's Advocacy 15 Center Act, except to the extent authorized under that 16 Act. 17 (uu) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of the Sexual Assault Evidence Submission Act. 18 19 (vv) Information that is exempt from disclosure under subsections (f) and (j) of Section 5-36 of the Illinois 20 Public Aid Code. 21 22 (ww) Information that is exempt from disclosure under 23 Section 16.8 of the State Treasurer Act.

(xx) Information that is exempt from disclosure or
 information that shall not be made public under the
 Illinois Insurance Code.

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(yy) Information prohibited from being disclosed under
 the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act.

3 (zz) Information prohibited from being disclosed under
 4 the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act.

(aaa) Information prohibited from being disclosed
 under Section 1-167 of the Illinois Pension Code.

7 (bbb) Information that is prohibited from disclosure
8 by the Illinois Police Training Act and the Illinois State
9 Police Act.

10 (ccc) Records exempt from disclosure under Section
11 2605-304 of the Illinois State Police Law of the Civil
12 Administrative Code of Illinois.

13 (ddd) Information prohibited from being disclosed 14 under Section 35 of the Address Confidentiality for 15 Victims of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human 16 Trafficking, or Stalking Act.

17 (eee) Information prohibited from being disclosed
18 under subsection (b) of Section 75 of the Domestic
19 Violence Fatality Review Act.

20 (fff) Images from cameras under the Expressway Camera
21 Act. This subsection (fff) is inoperative on and after
22 July 1, 2023.

(ggg) Information prohibited from disclosure under
paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 14 of the Nurse
Agency Licensing Act.

(hhh) Information submitted to the Department of State

Police in an affidavit or application for an assault weapon endorsement, assault weapon attachment endorsement, .50 caliber rifle endorsement, or .50 caliber cartridge endorsement under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

(Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 6 7 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-221, eff. 1-1-20; 101-236, eff. 1-1-20; 101-375, eff. 8-16-19; 101-377, eff. 8-16-19; 101-452, 8 9 eff. 1-1-20; 101-466, eff. 1-1-20; 101-600, eff. 12-6-19; 101-620, eff 12-20-19; 101-649, eff. 7-7-20; 101-652, eff. 10 11 1-1-22; 101-656, eff. 3-23-21; 102-36, eff. 6-25-21; 102-237, 12 eff. 1-1-22; 102-292, eff. 1-1-22; 102-520, eff. 8-20-21; 102-559, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-946, eff. 13 7-1-22; 102-1042, eff. 6-3-22; 102-1116, eff. 1-10-23.) 14

Section 5-10. The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 16 1971 is amended by changing Section 6.11 as follows:

17 (5 ILCS 375/6.11)

18 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-768)

19 Sec. 6.11. Required health benefits; Illinois Insurance 20 Code requirements. The program of health benefits shall 21 provide the post-mastectomy care benefits required to be 22 covered by a policy of accident and health insurance under 23 Section 356t of the Illinois Insurance Code. The program of 24 health benefits shall provide the coverage required under

Sections 356q, 356q.5, 356q.5-1, 356m, 356q, 356u, 356w, 356x, 1 2 356z.2, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.17, 356z.22, 3 4 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.29, 356z.30a, 356z.32, 356z.33, 5 356z.36, 356z.40, 356z.41, 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.51, 6 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.56, 356z.57, and 356z.59, and 356z.60 7 of the Illinois Insurance Code. The program of health benefits must comply with Sections 155.22a, 155.37, 355b, 356z.19, 8 9 370c, and 370c.1 and Article XXXIIB of the Illinois Insurance 10 Code. The Department of Insurance shall enforce the 11 requirements of this Section with respect to Sections 370c and 12 370c.1 of the Illinois Insurance Code; all other requirements of this Section shall be enforced by the Department of Central 13 14 Management Services.

15 Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if 16 any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance 17 with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure 18 Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on 19 Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for 20 whatever reason, is unauthorized.

21 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 101-281, eff. 1-1-20;
22 101-393, eff. 1-1-20; 101-452, eff. 1-1-20; 101-461, eff.
23 1-1-20; 101-625, eff. 1-1-21; 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-103,
24 eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22;
25 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff.
26 1-1-23; 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816,

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1 eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 2 revised 12-13-22.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-768)

4 Sec. 6.11. Required health benefits; Illinois Insurance 5 Code requirements. The program of health benefits shall provide the post-mastectomy care benefits required to be 6 7 covered by a policy of accident and health insurance under 8 Section 356t of the Illinois Insurance Code. The program of 9 health benefits shall provide the coverage required under 10 Sections 356g, 356g.5, 356g.5-1, 356m, 356g, 356u, 356w, 356x, 11 356z.2, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 12 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.17, 356z.22, 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.29, 356z.30a, 356z.32, 13 356z.33, 356z.36, 356z.40, 356z.41, 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.51, 14 15 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.55, 356z.56, 356z.57, and 356z.59, and 16 356z.60 of the Illinois Insurance Code. The program of health benefits must comply with Sections 155.22a, 155.37, 355b, 17 356z.19, 370c, and 370c.1 and Article XXXIIB of the Illinois 18 Insurance Code. The Department of Insurance shall enforce the 19 requirements of this Section with respect to Sections 370c and 20 21 370c.1 of the Illinois Insurance Code; all other requirements 22 of this Section shall be enforced by the Department of Central 23 Management Services.

Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.

(Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 101-281, eff. 1-1-20; 5 101-393, eff. 1-1-20; 101-452, eff. 1-1-20; 101-461, eff. 6 1-1-20; 101-625, eff. 1-1-21; 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-103, 7 eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 8 9 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 10 1-1-23; 102-768, eff. 1-1-24; 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, 11 eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 12 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

Section 5-15. The Children and Family Services Act is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:

15 (20 ILCS 505/5) (from Ch. 23, par. 5005)

16 Sec. 5. Direct child welfare services; Department of 17 Children and Family Services. To provide direct child welfare 18 services when not available through other public or private 19 child care or program facilities.

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(a) For purposes of this Section:

(1) "Children" means persons found within the State
who are under the age of 18 years. The term also includes
persons under age 21 who:

24 (A) were committed to the Department pursuant to

1 the Juvenile Court Act or the Juvenile Court Act of 2 1987 and who continue under the jurisdiction of the 3 court; or

(B) were accepted for care, service and training 4 5 by the Department prior to the age of 18 and whose best interest in the discretion of the Department would be 6 served by continuing that care, service and training 7 because of severe emotional disturbances, physical 8 disability, social adjustment or any combination 9 10 thereof, or because of the need to complete an 11 educational or vocational training program.

12 (2) "Homeless youth" means persons found within the 13 State who are under the age of 19, are not in a safe and 14 stable living situation and cannot be reunited with their 15 families.

(3) "Child welfare services" means public social
 services which are directed toward the accomplishment of
 the following purposes:

(A) protecting and promoting the health, safety
and welfare of children, including homeless,
dependent, or neglected children;

(B) remedying, or assisting in the solution of
problems which may result in, the neglect, abuse,
exploitation, or delinquency of children;

(C) preventing the unnecessary separation ofchildren from their families by identifying family

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problems, assisting families in resolving their problems, and preventing the breakup of the family where the prevention of child removal is desirable and possible when the child can be cared for at home without endangering the child's health and safety;

6 (D) restoring to their families children who have 7 been removed, by the provision of services to the 8 child and the families when the child can be cared for 9 at home without endangering the child's health and 10 safety;

(E) placing children in suitable adoptive homes,
in cases where restoration to the biological family is
not safe, possible, or appropriate;

14 (F) assuring safe and adequate care of children 15 away from their homes, in cases where the child cannot 16 be returned home or cannot be placed for adoption. At 17 the time of placement, the Department shall consider concurrent planning, as described in subsection (1-1) 18 19 of this Section so that permanency may occur at the 20 earliest opportunity. Consideration should be given so that if reunification fails or is 21 delayed, the 22 placement made is the best available placement to 23 provide permanency for the child;

(G) (blank);

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(H) (blank); and

(I) placing and maintaining children in facilities

that provide separate living quarters for children 1 2 under the age of 18 and for children 18 years of age 3 and older, unless a child 18 years of age is in the last year of high school education or vocational 4 5 training, in an approved individual or group treatment program, in a licensed shelter facility, or secure 6 7 child care facility. The Department is not required to 8 place or maintain children:

(i) who are in a foster home, or

10 (ii) who are persons with a developmental
11 disability, as defined in the Mental Health and
12 Developmental Disabilities Code, or

13(iii) who are female children who are14pregnant, pregnant and parenting, or parenting, or

15 (iv) who are siblings, in facilities that 16 provide separate living quarters for children 18 17 years of age and older and for children under 18 18 years of age.

19 (b) <u>Nothing in this Section shall be construed to</u>
 20 <u>authorize the expenditure of public funds for the purpose of</u>
 21 <u>performing abortions. (Blank).</u>

(c) The Department shall establish and maintain tax-supported child welfare services and extend and seek to improve voluntary services throughout the State, to the end that services and care shall be available on an equal basis throughout the State to children requiring such services.

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(d) The Director may authorize advance disbursements for 1 2 any new program initiative to any agency contracting with the 3 Department. As a prerequisite for an advance disbursement, the contractor must post a surety bond in the amount of the advance 4 5 disbursement and have a purchase of service contract approved 6 by the Department. The Department may pay up to 2 months 7 operational expenses in advance. The amount of the advance 8 disbursement shall be prorated over the life of the contract 9 or the remaining months of the fiscal year, whichever is less, 10 and the installment amount shall then be deducted from future 11 bills. Advance disbursement authorizations for new initiatives 12 shall not be made to any agency after that agency has operated 13 during 2 consecutive fiscal years. The requirements of this 14 Section concerning advance disbursements shall not apply with 15 respect to the following: payments to local public agencies 16 for child day care services as authorized by Section 5a of this 17 Act; and youth service programs receiving grant funds under Section 17a-4. 18

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(e) (Blank).

20 (f) (Blank).

(g) The Department shall establish rules and regulations concerning its operation of programs designed to meet the goals of child safety and protection, family preservation, family reunification, and adoption, including, but not limited to:

26 (1) adoption;

1	(2) foster care;
2	(3) family counseling;
3	(4) protective services;
4	(5) (blank);
5	(6) homemaker service;
6	(7) return of runaway children;
7	(8) (blank);
8	(9) placement under Section 5-7 of the Juvenile Court
9	Act or Section 2-27, 3-28, 4-25, or 5-740 of the Juvenile
10	Court Act of 1987 in accordance with the federal Adoption
11	Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980; and
12	(10) interstate services.
13	Rules and regulations established by the Department shall

include provisions for training Department staff and the staff 14 15 of Department grantees, through contracts with other agencies 16 or resources, in screening techniques to identify substance 17 use disorders, as defined in the Substance Use Disorder Act, approved by the Department of Human Services, as a successor 18 to the Department of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse, for the 19 20 purpose of identifying children and adults who should be 21 referred for an assessment at an organization appropriately licensed by the Department of Human Services for substance use 22 23 disorder treatment.

(h) If the Department finds that there is no appropriate
program or facility within or available to the Department for
a youth in care and that no licensed private facility has an

adequate and appropriate program or none agrees to accept the youth in care, the Department shall create an appropriate individualized, program-oriented plan for such youth in care. The plan may be developed within the Department or through purchase of services by the Department to the extent that it is within its statutory authority to do.

7 (i) Service programs shall be available throughout the
8 State and shall include but not be limited to the following
9 services:

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- (1) case management;
- 11 (2) homemakers;
- 12 (3) counseling;
- 13 (4) parent education;
- 14 (5) day care; and

(6) emergency assistance and advocacy.

16 In addition, the following services may be made available 17 to assess and meet the needs of children and families:

18 (1) comprehensive family-based services;

(3) respite care; and

- 19 (2) assessments;
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- 21 (4) in-home health services.

The Department shall provide transportation for any of the services it makes available to children or families or for which it refers children or families.

(j) The Department may provide categories of financial
 assistance and education assistance grants, and shall

establish rules and regulations concerning the assistance and 1 2 grants, to persons who adopt children with physical or mental 3 disabilities, children who are older, or other hard-to-place children who (i) immediately prior to their adoption were 4 5 youth in care or (ii) were determined eligible for financial assistance with respect to a prior adoption and who become 6 7 available for adoption because the prior adoption has been 8 dissolved and the parental rights of the adoptive parents have 9 been terminated or because the child's adoptive parents have 10 died. The Department may continue to provide financial 11 assistance and education assistance grants for a child who was 12 determined eligible for financial assistance under this 13 subsection (j) in the interim period beginning when the 14 child's adoptive parents died and ending with the finalization 15 of the new adoption of the child by another adoptive parent or 16 parents. The Department may also provide categories of 17 financial assistance and education assistance grants, and shall establish rules and regulations for the assistance and 18 19 grants, to persons appointed guardian of the person under 20 Section 5-7 of the Juvenile Court Act or Section 2-27, 3-28, 4-25, or 5-740 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for children 21 22 who were youth in care for 12 months immediately prior to the 23 appointment of the guardian.

The amount of assistance may vary, depending upon the needs of the child and the adoptive parents, as set forth in the annual assistance agreement. Special purpose grants are allowed where the child requires special service but such costs may not exceed the amounts which similar services would cost the Department if it were to provide or secure them as quardian of the child.

5 Any financial assistance provided under this subsection is 6 inalienable by assignment, sale, execution, attachment, 7 garnishment, or any other remedy for recovery or collection of 8 a judgment or debt.

9 (j-5) The Department shall not deny or delay the placement 10 of a child for adoption if an approved family is available 11 either outside of the Department region handling the case, or 12 outside of the State of Illinois.

13 (k) The Department shall accept for care and training any 14 child who has been adjudicated neglected or abused, or 15 dependent committed to it pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act 16 or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

17 Department shall offer family preservation (1) The services, as defined in Section 8.2 of the Abused and 18 19 Neglected Child Reporting Act, to help families, including 20 adoptive and extended families. Family preservation services shall be offered (i) to prevent the placement of children in 21 22 substitute care when the children can be cared for at home or 23 in the custody of the person responsible for the children's 24 welfare, (ii) to reunite children with their families, or 25 (iii) to maintain an adoptive placement. Family preservation 26 services shall only be offered when doing so will not endanger

the children's health or safety. With respect to children who 1 2 are in substitute care pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act of 3 1987, family preservation services shall not be offered if a goal other than those of subdivisions (A), (B), or (B-1) of 4 5 subsection (2) of Section 2-28 of that Act has been set, except that reunification services may be offered as provided in 6 7 paragraph (F) of subsection (2) of Section 2-28 of that Act. 8 Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to create a 9 private right of action or claim on the part of any individual 10 or child welfare agency, except that when a child is the 11 subject of an action under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act 12 of 1987 and the child's service plan calls for services to 13 facilitate achievement of the permanency goal, the court hearing the action under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act 14 15 of 1987 may order the Department to provide the services set 16 out in the plan, if those services are not provided with 17 reasonable promptness and if those services are available.

The Department shall notify the child and his family of 18 the Department's responsibility to offer and provide family 19 20 preservation services as identified in the service plan. The 21 child and his family shall be eligible for services as soon as 22 the report is determined to be "indicated". The Department may 23 offer services to any child or family with respect to whom a 24 report of suspected child abuse or neglect has been filed, 25 prior to concluding its investigation under Section 7.12 of 26 the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. However, the

child's or family's willingness to accept services shall not 1 2 be considered in the investigation. The Department may also 3 provide services to any child or family who is the subject of any report of suspected child abuse or neglect or may refer 4 5 such child or family to services available from other agencies in the community, even if the report is determined to be 6 7 unfounded, if the conditions in the child's or family's home 8 are reasonably likely to subject the child or family to future 9 reports of suspected child abuse or neglect. Acceptance of 10 such services shall be voluntary. The Department may also 11 provide services to any child or family after completion of a 12 family assessment, as an alternative to an investigation, as provided under the "differential response program" provided 13 for in subsection (a-5) of Section 7.4 of the Abused and 14 15 Neglected Child Reporting Act.

16 The Department may, at its discretion except for those 17 children also adjudicated neglected or dependent, accept for care and training any child who has been adjudicated addicted, 18 as a truant minor in need of supervision or as a minor 19 20 requiring authoritative intervention, under the Juvenile Court Act or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, but no such child shall 21 22 be committed to the Department by any court without the 23 approval of the Department. On and after January 1, 2015 (the effective date of Public Act 98-803) and before January 1, 24 25 2017, a minor charged with a criminal offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 or 26

adjudicated delinquent shall not be placed in the custody of 1 2 or committed to the Department by any court, except (i) a minor less than 16 years of age committed to the Department under 3 Section 5-710 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, (ii) a minor 4 5 for whom an independent basis of abuse, neglect, or dependency exists, which must be defined by departmental rule, or (iii) a 6 minor for whom the court has granted a supplemental petition 7 8 to reinstate wardship pursuant to subsection (2) of Section 9 2-33 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. On and after January 1, 10 2017, a minor charged with a criminal offense under the 11 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 or 12 adjudicated delinquent shall not be placed in the custody of or committed to the Department by any court, except (i) a minor 13 14 less than 15 years of age committed to the Department under 15 Section 5-710 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, ii) a minor 16 for whom an independent basis of abuse, neglect, or dependency 17 exists, which must be defined by departmental rule, or (iii) a minor for whom the court has granted a supplemental petition 18 19 to reinstate wardship pursuant to subsection (2) of Section 2-33 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. An independent basis 20 21 exists when the allegations or adjudication of abuse, neglect, 22 or dependency do not arise from the same facts, incident, or 23 circumstances which give rise to a charge or adjudication of 24 delinquency. The Department shall assign a caseworker to 25 attend any hearing involving a youth in the care and custody of 26 the Department who is placed on aftercare release, including

1 2 hearings involving sanctions for violation of aftercare release conditions and aftercare release revocation hearings.

As soon as is possible after August 7, 2009 (the effective 3 date of Public Act 96-134), the Department shall develop and 4 5 implement a special program of family preservation services to intact, foster, and adoptive 6 support families who are 7 experiencing extreme hardships due to the difficulty and stress of caring for a child who has been diagnosed with a 8 9 pervasive developmental disorder if the Department determines 10 that those services are necessary to ensure the health and 11 safety of the child. The Department may offer services to any 12 family whether or not a report has been filed under the Abused 13 and Neglected Child Reporting Act. The Department may refer 14 the child or family to services available from other agencies 15 in the community if the conditions in the child's or family's 16 home are reasonably likely to subject the child or family to 17 future reports of suspected child abuse or neglect. Acceptance of these services shall be voluntary. The Department shall 18 develop and implement a public information campaign to alert 19 20 health and social service providers and the general public about these special family preservation services. The nature 21 22 and scope of the services offered and the number of families 23 served under the special program implemented under this paragraph shall be determined by the level of funding that the 24 Department annually allocates for this purpose. The term 25 26 "pervasive developmental disorder" under this paragraph means

a neurological condition, including, but not limited to,
 Asperger's Syndrome and autism, as defined in the most recent
 edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental
 Disorders of the American Psychiatric Association.

5 (1-1) The legislature recognizes that the best interests 6 of the child require that the child be placed in the most permanent living arrangement as soon as is practically 7 8 possible. To achieve this goal, the legislature directs the 9 Department of Children and Family Services to conduct 10 concurrent planning so that permanency may occur at the 11 earliest opportunity. Permanent living arrangements may 12 include prevention of placement of a child outside the home of 13 the family when the child can be cared for at home without endangering the child's health or safety; reunification with 14 15 the family, when safe and appropriate, if temporary placement 16 is necessary; or movement of the child toward the most 17 permanent living arrangement and permanent legal status.

18 When determining reasonable efforts to be made with 19 respect to a child, as described in this subsection, and in 20 making such reasonable efforts, the child's health and safety 21 shall be the paramount concern.

When a child is placed in foster care, the Department shall ensure and document that reasonable efforts were made to prevent or eliminate the need to remove the child from the child's home. The Department must make reasonable efforts to reunify the family when temporary placement of the child

occurs unless otherwise required, pursuant to the Juvenile 1 2 Court Act of 1987. At any time after the dispositional hearing 3 where the Department believes that further reunification services would be ineffective, it may request a finding from 4 5 the court that reasonable efforts are no longer appropriate. 6 The Department is not required to provide further 7 reunification services after such a finding.

A decision to place a child in substitute care shall be made with considerations of the child's health, safety, and best interests. At the time of placement, consideration should also be given so that if reunification fails or is delayed, the placement made is the best available placement to provide permanency for the child.

14 The Department shall adopt rules addressing concurrent 15 planning for reunification and permanency. The Department 16 shall consider the following factors when determining 17 appropriateness of concurrent planning:

18

the likelihood of prompt reunification;

19 (2) the past history of the family;

20 (3) the barriers to reunification being addressed by21 the family;

22

(4) the level of cooperation of the family;

23 (5) the foster parents' willingness to work with the 24 family to reunite;

25 (6) the willingness and ability of the foster family
26 to provide an adoptive home or long-term placement;

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(7) the age of the child;

2

(8) placement of siblings.

3 (m) The Department may assume temporary custody of any 4 child if:

5 (1) it has received a written consent to such 6 temporary custody signed by the parents of the child or by 7 the parent having custody of the child if the parents are 8 not living together or by the guardian or custodian of the 9 child if the child is not in the custody of either parent, 10 or

11 (2) the child is found in the State and neither a 12 parent, guardian nor custodian of the child can be 13 located.

If the child is found in his or her residence without a parent, 14 15 guardian, custodian, or responsible caretaker, the Department 16 may, instead of removing the child and assuming temporary 17 custody, place an authorized representative of the Department in that residence until such time as a parent, quardian, or 18 19 custodian enters the home and expresses a willingness and 20 apparent ability to ensure the child's health and safety and resume permanent charge of the child, or until a relative 21 22 enters the home and is willing and able to ensure the child's 23 health and safety and assume charge of the child until a 24 parent, quardian, or custodian enters the home and expresses 25 such willingness and ability to ensure the child's safety and 26 resume permanent charge. After a caretaker has remained in the

home for a period not to exceed 12 hours, the Department must follow those procedures outlined in Section 2-9, 3-11, 4-8, or 5-415 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

The Department shall have the authority, responsibilities 4 5 and duties that a legal custodian of the child would have pursuant to subsection (9) of Section 1-3 of the Juvenile 6 7 Court Act of 1987. Whenever a child is taken into temporary 8 custody pursuant to an investigation under the Abused and 9 Neglected Child Reporting Act, or pursuant to a referral and 10 acceptance under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of a minor in 11 limited custody, the Department, during the period of 12 temporary custody and before the child is brought before a 13 judicial officer as required by Section 2-9, 3-11, 4-8, or 5-415 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, shall have the 14 15 authority, responsibilities and duties that a legal custodian 16 of the child would have under subsection (9) of Section 1-3 of 17 the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

18 The Department shall ensure that any child taken into 19 custody is scheduled for an appointment for a medical 20 examination.

A parent, guardian, or custodian of a child in the temporary custody of the Department who would have custody of the child if he were not in the temporary custody of the Department may deliver to the Department a signed request that the Department surrender the temporary custody of the child. The Department may retain temporary custody of the child for

10 days after the receipt of the request, during which period 1 2 the Department may cause to be filed a petition pursuant to the 3 Juvenile Court Act of 1987. If a petition is so filed, the Department shall retain temporary custody of the child until 4 5 the court orders otherwise. If a petition is not filed within the 10-day period, the child shall be surrendered to the 6 custody of the requesting parent, guardian, or custodian not 7 8 later than the expiration of the 10-day period, at which time 9 the authority and duties of the Department with respect to the 10 temporary custody of the child shall terminate.

11 (m-1) The Department may place children under 18 years of 12 age in a secure child care facility licensed by the Department 13 that cares for children who are in need of secure living arrangements for their health, safety, and well-being after a 14 15 determination is made by the facility director and the 16 Director or the Director's designate prior to admission to the 17 facility subject to Section 2-27.1 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. This subsection (m-1) does not apply to a child who is 18 subject to placement in a correctional facility operated 19 20 pursuant to Section 3-15-2 of the Unified Code of Corrections, unless the child is a youth in care who was placed in the care 21 22 of the Department before being subject to placement in a 23 correctional facility and a court of competent jurisdiction has ordered placement of the child in a secure care facility. 24

(n) The Department may place children under 18 years ofage in licensed child care facilities when in the opinion of

1 the Department, appropriate services aimed at familv 2 preservation have been unsuccessful and cannot ensure the 3 child's health and safety or are unavailable and such placement would be for their best interest. Payment for board, 4 5 clothing, care, training and supervision of any child placed in a licensed child care facility may be made by the 6 7 Department, by the parents or guardians of the estates of 8 those children, or by both the Department and the parents or 9 guardians, except that no payments shall be made by the 10 Department for any child placed in a licensed child care facility for board, clothing, care, training and supervision 11 12 of such a child that exceed the average per capita cost of 13 maintaining and of caring for a child in institutions for dependent or neglected children operated by the Department. 14 15 However, such restriction on payments does not apply in cases 16 where children require specialized care and treatment for 17 problems of severe emotional disturbance, physical disability, social adjustment, or any combination thereof and suitable 18 19 facilities for the placement of such children are not 20 available at payment rates within the limitations set forth in this Section. All reimbursements for services delivered shall 21 22 be absolutely inalienable by assignment, sale, attachment, or 23 garnishment or otherwise.

(n-1) The Department shall provide or authorize child
 welfare services, aimed at assisting minors to achieve
 sustainable self-sufficiency as independent adults, for any

minor eligible for the reinstatement of wardship pursuant to 1 2 subsection (2) of Section 2-33 of the Juvenile Court Act of 3 1987, whether or not such reinstatement is sought or allowed, provided that the minor consents to such services and has not 4 yet attained the age of 21. The Department shall have 5 6 responsibility for the development and delivery of services under this Section. An eligible youth may access services 7 8 under this Section through the Department of Children and 9 Family Services or by referral from the Department of Human 10 Services. Youth participating in services under this Section 11 shall cooperate with the assigned case manager in developing 12 an agreement identifying the services to be provided and how 13 the youth will increase skills to achieve self-sufficiency. A 14 homeless shelter is not considered appropriate housing for any 15 youth receiving child welfare services under this Section. The 16 Department shall continue child welfare services under this 17 Section to any eligible minor until the minor becomes 21 years of age, no longer consents to participate, or achieves 18 self-sufficiency as identified in the minor's service plan. 19 20 The Department of Children and Family Services shall create clear, readable notice of the rights of former foster youth to 21 22 child welfare services under this Section and how such 23 services may be obtained. The Department of Children and 24 Family Services and the Department of Human Services shall 25 disseminate this information statewide. The Department shall 26 adopt regulations describing services intended to assist

1 minors in achieving sustainable self-sufficiency as 2 independent adults.

The Department shall establish an administrative 3 (\circ) review and appeal process for children and families who 4 5 request or receive child welfare services from the Department. 6 Youth in care who are placed by private child welfare 7 agencies, and foster families with whom those youth are 8 placed, shall be afforded the same procedural and appeal 9 rights as children and families in the case of placement by the 10 Department, including the right to an initial review of a 11 private agency decision by that agency. The Department shall 12 ensure that any private child welfare agency, which accepts youth in care for placement, affords those rights to children 13 14 foster families. The Department shall accept and for 15 administrative review and an appeal hearing a complaint made 16 (i) a child or foster family concerning a decision by 17 following an initial review by a private child welfare agency or (ii) a prospective adoptive parent who alleges a violation 18 of subsection (j-5) of this Section. An appeal of a decision 19 20 concerning a change in the placement of a child shall be conducted in an expedited manner. A court determination that a 21 22 current foster home placement is necessary and appropriate 23 under Section 2-28 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 does not constitute a judicial determination on the merits of an 24 administrative appeal, filed by a former foster parent, 25 26 involving a change of placement decision.

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1 (p) (Blank).

2 (q) The Department may receive and use, in their entirety, 3 for the benefit of children any gift, donation, or bequest of money or other property which is received on behalf of such 4 5 children, or any financial benefits to which such children are or may become entitled while under the jurisdiction or care of 6 the Department, except that the benefits described in Section 7 5.46 must be used and conserved consistent with the provisions 8 9 under Section 5.46.

10 The Department shall set up and administer no-cost, 11 interest-bearing accounts in appropriate financial 12 institutions for children for whom the Department is legally responsible and who have been determined eligible for 13 Veterans' Benefits, Social Security benefits, assistance 14 15 allotments from the armed forces, court ordered payments, 16 parental voluntary payments, Supplemental Security Income, 17 Railroad Retirement payments, Black Lung benefits, or other miscellaneous payments. Interest earned by each account shall 18 19 be credited to the account, unless disbursed in accordance 20 with this subsection.

21 In disbursing funds from children's accounts, the 22 Department shall:

(1) Establish standards in accordance with State and 23 24 federal laws for disbursing money from children's 25 accounts. In all circumstances, the Department's "Guardianship Administrator" or his or her designee must 26

1 approve disbursements from children's accounts. The 2 Department shall be responsible for keeping complete 3 records of all disbursements for each account for any 4 purpose.

5 (2) Calculate on a monthly basis the amounts paid from State funds for the child's board and care, medical care 6 not covered under Medicaid, and social services; and 7 8 utilize funds from the child's account, as covered by 9 regulation, reimburse those costs. to Monthly, 10 disbursements from all children's accounts, up to 1/12 of 11 \$13,000,000, shall be deposited by the Department into the 12 General Revenue Fund and the balance over 1/12 of 13 \$13,000,000 into the DCFS Children's Services Fund.

14 (3) Maintain any balance remaining after reimbursing
15 for the child's costs of care, as specified in item (2).
16 The balance shall accumulate in accordance with relevant
17 State and federal laws and shall be disbursed to the child
18 or his or her guardian, or to the issuing agency.

19 The Department shall promulgate regulations (r) 20 encouraging all adoption agencies to voluntarily forward to 21 the Department or its agent names and addresses of all persons 22 who have applied for and have been approved for adoption of a 23 hard-to-place child or child with a disability and the names of such children who have not been placed for adoption. A list 24 25 of such names and addresses shall be maintained by the 26 Department or its agent, and coded lists which maintain the

confidentiality of the person seeking to adopt the child and 1 2 of the child shall be made available, without charge, to every 3 adoption agency in the State to assist the agencies in placing such children for adoption. The Department may delegate to an 4 5 agent its duty to maintain and make available such lists. The 6 Department shall ensure that such agent maintains the 7 confidentiality of the person seeking to adopt the child and 8 of the child.

9 (s) The Department of Children and Family Services may 10 establish and implement a program to reimburse Department and 11 private child welfare agency foster parents licensed by the 12 Department of Children and Family Services for damages 13 sustained by the foster parents as a result of the malicious or 14 negligent acts of foster children, as well as providing third 15 party coverage for such foster parents with regard to actions 16 of foster children to other individuals. Such coverage will be 17 secondary to the foster parent liability insurance policy, if applicable. The program shall be funded through appropriations 18 19 from the General Revenue Fund, specifically designated for 20 such purposes.

(t) The Department shall perform home studies and investigations and shall exercise supervision over visitation as ordered by a court pursuant to the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act or the Adoption Act only if:

(1) an order entered by an Illinois court specifically
 directs the Department to perform such services; and

1 (2) the court has ordered one or both of the parties to 2 the proceeding to reimburse the Department for its 3 reasonable costs for providing such services in accordance 4 with Department rules, or has determined that neither 5 party is financially able to pay.

6 The Department shall provide written notification to the 7 court of the specific arrangements for supervised visitation 8 and projected monthly costs within 60 days of the court order. 9 The Department shall send to the court information related to 10 the costs incurred except in cases where the court has 11 determined the parties are financially unable to pay. The 12 court may order additional periodic reports as appropriate.

(u) In addition to other information that must be provided, whenever the Department places a child with a prospective adoptive parent or parents, in a licensed foster home, group home, or child care institution, or in a relative home, the Department shall provide to the prospective adoptive parent or parents or other caretaker:

available detailed information concerning the 19 (1)20 child's educational and health history, copies of immunization records (including insurance and medical card 21 22 information), a history of the child's previous 23 placements, if any, and reasons for placement changes excluding any information that identifies or reveals the 24 25 location of any previous caretaker;

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(2) a copy of the child's portion of the client

service plan, including any visitation arrangement, and all amendments or revisions to it as related to the child; and

4 (3) information containing details of the child's
5 individualized educational plan when the child is
6 receiving special education services.

The caretaker shall be informed of any known social or 7 8 behavioral information (including, but not limited to, 9 criminal background, fire setting, perpetuation of sexual 10 abuse, destructive behavior, and substance abuse) necessary to 11 care for and safeguard the children to be placed or currently 12 in the home. The Department may prepare a written summary of the information required by this paragraph, which may be 13 14 provided to the foster or prospective adoptive parent in 15 advance of a placement. The foster or prospective adoptive 16 parent may review the supporting documents in the child's file 17 in the presence of casework staff. In the case of an emergency placement, casework staff shall at least provide known 18 19 information verbally, if necessary, and must subsequently 20 provide the information in writing as required by this subsection. 21

The information described in this subsection shall be provided in writing. In the case of emergency placements when time does not allow prior review, preparation, and collection of written information, the Department shall provide such information as it becomes available. Within 10 business days - 64 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

after placement, the Department shall obtain from 1 the 2 prospective adoptive parent or parents or other caretaker a 3 signed verification of receipt of the information provided. Within 10 business days after placement, the Department shall 4 5 provide to the child's guardian ad litem a copy of the 6 information provided to the prospective adoptive parent or 7 parents or other caretaker. The information provided to the 8 prospective adoptive parent or parents or other caretaker 9 shall be reviewed and approved regarding accuracy at the 10 supervisory level.

11 (u-5) Effective July 1, 1995, only foster care placements 12 licensed as foster family homes pursuant to the Child Care Act of 1969 shall be eligible to receive foster care payments from 13 the Department. Relative caregivers who, as of July 1, 1995, 14 15 were approved pursuant to approved relative placement rules 16 previously promulgated by the Department at 89 Ill. Adm. Code 17 335 and had submitted an application for licensure as a foster family home may continue to receive foster care payments only 18 19 until the Department determines that they may be licensed as a 20 foster family home or that their application for licensure is denied or until September 30, 1995, whichever occurs first. 21

(v) The Department shall access criminal history record information as defined in the Illinois Uniform Conviction Information Act and information maintained in the adjudicatory and dispositional record system as defined in Section 2605-355 of the Illinois State Police Law if the Department determines

the information is necessary to perform its duties under the 1 2 Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, the Child Care Act 3 of 1969, and the Children and Family Services Act. The Department shall provide for interactive computerized 4 5 communication and processing equipment that permits direct on-line communication with the Illinois State Police's central 6 7 criminal history data repository. The Department shall comply 8 with all certification requirements and provide certified 9 operators who have been trained by personnel from the Illinois 10 State Police. In addition, one Office of the Inspector General 11 investigator shall have training in the use of the criminal 12 history information access system and have access to the terminal. The Department of Children and Family Services and 13 14 its employees shall abide by rules and regulations established 15 by the Illinois State Police relating to the access and 16 dissemination of this information.

17 (v-1) Prior to final approval for placement of a child, the Department shall conduct a criminal records background 18 19 check of the prospective foster or adoptive parent, including 20 fingerprint-based checks of national crime information databases. Final approval for placement shall not be granted 21 22 if the record check reveals a felony conviction for child 23 abuse or neglect, for spousal abuse, for a crime against children, or for a crime involving violence, including rape, 24 25 sexual assault, or homicide, but not including other physical 26 assault or battery, or if there is a felony conviction for

1 physical assault, battery, or a drug-related offense committed 2 within the past 5 years.

(v-2) Prior to final approval for placement of a child, 3 the Department shall check its child abuse and neglect 4 5 registry for information concerning prospective foster and adoptive parents, and any adult living in the home. If any 6 7 prospective foster or adoptive parent or other adult living in 8 the home has resided in another state in the preceding 5 years, 9 the Department shall request a check of that other state's 10 child abuse and neglect registry.

11 (w) Within 120 days of August 20, 1995 (the effective date 12 of Public Act 89-392), the Department shall prepare and submit to the Governor and the General Assembly, a written plan for 13 14 the development of in-state licensed secure child care 15 facilities that care for children who are in need of secure 16 living arrangements for their health, safety, and well-being. 17 For purposes of this subsection, secure care facility shall mean a facility that is designed and operated to ensure that 18 all entrances and exits from the facility, a building or a 19 20 distinct part of the building, are under the exclusive control of the staff of the facility, whether or not the child has the 21 22 freedom of movement within the perimeter of the facility, 23 building, or distinct part of the building. The plan shall 24 include descriptions of the types of facilities that are 25 needed in Illinois; the cost of developing these secure care 26 facilities; the estimated number of placements; the potential

1 cost savings resulting from the movement of children currently 2 out-of-state who are projected to be returned to Illinois; the 3 necessary geographic distribution of these facilities in 4 Illinois; and a proposed timetable for development of such 5 facilities.

(x) The Department shall conduct annual credit history 6 7 checks to determine the financial history of children placed 8 under its quardianship pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act of 9 1987. The Department shall conduct such credit checks starting 10 when a youth in care turns 12 years old and each year 11 thereafter for the duration of the guardianship as terminated 12 pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. The Department 13 shall determine if financial exploitation of the child's personal information has occurred. If financial exploitation 14 15 appears to have taken place or is presently ongoing, the 16 Department shall notify the proper law enforcement agency, the 17 proper State's Attorney, or the Attorney General.

(y) Beginning on July 22, 2010 (the effective date of 18 Public Act 96-1189), a child with a disability who receives 19 residential and educational services from the Department shall 20 be eligible to receive transition services in accordance with 21 22 Article 14 of the School Code from the age of 14.5 through age 23 inclusive, notwithstanding the child's residential 21, services arrangement. For purposes of this subsection, "child 24 25 with a disability" means a child with a disability as defined 26 by the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education

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1 Improvement Act of 2004.

2 (z) The Department shall access criminal history record information as defined as "background information" in this 3 subsection and criminal history record information as defined 4 in the Illinois Uniform Conviction Information Act for each 5 Department employee or Department applicant. Each Department 6 7 employee or Department applicant shall submit his or her fingerprints to the Illinois State Police in the form and 8 9 manner prescribed by the Illinois State Police. These 10 fingerprints shall be checked against the fingerprint records 11 now and hereafter filed in the Illinois State Police and the 12 Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records 13 databases. The Illinois State Police shall charge a fee for conducting the criminal history record check, which shall be 14 15 deposited into the State Police Services Fund and shall not 16 exceed the actual cost of the record check. The Illinois State 17 Police shall furnish, pursuant to positive identification, all Illinois conviction information to the Department of Children 18 19 and Family Services.

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For purposes of this subsection:

"Background information" means all of the following:

(i) Upon the request of the Department of Children and
Family Services, conviction information obtained from the
Illinois State Police as a result of a fingerprint-based
criminal history records check of the Illinois criminal
history records database and the Federal Bureau of

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Investigation criminal history records database concerning a Department employee or Department applicant.

3 (ii) Information obtained by the Department of
4 Children and Family Services after performing a check of
5 the Illinois State Police's Sex Offender Database, as
6 authorized by Section 120 of the Sex Offender Community
7 Notification Law, concerning a Department employee or
8 Department applicant.

9 (iii) Information obtained by the Department of 10 Children and Family Services after performing a check of 11 the Child Abuse and Neglect Tracking System (CANTS) 12 operated and maintained by the Department.

13 "Department employee" means a full-time or temporary 14 employee coded or certified within the State of Illinois 15 Personnel System.

16 "Department applicant" means an individual who has 17 conditional Department full-time or part-time work, a contractor, an individual used to replace or supplement staff, 18 19 an academic intern, a volunteer in Department offices or on Department contracts, a work-study student, an individual or 20 21 entity licensed by the Department, or an unlicensed service 22 provider who works as a condition of a contract or an agreement 23 and whose work may bring the unlicensed service provider into contact with Department clients or client records. 24

25 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 101-79, eff. 7-12-19;
26 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-558, eff.

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1 8-20-21; 102-1014, eff. 5-27-22.)

Section 5-20. The Criminal Identification Act is amended
by changing Section 3.2 as follows:

4 (20 ILCS 2630/3.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 206-3.2)

5 Sec. 3.2. (a) It is the duty of any person conducting or 6 operating a medical facility, or any physician or nurse as 7 soon as treatment permits to notify the local law enforcement 8 agency of that jurisdiction upon the application for treatment 9 of a person who is not accompanied by a law enforcement 10 officer, when it reasonably appears that the person requesting 11 treatment has received:

12 (1) any injury resulting from the discharge of a13 firearm; or

14 (2) any injury sustained in the commission of or as a15 victim of a criminal offense.

Any hospital, physician or nurse shall be forever held harmless from any civil liability for their reasonable compliance with the provisions of this Section.

19 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), nothing in this
20 Section shall be construed to require the reporting of lawful
21 health care activity, whether such activity may constitute a
22 violation of another state's law.

23 (c) As used in this Section:

24 "Lawful health care" means:

1	(1) reproductive health care that is not unlawful
2	under the laws of this State, including on any theory of
3	vicarious, joint, several, or conspiracy liability; or
4	(2) the treatment of gender dysphoria or the
5	affirmation of an individual's gender identity or gender
6	expression, including but not limited to, all supplies,
7	care, and services of a medical, behavioral health, mental
8	health, surgical, psychiatric, therapeutic, diagnostic,
9	preventative, rehabilitative, or supportive nature that is
10	not unlawful under the laws of this State, including on
11	any theory of vicarious, joint, several, or conspiracy
12	liability.
13	"Lawful health care activity" means seeking, providing,
10	
14	receiving, assisting in seeking, providing, or receiving,
14	receiving, assisting in seeking, providing, or receiving,
14 15	receiving, assisting in seeking, providing, or receiving, providing material support for, or traveling to obtain lawful
14 15 16	receiving, assisting in seeking, providing, or receiving, providing material support for, or traveling to obtain lawful health care.
14 15 16	receiving, assisting in seeking, providing, or receiving, providing material support for, or traveling to obtain lawful health care.
14 15 16 17	receiving, assisting in seeking, providing, or receiving, providing material support for, or traveling to obtain lawful health care. (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)
14 15 16 17 18	receiving, assisting in seeking, providing, or receiving, providing material support for, or traveling to obtain lawful health care. (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.) Section 5-25. The Counties Code is amended by changing
14 15 16 17 18	receiving, assisting in seeking, providing, or receiving, providing material support for, or traveling to obtain lawful health care. (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.) Section 5-25. The Counties Code is amended by changing
14 15 16 17 18 19	receiving, assisting in seeking, providing, or receiving, providing material support for, or traveling to obtain lawful health care. (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.) Section 5-25. The Counties Code is amended by changing Sections 3-3013, 3-4006, and 5-1069.3 as follows:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	receiving, assisting in seeking, providing, or receiving, providing material support for, or traveling to obtain lawful health care. (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.) Section 5-25. The Counties Code is amended by changing Sections 3-3013, 3-4006, and 5-1069.3 as follows: (55 ILCS 5/3-3013) (from Ch. 34, par. 3-3013)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>receiving, assisting in seeking, providing, or receiving, providing material support for, or traveling to obtain lawful health care. (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.) Section 5-25. The Counties Code is amended by changing Sections 3-3013, 3-4006, and 5-1069.3 as follows: (55 ILCS 5/3-3013) (from Ch. 34, par. 3-3013) (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-982)</pre>

1 person is found, or lying within his county, whose death is 2 suspected of being:

(a) A sudden or violent death, whether apparently
suicidal, homicidal, or accidental, including, but not
limited to, deaths apparently caused or contributed to by
thermal, traumatic, chemical, electrical, or radiational
injury, or a complication of any of them, or by drowning or
suffocation, or as a result of domestic violence as
defined in the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986;

10 (b) A <u>maternal or fetal death due to abortion</u>, or any
11 death due to a sex crime <u>or a crime against nature</u>;

12 (c) A death where the circumstances are suspicious, 13 obscure, mysterious, or otherwise unexplained or where, in 14 the written opinion of the attending physician, the cause 15 of death is not determined;

16 (d) A death where addiction to alcohol or to any drug 17 may have been a contributory cause; or

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(e) A death where the decedent was not attended by a licensed physician;

shall go to the place where the dead body is, and take charge of the same and shall make a preliminary investigation into the circumstances of the death. In the case of death without attendance by a licensed physician, the body may be moved with the coroner's consent from the place of death to a mortuary in the same county. Coroners in their discretion shall notify such physician as is designated in accordance with Section 3-3014 to attempt to ascertain the cause of death, either by
 autopsy or otherwise.

In cases of accidental death involving a motor vehicle in 3 which the decedent was (1) the operator or a suspected 4 5 operator of a motor vehicle, or (2) a pedestrian 16 years of age or older, the coroner shall require that a blood specimen 6 of at least 30 cc., and if medically possible a urine specimen 7 8 of at least 30 cc. or as much as possible up to 30 cc., be 9 withdrawn from the body of the decedent in a timely fashion 10 after the accident causing his death, by such physician as has 11 been designated in accordance with Section 3-3014, or by the 12 coroner or deputy coroner or a qualified person designated by such physician, coroner, or deputy coroner. If the county does 13 not maintain laboratory facilities for making such analysis, 14 the blood and urine so drawn shall be sent to the Illinois 15 State Police or any other accredited or State-certified 16 17 laboratory for analysis of the alcohol, carbon monoxide, and dangerous or narcotic drug content of such blood and urine 18 19 specimens. Each specimen submitted shall be accompanied by 20 pertinent information concerning the decedent upon a form prescribed by such laboratory. Any person drawing blood and 21 22 urine and any person making any examination of the blood and 23 urine under the terms of this Division shall be immune from all liability, civil or criminal, that might otherwise be incurred 24 25 or imposed.

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In all other cases coming within the jurisdiction of the

coroner and referred to in subparagraphs (a) through (e) 1 2 above, blood, and, whenever possible, urine samples shall be 3 analyzed for the presence of alcohol and other drugs. When the coroner suspects that drugs may have been involved in the 4 5 death, either directly or indirectly, a toxicological examination shall be performed which may include analyses of 6 7 blood, urine, bile, gastric contents, and other tissues. When 8 the coroner suspects a death is due to toxic substances, other 9 than drugs, the coroner shall consult with the toxicologist 10 prior to collection of samples. Information submitted to the 11 toxicologist shall include information as to height, weight, 12 age, sex, and race of the decedent as well as medical history, medications used by, and the manner of death of the decedent. 13

When the coroner or medical examiner finds that the cause 14 of death is due to homicidal means, the coroner or medical 15 16 examiner shall cause blood and buccal specimens (tissue may be 17 submitted if no uncontaminated blood or buccal specimen can be obtained), whenever possible, to be withdrawn from the body of 18 19 the decedent in a timely fashion. For proper preservation of 20 the specimens, collected blood and buccal specimens shall be dried and tissue specimens shall be frozen if available 21 22 equipment exists. As soon as possible, but no later than 30 23 days after the collection of the specimens, the coroner or 24 medical examiner shall release those specimens to the police 25 agency responsible for investigating the death. As soon as 26 possible, but no later than 30 days after the receipt from the

coroner or medical examiner, the police agency shall submit 1 2 the specimens using the agency case number to a National DNA 3 Index System (NDIS) participating laboratory within this State, such as the Illinois State Police, Division of Forensic 4 5 Services, for analysis and categorizing into genetic marker groupings. The results of the analysis and categorizing into 6 genetic marker groupings shall be provided to the Illinois 7 8 State Police and shall be maintained by the Illinois State 9 Police in the State central repository in the same manner, and 10 subject to the same conditions, as provided in Section 5-4-3 11 of the Unified Code of Corrections. The requirements of this 12 paragraph are in addition to any other findings, specimens, or 13 information that the coroner or medical examiner is required 14 to provide during the conduct of a criminal investigation.

15 In all counties, in cases of apparent suicide, homicide, 16 or accidental death or in other cases, within the discretion 17 of the coroner, the coroner may summon 8 persons of lawful age from those persons drawn for petit jurors in the county. The 18 19 summons shall command these persons to present themselves 20 personally at such a place and time as the coroner shall determine, and may be in any form which the coroner shall 21 22 determine and may incorporate any reasonable form of request 23 for acknowledgment which the coroner deems practical and provides a reliable proof of service. The summons may be 24 25 served by first class mail. From the 8 persons so summoned, the 26 coroner shall select 6 to serve as the jury for the inquest.

Inquests may be continued from time to time, as the coroner may 1 2 deem necessary. The 6 jurors selected in a given case may view the body of the deceased. If at any continuation of an inquest 3 one or more of the original jurors shall be unable to continue 4 5 to serve, the coroner shall fill the vacancy or vacancies. A juror serving pursuant to this paragraph shall receive 6 7 compensation from the county at the same rate as the rate of 8 compensation that is paid to petit or grand jurors in the 9 county. The coroner shall furnish to each juror without fee at 10 the time of his discharge a certificate of the number of days 11 in attendance at an inquest, and, upon being presented with 12 such certificate, the county treasurer shall pay to the juror 13 the sum provided for his services.

14 In counties which have a jury commission, in cases of 15 apparent suicide or homicide or of accidental death, the 16 coroner may conduct an inquest. The jury commission shall 17 provide at least 8 jurors to the coroner, from whom the coroner shall select any 6 to serve as the jury for the inquest. 18 19 Inquests may be continued from time to time as the coroner may 20 deem necessary. The 6 jurors originally chosen in a given case 21 may view the body of the deceased. If at any continuation of an 22 inquest one or more of the 6 jurors originally chosen shall be 23 unable to continue to serve, the coroner shall fill the vacancy or vacancies. At the coroner's discretion, additional 24 25 jurors to fill such vacancies shall be supplied by the jury 26 commission. A juror serving pursuant to this paragraph in such

1 county shall receive compensation from the county at the same 2 rate as the rate of compensation that is paid to petit or grand 3 jurors in the county.

In every case in which a fire is determined to be a contributing factor in a death, the coroner shall report the death to the Office of the State Fire Marshal. The coroner shall provide a copy of the death certificate (i) within 30 days after filing the permanent death certificate and (ii) in a manner that is agreed upon by the coroner and the State Fire Marshal.

11 In every case in which a drug overdose is determined to be 12 the cause or a contributing factor in the death, the coroner or medical examiner shall report the death to the Department of 13 14 Public Health. The Department of Public Health shall adopt 15 rules regarding specific information that must be reported in 16 the event of such a death. If possible, the coroner shall 17 report the cause of the overdose. As used in this Section, "overdose" has the same meaning as it does in Section 414 of 18 19 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. The Department of 20 Public Health shall issue a semiannual report to the General Assembly summarizing the reports received. The Department 21 22 shall also provide on its website a monthly report of overdose 23 death figures organized by location, age, and any other 24 factors τ the Department deems appropriate.

In addition, in every case in which domestic violence is determined to be a contributing factor in a death, the coroner - 78 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

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1 shall report the death to the Illinois State Police.

2 All deaths in State institutions and all deaths of wards 3 of the State or youth in care as defined in Section 4d of the Children and Family Services Act in private care facilities or 4 5 in programs funded by the Department of Human Services under 6 its powers relating to mental health and developmental 7 disabilities or alcoholism and substance abuse or funded by 8 the Department of Children and Family Services shall be 9 reported to the coroner of the county in which the facility is 10 located. If the coroner has reason to believe that an 11 investigation is needed to determine whether the death was 12 caused by maltreatment or negligent care of the ward of the 13 State or youth in care as defined in Section 4d of the Children 14 and Family Services Act, the coroner may conduct a preliminary 15 investigation of the circumstances of such death as in cases of death under circumstances set forth in subparagraphs 16 17 paragraphs (a) through (e) of this Section. (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 18

19 revised 8-23-22.)

20 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-982)

Sec. 3-3013. Preliminary investigations; blood and urine analysis; summoning jury; reports. Every coroner, whenever, as soon as he knows or is informed that the dead body of any person is found, or lying within his county, whose death is suspected of being:

1 (a) A sudden or violent death, whether apparently suicidal, homicidal, or accidental, including, but not 2 3 limited to, deaths apparently caused or contributed to by thermal, traumatic, chemical, electrical, or radiational 4 5 injury, or a complication of any of them, or by drowning or suffocation, or as a result of domestic violence as 6 defined in the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986; 7

8

(b) A death due to a sex crime;

9 (c) A death where the circumstances are suspicious, 10 obscure, mysterious, or otherwise unexplained or where, in 11 the written opinion of the attending physician, the cause 12 of death is not determined;

(d) A death where addiction to alcohol or to any drug 13 14 may have been a contributory cause; or

15

(e) A death where the decedent was not attended by a 16 licensed physician;

shall go to the place where the dead body is $\overline{\tau}$ and take charge 17 of the same and shall make a preliminary investigation into 18 19 the circumstances of the death. In the case of death without attendance by a licensed physician, the body may be moved with 20 21 the coroner's consent from the place of death to a mortuary in 22 the same county. Coroners in their discretion shall notify 23 such physician as is designated in accordance with Section 24 3-3014 to attempt to ascertain the cause of death, either by 25 autopsy or otherwise.

26 In cases of accidental death involving a motor vehicle in

which the decedent was (1) the operator or a suspected 1 2 operator of a motor vehicle, or (2) a pedestrian 16 years of age or older, the coroner shall require that a blood specimen 3 of at least 30 cc., and if medically possible a urine specimen 4 of at least 30 cc. or as much as possible up to 30 cc., be 5 withdrawn from the body of the decedent in a timely fashion 6 7 after the crash causing his death, by such physician as has been designated in accordance with Section 3-3014, or by the 8 9 coroner or deputy coroner or a qualified person designated by 10 such physician, coroner, or deputy coroner. If the county does 11 not maintain laboratory facilities for making such analysis, 12 the blood and urine so drawn shall be sent to the Illinois 13 State Police or any other accredited or State-certified 14 laboratory for analysis of the alcohol, carbon monoxide, and 15 dangerous or narcotic drug content of such blood and urine 16 specimens. Each specimen submitted shall be accompanied by 17 pertinent information concerning the decedent upon a form prescribed by such laboratory. Any person drawing blood and 18 urine and any person making any examination of the blood and 19 20 urine under the terms of this Division shall be immune from all 21 liability, civil or criminal, that might otherwise be incurred 22 or imposed.

In all other cases coming within the jurisdiction of the coroner and referred to in subparagraphs (a) through (e) above, blood, and, whenever possible, urine samples shall be analyzed for the presence of alcohol and other drugs. When the

coroner suspects that drugs may have been involved in the 1 indirectly, a toxicological 2 death, either directly or 3 examination shall be performed which may include analyses of blood, urine, bile, gastric contents, and other tissues. When 4 5 the coroner suspects a death is due to toxic substances, other 6 than drugs, the coroner shall consult with the toxicologist prior to collection of samples. Information submitted to the 7 8 toxicologist shall include information as to height, weight, 9 age, sex_ and race of the decedent as well as medical history, 10 medications used by, and the manner of death of the decedent.

11 When the coroner or medical examiner finds that the cause 12 of death is due to homicidal means, the coroner or medical examiner shall cause blood and buccal specimens (tissue may be 13 14 submitted if no uncontaminated blood or buccal specimen can be 15 obtained), whenever possible, to be withdrawn from the body of 16 the decedent in a timely fashion. For proper preservation of 17 the specimens, collected blood and buccal specimens shall be dried and tissue specimens shall be frozen if available 18 19 equipment exists. As soon as possible, but no later than 30 days after the collection of the specimens, the coroner or 20 21 medical examiner shall release those specimens to the police 22 agency responsible for investigating the death. As soon as 23 possible, but no later than 30 days after the receipt from the coroner or medical examiner, the police agency shall submit 24 25 the specimens using the agency case number to a National DNA 26 Index System (NDIS) participating laboratory within this

State, such as the Illinois State Police, Division of Forensic 1 2 Services, for analysis and categorizing into genetic marker 3 groupings. The results of the analysis and categorizing into genetic marker groupings shall be provided to the Illinois 4 5 State Police and shall be maintained by the Illinois State Police in the State central repository in the same manner, and 6 subject to the same conditions, as provided in Section 5-4-3 7 8 of the Unified Code of Corrections. The requirements of this 9 paragraph are in addition to any other findings, specimens, or 10 information that the coroner or medical examiner is required 11 to provide during the conduct of a criminal investigation.

12 In all counties, in cases of apparent suicide, homicide, or accidental death or in other cases, within the discretion 13 14 of the coroner, the coroner may summon 8 persons of lawful age 15 from those persons drawn for petit jurors in the county. The 16 summons shall command these persons to present themselves 17 personally at such a place and time as the coroner shall determine, and may be in any form which the coroner shall 18 19 determine and may incorporate any reasonable form of request for acknowledgment which the coroner deems practical and 20 provides a reliable proof of service. The summons may be 21 22 served by first class mail. From the 8 persons so summoned, the 23 coroner shall select 6 to serve as the jury for the inquest. 24 Inquests may be continued from time to time, as the coroner may 25 deem necessary. The 6 jurors selected in a given case may view 26 the body of the deceased. If at any continuation of an inquest

one or more of the original jurors shall be unable to continue 1 2 to serve, the coroner shall fill the vacancy or vacancies. A 3 juror serving pursuant to this paragraph shall receive compensation from the county at the same rate as the rate of 4 5 compensation that is paid to petit or grand jurors in the county. The coroner shall furnish to each juror without fee at 6 the time of his discharge a certificate of the number of days 7 8 in attendance at an inquest, and, upon being presented with 9 such certificate, the county treasurer shall pay to the juror 10 the sum provided for his services.

In counties which have a jury commission, in cases of 11 12 apparent suicide or homicide or of accidental death, the 13 coroner may conduct an inquest. The jury commission shall 14 provide at least 8 jurors to the coroner, from whom the coroner 15 shall select any 6 to serve as the jury for the inquest. 16 Inquests may be continued from time to time as the coroner may 17 deem necessary. The 6 jurors originally chosen in a given case may view the body of the deceased. If at any continuation of an 18 inquest one or more of the 6 jurors originally chosen shall be 19 20 unable to continue to serve, the coroner shall fill the vacancy or vacancies. At the coroner's discretion, additional 21 22 jurors to fill such vacancies shall be supplied by the jury 23 commission. A juror serving pursuant to this paragraph in such county shall receive compensation from the county at the same 24 25 rate as the rate of compensation that is paid to petit or grand 26 jurors in the county.

In every case in which a fire is determined to be a contributing factor in a death, the coroner shall report the death to the Office of the State Fire Marshal. The coroner shall provide a copy of the death certificate (i) within 30 days after filing the permanent death certificate and (ii) in a manner that is agreed upon by the coroner and the State Fire Marshal.

8 In every case in which a drug overdose is determined to be 9 the cause or a contributing factor in the death, the coroner or 10 medical examiner shall report the death to the Department of 11 Public Health. The Department of Public Health shall adopt 12 rules regarding specific information that must be reported in the event of such a death. If possible, the coroner shall 13 report the cause of the overdose. As used in this Section, 14 15 "overdose" has the same meaning as it does in Section 414 of 16 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. The Department of 17 Public Health shall issue a semiannual report to the General Assembly summarizing the reports received. The Department 18 19 shall also provide on its website a monthly report of overdose 20 death figures organized by location, age, and any other 21 factors τ the Department deems appropriate.

In addition, in every case in which domestic violence is determined to be a contributing factor in a death, the coroner shall report the death to the Illinois State Police.

All deaths in State institutions and all deaths of wards of the State or youth in care as defined in Section 4d of the

Children and Family Services Act in private care facilities or 1 2 in programs funded by the Department of Human Services under 3 its powers relating to mental health and developmental disabilities or alcoholism and substance abuse or funded by 4 5 the Department of Children and Family Services shall be reported to the coroner of the county in which the facility is 6 7 located. If the coroner has reason to believe that an 8 investigation is needed to determine whether the death was 9 caused by maltreatment or negligent care of the ward of the 10 State or youth in care as defined in Section 4d of the Children 11 and Family Services Act, the coroner may conduct a preliminary 12 investigation of the circumstances of such death as in cases of death under circumstances set forth in subparagraphs 13 14 paragraphs (a) through (e) of this Section.

15 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 16 102-982, eff. 7-1-23; revised 8-23-22.)

17 (55 ILCS 5/3-4006) (from Ch. 34, par. 3-4006)

18 Sec. 3-4006. Duties of public defender. The Public 19 Defender, as directed by the court, shall act as attorney, 20 without fee, before any court within any county for all 21 persons who are held in custody or who are charged with the 22 commission of any criminal offense, and who the court finds 23 are unable to employ counsel.

The Public Defender shall be the attorney, without fee, when so appointed by the court under <u>Section 1-20 of the</u>

Juvenile Court Act or Section 1-5 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or by any court under subsection (b) of Section 4-5 of the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 2023 for any party who the court finds is financially unable to employ counsel.

5 In cases subject to Section 5-170 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 involving a minor who was under 15 years of age at 6 7 the time of the commission of the offense, that occurs in a 8 county with a full-time public defender office, a public 9 defender, without fee or appointment, may represent and have 10 access to a minor during a custodial interrogation. In cases 11 subject to Section 5-170 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 12 involving a minor who was under 15 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense, that occurs in a county without 13 14 a full-time public defender, the law enforcement agency 15 conducting the custodial interrogation shall ensure that the 16 minor is able to consult with an attorney who is under contract 17 the county to provide public defender services. with Representation by the public defender shall terminate at the 18 19 first court appearance if the court determines that the minor 20 is not indigent.

Every court shall, with the consent of the defendant and where the court finds that the rights of the defendant would be prejudiced by the appointment of the public defender, appoint counsel other than the public defender, except as otherwise provided in Section 113-3 of the "Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963". That counsel shall be compensated as is provided by

law. He shall also, in the case of the conviction of any such
 person, prosecute any proceeding in review which in his
 judgment the interests of justice require.

In counties with a population over 3,000,000, the public 4 5 defender, without fee or appointment and with the concurrence of the county board, may act as attorney to noncitizens in 6 immigration cases. Representation by the public defender in 7 immigration cases shall be limited to those arising in 8 9 immigration courts located within the geographical boundaries 10 of the county where the public defender has been appointed to 11 office unless the board authorizes the public defender to 12 provide representation outside the county.

13 (Source: P.A. 102-410, eff. 1-1-22; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

14 (55 ILCS 5/5-1069.3)

15 Sec. 5-1069.3. Required health benefits. If a county, 16 including a home rule county, is a self-insurer for purposes of providing health insurance coverage for its employees, the 17 18 coverage shall include coverage for the post-mastectomy care benefits required to be covered by a policy of accident and 19 20 health insurance under Section 356t and the coverage required 21 under Sections 356q, 356q.5, 356q.5-1, 356q, 356u, 356w, 356x, 22 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.22, 356z.25, 356z.26, 23 24 356z.29, 356z.30a, 356z.32, 356z.33, 356z.36, 356z.40, 356z.41, 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.48, 356z.51, 356z.53, 25

356z.54, 356z.56, 356z.57, and 356z.59, and 356z.60 of the 1 2 Illinois Insurance Code. The coverage shall comply with Sections 155.22a, 355b, 356z.19, and 370c of the Illinois 3 Insurance Code. The Department of Insurance shall enforce the 4 5 requirements of this Section. The requirement that health 6 benefits be covered as provided in this Section is an 7 exclusive power and function of the State and is a denial and limitation under Article VII, Section 6, subsection (h) of the 8 9 Illinois Constitution. A home rule county to which this 10 Section applies must comply with every provision of this 11 Section.

Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.

(Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-281, eff. 1-1-20; 18 101-393, eff. 1-1-20; 101-461, eff. 1-1-20; 101-625, eff. 19 1-1-21; 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-103, eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, 20 eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-443, eff. 1-1-22; 21 22 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 23 1-1-23; 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 24 25 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

- Section 5-30. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by
 changing Section 10-4-2.3 as follows:
- 3

(65 ILCS 5/10-4-2.3)

4 Sec. 10-4-2.3. Required health benefits. Ιf а 5 municipality, including a home rule municipality, is а self-insurer for purposes of providing health insurance 6 7 coverage for its employees, the coverage shall include 8 coverage for the post-mastectomy care benefits required to be 9 covered by a policy of accident and health insurance under 10 Section 356t and the coverage required under Sections 356g, 11 356q.5, 356q.5-1, 356q, 356u, 356w, 356x, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 12 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.22, 356z.25, 356z.26, 13 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.29, 356z.30a, 356z.32, 356z.33, 356z.36, 356z.40, 14 356z.41, 15 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.48, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 16 356z.56, 356z.57, and 356z.59, and 356z.60 of the Illinois Insurance Code. The coverage shall comply with Sections 17 155.22a, 355b, 356z.19, and 370c of the Illinois Insurance 18 19 Code. The Department of Insurance shall enforce the requirements of this Section. The requirement that health 20 21 benefits be covered as provided in this is an exclusive power 22 and function of the State and is a denial and limitation under Article VII, Section 6, subsection (h) of the Illinois 23 24 Constitution. A home rule municipality to which this Section 25 applies must comply with every provision of this Section.

1 Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if 2 any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance 3 with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure 4 Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on 5 Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for 6 whatever reason, is unauthorized.

7 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-281, eff. 1-1-20; 101-393, eff. 1-1-20; 101-461, eff. 1-1-20; 101-625, eff. 8 9 1-1-21; 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-103, eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-443, eff. 1-1-22; 10 11 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 12 1-1-23; 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 13 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.) 14

Section 5-35. The School Code is amended by changing Section 10-22.3f as follows:

17 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.3f)

Sec. 10-22.3f. Required health benefits. Insurance protection and benefits for employees shall provide the post-mastectomy care benefits required to be covered by a policy of accident and health insurance under Section 356t and the coverage required under Sections 356g, 356g.5, 356g.5-1, 356q, 356u, 356w, 356x, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.22,

356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.29, 356z.30a, 356z.32, 356z.33, 1 2 356z.36, 356z.40, 356z.41, 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.56, 356z.57, and 356z.59, and 356z.60 3 of the Illinois Insurance Code. Insurance policies shall 4 5 comply with Section 356z.19 of the Illinois Insurance Code. The coverage shall comply with Sections 155.22a, 355b, and 6 7 370c of the Illinois Insurance Code. The Department of 8 Insurance shall enforce the requirements of this Section.

9 Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if 10 any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance 11 with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure 12 Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on 13 Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for 14 whatever reason, is unauthorized.

15 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-281, eff. 1-1-20;
101-393, eff. 1-1-20; 101-461, eff. 1-1-20; 101-625, eff.
17 1-1-21; 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-103, eff. 1-1-22; 102-203,
18 eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22;
19 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-804, eff.
20 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860,
21 eff. 1-1-23; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

22 Section 5-40. The Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act 23 is amended by changing Sections 2 and 3 and by adding Section 24 6.2 as follows: - 92 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

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1 (210 ILCS 5/2) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 157-8.2)

2 Sec. 2. It is declared to be the public policy that the 3 State has a legitimate interest in assuring that all medical procedures, including abortions, are performed 4 under 5 circumstances that insure maximum safety. Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to provide for the better protection of 6 7 the public health through the development, establishment, and enforcement of standards (1) for the care of individuals in 8 9 ambulatory surgical treatment centers, and (2) for the 10 construction, maintenance and operation of ambulatory surgical 11 treatment centers, which, in light of advancing knowledge, 12 will promote safe and adequate treatment of such individuals in ambulatory surgical treatment centers. 13

14 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.)

15 (210 ILCS 5/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 157-8.3)

Sec. 3. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to them:

"Ambulatory surgical treatment center" means 19 (A) anv institution, place or building devoted primarily to 20 the 21 maintenance and operation of facilities for the performance of 22 surgical procedures. "Ambulatory surgical treatment center" includes any place that meets and complies with the definition 23 24 of an ambulatory surgical treatment center under the rules 25 adopted by the Department or any facility in which a medical or - 93 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

1 surgical procedure is utilized to terminate a pregnancy, 2 irrespective of whether the facility is devoted primarily to 3 this purpose. Such facility shall not provide beds or other accommodations for the overnight stay of patients; however, 4 5 facilities devoted exclusively to the treatment of children may provide accommodations and beds for their patients for up 6 7 to 23 hours following admission. Individual patients shall be 8 discharged in an ambulatory condition without danger to the 9 continued well being of the patients or shall be transferred 10 to a hospital.

11 The term "ambulatory surgical treatment center" does not 12 include any of the following:

(1) Any institution, place, building or agency
required to be licensed pursuant to the "Hospital
Licensing Act", approved July 1, 1953, as amended.

16 (2) Any person or institution required to be licensed
17 pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized
18 Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD
19 Community Care Act, or the MC/DD Act.

(3) Hospitals or ambulatory surgical treatment centers
maintained by the State or any department or agency
thereof, where such department or agency has authority
under law to establish and enforce standards for the
hospitals or ambulatory surgical treatment centers under
its management and control.

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(4) Hospitals or ambulatory surgical treatment centers

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maintained by the Federal Government or agencies thereof.

(5) Any place, agency, clinic, or practice, public or
private, whether organized for profit or not, devoted
exclusively to the performance of dental or oral surgical
procedures.

6 (6) Any facility in which the performance of abortion 7 procedures, including procedures to terminate a pregnancy 8 or to manage pregnancy loss, is limited to those performed 9 without general, epidural, or spinal anesthesia, and which 10 is not otherwise required to be an ambulatory surgical 11 treatment center. For purposes of this paragraph, 12 "general, epidural, or spinal anesthesia" does not include 13 local anesthesia or intravenous sedation. Nothing in this 14 paragraph shall be construed to limit any such facility 15 from voluntarily electing to apply for licensure as an 16 ambulatory surgical treatment center.

(B) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership,
corporation, company, association, or joint stock association,
or the legal successor thereof.

20 (C) "Department" means the Department of Public Health of21 the State of Illinois.

(D) "Director" means the Director of the Department ofPublic Health of the State of Illinois.

(E) "Physician" means a person licensed to practicemedicine in all of its branches in the State of Illinois.

26 (F) "Dentist" means a person licensed to practice

HB2606 - 95 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b dentistry under the Illinois Dental Practice Act. 1 2 "Podiatric physician" means a person licensed to (G) 3 practice podiatry under the Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987. 4 5 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.) 6 (210 ILCS 5/6.2 new) 7 Sec. 6.2. Physician required for Centers primarily 8 providing abortions. Notwithstanding any other provision of 9 this Act, any corporation operating an Ambulatory Surgical 10 Treatment Center devoted primarily to providing facilities for 11 abortion must have a physician, who is licensed to practice 12 medicine in all of its branches and is actively engaged in the 13 practice of medicine at the Center, on the board of directors 14 as a condition to licensure of the Center. 15 Section 5-45. The Birth Center Licensing Act is amended by changing Sections 5 and 30 as follows: 16 17 (210 ILCS 170/5) Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act: 18 19 "Birth center" means a designated site, other than a 20 hospital: (1) in which births are planned to occur following a 21 22 normal, uncomplicated, and low-risk pregnancy; 23 (2) that is not the pregnant person's usual place of

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1 residence;

2 (3) that is <u>exclusively</u> dedicated to serving the 3 childbirth-related needs of pregnant persons and their 4 newborns, and has no more than 10 beds;

5 (4) that offers prenatal care and community education 6 services and coordinates these services with other health 7 care services available in the community; and

8 (5) that does not provide general anesthesia or 9 surgery.

10 "Certified nurse midwife" means an advanced practice 11 registered nurse licensed in Illinois under the Nurse Practice 12 Act with full practice authority or who is delegated such 13 authority as part of a written collaborative agreement with a 14 physician who is associated with the birthing center or who 15 has privileges at a nearby birthing hospital.

16 "Department" means the Illinois Department of Public 17 Health.

18 "Hospital" does not include places where pregnant females 19 are received, cared for, or treated during delivery if it is in 20 a licensed birth center, nor include any facility required to 21 be licensed as a birth center.

"Licensed certified professional midwife" means a person who has successfully met the requirements under Section 45 of the Licensed Certified Professional Midwife Practice Act and holds an active license to practice as a licensed certified professional midwife in Illinois.

- 97 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b HB2606 "Physician" means a physician licensed to practice 1 2 medicine in all its branches in Illinois. (Source: P.A. 102-518, eff. 8-20-21; 102-964, eff. 1-1-23; 3 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.) 4 5 (210 ILCS 170/30) 6 Sec. 30. Minimum standards. 7 (a) The Department's rules adopted pursuant to Section 60 8 of this Act shall contain minimum standards to protect the 9 health and safety of a patient of a birth center. In adopting 10 rules for birth centers, the Department shall consider: 11 (1) the Commission for the Accreditation of Birth 12 Centers' Standards for Freestanding Birth Centers; (2) the American Academy of Pediatrics and American 13 14 College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists Guidelines for 15 Perinatal Care; and 16 (3) the Regionalized Perinatal Health Care Code. (b) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit 17 a facility licensed as a birth center from offering other 18 19 reproductive health care subject to any applicable laws, 20 rules, regulations, or licensing requirements for those 21 services. In this subsection, "reproductive health care" has 22 the same meaning as used in Section 1-10 of the Reproductive Health Act. 23 (Source: P.A. 102-518, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 24 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.) 25

1 Section 5-50. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by changing Sections 356z.3a and 356z.4 as follows: 2 3 (215 ILCS 5/356z.3a) 4 Sec. 356z.3a. Billing; emergency services; 5 nonparticipating providers. (a) As used in this Section: 6 "Ancillary services" means: 7 8 (1) items and services related to emergency medicine, 9 anesthesiology, pathology, radiology, and neonatology that 10 are provided by any health care provider; 11 (2) items and services provided by assistant surgeons, 12 hospitalists, and intensivists; 13 (3) diagnostic services, including radiology and 14 laboratory services, except for advanced diagnostic 15 laboratory tests identified on the most current list published by the United States Secretary of Health and 16 17 Human Services under 42 U.S.C. 300gg-132(b)(3); 18 (4) items and services provided by other specialty practitioners as the United States Secretary of Health and 19 20 Human Services specifies through rulemaking under 42 21 U.S.C. 300qq-132(b)(3); 22 (5) items and services provided by a nonparticipating 23 provider if there is no participating provider who can 24 furnish the item or service at the facility. ; and

1 (6) items and services provided by a nonparticipating 2 provider if there is no participating provider who will 3 furnish the item or service because a participating 4 provider has asserted the participating provider's rights 5 under the Health Care Right of Conscience Act.

6 "Cost sharing" means the amount an insured, beneficiary, or enrollee is responsible for paying for a covered item or 7 8 service under the terms of the policy or certificate. "Cost 9 sharing" includes copayments, coinsurance, and amounts paid 10 toward deductibles, but does not include amounts paid towards 11 premiums, balance billing by out-of-network providers, or the 12 cost of items or services that are not covered under the policy 13 or certificate.

14 "Emergency department of a hospital" means any hospital 15 department that provides emergency services, including a 16 hospital outpatient department.

17 "Emergency medical condition" has the meaning ascribed to 18 that term in Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient 19 Rights Act.

20 "Emergency medical screening examination" has the meaning 21 ascribed to that term in Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform 22 and Patient Rights Act.

23 "Emergency services" means, with respect to an emergency 24 medical condition:

(1) in general, an emergency medical screening
 examination, including ancillary services routinely

available to the emergency department to evaluate such 1 2 emergency medical condition, and such further medical 3 examination and treatment as would be required to stabilize the patient regardless of the department of the 4 5 hospital or other facility in which such further examination or treatment is furnished; or 6

7 (2) additional items and services for which benefits 8 are provided or covered under the coverage and that are 9 furnished nonparticipating by а provider or 10 nonparticipating emergency facility regardless of the 11 department of the hospital or other facility in which such 12 items are furnished after the insured, beneficiary, or 13 is stabilized enrollee and as part of outpatient 14 observation or an inpatient or outpatient stay with 15 respect to the visit in which the services described in 16 paragraph (1) are furnished. Services after stabilization 17 be emergency services only when all to cease the conditions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-111(a)(3)(C)(ii)(II) 18 and 19 regulations thereunder are met.

20 "Freestanding Emergency Center" means a facility licensed 21 under Section 32.5 of the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) 22 Systems Act.

23 "Health care facility" means, in the context of 24 non-emergency services, any of the following:

(1) a hospital as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1395x(e);
(2) a hospital outpatient department;

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1 (3) a critical access hospital certified under 42
2 U.S.C. 1395i-4(e);

3 (4) an ambulatory surgical treatment center as defined
 4 in the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act; or

5 (5) any recipient of a license under the Hospital 6 Licensing Act that is not otherwise described in this 7 definition.

8 "Health care provider" means a provider as defined in 9 subsection (d) of Section 370g. "Health care provider" does 10 not include a provider of air ambulance or ground ambulance 11 services.

12 "Health care services" has the meaning ascribed to that 13 term in subsection (a) of Section 370g.

14 "Health insurance issuer" has the meaning ascribed to that 15 term in Section 5 of the Illinois Health Insurance Portability 16 and Accountability Act.

17 "Nonparticipating emergency facility" means, with respect 18 to the furnishing of an item or service under a policy of group 19 or individual health insurance coverage, any of the following 20 facilities that does not have a contractual relationship 21 directly or indirectly with a health insurance issuer in 22 relation to the coverage:

23

(1) an emergency department of a hospital;

24

(2) a Freestanding Emergency Center;

(3) an ambulatory surgical treatment center as defined
in the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act; or

(4) with respect to emergency services described in
 paragraph (2) of the definition of "emergency services", a
 hospital.

Wonparticipating provider" means, with respect to the furnishing of an item or service under a policy of group or individual health insurance coverage, any health care provider who does not have a contractual relationship directly or indirectly with a health insurance issuer in relation to the coverage.

10 "Participating emergency facility" means any of the 11 following facilities that has a contractual relationship 12 directly or indirectly with a health insurance issuer offering 13 group or individual health insurance coverage setting forth 14 the terms and conditions on which a relevant health care 15 service is provided to an insured, beneficiary, or enrollee 16 under the coverage:

17

18

(1) an emergency department of a hospital;

(2) a Freestanding Emergency Center;

19 (3) an ambulatory surgical treatment center as defined
20 in the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act; or

(4) with respect to emergency services described in
 paragraph (2) of the definition of "emergency services", a
 hospital.

For purposes of this definition, a single case agreement between an emergency facility and an issuer that is used to address unique situations in which an insured, beneficiary, or enrollee requires services that typically occur out-of-network constitutes a contractual relationship and is limited to the parties to the agreement.

"Participating health care facility" means any health care 4 5 facility that has a contractual relationship directly or indirectly with a health insurance issuer offering group or 6 7 individual health insurance coverage setting forth the terms and conditions on which a relevant health care service is 8 9 provided to an insured, beneficiary, or enrollee under the 10 coverage. A single case agreement between an emergency 11 facility and an issuer that is used to address unique 12 situations in which an insured, beneficiary, or enrollee 13 that typically occur out-of-network requires services 14 constitutes a contractual relationship for purposes of this 15 definition and is limited to the parties to the agreement.

16 "Participating provider" means any health care provider 17 that has a contractual relationship directly or indirectly 18 with a health insurance issuer offering group or individual 19 health insurance coverage setting forth the terms and 20 conditions on which a relevant health care service is provided 21 to an insured, beneficiary, or enrollee under the coverage.

"Qualifying payment amount" has the meaning given to that term in 42 U.S.C. 300gg-111(a)(3)(E) and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

25 "Recognized amount" means the lesser of the amount 26 initially billed by the provider or the qualifying payment

1 amount.

2 "Stabilize" means "stabilization" as defined in Section 10
3 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act.

4 "Treating provider" means a health care provider who has5 evaluated the individual.

6 "Visit" means, with respect to health care services 7 furnished to an individual at a health care facility, health 8 care services furnished by a provider at the facility, as well 9 as equipment, devices, telehealth services, imaging services, 10 laboratory services, and preoperative and postoperative 11 services regardless of whether the provider furnishing such 12 services is at the facility.

13 (b) Emergency services. When a beneficiary, insured, or 14 enrollee receives emergency services from a nonparticipating 15 provider or a nonparticipating emergency facility, the health 16 insurance issuer shall ensure that the beneficiary, insured, 17 or enrollee shall incur no greater out-of-pocket costs than the beneficiary, insured, or enrollee would have incurred with 18 19 a participating provider or a participating emergency 20 facility. Any cost-sharing requirements shall be applied as though the emergency services had been received from a 21 22 participating provider or a participating facility. Cost 23 sharing shall be calculated based on the recognized amount for the emergency services. If the cost sharing for the same item 24 25 or service furnished by a participating provider would have 26 been a flat-dollar copayment, that amount shall be the

cost-sharing amount unless the provider has billed a lesser 1 2 total amount. In no event shall the beneficiary, insured, 3 enrollee, or any group policyholder or plan sponsor be liable billed by the health insurance 4 to or issuer, the nonparticipating provider, or the nonparticipating emergency 5 6 facility for any amount beyond the cost sharing calculated in 7 accordance with this subsection with respect to the emergency 8 services delivered. Administrative requirements or limitations 9 shall be no greater than those applicable to emergency 10 services received from a participating provider or а 11 participating emergency facility.

12 (b-5) Non-emergency services at participating health care 13 facilities.

(1) When a beneficiary, insured, or enrollee utilizes 14 15 a participating health care facility and, due to any 16 reason, covered ancillary services are provided by a 17 nonparticipating provider during or resulting from the visit, the health insurance issuer shall ensure that the 18 19 beneficiary, insured, or enrollee shall incur no greater 20 out-of-pocket costs than the beneficiary, insured, or 21 enrollee would have incurred with a participating provider 22 for the ancillary services. Any cost-sharing requirements 23 shall be applied as though the ancillary services had been 24 received from a participating provider. Cost sharing shall 25 be calculated based on the recognized amount for the 26 ancillary services. If the cost sharing for the same item

or service furnished by a participating provider would 1 2 have been a flat-dollar copayment, that amount shall be 3 the cost-sharing amount unless the provider has billed a lesser total amount. In no event shall the beneficiary, 4 insured, enrollee, or any group policyholder or plan 5 sponsor be liable to or billed by the health insurance 6 7 nonparticipating provider, issuer, the or the participating health care facility for any amount beyond 8 9 the cost sharing calculated in accordance with this 10 subsection with respect to the ancillary services 11 delivered. In addition to ancillary services, the 12 requirements of this paragraph shall also apply with respect to covered items or services furnished as a result 13 14 of unforeseen, urgent medical needs that arise at the time 15 an item or service is furnished, regardless of whether the 16 nonparticipating provider satisfied the notice and consent 17 criteria under paragraph (2) of this subsection.

(2) When a beneficiary, insured, or enrollee utilizes 18 19 participating health care facility and receives а 20 non-emergency covered health care services other than 21 those described in paragraph (1) of this subsection from a 22 nonparticipating provider during or resulting from the 23 visit, the health insurance issuer shall ensure that the 24 beneficiary, insured, or enrollee incurs no greater 25 out-of-pocket costs than the beneficiary, insured, or 26 enrollee would have incurred with a participating provider

unless the nonparticipating provider or the participating 1 2 health care facility on behalf of the nonparticipating satisfies the notice and consent 3 provider criteria provided in 42 U.S.C. 300gg-132 and 4 regulations 5 promulgated thereunder. If the notice and consent criteria 6 are not satisfied, then:

7 (A) any cost-sharing requirements shall be applied
8 as though the health care services had been received
9 from a participating provider;

(B) cost sharing shall be calculated based on the
 recognized amount for the health care services; and

12 (C) in no event shall the beneficiary, insured, 13 enrollee, or any group policyholder or plan sponsor be 14 liable to or billed by the health insurance issuer, 15 the nonparticipating provider, or the participating 16 health care facility for any amount beyond the cost 17 sharing calculated in accordance with this subsection 18 with respect to the health care services delivered.

19 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, 20 except when the notice and consent criteria are satisfied for 21 the situation in paragraph (2) of subsection (b-5), any 22 benefits a beneficiary, insured, or enrollee receives for 23 services under the situations in subsection (b) or (b-5) are assigned to the nonparticipating providers or the facility 24 25 acting on their behalf. Upon receipt of the provider's bill or 26 facility's bill, the health insurance issuer shall provide the

nonparticipating provider or the facility with a written 1 2 of benefits that explanation specifies the proposed reimbursement and the applicable deductible, copayment, or 3 coinsurance amounts owed by the insured, beneficiary, 4 or 5 enrollee. The health insurance issuer shall pav any subject to this Section 6 reimbursement directlv to the 7 nonparticipating provider or the facility.

8 For bills assigned under subsection (d) (C), the 9 nonparticipating provider or the facility may bill the health 10 insurance issuer for the services rendered, and the health 11 insurance issuer may pay the billed amount or attempt to 12 negotiate reimbursement with the nonparticipating provider or 13 the facility. Within 30 calendar days after the provider or facility transmits the bill to the health insurance issuer, 14 15 the issuer shall send an initial payment or notice of denial of 16 payment with the written explanation of benefits to the 17 provider or facility. If attempts to negotiate reimbursement for services provided by a nonparticipating provider do not 18 result in a resolution of the payment dispute within 30 days 19 20 after receipt of written explanation of benefits by the health health insurance issuer 21 insurance issuer, then the or 22 nonparticipating provider or the facility may initiate binding 23 arbitration to determine payment for services provided on a per-bill basis. The party requesting arbitration shall notify 24 25 the other party arbitration has been initiated and state its final offer before arbitration. In response to this notice, 26

the nonrequesting party shall inform the requesting party of its final offer before the arbitration occurs. Arbitration shall be initiated by filing a request with the Department of Insurance.

5 (e) The Department of Insurance shall publish a list of approved arbitrators or entities that shall provide binding 6 7 arbitration. These arbitrators shall be American Arbitration 8 Association or American Health Lawyers Association trained 9 arbitrators. Both parties must agree on an arbitrator from the 10 Department of Insurance's or its approved entity's list of 11 arbitrators. If no agreement can be reached, then a list of 5 12 arbitrators shall be provided by the Department of Insurance or the approved entity. From the list of 5 arbitrators, the 13 health insurance issuer can veto 2 arbitrators and the 14 provider or facility can veto 2 arbitrators. The remaining 15 16 arbitrator shall be the chosen arbitrator. This arbitration 17 shall consist of a review of the written submissions by both parties. The arbitrator shall not establish a rebuttable 18 19 presumption that the qualifying payment amount should be the 20 total amount owed to the provider or facility by the combination of the issuer and the insured, beneficiary, or 21 22 enrollee. Binding arbitration shall provide for a written 23 decision within 45 days after the request is filed with the Department of Insurance. Both parties shall be bound by the 24 25 arbitrator's decision. The arbitrator's expenses and fees, 26 together with other expenses, not including attorney's fees,

1 incurred in the conduct of the arbitration, shall be paid as 2 provided in the decision.

3 (f) (Blank).

(q) Section 368a of this Act shall not apply during the 4 5 pendency of a decision under subsection (d). Upon the issuance of the arbitrator's decision, Section 368a applies with 6 respect to the amount, if any, by which the arbitrator's 7 determination exceeds the issuer's initial payment under 8 9 subsection (c), or the entire amount of the arbitrator's 10 determination if initial payment was denied. Any interest 11 required to be paid to a provider under Section 368a shall not 12 accrue until after 30 days of an arbitrator's decision as 13 provided in subsection (d), but in no circumstances longer 14 than 150 days from the date the nonparticipating 15 facility-based provider billed for services rendered.

(h) Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted to change
the prudent layperson provisions with respect to emergency
services under the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act.

(i) Nothing in this Section shall preclude a health care provider from billing a beneficiary, insured, or enrollee for reasonable administrative fees, such as service fees for checks returned for nonsufficient funds and missed appointments.

(j) Nothing in this Section shall preclude a beneficiary,
 insured, or enrollee from assigning benefits to a
 nonparticipating provider when the notice and consent criteria

1 are satisfied under paragraph (2) of subsection (b-5) or in 2 any other situation not described in subsection (b) or (b-5).

Except when the notice and consent criteria are 3 (k) satisfied under paragraph (2) of subsection (b-5), if an 4 5 individual receives health care services under the situations described in subsection (b) or (b-5), no referral requirement 6 7 or any other provision contained in the policy or certificate 8 of coverage shall deny coverage, reduce benefits, or otherwise 9 defeat the requirements of this Section for services that 10 would have been covered with a participating provider. 11 However, this subsection shall not be construed to preclude a 12 provider contract with a health insurance issuer, or with an 13 administrator or similar entity acting on the issuer's behalf, 14 from imposing requirements on the participating provider, 15 participating emergency facility, or participating health care facility relating to the referral of covered individuals to 16 17 nonparticipating providers.

(1) Except if the notice and consent criteria are satisfied under paragraph (2) of subsection (b-5), cost-sharing amounts calculated in conformity with this Section shall count toward any deductible or out-of-pocket maximum applicable to in-network coverage.

23 (m) The Department has the authority to enforce the 24 requirements of this Section in the situations described in 25 subsections (b) and (b-5), and in any other situation for 26 which 42 U.S.C. Chapter 6A, Subchapter XXV, Parts D or E and 1 regulations promulgated thereunder would prohibit an 2 individual from being billed or liable for emergency services 3 furnished by a nonparticipating provider or nonparticipating emergency facility or for non-emergency health care services 4 5 furnished by a nonparticipating provider at a participating health care facility. 6

7 (n) This Section does not apply with respect to air
8 ambulance or ground ambulance services. This Section does not
9 apply to any policy of excepted benefits or to short-term,
10 limited-duration health insurance coverage.

11 (Source: P.A. 102-901, eff. 7-1-22; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

12 (215 ILCS 5/356z.4)

13 Sec. 356z.4. Coverage for contraceptives.

14 (a) (1) The General Assembly hereby finds and declares all15 of the following:

(A) Illinois has a long history of expanding timely
 access to birth control to prevent unintended pregnancy.

(B) The federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care
Act includes a contraceptive coverage guarantee as part of
a broader requirement for health insurance to cover key
preventive care services without out-of-pocket costs for
patients.

(C) The General Assembly intends to build on existing
 State and federal law to promote gender equity and women's
 health and to ensure greater contraceptive coverage equity

1 and timely access to all federal Food and Drug 2 Administration approved methods of birth control for all 3 individuals covered by an individual or group health 4 insurance policy in Illinois.

5 (D) Medical management techniques such as denials, 6 step therapy, or prior authorization in public and private 7 health care coverage can impede access to the most 8 effective contraceptive methods.

9 (2) As used in this subsection (a):

10 "Contraceptive services" includes consultations, 11 examinations, procedures, and medical services related to the 12 use of contraceptive methods (including natural family 13 planning) to prevent an unintended pregnancy.

14 "Medical necessity", for the purposes of this subsection 15 (a), includes, but is not limited to, considerations such as 16 severity of side effects, differences in permanence and 17 reversibility of contraceptive, and ability to adhere to the 18 appropriate use of the item or service, as determined by the 19 attending provider.

20 "Therapeutic equivalent version" means drugs, devices, or 21 products that can be expected to have the same clinical effect 22 and safety profile when administered to patients under the 23 conditions specified in the labeling and satisfy the following 24 general criteria:

(i) they are approved as safe and effective;(ii) they are pharmaceutical equivalents in that they

1 (A) contain identical amounts of the same active drug 2 ingredient in the same dosage form and route of 3 administration and (B) meet compendial or other applicable 4 standards of strength, quality, purity, and identity;

5 (iii) they are bioequivalent in that (A) they do not 6 present a known or potential bioequivalence problem and 7 they meet an acceptable in vitro standard or (B) if they do 8 present such a known or potential problem, they are shown 9 to meet an appropriate bioequivalence standard;

10

(iv) they are adequately labeled; and

(v) they are manufactured in compliance with Current
 Good Manufacturing Practice regulations.

(3) An individual or group policy of accident and health insurance amended, delivered, issued, or renewed in this State after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 99th General Assembly shall provide coverage for all of the following services and contraceptive methods:

All contraceptive drugs, devices, 18 (A) and other 19 products approved by the United States Food and Drug 20 Administration. This includes all over-the-counter 21 contraceptive drugs, devices, and products approved by the 22 United States Food and Drug Administration, excluding male 23 condoms. The following apply:

(i) If the United States Food and Drug
 Administration has approved one or more therapeutic
 equivalent versions of a contraceptive drug, device,

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or product, a policy is not required to include all such therapeutic equivalent versions in its formulary, so long as at least one is included and covered without cost-sharing and in accordance with this Section.

5 (ii) Ιf an individual's attending provider 6 recommends a particular service or item approved by 7 the United States Food and Drug Administration based on a determination of medical necessity with respect 8 9 to that individual, the plan or issuer must cover that 10 service or item without cost sharing. The plan or 11 issuer must defer to the determination of the 12 attending provider.

13 (iii) If a drug, device, or product is not 14 covered, plans and issuers must have an easily 15 accessible, transparent, and sufficiently expedient 16 process that is not unduly burdensome on the 17 individual or a provider or other individual acting as patient's authorized representative to 18 ensure а 19 coverage without cost sharing.

20 (iv) This coverage must provide for the dispensing
21 of 12 months' worth of contraception at one time.

22

(B) Voluntary sterilization procedures.

23 (C) Contraceptive services, patient education, and24 counseling on contraception.

(D) Follow-up services related to the drugs, devices,
 products, and procedures covered under this Section,

including, but not limited to, management of side effects,
 counseling for continued adherence, and device insertion
 and removal.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (a), a 4 5 policy subject to this subsection (a) shall not impose a deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing 6 7 requirement on the coverage provided. The provisions of this 8 paragraph do not apply to coverage of voluntary male 9 sterilization procedures to the extent such coverage would 10 disqualify a high-deductible health plan from eligibility for 11 a health savings account pursuant to the federal Internal 12 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 223.

(5) Except as otherwise authorized under this subsection
(a), a policy shall not impose any restrictions or delays on
the coverage required under this subsection (a).

16 (6) If, at any time, the Secretary of the United States 17 Department of Health and Human Services, or its successor agency, promulgates rules or regulations to be published in 18 19 the Federal Register or publishes a comment in the Federal 20 Register or issues an opinion, guidance, or other action that would require the State, pursuant to any provision of the 21 22 Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law limited to, 23 111-148), including, but not 42 U.S.C. 24 18031(d)(3)(B) or any successor provision, to defray the cost 25 of any coverage outlined in this subsection (a), then this 26 subsection (a) is inoperative with respect to all coverage 1 outlined in this subsection (a) other than that authorized 2 under Section 1902 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 3 1396a, and the State shall not assume any obligation for the 4 cost of the coverage set forth in this subsection (a).

5 (b) This subsection (b) shall become operative if and only
6 if subsection (a) becomes inoperative.

7 An individual or group policy of accident and health 8 insurance amended, delivered, issued, or renewed in this State 9 after the date this subsection (b) becomes operative that 10 provides coverage for outpatient services and outpatient 11 prescription drugs or devices must provide coverage for the 12 insured and any dependent of the insured covered by the policy 13 for all outpatient contraceptive services and all outpatient 14 contraceptive drugs and devices approved by the Food and Drug 15 Administration. Coverage required under this Section may not 16 impose any deductible, coinsurance, waiting period, or other 17 cost-sharing or limitation that is greater than that required for any outpatient service or outpatient prescription drug or 18 device otherwise covered by the policy. 19

Nothing in this subsection (b) shall be construed to require an insurance company to cover services related to permanent sterilization that requires a surgical procedure.

As used in this subsection (b), "outpatient contraceptive service" means consultations, examinations, procedures, and medical services, provided on an outpatient basis and related to the use of contraceptive methods (including natural family

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1 planning) to prevent an unintended pregnancy.

2 (c) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to require
3 an insurance company to cover services related to an abortion
4 as the term "abortion" is defined in Section 1-25 of the
5 Illinois Abortion Law of 2023. (Blank).

6 (d) If a plan or issuer utilizes a network of providers, nothing in this Section shall be construed to require coverage 7 or to prohibit the plan or issuer from imposing cost-sharing 8 9 for items or services described in this Section that are 10 provided or delivered by an out-of-network provider, unless 11 the plan or issuer does not have in its network a provider who 12 is able to or is willing to provide the applicable items or 13 services.

14 (Source: P.A. 100-1102, eff. 1-1-19; 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.)

Section 5-55. The Network Adequacy and Transparency Act is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

17 (215 ILCS 124/10)

18 Sec. 10. Network adequacy.

(a) An insurer providing a network plan shall file adescription of all of the following with the Director:

(1) The written policies and procedures for adding providers to meet patient needs based on increases in the number of beneficiaries, changes in the patient-to-provider ratio, changes in medical and health

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care capabilities, and increased demand for services.

2

(2) The written policies and procedures for making referrals within and outside the network.

4

3

(3) The written policies and procedures on how the 5 network plan will provide 24-hour, 7-day per week access to network-affiliated primary care, emergency services, 6 7 and women's principal health care providers.

8 An insurer shall not prohibit a preferred provider from 9 discussing any specific or all treatment options with 10 beneficiaries irrespective of the insurer's position on those 11 treatment options or from advocating on behalf of 12 beneficiaries within the utilization review, grievance, or appeals processes established by the insurer in accordance 13 14 with any rights or remedies available under applicable State 15 or federal law.

16 (b) Insurers must file for review a description of the 17 services to be offered through a network plan. The description shall include all of the following: 18

19 (1) A geographic map of the area proposed to be served 20 by the plan by county service area and zip code, including 21 marked locations for preferred providers.

22 (2) As deemed necessary by the Department, the names, 23 addresses, phone numbers, and specialties of the providers who have entered into preferred provider agreements under 24 25 the network plan.

26

(3) The number of beneficiaries anticipated to be

1 covered by the network plan.

(4) An Internet website and toll-free telephone number
for beneficiaries and prospective beneficiaries to access
current and accurate lists of preferred providers,
additional information about the plan, as well as any
other information required by Department rule.

7 (5) A description of how health care services to be
8 rendered under the network plan are reasonably accessible
9 and available to beneficiaries. The description shall
10 address all of the following:

(A) the type of health care services to be
provided by the network plan;

13 (B) the ratio of physicians and other providers to 14 beneficiaries, by specialty and including primary care 15 physicians and facility-based physicians when 16 applicable under the contract, necessary to meet the 17 health care needs and service demands of the currently 18 enrolled population;

(C) the travel and distance standards for plan
beneficiaries in county service areas; and

(D) a description of how the use of telemedicine,
telehealth, or mobile care services may be used to
partially meet the network adequacy standards, if
applicable.

25 (6) A provision ensuring that whenever a beneficiary
26 has made a good faith effort, as evidenced by accessing

the provider directory, calling the network plan, and 1 2 calling the provider, to utilize preferred providers for a 3 covered service and it is determined the insurer does not appropriate preferred providers 4 have the due to 5 insufficient number, type, or unreasonable travel distance 6 or delay, or preferred providers refusing to provide a 7 covered service because it is contrary to the conscience 8 of the preferred providers, as protected by the Health 9 Care Right of Conscience Act, the insurer shall ensure, 10 directly or indirectly, by terms contained in the payer 11 contract, that the beneficiary will be provided the 12 covered service at no greater cost to the beneficiary than 13 if the service had been provided by a preferred provider. 14 This paragraph (6) does not apply to: (A) a beneficiary 15 who willfully chooses to access a non-preferred provider 16 for health care services available through the panel of 17 preferred providers, or (B) a beneficiary enrolled in a 18 health maintenance organization. In these circumstances, 19 the contractual requirements for non-preferred provider 20 reimbursements shall apply unless Section 356z.3a of the Illinois Insurance Code requires otherwise. In no event 21 22 shall a beneficiary who receives care at a participating 23 health care facility be required to search for 24 participating providers under the circumstances described in subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section 356z.3a of the 25 26 Illinois Insurance Code except under the circumstances

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described in paragraph (2) of subsection (b-5).

2 (7) A provision that the beneficiary shall receive 3 emergency care coverage such that payment for this coverage is not dependent upon whether the emergency 4 5 services are performed by a preferred or non-preferred 6 provider and the coverage shall be at the same benefit level as if the service or treatment had been rendered by a 7 8 preferred provider. For purposes of this paragraph (7), "the same benefit level" means that the beneficiary is 9 10 provided the covered service at no greater cost to the 11 beneficiary than if the service had been provided by a 12 preferred provider. This provision shall be consistent with Section 356z.3a of the Illinois Insurance Code. 13

14 (8) A limitation that, if the plan provides that the 15 beneficiary will incur a penalty for failing to 16 pre-certify inpatient hospital treatment, the penalty may 17 not exceed \$1,000 per occurrence in addition to the plan 18 cost sharing provisions.

19 (c) The network plan shall demonstrate to the Director a 20 minimum ratio of providers to plan beneficiaries as required 21 by the Department.

(1) The ratio of physicians or other providers to plan
beneficiaries shall be established annually by the
Department in consultation with the Department of Public
Health based upon the guidance from the federal Centers
for Medicare and Medicaid Services. The Department shall

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1 not establish ratios for vision or dental providers who 2 provide services under dental-specific or vision-specific benefits. The Department shall consider establishing 3 ratios for the following physicians or other providers: 4 5 (A) Primary Care; (B) Pediatrics; 6 7 (C) Cardiology; 8 (D) Gastroenterology; 9 (E) General Surgery; 10 (F) Neurology; 11 (G) OB/GYN; 12 (H) Oncology/Radiation; 13 (I) Ophthalmology; 14 (J) Urology; 15 (K) Behavioral Health; 16 (L) Allergy/Immunology; 17 (M) Chiropractic; 18 (N) Dermatology; 19 (O) Endocrinology; 20 (P) Ears, Nose, and Throat (ENT)/Otolaryngology; 21 (O) Infectious Disease; 22 (R) Nephrology; 23 (S) Neurosurgery; 24 (T) Orthopedic Surgery; 25 (U) Physiatry/Rehabilitative; 26 (V) Plastic Surgery;

1	(W) Pulmonary;
2	(X) Rheumatology;
3	(Y) Anesthesiology;
4	(Z) Pain Medicine;
5	(AA) Pediatric Specialty Services;
6	(BB) Outpatient Dialysis; and
7	(CC) HIV.
8	(2) The Director shall establish a process for the

9 review of the adequacy of these standards, along with an 10 assessment of additional specialties to be included in the 11 list under this subsection (c).

12 (d) The network plan shall demonstrate to the Director 13 maximum travel and distance standards for plan beneficiaries, 14 which shall be established annually by the Department in 15 consultation with the Department of Public Health based upon the guidance from the federal Centers for Medicare and 16 17 Medicaid Services. These standards shall consist of the maximum minutes or miles to be traveled by a plan beneficiary 18 19 for each county type, such as large counties, metro counties, 20 or rural counties as defined by Department rule.

The maximum travel time and distance standards must include standards for each physician and other provider category listed for which ratios have been established.

The Director shall establish a process for the review of the adequacy of these standards along with an assessment of additional specialties to be included in the list under this - 125 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

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1 subsection (d).

2 (d-5)(1) Every insurer shall ensure that beneficiaries 3 have timely and proximate access to treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions 4 5 in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of Section 370c of the Illinois Insurance Code. 6 Insurers shall use a comparable process, strategy, evidentiary 7 8 standard, and other factors in the development and application 9 of the network adequacy standards for timely and proximate 10 access to treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or 11 substance use disorders or conditions and those for the access 12 to treatment for medical and surgical conditions. As such, the network adequacy standards for timely and proximate access 13 14 shall equally be applied to treatment facilities and providers 15 for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or 16 conditions and specialists providing medical or surgical 17 benefits pursuant to the parity requirements of Section 370c.1 of the Illinois Insurance Code and the federal Paul Wellstone 18 19 and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity 20 Act of 2008. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the network 21 adequacy standards for timely and proximate access to 22 treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use 23 disorders or conditions shall, at a minimum, satisfy the 24 following requirements:

(A) For beneficiaries residing in the metropolitan
 counties of Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will,

network adequacy standards for timely and proximate access 1 to treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance 2 3 use disorders or conditions means a beneficiary shall not have to travel longer than 30 minutes or 30 miles from the 4 5 beneficiary's residence to receive outpatient treatment 6 for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders 7 or conditions. Beneficiaries shall not be required to wait longer than 10 business days between requesting an initial 8 9 appointment and being seen by the facility or provider of 10 mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or 11 conditions for outpatient treatment or to wait longer than 12 20 business days between requesting a repeat or follow-up 13 appointment and being seen by the facility or provider of 14 mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or 15 conditions for outpatient treatment; however, subject to 16 the protections of paragraph (3) of this subsection, a 17 network plan shall not be held responsible if the beneficiary or provider voluntarily chooses to schedule an 18 19 appointment outside of these required time frames.

(B) For beneficiaries residing in Illinois counties
other than those counties listed in subparagraph (A) of
this paragraph, network adequacy standards for timely and
proximate access to treatment for mental, emotional,
nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions means a
beneficiary shall not have to travel longer than 60
minutes or 60 miles from the beneficiary's residence to

outpatient treatment for mental, emotional, 1 receive 2 nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions. 3 Beneficiaries shall not be required to wait longer than 10 business days between requesting an initial appointment 4 5 and being seen by the facility or provider of mental, 6 emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or 7 conditions for outpatient treatment or to wait longer than 8 20 business days between requesting a repeat or follow-up 9 appointment and being seen by the facility or provider of 10 mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or 11 conditions for outpatient treatment; however, subject to 12 the protections of paragraph (3) of this subsection, a network plan shall not be held responsible 13 if the 14 beneficiary or provider voluntarily chooses to schedule an 15 appointment outside of these required time frames.

16 (2) For beneficiaries residing in all Illinois counties, 17 network adequacy standards for timely and proximate access to treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use 18 disorders or conditions means a beneficiary shall not have to 19 20 travel longer than 60 minutes or 60 miles from the beneficiary's residence to receive inpatient or residential 21 22 treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use 23 disorders or conditions.

(3) If there is no in-network facility or provider
 available for a beneficiary to receive timely and proximate
 access to treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or

1 substance use disorders or conditions in accordance with the 2 network adequacy standards outlined in this subsection, the 3 insurer shall provide necessary exceptions to its network to 4 ensure admission and treatment with a provider or at a 5 treatment facility in accordance with the network adequacy 6 standards in this subsection.

7 (e) Except for network plans solely offered as a group
8 health plan, these ratio and time and distance standards apply
9 to the lowest cost-sharing tier of any tiered network.

10 (f) The network plan may consider use of other health care 11 service delivery options, such as telemedicine or telehealth, 12 mobile clinics, and centers of excellence, or other ways of 13 delivering care to partially meet the requirements set under 14 this Section.

(g) Except for the requirements set forth in subsection (d-5), insurers who are not able to comply with the provider ratios and time and distance standards established by the Department may request an exception to these requirements from the Department. The Department may grant an exception in the following circumstances:

(1) if no providers or facilities meet the specific time and distance standard in a specific service area and the insurer (i) discloses information on the distance and travel time points that beneficiaries would have to travel beyond the required criterion to reach the next closest contracted provider outside of the service area and (ii)

provides contact information, including names, addresses, and phone numbers for the next closest contracted provider or facility;

(2) if patterns of care in the service area do not 4 5 support the need for the requested number of provider or facility type and the insurer provides data on local 6 7 patterns of care, such as claims data, referral patterns, 8 local provider interviews, indicating where the or 9 beneficiaries currently seek this type of care or where 10 the physicians currently refer beneficiaries, or both; or

(3) other circumstances deemed appropriate by the
 Department consistent with the requirements of this Act.

(h) Insurers are required to report to the Director any material change to an approved network plan within 15 days after the change occurs and any change that would result in failure to meet the requirements of this Act. Upon notice from the insurer, the Director shall reevaluate the network plan's compliance with the network adequacy and transparency standards of this Act.

20 (Source: P.A. 102-144, eff. 1-1-22; 102-901, eff. 7-1-22; 21 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

Section 5-60. The Health Maintenance Organization Act is amended by changing Section 5-3 as follows:

24

(215 ILCS 125/5-3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1411.2)

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Sec. 5-3. Insurance Code provisions.

(a) Health Maintenance Organizations shall be subject to 2 3 the provisions of Sections 133, 134, 136, 137, 139, 140, 141.1, 141.2, 141.3, 143, 143c, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 4 5 154, 154.5, 154.6, 154.7, 154.8, 155.04, 155.22a, 355.2, 355.3, 355b, 355c, 356g.5-1, 356m, 356q, 356v, 356w, 356x, 6 7 356y, 356z.2, 356z.3a, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.5, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 8 9 356z.15, 356z.17, 356z.18, 356z.19, 356z.21, 356z.22, 356z.25, 10 356z.26, 356z.29, 356z.30, 356z.30a, 356z.32, 356z.33, 11 356z.35, 356z.36, 356z.40, 356z.41, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.48, 12 356z.50, 356z.51, 256z.53, 356z.54, 356z.56, 356z.57, 356z.59, 356z.60, 364, 364.01, 364.3, 367.2, 367.2-5, 367i, 368a, 368b, 13 368c, 368d, 368e, 370c, 370c.1, 401, 401.1, 402, 403, 403A, 14 408, 408.2, 409, 412, 444, and 444.1, paragraph (c) of 15 16 subsection (2) of Section 367, and Articles IIA, VIII 1/2, 17 XII, XII 1/2, XIII, XIII 1/2, XXV, XXVI, and XXXIIB of the Illinois Insurance Code. 18

(b) For purposes of the Illinois Insurance Code, except for Sections 444 and 444.1 and Articles XIII and XIII 1/2, Health Maintenance Organizations in the following categories are deemed to be "domestic companies":

(1) a corporation authorized under the Dental Service
Plan Act or the Voluntary Health Services Plans Act;

25 (2) a corporation organized under the laws of this26 State; or

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(3) a corporation organized under the laws of another 1 2 state, 30% or more of the enrollees of which are residents 3 of this State, except a corporation subject to substantially the same requirements in its state of 4 organization as is a "domestic company" under Article VIII 5 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code. 6

7 (c) In considering the merger, consolidation, or other
8 acquisition of control of a Health Maintenance Organization
9 pursuant to Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code,

10 (1) the Director shall give primary consideration to 11 the continuation of benefits to enrollees and the 12 financial conditions of the acquired Health Maintenance 13 Organization after the merger, consolidation, or other 14 acquisition of control takes effect;

15 (2)(i) the criteria specified in subsection (1)(b) of 16 Section 131.8 of the Illinois Insurance Code shall not 17 apply and (ii) the Director, in making his determination 18 with respect to the merger, consolidation, or other 19 acquisition of control, need not take into account the 20 effect on competition of the merger, consolidation, or 21 other acquisition of control;

(3) the Director shall have the power to require thefollowing information:

24 (A) certification by an independent actuary of the
25 adequacy of the reserves of the Health Maintenance
26 Organization sought to be acquired;

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(B) pro forma financial statements reflecting the 1 2 combined balance sheets of the acquiring company and 3 Health Maintenance Organization sought to be the acquired as of the end of the preceding year and as of 4 5 a date 90 days prior to the acquisition, as well as pro 6 forma financial statements reflecting projected 7 combined operation for a period of 2 years;

8 (C) a pro forma business plan detailing an 9 acquiring party's plans with respect to the operation 10 of the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be 11 acquired for a period of not less than 3 years; and

12 (D) such other information as the Director shall13 require.

(d) The provisions of Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code and this Section 5-3 shall apply to the sale by any health maintenance organization of greater than 10% of its enrollee population (including without limitation the health maintenance organization's right, title, and interest in and to its health care certificates).

(e) In considering any management contract or service agreement subject to Section 141.1 of the Illinois Insurance Code, the Director (i) shall, in addition to the criteria specified in Section 141.2 of the Illinois Insurance Code, take into account the effect of the management contract or service agreement on the continuation of benefits to enrollees and the financial condition of the health maintenance 1 organization to be managed or serviced, and (ii) need not take
2 into account the effect of the management contract or service
3 agreement on competition.

4 (f) Except for small employer groups as defined in the 5 Small Employer Rating, Renewability and Portability Health 6 Insurance Act and except for medicare supplement policies as 7 defined in Section 363 of the Illinois Insurance Code, a 8 Health Maintenance Organization may by contract agree with a 9 group or other enrollment unit to effect refunds or charge 10 additional premiums under the following terms and conditions:

(i) the amount of, and other terms and conditions with respect to, the refund or additional premium are set forth in the group or enrollment unit contract agreed in advance of the period for which a refund is to be paid or additional premium is to be charged (which period shall not be less than one year); and

17 (ii) the amount of the refund or additional premium Health 2.0% of the 18 shall not exceed Maintenance 19 Organization's profitable or unprofitable experience with 20 respect to the group or other enrollment unit for the period (and, for purposes of a refund or additional 21 22 premium, the profitable or unprofitable experience shall 23 be calculated taking into account a pro rata share of the 24 Health Maintenance Organization's administrative and 25 marketing expenses, but shall not include any refund to be 26 made or additional premium to be paid pursuant to this

subsection (f)). The Health Maintenance Organization and the group or enrollment unit may agree that the profitable or unprofitable experience may be calculated taking into account the refund period and the immediately preceding 2 plan years.

6 The Health Maintenance Organization shall include a 7 statement in the evidence of coverage issued to each enrollee 8 describing the possibility of a refund or additional premium, 9 and upon request of any group or enrollment unit, provide to 10 the group or enrollment unit a description of the method used 11 to calculate (1) the Health Maintenance Organization's 12 profitable experience with respect to the group or enrollment unit and the resulting refund to the group or enrollment unit 13 14 or (2) the Health Maintenance Organization's unprofitable 15 experience with respect to the group or enrollment unit and 16 the resulting additional premium to be paid by the group or 17 enrollment unit.

18 In no event shall the Illinois Health Maintenance 19 Organization Guaranty Association be liable to pay any 20 contractual obligation of an insolvent organization to pay any 21 refund authorized under this Section.

(g) Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045,
if any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in
accordance with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative
Procedure Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint
Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so

1 adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.

2 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-281, eff. 1-1-20; 101-371, eff. 1-1-20; 101-393, eff. 3 1-1-20; 101-452, eff. 1-1-20; 101-461, eff. 1-1-20; 101-625, 4 5 eff. 1-1-21; 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-34, eff. 6-25-21; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-443, eff. 6 7 1-1-22; 102-589, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-775, eff. 5-13-22; 8 9 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 10 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-901, eff. 7-1-22; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; revised 1-22-23.) 11

Section 5-65. The Limited Health Service Organization Act is amended by changing Section 4003 as follows:

14 (215 ILCS 130/4003) (from Ch. 73, par. 1504-3)

15 Sec. 4003. Illinois Insurance Code provisions. Limited health service organizations shall be subject to the 16 17 provisions of Sections 133, 134, 136, 137, 139, 140, 141.1, 141.2, 141.3, 143, 143c, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 154, 18 154.5, 154.6, 154.7, 154.8, 155.04, 155.37, 355.2, 355.3, 19 20 355b, 356q, 356v, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.10, 356z.21, 356z.22, 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.29, 356z.30a, 356z.32, 21 356z.33, 356z.41, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.57, 22 23 356z.59, 364.3, 368a, 401, 401.1, 402, 403, 403A, 408, 408.2, 24 409, 412, 444, and 444.1 and Articles IIA, VIII 1/2, XII, XII

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1/2, XIII, XIII 1/2, XXV, and XXVI of the Illinois Insurance 1 2 Code. Nothing in this Section shall require a limited health 3 care plan to cover any service that is not a limited health service. For purposes of the Illinois Insurance Code, except 4 5 for Sections 444 and 444.1 and Articles XIII and XIII 1/2, 6 limited health service organizations in the following 7 categories are deemed to be domestic companies:

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(1) a corporation under the laws of this State; or

9 (2) a corporation organized under the laws of another 10 state, 30% or more of the enrollees of which are residents 11 of this State, except а corporation subject to 12 substantially the same requirements in its state of 13 organization as is a domestic company under Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code. 14

15 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-281, eff. 1-1-20;
101-393, eff. 1-1-20; 101-625, eff. 1-1-21; 102-30, eff.
17 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642,
18 eff. 1-1-22; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-775, eff. 5-13-22;
19 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff.
20 1-1-23; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

21 Section 5-70. The Voluntary Health Services Plans Act is 22 amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

23 (215 ILCS 165/10) (from Ch. 32, par. 604)

24 Sec. 10. Application of Insurance Code provisions. Health

services plan corporations and all persons interested therein 1 2 or dealing therewith shall be subject to the provisions of Articles IIA and XII 1/2 and Sections 3.1, 133, 136, 139, 140, 3 143, 143c, 149, 155.22a, 155.37, 354, 355.2, 355.3, 355b, 4 5 356g, 356g.5, 356g.5-1, 356q, 356r, 356t, 356u, 356v, 356w, 356x, 356y, 356z.1, 356z.2, 356z.3a, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.5, 6 7 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.18, 356z.19, 356z.21, 356z.22, 356z.25, 8 9 356z.26, 356z.29, 356z.30, 356z.30a, 356z.32, 356z.33, 10 356z.40, 356z.41, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 11 356z.56, 356z.57, 356z.59, 356z.60, 364.01, 364.3, 367.2, 12 368a, 401, 401.1, 402, 403, 403A, 408, 408.2, and 412, and paragraphs (7) and (15) of Section 367 of the Illinois 13 14 Insurance Code.

15 Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if 16 any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance 17 with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure 18 Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on 19 Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for 20 whatever reason, is unauthorized.

21 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;
22 101-281, eff. 1-1-20; 101-393, eff. 1-1-20; 101-625, eff.
23 1-1-21; 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306,
24 eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21;
25 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-775, eff. 5-13-22; 102-804, eff.
26 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860,

HB2606 - 138 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b eff. 1-1-23; 102-901, eff. 7-1-22; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 1 2 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.) 3 Section 5-75. The Behavior Analyst Licensing Act is 4 amended by changing Section 60 as follows: (225 ILCS 6/60) 5 6 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028) 7 Sec. 60. Grounds for disciplinary action. 8 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or renew a license, 9 or may suspend, revoke, place on probation, reprimand, or take 10 any other disciplinary or nondisciplinary action deemed 11 appropriate by the Department, including the imposition of fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, with regard to 12

13 any license issued under the provisions of this Act for any one 14 or a combination of the following grounds:

(1) material misstatements in furnishing information
to the Department or to any other State agency or in
furnishing information to any insurance company with
respect to a claim on behalf of a licensee or a patient;

19 (2) violations or negligent or intentional disregard
20 of this Act or its rules;

(3) conviction of or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision,

conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of behavior analysis;

6 (4) fraud or misrepresentation in applying for or 7 procuring a license under this Act or in connection with 8 applying for renewal or restoration of a license under 9 this Act;

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(5) professional incompetence;

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(6) gross negligence in practice under this Act;

12 (7) aiding or assisting another person in violating
13 any provision of this Act or its rules;

14 (8) failing to provide information within 60 days in
 15 response to a written request made by the Department;

16 (9) engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or 17 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, 18 defraud, or harm the public as defined by the rules of the 19 Department or violating the rules of professional conduct 20 adopted by the Department;

(10) habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs defined in law as controlled substances, of alcohol, or of any other substances that results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety;

25 (11) adverse action taken by another state or 26 jurisdiction if at least one of the grounds for the

discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to
 those set forth in this Section;

3 (12) directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, 4 or 5 association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of 6 compensation for any professional service not actually rendered; nothing in this paragraph affects any bona fide 7 8 independent contractor or employment arrangements among 9 health care professionals, health facilities, health care 10 providers, or other entities, except as otherwise 11 prohibited by law; any employment arrangements may include 12 provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services 13 14 within the scope of the licensee's practice under this 15 Act; nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to 16 require an employment arrangement to receive professional 17 fees for services rendered;

18 (13) a finding by the Department that the licensee, 19 after having the license placed on probationary status, 20 has violated the terms of probation or failed to comply 21 with those terms;

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(14) abandonment, without cause, of a client;

(15) willfully making or filing false records or reports relating to a licensee's practice, including, but not limited to, false records filed with federal or State agencies or departments;

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(16) willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;

- 4 (17) being named as a perpetrator in an indicated 5 report by the Department of Children and Family Services 6 under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and 7 upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the 8 licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or 9 neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected 10 Child Reporting Act;
- (18) physical illness, mental illness, or any other impairment or disability, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skills that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety;
- 16 (19) solicitation of professional services by using 17 false or misleading advertising;
- 18 (20) violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
 19 Act;
- 20 (21) willfully failing to report an instance of
 21 suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or
 22 self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and
 23 required by the Adult Protective Services Act; or

(22) being named as an abuser in a verified report by
the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective
Services Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing

evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or
 financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the
 Adult Protective Services Act.

The determination by a court that a licensee is 4 (b) 5 subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 6 7 Code shall result in an automatic suspension of the licensee's 8 license. The suspension shall end upon a finding by a court 9 licensee is no longer subject to involuntary that the 10 admission or judicial admission and issues an order so finding 11 and discharging the patient, and upon the recommendation of 12 the Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to 13 resume professional practice.

(c) The Department shall refuse to issue or renew or may 14 15 suspend the license of a person who (i) fails to file a tax 16 return, pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed tax 17 return, or pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the 18 Department of Revenue, until the requirements of the tax Act 19 are satisfied or (ii) has failed to pay any court-ordered 20 child support as determined by a court order or by referral 21 22 from the Department of Healthcare and Family Services.

23 (c-1) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, place on 24 probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any 25 other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the 26 license or permit issued under this Act based solely upon the

licensed behavior analyst recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, or participating in any health care service, so long as the care was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of whether the patient was a resident of this State or another state.

6 (c 2) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, place on 7 prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non disciplinary action against the 8 license or permit issued under this Act to practice as a 9 licensed behavior analyst based upon the licensed behavior 10 11 analyst's license being revoked or suspended, or the licensed 12 behavior analyst being otherwise disciplined by any other state, if that revocation, suspension, or other form of 13 discipline was based solely on the licensed behavior analyst 14 15 violating another state's laws prohibiting the provision of, 16 authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, 17 referring for, or participation in any health care service if that health care service as provided would not have been 18 unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with 19 the standards of conduct for a licensed behavior analyst 20 practicing in Illinois. 21

22 (c-3) The conduct specified in subsections (c-1) and (c-2)
23 shall not constitute grounds for suspension under Section 125.
24 (c-4) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily
25 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or
26 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non disciplinary

action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 1 2 practice as a licensed behavior analyst based solely upon the license of a licensed behavior analyst being revoked or the 3 licensed behavior analyst being otherwise disciplined by any 4 5 other state or territory other than Illinois for the referral for or having otherwise participated in any health care 6 service, if the revocation or disciplinary action was based 7 solely on a violation of the other state's law prohibiting 8 such health care services in the state, for a resident of the 9 10 state, or in any other state.

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(d) In enforcing this Section, the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel a person licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, which may include a substance abuse or sexual offender evaluation, as required by and at the expense of the Department.

(1) The Department shall specifically designate the 18 examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all 19 of its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary 20 involved in providing the mental or 21 team physical 22 examination or both. The multidisciplinary team shall be 23 led by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one or more or a 24 25 combination of physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, licensed clinical psychologists, 26

licensed clinical professional counselors, and other 1 2 professional and administrative staff. Any examining 3 physician or member of the multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to submit to an examination 4 5 pursuant to this Section to submit to any additional 6 supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete any 7 examination or evaluation process, including, but not 8 limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological 9 testing, or neuropsychological testing.

10 (2) The Department may order the examining physician 11 or any member of the multidisciplinary team to present 12 testimony concerning this mental or physical examination 13 of the licensee or applicant. No information, report, 14 record, or other documents in any way related to the 15 examination shall be excluded by reason of any common law 16 or statutory privilege relating to communications between 17 the licensee or applicant and the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team. No authorization 18 19 is necessary from the licensee or applicant ordered to 20 undergo an examination for the examining physician or any 21 member of the multidisciplinary team to provide 22 information, reports, records, or other documents or to 23 provide any testimony regarding the examination and 24 evaluation.

(3) The person to be examined may have, at the
 person's own expense, another physician of the person's

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choice present during all aspects of the examination. However, that physician shall be present only to observe and may not interfere in any way with the examination.

4 (4) The failure of any person to submit to a mental or 5 physical examination without reasonable cause, when 6 ordered, shall result in an automatic suspension of the 7 person's license until the person submits to the 8 examination.

9 (e) If the Department finds a person unable to practice 10 because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the 11 Department or Board may require that person to submit to care, 12 counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department or Board, as a condition, term, 13 or 14 restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to 15 practice; or, in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the 16 Department may file, or the Board may recommend to the 17 Department to file, a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the person. Any 18 19 person whose license was granted, continued, reinstated, 20 renewed, disciplined, or supervised subject to the terms, conditions, or restrictions, and who fails to comply with the 21 22 terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the 23 Secretary for a determination as to whether the person shall have the person's license suspended immediately, pending a 24 25 hearing by the Department.

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(f) All fines imposed shall be paid within 60 days after

1 the effective date of the order imposing the fine or in 2 accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing the 3 fine.

If the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license 4 5 under this subsection, a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 30 days after 6 the 7 suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The 8 Department and Board shall have the authority to review the 9 subject person's record of treatment and counseling regarding 10 the impairment, to the extent permitted by applicable federal 11 statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of 12 medical records.

13 A person licensed under this Act and affected under this 14 Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the 15 Department or Board that the person can resume practice in 16 compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the 17 provisions of the person's license.

18 (g) The Department may adopt rules to implement the 19 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 20 Assembly.

21 (Source: P.A. 102-953, eff. 5-27-22; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

Section 5-80. The Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

24 (225 ILCS 15/15) (from Ch. 111, par. 5365)

1 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027) Sec. 15. Disciplinary action; grounds.

3 (a) The Department may refuse to issue, refuse to renew, 4 suspend, or revoke any license, or may place on probation, 5 reprimand, or take other disciplinary or non-disciplinary 6 action deemed appropriate by the Department, including the 7 imposition of fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, 8 with regard to any license issued under the provisions of this 9 Act for any one or a combination of the following reasons:

10 (1) Conviction of, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo 11 contendere to, any crime that is a felony under the laws of 12 the United States or any state or territory thereof or 13 that is a misdemeanor of which an essential element is 14 dishonesty, or any crime that is directly related to the 15 practice of the profession.

16 (2) Gross negligence in the rendering of clinical17 psychological services.

18 (3) Using fraud or making any misrepresentation in
19 applying for a license or in passing the examination
20 provided for in this Act.

(4) Aiding or abetting or conspiring to aid or abet a
person, not a clinical psychologist licensed under this
Act, in representing himself or herself as so licensed or
in applying for a license under this Act.

25 (5) Violation of any provision of this Act or the26 rules promulgated thereunder.

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(6) Professional connection or association with any person, firm, association, partnership or corporation holding himself, herself, themselves, or itself out in any manner contrary to this Act.

5 (7) Unethical, unauthorized or unprofessional conduct 6 as defined by rule. In establishing those rules, the 7 Department shall consider, though is not bound by, the 8 ethical standards for psychologists promulgated by 9 recognized national psychology associations.

10 (8) Aiding or assisting another person in violating 11 any provisions of this Act or the rules promulgated 12 thereunder.

(9) Failing to provide, within 60 days, information in
response to a written request made by the Department.

(10) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in a clinical psychologist's inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.

20 (11) Discipline by another state, territory, the
21 District of Columbia or foreign country, if at least one
22 of the grounds for the discipline is the same or
23 substantially equivalent to those set forth herein.

(12) Directly or indirectly giving or receiving from
 any person, firm, corporation, association or partnership
 any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation

for any professional service not actually or personally 1 2 rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (12) affects any bona 3 fide independent contractor or employment arrangements among health care professionals, health facilities, health 4 5 care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise 6 prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or 7 8 other employment benefits for the provision of services 9 within the scope of the licensee's practice under this 10 Act. Nothing in this paragraph (12) shall be construed to 11 require an employment arrangement to receive professional 12 fees for services rendered.

13 (13) A finding that the licensee, after having his or
14 her license placed on probationary status, has violated
15 the terms of probation.

(14) Willfully making or filing false records or
 reports, including but not limited to, false records or
 reports filed with State agencies or departments.

(15) Physical illness, including but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, mental illness or disability that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill and safety.

(16) Willfully failing to report an instance of
 suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused
 and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

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(17) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated

report by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

7 (18) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
8 Act.

9 (19) Making a material misstatement in furnishing 10 information to the Department, any other State or federal 11 agency, or any other entity.

12 (20) Failing to report to the Department any adverse 13 judgment, settlement, or award arising from a liability 14 claim related to an act or conduct similar to an act or 15 conduct that would constitute grounds for action as set 16 forth in this Section.

17 (21) Failing to report to the Department any adverse final action taken against a licensee or applicant by 18 19 another licensing jurisdiction, including any other state 20 or territory of the United States or any foreign state or 21 country, or any peer review body, health care institution, 22 professional society or association related to the 23 profession, governmental agency, law enforcement agency, or court for an act or conduct similar to an act or conduct 24 25 that would constitute grounds for disciplinary action as set forth in this Section. 26

1 (22) Prescribing, selling, administering, 2 distributing, giving, or self-administering (A) any drug 3 classified as a controlled substance (designated product) 4 for other than medically accepted therapeutic purposes or 5 (B) any narcotic drug.

6 (23) Violating state or federal laws or regulations 7 relating to controlled substances, legend drugs, or 8 ephedra as defined in the Ephedra Prohibition Act.

9 (24) Exceeding the terms of a collaborative agreement 10 or the prescriptive authority delegated to a licensee by 11 his or her collaborating physician or established under a 12 written collaborative agreement.

13 The entry of an order by any circuit court establishing that any person holding a license under this Act is subject to 14 15 involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided for in 16 the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, 17 operates as an automatic suspension of that license. That person may have his or her license restored only upon the 18 determination by a circuit court that the patient is no longer 19 20 subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient 21 22 and upon the Board's recommendation to the Department that the 23 license be restored. Where the circumstances so indicate, the 24 Board may recommend to the Department that it require an 25 examination prior to restoring any license so automatically 26 suspended.

1 The Department shall refuse to issue or suspend the 2 license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the 3 tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any 4 final assessment of the tax penalty or interest, as required 5 by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of 6 Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax 7 Act are satisfied.

8 In enforcing this Section, the Department or Board upon a 9 showing of a possible violation may compel any person licensed 10 to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure or 11 certification pursuant to this Act, to submit to a mental or 12 physical examination, or both, as required by and at the 13 expense of the Department. The examining physicians or clinical psychologists shall be those specifically designated 14 15 by the Department. The Board or the Department may order the 16 examining physician or clinical psychologist to present 17 testimony concerning this mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by 18 reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to 19 20 communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician or clinical psychologist. The person to be 21 22 examined may have, at his or her own expense, another 23 physician or clinical psychologist of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination. Failure of any 24 25 person to submit to a mental or physical examination, when 26 directed, shall be grounds for suspension of a license until

the person submits to the examination if the Department or Board finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to the examination was without reasonable cause.

If the Department or Board finds a person unable to 4 5 practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the 6 Department or Board may require that person to submit to care, 7 counseling or treatment by physicians clinical or 8 psychologists approved or designated by the Department, as a 9 condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or 10 renewed licensure to practice; or, in lieu of care, counseling 11 or treatment, the Board may recommend to the Department to 12 file or the Department may file a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke or otherwise discipline the license of the 13 14 person. Any person whose license was granted, continued, 15 reinstated, renewed, disciplined or supervised subject to such 16 terms, conditions or restrictions, and who fails to comply 17 with such terms, conditions or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the person 18 19 shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a 20 hearing by the Board.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Board within 15 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Board shall have the authority to review the subject person's record of treatment and counseling regarding the

impairment, to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

A person licensed under this Act and affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Board that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

9 (b) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, place on 10 probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any 11 other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the 12 license or permit issued under this Act based solely upon the -clinical psychologist recommending, aiding, 13 licensed assisting, referring for, or participating in any health care 14 service, so long as the care was not unlawful under the laws of 15 16 this State, regardless of whether the patient was a resident 17 of this State or another state.

(c) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, place on 18 19 prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the 20 21 license or permit issued under this Act to practice as a 22 licensed clinical psychologist based upon the licensed 23 clinical psychologist's license being revoked or suspended, or the licensed clinical psychologist being otherwise disciplined 24 25 by any other state, if that revocation, suspension, or other 26 form of discipline was based solely on the licensed clinical

provision of, authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health care service if that health care service as provided would not have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with the standards of conduct for a licensed clinical psychologist practicing in Illinois.

8 (d) The conduct specified in subsections (b) and (c) shall
 9 not constitute grounds for suspension under Section 21.6.

(e) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 10 11 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or 12 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 13 practice as a licensed clinical psychologist based solely upon 14 the license of a licensed clinical psychologist being revoked 15 16 or the licensed clinical psychologist being otherwise 17 disciplined by any other state or territory other than Illinois for the referral for or having otherwise participated 18 in any health care service, if the revocation or disciplinary 19 20 action was based solely on a violation of the other state's law prohibiting such health care services in the state, for a 21 22 resident of the state, or in any other state.

23 (f) The Department may adopt rules to implement the 24 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 25 Assembly.

26 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

1 Section 5-85. The Clinical Social Work and Social Work 2 Practice Act is amended by changing Section 19 as follows: 3 (225 ILCS 20/19) (from Ch. 111, par. 6369) 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028) 5 Sec. 19. Grounds for disciplinary action. 6 (1) The Department may refuse to issue or renew a license, 7 or may suspend, revoke, place on probation, reprimand, or take 8 any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action deemed 9 appropriate by the Department, including the imposition of 10 fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, with regard to any license issued under the provisions of this Act for any one 11 12 or a combination of the following grounds: 13 (a) material misstatements in furnishing information 14 to the Department or to any other State agency or in 15 furnishing information to any insurance company with respect to a claim on behalf of a licensee or a patient; 16 17 (b) violations or negligent or intentional disregard 18 of this Act, or any of the rules promulgated hereunder; (c) conviction of or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo 19 20 contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of 21 judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to, 22 convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, 23 conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under

the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is

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(i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of the clinical social work or social work professions;

5 (d) fraud or misrepresentation in applying for or 6 procuring a license under this Act or in connection with 7 applying for renewal or restoration of a license under 8 this Act;

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(e) professional incompetence;

(f) gross negligence in practice under this Act;

(g) aiding or assisting another person in violating
any provision of this Act or its rules;

(h) failing to provide information within 60 days in
response to a written request made by the Department;

(i) engaging in dishonorable, unethical or
unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,
defraud or harm the public as defined by the rules of the
Department, or violating the rules of professional conduct
adopted by the Department;

(j) habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs defined in law as controlled substances, of alcohol, or of any other substances that results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety;

(k) adverse action taken by another state or
jurisdiction, if at least one of the grounds for the
discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to

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those set forth in this Section;

2 (1) directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from 3 any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation 4 5 any professional service not actually rendered. for 6 Nothing in this paragraph (1) affects any bona fide 7 independent contractor or employment arrangements among 8 health care professionals, health facilities, health care 9 providers, or other entities, except as otherwise 10 prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include 11 provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or 12 other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this 13 14 Act. Nothing in this paragraph (1) shall be construed to 15 require an employment arrangement to receive professional 16 fees for services rendered;

(m) a finding by the Department that the licensee, after having the license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation or failed to comply with such terms;

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(n) abandonment, without cause, of a client;

(o) willfully making or filing false records or reports relating to a licensee's practice, including, but not limited to, false records filed with Federal or State agencies or departments;

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(p) willfully failing to report an instance of

1 2 suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;

3 (q) being named as a perpetrator in an indicated 4 report by the Department of Children and Family Services 5 under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and 6 upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the 7 licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or 8 neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected 9 Child Reporting Act;

(r) physical illness, mental illness, or any other impairment or disability, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skills that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill or safety;

(s) solicitation of professional services by usingfalse or misleading advertising;

17 (t) violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
18 Act;

19 (u) willfully failing to report an instance of 20 suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or 21 self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and 22 required by the Adult Protective Services Act; or

(v) being named as an abuser in a verified report by the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective Services Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or

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- financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the
 Adult Protective Services Act.
- 3 (2) (Blank).

The determination by a court that a licensee is 4 (3) 5 subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 6 Code, will result in an automatic suspension of his license. 7 8 Such suspension will end upon a finding by a court that the 9 licensee is no longer subject to involuntary admission or 10 judicial admission and issues an order so finding and 11 discharging the patient, and upon the recommendation of the 12 Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume 13 professional practice.

(4) The Department shall refuse to issue or renew or may 14 15 suspend the license of a person who (i) fails to file a return, 16 pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or 17 pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Department of 18 Revenue, until the requirements of the tax Act are satisfied 19 20 or (ii) has failed to pay any court-ordered child support as 21 determined by a court order or by referral from the Department 22 of Healthcare and Family Services.

23 (4.5) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 24 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or 25 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary 26 action against a license or permit issued under this Act based solely upon the licensed clinical social worker authorizing, recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, or otherwise participating in any health care service, so long as the care was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of whether the patient was a resident of this State or another state.

7 (4.10) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 8 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or 9 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non disciplinary 10 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 11 practice as a licensed clinical social worker based upon the 12 licensed clinical social worker's license being revoked or suspended, or the licensed clinical social worker being 13 otherwise disciplined by any other state, if that revocation, 14 suspension, or other form of discipline was based solely on 15 16 the licensed clinical social worker violating another state's 17 laws prohibiting the provision of, authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, referring for, or 18 participation in any health care service if that health care 19 20 service as provided would not have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with the standards of 21 22 conduct for a licensed clinical social worker practicing in Illinois. 23

24 (4.15) The conduct specified in subsections (4.5) and 25 (4.10) shall not constitute grounds for suspension under 26 Section 32.

(4.20) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or 1 2 authorization pursuant to this Act who has been subject to disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional 3 disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the 4 5 basis of having authorized, recommended, aided, assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health care shall 6 7 not be denied such licensure, certification, or authorization, unless the Department determines that such action would have 8 9 constituted professional misconduct in this State; however, 10 nothing in this Section shall be construed as prohibiting the 11 Department from evaluating the conduct of such applicant and 12 making a determination regarding the licensure, certification, or authorization to practice a profession under this Act. 13

(5) (a) In enforcing this Section, the Department or Board, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel a person licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, which may include a substance abuse or sexual offender evaluation, as required by and at the expense of the Department.

(b) The Department shall specifically designate the examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in providing the mental or physical examination or both. The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and may

consist of one or more or a combination of physicians licensed 1 2 to practice medicine in all of its branches, licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed 3 clinical professional counselors, and other professional and 4 5 administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to 6 7 submit to an examination pursuant to this Section to submit to 8 any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to 9 complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but 10 not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological 11 testing, or neuropsychological testing.

12 (c) The Board or the Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to 13 present testimony concerning this mental 14 or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information, 15 16 report, record, or other documents in any way related to the 17 examination shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the 18 19 licensee or applicant and the examining physician or any 20 member of the multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the licensee or applicant ordered to undergo an 21 22 examination for the examining physician or any member of the 23 multidisciplinary team to provide information, reports, 24 records, or other documents or to provide any testimony 25 regarding the examination and evaluation.

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(d) The person to be examined may have, at his or her own

expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination. However, that physician shall be present only to observe and may not interfere in any way with the examination.

5 (e) Failure of any person to submit to a mental or physical 6 examination without reasonable cause, when ordered, shall 7 result in an automatic suspension of his or her license until 8 the person submits to the examination.

9 (f) If the Department or Board finds a person unable to 10 practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the 11 Department or Board may require that person to submit to care, 12 counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department or Board, as a condition, term, 13 or 14 restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice; or, in lieu of care, counseling or treatment, the 15 16 Department may file, or the Board may recommend to the 17 Department to file, a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the person. Any 18 19 person whose license was granted, continued, reinstated, 20 renewed, disciplined or supervised subject to such terms, conditions or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such 21 terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the 22 23 Secretary for a determination as to whether the person shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a 24 25 hearing by the Department.

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(g) All fines imposed shall be paid within 60 days after

1 the effective date of the order imposing the fine or in 2 accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing the 3 fine.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a 4 5 person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 30 6 7 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable 8 delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to 9 review the subject person's record of treatment and counseling 10 regarding the impairment, to the extent permitted by 11 applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the 12 confidentiality of medical records.

13 A person licensed under this Act and affected under this 14 Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the 15 Department or Board that he or she can resume practice in 16 compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the 17 provisions of his or her license.

18 (h) The Department may adopt rules to implement the 19 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 20 Assembly.

21 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

Section 5-90. The Marriage and Family Therapy Licensing
Act is amended by changing Section 85 as follows:

24 (225 ILCS 55/85) (from Ch. 111, par. 8351-85)

1 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027) Sec. 85. Refusal, revocation, or suspension.

(a) The Department may refuse to issue or renew a license,
or may revoke, suspend, reprimand, place on probation, or take
any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the
Department may deem proper, including the imposition of fines
not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, with regard to any
license issued under the provisions of this Act for any one or
combination of the following grounds:

10 (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to11 the Department.

12 (2) Violation of any provision of this Act or its13 rules.

14 (3) Conviction of or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo 15 contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of 16 judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to, 17 preceding sentences of convictions, supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under 18 19 the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element 20 21 of which is dishonesty or that is directly related to the 22 practice of the profession.

(4) Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for or
procuring a license under this Act or in connection with
applying for renewal or restoration of a license under
this Act or its rules.

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(5) Professional incompetence.

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(6) Gross negligence in practice under this Act.

3 4 (7) Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or its rules.

5 (8) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in 6 response to a written request made by the Department.

7 (9) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or
8 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,
9 defraud or harm the public as defined by the rules of the
10 Department, or violating the rules of professional conduct
11 adopted by the Department.

12 (10) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs 13 defined in law as controlled substances, of alcohol, or 14 any other substance that results in the inability to 15 practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

16 (11) Discipline by another jurisdiction if at least
17 one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or
18 substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Act.

19 (12) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, 20 or 21 association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of 22 compensation for any professional services not actually or 23 personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (12) 24 affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment 25 arrangements among health care professionals, health 26 facilities, health care providers, or other entities,

except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment 1 2 arrangements may include provisions for compensation, 3 health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the 4 5 licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this 6 paragraph (12) shall be construed to require an employment 7 arrangement to receive professional fees for services 8 rendered.

9 (13) A finding by the Department that the licensee, 10 after having his or her license placed on probationary 11 status, has violated the terms of probation or failed to 12 comply with the terms.

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(14) Abandonment of a patient without cause.

14 (15) Willfully making or filing false records or 15 reports relating to a licensee's practice, including but 16 not limited to false records filed with State agencies or 17 departments.

18 (16) Willfully failing to report an instance of
19 suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused
20 and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

(17) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected

1 Child Reporting Act.

(18) Physical illness or mental illness or impairment,
including, but not limited to, deterioration through the
aging process or loss of motor skill that results in the
inability to practice the profession with reasonable
judgment, skill, or safety.

7 (19) Solicitation of professional services by using
8 false or misleading advertising.

9 (20) A pattern of practice or other behavior that 10 demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under 11 this Act.

12 (21) Practicing under a false or assumed name, except13 as provided by law.

14 (22) Gross, willful, and continued overcharging for 15 professional services, including filing false statements 16 for collection of fees or moneys for which services are 17 not rendered.

18 (23) Failure to establish and maintain records of19 patient care and treatment as required by law.

20 (24) Cheating on or attempting to subvert the
 21 licensing examinations administered under this Act.

(25) Willfully failing to report an instance of
suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or
self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and
required by the Adult Protective Services Act.

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(26) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by

the Department on Aging and under the Adult Protective Services Act and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the Adult Protective Services Act.

(b) (Blank).

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7 (c) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee 8 is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, as 9 provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 10 Code, operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will 11 terminate only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no 12 longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission 13 and the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient, and upon the recommendation of the Board to the 14 15 Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume his or her 16 practice as a licensed marriage and family therapist or an 17 associate licensed marriage and family therapist.

(d) The Department shall refuse to issue or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return or pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until the time the requirements of the tax Act are satisfied.

25 (d-5) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily
 26 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or

renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary

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2 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to practice as a marriage and family therapist or associate 3 licensed marriage and family therapist based solely upon the 4 5 marriage and family therapist or associate licensed marriage and family therapist authorizing, recommending, aiding, 6 7 assisting, referring for, or otherwise participating in any health care service, so long as the care was not Unlawful under 8 9 the laws of this State, regardless of whether the patient was a 10 resident of this State or another state.

11 (d-10) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 12 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary 13 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 14 15 practice as a marriage and family therapist or associate 16 licensed marriage and family therapist based upon the marriage 17 and family therapist's or associate licensed marriage and family therapist's license being revoked or suspended, or the 18 marriage and family therapist or associate licensed marriage 19 20 and family therapist being otherwise disciplined by any other 21 state, if that revocation, suspension, or other form of 22 discipline was based solely on the marriage and family 23 therapist or associate licensed marriage and family therapist violating another state's laws prohibiting the provision of, 24 25 authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health care service if 26

1 that health care service as provided would not have been 2 unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with 3 the standards of conduct for a marriage and family therapist 4 or an associate licensed marriage and family therapist 5 practicing in Illinois.

6 (d 15) The conduct specified in subsections (d 5) or
7 (d 10) shall not constitute grounds for suspension under
8 Section 145.

9 (d 20) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or 10 authorization pursuant to this Act who has been subject to 11 disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional 12 disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the basis of having authorized, recommended, aided, assisted, 13 referred for, or otherwise participated in health care shall 14 not be denied such licensure, certification, or authorization, 15 16 unless the Department determines that such action would have 17 constituted professional misconduct in this State; however, nothing in this Section shall be construed as prohibiting the 18 Department from evaluating the conduct of such applicant and 19 making a determination regarding the licensure, certification, 20 or authorization to practice a profession under this Act. 21

(e) In enforcing this Section, the Department or Board upon a showing of a possible violation may compel an individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, which may include a substance

abuse or sexual offender evaluation, as required by and at the
 expense of the Department.

The Department shall specifically designate the examining 3 physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches 4 5 or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in providing the mental or physical examination or both. The 6 7 multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one 8 9 or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice 10 medicine in all of its branches, licensed clinical 11 psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed 12 clinical professional counselors, licensed marriage and family 13 therapists, and other professional and administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the multidisciplinary 14 15 team may require any person ordered to submit to an 16 examination and evaluation pursuant to this Section to submit 17 to any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but 18 not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological 19 20 testing, or neuropsychological testing.

The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the Department any and all records, including business records, that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any supplemental testing performed.

26 The Department or Board may order the examining physician

or any member of the multidisciplinary team to present 1 2 testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the 3 licensee or applicant. No information, report, record, or other documents in any way related to the examination shall be 4 5 excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant 6 7 the examining physician or any member and of the 8 multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the 9 licensee or applicant ordered to undergo an examination for 10 the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary 11 team to provide information, reports, records, or other 12 documents or to provide any testimony regarding the 13 examination and evaluation.

The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. However, that physician shall be present only to observe and may not interfere in any way with the examination.

Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when ordered, shall result in an automatic suspension of his or her license until the individual submits to the examination.

If the Department or Board finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department or Board may require that individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or

designated by the Department or Board, as a condition, term, 1 2 or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure 3 to practice; or, in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may file, or the Board may recommend to the 4 5 Department to file, a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. 6 7 individual whose license was granted, An continued, 8 reinstated, renewed, disciplined or supervised subject to such 9 terms, conditions, or restrictions, and who fails to comply 10 with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether 11 12 the individual shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department. 13

14 In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a 15 person's license under this Section, a hearing on that 16 person's license must be convened by the Department within 30 17 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to 18 review the subject individual's record of treatment and 19 20 counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the 21 22 confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act and affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department or Board that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under

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1 the provisions of his or her license.

2 (f) A fine shall be paid within 60 days after the effective
3 date of the order imposing the fine or in accordance with the
4 terms set forth in the order imposing the fine.

5 (g) The Department may adopt rules to implement the 6 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 7 Assembly.

8 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

9 Section 5-95. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended
10 by changing Sections 2, 22, 23, 36, and 49.5 as follows:

11 (225 ILCS 60/2) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-2)

12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)

Sec. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this Act, the following definitions shall have the following meanings, except where the context requires otherwise:

16 "Act" means the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

17 "Address of record" means the designated address recorded 18 by the Department in the applicant's or licensee's application 19 file or license file as maintained by the Department's 20 licensure maintenance unit.

21 "Chiropractic physician" means a person licensed to treat 22 human ailments without the use of drugs and without operative 23 surgery. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit a 24 chiropractic physician from providing advice regarding the use of non-prescription products or from administering atmospheric
 oxygen. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize a
 chiropractic physician to prescribe drugs.

4 "Department" means the Department of Financial and5 Professional Regulation.

6 "Disciplinary action" means revocation, suspension, 7 probation, supervision, practice modification, reprimand, 8 required education, fines or any other action taken by the 9 Department against a person holding a license.

10 "Email address of record" means the designated email 11 address recorded by the Department in the applicant's 12 application file or the licensee's license file, as maintained 13 by the Department's licensure maintenance unit.

14 "Final determination" means the governing body's final 15 action taken under the procedure followed by a health care 16 institution, or professional association or society, against 17 any person licensed under the Act in accordance with the 18 bylaws or rules and regulations of such health care 19 institution, or professional association or society.

20 "Fund" means the Illinois State Medical Disciplinary Fund. "Impaired" means the inability to practice medicine with 21 22 reasonable skill and safety due to physical or mental 23 disabilities as evidenced by a written determination or based on clinical evidence 24 written consent including 25 deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor 26 skill, or abuse of drugs or alcohol, of sufficient degree to

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"Medical Board" means the Illinois State Medical Board.

diminish a person's ability to deliver competent patient care.

3 "Physician" means a person licensed under the Medical
4 Practice Act to practice medicine in all of its branches or a
5 chiropractic physician.

6 "Professional association" means an association or society 7 of persons licensed under this Act, and operating within the 8 State of Illinois, including but not limited to, medical 9 societies, osteopathic organizations, and chiropractic 10 organizations, but this term shall not be deemed to include 11 hospital medical staffs.

"Program of care, counseling, or treatment" means a written schedule of organized treatment, care, counseling, activities, or education, satisfactory to the Medical Board, designed for the purpose of restoring an impaired person to a condition whereby the impaired person can practice medicine with reasonable skill and safety of a sufficient degree to deliver competent patient care.

19 "Reinstate" means to change the status of a license or 20 permit from inactive or nonrenewed status to active status.

21 "Restore" means to remove an encumbrance from a license 22 due to probation, suspension, or revocation.

23 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and 24 Professional Regulation.

25 (Source: P.A. 102-20, eff. 1-1-22; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

1 (225 ILCS 60/22) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-22)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)

3 Sec. 22. Disciplinary action.

Department may revoke, suspend, place 4 (A) The on probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any 5 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action 6 other as the 7 Department may deem proper with regard to the license or 8 permit of any person issued under this Act, including imposing 9 fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, upon any of the 10 following grounds:

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(1) <u>Performance of an elective abortion in any place</u>, locale, facility, or institution other than: (Blank).

(a) a facility licensed pursuant to the Ambulatory
 Surgical Treatment Center Act;

15 (b) an institution licensed under the Hospital 16 Licensing Act;

17(c) an ambulatory surgical treatment center or18hospitalization or care facility maintained by the19State or any agency thereof, where such department or20agency has authority under law to establish and21enforce standards for the ambulatory surgical22treatment centers, hospitalization, or care facilities23under its management and control;

24 (d) ambulatory surgical treatment centers,
 25 hospitalization, or care facilities maintained by the
 26 Federal Government; or

1(e) ambulatory surgical treatment centers,2hospitalization, or care facilities maintained by any3university or college established under the laws of4this State and supported principally by public funds5raised by taxation.

6 (2) <u>Performance of an abortion procedure in a willful</u> 7 <u>and wanton manner on a woman who was not pregnant at the</u> 8 <u>time the abortion procedure was performed.</u> (Blank).

9 (3) A plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of 10 guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or sentencing, 11 including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding 12 sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first 13 offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of 14 the United States of any crime that is a felony.

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(4) Gross negligence in practice under this Act.

16 (5) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or
17 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,
18 defraud, or harm the public.

19 (6) Obtaining any fee by fraud, deceit, or20 misrepresentation.

(7) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs defined in law as controlled substances, of alcohol, or of any other substances which results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

(8) Practicing under a false or, except as provided bylaw, an assumed name.

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(9) Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for, or procuring, a license under this Act or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.

4 (10) Making a false or misleading statement regarding
5 their skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine,
6 treatment, or remedy prescribed by them at their direction
7 in the treatment of any disease or other condition of the
8 body or mind.

9 (11) Allowing another person or organization to use 10 their license, procured under this Act, to practice.

11 (12)Adverse action taken by another state or 12 jurisdiction against a license or other authorization to practice as a medical doctor, doctor of osteopathy, doctor 13 14 of osteopathic medicine, or doctor of chiropractic, a 15 certified copy of the record of the action taken by the 16 other state or jurisdiction being prima facie evidence 17 thereof. This includes any adverse action taken by a State or federal agency that prohibits a medical doctor, doctor 18 19 of osteopathy, doctor of osteopathic medicine, or doctor 20 of chiropractic from providing services to the agency's 21 participants.

22 (13) Violation of any provision of this Act or of the 23 Medical Practice Act prior to the repeal of that Act, or 24 violation of the rules, or a final administrative action 25 Secretary, after consideration of the of the 26 recommendation of the Medical Board.

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(14) Violation of the prohibition against fee
 splitting in Section 22.2 of this Act.

3 (15) A finding by the Medical Board that the 4 registrant after having his or her license placed on 5 probationary status or subjected to conditions or 6 restrictions violated the terms of the probation or failed 7 to comply with such terms or conditions.

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(16) Abandonment of a patient.

9 (17) Prescribing, selling, administering, 10 distributing, giving, or self-administering any drug 11 classified as a controlled substance (designated product) 12 or narcotic for other than medically accepted therapeutic 13 purposes.

14 (18) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, 15 appliances, or goods provided for a patient in such manner 16 as to exploit the patient for financial gain of the 17 physician.

(19) Offering, undertaking, or agreeing to cure or treat disease by a secret method, procedure, treatment, or medicine, or the treating, operating, or prescribing for any human condition by a method, means, or procedure which the licensee refuses to divulge upon demand of the Department.

(20) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act
 including, but not limited to, commission of an act of
 sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice.

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1 (21) Willfully making or filing false records or 2 reports in his or her practice as a physician, including, 3 but not limited to, false records to support claims 4 against the medical assistance program of the Department 5 of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of 6 Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code.

7 (22) Willful omission to file or record, or willfully
8 impeding the filing or recording, or inducing another
9 person to omit to file or record, medical reports as
10 required by law, or willfully failing to report an
11 instance of suspected abuse or neglect as required by law.

12 (23) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated 13 report by the Department of Children and Family Services 14 under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and 15 upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the 16 licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or 17 neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected 18 Child Reporting Act.

19 (24) Solicitation of professional patronage by any
 20 corporation, agents, or persons, or profiting from those
 21 representing themselves to be agents of the licensee.

(25) Gross and willful and continued overcharging for professional services, including filing false statements for collection of fees for which services are not rendered, including, but not limited to, filing such false statements for collection of monies for services not

rendered from the medical assistance program of the
 Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly
 Department of Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid
 Code.

5 (26) A pattern of practice or other behavior which 6 demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under 7 this Act.

8 (27) Mental illness or disability which results in the 9 inability to practice under this Act with reasonable 10 judgment, skill, or safety.

11 (28) Physical illness, including, but not limited to, 12 deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor 13 skill which results in a physician's inability to practice 14 under this Act with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

(29) Cheating on or attempting to subvert the
 licensing examinations administered under this Act.

(30) Willfully or negligently violating the
 confidentiality between physician and patient except as
 required by law.

20 (31) The use of any false, fraudulent, or deceptive
21 statement in any document connected with practice under
22 this Act.

(32) Aiding and abetting an individual not licensed
under this Act in the practice of a profession licensed
under this Act.

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(33) Violating State <u>state</u> or federal laws or

regulations relating to controlled substances, legend
 drugs, or ephedra as defined in the Ephedra Prohibition
 Act.

(34) Failure to report to the Department any adverse 4 5 final action taken against them by another licensing 6 jurisdiction (any other state or any territory of the 7 United States or any foreign state or country), by any 8 peer review body, by any health care institution, by any 9 professional society or association related to practice 10 under this Act, by any governmental agency, by any law 11 enforcement agency, or by any court for acts or conduct 12 similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds 13 for action as defined in this Section.

14 (35) Failure to report to the Department surrender of 15 a license or authorization to practice as a medical 16 doctor, a doctor of osteopathy, a doctor of osteopathic 17 medicine, or doctor of chiropractic in another state or jurisdiction, or surrender of membership on any medical 18 19 staff or in any medical or professional association or 20 society, while under disciplinary investigation by any of those authorities or bodies, for acts or conduct similar 21 22 to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for 23 action as defined in this Section.

(36) Failure to report to the Department any adverse
 judgment, settlement, or award arising from a liability
 claim related to acts or conduct similar to acts or

conduct which would constitute grounds for action as
 defined in this Section.

3 (37) Failure to provide copies of medical records as4 required by law.

5 (38) Failure to furnish the Department, its 6 investigators or representatives, relevant information, 7 legally requested by the Department after consultation 8 with the Chief Medical Coordinator or the Deputy Medical 9 Coordinator.

10 (39) Violating the Health Care Worker Self-Referral 11 Act.

12 (40) <u>Willful failure to provide notice when notice is</u>
 13 <u>required under the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of</u>
 14 <u>2023.</u> (Blank).

(41) Failure to establish and maintain records of
 patient care and treatment as required by this law.

17 (42) Entering into an excessive number of written 18 collaborative agreements with licensed advanced practice 19 registered nurses resulting in an inability to adequately 20 collaborate.

(43) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a
 licensed advanced practice registered nurse.

23 (44) Violating the Compassionate Use of Medical
24 Cannabis Program Act.

(45) Entering into an excessive number of written
 collaborative agreements with licensed prescribing

1 psychologists resulting in an inability to adequately 2 collaborate.

3 (46) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a
 4 licensed prescribing psychologist.

5 (47) Willfully failing to report an instance of 6 suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or 7 self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and 8 required by the Adult Protective Services Act.

9 (48) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by 10 the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective 11 Services Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing 12 evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the 13 Adult Protective Services Act. 14

15 (49) Entering into an excessive number of written 16 collaborative agreements with licensed physician 17 assistants resulting in an inability to adequately 18 collaborate.

19 (50) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a20 physician assistant.

Except for actions involving the ground numbered (26), all proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary status, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the foregoing grounds, must be commenced within 5 years next after receipt by the Department of a complaint alleging the commission of or

notice of the conviction order for any of the acts described 1 2 herein. Except for the grounds numbered (8), (9), (26), and 3 (29), no action shall be commenced more than 10 years after the date of the incident or act alleged to have violated this 4 5 Section. For actions involving the ground numbered (26), a pattern of practice or other behavior includes all incidents 6 7 alleged to be part of the pattern of practice or other behavior 8 that occurred, or a report pursuant to Section 23 of this Act 9 received, within the 10-year period preceding the filing of 10 the complaint. In the event of the settlement of any claim or 11 cause of action in favor of the claimant or the reduction to 12 final judgment of any civil action in favor of the plaintiff, such claim, cause of action, or civil action being grounded on 13 14 the allegation that a person licensed under this Act was 15 negligent in providing care, the Department shall have an 16 additional period of 2 years from the date of notification to 17 the Department under Section 23 of this Act of such settlement or final judgment in which to investigate and commence formal 18 disciplinary proceedings under Section 36 of this Act, except 19 20 as otherwise provided by law. The time during which the holder of the license was outside the State of Illinois shall not be 21 22 included within any period of time limiting the commencement 23 of disciplinary action by the Department.

The entry of an order or judgment by any circuit court establishing that any person holding a license under this Act is a person in need of mental treatment operates as a suspension of that license. That person may resume his or her practice only upon the entry of a Departmental order based upon a finding by the Medical Board that the person has been determined to be recovered from mental illness by the court and upon the Medical Board's recommendation that the person be permitted to resume his or her practice.

7 The Department may refuse to issue or take disciplinary 8 action concerning the license of any person who fails to file a 9 return, or to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a 10 filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, 11 or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the 12 Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied as determined 13 14 by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

15 The Department, upon the recommendation of the Medical 16 Board, shall adopt rules which set forth standards to be used 17 in determining:

18 (a) when a person will be deemed sufficiently
19 rehabilitated to warrant the public trust;

(b) what constitutes dishonorable, unethical, or
unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,
defraud, or harm the public;

(c) what constitutes immoral conduct in the commission of any act, including, but not limited to, commission of an act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice; and

(d) what constitutes gross negligence in the practice
 of medicine.

3 However, no such rule shall be admissible into evidence in 4 any civil action except for review of a licensing or other 5 disciplinary action under this Act.

6 In enforcing this Section, the Medical Board, upon a 7 showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual who is licensed to practice under this Act or holds a permit to 8 9 practice under this Act, or any individual who has applied for 10 licensure or a permit pursuant to this Act, to submit to a 11 mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both, which 12 may include a substance abuse or sexual offender evaluation, as required by the Medical Board and at the expense of the 13 Department. The Medical Board shall specifically designate the 14 15 examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all of 16 its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team 17 involved in providing the mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both. The multidisciplinary team shall be led 18 by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its 19 20 branches and may consist of one or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its 21 22 branches, licensed chiropractic physicians, licensed clinical 23 psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed clinical professional counselors, and other professional and 24 25 administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the 26 multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to

submit to an examination and evaluation pursuant to this 1 2 Section to submit to any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete any examination or evaluation 3 process, including, but not limited to, blood testing, 4 5 urinalysis, psychological testing, or neuropsychological 6 testing. The Medical Board or the Department may order the 7 examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary 8 team to provide to the Department or the Medical Board any and 9 all records, including business records, that relate to the 10 examination and evaluation, including any supplemental testing 11 performed. The Medical Board or the Department may order the 12 examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary 13 team to present testimony concerning this examination and 14 evaluation of the licensee, permit holder, or applicant, 15 including testimony concerning any supplemental testing or 16 documents relating to the examination and evaluation. No 17 information, report, record, or other documents in any way related to the examination and evaluation shall be excluded by 18 reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to 19 20 communication between the licensee, permit holder, or applicant and the examining physician or any member of the 21 22 multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the 23 licensee, permit holder, or applicant ordered to undergo an evaluation and examination for the examining physician or any 24 25 member of the multidisciplinary team to provide information, 26 reports, records, or other documents or to provide any

testimony regarding the examination and evaluation. 1 The 2 individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all 3 aspects of the examination. Failure of any individual to 4 5 submit to mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension, 6 7 without hearing, until such time as the individual submits to 8 the examination. If the Medical Board finds a physician unable 9 to practice following an examination and evaluation because of 10 the reasons set forth in this Section, the Medical Board shall 11 require such physician to submit to care, counseling, or 12 treatment by physicians, or other health care professionals, approved or designated by the Medical Board, as a condition 13 14 for issued, continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to 15 practice. Any physician, whose license was granted pursuant to 16 Section 9, 17, or 19 of this Act, or, continued, reinstated, 17 renewed, disciplined, or supervised, subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions who shall fail to comply with such 18 19 terms, conditions, or restrictions, or to complete a required 20 program of care, counseling, or treatment, as determined by the Chief Medical Coordinator or Deputy Medical Coordinators, 21 22 shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to 23 whether the licensee shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Medical Board. In 24 25 instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a 26 license under this Section, a hearing upon such person's

license must be convened by the Medical Board within 15 days 1 2 after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Medical Board shall have the authority to review the 3 subject physician's record of treatment and counseling 4 5 regarding the impairment, to the extent permitted bv applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the 6 7 confidentiality of medical records.

8 An individual licensed under this Act, affected under this 9 Section, shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to 10 the Medical Board that he or she can resume practice in 11 compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the 12 provisions of his or her license.

13 The Department may promulgate rules for the imposition of 14 fines in disciplinary cases, not to exceed \$10,000 for each 15 violation of this Act. Fines may be imposed in conjunction with other forms of disciplinary action, but shall not be the 16 17 exclusive disposition of any disciplinary action arising out of conduct resulting in death or injury to a patient. Any funds 18 collected from such fines shall be deposited in the Illinois 19 20 State Medical Disciplinary Fund.

All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing the fine.

(B) The Department shall revoke the license or permitissued under this Act to practice medicine or a chiropractic

physician who has been convicted a second time of committing 1 2 any felony under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or who 3 has been convicted a second time of committing a Class 1 felony 4 5 under Sections 8A-3 and 8A-6 of the Illinois Public Aid Code. A license or permit is revoked under this 6 person whose 7 subsection B shall be prohibited from practicing medicine or 8 treating human ailments without the use of drugs and without 9 operative surgery.

10 (C) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, place on 11 probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any 12 other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the 13 license or permit issued under this Act to practice medicine 14 to a physician:

15 (1) based solely upon the recommendation of the 16 physician to an eligible patient regarding, or 17 prescription for, or treatment with, an investigational 18 drug, biological product, or device; <u>or</u>

19 (2) for experimental treatment for Lyme disease or 20 other tick-borne diseases, including, but not limited to, 21 the prescription of or treatment with long-term 22 antibiotics<u>.</u> +

23 (3) based solely upon the physician providing,
 24 authorizing, recommending, aiding, assisting, referring
 25 for, or otherwise participating in any health care
 26 service, so long as the care was not unlawful under the

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laws of this State, regardless of whether the patient was a resident of this State or another state; or

(4) based upon the physician's license being revoked 3 or suspended, or the physician being otherwise disciplined 4 5 by any other state, if that revocation, suspension, or 6 other form of discipline was based solely on the physician 7 violating another state's laws prohibiting the provision 8 of, authorization of, recommendation of, aiding 9 assisting in, referring for, or participation in any 10 health care service if that health care service 11 provided would not have been unlawful under the laws of 12 this State and is consistent with the standards of conduct for the physician if it occurred in Illinois. 13

(D) The Medical Board shall recommend to the Department 14 civil penalties and any other appropriate discipline in 15 16 disciplinary cases when the Medical Board finds that a 17 physician willfully performed an abortion with actual knowledge that the person upon whom the abortion has been 18 performed is a minor or an incompetent person without notice 19 20 as required under the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 2023. Upon the Medical Board's recommendation, the Department shall 21 22 impose, for the first violation, a civil penalty of \$1,000 and 23 for a second or subsequent violation, a civil penalty of \$5,000. (Blank). 24

25 (E) The conduct specified in subsection (C) shall not
 26 trigger reporting requirements under Section 23, constitute

1 grounds for suspension under Section 25, or be included on the 2 physician's profile required under Section 10 of the Patients' 3 Right to Know Act.

(F) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or 4 authorization pursuant to this Act and who has been subject to 5 disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional 6 disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the 7 basis of having provided, authorized, recommended, aided, 8 9 assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health 10 care shall not be denied such licensure, certification, or 11 authorization, unless the Department determines that the 12 action would have constituted professional misconduct in this State; however, nothing in this Section shall be construed as 13 prohibiting the Department from evaluating the conduct of the 14 applicant and making a determination regarding the licensure, 15 16 certification, or authorization to practice a profession under 17 this Act.

18 (G) The Department may adopt rules to implement the 19 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 20 Assembly.

21 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;
22 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-20, eff. 1-1-22; 102-558, eff.
23 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

(225 ILCS 60/23) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-23)
 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)

Sec. 23. Reports relating to professional conduct and
 capacity.

3

(A) Entities required to report.

(1) Health care institutions. The chief administrator 4 5 or executive officer of any health care institution 6 licensed by the Illinois Department of Public Health shall 7 report to the Medical Board when any person's clinical privileges are terminated or are restricted based on a 8 9 final determination made in accordance with that 10 institution's by-laws or rules and regulations that a 11 person has either committed an act or acts which may 12 directly threaten patient care or that a person may have a 13 mental or physical disability that may endanger patients 14 under that person's care. Such officer also shall report 15 if a person accepts voluntary termination or restriction 16 of clinical privileges in lieu of formal action based upon 17 conduct related directly to patient care or in lieu of formal action seeking to determine whether a person may 18 19 have a mental or physical disability that may endanger patients under that person's care. The Medical Board 20 21 shall, by rule, provide for the reporting to it by health 22 care institutions of all instances in which a person, 23 licensed under this Act, who is impaired by reason of age, 24 drug or alcohol abuse or physical or mental impairment, is 25 under supervision and, where appropriate, is in a program rehabilitation. Such reports 26 of shall be strictly

confidential and may be reviewed and considered only by 1 the members of the Medical Board, or by authorized staff 2 3 as provided by rules of the Medical Board. Provisions shall be made for the periodic report of the status of any 4 5 such person not less than twice annually in order that the 6 Medical Board shall have current information upon which to 7 determine the status of any such person. Such initial and periodic reports of impaired physicians shall not be 8 9 considered records within the meaning of the State Records 10 Act and shall be disposed of, following a determination by 11 the Medical Board that such reports are no longer 12 required, in a manner and at such time as the Medical Board shall determine by rule. The filing of such reports shall 13 14 be construed as the filing of a report for purposes of (C) of 15 subsection this Section. Such health care 16 institution shall not take any adverse action, including, 17 but not limited to, restricting or terminating any 18 person's clinical privileges, as a result of an adverse 19 action against a person's license or clinical privileges 20 or other disciplinary action by another state or health 21 care institution that resulted from the person's provision 22 -authorization of, recommendation of, aiding of, or 23 assistance with, referral for, or participation in 24 health care service if the adverse action was based solely 25 violation of the other state's law prohibiting the 26 of such health care and related services

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state or for a resident of the state if that health care service would not have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with the standards of conduct for physicians practicing in Illinois.

5 (1.5) Clinical training programs. The program director any post-graduate clinical training program shall 6 of 7 report to the Medical Board if a person engaged in a clinical training program 8 post-graduate at the 9 institution, including, but not limited to, a residency or fellowship, separates from the program for any reason 10 11 prior to its conclusion. The program director shall 12 provide all documentation relating to the separation if, 13 after review of the report, the Medical Board determines 14 that a review of those documents is necessary to determine 15 whether a violation of this Act occurred.

(2) Professional associations. The President or chief 16 17 executive officer of any association or society, of persons licensed under this Act, operating within this 18 19 State shall report to the Medical Board when the 20 association or society renders a final determination that 21 a person has committed unprofessional conduct related 22 directly to patient care or that a person may have a mental 23 or physical disability that may endanger patients under 24 that person's care.

(3) Professional liability insurers. Every insurance
 company which offers policies of professional liability

insurance to persons licensed under this Act, or any other 1 entity which seeks to indemnify the professional liability 2 3 of a person licensed under this Act, shall report to the Medical Board the settlement of any claim or cause of 4 5 action, or final judgment rendered in any cause of action, which alleged negligence in the furnishing of medical care 6 7 by such licensed person when such settlement or final 8 judgment is in favor of the plaintiff. Such insurance 9 company shall not take any adverse action, including, but 10 not limited to, denial or revocation of coverage, or rate 11 increases, against a person licensed under this Act with 12 respect to coverage for services provided in the State if 13 solely on the person providing, based -authorizing, 14 recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, or 15 otherwise participating in health care services in this 16 State in violation of another state's law, or a revocation 17 or other adverse action against the person's license in another state for violation of such law if that health 18 19 care service as provided would have been lawful and 20 consistent with the standards of conduct for physicians if 21 it occurred in the State. Notwithstanding this provision, 22 is against public policy to require coverage for an 23 illegal action.

(4) State's Attorneys. The State's Attorney of each
county shall report to the Medical Board, within 5 days,
any instances in which a person licensed under this Act is

convicted of any felony or Class A misdemeanor. <u>The</u>
 <u>State's Attorney of each county may report to the Medical</u>
 <u>Board through a verified complaint any instance in which</u>
 <u>the State's Attorney believes that a physician has</u>
 <u>willfully violated the notice requirements of the Parental</u>
 <u>Notice of Abortion Act of 2023.</u>

7 (5) State agencies. All agencies, boards, commissions, 8 departments, or other instrumentalities of the government 9 of the State of Illinois shall report to the Medical Board 10 any instance arising in connection with the operations of 11 such agency, including the administration of any law by 12 such agency, in which a person licensed under this Act has either committed an act or acts which may be a violation of 13 14 this Act or which may constitute unprofessional conduct 15 related directly to patient care or which indicates that a 16 person licensed under this Act may have a mental or 17 physical disability that may endanger patients under that person's care. 18

(B) Mandatory reporting. All reports required by items (34), (35), and (36) of subsection (A) of Section 22 and by Section 23 shall be submitted to the Medical Board in a timely fashion. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the reports shall be filed in writing within 60 days after a determination that a report is required under this Act. All reports shall contain the following information:

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(1) The name, address and telephone number of the

1 person making the report.

2 (2) The name, address and telephone number of the
3 person who is the subject of the report.

4 (3) The name and date of birth of any patient or 5 patients whose treatment is a subject of the report, if 6 available, or other means of identification if such 7 information is not available, identification of the 8 hospital or other healthcare facility where the care at 9 issue in the report was rendered, provided, however, no 10 medical records may be revealed.

11 (4) A brief description of the facts which gave rise 12 to the issuance of the report, including the dates of any 13 occurrences deemed to necessitate the filing of the 14 report.

15 (5) If court action is involved, the identity of the 16 court in which the action is filed, along with the docket 17 number and date of filing of the action.

18 (6) Any further pertinent information which the
19 reporting party deems to be an aid in the evaluation of the
20 report.

The Medical Board or Department may also exercise the power under Section 38 of this Act to subpoena copies of hospital or medical records in mandatory report cases alleging death or permanent bodily injury. Appropriate rules shall be adopted by the Department with the approval of the Medical Board. 1 When the Department has received written reports 2 concerning incidents required to be reported in items (34), 3 (35), and (36) of subsection (A) of Section 22, the licensee's 4 failure to report the incident to the Department under those 5 items shall not be the sole grounds for disciplinary action.

Nothing contained in this Section shall act to, in any 6 7 way, waive or modify the confidentiality of medical reports 8 and committee reports to the extent provided by law. Any 9 information reported or disclosed shall be kept for the 10 confidential use of the Medical Board, the Medical 11 Coordinators, the Medical Board's attorneys, the medical 12 investigative staff, and authorized clerical staff, as 13 provided in this Act, and shall be afforded the same status as is provided information concerning medical studies in Part 21 14 15 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure, except that the 16 Department may disclose information and documents to a 17 federal, State, or local law enforcement agency pursuant to a subpoena in an ongoing criminal investigation or to a health 18 care licensing body or medical licensing authority of this 19 20 State or another state or jurisdiction pursuant to an official request made by that licensing body or medical licensing 21 22 authority. Furthermore, information and documents disclosed to 23 a federal, State, or local law enforcement agency may be used by that agency only for the investigation and prosecution of a 24 25 criminal offense, or, in the case of disclosure to a health 26 care licensing body or medical licensing authority, only for

investigations and disciplinary action proceedings with regard to a license. Information and documents disclosed to the Department of Public Health may be used by that Department only for investigation and disciplinary action regarding the license of a health care institution licensed by the Department of Public Health.

7 Immunity from prosecution. Any individual (C) or 8 organization acting in good faith, and not in a wilful and 9 wanton manner, in complying with this Act by providing any 10 report or other information to the Medical Board or a peer 11 review committee, or assisting in the investigation or 12 preparation of such information, or by voluntarily reporting 13 to the Medical Board or a peer review committee information 14 regarding alleged errors or negligence by a person licensed 15 under this Act, or by participating in proceedings of the 16 Medical Board or a peer review committee, or by serving as a 17 member of the Medical Board or a peer review committee, shall not, as a result of such actions, be subject to criminal 18 19 prosecution or civil damages.

20 (D) Indemnification. Members of the Medical Board, the Medical Coordinators, the Medical Board's attorneys, 21 the 22 medical investigative staff, physicians retained under 23 contract to assist and advise the medical coordinators in the investigation, and authorized clerical staff 24 shall be 25 indemnified by the State for any actions occurring within the 26 scope of services on the Medical Board, done in good faith and

not wilful and wanton in nature. The Attorney General shall defend all such actions unless he or she determines either that there would be a conflict of interest in such representation or that the actions complained of were not in good faith or were wilful and wanton.

6 Should the Attorney General decline representation, the 7 member shall have the right to employ counsel of his or her 8 choice, whose fees shall be provided by the State, after 9 approval by the Attorney General, unless there is a 10 determination by a court that the member's actions were not in 11 good faith or were wilful and wanton.

12 The member must notify the Attorney General within 7 days 13 of receipt of notice of the initiation of any action involving 14 services of the Medical Board. Failure to so notify the 15 Attorney General shall constitute an absolute waiver of the 16 right to a defense and indemnification.

17 The Attorney General shall determine within 7 days after 18 receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to 19 represent the member.

(E) Deliberations of Medical Board. Upon the receipt of any report called for by this Act, other than those reports of impaired persons licensed under this Act required pursuant to the rules of the Medical Board, the Medical Board shall notify in writing, by mail or email, the person who is the subject of the report. Such notification shall be made within 30 days of receipt by the Medical Board of the report.

The notification shall include a written notice setting 1 2 forth the person's right to examine the report. Included in such notification shall be the address at which the file is 3 maintained, the name of the custodian of the reports, and the 4 5 telephone number at which the custodian may be reached. The person who is the subject of the report shall submit a written 6 7 statement responding, clarifying, adding to, or proposing the 8 amending of the report previously filed. The person who is the 9 subject of the report shall also submit with the written 10 statement any medical records related to the report. The 11 statement and accompanying medical records shall become a 12 permanent part of the file and must be received by the Medical Board no more than 30 days after the date on which the person 13 was notified by the Medical Board of the existence of the 14 15 original report.

16 The Medical Board shall review all reports received by it, 17 together with any supporting information and responding statements submitted by persons who are the subject of 18 19 reports. The review by the Medical Board shall be in a timely 20 manner but in no event, shall the Medical Board's initial review of the material contained in each disciplinary file be 21 22 less than 61 days nor more than 180 days after the receipt of 23 the initial report by the Medical Board.

When the Medical Board makes its initial review of the materials contained within its disciplinary files, the Medical Board shall, in writing, make a determination as to whether there are sufficient facts to warrant further investigation or action. Failure to make such determination within the time provided shall be deemed to be a determination that there are not sufficient facts to warrant further investigation or action.

Board 6 Should the Medical find that there are not 7 sufficient facts to warrant further investigation, or action, 8 the report shall be accepted for filing and the matter shall be 9 deemed closed and so reported to the Secretary. The Secretary 10 shall then have 30 days to accept the Medical Board's decision 11 or request further investigation. The Secretary shall inform 12 the Medical Board of the decision to request further specific reasons 13 investigation, including the for the 14 decision. The individual or entity filing the original report 15 or complaint and the person who is the subject of the report or 16 complaint shall be notified in writing by the Secretary of any 17 final action on their report or complaint. The Department shall disclose to the individual or entity who filed the 18 19 original report or complaint, on request, the status of the 20 Medical Board's review of a specific report or complaint. Such request may be made at any time, including prior to the Medical 21 22 Board's determination as to whether there are sufficient facts 23 to warrant further investigation or action.

(F) Summary reports. The Medical Board shall prepare, on a
timely basis, but in no event less than once every other month,
a summary report of final disciplinary actions taken upon

disciplinary files maintained by the Medical Board. 1 The 2 summary reports shall be made available to the public upon request and payment of the fees set by the Department. This 3 publication may be made available to the public on the 4 5 Department's website. Information or documentation relating to any disciplinary file that is closed without disciplinary 6 7 action taken shall not be disclosed and shall be afforded the same status as is provided by Part 21 of Article VIII of the 8 9 Code of Civil Procedure.

10 (G) Any violation of this Section shall be a Class A 11 misdemeanor.

12 (H) If any such person violates the provisions of this 13 Section an action may be brought in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, through the Attorney General of the 14 15 State of Illinois, for an order enjoining such violation or 16 for an order enforcing compliance with this Section. Upon 17 filing of a verified petition in such court, the court may issue a temporary restraining order without notice or bond and 18 may preliminarily or permanently enjoin such violation, and if 19 20 it is established that such person has violated or is violating the injunction, the court may punish the offender 21 22 for contempt of court. Proceedings under this paragraph shall 23 be in addition to, and not in lieu of, all other remedies and penalties provided for by this Section. 24

25 (I) The Department may adopt rules to implement the
 26 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General

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1 Assembly.

2 (Source: P.A. 102-20, eff. 1-1-22; 102-687, eff. 12-17-21; 3 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

4 (225 ILCS 60/36) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-36)
5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)

6 Sec. 36. Investigation; notice.

7 Upon the motion of either the Department or the (a) Medical Board or upon the verified complaint in writing of any 8 9 person setting forth facts which, if proven, would constitute 10 grounds for suspension or revocation under Section 22 of this 11 Act, the Department shall investigate the actions of any 12 person, so accused, who holds or represents that he or she 13 holds a license. Such person is hereinafter called the 14 accused.

15 (b) The Department shall, before suspending, revoking, 16 placing on probationary status, or taking any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper with 17 regard to any license at least 30 days prior to the date set 18 19 for the hearing, notify the accused in writing of any charges 20 made and the time and place for a hearing of the charges before 21 the Medical Board, direct him or her to file his or her written 22 answer thereto to the Medical Board under oath within 20 days after the service on him or her of such notice and inform him 23 24 or her that if he or she fails to file such answer default will 25 be taken against him or her and his or her license may be

suspended, revoked, placed on probationary status, or have 1 other disciplinary action, including limiting the scope, 2 nature or extent of his or her practice, as the Department may 3 deem proper taken with regard thereto. The Department shall, 4 5 at least 14 days prior to the date set for the hearing, notify in writing any person who filed a complaint against the 6 accused of the time and place for the hearing of the charges 7 8 against the accused before the Medical Board and inform such 9 person whether he or she may provide testimony at the hearing.

10 (c) <u>Where a physician has been found, upon complaint and</u> 11 <u>investigation of the Department, and after hearing, to have</u> 12 <u>performed an abortion procedure in a willful and wanton manner</u> 13 <u>upon a woman who was not pregnant at the time such abortion</u> 14 <u>procedure was performed, the Department shall automatically</u> 15 <u>revoke the license of such physician to practice medicine in</u> 16 this State. (Blank).

(d) Such written notice and any notice in such proceedings thereafter may be served by personal delivery, email to the respondent's email address of record, or mail to the respondent's address of record.

(e) All information gathered by the Department during its investigation including information subpoenaed under Section 23 23 or 38 of this Act and the investigative file shall be kept for the confidential use of the Secretary, the Medical Board, the Medical Coordinators, persons employed by contract to advise the Medical Coordinator or the Department, the Medical

Board's attorneys, the medical investigative staff, 1 and 2 authorized clerical staff, as provided in this Act and shall 3 be afforded the same status as is provided information concerning medical studies in Part 21 of Article VIII of the 4 5 Code of Civil Procedure, except that the Department may disclose information and documents to a federal, State, or 6 7 local law enforcement agency pursuant to a subpoena in an 8 ongoing criminal investigation to a health care licensing body 9 of this State or another state or jurisdiction pursuant to an 10 official request made by that licensing body. Furthermore, 11 information and documents disclosed to a federal, State, or 12 local law enforcement agency may be used by that agency only for the investigation and prosecution of a criminal offense 13 14 or, in the case of disclosure to a health care licensing body, 15 only for investigations and disciplinary action proceedings 16 with regard to a license issued by that licensing body. 17 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 101-316, eff. 8-9-19; 102-20, eff. 1-1-22; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.) 18

19 (225 ILCS 60/49.5)

20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)

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Sec. 49.5. Telemedicine.

(a) The General Assembly finds and declares that because of technological advances and changing practice patterns the practice of medicine is occurring with increasing frequency across state lines and across increasing geographical

distances within the State of Illinois and that certain 1 2 technological advances in the practice of medicine are in the 3 public interest. The General Assembly further finds and declares that the practice of medicine is a privilege and that 4 5 the licensure by this State of practitioners outside this State engaging in medical practice within this State and the 6 7 ability to discipline those practitioners is necessary for the 8 protection of the public health, welfare, and safety.

9 (b) A person who engages in the practice of telemedicine 10 without a license or permit issued under this Act shall be 11 subject to penalties provided in Section 59. A person with a 12 temporary permit for health care may treat a patient located 13 this State through telehealth services in a manner 14 consistent with the person's scope of practice and agreement 15 with a sponsoring entity.

16 (c) For purposes of this Act, "telemedicine" means the 17 performance of any of the activities listed in Section 49, including, but not limited to, rendering written or oral 18 opinions concerning diagnosis or treatment of a patient in 19 20 Illinois by a person in a different location than the patient as a result of transmission of individual patient data by 21 22 telephonic, electronic, or other means of communication. 23 "Telemedicine" does not include the following:

(1) periodic consultations between a person licensed
under this Act and a person outside the State of Illinois;
(2) a second opinion provided to a person licensed

1 under this Act;

2 (3) diagnosis or treatment services provided to a 3 patient in Illinois following care or treatment originally 4 provided to the patient in the state in which the provider 5 is licensed to practice medicine; and

6 (4) health care services provided to an existing 7 patient while the person licensed under this Act or 8 patient is traveling.

9 (d) Whenever the Department has reason to believe that a 10 person has violated this Section, the Department may issue a 11 rule to show cause why an order to cease and desist should not 12 be entered against that person. The rule shall clearly set forth the grounds relied upon by the Department and shall 13 14 provide a period of 7 days from the date of the rule to file an 15 answer to the satisfaction of the Department. Failure to 16 answer to the satisfaction of the Department shall cause an 17 order to cease and desist to be issued immediately.

(e) An out-of-state person providing a service listed in Section 49 to a patient residing in Illinois through the practice of telemedicine submits himself or herself to the jurisdiction of the courts of this State.

22 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

23 Section 5-100. The Nurse Practice Act is amended by 24 changing Sections 65-35, 65-43, 65-65, and 70-5 as follows:

1 (225 ILCS 65/65-35) (was 225 ILCS 65/15-15)

2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)
3 Sec. 65-35. Written collaborative agreements.

4 (a) A written collaborative agreement is required for all
5 advanced practice registered nurses engaged in clinical
6 practice prior to meeting the requirements of Section 65-43,
7 except for advanced practice registered nurses who are
8 privileged to practice in a hospital, hospital affiliate, or
9 ambulatory surgical treatment center.

10 (a-5) If an advanced practice registered nurse engages in 11 clinical practice outside of a hospital, hospital affiliate, 12 or ambulatory surgical treatment center in which he or she is 13 privileged to practice, the advanced practice registered nurse 14 must have a written collaborative agreement, except as set 15 forth in Section 65-43.

16 (b) A written collaborative agreement shall describe the 17 relationship of the advanced practice registered nurse with the collaborating physician and shall describe the categories 18 19 of care, treatment, or procedures to be provided by the 20 advanced practice registered nurse. A collaborative agreement with a podiatric physician must be in accordance with 21 22 subsection (c-5) or (c-15) of this Section. A collaborative 23 agreement with a dentist must be in accordance with subsection (c-10) of this Section. A collaborative agreement with a 24 25 podiatric physician must be in accordance with subsection (c-5) of this Section. Collaboration does not require an 26

employment relationship between the collaborating physician
 and the advanced practice registered nurse.

3 The collaborative relationship under an agreement shall 4 not be construed to require the personal presence of a 5 collaborating physician at the place where services are 6 rendered. Methods of communication shall be available for 7 consultation with the collaborating physician in person or by 8 telecommunications or electronic communications as set forth 9 in the written agreement.

10 (b-5)Absent an employment relationship, a written 11 collaborative agreement may not (1) restrict the categories of 12 patients of an advanced practice registered nurse within the scope of the advanced practice registered nurses training and 13 14 experience, (2) limit third party payors or government health 15 programs, such as the medical assistance program or Medicare 16 with which the advanced practice registered nurse contracts, 17 or (3) limit the geographic area or practice location of the advanced practice registered nurse in this State. 18

19 (c) In the case of anesthesia services provided by a 20 certified registered nurse anesthetist, an anesthesiologist, a 21 physician, а dentist, or а podiatric physician must 22 participate through discussion of and agreement with the 23 anesthesia plan and remain physically present and available on the premises during the delivery of anesthesia services for 24 diagnosis, consultation, and treatment of emergency medical 25 26 conditions.

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(c-5) A certified registered nurse anesthetist, who 1 2 provides anesthesia services outside of a hospital or 3 ambulatory surgical treatment center shall enter into a written collaborative agreement with an anesthesiologist or 4 5 the physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches or the podiatric physician performing the procedure. 6 7 Outside of a hospital or ambulatory surgical treatment center, 8 the certified registered nurse anesthetist may provide only 9 those services that the collaborating podiatric physician is 10 authorized to provide pursuant to the Podiatric Medical 11 Practice Act of 1987 and rules adopted thereunder. A certified 12 registered nurse anesthetist may select, order, and administer 13 medication. including controlled substances, and apply medical devices for delivery of 14 appropriate anesthesia 15 services under the anesthesia plan agreed with by the 16 anesthesiologist or the operating physician or operating 17 podiatric physician.

(c-10) A certified registered nurse anesthetist who 18 provides anesthesia services in a dental office shall enter 19 20 into а written collaborative agreement with an 21 anesthesiologist or the physician licensed to practice 22 medicine in all its branches or the operating dentist 23 performing the procedure. The agreement shall describe the working relationship of the certified registered nurse 24 25 anesthetist and dentist and shall authorize the categories of 26 care, treatment, or procedures to be performed by the

certified registered nurse anesthetist. In a collaborating 1 2 dentist's office, the certified registered nurse anesthetist may only provide those services that the operating dentist 3 with the appropriate permit is authorized to provide pursuant 4 5 to the Illinois Dental Practice Act and rules adopted thereunder. For anesthesia services, an anesthesiologist, 6 7 physician, or operating dentist shall participate through 8 discussion of and agreement with the anesthesia plan and shall 9 remain physically present and be available on the premises 10 during the delivery of anesthesia services for diagnosis, 11 consultation, and treatment of emergency medical conditions. A 12 certified registered nurse anesthetist may select, order, and 13 administer medication, including controlled substances, and apply appropriate medical devices for delivery of anesthesia 14 services under the anesthesia plan agreed with by the 15 16 operating dentist.

17 (c-15) An advanced practice registered nurse who had a written collaborative agreement with a podiatric physician 18 immediately before the effective date of Public Act 100-513 19 20 may continue in that collaborative relationship or enter into a new written collaborative relationship with a podiatric 21 22 physician under the requirements of this Section and Section 23 65-40, as those Sections existed immediately before the amendment of those Sections by Public Act 100-513 with regard 24 25 to a written collaborative agreement between an advanced 26 practice registered nurse and a podiatric physician.

1 (d) A copy of the signed, written collaborative agreement 2 must be available to the Department upon request from both the 3 advanced practice registered nurse and the collaborating 4 physician, dentist, or podiatric physician.

5 (e) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the delegation of tasks or duties by a physician to a licensed 6 7 practical nurse, a registered professional nurse, or other persons in accordance with Section 54.2 of the Medical 8 9 Practice Act of 1987. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to 10 limit the method of delegation that may be authorized by any 11 means, including, but not limited to, oral, written, 12 electronic, standing orders, protocols, guidelines, or verbal 13 orders.

(e-5) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize 14 15 an advanced practice registered nurse to provide health care 16 services required by law or rule to be performed by a 17 physician, including those acts to be performed by a physician in Section 1-10 of the Illinois Abortion Law of 2023. The scope 18 19 of practice of an advanced practice registered nurse does not 20 include operative surgery. Nothing in this Section shall be 21 construed to preclude an advanced practice registered nurse 22 from assisting in surgery.

(f) An advanced practice registered nurse shall inform each collaborating physician, dentist, or podiatric physician of all collaborative agreements he or she has signed and provide a copy of these to any collaborating physician,

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21 upon request.

22 Continuing education or training hours required by 23 subsection (b) shall be in the advanced practice registered 24 nurse's area of certification as set forth by Department rule. 25 The clinical experience must be in the advanced practice

area of certification. The clinical 1 registered nurse's experience shall be in collaboration with a physician or 2 3 physicians. Completion of the clinical experience must be attested to by the collaborating physician or physicians or 4 5 employer and the advanced practice registered nurse. If the collaborating physician or physicians or employer is unable to 6 7 attest to the completion of the clinical experience, the 8 Department may accept other evidence of clinical experience as 9 established by rule.

10 (c) The scope of practice of an advanced practice 11 registered nurse with full practice authority includes:

(1) all matters included in subsection (c) of Section
65-30 of this Act;

14 (2) practicing without a written collaborative 15 agreement in all practice settings consistent with 16 national certification;

17 (3) authority to prescribe both legend drugs and II through V controlled 18 Schedule substances; this 19 authority includes prescription of, selection of, orders 20 for, administration of, storage of, acceptance of samples 21 of, and dispensing over the counter medications, legend 22 drugs, and controlled substances categorized as anv 23 Schedule II through V controlled substances, as defined in 24 Article II of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, and 25 other preparations, including, but not limited to, botanical and herbal remedies; 26

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1 (4) prescribing benzodiazepines or Schedule 2 narcotic drugs, such as opioids, only in a consultation this 3 relationship with а physician; consultation relationship shall be recorded in the Prescription 4 Monitoring Program website, pursuant to Section 316 of the 5 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, by the physician and 6 7 advanced practice registered nurse with full practice 8 authority and is not required to be filed with the 9 Department; the specific Schedule II narcotic drug must be 10 identified by either brand name or generic name; the 11 specific Schedule II narcotic drug, such as an opioid, may 12 be administered by oral dosage or topical or transdermal application; delivery by injection or other route of 13 14 administration is not permitted; at least monthly, the 15 advanced practice registered nurse and the physician must 16 discuss the condition of any patients for whom a 17 benzodiazepine or opioid is prescribed; nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require a prescription by 18 19 an advanced practice registered nurse with full practice 20

authority to obtain an Illinois 21 (5) controlled 22 substance license and a federal Druq Enforcement 23 Administration number; and

24

(6) use of only local anesthetic.

authority to require a physician name;

25 The scope of practice of an advanced practice registered 26 nurse does not include operative surgery. Nothing in this

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- Section shall be construed to preclude an advanced practice
 registered nurse from assisting in surgery.

3 (d) The Department may adopt rules necessary to administer
4 this Section, including, but not limited to, requiring the
5 completion of forms and the payment of fees.

6 (e) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize an 7 advanced practice registered nurse with full practice 8 authority to provide health care services required by law or 9 rule to be performed by a physician, including, but not 10 limited to, those acts to be performed by a physician in 11 Section 3.1 of the Illinois Abortion Law of 2023.

12 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 102-75, eff. 1-1-22.)

13 (225 ILCS 65/65-65) (was 225 ILCS 65/15-55)

14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

Sec. 65-65. Reports relating to APRN professional conduct and capacity.

17 (a) Entities Required to Report.

(1) Health Care Institutions. The chief administrator 18 or executive officer of a health care institution licensed 19 by the Department of Public Health, which provides the 20 21 minimum due process set forth in Section 10.4 of the 22 Hospital Licensing Act, shall report to the Board when an 23 advanced practice registered nurse's organized 24 professional staff clinical privileges are terminated or 25 are restricted based on a final determination, in

accordance with that institution's bylaws or rules and 1 2 regulations, that (i) a person has either committed an act 3 or acts that may directly threaten patient care and that are not of an administrative nature or (ii) that a person 4 5 may have a mental or physical disability that may endanger patients under that person's care. The chief administrator 6 7 or officer shall also report if an advanced practice voluntary termination 8 registered nurse accepts or 9 restriction of clinical privileges in lieu of formal 10 action based upon conduct related directly to patient care 11 and not of an administrative nature, or in lieu of formal 12 action seeking to determine whether a person may have a 13 mental or physical disability that may endanger patients 14 under that person's care. The Department shall provide by 15 rule for the reporting to it of all instances in which a 16 person licensed under this Article, who is impaired by 17 reason of age, drug, or alcohol abuse or physical or impairment, is under supervision and, where 18 mental 19 appropriate, is in a program of rehabilitation. Reports 20 submitted under this subsection shall be strictly 21 confidential and may be reviewed and considered only by 22 the members of the Board or authorized staff as provided 23 by rule of the Department. Provisions shall be made for 24 the periodic report of the status of any such reported 25 person not less than twice annually in order that the 26 Board shall have current information upon which to

determine the status of that person. Initial and periodic 1 reports of impaired advanced practice registered nurses 2 3 shall not be considered records within the meaning of the State Records Act and shall be disposed of, following a 4 5 determination by the Board that such reports are no longer 6 required, in a manner and at an appropriate time as the Board shall determine by rule. The filing of reports 7 submitted under this subsection shall be construed as the 8 9 filing of a report for purposes of subsection (c) of this Section. Such health care institution shall not take any 10 11 adverse action, including, but not limited to, restricting 12 terminating any person's clinical privileges, as a 13 result of an adverse action against a person's license 14 clinical privileges or other disciplinary action by 15 another state or health care institution that resulted from the person's provision of, authorization of, 16 17 recommendation of, aiding or assistance with, referral for, or participation in any health care service 18 if the 19 adverse action was based solely on a violation of the 20 other state's law prohibiting the provision of such health 21 care and related services in the state or for a resident of 22 the state if that health care service would not have been 23 unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent 24 with the standards of conduct for advanced practice 25 registered nurses practicing in Illinois.

26

(2) Professional Associations. The President or chief

executive officer of an association or society of persons 1 licensed under this Article, operating within this State, 2 3 shall report to the Board when the association or society renders a final determination that a person licensed under 4 5 this Article has committed unprofessional conduct related 6 directly to patient care or that a person may have a mental 7 or physical disability that may endanger patients under 8 the person's care.

9 (3) Professional Liability Insurers. Every insurance 10 company that offers policies of professional liability 11 insurance to persons licensed under this Article, or any 12 other entity that seeks to indemnify the professional liability of a person licensed under this Article, shall 13 14 report to the Board the settlement of any claim or cause of 15 action, or final judgment rendered in any cause of action, 16 that alleged negligence in the furnishing of patient care by the licensee when the settlement or final judgment is 17 in favor of the plaintiff. Such insurance company shall 18 19 not take any adverse action, including, but not limited 20 to, denial or revocation of coverage, or rate increases, 21 against a person licensed under this Act with respect to 22 coverage for services provided in Illinois if based solely 23 person providing, authorizing, recommending, the 24 assisting, referring for, -otherwise aiding, or 25 participating in health care services this State 26 violation of another state's law, or a revocation or other

adverse action against the person's license in another 1 2 state for violation of such law if that health care service as provided would have been lawful and consistent 3 with the standards of conduct for registered nurses and 4 5 advanced practice registered nurses if it occurred in 6 Illinois. Notwithstanding this provision, it is against 7 public policy to require coverage for an illegal action.

8 (4) State's Attorneys. The State's Attorney of each 9 county shall report to the Board all instances in which a 10 person licensed under this Article is convicted or 11 otherwise found guilty of the commission of a felony.

12 (5) State Agencies. All agencies, boards, commissions, 13 departments, or other instrumentalities of the government 14 of this State shall report to the Board any instance 15 arising in connection with the operations of the agency, 16 including the administration of any law by the agency, in 17 which a person licensed under this Article has either committed an act or acts that may constitute a violation 18 19 this Article, that may constitute unprofessional of conduct related directly to patient care, or that 20 indicates that a person licensed under this Article may 21 22 have a mental or physical disability that may endanger 23 patients under that person's care.

(b) Mandatory Reporting. All reports required under items
(16) and (17) of subsection (a) of Section 70-5 shall be
submitted to the Board in a timely fashion. The reports shall

be filed in writing within 60 days after a determination that a report is required under this Article. All reports shall contain the following information:

4 (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the 5 person making the report.

6 (2) The name, address, and telephone number of the 7 person who is the subject of the report.

8 (3) The name or other means of identification of any 9 patient or patients whose treatment is a subject of the 10 report, except that no medical records may be revealed 11 without the written consent of the patient or patients.

12 (4) A brief description of the facts that gave rise to
13 the issuance of the report, including, but not limited to,
14 the dates of any occurrences deemed to necessitate the
15 filing of the report.

16 (5) If court action is involved, the identity of the 17 court in which the action is filed, the docket number, and 18 date of filing of the action.

19 (6) Any further pertinent information that the
 20 reporting party deems to be an aid in the evaluation of the
 21 report.

Nothing contained in this Section shall be construed to in any way waive or modify the confidentiality of medical reports and committee reports to the extent provided by law. Any information reported or disclosed shall be kept for the confidential use of the Board, the Board's attorneys, the investigative staff, and authorized clerical staff and shall
 be afforded the same status as is provided information
 concerning medical studies in Part 21 of Article VIII of the
 Code of Civil Procedure.

5 (C)Immunity from Prosecution. An individual or organization acting in good faith, and not in a willful and 6 7 wanton manner, in complying with this Section by providing a 8 report or other information to the Board, by assisting in the 9 investigation or preparation of a report or information, by 10 participating in proceedings of the Board, or by serving as a 11 member of the Board shall not, as a result of such actions, be 12 subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages.

13 (d) Indemnification. Members of the Board, the Board's staff, advanced 14 the investigative practice attorneys, 15 registered nurses or physicians retained under contract to 16 assist and advise in the investigation, and authorized 17 clerical staff shall be indemnified by the State for any actions (i) occurring within the scope of services on the 18 Board, (ii) performed in good faith, and (iii) not willful and 19 wanton in nature. The Attorney General shall defend all 20 21 actions taken against those persons unless he or she 22 determines either that there would be a conflict of interest 23 in the representation or that the actions complained of were not performed in good faith or were willful and wanton in 24 25 nature. If the Attorney General declines representation, the 26 member shall have the right to employ counsel of his or her

choice, whose fees shall be provided by the State, after 1 2 approval by the Attorney General, unless there is a 3 determination by a court that the member's actions were not performed in good faith or were willful and wanton in nature. 4 5 The member shall notify the Attorney General within 7 days of receipt of notice of the initiation of an action involving 6 7 services of the Board. Failure to so notify the Attorney 8 General shall constitute an absolute waiver of the right to a 9 defense and indemnification. The Attorney General shall 10 determine within 7 days after receiving the notice whether he 11 or she will undertake to represent the member.

12 (e) Deliberations of Board. Upon the receipt of a report 13 called for by this Section, other than those reports of 14 impaired persons licensed under this Article required pursuant 15 to the rules of the Board, the Board shall notify in writing by 16 certified or registered mail or by email to the email address 17 of record the person who is the subject of the report. The notification shall be made within 30 days of receipt by the 18 Board of the report. The notification shall include a written 19 20 notice setting forth the person's right to examine the report. Included in the notification shall be the address at which the 21 22 file is maintained, the name of the custodian of the reports, 23 and the telephone number at which the custodian may be 24 reached. The person who is the subject of the report shall 25 submit a written statement responding to, clarifying, adding 26 to, or proposing to amend the report previously filed. The

statement shall become a permanent part of the file and shall 1 2 be received by the Board no more than 30 days after the date on 3 which the person was notified of the existence of the original report. The Board shall review all reports received by it and 4 5 any supporting information and responding statements submitted by persons who are the subject of reports. The review by the 6 7 Board shall be in a timely manner but in no event shall the Board's initial review of the material contained in each 8 9 disciplinary file be less than 61 days nor more than 180 days 10 after the receipt of the initial report by the Board. When the 11 Board makes its initial review of the materials contained 12 within its disciplinary files, the Board shall, in writing, make a determination as to whether there are sufficient facts 13 14 to warrant further investigation or action. Failure to make 15 that determination within the time provided shall be deemed to 16 be a determination that there are not sufficient facts to 17 warrant further investigation or action. Should the Board find that there are not sufficient facts to warrant 18 further 19 investigation or action, the report shall be accepted for 20 filing and the matter shall be deemed closed and so reported. The individual or entity filing the original report or 21 22 complaint and the person who is the subject of the report or 23 complaint shall be notified in writing by the Board of any 24 final action on their report or complaint.

25 (f) (Blank).

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(g) Any violation of this Section shall constitute a Class

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1 A misdemeanor.

2 (h) If a person violates the provisions of this Section, an action may be brought in the name of the People of the State 3 of Illinois, through the Attorney General of the State of 4 5 Illinois, for an order enjoining the violation or for an order enforcing compliance with this Section. Upon filing of a 6 7 petition in court, the court may issue a temporary restraining 8 order without notice or bond and may preliminarily or 9 permanently enjoin the violation, and if it is established 10 that the person has violated or is violating the injunction, 11 the court may punish the offender for contempt of court. 12 Proceedings under this subsection shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, all other remedies and penalties provided for 13 14 by this Section.

15 (i) The Department may adopt rules to implement the 16 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 17 Assembly.

18 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

19 (225 ILCS 65/70-5) (was 225 ILCS 65/10-45)

20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

21

1 Sec. 70-5. Grounds for disciplinary action.

(a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may
 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other
 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may
 deem appropriate, including fines not to exceed \$10,000 per

violation, with regard to a license for any one or combination
 of the causes set forth in subsection (b) below. All fines
 collected under this Section shall be deposited in the Nursing
 Dedicated and Professional Fund.

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(b) Grounds for disciplinary action include the following:

(1) Material deception in furnishing information to the Department.

8 (2) Material violations of any provision of this Act 9 or violation of the rules of or final administrative 10 action of the Secretary, after consideration of the 11 recommendation of the Board.

12 (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by 13 sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, 14 15 convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, 16 conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States: (i) 17 that is a felony; or (ii) that is a misdemeanor, an 18 19 essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is 20 directly related to the practice of the profession.

(4) A pattern of practice or other behavior which
 demonstrates incapacity or incompetency to practice under
 this Act.

(5) Knowingly aiding or assisting another person in
 violating any provision of this Act or rules.

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(6) Failing, within 90 days, to provide a response to

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a request for information in response to a written request made by the Department by certified or registered mail or by email to the email address of record.

4 (7) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or
5 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,
6 defraud, or harm the public, as defined by rule.

7 (8) Unlawful taking, theft, selling, distributing, or
8 manufacturing of any drug, narcotic, or prescription
9 device.

10 (9) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, 11 narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug 12 that could result in a licensee's inability to practice 13 with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

14 (10) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or 15 foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the 16 discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to 17 those set forth in this Section.

18 (11) A finding that the licensee, after having her or 19 his license placed on probationary status or subject to 20 conditions or restrictions, has violated the terms of 21 probation or failed to comply with such terms or 22 conditions.

(12) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated
report by the Department of Children and Family Services
and under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act,
and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the

licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or
 neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected
 Child Reporting Act.

4 (13) Willful omission to file or record, or willfully 5 impeding the filing or recording or inducing another 6 person to omit to file or record medical reports as 7 required by law.

8 (13.5) Willfully failing to report an instance of 9 suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused 10 and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

(14) Gross negligence in the practice of practical,
 professional, or advanced practice registered nursing.

13 (15) Holding oneself out to be practicing nursing14 under any name other than one's own.

15 (16) Failure of a licensee to report to the Department 16 any adverse final action taken against him or her by 17 another licensing jurisdiction of the United States or any foreign state or country, any peer review body, any health 18 19 care institution, any professional or nursing society or 20 association, any governmental agency, any law enforcement agency, or any court or a nursing liability claim related 21 22 to acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would 23 constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.

(17) Failure of a licensee to report to the Department
 surrender by the licensee of a license or authorization to
 practice nursing or advanced practice registered nursing

in another state or jurisdiction or current surrender by 1 2 the licensee of membership on any nursing staff or in any 3 nursing or advanced practice registered nursing or while association society 4 professional or under 5 disciplinary investigation by any of those authorities or bodies for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that 6 7 would constitute grounds for action as defined by this 8 Section.

9 (18) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information 10 in response to a written request made by the Department.

(19) Failure to establish and maintain records of
 patient care and treatment as required by law.

(20) Fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in applying
for or procuring a license under this Act or in connection
with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.

16 (21) Allowing another person or organization to use17 the licensee's license to deceive the public.

18 (22) Willfully making or filing false records or
19 reports in the licensee's practice, including, but not
20 limited to, false records to support claims against the
21 medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare
22 and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid)
23 under the Illinois Public Aid Code.

24 (23) Attempting to subvert or cheat on a licensing
 25 examination administered under this Act.

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(24) Immoral conduct in the commission of an act,

including, but not limited to, sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual exploitation, related to the licensee's practice.

4 (25) Willfully or negligently violating the 5 confidentiality between nurse and patient except as 6 required by law.

7 (26) Practicing under a false or assumed name, except
8 as provided by law.

9 (27) The use of any false, fraudulent, or deceptive 10 statement in any document connected with the licensee's 11 practice.

12 (28) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving 13 person, firm, corporation, partnership, from а or 14 association a fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for professional services not actually or 15 16 personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (28) 17 affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment arrangements among health care professionals, health 18 19 facilities, health care providers, or other entities, 20 except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, 21 22 health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits 23 for the provision of services within the scope of the 24 licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this 25 paragraph (28) shall be construed to require an employment 26 arrangement to receive professional fees for services - 238 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

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1 rendered.

2 (29) A violation of the Health Care Worker
3 Self-Referral Act.

4 (30) Physical illness, mental illness, or disability
5 that results in the inability to practice the profession
6 with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

7 (31) Exceeding the terms of a collaborative agreement
8 or the prescriptive authority delegated to a licensee by
9 his or her collaborating physician or podiatric physician
10 in guidelines established under a written collaborative
11 agreement.

12 (32) Making a false or misleading statement regarding 13 a licensee's skill or the efficacy or value of the 14 medicine, treatment, or remedy prescribed by him or her in 15 the course of treatment.

16 (33) Prescribing, selling, administering, 17 distributing, giving, or self-administering a drug 18 classified as a controlled substance (designated product) 19 or narcotic for other than medically accepted therapeutic 20 purposes.

(34) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices,
appliances, or goods provided for a patient in a manner to
exploit the patient for financial gain.

24 (35) Violating State or federal laws, rules, or
 25 regulations relating to controlled substances.

26 (36) Willfully or negligently violating the

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confidentiality between an advanced practice registered nurse, collaborating physician, dentist, or podiatric physician and a patient, except as required by law.

4 (37) Willfully failing to report an instance of 5 suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or 6 self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and 7 required by the Adult Protective Services Act.

8 (38) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by 9 the Department on Aging and under the Adult Protective 10 Services Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing 11 evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or 12 financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the 13 Adult Protective Services Act.

14 (39) A violation of any provision of this Act or any15 rules adopted under this Act.

16 (40) Violating the Compassionate Use of Medical17 Cannabis Program Act.

(b 5) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 18 19 suspend, place on probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary 20 21 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 22 practice as a registered nurse or an advanced practice 23 registered nurse based solely upon the registered nurse advanced practice registered nurse providing, authorizing, 24 25 recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, or otherwise 26 participating in any health care service, so long as the care 1 was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of 2 whether the patient was a resident of this State or another 3 state.

(b-10) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 4 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or 5 6 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non disciplinary 7 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 8 practice as a registered nurse or an advanced practice 9 registered nurse based upon the registered nurse's or advanced 10 practice registered nurse's license being revoked or 11 suspended, or the registered nurse or advanced practice 12 registered nurse being otherwise disciplined by any other state, if that revocation, suspension, or other form 13 of discipline was based solely on the registered nurse or 14 15 advanced practice registered nurse violating another state's 16 laws prohibiting the provision of, authorization of, 17 recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health care service if that health care 18 service as provided would not have been unlawful under the 19 20 laws of this State and is consistent with the standards of 21 conduct for the registered nurse or advanced practice 22 registered nurse practicing in Illinois.

23 (b-15) The conduct specified in subsections (b-5) and 24 (b-10) shall not trigger reporting requirements under Section 25 65-65 or constitute grounds for suspension under Section 26 70-60.

(b-20) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or 1 2 authorization under this Act who has been subject to disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional 3 disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the 4 5 basis of having provided, authorized, recommended, aided, assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health 6 7 care shall not be denied such licensure, certification, or authorization, unless the Department determines that such 8 9 action would have constituted professional misconduct in this 10 State; however, nothing in this Section shall be construed as 11 prohibiting the Department from evaluating the conduct of such 12 applicant and making a determination regarding the licensure, 13 certification, or authorization to practice a profession under this Act. 14

(c) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee 15 16 is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as 17 provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, as amended, operates as an automatic suspension. The 18 suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the 19 20 patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and issues an order so finding and 21 22 discharging the patient; and upon the recommendation of the 23 Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice. 24

25 (d) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend or 26 otherwise discipline the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

(e) In enforcing this Act, the Department, upon a showing 6 7 of a possible violation, may compel an individual licensed to 8 practice under this Act or who has applied for licensure under 9 this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or 10 both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The 11 Department may order the examining physician to present 12 testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the 13 licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to 14 15 communications between the licensee or applicant and the 16 examining physician. The examining physicians shall be 17 specifically designated by the Department. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another 18 physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of 19 this examination. Failure of an individual to submit to a 20 21 mental or physical examination, when directed, shall result in 22 an automatic suspension without hearing.

All substance-related violations shall mandate an automatic substance abuse assessment. Failure to submit to an assessment by a licensed physician who is certified as an addictionist or an advanced practice registered nurse with

specialty certification in addictions may be grounds for an
 automatic suspension, as defined by rule.

If the Department finds an individual unable to practice 3 or unfit for duty because of the reasons set forth in this 4 5 subsection (e), the Department may require that individual to submit to a substance abuse evaluation or treatment by 6 7 individuals or programs approved or designated by the 8 condition, term, or restriction Department, as а for 9 continued, restored, or renewed licensure to practice; or, in 10 lieu of evaluation or treatment, the Department may file, or 11 the Board may recommend to the Department to file, a complaint 12 to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the 13 license of the individual. An individual whose license was 14 granted, continued, restored, renewed, disciplined, or supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions, 15 16 and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or 17 restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual shall have his or 18 her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the 19 20 Department.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license under this subsection (e), a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 15 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to review the subject individual's record of treatment and

1 counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by 2 applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the 3 confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act and affected under this subsection (e) shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department that he or she can resume practice in compliance with nursing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

9 (f) The Department may adopt rules to implement the 10 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 11 Assembly.

12 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 13 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

14 Section 5-105. The Pharmacy Practice Act is amended by 15 changing Sections 30, 30.1, and 43 as follows:

16 (225 ILCS 85/30) (from Ch. 111, par. 4150)

17 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

18 Sec. 30. Refusal, revocation, suspension, or other 19 discipline.

(a) The Department may refuse to issue or renew, or may
revoke a license, or may suspend, place on probation, fine, or
take any disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the
Department may deem proper, including fines not to exceed
\$10,000 for each violation, with regard to any licensee for

any one or combination of the following causes: 1 2 1. Material misstatement in furnishing information to 3 the Department. 2. Violations of this Act, or the rules promulgated 4 5 hereunder. 6 3. Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of 7 obtaining licenses. of 4. А pattern conduct which 8 demonstrates 9 incompetence or unfitness to practice. 10 5. Aiding or assisting another person in violating any 11 provision of this Act or rules. 12 6. Failing, within 60 days, to respond to a written request made by the Department for information. 13 14 7. Engaging in unprofessional, dishonorable, or 15 unethical conduct of a character likely to deceive, 16 defraud or harm the public as defined by rule. 17 8. Adverse action taken by another state or jurisdiction against a license or other authorization to 18 19 practice as a pharmacy, pharmacist, registered certified pharmacy technician, or registered pharmacy technician 20 21 that is the same or substantially equivalent to those set

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forth in this Section, a certified copy of the record of the action taken by the other state or jurisdiction being prima facie evidence thereof.

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 9. Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from
 26 any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association

any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation 1 2 for any professional services not actually or personally 3 rendered. Nothing in this item 9 affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment arrangements among 4 5 health care professionals, health facilities, health care other entities, except 6 providers, or as otherwise 7 prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include 8 provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or 9 other employment benefits for the provision of services 10 within the scope of the licensee's practice under this 11 Act. Nothing in this item 9 shall be construed to require 12 an employment arrangement to receive professional fees for services rendered. 13

14 10. A finding by the Department that the licensee,
15 after having his license placed on probationary status,
16 has violated the terms of probation.

17 11. Selling or engaging in the sale of drug samples18 provided at no cost by drug manufacturers.

19 12. Physical illness, including, but not limited to, 20 deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor 21 skill which results in the inability to practice the 22 profession with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.

23 13. A finding that licensure or registration has been24 applied for or obtained by fraudulent means.

25 14. Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere,
26 finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or

sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of pharmacy or involves controlled substances.

8 15. Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, 9 narcotics, stimulants or any other chemical agent or drug 10 which results in the inability to practice with reasonable 11 judgment, skill or safety.

12 16. Willfully making or filing false records or 13 reports in the practice of pharmacy, including, but not 14 limited to, false records to support claims against the 15 medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare 16 and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) 17 under the Public Aid Code.

17. Gross and willful overcharging for professional 18 19 services including filing false statements for collection of fees for which services are not rendered, including, 20 but not limited to, filing false statements for collection 21 22 of monies for services not rendered from the medical 23 assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and 24 Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) under 25 the Public Aid Code.

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18. Dispensing prescription drugs without receiving a

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written or oral prescription in violation of law.

2 19. Upon a finding of a substantial discrepancy in a 3 Department audit of a prescription drug, including 4 controlled substances, as that term is defined in this Act 5 or in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.

6 20. Physical or mental illness or any other impairment 7 disability, including, without limitation: (A) or deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor 8 9 skills that results in the inability to practice with 10 reasonable judgment, skill or safety; or (B) mental 11 incompetence, as declared by a court of competent 12 jurisdiction.

13 21. Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral14 Act.

15 22. Failing to sell or dispense any drug, medicine, or 16 poison in good faith. "Good faith", for the purposes of 17 this Section, has the meaning ascribed to it in subsection 18 (u) of Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances 19 Act. "Good faith", as used in this item (22), shall not be 20 limited to the sale or dispensing of controlled 21 substances, but shall apply to all prescription drugs.

22 23. Interfering with the professional judgment of a 23 pharmacist by any licensee under this Act, or the 24 licensee's agents or employees.

25 24. Failing to report within 60 days to the Department
 26 any adverse final action taken against a pharmacy,

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pharmacist, registered pharmacy technician, or registered 1 2 certified pharmacy technician by another licensing 3 jurisdiction in any other state or any territory of the United States any foreign jurisdiction, 4 or 5 governmental agency, any law enforcement agency, or any court for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that 6

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would constitute grounds for discipline as defined in this 7 8 Section.

9 25. Failing to comply with a subpoena issued in accordance with Section 35.5 of this Act. 10

11 26. Disclosing protected health information in 12 violation of any State or federal law.

13 27. Willfully failing to report an instance of 14 suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or 15 self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and 16 required by the Adult Protective Services Act.

17 28. Being named as an abuser in a verified report by Department on Aging under the Adult Protective 18 the 19 Services Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing abused, 20 evidence that the licensee neglected, or 21 financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the 22 Adult Protective Services Act.

23 29. Using advertisements or making solicitations that 24 may jeopardize the health, safety, or welfare of patients, 25 including, but not limited to, the use of advertisements 26 or solicitations that:

(A) are false, fraudulent, deceptive, or
 misleading; or

3 (B) include any claim regarding a professional
4 service or product or the cost or price thereof that
5 cannot be substantiated by the licensee.

6 30. Requiring a pharmacist to participate in the use 7 or distribution of advertisements or in making 8 solicitations that may jeopardize the health, safety, or 9 welfare of patients.

10 31. Failing to provide a working environment for all 11 pharmacy personnel that protects the health, safety, and 12 welfare of a patient, which includes, but is not limited 13 to, failing to:

(A) employ sufficient personnel to prevent
fatigue, distraction, or other conditions that
interfere with a pharmacist's ability to practice with
competency and safety or creates an environment that
jeopardizes patient care;

19 (B) provide appropriate opportunities for
20 uninterrupted rest periods and meal breaks;

(C) provide adequate time for a pharmacist to
complete professional duties and responsibilities,
including, but not limited to:

24 (i) drug utilization review;

25 (ii) immunization;

26 (iii) counseling;

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(iv) verification of the accuracy of a prescription; and

3 (v) all other duties and responsibilities of a
4 pharmacist as listed in the rules of the
5 Department.

6 32. Introducing or enforcing external factors, such as 7 productivity or production quotas or other programs 8 against pharmacists, student pharmacists or pharmacy 9 technicians, to the extent that they interfere with the 10 ability of those individuals to provide appropriate 11 professional services to the public.

12 33. Providing an incentive for or inducing the 13 transfer of a prescription for a patient absent a 14 professional rationale.

(b) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

(c) The Department shall revoke any license issued under the provisions of this Act or any prior Act of this State of any person who has been convicted a second time of committing any felony under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or who has been convicted a second time of committing a Class 1 1 felony under Sections 8A-3 and 8A-6 of the Illinois Public Aid 2 Code. A person whose license issued under the provisions of 3 this Act or any prior Act of this State is revoked under this 4 subsection (c) shall be prohibited from engaging in the 5 practice of pharmacy in this State.

6 (c 5) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 7 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non disciplinary 8 9 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 10 practice as a pharmacist, registered pharmacy technician, or 11 registered certified pharmacy technician based solely upon the 12 pharmacist, registered pharmacy technician, or registered 13 certified pharmacy technician providing, authorizing, recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, or otherwise 14 15 participating in any health care service, so long as the care 16 was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of 17 whether the patient was a resident of this State or another 18 state.

19 (c 10) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 20 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or 21 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary 22 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 23 practice as a pharmacist, registered pharmacy technician, or registered certified pharmacy technician based upon the 24 25 pharmacist's, registered pharmacy technician's, or registered 26 certified pharmacy technician's license being revoked or

suspended, or the pharmacist being otherwise disciplined by 1 2 any other state, if that revocation, suspension, or other form of discipline was based solely on the pharmacist, registered 3 pharmacy technician, or registered certified pharmacy 4 5 technician violating another state's laws prohibiting the provision of, authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or 6 7 assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health care service if that health care service as provided would not 8 have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is 9 10 consistent with the standards of conduct for a pharmacist, registered pharmacy technician, or registered certified 11 12 pharmacy technician practicing in Illinois.

13 (c-15) The conduct specified in subsections (c-5) and 14 (c-10) shall not constitute grounds for suspension under 15 Section 35.16.

16 (c 20) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or 17 authorization pursuant to this Act who has been subject to disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional 18 disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the 19 20 basis of having provided, authorized, recommended, aided, 21 assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health 22 care shall not be denied such licensure, certification, or authorization, unless the Department determines that 23 such action would have constituted professional misconduct in this 24 25 State; however, nothing in this Section shall be construed as 26 prohibiting the Department from evaluating the conduct of such

1 applicant and making a determination regarding the licensure, 2 certification, or authorization to practice a profession under 3 this Act.

(d) Fines may be imposed in conjunction with other forms
of disciplinary action, but shall not be the exclusive
disposition of any disciplinary action arising out of conduct
resulting in death or injury to a patient. Fines shall be paid
within 60 days or as otherwise agreed to by the Department. Any
funds collected from such fines shall be deposited in the
Illinois State Pharmacy Disciplinary Fund.

11 (e) The entry of an order or judgment by any circuit court 12 establishing that any person holding a license or certificate under this Act is a person in need of mental treatment operates 13 14 as a suspension of that license. A licensee may resume his or 15 her practice only upon the entry of an order of the Department based upon a finding by the Board that he or she has been 16 17 determined to be recovered from mental illness by the court and upon the Board's recommendation that the licensee be 18 19 permitted to resume his or her practice.

20 (f) The Department shall issue quarterly to the Board a 21 status of all complaints related to the profession received by 22 the Department.

(g) In enforcing this Section, the Board or the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any licensee or applicant for licensure under this Act to submit to a mental or physical examination or both, as

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required by and at the expense of the Department. 1 examining physician, or multidisciplinary team involved in 2 providing physical and mental examinations led by a physician 3 consisting of one or a combination of licensed physicians, 4 5 licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed clinical professional counselors, and other 6 and administrative staff, 7 professional shall be those 8 specifically designated by the Department. The Board or the 9 Department may order the examining physician or any member of 10 the multidisciplinary team to present testimony concerning 11 this mental or physical examination of the licensee or 12 applicant. No information, report, or other documents in any way related to the examination shall be excluded by reason of 13 statutory privilege 14 common law or relating anv 15 communication between the licensee or applicant and the 16 examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary 17 team. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during 18 all aspects of the examination. Failure of any individual to 19 20 submit to a mental or physical examination when directed shall result in the automatic suspension of his or her license until 21 22 such time as the individual submits to the examination. If the 23 Board or Department finds a pharmacist, registered certified pharmacy technician, or registered pharmacy technician unable 24 25 to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section,

26 the Board or Department shall require such pharmacist,

registered certified pharmacy technician, or registered 1 2 pharmacy technician to submit to care, counseling, or 3 treatment by physicians or other appropriate health care providers approved or designated by the Department as a 4 5 condition for continued, restored, or renewed licensure to Any pharmacist, registered certified 6 practice. pharmacv 7 technician, or registered pharmacy technician whose license was granted, continued, restored, renewed, disciplined, or 8 9 supervised, subject such terms, conditions, to or 10 restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, 11 conditions, or restrictions or to complete a required program 12 of care, counseling, or treatment, as determined by the chief 13 pharmacy coordinator, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the licensee shall have his or her 14 15 license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Board. 16 In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a 17 license under this subsection (q), a hearing upon such person's license must be convened by the Board within 15 days 18 after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay. 19 20 The Department and Board shall have the authority to review 21 the subject pharmacist's, registered certified pharmacy 22 technician's, or registered pharmacy technician's record of 23 treatment and counseling regarding the impairment.

(h) An individual or organization acting in good faith,
and not in a willful and wanton manner, in complying with this
Section by providing a report or other information to the

Board, by assisting in the investigation or preparation of a report or information, by participating in proceedings of the Board, or by serving as a member of the Board shall not, as a result of such actions, be subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages. Any person who reports a violation of this Section to the Department is protected under subsection (b) of Section 15 of the Whistleblower Act.

8 (i) Members of the Board shall have no liability in any 9 action based upon any disciplinary proceedings or other 10 activity performed in good faith as a member of the Board. The 11 Attorney General shall defend all such actions unless he or 12 she determines either that there would be a conflict of 13 interest in such representation or that the actions complained 14 of were not in good faith or were willful and wanton.

15 If the Attorney General declines representation, the 16 member shall have the right to employ counsel of his or her 17 choice, whose fees shall be provided by the State, after 18 approval by the Attorney General, unless there is a 19 determination by a court that the member's actions were not in 20 good faith or were willful and wanton.

The member must notify the Attorney General within 7 days of receipt of notice of the initiation of any action involving services of the Board. Failure to so notify the Attorney General shall constitute an absolute waiver of the right to a defense and indemnification.

26 The Attorney General shall determine, within 7 days after

1 receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to 2 represent the member.

3 (j) The Department may adopt rules to implement the
4 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
5 Assembly.
6 (Source: P.A. 101-621, eff. 1-1-20; 102-882, eff. 1-1-23;

7 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

8 (225 ILCS 85/30.1)

9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

10 Sec. 30.1. Reporting.

11 When a pharmacist, registered certified pharmacy (a) 12 technician, or a registered pharmacy technician licensed by the Department is terminated for actions which may have 13 14 threatened patient safety, the pharmacy or 15 pharmacist-in-charge, pursuant to the policies and procedures 16 of the pharmacy at which he or she is employed, shall report the termination to the chief pharmacy coordinator. Such 17 reports shall be strictly confidential and may be reviewed and 18 considered only by the members of the Board or by authorized 19 Department staff. Such reports, and any records associated 20 21 with such reports, are exempt from public disclosure and the 22 Freedom of Information Act. Although the reports are exempt from disclosure, any formal complaint filed against a licensee 23 24 or registrant by the Department or any order issued by the 25 Department against a licensee, registrant, or applicant shall

be a public record, except as otherwise prohibited by law. A 1 2 pharmacy shall not take any adverse action, including, but not limited to, disciplining or terminating a pharmacist, 3 registered certified pharmacy technician, or registered 4 5 pharmacy technician, as a result of an adverse action against 6 the person's license or clinical privileges or - other 7 disciplinary action by another state or health care 8 institution that resulted from the pharmacist's, registered certified pharmacy technician's, or registered pharmacy 9 10 technician's provision of, authorization of, recommendation 11 of, aiding or assistance with, referral for, or participation 12 in any health care service, if the adverse action was based solely on a violation of the other state's law prohibiting 13 the provision such health care and related services in the state 14 15 or for a resident of the state.

(b) The report shall be submitted to the chief pharmacy coordinator in a timely fashion. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the reports shall be filed in writing, on forms provided by the Department, within 60 days after a pharmacy's determination that a report is required under this Act. All reports shall contain only the following information:

(1) The name, address, and telephone number of theperson making the report.

(2) The name, license number, and last known address
and telephone number of the person who is the subject of
the report.

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1 (3) A brief description of the facts which gave rise 2 to the issuance of the report, including dates of 3 occurrence.

4 (c) The contents of any report and any records associated
5 with such report shall be strictly confidential and may only
6 be reviewed by:

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(1) members of the Board of Pharmacy;

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(2) the Board of Pharmacy's designated attorney;

9 (3) administrative personnel assigned to open mail 10 containing reports, to process and distribute reports to 11 authorized persons, and to communicate with senders of 12 reports;

13 (4) Department investigators and Department14 prosecutors; or

(5) attorneys from the Office of the Illinois Attorney
General representing the Department in litigation in
response to specific disciplinary action the Department
has taken or initiated against a specific individual
pursuant to this Section.

(d) Whenever a pharmacy or pharmacist-in-charge makes a report and provides any records associated with that report to the Department, acts in good faith, and not in a willful and wanton manner, the person or entity making the report and the pharmacy or health care institution employing him or her shall not, as a result of such actions, be subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages.

1	(c) The Department may adopt rules to implement the
2	changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
3	Assembly.
4	(Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)
5	(225 ILCS 85/43)
6	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)
7	Sec. 43. Dispensation of hormonal contraceptives.
8	(a) The dispensing of hormonal contraceptives to a patient
9	shall be pursuant to a valid prescription , or pursuant to a
10	standing order by a physician licensed to practice medicine in
11	all its branches <u>or, a standing order by</u> the medical director
12	of a local health department, or a standing order by the
13	Department of Public Health pursuant to the following:
14	(1) a pharmacist may dispense no more than a 12-month
15	supply of hormonal contraceptives to a patient;
16	(2) a pharmacist must complete an educational training
17	program accredited by the Accreditation Council for
18	Pharmacy Education and approved by the Department that is
19	related to the patient self-screening risk assessment,
20	patient assessment contraceptive counseling and education,
21	and dispensation of hormonal contraceptives;
22	(3) a pharmacist shall have the patient complete the
23	self-screening risk assessment tool; the self-screening
24	risk assessment tool is to be based on the most current
25	version of the United States Medical Eligibility Criteria

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- for Contraceptive Use published by the federal Centers for
 Disease Control and Prevention;

3 (4) based upon the results of the self-screening risk
4 assessment and the patient assessment, the pharmacist
5 shall use his or her professional and clinical judgment as
6 to when a patient should be referred to the patient's
7 physician or another health care provider;

8 (5) a pharmacist shall provide, during the patient 9 assessment and consultation, counseling and education 10 about all methods of contraception, including methods not 11 covered under the standing order, and their proper use and 12 effectiveness;

13 (6) the patient consultation shall take place in a 14 private manner; and

15 (7) a pharmacist and pharmacy must maintain16 appropriate records.

17 (b) The Department may adopt rules to implement this18 Section.

(c) Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted to require a pharmacist to dispense hormonal contraception under a standing order issued by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches or the medical director of a local health department.

24 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of the law to the
 25 contrary, a pharmacist may dispense hormonal contraceptives in
 26 conformance with standing orders issued pursuant to this

Section without prior establishment of a relationship between
 the pharmacist and the person receiving hormonal

(c) No employee of the Department of Public Health issuing 4 5 a standing order pursuant to this Section shall, as a result of 6 the employee's acts or omissions in issuing the standing order 7 pursuant to this Section, be subject to (i) any disciplinary 8 or other adverse action under the Medical Practice Act of 9 1987, (ii) any civil liability, or (iii) any criminal 10 liability. 11 (Source: P.A. 102-103, eff. 1-1-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 12 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

Section 5-110. The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 14 1987 is amended by changing Sections 7.5 and 21 as follows:

15 (225 ILCS 95/7.5)

Sec. 7.5. Written collaborative agreements; prescriptive authority.

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

(a) A written collaborative agreement is required for all
 physician assistants to practice in the State, except as
 provided in Section 7.7 of this Act.

(1) A written collaborative agreement shall describe
 the working relationship of the physician assistant with
 the collaborating physician and shall describe the

contraception.

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1 categories of care, treatment, or procedures to be 2 provided by the physician assistant. The written 3 collaborative agreement shall promote the exercise of judgment by the physician 4 professional assistant 5 commensurate with his or her education and experience. The services to be provided by the physician assistant shall 6 7 be services that the collaborating physician is authorized to and generally provides to his or her patients in the 8 9 normal course of his or her clinical medical practice. The 10 written collaborative agreement need not describe the 11 exact steps that a physician assistant must take with 12 respect to each specific condition, disease, or symptom but must specify which authorized procedures require the 13 14 presence of the collaborating physician as the procedures 15 are being performed. The relationship under a written 16 collaborative agreement shall not be construed to require 17 the personal presence of a physician at the place where services are rendered. Methods of communication shall be 18 19 available for consultation with the collaborating 20 physician in person or by telecommunications or electronic communications as set forth in the written collaborative 21 22 agreement. For the purposes of this Act, "generally 23 provides to his or her patients in the normal course of his or her clinical medical practice" means services, not 24 25 specific tasks or duties, the collaborating physician 26 routinely provides individually or through delegation to

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other persons so that the physician has the experience and ability to collaborate and provide consultation.

3 (2) The written collaborative agreement shall be
 4 adequate if a physician does each of the following:

5 (A) Participates in the joint formulation and 6 joint approval of orders or guidelines with the 7 physician assistant and he or she periodically reviews 8 such orders and the services provided patients under 9 such orders in accordance with accepted standards of 10 medical practice and physician assistant practice.

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(B) Provides consultation at least once a month.

12 (3) A copy of the signed, written collaborative 13 agreement must be available to the Department upon request 14 from both the physician assistant and the collaborating 15 physician.

16 (4) A physician assistant shall inform each
17 collaborating physician of all written collaborative
18 agreements he or she has signed and provide a copy of these
19 to any collaborating physician upon request.

(b) A collaborating physician may, but is not required to, delegate prescriptive authority to a physician assistant as part of a written collaborative agreement. This authority may, but is not required to, include prescription of, selection of, orders for, administration of, storage of, acceptance of samples of, and dispensing medical devices, over the counter medications, legend drugs, medical gases, and controlled

substances categorized as Schedule II through V controlled 1 as defined in Article II of the Illinois 2 substances, 3 Controlled Substances Act, and other preparations, including, but not limited to, botanical and herbal remedies. 4 The 5 collaborating physician must have a valid, current Illinois 6 controlled substance license and federal registration with the 7 Drug Enforcement Administration to delegate the authority to 8 prescribe controlled substances.

9 (1) To prescribe Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled 10 substances under this Section, a physician assistant must 11 obtain a mid-level practitioner controlled substances 12 license. Medication orders issued by a physician assistant 13 shall be reviewed periodically by the collaborating 14 physician.

15 (2) The collaborating physician shall file with the 16 Department notice of delegation of prescriptive authority 17 to a physician assistant and termination of delegation, specifying the authority delegated or terminated. Upon 18 19 receipt of this notice delegating authority to prescribe controlled substances, the physician assistant shall be 20 21 eliqible to register for a mid-level practitioner 22 controlled substances license under Section 303.05 of the 23 Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Nothing in this Act 24 shall be construed to limit the delegation of tasks or 25 duties by the collaborating physician to a nurse or other 26 appropriately trained persons in accordance with Section

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54.2 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

(3) In addition to the requirements of this subsection
(b), a collaborating physician may, but is not required
to, delegate authority to a physician assistant to
prescribe Schedule II controlled substances, if all of the
following conditions apply:

7 (A) Specific Schedule II controlled substances by oral dosage or topical or transdermal application may 8 9 be delegated, provided that the delegated Schedule II 10 controlled substances are routinely prescribed by the 11 collaborating physician. This delegation must identify 12 the specific Schedule II controlled substances by either brand name or generic name. Schedule 13 ΙI 14 controlled substances to be delivered by injection or 15 other route of administration may not be delegated.

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(B) (Blank).

17 (C) Any prescription must be limited to no more
18 than a 30-day supply, with any continuation authorized
19 only after prior approval of the collaborating
20 physician.

21 (D) The physician assistant must discuss the 22 condition of any patients for whom a controlled 23 substance is prescribed monthly with the collaborating 24 physician.

(E) The physician assistant meets the education
 requirements of Section 303.05 of the Illinois

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Controlled Substances Act.

2 (c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the 3 delegation of tasks or duties by a physician to a licensed practical nurse, a registered professional nurse, or other 4 5 persons. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the 6 method of delegation that may be authorized by any means, 7 including, but not limited to, oral, written, electronic, 8 standing orders, protocols, guidelines, or verbal orders. 9 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize a 10 physician assistant to provide health care services required 11 by law or rule to be performed by a physician. Nothing in this 12 Act shall be construed to authorize the delegation or performance of operative surgery. Nothing in this 13 Section shall be construed to preclude a physician assistant from 14 15 assisting in surgery.

16 (c-5) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to apply 17 to any medication authority, including Schedule II controlled 18 substances of a licensed physician assistant for care provided 19 in a hospital, hospital affiliate, or ambulatory surgical 20 treatment center pursuant to Section 7.7 of this Act.

21 (d) (Blank).

(e) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibitgeneric substitution.

24 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)

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(225 ILCS 95/21) (from Ch. 111, par. 4621)

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(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028) Sec. 21. Grounds for disciplinary action.

(a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may
revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other
disciplinary or non-disciplinary action with regard to any
license issued under this Act as the Department may deem
proper, including the issuance of fines not to exceed \$10,000
for each violation, for any one or combination of the
following causes:

10 (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to11 the Department.

12 (2) Violations of this Act, or the rules adopted under13 this Act.

(3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, 14 15 finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or 16 sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions, 17 preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, first offender probation, under the laws of any 18 or 19 jurisdiction of the United States that is: (i) a felony; 20 or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is 21 dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of 22 the profession.

(4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of
 obtaining licenses.

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(5) Professional incompetence.

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(6) Aiding or assisting another person in violating

any provision of this Act or its rules.

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(7) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department.

(8) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct, as defined by rule, of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.

7 (9) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol,
8 narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug
9 that results in a physician assistant's inability to
10 practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

(10) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Section.

15 (11) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving 16 from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or 17 association any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually or 18 19 personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (11) 20 affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment 21 arrangements, which may include provisions for 22 health insurance, pension, or compensation, other 23 employment benefits, with persons or entities authorized under this Act for the provision of services within the 24 25 scope of the licensee's practice under this Act.

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(12) A finding by the Board that the licensee, after

having his or her license placed on probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.

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(13) Abandonment of a patient.

4 (14) Willfully making or filing false records or 5 reports in his or her practice, including but not limited 6 to false records filed with <u>State</u> agencies or 7 departments.

8 (15) Willfully failing to report an instance of 9 suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused 10 and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

(16) Physical illness, or mental illness or impairment that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill.

16 (17) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated 17 report by the Department of Children and Family Services 18 under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and 19 upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the 20 licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or 21 neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected 22 Child Reporting Act.

23

(18) (Blank).

24 (19) Gross negligence resulting in permanent injury or25 death of a patient.

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(20) Employment of fraud, deception or any unlawful

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1 means in applying for or securing a license as a physician 2 assistant.

3 (21) Exceeding the authority delegated to him or her 4 by his or her collaborating physician in a written 5 collaborative agreement.

6 (22) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, 7 such as sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual 8 exploitation related to the licensee's practice.

9 (23) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
10 Act.

11 (24) Practicing under a false or assumed name, except12 as provided by law.

13 (25) Making a false or misleading statement regarding
14 his or her skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine,
15 treatment, or remedy prescribed by him or her in the
16 course of treatment.

17 (26) Allowing another person to use his or her license18 to practice.

19 (27) Prescribing, selling, administering,
 20 distributing, giving, or self-administering a drug
 21 classified as a controlled substance for other than
 22 medically accepted therapeutic purposes.

(28) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices,
appliances, or goods provided for a patient in a manner to
exploit the patient for financial gain.

(29) A pattern of practice or other behavior that

demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under
 this Act.

3 (30) Violating State or federal laws or regulations
4 relating to controlled substances or other legend drugs or
5 ephedra as defined in the Ephedra Prohibition Act.

6 (31) Exceeding the prescriptive authority delegated by 7 the collaborating physician or violating the written 8 collaborative agreement delegating that authority.

9 (32) Practicing without providing to the Department a 10 notice of collaboration or delegation of prescriptive 11 authority.

12 (33) Failure to establish and maintain records of13 patient care and treatment as required by law.

14 (34) Attempting to subvert or cheat on the examination
15 of the National Commission on Certification of Physician
16 Assistants or its successor agency.

17 (35) Willfully or negligently violating the
 18 confidentiality between physician assistant and patient,
 19 except as required by law.

(36) Willfully failing to report an instance of
suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or
self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and
required by the Adult Protective Services Act.

(37) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by
 the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective
 Services Act and upon proof by clear and convincing

evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or
 financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the
 Adult Protective Services Act.

(38) Failure to report to the Department an adverse 4 5 final action taken against him or her by another licensing jurisdiction of the United States or a foreign state or 6 7 country, a peer review body, a health care institution, a 8 professional society or association, a governmental 9 agency, a law enforcement agency, or a court acts or 10 conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute 11 grounds for action under this Section.

12 (39) Failure to provide copies of records of patient13 care or treatment, except as required by law.

14 (40) Entering into an excessive number of written
 15 collaborative agreements with licensed physicians
 16 resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate.

17 (41) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a18 collaborating physician.

19 (42) Violating the Compassionate Use of Medical20 Cannabis Program Act.

(b) The Department may, without a hearing, refuse to issue or renew or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the 1 requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

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2 (b-5) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or 3 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary 4 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 5 practice as a physician assistant based solely upon the 6 physician assistant providing, authorizing, recommending, 7 aiding, assisting, referring for, or otherwise participating 8 9 in any health care service, so long as the care was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of whether 10 11 the patient was a resident of this State or another state.

12 (b-10) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue 13 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary 14 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 15 16 practice as a physician assistant based upon the physician 17 assistant's license being revoked or suspended, or the physician assistant being otherwise disciplined by any other 18 19 state, if that revocation, suspension, or other form of 20 discipline was based solely on the physician assistant violating another state's laws prohibiting the provision of, 21 22 authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, 23 referring for, or participation in any health care service if that health care service as provided would not have been 24 25 unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with 26 the standards of conduct for a physician assistant practicing

1 in Illinois.

2 (b-15) The conduct specified in subsections (b-5) and 3 (b-10) shall not constitute grounds for suspension under 4 Section 22.13.

5 (b 20) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or 6 authorization pursuant to this Act who has been subject to 7 disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional 8 disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the 9 basis of having provided, authorized, recommended, aided, 10 assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health 11 care shall not be denied such licensure, certification, or 12 authorization, unless the Department determines that such action would have constituted professional misconduct in 13 this State; however, nothing in this Section shall be construed as 14 prohibiting the Department from evaluating the conduct of such 15 16 applicant and making a determination regarding the licensure, 17 certification, or authorization to practice a profession under this Act. 18

(c) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee 19 is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as 20 provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 21 22 Code operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will 23 end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission 24 and issues an order so finding and discharging the patient, 25 and upon the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that 26

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1 the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.

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2 (d) In enforcing this Section, the Department upon a 3 showing of a possible violation may compel an individual 4 licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for 5 licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical 6 examination, or both, which may include a substance abuse or 7 sexual offender evaluation, as required by and at the expense 8 of the Department.

9 The Department shall specifically designate the examining 10 physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches 11 or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in 12 providing the mental or physical examination or both. The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to 13 practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one 14 or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice 15 16 medicine in all of its branches, licensed clinical 17 psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed clinical professional counselors, and other professional and 18 administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the 19 20 multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to submit to an examination pursuant to this Section to submit to 21 22 any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to 23 complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological 24 25 testing, or neuropsychological testing.

26 The Department may order the examining physician or any

member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the Department any and all records, including business records, that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any supplemental testing performed.

5 The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to present testimony 6 7 concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee 8 applicant. No information, report, record, or other or 9 documents in any way related to the examination shall be 10 excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege 11 relating to communications between the licensee or applicant 12 examining physician or any member and the of the 13 multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the 14 licensee or applicant ordered to undergo an examination for 15 the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary 16 team to provide information, reports, records, or other 17 documents or to provide any testimony regarding the examination and evaluation. 18

The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. However, that physician shall be present only to observe and may not interfere in any way with the examination.

Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when ordered, shall result in an automatic suspension of his or her license until the individual submits

1 to the examination.

2 If the Department finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the 3 Department may require that individual to submit to care, 4 5 counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department, as a condition, term, or restriction for 6 continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice; or, 7 8 in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may 9 file a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise 10 discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose 11 license was granted, continued, reinstated, renewed, 12 disciplined, or supervised subject to such terms, conditions, 13 or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to 14 the Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual 15 16 shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a 17 hearing by the Department.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a 18 person's license under this Section, a hearing on that 19 20 person's license must be convened by the Department within 30 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable 21 22 delay. The Department shall have the authority to review the 23 subject individual's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable 24 25 federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the 26 confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act and affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

(e) An individual or organization acting in good faith, 6 7 and not in a willful and wanton manner, in complying with this 8 Section by providing a report or other information to the 9 Board, by assisting in the investigation or preparation of a 10 report or information, by participating in proceedings of the 11 Board, or by serving as a member of the Board, shall not be 12 subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages as a result 13 of such actions.

(f) Members of the Board shall be indemnified by the State for any actions occurring within the scope of services on the Board, done in good faith and not willful and wanton in nature. The Attorney General shall defend all such actions unless he or she determines either that there would be a conflict of interest in such representation or that the actions complained of were not in good faith or were willful and wanton.

If the Attorney General declines representation, the member has the right to employ counsel of his or her choice, whose fees shall be provided by the State, after approval by the Attorney General, unless there is a determination by a court that the member's actions were not in good faith or were willful and wanton.

1 The member must notify the Attorney General within 7 days 2 after receipt of notice of the initiation of any action 3 involving services of the Board. Failure to so notify the 4 Attorney General constitutes an absolute waiver of the right 5 to a defense and indemnification.

6 The Attorney General shall determine, within 7 days after 7 receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to 8 represent the member.

9 (g) The Department may adopt rules to implement the 10 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 11 Assembly.

12 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 13 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

Section 5-115. The Professional Counselor and Clinical Professional Counselor Licensing and Practice Act is amended by changing Section 80 as follows:

17 (225 ILCS 107/80)

18 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)

19 Sec. 80. Grounds for discipline.

(a) The Department may refuse to issue, renew, or may
revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other
disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department
deems appropriate, including the issuance of fines not to
exceed \$10,000 for each violation, with regard to any license

1 for any one or more of the following:

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(1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department or to any other State agency.

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(2) Violations or negligent or intentional disregard of this Act or rules adopted under this Act.

(3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, 6 7 finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by 8 sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, 9 convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, 10 conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under 11 the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States: (i) 12 that is a felony or (ii) that is a misdemeanor, an 13 essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is 14 directly related to the practice of the profession.

(4) Fraud or any misrepresentation in applying for or
procuring a license under this Act or in connection with
applying for renewal of a license under this Act.

(5) Professional incompetence or gross negligence in
 the rendering of professional counseling or clinical
 professional counseling services.

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(6) Malpractice.

22 (7) Aiding or assisting another person in violating23 any provision of this Act or any rules.

(8) Failing to provide information within 60 days in
 response to a written request made by the Department.

26 (9) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or

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unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public and violating the rules of professional conduct adopted by the Department.

4 (10) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs as
5 defined in law as controlled substances, alcohol, or any
6 other substance which results in inability to practice
7 with reasonable skill, judgment, or safety.

8 (11) Discipline by another jurisdiction, the District 9 of Columbia, territory, county, or governmental agency, if 10 at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same 11 or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this 12 Section.

(12) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving 13 14 from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or 15 association any fee, commission, rebate or other form of 16 compensation for any professional service not actually 17 rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (12) affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment arrangements 18 19 among health care professionals, health facilities, health care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise 20 21 prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include 22 provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or 23 other employment benefits for the provision of services 24 within the scope of the licensee's practice under this 25 Act. Nothing in this paragraph (12) shall be construed to 26 require an employment arrangement to receive professional

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fees for services rendered.

(13) A finding by the Board that the licensee, after
having the license placed on probationary status, has
violated the terms of probation.

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(14) Abandonment of a client.

6 (15) Willfully filing false reports relating to a 7 licensee's practice, including but not limited to false 8 records filed with federal or State agencies or 9 departments.

10 (16)Willfully failing to report an instance of 11 suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused 12 Neglected Child Reporting Act and in matters and 13 abuse, pertaining to suspected neglect, financial exploitation, or self-neglect of adults with disabilities 14 and older adults as set forth in the Adult Protective 15 16 Services Act.

(17) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

(18) Physical or mental illness or disability,
 including, but not limited to, deterioration through the
 aging process or loss of abilities and skills which

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results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

3 (19) Solicitation of professional services by using
4 false or misleading advertising.

5 (20) Allowing one's license under this Act to be used
6 by an unlicensed person in violation of this Act.

7 (21) A finding that licensure has been applied for or
8 obtained by fraudulent means.

9 (22) Practicing under a false or, except as provided
10 by law, an assumed name.

11 (23) Gross and willful overcharging for professional 12 services including filing statements for collection of 13 fees or monies for which services are not rendered.

14 (24) Rendering professional counseling or clinical
 15 professional counseling services without a license or
 16 practicing outside the scope of a license.

17 (25) Clinical supervisors failing to adequately and18 responsibly monitor supervisees.

All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine.

22 (b) (Blank).

(b-5) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend without hearing, as provided for in the Code of Civil Procedure, the license of any person who fails to file a return, pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed 1 return, or pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty, or 2 interest as required by any tax Act administered by the 3 Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied in accordance 4 5 with subsection (q) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code 6 7 of Illinois.

8 (b-10) In cases where the Department of Healthcare and 9 Family Services has previously determined a licensee or a 10 potential licensee is more than 30 days delinquent in the 11 payment of child support and has subsequently certified the 12 delinquency to the Department, the Department may refuse to 13 issue or renew or may revoke or suspend that person's license or may take other disciplinary action against that person 14 15 based solely upon the certification of delinguency made by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance 16 17 with item (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil 18 Administrative Code of Illinois. 19

(c) The determination by a court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code will result in an automatic suspension of his or her license. The suspension will end upon a finding by a court that the licensee is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, the issuance of an order so finding and

discharging the patient, and the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume professional practice.

(c-1) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 4 5 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non disciplinary 6 7 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to practice as a professional counselor or clinical professional 8 9 counselor based solely upon the professional counselor or 10 clinical professional counselor authorizing, recommending, 11 aiding, assisting, referring for, or otherwise participating 12 in any health care service, so long as the care was not unlawful under the laws of this State, regardless of whether 13 the patient was a resident of this State or another state. 14

15 (c-2) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 16 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or 17 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non disciplinary action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 18 practice as a professional counselor or clinical professional 19 20 counselor based upon the professional counselor's or clinical professional counselor's license being revoked or suspended, 21 22 or the professional counselor or clinical professional 23 counselor being otherwise disciplined by any other state, if that revocation, suspension, or other form of discipline was 24 25 based solely on the professional counselor or clinical professional counselor violating another state's laws 26

prohibiting the provision of, authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health care service if that health care service as provided would not have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with the standards of conduct for a professional counselor or clinical professional counselor practicing in Illinois.

(c 3) The conduct specified in subsections (c 1) and (c 2) 8 9 shall not constitute grounds for suspension under Section 145. 10 (c 4) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or 11 authorization pursuant to this Act who has been subject to 12 disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on 13 the basis of having authorized, recommended, aided, assisted, 14 referred for, or otherwise participated in health care shall 15 16 not be denied such licensure, certification, or authorization, 17 unless the Department determines that such action would have constituted professional misconduct in this State; however, 18 nothing in this Section shall be construed as prohibiting the 19 Department from evaluating the conduct of such applicant and 20 21 making a determination regarding the licensure, certification, 22 or authorization to practice a profession under this Act.

(c-5) In enforcing this Act, the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel an individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical

examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the 1 2 Department. The Department may order the examining physician 3 to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall 4 5 be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege 6 relating to communications between the licensee or applicant 7 and the examining physician. The examining physicians shall be 8 specifically designated by the Department. The individual to 9 be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another 10 physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. The examination shall be performed by a 11 12 physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches. 13 Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when directed, shall result in an automatic 14 15 suspension without hearing.

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16 A11 substance-related violations shall mandate an 17 automatic substance abuse assessment. Failure to submit to an assessment by a licensed physician who is certified as an 18 19 addictionist or an advanced practice registered nurse with 20 specialty certification in addictions may be grounds for an automatic suspension. 21

If the Department finds an individual unable to practice or unfit for duty because of the reasons set forth in this subsection (c-5), the Department may require that individual to submit to a substance abuse evaluation or treatment by individuals or programs approved or designated by the

as a condition, term, or restriction 1 Department, for continued, restored, or renewed licensure to practice; or, in 2 3 lieu of evaluation or treatment, the Department may file, or the Board may recommend to the Department to file, a complaint 4 5 to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose license was 6 7 granted, continued, restored, renewed, disciplined, or 8 supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions, 9 and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or 10 restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a 11 determination as to whether the individual shall have his or 12 her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the 13 Department.

A person holding a license under this Act or who has 14 15 applied for a license under this Act who, because of a physical or mental illness or disability, including, but not limited 16 17 to, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill, is unable to practice the profession with reasonable 18 19 judgment, skill, or safety, may be required by the Department to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians 20 21 approved or designated by the Department as a condition, term, 22 or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure 23 to practice. Submission to care, counseling, or treatment as required by the Department shall not be considered discipline 24 25 of a license. If the licensee refuses to enter into a care, 26 counseling, or treatment agreement or fails to abide by the

terms of the agreement, the Department may file a complaint to revoke, suspend, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. The Secretary may order the license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department. Fines shall not be assessed in disciplinary actions involving physical or mental illness or impairment.

7 In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a 8 person's license under this Section, a hearing on that 9 person's license must be convened by the Department within 15 10 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable 11 delay. The Department shall have the authority to review the 12 subject individual's record of treatment and counseling 13 regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable 14 federal statutes and requlations safequarding the 15 confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act and affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

21

(d) (Blank).

22 (e) The Department may adopt rules to implement the 23 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 24 Assembly.

25 (Source: P.A. 102-878, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

Section 5-120. The Registered Surgical Assistant 1 and Registered Surgical Technologist Title Protection Act is 2 3 amended by changing Section 75 as follows:

4 (225 ILCS 130/75)

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5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024) 6 Sec. 75. Grounds for disciplinary action.

7 (a) The Department may refuse to issue, renew, or restore a registration, may revoke or suspend a registration, or may 8 9 place on probation, reprimand, or take other disciplinary or 10 non-disciplinary action with regard to a person registered 11 under this Act, including but not limited to the imposition of 12 fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation and the 13 assessment of costs as provided for in Section 90, for any one 14 or combination of the following causes:

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(1)Making a material misstatement in furnishing 16 information to the Department.

(2) Violating a provision of this Act or rules adopted 17 under this Act. 18

19 (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, 20 finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by 21 sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, 22 convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, 23 conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under 24 the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is 25 (i) a felony or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element 1 of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the 2 practice of the profession.

3 (4) Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for,
4 renewing, restoring, reinstating, or procuring a
5 registration under this Act.

6 (5) Aiding or assisting another person in violating a
7 provision of this Act or its rules.

8 (6) Failing to provide information within 60 days in
9 response to a written request made by the Department.

10 (7) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or 11 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, 12 defraud, or harm the public, as defined by rule of the 13 Department.

14 (8) Discipline by another United States jurisdiction,
15 governmental agency, unit of government, or foreign
16 nation, if at least one of the grounds for discipline is
17 the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in
18 this Section.

19 (9) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from 20 a person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association a fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for 21 22 professional services not actually or personally rendered. 23 Nothing in this paragraph (9) affects any bona fide 24 independent contractor or employment arrangements among health care professionals, health facilities, health care 25 26 providers, or other entities, except as otherwise

prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the registrant's practice under this Act. Nothing in this paragraph (9) shall be construed to require an employment arrangement to receive professional fees for services rendered.

8 (10) A finding by the Department that the registrant, 9 after having his or her registration placed on 10 probationary status, has violated the terms of probation.

(11) Willfully making or filing false records or
 reports in his or her practice, including but not limited
 to false records or reports filed with State agencies.

14 (12) Willfully making or signing a false statement,
 15 certificate, or affidavit to induce payment.

16 (13) Willfully failing to report an instance of
 17 suspected child abuse or neglect as required under the
 18 Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

19 (14) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated 20 report by the Department of Children and Family Services 21 under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act and 22 upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the 23 registrant has caused a child to be an abused child or 24 neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected 25 Child Reporting Act.

26 (15) (Blank).

1 (16) Failure to report to the Department (A) any 2 adverse final action taken against the registrant by 3 another registering or licensing jurisdiction, government 4 agency, law enforcement agency, or any court or (B) 5 liability for conduct that would constitute grounds for 6 action as set forth in this Section.

7 (17) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs
8 defined in law as controlled substances, alcohol, or any
9 other substance that results in the inability to practice
10 with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

(18) Physical or mental illness, including but not limited to deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skills, which results in the inability to practice the profession for which he or she is registered with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.

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(19) Gross malpractice.

17 (20) Immoral conduct in the commission of an act 18 related to the registrant's practice, including but not 19 limited to sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual 20 exploitation.

(21) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
 Act.

(b) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend without hearing the registration of a person who fails to file a return, to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay a final assessment of the tax, penalty, or 1 interest as required by a tax Act administered by the 2 Department of Revenue, until the requirements of the tax Act 3 are satisfied in accordance with subsection (g) of Section 4 2105-15 of the Department of Regulation Law of the Civil 5 Administrative Code of Illinois.

6 (b 1) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 7 suspend, place on probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non disciplinary 8 9 action against the license issued under this Act to practice 10 as a registered surgical assistant or registered surgical 11 technologist based solely upon the registered surgical 12 assistant or registered surgical technologist providing, authorizing, recommending, aiding, assisting, referring for, 13 or otherwise participating in any health care service, so long 14 as the care was not unlawful under the laws of this State, 15 16 regardless of whether the patient was a resident of this State 17 or another state.

(b 2) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 18 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or 19 20 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the license issued under this Act to practice 21 22 as a registered surgical assistant or registered surgical 23 technologist based upon the registered surgical assistant's or registered surgical technologist's license being revoked or 24 suspended, or the registered surgical assistant's or 25 registered surgical technologist's being otherwise disciplined 26

1 by any other state, if that revocation, suspension, or other 2 form of discipline was based solely on the registered surgical 3 assistant or registered surgical technologist violating another state's laws prohibiting the provision of, 4 5 authorization of, recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health care service if 6 7 that health care service as provided would not have been unlawful under the laws of this State and is consistent with 8 9 the standards of conduct for the registered surgical assistant 10 or registered surgical technologist practicing in this State. 11 (b-3) The conduct specified in subsection (b-1) or (b-2) 12 shall not constitute grounds for suspension under Section 145. (b-4) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, 13 or authorization pursuant to this Act who has been subject to 14 disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional 15 16 disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the 17 basis of having provided, authorized, recommended, aided, assisted, referred for, or otherwise participated in health 18 care shall not be denied such licensure, certification, or 19 20 authorization, unless the Department determines that such 21 action would have constituted professional misconduct in this 22 State. Nothing in this Section shall be construed as 23 prohibiting the Department from evaluating the conduct of such applicant and making a determination regarding the licensure, 24 25 certification, or authorization to practice a profession under 26 this Act.

(c) The determination by a circuit court that a registrant 1 2 is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 3 Code operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will 4 5 end only upon (1) a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, 6 7 (2) issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient, and (3) filing of a petition for restoration 8 9 demonstrating fitness to practice.

10

(d) (Blank).

11 (e) In cases where the Department of Healthcare and Family 12 Services has previously determined a registrant or a potential 13 registrant is more than 30 days delinquent in the payment of child support and has subsequently certified the delinquency 14 15 to the Department, the Department may refuse to issue or renew 16 or may revoke or suspend that person's registration or may 17 take other disciplinary action against that person based solely upon the certification of delinquency made by the 18 Department of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance 19 20 with paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil 21 22 Administrative Code of Illinois.

(f) In enforcing this Section, the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual registered under this Act or any individual who has applied for registration to submit to a mental or physical examination

and evaluation, or both, that may include a substance abuse or 1 2 sexual offender evaluation, at the expense of the Department. The Department shall specifically designate the examining 3 physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches 4 5 or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in providing the mental or physical examination and evaluation, 6 7 The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a or both. 8 physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches 9 and may consist of one or more or a combination of physicians 10 licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, licensed 11 chiropractic physicians, licensed clinical psychologists, 12 licensed clinical social workers, licensed clinical counselors, and other professional 13 professional and administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the 14 multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to 15 16 submit to an examination and evaluation pursuant to this 17 Section to submit to any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete any examination or evaluation 18 19 process, including, but not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological testing, or neuropsychological 20 21 testing.

The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the Department any and all records, including business records, that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any supplemental testing performed. The Department may order the

examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary 1 2 team to present testimony concerning this examination and evaluation of the registrant or applicant, including testimony 3 concerning any supplemental testing or documents relating to 4 5 the examination and evaluation. No information, report, record, or other documents in any 6 way related to the examination and evaluation shall be excluded by reason of any 7 8 common law or statutory privilege relating to communication 9 between the registrant or applicant and the examining 10 physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team. No 11 authorization is necessary from the registrant or applicant 12 ordered to undergo an evaluation and examination for the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary 13 14 team to provide information, reports, records, or other 15 documents or to provide any testimony regarding the 16 examination and evaluation. The individual to be examined may 17 have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination. 18

Failure of any individual to submit to mental or physical 19 20 examination and evaluation, or both, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension without a hearing until such 21 22 time as the individual submits to the examination. If the 23 Department finds a registrant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department shall 24 25 require such registrant to submit to care, counseling, or 26 treatment by physicians approved or designated by the

Department as a condition for continued, reinstated, or renewed registration.

When the Secretary immediately suspends a registration 3 under this Section, a hearing upon such person's registration 4 5 must be convened by the Department within 15 days after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay. 6 The 7 Department shall have the authority to review the registrant's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to 8 9 the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and 10 regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical 11 records.

12 Individuals registered under this Act and affected under 13 this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate 14 to the Department that they can resume practice in compliance 15 with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions 16 of their registration.

(g) All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing the fine.

21 (f) The Department may adopt rules to implement the 22 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 23 Assembly.

24 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

25

Section 5-125. The Genetic Counselor Licensing Act is

)6 - 302 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

1 amended by changing Section 95 as follows:

2 (225 ILCS 135/95)

3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2025)

4 Sec. 95. Grounds for discipline.

5 (a) The Department may refuse to issue, renew, or may 6 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other 7 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department 8 deems appropriate, including the issuance of fines not to 9 exceed \$10,000 for each violation, with regard to any license 10 for any one or more of the following:

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(1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department or to any other State agency.

13 (2) Violations or negligent or intentional disregard14 of this Act, or any of its rules.

15 (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, 16 finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions, 17 18 preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any 19 20 jurisdiction of the United States: (i) that is a felony or 21 (ii) that is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which 22 is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice 23 of genetic counseling.

24 (4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of
 25 obtaining a license, or violating any provision of this

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1 Act or its rules.

2 (5) Negligence in the rendering of genetic counseling
3 services.

4 (6) Failure to provide genetic testing results and any
5 requested information to a referring physician licensed to
6 practice medicine in all its branches, advanced practice
7 registered nurse, or physician assistant.

8 (7) Aiding or assisting another person in violating
9 any provision of this Act or any rules.

10 (8) Failing to provide information within 60 days in
 11 response to a written request made by the Department.

12 (9) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or
13 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,
14 defraud, or harm the public and violating the rules of
15 professional conduct adopted by the Department.

(10) Failing to maintain the confidentiality of any
 information received from a client, unless otherwise
 authorized or required by law.

19 (10.5) Failure to maintain client records of services20 provided and provide copies to clients upon request.

(11) Exploiting a client for personal advantage,
 profit, or interest.

(12) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to
alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical
agent or drug which results in inability to practice with
reasonable skill, judgment, or safety.

1 (13) Discipline by another governmental agency or unit 2 of government, by any jurisdiction of the United States, 3 or by a foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for 4 the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to 5 those set forth in this Section.

(14) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving 6 7 from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or 8 association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of 9 compensation for any professional service not actually 10 rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (14) affects any bona 11 fide independent contractor or employment arrangements 12 among health care professionals, health facilities, health 13 care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise 14 prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include 15 provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or 16 other employment benefits for the provision of services 17 within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this paragraph (14) shall be construed to 18 19 require an employment arrangement to receive professional 20 fees for services rendered.

(15) A finding by the Department that the licensee,
after having the license placed on probationary status,
has violated the terms of probation.

(16) Failing to refer a client to other health care
 professionals when the licensee is unable or unwilling to
 adequately support or serve the client.

1 (17) Willfully filing false reports relating to a 2 licensee's practice, including but not limited to false 3 records filed with federal or State agencies or 4 departments.

5 (18) Willfully failing to report an instance of 6 suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused 7 and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

8 (19) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated 9 report by the Department of Children and Family Services 10 pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, 11 and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the 12 licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or 13 neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected 14 Child Reporting Act.

15 (20)Physical or mental disability, including 16 deterioration through the aging process or loss of 17 abilities and skills which results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, 18 19 or safety.

20 (21) Solicitation of professional services by using
 21 false or misleading advertising.

(22) Failure to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty of interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue or any successor agency or the Internal Revenue

1 Service or any successor agency.

(23) Fraud or making any misrepresentation in applying
for or procuring a license under this Act or in connection
with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.

5 (24) Practicing or attempting to practice under a name 6 other than the full name as shown on the license or any 7 other legally authorized name.

8 (25) Gross overcharging for professional services, 9 including filing statements for collection of fees or 10 monies for which services are not rendered.

11

(26) (Blank).

12 (27) Charging for professional services not rendered,
13 including filing false statements for the collection of
14 fees for which services are not rendered.

(28) Allowing one's license under this Act to be used
by an unlicensed person in violation of this Act.

17 (b) (Blank).

(b 5) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily 18 19 suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or 20 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary 21 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to 22 practice as a genetic counselor based solely upon the genetic 23 counselor authorizing, recommending, aiding, -assisting, referring for, or otherwise participating in any health care 24 25 service, so long as the care was not unlawful under the laws of 26 this State, regardless of whether the patient was a resident 1

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of this State or another state.

2 (b-10) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, summarily suspend, place on prohibition, reprimand, refuse to issue or 3 renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary 4 5 action against the license or permit issued under this Act to practice as a genetic counselor based upon the genetic 6 counselor's license being revoked or suspended, or the genetic 7 counselor being otherwise disciplined by any other state, if 8 9 that revocation, suspension, or other form of discipline was based solely on the genetic counselor violating another 10 11 state's laws prohibiting the provision of, authorization of, 12 recommendation of, aiding or assisting in, referring for, or participation in any health care service if that health 13 service as provided would not have been unlawful under the 14 laws of this State and is consistent with the standards of 15 16 conduct for the genetic counselor if it occurred in Illinois.

17 (b 15) The conduct specified in subsections (b 5) and 18 (b 10) shall not constitute grounds for suspension under 19 Section 160.

20 (b-20) An applicant seeking licensure, certification, or 21 authorization pursuant to this Act who has been subject to 22 disciplinary action by a duly authorized professional 23 disciplinary agency of another jurisdiction solely on the 24 basis of having authorized, recommended, aided, assisted, 25 referred for, or otherwise participated in health care shall 26 not be denied such licensure, certification, or authorization,

1 unless the Department determines that such action would have 2 constituted professional misconduct in this State; however, 3 nothing in this Section shall be construed as prohibiting the 4 Department from evaluating the conduct of such applicant and 5 making a determination regarding the licensure, certification, 6 or authorization to practice a profession under this Act.

The determination by a court that a licensee is 7 (C) 8 subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as 9 provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 10 Code will result in an automatic suspension of his or her 11 license. The suspension will end upon a finding by a court that 12 the licensee is no longer subject to involuntary admission or 13 judicial admission, the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient, and the determination of the 14 15 Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume professional 16 practice.

17 (d) The Department may refuse to issue or renew or may suspend without hearing the license of any person who fails to 18 file a return, to pay the tax penalty or interest shown in a 19 20 filed return, or to pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty, or interest as required by any Act regarding the 21 22 payment of taxes administered by the Illinois Department of 23 Revenue until the requirements of the Act are satisfied in accordance with subsection (q) of Section 2105-15 of the Civil 24 25 Administrative Code of Illinois.

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(e) In cases where the Department of Healthcare and Family

Services has previously determined that a licensee or a 1 2 potential licensee is more than 30 days delinquent in the 3 payment of child support and has subsequently certified the delinquency to the Department, the Department may refuse to 4 5 issue or renew or may revoke or suspend that person's license 6 or may take other disciplinary action against that person 7 based solely upon the certification of delinquency made by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in accordance 8 9 with item (5) of subsection (a) of Section 2105-15 of the 10 Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil 11 Administrative Code of Illinois.

12 (f) All fines or costs imposed under this Section shall be 13 paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order 14 imposing the fine or costs or in accordance with the terms set 15 forth in the order imposing the fine.

16 (g) The Department may adopt rules to implement the 17 changes made by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General 18 Assembly.

19 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

20 Section 5-130. The Telehealth Act is amended by changing 21 Sections 10 and 15 as follows:

22 (225 ILCS 150/10)

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23 Sec. 10. Practice authority. A health care professional 24 treating a patient located in this State through telehealth HB2606 - 310 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

services must be licensed or authorized to practice in 1 2 Illinois. A health care professional with a temporary permit for full practice advanced practice registered nurse for 3 health care, a temporary permit for advanced practice 4 5 registered nurse for health care, or a temporary permit for 6 health care may treat a patient located in this State through 7 telehealth services in a manner consistent with the health 8 care professional's scope of practice and agreement with a 9 sponsoring entity.

10 (Source: P.A. 102-104, eff. 7-22-21; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

11 (225 ILCS 150/15)

12 Sec. 15. Use of telehealth services.

(a) A health care professional may engage in the practice 13 of telehealth services in Illinois to the extent of his or her 14 15 scope of practice as established in his or her respective 16 licensing Act consistent with the standards of care for in-person services. This Act shall not be construed to alter 17 the scope of practice of any health care professional or 18 19 authorize the delivery of health care services in a setting or 20 in a manner not otherwise authorized by the laws of this State.

(b) Telehealth services provided pursuant to this Section
shall be consistent with all federal and State privacy,
security, and confidentiality laws, rules, or regulations.

24 (c) A health care professional with a temporary permit for
 25 full practice advanced practice registered nurse for health

1 care, a temporary permit for advanced practice registered 2 nurse for health care, or a temporary permit for health care 3 may treat a patient located in this State through telehealth 4 services in a manner consistent with the health care 5 professional's scope of practice and agreement with a 6 sponsoring entity.

7 (Source: P.A. 102-104, eff. 7-22-21; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

8 Section 5-135. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
9 changing Section 5-16.8 as follows:

10 (305 ILCS 5/5-16.8)

The 11 Sec. 5-16.8. Required health benefits. medical assistance program shall (i) provide the post-mastectomy care 12 13 benefits required to be covered by a policy of accident and 14 health insurance under Section 356t and the coverage required 15 under Sections 356q.5, 356q, 356u, 356w, 356x, 356z.6, 356z.26, 356z.29, 356z.32, 356z.33, 356z.34, 356z.35, 356z.46, 16 356z.47, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.56, and 356z.59, and 356z.60 17 of the Illinois Insurance Code, (ii) be subject to the 18 provisions of Sections 356z.19, 356z.44, 356z.49, 364.01, 19 20 370c, and 370c.1 of the Illinois Insurance Code, and (iii) be 21 subject to the provisions of subsection (d-5) of Section 10 of the Network Adequacy and Transparency Act. 22

The Department, by rule, shall adopt a model similar to the requirements of Section 356z.39 of the Illinois Insurance - 312 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b

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1 Code.

On and after July 1, 2012, the Department shall reduce any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments or alter any methodologies authorized by this Code to reduce any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments in accordance with Section 5-5e.

7 To ensure full access to the benefits set forth in this 8 Section, on and after January 1, 2016, the Department shall 9 ensure that provider and hospital reimbursement for 10 post-mastectomy care benefits required under this Section are 11 no lower than the Medicare reimbursement rate.

12 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-218, eff. 1-1-20; 13 101-281, eff. 1-1-20; 101-371, eff. 1-1-20; 101-574, eff. 14 1-1-20; 101-649, eff. 7-7-20; 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-144, 15 eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 16 102-530, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-804, eff. 17 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1093, 18 eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

Section 5-140. The Sexual Assault Survivors Emergency
 Treatment Act is amended by adding Section 9.1 as follows:

21 (410 ILCS 70/9.1 new)

22 <u>Sec. 9.1. No abortion services required. Nothing in this</u> 23 <u>Act shall be construed to require a hospital or an approved</u> 24 <u>pediatric health care facility to provide any services which</u>

1 <u>relate to an abortion.</u>

Section 5-145. The Consent by Minors to Health Care
Services Act is amended by changing Section 1.5 as follows:

4 (410 ILCS 210/1.5)

5 Sec. 1.5. Consent by minor seeking care for limited 6 primary care services.

7 The consent to the performance of primary care (a) 8 services by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all 9 its branches, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse, a 10 licensed physician assistant, a chiropractic physician, or a 11 licensed optometrist executed by a minor seeking care is not 12 voidable because of such minority, and for such purpose, a 13 minor seeking care is deemed to have the same legal capacity to 14 act and has the same powers and obligations as has a person of 15 legal age under the following circumstances:

16 (1) the health care professional reasonably believes
17 that the minor seeking care understands the benefits and
18 risks of any proposed primary care or services; and

19 (2) the minor seeking care is identified in writing as20 a minor seeking care by:

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(A) an adult relative;

(B) a representative of a homeless service agency
that receives federal, State, county, or municipal
funding to provide those services or that is otherwise

sanctioned by a local continuum of care;

2 (C) an attorney licensed to practice law in this 3 State;

4 (D) a public school homeless liaison or school 5 social worker;

6 (E) a social service agency providing services to 7 at risk, homeless, or runaway youth; or

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(F) a representative of a religious organization.

9 (b) A health care professional rendering primary care services under this Section shall not incur civil or criminal 10 11 liability for failure to obtain valid consent or professional 12 discipline for failure to obtain valid consent if he or she relied in good faith on the representations made by the minor 13 14 or the information provided under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this Section. Under such circumstances, good faith 15 16 shall be presumed.

17 (c) The confidential nature of any communication between a health care professional described in Section 1 of this Act 18 19 and a minor seeking care is not waived (1) by the presence, at 20 the time of communication, of any additional persons present at the request of the minor seeking care, (2) by the health 21 22 care professional's disclosure of confidential information to 23 the additional person with the consent of the minor seeking 24 care, when reasonably necessary to accomplish the purpose for 25 which the additional person is consulted, or (3) by the health 26 care professional billing a health benefit insurance or plan under which the minor seeking care is insured, is enrolled, or
 has coverage for the services provided.

(d) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to limit or 3 expand a minor's existing powers and obligations under any 4 5 federal, State, or local law. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to affect the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 6 2023. Nothing in this Section affects the right or authority 7 8 of a parent or legal quardian to verbally, in writing, or 9 otherwise authorize health care services to be provided for a 10 minor in their absence.

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(e) For the purposes of this Section:

"Minor seeking care" means a person at least 14 years of 12 age but less than 18 years of age who is living separate and 13 14 apart from his or her parents or legal guardian, whether with 15 or without the consent of a parent or legal guardian who is 16 unable or unwilling to return to the residence of a parent, and 17 managing his or her own personal affairs. "Minor seeking care" does not include minors who are under the protective custody, 18 temporary custody, or guardianship of the Department of 19 20 Children and Family Services.

"Primary care services" means health care services that include screening, counseling, immunizations, medication, and treatment of illness and conditions customarily provided by licensed health care professionals in an out-patient setting, eye care services, excluding advanced optometric procedures, provided by optometrists, and services provided by

chiropractic physicians according to the scope of practice of
 chiropractic physicians under the Medical Practice Act of
 1987. "Primary care services" does not include invasive care,
 beyond standard injections, laceration care, or non-surgical
 fracture care.

6 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

7 Section 5-150. The Vital Records Act is amended by 8 changing Section 1 as follows:

9 (410 ILCS 535/1) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 73-1)

Sec. 1. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Vital records" means records of births, deaths, fetal
deaths, marriages, dissolution of marriages, and data related
thereto.

(2) "System of vital records" includes the registration,
collection, preservation, amendment, and certification of
vital records, and activities related thereto.

(3) "Filing" means the presentation of a certificate,
report, or other record provided for in this Act, of a birth,
death, fetal death, adoption, marriage, or dissolution of
marriage, for registration by the Office of Vital Records.

(4) "Registration" means the acceptance by the Office of
Vital Records and the incorporation in its official records of
certificates, reports, or other records provided for in this

Act, of births, deaths, fetal deaths, adoptions, marriages, or
 dissolution of marriages.

"Live birth" means the complete expulsion 3 (5) or extraction from its mother of a product of human conception, 4 5 irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, which after such separation breathes or shows any other evidence of life such 6 7 as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or 8 definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether or not the 9 umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached.

10 (6) "Fetal death" means death prior to the complete 11 expulsion or extraction from its mother the uterus of a 12 product of human conception, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy; the , and which is not due to an abortion as defined 13 in Section 1-10 of the Reproductive Health Act. The death is 14 15 indicated by the fact that after such separation the fetus 16 does not breathe or show any other evidence of life such as 17 beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles. 18

(7) "Dead body" means a lifeless human body or parts of such body or bones thereof from the state of which it may reasonably be concluded that death has occurred.

(8) "Final disposition" means the burial, cremation, or other disposition of a dead human body or fetus or parts thereof.

25 (9) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice 26 medicine in Illinois or any other state.

1 (10) "Institution" means any establishment, public or 2 private, which provides in-patient medical, surgical, or 3 diagnostic care or treatment, or nursing, custodial, or 4 domiciliary care to 2 or more unrelated individuals, or to 5 which persons are committed by law.

6 (11) "Department" means the Department of Public Health of7 the State of Illinois.

8 (12) "Director" means the Director of the Illinois9 Department of Public Health.

10 (13) "Licensed health care professional" means a person 11 licensed to practice as a physician, advanced practice 12 registered nurse, or physician assistant in Illinois or any 13 other state.

(14) "Licensed mental health professional" means a person who is licensed or registered to provide mental health services by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or a board of registration duly authorized to register or grant licenses to persons engaged in the practice of providing mental health services in Illinois or any other state.

(15) "Intersex condition" means a condition in which a person is born with a reproductive or sexual anatomy or chromosome pattern that does not fit typical definitions of male or female.

25 (16) "Homeless person" means an individual who meets the 26 definition of "homeless" under Section 103 of the federal

McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11302) or an individual residing in any of the living situations described in 42 U.S.C. 11434a(2).

4 (17) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means: (i) an 5 advanced practice registered nurse with full practice 6 authority; or (ii) an advanced practice registered nurse with 7 a collaborative agreement with a physician who has delegated 8 the completion of death certificates.

9 (18) "Certifying health care professional" means a 10 physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice 11 registered nurse.

12 (19) "Physician assistant" means a physician assistant who 13 practices in accordance with a written collaborative agreement 14 that includes the completion of death certificates.

15 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 102-257, eff. 1-1-22; 16 102-844, eff. 1-1-23.)

Section 5-155. The Environmental Protection Act is amendedby changing Section 56.1 as follows:

19 (415 ILCS 5/56.1) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1056.1)

20 Sec. 56.1. Acts prohibited.

21 (A) No person shall:

(a) Cause or allow the disposal of any potentially
 infectious medical waste. Sharps may be disposed in any
 landfill permitted by the Agency under Section 21 of this

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Act to accept municipal waste for disposal, if both:

(1) the infectious potential has been eliminated from the sharps by treatment; and

4 (2) the sharps are packaged in accordance with 5 Board regulations.

6 (b) Cause or allow the delivery of any potentially 7 infectious medical waste for transport, storage, 8 treatment, or transfer except in accordance with Board 9 regulations.

10 (c) Beginning July 1, 1992, cause or allow the 11 delivery of any potentially infectious medical waste to a 12 person or facility for storage, treatment, or transfer 13 that does not have a permit issued by the agency to receive 14 potentially infectious medical waste, unless no permit is 15 required under subsection (g) (1).

16 (d) Beginning July 1, 1992, cause or allow the
17 delivery or transfer of any potentially infectious medical
18 waste for transport unless:

(1) the transporter has a permit issued by the
Agency to transport potentially infectious medical
waste, or the transporter is exempt from the permit
requirement set forth in subsection (f)(l).

(2) a potentially infectious medical waste
manifest is completed for the waste if a manifest is
required under subsection (h).

26 (e) Cause or allow the acceptance of any potentially

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infectious medical waste for purposes of transport,
 storage, treatment, or transfer except in accordance with
 Board regulations.

4 (f) Beginning July 1, 1992, conduct any potentially
 5 infectious medical waste transportation operation:

(1) Without a permit issued by the Agency to transport potentially infectious medical waste. No permit is required under this provision (f)(1) for:

9 (A) a person transporting potentially 10 infectious medical waste generated solely by that 11 person's activities;

12 (B) noncommercial transportation of less than
13 50 pounds of potentially infectious medical waste
14 at any one time; or

(C) the U.S. Postal Service.

16 (2) In violation of any condition of any permit
 17 issued by the Agency under this Act.

18 (3) In violation of any regulation adopted by the19 Board.

20 (4) In violation of any order adopted by the Board
21 under this Act.

(g) Beginning July 1, 1992, conduct any potentially
 infectious medical waste treatment, storage, or transfer
 operation:

(1) without a permit issued by the Agency that
 specifically authorizes the treatment, storage, or

transfer of potentially infectious medical waste. No permit is required under this subsection (g) or subsection (d) (1) of Section 21 for any:

4 (A) Person conducting a potentially infectious 5 medical waste treatment, storage, or transfer 6 operation for potentially infectious medical waste 7 generated by the person's own activities that are 8 treated, stored, or transferred within the site 9 where the potentially infectious medical waste is 10 generated.

(B) Hospital that treats, stores, or transfers
only potentially infectious medical waste
generated by its own activities or by members of
its medical staff.

15 (C) Sharps collection station that is operated16 in accordance with Section 56.7.

17 (2) in violation of any condition of any permit18 issued by the Agency under this Act.

19 (3) in violation of any regulation adopted by the20 Board.

(4) In violation of any order adopted by the Boardunder this Act.

(h) Transport potentially infectious medical waste unless the transporter carries a completed potentially infectious medical waste manifest. No manifest is required for the transportation of:

1 (1) potentially infectious medical waste being 2 transported by generators who generated the waste by 3 their own activities, when the potentially infectious 4 medical waste is transported within or between sites 5 or facilities owned, controlled, or operated by that 6 person;

7 (2) less than 50 pounds of potentially infectious
8 medical waste at any one time for a noncommercial
9 transportation activity; or

10 (3) potentially infectious medical waste by the11 U.S. Postal Service.

(i) Offer for transportation, transport, deliver,
receive or accept potentially infectious medical waste for
which a manifest is required, unless the manifest
indicates that the fee required under Section 56.4 of this
Act has been paid.

(j) Beginning January 1, 1994, conduct a potentially infectious medical waste treatment operation at an incinerator in existence on the effective date of this Title in violation of emission standards established for these incinerators under Section 129 of the Clean Air Act (42 USC 7429), as amended.

(k) Beginning July 1, 2015, knowingly mix household
sharps, including, but not limited to, hypodermic,
intravenous, or other medical needles or syringes or other
medical household waste containing used or unused sharps,

including, but not limited to, hypodermic, intravenous, or other medical needles or syringes or other sharps, with any other material intended for collection as a recyclable material by a residential hauler.

5 (1) Beginning on July 1, 2015, knowingly place 6 household sharps into a container intended for collection 7 by a residential hauler for processing at a recycling 8 center.

9 (B) In making its orders and determinations relative to 10 penalties, if any, to be imposed for violating subdivision 11 (A) (a) of this Section, the Board, in addition to the factors 12 in Sections 33(c) and 42(h) of this Act, or the Court shall take into consideration whether the owner or operator of the 13 landfill reasonably relied on written statements from the 14 15 person generating or treating the waste that the waste is not 16 potentially infectious medical waste.

17 (C) Notwithstanding subsection (A) or any other provision 18 of law, including the Vital Records Act, tissue and products 19 from an abortion, as defined in Section 1.10 of the 20 Reproductive Health Act, or a miscarriage may be buried, 21 entombed, or cremated.

22 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.)

23 Section 5-160. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by 24 changing Section 9-1.2, 9-2.1, 9-3.2, and 12-3.1 as follows:

1 (720 ILCS 5/9-1.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 9-1.2)

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Sec. 9-1.2. Intentional Homicide of an Unborn Child.

3 (a) A person commits the offense of intentional homicide 4 of an unborn child if, in performing acts which cause the death 5 of an unborn child, he without lawful justification:

6 (1) either intended to cause the death of or do great 7 bodily harm to the pregnant <u>woman</u> <u>individual</u> or <u>her</u> unborn 8 child or knew that such acts would cause death or great 9 bodily harm to the pregnant <u>woman</u> <u>individual</u> or <u>her</u> unborn 10 child; or

11 (2) knew that his acts created a strong probability of 12 death or great bodily harm to the pregnant woman 13 <u>individual</u> or <u>her</u> unborn child; and

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(3) knew that the woman individual was pregnant.

(b) For purposes of this Section, (1) "unborn child" shall mean any individual of the human species from <u>fertilization</u> the implantation of an embryo until birth, and (2) "person" shall not include the pregnant woman whose unborn child is killed.

(c) This Section shall not apply to acts which cause the death of an unborn child if those acts were committed during any abortion, as defined in Section <u>1-5 of the Illinois</u> <u>Abortion Law of 2023</u> <u>1-10 of the Reproductive Health Act</u>, to which the pregnant <u>woman</u> <u>individual</u> has consented. This Section shall not apply to acts which were committed pursuant to usual and customary standards of medical practice during 1 diagnostic testing or therapeutic treatment.

2 (d) Penalty. The sentence for intentional homicide of an 3 unborn child shall be the same as for first degree murder, except that: 4

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(1) the death penalty may not be imposed;

(2) if the person committed the offense while armed 6 7 with a firearm, 15 years shall be added to the term of 8 imprisonment imposed by the court;

9 (3) if, during the commission of the offense, the 10 person personally discharged a firearm, 20 years shall be 11 added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;

12 (4) if, during the commission of the offense, the 13 person personally discharged a firearm that proximately 14 caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent 15 disfigurement, or death to another person, 25 years or up 16 to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of 17 imprisonment imposed by the court.

(e) The provisions of this Act shall not be construed to 18 19 prohibit the prosecution of any person under any other 20 provision of law.

(Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.) 21

22 (720 ILCS 5/9-2.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 9-2.1)

Sec. 9-2.1. Voluntary Manslaughter of an Unborn Child. (a) 23 24 person who kills an unborn child without Α lawful 25 justification commits voluntary manslaughter of an unborn 1 child if at the time of the killing he is acting under a sudden 2 and intense passion resulting from serious provocation by 3 another whom the offender endeavors to kill, but he 4 negligently or accidentally causes the death of the unborn 5 child.

6 Serious provocation is conduct sufficient to excite an 7 intense passion in a reasonable person.

8 (b) A person who intentionally or knowingly kills an 9 unborn child commits voluntary manslaughter of an unborn child 10 if at the time of the killing he believes the circumstances to 11 be such that, if they existed, would justify or exonerate the 12 killing under the principles stated in Article 7 of this Code, 13 but his belief is unreasonable.

14 (c) Sentence. Voluntary Manslaughter of an unborn child is15 a Class 1 felony.

(d) For purposes of this Section, (1) "unborn child" shall mean any individual of the human species from <u>fertilization</u> the implantation of an embryo until birth, and (2) "person" shall not include the pregnant <u>woman</u> individual whose unborn child is killed.

(e) This Section shall not apply to acts which cause the
death of an unborn child if those acts were committed during
any abortion, as defined in Section <u>Section 1-5 of the</u>
<u>Illinois Abortion Law of 2023</u> 1-10 of the Reproductive Health
Act, to which the pregnant <u>woman</u> individual has consented.
This Section shall not apply to acts which were committed

HB2606 - 328 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b pursuant to usual and customary standards of medical practice 1 2 during diagnostic testing or therapeutic treatment. (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.) 3 4 (720 ILCS 5/9-3.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 9-3.2) 5 Sec. 9-3.2. Involuntary manslaughter and reckless homicide 6 of an unborn child. 7 (a) A person who unintentionally kills an unborn child without lawful justification commits involuntary manslaughter 8 9 of an unborn child if his acts whether lawful or unlawful which 10 cause the death are such as are likely to cause death or great 11 bodily harm to some individual, and he performs them 12 recklessly, except in cases in which the cause of death 13 consists of the driving of a motor vehicle, in which case the 14 person commits reckless homicide of an unborn child. 15 (b) Sentence. 16 (1) Involuntary manslaughter of an unborn child is a Class 3 felony. 17 (2) Reckless homicide of an unborn child is a Class 3 18 19 felony. (c) For purposes of this Section, (1) "unborn child" shall 20 21 mean any individual of the human species from fertilization 22 the implantation of an embryo until birth, and (2) "person" shall not include the pregnant individual whose unborn child 23 24 is killed. 25 (d) This Section shall not apply to acts which cause the

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death of an unborn child if those acts were committed during any abortion, as defined in Section <u>1-5 of the Illinois</u> <u>Abortion Law of 2023</u> <u>1-10 of the Reproductive Health Act</u>, to which the pregnant <u>woman</u> <u>individual</u> has consented. This Section shall not apply to acts which were committed pursuant to usual and customary standards of medical practice during diagnostic testing or therapeutic treatment.

8 (e) The provisions of this Section shall not be construed 9 to prohibit the prosecution of any person under any other 10 provision of law, nor shall it be construed to preclude any 11 civil cause of action.

12 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)

13 (720 ILCS 5/12-3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-3.1)

Sec. 12-3.1. Battery of an unborn child; aggravated battery of an unborn child.

(a) A person commits battery of an unborn child if he or
she knowingly without legal justification and by any means
causes bodily harm to an unborn child.

19 (a-5) A person commits aggravated battery of an unborn 20 child when, in committing a battery of an unborn child, he or 21 she knowingly causes great bodily harm or permanent disability 22 or disfigurement to an unborn child.

(b) For purposes of this Section, (1) "unborn child" shall
 mean any individual of the human species from <u>fertilization</u>
 the implantation of an embryo until birth, and (2) "person"

1 shall not include the pregnant <u>woman</u> individual whose unborn 2 child is harmed.

3 (c) Sentence. Battery of an unborn child is a Class A
4 misdemeanor. Aggravated battery of an unborn child is a Class
5 2 felony.

(d) This Section shall not apply to acts which cause 6 7 bodily harm to an unborn child if those acts were committed 8 during any abortion, as defined in Section 1-5 of the Illinois 9 Abortion Law of 2023 1 10 of the Reproductive Health Act, to 10 which the pregnant woman individual has consented. This 11 Section shall not apply to acts which were committed pursuant 12 to usual and customary standards of medical practice during diagnostic testing or therapeutic treatment. 13

14 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.)

Section 5-165. The Uniform Act to Secure the Attendance of Witnesses from Within or Without a State in Criminal Proceedings is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:

18 (725 ILCS 220/2) (from Ch. 38, par. 156-2)

Sec. 2. Summoning witness in this state to testify in another state.

If a judge of a court of record in any state which by its laws has made provision for commanding persons within that state to attend and testify in this state certifies under the seal of such court that there is a criminal prosecution

pending in such court, or that a grand jury investigation has 1 2 commenced or is about to commence, that a person being within 3 this state is a material witness in such prosecution, or grand jury investigation, and his presence will be required for a 4 5 specified number of days, upon presentation of such certificate to any judge of a court in the county in which such 6 7 person is, such judge shall fix a time and place for a hearing, 8 and shall make an order directing the witness to appear at a 9 time and place certain for the hearing.

10 If at a hearing the judge determines that the witness is 11 material and necessary, that it will not cause undue hardship 12 to the witness to be compelled to attend and testify in the prosecution or a grand jury investigation in the other state, 13 14 and that the laws of the state in which the prosecution is 15 pending, or grand jury investigation has commenced or is about 16 to commence (and of any other state through which the witness 17 may be required to pass by ordinary course of travel), will give to him protection from arrest and the service of civil and 18 19 criminal process, he shall issue a summons, with a copy of the certificate attached, directing the witness to attend and 20 21 testify in the court where the prosecution is pending, or 22 where a grand jury investigation has commenced or is about to 23 commence at a time and place specified in the summons. In any such hearing the certificate shall be prima facie evidence of 24 25 all the facts stated therein.

26

If said certificate recommends that the witness be taken

into immediate custody and delivered to an officer of the 1 2 requesting state to assure his attendance in the requesting state, such judge may, in lieu of notification of the hearing, 3 direct that such witness be forthwith brought before him for 4 5 said hearing; and the judge at the hearing being satisfied of the desirability of such custody and delivery, for which 6 7 determination the certificate shall be prima facie proof of 8 such desirability may, in lieu of issuing subpoena or summons, 9 order that said witness be forthwith taken into custody and 10 delivered to an officer of the requesting state.

11 No subpoena, summons, or order shall be issued for a 12 witness to provide information or testimony in relation to any proceeding if the charge is based on conduct that 13 lawful health care activity, as defined by the Lawful Health 14 Care Activity Act, that is not unlawful under the laws of this 15 16 State. This limitation does not apply for the purpose of 17 complying with obligations under Brady v. Maryland (373 U.S. 83) or Giglio v. United States (405 U.S. 150). 18

19 If the witness, who is summoned as above provided, after 20 being paid or tendered by some properly authorized person the sum of 10 cents a mile for each mile by the ordinary travel 21 22 route to and from the court where the prosecution is pending 23 and five dollars for each day that he is required to travel and attend as a witness, fails without good cause to attend and 24 25 testify as directed in the summons, he shall be punished in the 26 manner provided for the punishment of any witness who disobeys

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1	a summons issued from a cour	ct in this :	state.
2	(Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff	. 1-13-23.)	
3	Section 5-170. The Uni	iform Crim	inal Extradition Act is
4	amended by changing Section	6 as follo	ws:
5	(725 ILCS 225/6) (from (Ch. 60, par	. 23)
6	Sec. 6. Extradition of	persons r	not present in demanding
7	state at time of commission	of crime.	
8	The Governor of this S	tate may a	lso surrender, on demand
9	of the Executive Authority	of any ot	her state, any person in
10	this State charged in such	other stat	e in the manner provided
11	in Section 3 with committi	lng an act	in this State, or in a
12	third state, intentionally	resulting	in a crime in the state
13	whose Executive Authority	is making	the demand. However, the
14	Governor of this State shall	l not surre	nder such a person if the
15	charge is based on conduct	that invo	lves seeking, providing,
16	receiving, assisting in a	seeking, p	roviding, or receiving,
17	providing material support	for, or tr	aveling to obtain lawful
18	health care, as defined by	Section 28	-10 of the Lawful Health
19	Care Activity Act, that is	not unlawfu	al under the laws of this
20	State, including a charge	based on a	any theory of vicarious,

21 joint, several, or conspiracy liability.

22 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

Section 5-175. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by

23

1 changing Section 8-802 and by adding Section 11-107.1a as 2 follows:

3

(735 ILCS 5/8-802) (from Ch. 110, par. 8-802)

4 Sec. 8-802. Physician and patient. No physician or surgeon 5 shall be permitted to disclose any information he or she may have acquired in attending any patient in a professional 6 7 character, necessary to enable him or her professionally to serve the patient, except only (1) in trials for homicide when 8 9 the disclosure relates directly to the fact or immediate 10 circumstances of the homicide, (2) in actions, civil or 11 criminal, against the physician for malpractice, (3) with the 12 expressed consent of the patient, or in case of his or her death or disability, of his or her personal representative or 13 14 other person authorized to sue for personal injury or of the 15 beneficiary of an insurance policy on his or her life, health, 16 or physical condition, or as authorized by Section 8-2001.5, (4) in all actions brought by or against the patient, his or 17 her personal representative, a beneficiary under a policy of 18 insurance, or the executor or administrator of his or her 19 estate wherein the patient's physical or mental condition is 20 21 an issue, (5) upon an issue as to the validity of a document as 22 a will of the patient, (6) in any criminal action where the 23 charge is either first degree murder by abortion, attempted 24 abortion or abortion (blank), (7) in actions, civil or 25 criminal, arising from the filing of a report in compliance

with the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, (8) to any 1 2 department, agency, institution or facility which has custody 3 of the patient pursuant to State statute or any court order of commitment, (9) in prosecutions where written results of blood 4 5 alcohol tests are admissible pursuant to Section 11-501.4 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, (10) in prosecutions where written 6 results of blood alcohol tests are admissible under Section 7 8 5-11a of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, (11) in 9 criminal actions arising from the filing of a report of 10 suspected terrorist offense in compliance with Section 11 29D-10(p)(7) of the Criminal Code of 2012, (12) upon the 12 issuance of a subpoena pursuant to Section 38 of the Medical 13 Practice Act of 1987; the issuance of a subpoena pursuant to Section 25.1 of the Illinois Dental Practice Act; the issuance 14 15 of a subpoena pursuant to Section 22 of the Nursing Home 16 Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary Act; or the issuance 17 of a subpoena pursuant to Section 25.5 of the Workers' Compensation Act, (13) upon the issuance of a grand jury 18 subpoena pursuant to Article 112 of the Code of Criminal 19 20 Procedure of 1963, or (14) to or through a health information exchange, as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Mental 21 22 Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act, in 23 accordance with State or federal law.

Upon disclosure under item (13) of this Section, in any criminal action where the charge is domestic battery, aggravated domestic battery, or an offense under Article 11 of the Criminal Code of 2012 or where the patient is under the age of 18 years or upon the request of the patient, the State's Attorney shall petition the court for a protective order pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 415.

5 In the event of a conflict between the application of this 6 Section and the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 7 Confidentiality Act to a specific situation, the provisions of 8 the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 9 Confidentiality Act shall control.

10 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.)

11 (735 ILCS 5/11-107.1a new)

Sec. 11-107.1a. Injunctive relief for the father of an unborn child in an abortion related decision by the mother. In any case when a married woman wishes to have an abortion performed upon her, and her spouse, who is the father of the unborn child, is opposed to the performance of that abortion, a court may hear testimony from both parties and balance the rights and interests of those parties.

19 When the interests of the husband in preventing the 20 abortion outweigh those of the wife in having an abortion 21 performed after the unborn child is viable, the court may 22 issue an injunction against the performance of the abortion 23 but only where the court makes a finding that the mother's life 24 or physical health are not in danger.

1	Section	5-180.	The	Uniform	Interstate	Depositions	and
2	Discovery Ac	t is ame	nded	by changi	ng Section 3	as follows:	

- 3 (735 ILCS 35/3)
- 4

15

Sec. 3. Issuance of subpoena.

5 (a) To request issuance of a subpoena under this Section, 6 a party must submit a foreign subpoena to a clerk of court in 7 the county in which discovery is sought to be conducted in this 8 State. A request for the issuance of a subpoena under this Act 9 does not constitute an appearance in the courts of this State.

10 (b) When a party submits a foreign subpoena to a clerk of 11 court in this State, the clerk, in accordance with that 12 court's procedure, shall promptly issue a subpoena for service 13 upon the person to which the foreign subpoena is directed 14 unless issuance is prohibited by Section 3.5.

(c) A subpoena under subsection (b) must:

16 (A) incorporate the terms used in the foreign17 subpoena; and

(B) contain or be accompanied by the names, addresses,
and telephone numbers of all counsel of record in the
proceeding to which the subpoena relates and of any party
not represented by counsel.

22 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

23 Section 5-185. The Wrongful Death Act is amended by 24 changing Section 2.2 as follows:

1

(740 ILCS 180/2.2) (from Ch. 70, par. 2.2)

2 Sec. 2.2. The state of gestation or development of a human 3 being when an injury is caused, when an injury takes effect, or 4 at death, shall not foreclose maintenance of any cause of 5 action under the law of this State arising from the death of a 6 human being caused by wrongful act, neglect or default.

7 There shall be no cause of action against a <u>physician or a</u> 8 <u>medical institution</u> health care professional, a medical 9 <u>institution, or the pregnant person</u> for the wrongful death of 10 a fetus caused by an abortion where the abortion was permitted 11 by law and the requisite consent was lawfully given. Provided, 12 however, that a cause of action is not prohibited where the 13 fetus is live-born but subsequently dies.

There shall be no cause of action against a physician or a medical institution for the wrongful death of a fetus based on the alleged misconduct of the physician or medical institution where the defendant did not know and, under the applicable standard of good medical care, had no medical reason to know of the pregnancy of the mother of the fetus.

20 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

21 Section 5-190. The Health Care Right of Conscience Act is 22 amended by changing Section 3 as follows:

23

(745 ILCS 70/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 5303)

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Sec. 3. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the context clearly otherwise requires:

(a) "Health care" means any phase of patient care, 3 including but not limited to, testing; 4 diagnosis; 5 prognosis; ancillary research; instructions; family planning, counselling, referrals, or any other advice in 6 7 connection with the use or procurement of contraceptives and sterilization or abortion procedures; medication; or 8 9 surgery or other care or treatment rendered by a physician 10 or physicians, nurses, paraprofessionals or health care 11 facility, intended for the physical, emotional, and mental 12 well-being of persons; or an abortion as defined by the Reproductive Health Act; 13

14 (b) "Physician" means any person who is licensed by 15 the State of Illinois under the Medical Practice Act of 16 1987;

(c) "Health care personnel" means any nurse, nurses' aide, medical school student, professional, paraprofessional or any other person who furnishes, or assists in the furnishing of, health care services;

21 (d) "Health care facility" means any public or private 22 hospital, clinic, center, medical school, medical training 23 laboratory or institution, diagnostic facility, 24 physician's office, infirmary, dispensary, ambulatory 25 surgical treatment center or other institution or location 26 wherein health care services are provided to any person,

including physician organizations and associations,
 networks, joint ventures, and all other combinations of
 those organizations;

4 (e) "Conscience" means a sincerely held set of moral
5 convictions arising from belief in and relation to God, or
6 which, though not so derived, arises from a place in the
7 life of its possessor parallel to that filled by God among
8 adherents to religious faiths;

9 (f) "Health care payer" means a health maintenance 10 organization, insurance company, management services 11 organization, or any other entity that pays for or 12 arranges for the payment of any health care or medical 13 care service, procedure, or product; and

14 (g) "Undue delay" means unreasonable delay that causes15 impairment of the patient's health.

16 The above definitions include not only the traditional 17 combinations and forms of these persons and organizations but 18 also all new and emerging forms and combinations of these 19 persons and organizations.

20 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.)

21 Section 5-195. The Illinois Parentage Act of 2015 is 22 amended by changing Sections 704 and 709 as follows:

23 (750 ILCS 46/704)

24 Sec. 704. Withdrawal of consent of intended parent or

donor. An intended parent or donor may withdraw consent to use 1 2 his or her gametes in a writing or legal pleading with notice 3 to the other participants. An intended parent who withdraws consent under this Section prior to the insemination or embryo 4 5 transfer is not a parent of any resulting child. If a donor withdraws consent to his or her donation prior to the 6 7 insemination or the combination of gametes, the intended 8 parent is not the parent of any resulting child. If the 9 intended parent or parents no longer wish to use any remaining 10 cryopreserved fertilized ovum for medical purposes, the terms 11 of the most recent informed consent of the intended parent or 12 parents executed at the fertility center or a marital 13 settlement agreement under a judgment of dissolution of 14 marriage, judgment of legal separation, or judgment of 15 dissolution of civil union governs the disposition of the 16 fertilized ovum.

17 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

18 (750 ILCS 46/709)

Sec. 709. Establishment of parentage; requirements of
 Gestational Surrogacy Act.

(a) In the event of gestational surrogacy, in addition to the requirements of the Gestational Surrogacy Act, a parent-child relationship is established between a person and a child if all of the following conditions are met prior to the birth of the child:

1 (1) The gestational surrogate certifies that she did 2 not provide a gamete for the child, and that she is 3 carrying the child for the intended parents.

4 (2) The spouse, if any, of the gestational surrogate 5 certifies that he or she did not provide a gamete for the 6 child.

7 (3) Each intended parent, or the parent's legally 8 authorized designee if an intended parent dies, certifies 9 that the child being carried by the gestational surrogate 10 was conceived using at least one of the intended parents' 11 gametes.

12 (4) A physician licensed in the state in which the 13 fertilized ovum was inseminated or transferred to the 14 gestational surrogate certifies that the child being 15 carried by the gestational surrogate was conceived using 16 the gamete or gametes of at least one of the intended 17 parents, and that neither the gestational surrogate nor the gestational surrogate's spouse, if any, provided 18 19 gametes for the child being carried by the gestational 20 surrogate.

(5) The attorneys for the intended parents and the gestational surrogate each certify that the parties entered into a gestational surrogacy agreement intended to satisfy the requirements of the Gestational Surrogacy Act.

(b) All certifications under this Section shall be in writing and witnessed by 2 competent adults who are not the

gestational surrogate, gestational surrogate's spouse, if any, 1 2 or an intended parent. Certifications shall be on forms 3 prescribed by the Illinois Department of Public Health and shall be executed prior to the birth of the child. All 4 5 certifications shall be provided, prior to the birth of the 6 child, to both the hospital where the gestational surrogate anticipates the delivery will occur and to the Illinois 7 8 Department of Public Health.

9 (c) Parentage established in accordance with this Section 10 has the full force and effect of a judgment entered under this 11 Act.

12 (d) The Illinois Department of Public Health shall adopt13 rules to implement this Section.

14 (Source: P.A. 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

Section 5-200. The Rights of Married Persons Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

17 (750 ILCS 65/15) (from Ch. 40, par. 1015)

Sec. 15. (a)(1) The expenses of the family and of the education of the children shall be chargeable upon the property of both husband and wife, or of either of them, in favor of creditors therefor, and in relation thereto they may be sued jointly or separately.

(2) No creditor, who has a claim against a spouse or formerspouse for an expense incurred by that spouse or former spouse

1 which is not a family expense, shall maintain an action 2 against the other spouse or former spouse for that expense 3 except:

4 (A) an expense for which the other spouse or former spouse 5 agreed, in writing, to be liable; or

6 (B) an expense for goods or merchandise purchased by or in 7 the possession of the other spouse or former spouse, or for 8 services ordered by the other spouse or former spouse.

9 (3) Any creditor who maintains an action in violation of 10 this subsection (a) for an expense other than a family expense 11 against a spouse or former spouse other than the spouse or 12 former spouse who incurred the expense, shall be liable to the 13 other spouse or former spouse for his or her costs, expenses 14 and attorney's fees incurred in defending the action.

15 (4) No creditor shall, with respect to any claim against a 16 spouse or former spouse for which the creditor is prohibited 17 under this subsection (a) from maintaining an action against the other spouse or former spouse, engage in any collection 18 19 efforts against the other spouse or former spouse, including, 20 but not limited to, informal or formal collection attempts, referral of the claim to a collector or collection agency for 21 22 collection from the other spouse or former spouse, or making 23 any representation to a credit reporting agency that the other spouse or former spouse is any way liable for payment of the 24 25 claim.

26

(b) No spouse shall be liable for any expense incurred by

the other spouse when an abortion is performed on such spouse, 1 2 without the consent of such other spouse, unless the physician 3 who performed the abortion certifies that such abortion is necessary to preserve the life of the spouse who obtained such 4 5 abortion. (Blank). 6 (c) No parent shall be liable for any expense incurred by 7 his or her minor child when an abortion is performed on such 8 minor child without the consent of both parents of such child,

9 if they both have custody, or the parent having custody, or 10 legal quardian of such child, unless the physician who 11 performed the abortion certifies that such abortion is 12 necessary to preserve the life of the minor child who obtained 13 such abortion. (Blank).

14 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19.)

15

Article 6.

16 (5 ILCS 100/5-45.35

Section 6-5. The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is amended by repealing Section 5-45.35 (as added by Public Act 19 102-1117).

20 (20 ILCS 4111/Act rep.)

21 Section 6-10. The Youth Health and Safety Act is repealed.

22 (30 ILCS 105/5.990 rep.)

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1	Section 6-15. The State Finance Act is amended by
2	repealing Section 5.990.
3	(215 ILCS 5/356z.4a rep.)
4	Section 6-20. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by
5	repealing Section 356z.4a.
6	(215 ILCS 5/356z.60 rep.)
7	Section 6-25. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by
8	repealing Section 356z.60.
9	(225 ILCS 95/9.7 rep.)
10	Section 6-30. The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987
11	is amended by repealing Section 9.7.
12	(225 ILCS 60/66 rep.)
13	Section 6-35. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended
14	by repealing Section 66.
15	(225 ILCS 65/65-11 rep.)
16	(225 ILCS 65/65-11.5 rep.)
17	Section 6-40. The Nurse Practice Act is amended by
18	repealing Sections 65-11 and 65-11.5.
19	(410 ILCS 185/Act rep.)
20	Section 6-45. The Abortion Care Clinical Training Program

HB2606 - 347 - LRB103 26004 LNS 52358 b 1 Act is repealed. (735 ILCS 35/3.5 rep.) 2 3 Section 6-50. The Uniform Interstate Depositions and 4 Discovery Act is amended by repealing Section 3.5. 5 (735 ILCS 40/Act rep.) 6 Section 6-55. The Lawful Health Care Activity Act is 7 repealed. 8 (740 ILCS 126/Act rep.) 9 Section 6-60. The Protecting Reproductive Health Care Services Act is repealed. 10 (775 ILCS 55/Act rep.) 11 12 Section 6-65. The Reproductive Health Act is repealed. Article 99. 13 14 Section 99-95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by 15 16 text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a 17 Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the 18 19 changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act. 20

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Section 99-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
 becoming law.

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5	5 ILCS 375/6.11	
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7	20 ILCS 2630/3.2	from Ch. 38, par. 206-3.2
8	55 ILCS 5/3-3013	from Ch. 34, par. 3-3013
9	55 ILCS 5/3-4006	from Ch. 34, par. 3-4006
10	55 ILCS 5/5-1069.3	
11	65 ILCS 5/10-4-2.3	
12	105 ILCS 5/10-22.3f	
13	210 ILCS 5/2	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 157-8.2
14	210 ILCS 5/3	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 157-8.3
15	210 ILCS 5/6.2 new	
16	210 ILCS 170/5	
17	210 ILCS 170/30	
18	215 ILCS 5/356z.3a	
19	215 ILCS 5/356z.4	
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21	215 ILCS 125/5-3	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1411.2
22	215 ILCS 130/4003	from Ch. 73, par. 1504-3
23	215 ILCS 165/10	from Ch. 32, par. 604
24	225 ILCS 6/60	
25	225 ILCS 15/15	from Ch. 111, par. 5365

1	225 ILCS 20/19	from Ch. 111, par. 6369
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9	225 ILCS 65/65-43	
10	225 ILCS 65/65-65	was 225 ILCS 65/15-55
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26	415 ILCS 5/56.1	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1056.1

1	720 ILCS 5/9-1.2	from Ch. 38, par. 9-1.2
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- 1 740 ILCS 126/Act rep.
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