

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 HB1436

Introduced 1/31/2023, by Rep. Marcus C. Evans, Jr.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act. Creates the Cannabis Equity and Oversight Commission. Provides that the Commission shall administer and enforce the provisions of the Act relating to the oversight, licensing, registration, and certification of dispensing organizations, cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, transporting organizations, laboratories, and agents, including, but not limited to, the issuance of identification cards and establishing limits on the potency or serving size of cannabis or cannabis products. Provides that the Commission may suspend or revoke the license of, or impose other penalties upon, dispensing organizations, cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, transporting organizations, laboratories, and their principal officers, agents-in-charge, and agents for violations of the Act or any rules adopted under the Act. Makes conforming changes throughout various Acts. Contains other provisions. Effective July 1, 2023.

LRB103 04785 CPF 49795 b

1 AN ACT concerning health.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois State Police Law of the Civil
 Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section
- 6 2605-45 as follows:

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- 7 (20 ILCS 2605/2605-45) (was 20 ILCS 2605/55a-5)
- 8 Sec. 2605-45. Division of Justice Services. The Division 9 of Justice Services shall exercise the following functions:
 - (1) Operate and maintain the Law Enforcement Agencies statewide, Data System (LEADS), a computerized telecommunications system designed to provide services, information, and capabilities to the law enforcement and criminal justice community in the State of Illinois. The Director is responsible for establishing procedures, and regulations consistent with State and federal rules, policies, and law by which LEADS operates. shall designate a Director statewide Administrator for management of the system. The Director may appoint a LEADS Advisory Policy Board to reflect the needs and desires of the law enforcement and criminal justice community and to make recommendations concerning policies and procedures.

1	(2)	Pursue	research	and	the	publication	of	studies
2	pertaini	ng to l	ocal law e	enforc	ement	activities.		

- (3) Serve as the State's point of contact for the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program and National Incident-Based Reporting System.
- (4) Operate an electronic data processing and computer center for the storage and retrieval of data pertaining to criminal activity.
- (5) Exercise the rights, powers, and duties vested in the Illinois State Police by the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act and the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
 - (6) (Blank).
- (6.5) Exercise the rights, powers, and duties vested in the Illinois State Police by the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and the Firearm Dealer License Certification Act.
- (7) Exercise other duties that may be assigned by the Director to fulfill the responsibilities and achieve the purposes of the Illinois State Police.
- (8) Exercise the rights, powers, and duties vested by law in the Illinois State Police by the Criminal Identification Act.
- (9) Exercise the powers and perform the duties that have been vested in the Illinois State Police by the Sex Offender Registration Act and the Sex Offender Community

- 1 Notification Law and adopt reasonable rules necessitated
- 2 thereby.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 101-378, eff. 1-1-20; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 4 Section 10. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- 5 Section 5.990 and by changing Section 6z-112 as follows:
- 6 (30 ILCS 105/5.990 new)
- 7 Sec. 5.990. Cannabis Enforcement Fund. The Cannabis
- 8 <u>Enforcement Fund.</u>
- 9 (30 ILCS 105/6z-112)
- 10 Sec. 6z-112. The Cannabis Regulation Fund.
- 11 (a) There is created the Cannabis Regulation Fund in the
- 12 State treasury, subject to appropriations unless otherwise
- 13 provided in this Section. All moneys collected under the
- 14 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act shall be deposited into the
- 15 Cannabis Regulation Fund, consisting of taxes, license fees,
- 16 other fees, and any other amounts required to be deposited or
- 17 transferred into the Fund.
- 18 (b) Whenever the Department of Revenue determines that a
- 19 refund should be made under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax
- 20 Act to a claimant, the Department of Revenue shall submit a
- 21 voucher for payment to the State Comptroller, who shall cause
- 22 the order to be drawn for the amount specified and to the
- 23 person named in the notification from the Department of

Revenue. This subsection (b) shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation of all amounts necessary for the payment of refunds out of the Fund as authorized under this subsection (b).

- (c) On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department of Revenue shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the transfer and allocations of stated sums of money from the Cannabis Regulation Fund to other named funds in the State treasury. The amount subject to transfer shall be the amount of the taxes, license fees, other fees, and any other amounts paid into the Fund during the second preceding calendar month, minus the refunds made under subsection (b) during the second preceding calendar month by the Department. The transfers shall be certified as follows:
 - (1) (Blank). The Department of Revenue shall first determine the allocations which shall remain in the Cannabis Regulation Fund, subject to appropriations, to pay for the direct and indirect costs associated with the implementation, administration, and enforcement of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act by the Department of Revenue, the Department of State Police, the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Public Health, the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, and the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority.
 - (2) (Blank). After the allocations have been made as

provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection (c), of the remainder of the amount subject to transfer for the month as determined in this subsection (c), the Department shall certify the transfer into the Cannabis Expungement Fund 1/12 of the fiscal year amount appropriated from the Cannabis Expungement Fund for payment of costs incurred by State courts, the Attorney General, State's Attorneys, civil legal aid, as defined by Section 15 of the Public Interest Attorney Assistance Act, and the Department of State Police to facilitate petitions for expungement of Minor Cannabis Offenses pursuant to Public Act 101-27, as adjusted by any supplemental appropriation, plus cumulative deficiencies in such transfers for prior months.

- (3) The After the allocations have been made as provided in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection (c), the Department of Revenue shall certify to the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer shall transfer the amounts that the Department of Revenue determines shall be transferred into the following named funds according to the following:
 - (A) 2% shall be transferred to the Drug Treatment Fund to be used by the Department of Human Services for: (i) developing and administering a scientifically and medically accurate public education campaign educating youth and adults about the health and safety

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risks of alcohol, tobacco, illegal drug use (including prescription drugs), and cannabis, including use by pregnant women; and (ii) data collection and analysis of the public health impacts of legalizing the recreational use of cannabis. Expenditures for these purposes shall be subject to appropriations.

- shall be transferred to the (B) 8% Local Government Distributive Fund and allocated as provided in Section 2 of the State Revenue Sharing Act. The moneys shall be used to fund crime prevention programs, training, and interdiction efforts, detection, enforcement, and prevention including efforts, relating to the illegal cannabis market and driving under the influence of cannabis.
- (C) 25% shall be transferred to the Criminal Justice Information Projects Fund to be used for the purposes of the Restore, Reinvest, and Renew Program to address economic development, violence prevention services, re-entry services, youth development, and civil legal aid, as defined by Section 15 of the Public Interest Attorney Assistance Act. The Restore, Reinvest, and Renew Program shall address these issues through targeted investments and intervention programs and promotion of an employment infrastructure and capacity building related to the social determinants of health in impacted community areas. Expenditures

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for these purposes shall be subject to appropriations.

- (D) 20% shall be transferred to the Department of Human Services Community Services Fund, to be used to address substance abuse and prevention and mental health concerns, including treatment, education, and prevention to address the negative impacts substance abuse and mental health issues, including concentrated poverty, violence, and the historical overuse of criminal justice responses in certain communities, on the individual, family, and community, including federal, State, and local governments, health care institutions and providers, and correctional facilities. Expenditures for these purposes shall be subject to appropriations.
- (E) (Blank) 10% shall be transferred to the Budget Stabilization Fund.
- (F) (Blank) 35%, or any remaining balance, shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund.
- (G) 25% shall be allocated to the Cannabis Equity and Oversight Commission to pay for the direct and indirect costs associated with the implementation, administration, and enforcement of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act. Any remaining moneys of the 25% after paying those costs shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund.
 - (H) 2% shall be transferred to the Cannabis

Expungement Fund for payment of costs incurred by State courts, the Attorney General, State's Attorneys, civic legal aid as that term is defined under Section

15 of the Public Interest Attorney Assistance Act, and the Illinois State Police to facilitate petitions for expungement of Minor Cannabis Offenses under subsection (i) of Section 5.2 of the Criminal Identification Act.

- Enforcement Fund for payment of costs incurred by the Cannabis Equity and Oversight Commission, the Attorney General, the Illinois State Police, and other State and local agencies who have entered into a memorandum of understanding with the Cannabis Equity and Oversight Commission to carry out investigations of violations and enforcement of provisions of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act regarding the cultivation, production, sale, distribution, delivery, advertising, and transport of cannabis in violation of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or without a license issued under that Act.
- 22 <u>(J) Any remaining balance shall be transferred to</u>
 23 <u>the General Revenue Fund.</u>

As soon as may be practical, but no later than 10 days after receipt, by the State Comptroller of the transfer certification provided for in this subsection (c) to be given

- 1 to the State Comptroller by the Department of Revenue, the
- 2 State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall
- 3 transfer the respective amounts in accordance with the
- 4 directions contained in such certification.
- 5 (d) On July 1, 2019 the Department of Revenue shall
- 6 certify to the State Comptroller and the State Treasurer shall
- 7 transfer \$5,000,000 from the Compassionate Use of Medical
- 8 Cannabis Fund to the Cannabis Regulation Fund.
- 9 (e) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary and
- 10 except as otherwise provided in this Section, this Fund is not
- 11 subject to sweeps, administrative charge-backs, or any other
- 12 fiscal or budgetary maneuver that would in any way transfer
- any amounts from this Fund into any other fund of the State.
- 14 (f) The Cannabis Regulation Fund shall retain a balance of
- \$1,000,000 for the purposes of administrative costs.
- 16 (g) In Fiscal Year 2024 the allocations in subsection (c)
- of this Section shall be reviewed and adjusted if the General
- 18 Assembly finds there is a greater need for funding for a
- 19 specific purpose in the State as it relates to Public Act
- 20 101-27.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 22 Section 15. The Illinois Procurement Code is amended by
- 23 changing Section 1-10 as follows:
- 24 (30 ILCS 500/1-10)

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- 1 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-721)
- 2 Sec. 1-10. Application.
- This Code applies only to procurements for which 3 bidders, offerors, potential contractors, or contractors were 5 first solicited on or after July 1, 1998. This Code shall not be construed to affect or impair any contract, or 6 provision of a contract, entered into based on a solicitation 7 prior to the implementation date of this Code as described in 8 9 Article 99, including, but not limited to, any covenant 10 entered into with respect to any revenue bonds or similar 11 instruments. All procurements for which contracts are 12 solicited between the effective date of Articles 50 and 99 and 13 July 1, 1998 shall be substantially in accordance with this 14 Code and its intent.
 - (b) This Code shall apply regardless of the source of the funds with which the contracts are paid, including federal assistance moneys. This Code shall not apply to:
 - (1) Contracts between the State and its political subdivisions or other governments, or between State governmental bodies, except as specifically provided in this Code.
- 22 (2) Grants, except for the filing requirements of Section 20-80.
- 24 (3) Purchase of care, except as provided in Section 25 5-30.6 of the Illinois Public Aid Code and this Section.
 - (4) Hiring of an individual as an employee and not as

an independent contractor, whether pursuant to an employment code or policy or by contract directly with that individual.

- (5) Collective bargaining contracts.
- (6) Purchase of real estate, except that notice of this type of contract with a value of more than \$25,000 must be published in the Procurement Bulletin within 10 calendar days after the deed is recorded in the county of jurisdiction. The notice shall identify the real estate purchased, the names of all parties to the contract, the value of the contract, and the effective date of the contract.
- (7) Contracts necessary to prepare for anticipated litigation, enforcement actions, or investigations, provided that the chief legal counsel to the Governor shall give his or her prior approval when the procuring agency is one subject to the jurisdiction of the Governor, and provided that the chief legal counsel of any other procuring entity subject to this Code shall give his or her prior approval when the procuring entity is not one subject to the jurisdiction of the Governor.
 - (8) (Blank).
- (9) Procurement expenditures by the Illinois Conservation Foundation when only private funds are used.
 - (10) (Blank).
 - (11) Public-private agreements entered into according

to the procurement requirements of Section 20 of the Public-Private Partnerships for Transportation Act and design-build agreements entered into according to the procurement requirements of Section 25 of the Public-Private Partnerships for Transportation Act.

- (12) (A) Contracts for legal, financial, and other professional and artistic services entered into by the Illinois Finance Authority in which the State of Illinois is not obligated. Such contracts shall be awarded through a competitive process authorized by the members of the Illinois Finance Authority and are subject to Sections 5-30, 20-160, 50-13, 50-20, 50-35, and 50-37 of this Code, as well as the final approval by the members of the Illinois Finance Authority of the terms of the contract.
- (B) Contracts for legal and financial services entered into by the Illinois Housing Development Authority in connection with the issuance of bonds in which the State of Illinois is not obligated. Such contracts shall be awarded through a competitive process authorized by the members of the Illinois Housing Development Authority and are subject to Sections 5-30, 20-160, 50-13, 50-20, 50-35, and 50-37 of this Code, as well as the final approval by the members of the Illinois Housing Development Authority of the terms of the contract.
- (13) Contracts for services, commodities, and equipment to support the delivery of timely forensic

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science services in consultation with and subject to the approval of the Chief Procurement Officer as provided in subsection (d) of Section 5-4-3a of the Unified Code of Corrections, except for the requirements of Sections 20-60, 20-65, 20-70, and 20-160 and Article 50 of this Code; however, the Chief Procurement Officer may, in writing with justification, waive any certification required under Article 50 of this Code. For any contracts for services which are currently provided by members of a collective bargaining agreement, the applicable terms of the collective bargaining agreement concerning subcontracting shall be followed.

On and after January 1, 2019, this paragraph (13), except for this sentence, is inoperative.

- (14) Contracts for participation expenditures required by a domestic or international trade show or exhibition of an exhibitor, member, or sponsor.
- (15) Contracts with a railroad or utility that requires the State to reimburse the railroad or utilities for the relocation of utilities for construction or other public purpose. Contracts included within this paragraph (15) shall include, but not be limited to, those associated with: relocations, crossings, installations, and maintenance. For the purposes of this paragraph (15), "railroad" means any form of non-highway ground transportation that runs on rails or electromagnetic

guideways and "utility" means: (1) public utilities as defined in Section 3-105 of the Public Utilities Act, (2) telecommunications carriers as defined in Section 13-202 of the Public Utilities Act, (3) electric cooperatives as defined in Section 3.4 of the Electric Supplier Act, (4) telephone or telecommunications cooperatives as defined in Section 13-212 of the Public Utilities Act, (5) rural water or waste water systems with 10,000 connections or less, (6) a holder as defined in Section 21-201 of the Public Utilities Act, and (7) municipalities owning or operating utility systems consisting of public utilities as that term is defined in Section 11-117-2 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

- (16) Procurement expenditures necessary for the Department of Public Health to provide the delivery of timely newborn screening services in accordance with the Newborn Metabolic Screening Act.
- (17) Procurement expenditures necessary for the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the Department of Human Services, and the Department of Public Health to implement the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program and Opioid Alternative Pilot Program requirements and ensure access to medical cannabis for patients with debilitating medical conditions in accordance with the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

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(18) This Code does not apply to any procurements necessary for the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the Department of Human Services, the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, and the Department of Public Health to implement the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act if the applicable agency has made a good faith determination that it is necessary and appropriate for the expenditure to fall within this exemption and if the process is conducted in a manner substantially in accordance with the requirements of Sections 20-160, 25-60, 30-22, 50-5, 50-10, 50-10.5, 50-12, 50-13, 50-15, 50-20, 50-21, 50-35, 50-36, 50-37, 50-38, and 50-50 of this Code; however, for Section 50-35, compliance applies only to contracts or subcontracts over \$100,000. Notice of each contract entered into under this paragraph (18) that is related to procurement of goods and services identified in paragraph (1) through (9) of this subsection shall be published in the Procurement Bulletin within 14 calendar days after contract execution. The Chief Procurement Officer shall prescribe the form and content of the notice. Each agency shall provide the Chief Procurement Officer, on a monthly basis, in the form and content prescribed by the Chief Procurement Officer, a report of contracts that are related to the procurement of goods and services identified in this subsection. At a minimum, this

report shall include the name of the contractor, a description of the supply or service provided, the total amount of the contract, the term of the contract, and the exception to this Code utilized. A copy of any or all of these contracts shall be made available to the Chief Procurement Officer immediately upon request. The Chief Procurement Officer shall submit a report to the Governor and General Assembly no later than November 1 of each year that includes, at a minimum, an annual summary of the monthly information reported to the Chief Procurement Officer. This exemption becomes inoperative 5 years after June 25, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-27).

(19) Acquisition of modifications or adjustments, limited to assistive technology devices and assistive technology services, adaptive equipment, repairs, and replacement parts to provide reasonable accommodations (i) that enable a qualified applicant with a disability to complete the job application process and be considered for the position such qualified applicant desires, (ii) that modify or adjust the work environment to enable a qualified current employee with a disability to perform the essential functions of the position held by that employee, (iii) to enable a qualified current employee with a disability to enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are enjoyed by other similarly situated employees without disabilities, and (iv) that allow a

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customer, client, claimant, or member of the public seeking State services full use and enjoyment of and access to its programs, services, or benefits.

For purposes of this paragraph (19):

"Assistive technology devices" means any item, piece of equipment, or product system, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve functional capabilities of individuals with disabilities.

"Assistive technology services" means any service that directly assists an individual with a disability in selection, acquisition, or use of an assistive technology device.

"Qualified" has the same meaning and use as provided under the federal Americans with Disabilities Act when describing an individual with a disability.

Procurement expenditures necessary for (20)the Illinois Commerce Commission hire to third-party facilitators pursuant to Sections 16-105.17 and 16-108.18 of the Public Utilities Act or an ombudsman pursuant to 16-107.5 of the Public Utilities Section Act, facilitator pursuant to Section 16-105.17 of the Public Utilities Act, or a grid auditor pursuant to Section 16-105.10 of the Public Utilities Act.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for contracts entered into on or after October 1, 2017 under an exemption

- provided in any paragraph of this subsection (b), except paragraph (1), (2), or (5), each State agency shall post to the appropriate procurement bulletin the name of the contractor, a description of the supply or service provided, the total amount of the contract, the term of the contract, and the exception to the Code utilized. The chief procurement officer shall submit a report to the Governor and General Assembly no later than November 1 of each year that shall include, at a minimum, an annual summary of the monthly information reported to the chief procurement officer.
- (c) This Code does not apply to the electric power procurement process provided for under Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency Act and Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act.
 - (d) Except for Section 20-160 and Article 50 of this Code, and as expressly required by Section 9.1 of the Illinois Lottery Law, the provisions of this Code do not apply to the procurement process provided for under Section 9.1 of the Illinois Lottery Law.
- (e) This Code does not apply to the process used by the Capital Development Board to retain a person or entity to assist the Capital Development Board with its duties related to the determination of costs of a clean coal SNG brownfield facility, as defined by Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power Agency Act, as required in subsection (h-3) of Section 9-220 of the Public Utilities Act, including calculating the range

- 1 of capital costs, the range of operating and maintenance
- 2 costs, or the sequestration costs or monitoring the
- 3 construction of clean coal SNG brownfield facility for the
- 4 full duration of construction.
- 5 (f) (Blank).
- 6 (g) (Blank).
- 7 (h) This Code does not apply to the process to procure or
- 8 contracts entered into in accordance with Sections 11-5.2 and
- 9 11-5.3 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- 10 (i) Each chief procurement officer may access records
- 11 necessary to review whether a contract, purchase, or other
- 12 expenditure is or is not subject to the provisions of this
- 13 Code, unless such records would be subject to attorney-client
- 14 privilege.
- 15 (j) This Code does not apply to the process used by the
- 16 Capital Development Board to retain an artist or work or works
- of art as required in Section 14 of the Capital Development
- 18 Board Act.
- 19 (k) This Code does not apply to the process to procure
- 20 contracts, or contracts entered into, by the State Board of
- 21 Elections or the State Electoral Board for hearing officers
- appointed pursuant to the Election Code.
- 23 (1) This Code does not apply to the processes used by the
- 24 Illinois Student Assistance Commission to procure supplies and
- 25 services paid for from the private funds of the Illinois
- 26 Prepaid Tuition Fund. As used in this subsection (1), "private

- funds" means funds derived from deposits paid into the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund and the earnings thereon.
- 3 (m) This Code shall apply regardless of the source of
- 4 funds with which contracts are paid, including federal
- 5 assistance moneys. Except as specifically provided in this
- 6 Code, this Code shall not apply to procurement expenditures
- 7 necessary for the Department of Public Health to conduct the
- 8 Healthy Illinois Survey in accordance with Section 2310-431 of
- 9 the Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the
- 10 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;
- 12 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-175, eff. 7-29-21; 102-483, eff
- 13 1-1-22; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-600, eff. 8-27-21; 102-662,
- 14 eff. 9-15-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)
- 15 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-721)
- 16 Sec. 1-10. Application.
- 17 (a) This Code applies only to procurements for which
- 18 bidders, offerors, potential contractors, or contractors were
- 19 first solicited on or after July 1, 1998. This Code shall not
- 20 be construed to affect or impair any contract, or any
- 21 provision of a contract, entered into based on a solicitation
- 22 prior to the implementation date of this Code as described in
- 23 Article 99, including, but not limited to, any covenant
- 24 entered into with respect to any revenue bonds or similar

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- instruments. All procurements for which contracts are solicited between the effective date of Articles 50 and 99 and July 1, 1998 shall be substantially in accordance with this
- 4 Code and its intent.
- 5 (b) This Code shall apply regardless of the source of the 6 funds with which the contracts are paid, including federal 7 assistance moneys. This Code shall not apply to:
 - (1) Contracts between the State and its political subdivisions or other governments, or between State governmental bodies, except as specifically provided in this Code.
 - (2) Grants, except for the filing requirements of Section 20-80.
 - (3) Purchase of care, except as provided in Section 5-30.6 of the Illinois Public Aid Code and this Section.
 - (4) Hiring of an individual as an employee and not as an independent contractor, whether pursuant to an employment code or policy or by contract directly with that individual.
 - (5) Collective bargaining contracts.
 - (6) Purchase of real estate, except that notice of this type of contract with a value of more than \$25,000 must be published in the Procurement Bulletin within 10 calendar days after the deed is recorded in the county of jurisdiction. The notice shall identify the real estate purchased, the names of all parties to the contract, the

value of the contract, and the effective date of the contract.

- (7) Contracts necessary to prepare for anticipated litigation, enforcement actions, or investigations, provided that the chief legal counsel to the Governor shall give his or her prior approval when the procuring agency is one subject to the jurisdiction of the Governor, and provided that the chief legal counsel of any other procuring entity subject to this Code shall give his or her prior approval when the procuring entity is not one subject to the jurisdiction of the Governor.
 - (8) (Blank).
- (9) Procurement expenditures by the Illinois Conservation Foundation when only private funds are used.
 - (10) (Blank).
- (11) Public-private agreements entered into according to the procurement requirements of Section 20 of the Public-Private Partnerships for Transportation Act and design-build agreements entered into according to the procurement requirements of Section 25 of the Public-Private Partnerships for Transportation Act.
- (12) (A) Contracts for legal, financial, and other professional and artistic services entered into by the Illinois Finance Authority in which the State of Illinois is not obligated. Such contracts shall be awarded through a competitive process authorized by the members of the

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Illinois Finance Authority and are subject to Sections 5-30, 20-160, 50-13, 50-20, 50-35, and 50-37 of this Code, as well as the final approval by the members of the Illinois Finance Authority of the terms of the contract.

- (B) Contracts for legal and financial services entered into by the Illinois Housing Development Authority in connection with the issuance of bonds in which the State of Illinois is not obligated. Such contracts shall be awarded through a competitive process authorized by the members of the Illinois Housing Development Authority and are subject to Sections 5-30, 20-160, 50-13, 50-20, 50-35, and 50-37 of this Code, as well as the final approval by the members of the Illinois Housing Development Authority of the terms of the contract.
- Contracts for services, commodities, equipment to support the delivery of timely forensic science services in consultation with and subject to the approval of the Chief Procurement Officer as provided in subsection (d) of Section 5-4-3a of the Unified Code of Corrections, except for the requirements of Sections 20-60, 20-65, 20-70, and 20-160 and Article 50 of this Code; however, the Chief Procurement Officer may, in with justification, waive writing any certification required under Article 50 of this Code. For any contracts for services which are currently provided by members of a collective bargaining agreement, the applicable terms of

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the collective bargaining agreement concerning subcontracting shall be followed.

On and after January 1, 2019, this paragraph (13), except for this sentence, is inoperative.

- (14) Contracts for participation expenditures required by a domestic or international trade show or exhibition of an exhibitor, member, or sponsor.
- (15) Contracts with a railroad or utility that requires the State to reimburse the railroad or utilities for the relocation of utilities for construction or other public purpose. Contracts included within this paragraph (15) shall include, but not be limited to, those associated with: relocations, crossings, installations, and maintenance. For the purposes of this paragraph (15), "railroad" means any form of non-highway ground transportation that runs on rails or electromagnetic quideways and "utility" means: (1) public utilities as defined in Section 3-105 of the Public Utilities Act, (2) telecommunications carriers as defined in Section 13-202 of the Public Utilities Act, (3) electric cooperatives as defined in Section 3.4 of the Electric Supplier Act, (4) telephone or telecommunications cooperatives as defined in Section 13-212 of the Public Utilities Act, (5) rural water or waste water systems with 10,000 connections or less, (6) a holder as defined in Section 21-201 of the Public Utilities Act, and (7) municipalities owning or

- operating utility systems consisting of public utilities as that term is defined in Section 11-117-2 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
 - (16) Procurement expenditures necessary for the Department of Public Health to provide the delivery of timely newborn screening services in accordance with the Newborn Metabolic Screening Act.
 - Department of Agriculture, the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the Department of Human Services, the Cannabis Equity and Oversight Commission, and the Department of Public Health to implement the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program and Opioid Alternative Pilot Program requirements and ensure access to medical cannabis for patients with debilitating medical conditions in accordance with Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
 - (18) This Code does not apply to any procurements necessary for the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the Department of Human Services, the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, and the Department of Public Health to implement the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act if the applicable agency has made a good faith determination that it is necessary and appropriate for the expenditure

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to fall within this exemption and if the process is conducted in a manner substantially in accordance with the requirements of Sections 20-160, 25-60, 30-22, 50-5, 50-10, 50-10.5, 50-12, 50-13, 50-15, 50-20, 50-21, 50-35, 50-36, 50-37, 50-38, and 50-50 of this Code; however, for Section 50-35, compliance applies only to contracts or subcontracts over \$100,000. Notice of each contract entered into under this paragraph (18) that is related to the procurement of goods and services identified in paragraph (1) through (9) of this subsection shall be published in the Procurement Bulletin within 14 calendar days after contract execution. The Chief Procurement Officer shall prescribe the form and content of the notice. Each agency shall provide the Chief Procurement Officer, on a monthly basis, in the form and content prescribed by the Chief Procurement Officer, a report of contracts that are related to the procurement of goods and services identified in this subsection. At a minimum, this report shall include the name of the contractor, a description of the supply or service provided, the total amount of the contract, the term of the contract, and the exception to this Code utilized. A copy of any or all of these contracts shall be made available to the Chief Procurement Officer immediately upon request. The Chief Procurement Officer shall submit a report to the Governor and General Assembly no later than November 1 of each year

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that includes, at a minimum, an annual summary of the monthly information reported to the Chief Procurement Officer. This exemption becomes inoperative 5 years after June 25, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-27).

(19) Acquisition of modifications or adjustments, limited to assistive technology devices and assistive technology services, adaptive equipment, repairs, and replacement parts to provide reasonable accommodations (i) that enable a qualified applicant with a disability to complete the job application process and be considered for the position such qualified applicant desires, (ii) that modify or adjust the work environment to enable a qualified current employee with a disability to perform the essential functions of the position held by that employee, (iii) to enable a qualified current employee with a disability to enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are enjoyed by other similarly situated employees without disabilities, and (iv) that allow a customer, client, claimant, or member of the public seeking State services full use and enjoyment of and access to its programs, services, or benefits.

For purposes of this paragraph (19):

"Assistive technology devices" means any item, piece of equipment, or product system, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve functional

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1 capabilities of individuals with disabilities.

"Assistive technology services" means any service that directly assists an individual with a disability in selection, acquisition, or use of an assistive technology device.

"Qualified" has the same meaning and use as provided under the federal Americans with Disabilities Act when describing an individual with a disability.

(20)Procurement expenditures necessary for Illinois Commerce Commission to hire third-party facilitators pursuant to Sections 16-105.17 and 16-108.18 of the Public Utilities Act or an ombudsman pursuant to Section 16-107.5 of the Public Utilities facilitator pursuant to Section 16-105.17 of the Public Utilities Act, or a grid auditor pursuant to Section 16-105.10 of the Public Utilities Act.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for contracts with an annual value of more than \$100,000 entered into on or after October 1, 2017 under an exemption provided in any paragraph of this subsection (b), except paragraph (1), (2), or (5), each State agency shall post to the appropriate procurement bulletin the name of the contractor, a description of the supply or service provided, the total amount of the contract, the term of the contract, and the exception to the Code utilized. The chief procurement officer shall submit a report to the Governor and General Assembly no later than

- 1 November 1 of each year that shall include, at a minimum, an
- 2 annual summary of the monthly information reported to the
- 3 chief procurement officer.
- 4 (c) This Code does not apply to the electric power
- 5 procurement process provided for under Section 1-75 of the
- 6 Illinois Power Agency Act and Section 16-111.5 of the Public
- 7 Utilities Act.
- 8 (d) Except for Section 20-160 and Article 50 of this Code,
- 9 and as expressly required by Section 9.1 of the Illinois
- 10 Lottery Law, the provisions of this Code do not apply to the
- 11 procurement process provided for under Section 9.1 of the
- 12 Illinois Lottery Law.
- (e) This Code does not apply to the process used by the
- 14 Capital Development Board to retain a person or entity to
- assist the Capital Development Board with its duties related
- 16 to the determination of costs of a clean coal SNG brownfield
- facility, as defined by Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power
- 18 Agency Act, as required in subsection (h-3) of Section 9-220
- of the Public Utilities Act, including calculating the range
- 20 of capital costs, the range of operating and maintenance
- 21 costs, or the sequestration costs or monitoring the
- 22 construction of clean coal SNG brownfield facility for the
- full duration of construction.
- 24 (f) (Blank).
- 25 (g) (Blank).
- 26 (h) This Code does not apply to the process to procure or

- 1 contracts entered into in accordance with Sections 11-5.2 and 11-5.3 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (i) Each chief procurement officer may access records
 necessary to review whether a contract, purchase, or other
 expenditure is or is not subject to the provisions of this
 Code, unless such records would be subject to attorney-client
 privilege.
 - (j) This Code does not apply to the process used by the Capital Development Board to retain an artist or work or works of art as required in Section 14 of the Capital Development Board Act.
 - (k) This Code does not apply to the process to procure contracts, or contracts entered into, by the State Board of Elections or the State Electoral Board for hearing officers appointed pursuant to the Election Code.
 - (1) This Code does not apply to the processes used by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission to procure supplies and services paid for from the private funds of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Fund. As used in this subsection (1), "private funds" means funds derived from deposits paid into the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund and the earnings thereon.
 - (m) This Code shall apply regardless of the source of funds with which contracts are paid, including federal assistance moneys. Except as specifically provided in this Code, this Code shall not apply to procurement expenditures necessary for the Department of Public Health to conduct the

- 1 Healthy Illinois Survey in accordance with Section 2310-431 of
- 2 the Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the
- 3 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;
- 5 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-175, eff. 7-29-21; 102-483, eff
- 6 1-1-22; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-600, eff. 8-27-21; 102-662,
- 7 eff. 9-15-21; 102-721, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)
- 8 Section 20. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
- 9 changing Section 201 as follows:
- 10 (35 ILCS 5/201)
- 11 Sec. 201. Tax imposed.
- 12 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby
- imposed on every individual, corporation, trust and estate for
- each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the privilege
- of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this
- 16 State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other occupation or
- 17 privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal
- 18 corporation or political subdivision thereof.
- 19 (b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this
- 20 Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by
- 21 subsection (d-1):
- 22 (1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
- taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount
- 24 equal to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the

taxable year.

- (2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.
- (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
- (4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.
- (5) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
- (5.1) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum

- of (i) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.
 - (5.2) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to July 1, 2017, an amount equal to 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
 - (5.3) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 2017, and ending after June 30, 2017, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 2017, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 4.95% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 2017, as calculated under Section 202.5.
 - (5.4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2017, an amount equal to 4.95% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
 - (6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
 - (7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the

- taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1,

 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of

 the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30,

 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.
 - (8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
 - (9) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.
 - (10) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
 - (11) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

- (12) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to July 1, 2017, an amount equal to 5.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
 - (13) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 2017, and ending after June 30, 2017, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 2017, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 2017, as calculated under Section 202.5.
 - (14) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2017, an amount equal to 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
- The rates under this subsection (b) are subject to the provisions of Section 201.5.
- (b-5) Surcharge; sale or exchange of assets, properties, and intangibles of organization gaming licensees. For each of taxable years 2019 through 2027, a surcharge is imposed on all taxpayers on income arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets, depreciable business property, real property used in the trade or business, and Section 197 intangibles (i) of an organization licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and (ii) of an organization gaming licensee under the Illinois Gambling Act. The amount of the surcharge is equal to the amount of federal income tax liability for the

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1	taxable year attributable to those sales and exchanges. The
2	surcharge imposed shall not apply if:
3	(1) the organization gaming license, organization
4	license, or racetrack property is transferred as a result
5	of any of the following:
6	(A) bankruptcy, a receivership, or a debt
7	adjustment initiated by or against the initial
8	licensee or the substantial owners of the initial
9	licensee;
10	(B) cancellation, revocation, or termination of
11	any such license by the Illinois Gaming Board or the
12	Illinois Racing Board;
13	(C) a determination by the Illinois Gaming Board
14	that transfer of the license is in the best interests
15	of Illinois gaming;
16	(D) the death of an owner of the equity interest in
17	a licensee;
18	(E) the acquisition of a controlling interest in
19	the stock or substantially all of the assets of a
20	<pre>publicly traded company;</pre>
21	(F) a transfer by a parent company to a wholly

owned subsidiary; or

- (G) the transfer or sale to or by one person to another person where both persons were initial owners of the license when the license was issued; or
- (2) the controlling interest in the organization

gaming license, organization license, or racetrack property is transferred in a transaction to lineal descendants in which no gain or loss is recognized or as a result of a transaction in accordance with Section 351 of the Internal Revenue Code in which no gain or loss is recognized; or

(3) live horse racing was not conducted in 2010 at a racetrack located within 3 miles of the Mississippi River under a license issued pursuant to the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.

The transfer of an organization gaming license, organization license, or racetrack property by a person other than the initial licensee to receive the organization gaming license is not subject to a surcharge. The Department shall adopt rules necessary to implement and administer this subsection.

(c) Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax. Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979. Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b)

- of this Section and in addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.
 - (d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.
 - (d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except that for purposes of this determination premiums from reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax

imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act, shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes a mutual insurer under common management.

- (1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections (b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:
 - (A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all credits allowed under this Act, plus
 - (B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code,

equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December

- 31, 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b) and (d).
 - (2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i) has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by subsection (d).
- This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.
 - (e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for investment in qualified property.
 - of the basis of qualified property placed in service during the taxable year, provided such property is placed in service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified property placed in service during the taxable year, provided such property is placed in service on or after July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment

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within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in which they file employment records with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the increase in base employment within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year other than the year in which the property was placed in service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to

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the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) is located in an enterprise zone established pursuant to the Illinois is certified by Enterprise Zone Act and (iii) and Community Affairs Department of Commerce Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all such certifications immediately. For tax years ending after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit years. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit shall be applied first.

(2) The term "qualified property" means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
buildings and structural components of buildings and
signs that are real property, but not including land
or improvements to real property that are not a
structural component of a building such as
landscaping, sewer lines, local access roads, fencing,
parking lots, and other appurtenances;

- (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (e);
- (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act; and
- (E) has not previously been used in Illinois in such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for the credit provided by this subsection (e) or subsection (f).
- (3) For purposes of this subsection (e), "manufacturing" means the material staging and production

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of tangible personal property by procedures commonly regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or assembling which changes some existing material into new shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e), the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal property for use or consumption and not for resale, or services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible personal property for use or consumption and not for resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible personal property" has the same meaning as when that term is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not include the generation, transmission, distribution of electricity.

- (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes.
- (5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.
 - (6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same

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meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 months after being placed in service, the Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the year in which credit for property was originally allowed by eliminating property from such computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.
- (8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law, the basis of qualified property shall not include costs incurred after December 31, 2018, except for costs incurred pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before December 31, 2018.
- (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000, a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the credits to which the partnership is entitled under

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this subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. If the partnership makes that election, those credits shall be allocated among the partners in the partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits shall be irrevocable.

For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000, a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during the taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S corporation, determined in with the determination of income distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

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- 1 paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.
 - (f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge Redevelopment Zone.
 - (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for in qualified property which is placed in service in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in after July 1, 2006, a River service on or Redevelopment Zone established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act. For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of Internal Revenue Code. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit shall be available only in the taxable year in which the property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1985, the credit

shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

- (2) The term qualified property means property which:
- (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;
- (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (f);
- (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and
- (E) has not been previously used in Illinois in such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for the credit provided by this subsection (f) or

1 subsection (e).

- (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes.
- (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.
- (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (6), a

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reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.

- (7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in the taxable year in a River Edge service during Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in which they employment records with the Illinois Department Employment Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%.
- (8) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, there shall be allowed an Enterprise Zone construction jobs credit against the taxes imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section as provided in

Section 13 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act.

The credit or credits may not reduce the taxpayer's liability to less than zero. If the amount of the credit or credits exceeds the taxpayer's liability, the excess may be carried forward and applied against the taxpayer's liability in succeeding calendar years in the same manner provided under paragraph (4) of Section 211 of this Act. The credit or credits shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a tax liability. If there are credits from more than one taxable year that are available to offset a liability, the earlier credit shall be applied first.

For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for the purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this Section to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

The total aggregate amount of credits awarded under the Blue Collar Jobs Act (Article 20 of Public Act 101-9) shall not exceed \$20,000,000 in any State fiscal year.

This paragraph (8) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

(q) (Blank).

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(h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

(1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for investment in qualified property which is placed in service by a Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the minimum investments in qualified property set forth in subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact Businesses under subdivisions (a)(3)(B), (a)(3)(C), and (a) (3) (D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the taxable year in which such investments have been completed. The credit for additional investments beyond minimum investment by a designated high business authorized under subdivision (a) (3) (A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable year in which the property is placed in

service and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

Changes made in this subdivision (h)(1) by Public Act 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and reflect existing law.

- (2) The term qualified property means property which:
- (A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;
- (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (h);

L	(C)	is	acquired	bу	purchase	as	defined	in	Section
2	179(d) d	of t	he Intern	al 1	Revenue C	ode;	and		

- (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this Section.
- (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes.
- (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.
- (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the year in which credit for

such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.

(7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).

(h-5) High Impact Business construction jobs credit. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, there shall also be allowed a High Impact Business construction jobs credit against the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section as provided in subsections (i) and (j) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act.

The credit or credits may not reduce the taxpayer's liability to less than zero. If the amount of the credit or

credits exceeds the taxpayer's liability, the excess may be carried forward and applied against the taxpayer's liability in succeeding calendar years in the manner provided under paragraph (4) of Section 211 of this Act. The credit or credits shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a tax liability. If there are credits from more than one taxable year that are available to offset a liability, the earlier credit shall be applied first.

For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for the purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this Section to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

The total aggregate amount of credits awarded under the Blue Collar Jobs Act (Article 20 of Public Act 101-9) shall not exceed \$20,000,000 in any State fiscal year.

20 This subsection (h-5) is exempt from the provisions of 21 Section 250.

(i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by

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multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first.

If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the

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- reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable year to reduce the amount of credit claimed.
 - (j) Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31, 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated partnership for purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first computed until it is used. This credit shall be

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- applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or after December 31, 2003.
 - (k) Research and development credit. For tax years ending after July 1, 1990 and prior to December 31, 2003, and beginning again for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2004, and ending prior to January 1, 2027, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for increasing research activities in this State. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 6 1/2% of the qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in State. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures" means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal credit for increasing research activities which would be

allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in this State" means the excess of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period, "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being made.

Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5 taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs first; provided that no credit earned in a tax year ending prior to December 31, 2003 may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December 31, 2003.

If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest year will be applied first against the tax liability for the given year. If a tax liability for the given year still remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next

- 1 following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except
- 2 that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more
- 3 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the
- 4 credit is given was incurred.
- 5 No inference shall be drawn from Public Act 91-644 in
- 6 construing this Section for taxable years beginning before
- 7 January 1, 1999.
- 8 It is the intent of the General Assembly that the research
- 9 and development credit under this subsection (k) shall apply
- 10 continuously for all tax years ending on or after December 31,
- 11 2004 and ending prior to January 1, 2027, including, but not
- 12 limited to, the period beginning on January 1, 2016 and ending
- on July 6, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 100-22). All
- 14 actions taken in reliance on the continuation of the credit
- 15 under this subsection (k) by any taxpayer are hereby
- 16 validated.
- 17 (1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.
- 18 (i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and
- on or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be
- 20 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections
- 21 (a) and (b) of this Section for certain amounts paid for
- 22 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs, as specified in
- 23 this subsection. For purposes of this Section,
- "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" means costs
- approved by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
- 26 ("Agency") under Section 58.14 of the Environmental

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Protection Act that were paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control Board rules are adopted pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and of enforcement of Section 58.9 t.he Environmental Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed

eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). The total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

(ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i). This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of all or part of the remediation

site for which the credit was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the chain of title for the site and provide written notice to the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

- (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site" shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the Environmental Protection Act.
- (m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the custodian of qualifying pupils exceed (i) \$500 for tax years ending prior to December 31, 2017, and (ii) \$750 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2017. In no event shall a

credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability under this Act to less than zero. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, no taxpayer may claim a credit under this subsection (m) if the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year exceeds (i) \$500,000, in the case of spouses filing a joint federal tax return or (ii) \$250,000, in the case of all other taxpayers. This subsection is exempt from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act.

For purposes of this subsection:

"Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) are residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in this subsection.

"Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition, book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is enrolled during the regular school year.

"School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code, except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to

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attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for the credit under this Section.

"Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal quardian, or the legal quardians of the qualifying pupils.

- (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax credit.
 - For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" costs approved by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site that was identified and addressed by the

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remedial action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit availability for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site.

(ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed

under this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of all or part of the remediation site for which the credit was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the chain of title for the site and provide written notice to the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

- (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site" shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the Environmental Protection Act.
- (o) For each of taxable years during the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program, a surcharge is imposed on all taxpayers on income arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets, depreciable business property, real property used in the trade or business, and Section 197 intangibles of an organization registrant under Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act. The amount of the surcharge is equal to the amount of federal income tax liability for the taxable year attributable to those sales and exchanges. The surcharge

l imposed d	does no	ot apply	if:
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- 2 (1) the medical cannabis cultivation center 3 registration, medical cannabis dispensary registration, or 4 the property of a registration is transferred as a result 5 of any of the following:
 - (A) bankruptcy, a receivership, or a debt adjustment initiated by or against the initial registration or the substantial owners of the initial registration;
 - (B) cancellation, revocation, or termination of any registration by the Illinois Department of Public Health;
 - (C) a determination by the Illinois Department of Public Health that transfer of the registration is in the best interests of Illinois qualifying patients as defined by Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act;
 - (D) the death of an owner of the equity interest in a registrant;
 - (E) the acquisition of a controlling interest in the stock or substantially all of the assets of a publicly traded company;
 - (F) a transfer by a parent company to a wholly owned subsidiary; or
 - (G) the transfer or sale to or by one person to

another person where both persons were initial owners
of the registration when the registration was issued;
or

- (2) the cannabis cultivation center registration, medical cannabis dispensary registration, or the controlling interest in a registrant's property is transferred in a transaction to lineal descendants in which no gain or loss is recognized or as a result of a transaction in accordance with Section 351 of the Internal Revenue Code in which no gain or loss is recognized.
- (p) Pass-through entity tax.
- (1) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2021 and beginning prior to January 1, 2026, a partnership (other than a publicly traded partnership under Section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code) or Subchapter S corporation may elect to apply the provisions of this subsection. A separate election shall be made for each taxable year. Such election shall be made at such time, and in such form and manner as prescribed by the Department, and, once made, is irrevocable.
- (2) Entity-level tax. A partnership or Subchapter S corporation electing to apply the provisions of this subsection shall be subject to a tax for the privilege of earning or receiving income in this State in an amount equal to 4.95% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

1	(3) Net income defined.
2	(A) In general. For purposes of paragraph (2), the
3	term net income has the same meaning as defined in
4	Section 202 of this Act, except that the following
5	provisions shall not apply:
6	(i) the standard exemption allowed under
7	Section 204;
8	(ii) the deduction for net losses allowed
9	under Section 207;
10	(iii) in the case of an S corporation, the
11	modification under Section 203(b)(2)(S); and
12	(iv) in the case of a partnership, the
13	modifications under Section 203(d)(2)(H) and
14	Section 203(d)(2)(I).
15	(B) Special rule for tiered partnerships. If a
16	taxpayer making the election under paragraph (1) is a
17	partner of another taxpayer making the election under
18	paragraph (1), net income shall be computed as
19	provided in subparagraph (A), except that the taxpayer
20	shall subtract its distributive share of the net
21	income of the electing partnership (including its
22	distributive share of the net income of the electing
23	partnership derived as a distributive share from
24	electing partnerships in which it is a partner).
25	(4) Credit for entity level tax. Each partner or

shareholder of a taxpayer making the election under this

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Section shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act for the taxable year of the partnership or Subchapter S corporation for which an election is in effect ending within or with the taxable year of the partner or shareholder in an amount equal to 4.95% times the partner or shareholder's distributive share of the net income of the electing partnership or Subchapter S corporation, but not to exceed the partner's or shareholder's share of the tax imposed under paragraph (1) which is actually paid by partnership or Subchapter S corporation. If taxpayer is a partnership or Subchapter S corporation that is itself a partner of a partnership making the election under paragraph (1), the credit under this paragraph shall be allowed to the taxpayer's partners or shareholders (or if partner is a partnership or Subchapter S shareholders) corporation then its partners or in with the determination of accordance income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of the credit allowed under this paragraph exceeds the partner's or shareholder's liability for tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act for the taxable year, such excess shall be treated as an overpayment for purposes of Section 909 of this Act.

(5) Nonresidents. A nonresident individual who is a

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partner or shareholder of a partnership or Subchapter S corporation for a taxable year for which an election is in effect under paragraph (1) shall not be required to file an income tax return under this Act for such taxable year if the only source of net income of the individual (or the individual and the individual's spouse in the case of a joint return) is from an entity making the election under paragraph (1) and the credit allowed to the partner or shareholder under paragraph (4) equals or exceeds the individual's liability for the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act for the taxable year.

(6) Liability for tax. Except as provided in this paragraph, a partnership or Subchapter S making election under paragraph (1)is liable for the entity-level tax imposed under paragraph (2). If the electing partnership or corporation fails to pay the full amount of tax deemed assessed under paragraph (2), the partners or shareholders shall be liable to pay the tax assessed (including penalties and interest). Each partner or shareholder shall be liable for the unpaid assessment based on the ratio of the partner's or shareholder's share of the net income of the partnership over the total net of the partnership. If the partnership Subchapter S corporation fails to pay the tax assessed (including penalties and interest) and thereafter an

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amount of such tax is paid by the partners or shareholders, such amount shall not be collected from the partnership or corporation.

- (7) Foreign tax. For purposes of the credit allowed under Section 601(b)(3) of this Act, tax paid by a partnership or Subchapter S corporation to another state which, as determined by the Department, is substantially similar to the tax imposed under this subsection, shall be considered tax paid by the partner or shareholder to the extent that the partner's or shareholder's share of the income of the partnership or Subchapter S corporation allocated and apportioned to such other state bears to the total income of the partnership or Subchapter corporation allocated or apportioned to such other state.
- (8) Suspension of withholding. The provisions of Section 709.5 of this Act shall not apply to a partnership or Subchapter S corporation for the taxable year for which an election under paragraph (1) is in effect.
- (9) Requirement to pay estimated tax. For each taxable year for which an election under paragraph (1) is in effect, a partnership or Subchapter S corporation is required to pay estimated tax for such taxable year under Sections 803 and 804 of this Act if the amount payable as estimated tax can reasonably be expected to exceed \$500.
- (10) The provisions of this subsection shall apply only with respect to taxable years for which the

- 1 limitation on individual deductions applies under Section
- 2 164(b)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 101-9, eff. 6-5-19; 101-31, eff. 6-28-19;
- 4 101-207, eff. 8-2-19; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-558, eff.
- 5 8-20-21; 102-658, eff. 8-27-21.)
- 6 Section 25. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section
- 7 3-10 as follows:
- 8 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)
- 9 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 10 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of 11 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of
- the tangible personal property. In all cases where property
- functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that
- 14 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling
- 15 price of the property. In all cases where property
- 16 functionally used or consumed is a by-product or waste product
- 17 that has been refined, manufactured, or produced from property
- 18 purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of
- 19 the fair market value, if any, of the specific property so used
- 20 in this State or on the selling price of the property purchased
- 21 at retail. For purposes of this Section "fair market value"
- 22 means the price at which property would change hands between a
- 23 willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any
- 24 compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge

of the relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of like kind and character in Illinois.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, and beginning again on August 5, 2022 through August 14, 2022, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made

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2 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and 3 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 5 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made after December 31, 2018 and before 6 7 January 1, 2024. On and after January 1, 2024 and on or before 8 December 31, 2030, the taxation of biodiesel, renewable 9 diesel, and biodiesel blends shall be as provided in Section 10 3-5.1. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 11 sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 12 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of 13 biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% 14 15 biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to biodiesel and biodiesel blends with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023. On and after January 1, 2024 and on or before December 31, 2030, the taxation of biodiesel, renewable diesel, and biodiesel blends shall be as provided in Section 3-5.1.

Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again on July 1, 2023, with respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult

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use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption), the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%.

Beginning on July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, with respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate

consumption), the tax is imposed at the rate of 0%.

With respect prescription and nonprescription to medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability, and insulin, blood sugar testing materials, syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including, but not limited to, soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated

water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" does do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial

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sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug required by 21 CFR C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

- (A) a A "Drug Facts" panel; or
- 19 (B) \underline{a} A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a 20 list of those ingredients contained in the compound, 21 substance or preparation.

Beginning on <u>January 1, 2014</u> (the effective date of <u>Public</u>

Act 98-122) this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly,

"prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs"

includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under <u>Article 75 of the Cannabis</u>

1 Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical

- 2 Cannabis Program Act.
- 3 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
- 4 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
- 5 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
- 6 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under Article 75
- 7 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use
- 8 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
- 9 If the property that is purchased at retail from a
- 10 retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside
- 11 Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is
- 12 taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is
- 13 computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a
- 14 reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior
- 15 out-of-state use.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 17 102-4, eff. 4-27-21; 102-700, Article 20, Section 20-5, eff.
- 18 4-19-22; 102-700, Article 60, Section 60-15, eff. 4-19-22;
- 19 102-700, Article 65, Section 65-5, eff. 4-19-22; revised
- 20 5-27-22.)
- 21 Section 30. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing
- 22 Section 3-10 as follows:
- 23 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)
- 24 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this

Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

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With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price after December 31, 2018 and before January 1, 2024. On and after January 1, 2024 and on or before December 31, 2030, the taxation of biodiesel, renewable diesel, and biodiesel blends shall be as provided in Section 3-5.1 of the Use Tax Act. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023. On and after January 1, 2024 and on or before December 31, 2030, the taxation of biodiesel, renewable diesel, and biodiesel blends shall be as provided in Section 3-5.1 of the Use Tax Act.

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At the election of any registered serviceman made for each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of those services.

Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again on July 1, 2023, the tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again on July 1, 2023, the tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this

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Beginning on July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, the tax shall be imposed at the rate of 0% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. Beginning on July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, the tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 0% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph).

The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability, and insulin, blood

sugar testing materials, syringes, and needles used by human diabetics. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including, but not limited to, soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" does do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of

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this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug required by 21 CFR C.F.R. § 201.66. The as

- 1 "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:
- 2 (A) \underline{a} A "Drug Facts" panel; or
- 3 (B) <u>a</u> A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a 4 list of those ingredients contained in the compound, 5 substance or preparation.

Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and does not include cannabis subject to tax under Article 75
of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

- 25 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 26 102-4, eff. 4-27-21; 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-700, Article

- 1 20, Section 20-10, eff. 4-19-22; 102-700, Article 60, Section
- 2 60-20, eff. 4-19-22; revised 6-1-22.)
- 3 Section 35. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by
- 4 changing Section 3-10 as follows:
- 5 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)
- 6 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
- 7 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
- 8 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use
- 9 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of
- 10 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be
- 11 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible
- 12 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item
- of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a
- 14 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on
- 15 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the
- 16 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the
- 17 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the
- 18 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,
- 19 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and
- 20 produce special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed
- 21 by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of
- 22 the tangible personal property transferred incident to the
- 23 completion of the contract.
- Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,

with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the cost price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price after

December 31, 2018 and before January 1, 2024. On and after January 1, 2024 and on or before December 31, 2030, the taxation of biodiesel, renewable diesel, and biodiesel blends shall be as provided in Section 3-5.1 of the Use Tax Act. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023. On and after January 1, 2024 and on or before December 31, 2030, the taxation of biodiesel, renewable diesel, and biodiesel blends shall be as provided in Section 3-5.1 of the Use Tax Act.

At the election of any registered serviceman made for each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the

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aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to the sale of those services.

Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again on July 1, 2023, the tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Use Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again on July 1, 2023, the tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph).

Beginning on July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, the tax shall be imposed at the rate of 0% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Use Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing

Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, the tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 0% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph).

The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability, and insulin, blood sugar testing materials, syringes, and needles used by human diabetics. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including, but not limited to, soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description

that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" does do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that

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is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration.

of Notwithstanding any other provisions this beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug required by 21 CFR C.F.R. S 201.66. The as "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

- (A) a A "Drug Facts" panel; or
- 22 (B) \underline{a} A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a list of those ingredients contained in the compound, substance or preparation.
- Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and

- drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
- 2 dispensing organization under Article 75 of the Cannabis
- 3 Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical
- 4 Cannabis Program Act.
- 5 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
- 6 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
- 7 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
- 8 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under Article 75
- 9 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use
- 10 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 12 102-4, eff. 4-27-21; 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-700, Article
- 20, Section 20-15, eff. 4-19-22; 102-700, Article 60, Section
- 14 60-25, eff. 4-19-22; revised 6-1-22.)
- 15 Section 40. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended
- 16 by changing Section 2-10 as follows:
- 17 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)
- 18 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
- 19 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
- 20 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made
- in the course of business.
- Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
- 23 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
- Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of

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1 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, and beginning again on August 5, 2022 through August 14, 2022, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Within 14 days after July 1, 2000 (the effective date of Public Act 91-872) this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and gasohol through December The price on this pump should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each retail premises where a violation occurs.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the

proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made after December 31, 2018 and before January 1, 2024. On and after January 1, 2024 and on or before December 31, 2030, the taxation of biodiesel, renewable diesel, and biodiesel blends shall be as provided in Section 3-5.1 of the Use Tax Act. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act,

and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023. On and after January 1, 2024 and on or before December 31, 2030, the taxation of biodiesel, renewable diesel, and biodiesel blends shall be as provided in Section 3-5.1 of the Use Tax Act.

Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again on July 1, 2023, with respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption), the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, with respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption), the tax is imposed at the rate of 0%.

With respect to prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a

disability, and insulin, blood sugar testing materials, syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including, but not limited to, soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" does do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning

August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug

- 1 as required by 21 \overline{CFR} $\overline{C.F.R.}$ \$ 201.66. The
- "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:
- 3 (A) a A "Drug Facts" panel; or
- 4 (B) a A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
- 5 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
- 6 substance or preparation.
- 7 Beginning on <u>January 1</u>, <u>2014</u> (the effective date of <u>Public</u>
- 8 Act 98-122) this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly,
- 9 "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs"
- 10 includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
- 11 dispensing organization under Article 75 of the Cannabis
- 12 Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical
- 13 Cannabis Program Act.
- 14 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
- 15 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
- 16 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
- and does not include cannabis subject to tax under Article 75
- 18 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use
- 19 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 21 102-4, eff. 4-27-21; 102-700, Article 20, Section 20-20, eff.
- 22 4-19-22; 102-700, Article 60, Section 60-30, eff. 4-19-22;
- 23 102-700, Article 65, Section 65-10, eff. 4-19-22; revised
- 24 6-1-22.)
- 25 Section 45. The Tobacco Products Tax Act of 1995 is

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- 1 amended by changing Section 10-5 as follows:
- 2 (35 ILCS 143/10-5)
- 3 Sec. 10-5. Definitions. For purposes of this Act:
- 4 "Business" means any trade, occupation, activity, or
- 5 enterprise engaged in, at any location whatsoever, for the
- 6 purpose of selling tobacco products.
- 7 "Cigarette" has the meaning ascribed to the term in 8 Section 1 of the Cigarette Tax Act.
- 9 "Contraband little cigar" means:
- 10 (1) packages of little cigars containing 20 or 25
 11 little cigars that do not bear a required tax stamp under
 12 this Act;
 - (2) packages of little cigars containing 20 or 25 little cigars that bear a fraudulent, imitation, or counterfeit tax stamp;
 - (3) packages of little cigars containing 20 or 25 little cigars that are improperly tax stamped, including packages of little cigars that bear only a tax stamp of another state or taxing jurisdiction; or
 - (4) packages of little cigars containing other than 20 or 25 little cigars in the possession of a distributor, retailer or wholesaler, unless the distributor, retailer, or wholesaler possesses, or produces within the time frame provided in Section 10-27 or 10-28 of this Act, an invoice from a stamping distributor, distributor, or wholesaler

showing that the tax on the packages has been or will be paid.

"Correctional Industries program" means a program run by a State penal institution in which residents of the penal institution produce tobacco products for sale to persons incarcerated in penal institutions or resident patients of a State operated mental health facility.

"Department" means the Illinois Department of Revenue.

"Distributor" means any of the following:

- (1) Any manufacturer or wholesaler in this State engaged in the business of selling tobacco products who sells, exchanges, or distributes tobacco products to retailers or consumers in this State.
- (2) Any manufacturer or wholesaler engaged in the business of selling tobacco products from without this State who sells, exchanges, distributes, ships, or transports tobacco products to retailers or consumers located in this State, so long as that manufacturer or wholesaler has or maintains within this State, directly or by subsidiary, an office, sales house, or other place of business, or any agent or other representative operating within this State under the authority of the person or subsidiary, irrespective of whether the place of business or agent or other representative is located here permanently or temporarily.
 - (3) Any retailer who receives tobacco products on

which the tax has not been or will not be paid by another distributor.

"Distributor" does not include any person, wherever resident or located, who makes, manufactures, or fabricates tobacco products as part of a Correctional Industries program for sale to residents incarcerated in penal institutions or resident patients of a State operated mental health facility.

"Electronic cigarette" means:

- (1) any device that employs a battery or other mechanism to heat a solution or substance to produce a vapor or aerosol intended for inhalation, except for (A) any device designed solely for use with cannabis that contains a statement on the retail packaging that the device is designed solely for use with cannabis and not for use with tobacco or (B) any device that contains a solution or substance that contains cannabis subject to tax under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act or the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act;
- (2) any cartridge or container of a solution or substance intended to be used with or in the device or to refill the device, except for any cartridge or container of a solution or substance that contains cannabis subject to tax under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act or the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act; or
- (3) any solution or substance, whether or not it contains nicotine, intended for use in the device, except

for any solution or substance that contains cannabis

subject to tax under Article 75 of the Compassionate Use

of Medical Cannabis Program Act or the Cannabis Regulation

and Tax Act.

The changes made to the definition of "electronic cigarette" by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly apply on and after June 28, 2019, but no claim for credit or refund is allowed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly for such taxes paid during the period beginning June 28, 2019 and the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

"Electronic cigarette" includes, but is not limited to, any electronic nicotine delivery system, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, electronic hookah, vape pen, or similar product or device, and any component or part that can be used to build the product or device. "Electronic cigarette" does not include: cigarettes, as defined in Section 1 of the Cigarette Tax Act; any product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for sale as a tobacco cessation product, a tobacco dependence product, or for other medical purposes that is marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose; any asthma inhaler prescribed by a physician for that condition that is marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose; or any therapeutic product approved for use under Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the

1 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

"Little cigar" means and includes any roll, made wholly or in part of tobacco, where such roll has an integrated cellulose acetate filter and weighs less than 4 pounds per thousand and the wrapper or cover of which is made in whole or in part of tobacco.

"Manufacturer" means any person, wherever resident or located, who manufactures and sells tobacco products, except a person who makes, manufactures, or fabricates tobacco products as a part of a Correctional Industries program for sale to persons incarcerated in penal institutions or resident patients of a State operated mental health facility.

Beginning on January 1, 2013, "moist snuff" means any finely cut, ground, or powdered tobacco that is not intended to be smoked, but shall not include any finely cut, ground, or powdered tobacco that is intended to be placed in the nasal cavity.

"Person" means any natural individual, firm, partnership, association, joint stock company, joint venture, limited liability company, or public or private corporation, however formed, or a receiver, executor, administrator, trustee, conservator, or other representative appointed by order of any court.

"Place of business" means and includes any place where tobacco products are sold or where tobacco products are manufactured, stored, or kept for the purpose of sale or

- 1 consumption, including any vessel, vehicle, airplane, train,
- 2 or vending machine.
- 3 "Retailer" means any person in this State engaged in the
- 4 business of selling tobacco products to consumers in this
- 5 State, regardless of quantity or number of sales.
- 6 "Sale" means any transfer, exchange, or barter in any
- 7 manner or by any means whatsoever for a consideration and
- 8 includes all sales made by persons.
- 9 "Stamp" or "stamps" mean the indicia required to be
- 10 affixed on a package of little cigars that evidence payment of
- 11 the tax on packages of little cigars containing 20 or 25 little
- 12 cigars under Section 10-10 of this Act. These stamps shall be
- 13 the same stamps used for cigarettes under the Cigarette Tax
- 14 Act.
- "Stamping distributor" means a distributor licensed under
- 16 this Act and also licensed as a distributor under the
- 17 Cigarette Tax Act or Cigarette Use Tax Act.
- "Tobacco products" means any cigars, including little
- 19 cigars; cheroots; stogies; periques; granulated, plug cut,
- 20 crimp cut, ready rubbed, and other smoking tobacco; snuff
- 21 (including moist snuff) or snuff flour; cavendish; plug and
- 22 twist tobacco; fine-cut and other chewing tobaccos; shorts;
- 23 refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings, and sweeping of tobacco;
- and other kinds and forms of tobacco, prepared in such manner
- 25 as to be suitable for chewing or smoking in a pipe or
- otherwise, or both for chewing and smoking; but does not

- include cigarettes as defined in Section 1 of the Cigarette
 Tax Act or tobacco purchased for the manufacture of cigarettes
 by cigarette distributors and manufacturers defined in the
 Cigarette Tax Act and persons who make, manufacture, or
 fabricate cigarettes as a part of a Correctional Industries
- 6 program for sale to residents incarcerated in penal
- 7 institutions or resident patients of a State operated mental
- 8 health facility.
- 9 Beginning on July 1, 2019, "tobacco products" also includes electronic cigarettes.
- "Wholesale price" means the established list price for 11 12 which a manufacturer sells tobacco products to a distributor, before the allowance of any discount, trade allowance, rebate, 13 or other reduction. In the absence of such an established list 14 15 price, the manufacturer's invoice price at which the 16 manufacturer sells the tobacco product to unaffiliated 17 distributors, before any discounts, trade allowances, rebates, or other reductions, shall be presumed to be the wholesale 18 19 price.
- "Wholesaler" means any person, wherever resident or located, engaged in the business of selling tobacco products to others for the purpose of resale. "Wholesaler", when used in this Act, does not include a person licensed as a distributor under Section 10-20 of this Act unless expressly stated in this Act.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 101-31, eff. 6-28-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;

- 1 102-40, eff. 6-25-21.)
- 2 Section 50. The Counties Code is amended by changing
- 3 Section 5-1006.8 as follows:
- 4 (55 ILCS 5/5-1006.8)
- 5 Sec. 5-1006.8. County Cannabis Retailers' Occupation Tax
- 6 Law.
- 7 (a) This Section may be referred to as the County Cannabis
- 8 Retailers' Occupation Tax Law. The corporate authorities of
- 9 any county may, by ordinance, impose a tax upon all persons
- 10 engaged in the business of selling cannabis, other than
- 11 cannabis purchased under Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation
- 12 and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program
- 13 Act, at retail in the county on the gross receipts from these
- sales made in the course of that business. If imposed, the tax
- shall be imposed only in 0.25% increments. The tax rate may not
- 16 exceed: (i) 3.75% of the gross receipts of sales made in
- unincorporated areas of the county; and (ii) 3% of the gross
- 18 receipts of sales made in a municipality located in the
- 19 county. The tax imposed under this Section and all civil
- 20 penalties that may be assessed as an incident of the tax shall
- 21 be collected and enforced by the Department of Revenue. The
- 22 Department of Revenue shall have full power to administer and
- 23 enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties due
- 24 hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in

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the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty under this Section. the administration of and compliance with this Section, the Department of Revenue and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are described in Sections 1, 1a, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 1k, 1m, 1n, 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 2a, 2b, 2c, 2i, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5q, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6bb, 6c, 6d, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11a, 12, and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act as fully as if those provisions were set forth in this Section.

- (b) Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating that tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with any State tax that sellers are required to collect.
- (c) Whenever the Department of Revenue determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department of Revenue

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- shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified and to the person named in the notification from the Department of Revenue.
 - (d) The Department of Revenue shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder for deposit into the Local Cannabis Retailers' Occupation Tax Trust Fund.
 - (e) On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department of Revenue shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the amount of money to be disbursed from the Local Cannabis Retailers' Occupation Tax Trust Fund to counties from which retailers have paid taxes or penalties under this Section during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each county shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda) collected under this Section from sales made in the county during the second preceding calendar month, plus an amount the Department of Revenue determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such county, and not including any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the county, less 1.5% of remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the

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time of each monthly disbursement to the counties, shall prepare and certify the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this Section. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement certification to the counties and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in the certification.

(f) An ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing a tax under this Section or effecting a change in the rate thereof that is adopted on or after June 25, 2019 effective date of Public Act 101-27) and for which a certified copy is filed with the Department on or before April 1, 2020 shall be administered and enforced by the Department beginning on July 1, 2020. For ordinances filed with the Department after April 1, 2020, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing a tax under this Section or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall either (i) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department

- shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing.
- 3 (g) Notwithstanding any provision in this Section to the
- 4 contrary, if an ordinance or resolution imposing a tax under
- 5 this Section was adopted on or before October 1, 2020 and a
- 6 certified copy thereof was filed with the Department of
- Revenue on or before November 1, 2020, then the Department
- 8 shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of May
- 9 1, 2021 for such ordinances or resolutions.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
- 11 101-593, eff. 12-4-19; 102-2, eff. 4-2-21.)
- 12 Section 55. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by
- 13 changing Section 8-11-23 as follows:
- 14 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-23)
- 15 Sec. 8-11-23. Municipal Cannabis Retailers' Occupation Tax
- 16 Law.
- 17 (a) This Section may be referred to as the Municipal
- 18 Cannabis Retailers' Occupation Tax Law. The corporate
- 19 authorities of any municipality may, by ordinance, impose a
- 20 tax upon all persons engaged in the business of selling
- 21 cannabis, other than cannabis purchased under Article 75 of
- 22 the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of
- 23 Medical Cannabis Program Act, at retail in the municipality on
- the gross receipts from these sales made in the course of that

business. If imposed, the tax may not exceed 3% of the gross 1 2 receipts from these sales and shall only be imposed in 1/4% increments. The tax imposed under this Section and all civil 3 penalties that may be assessed as an incident of the tax shall 5 be collected and enforced by the Department of Revenue. The Department of Revenue shall have full power to administer and 6 enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties due 7 8 hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in 9 the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights 10 to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous 11 payment of tax or penalty under this Section. the 12 administration of and compliance with this Section, the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall 13 have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers 14 and be 15 duties. subject to the same 16 restrictions, limitations, penalties and definitions of terms, 17 and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 1k, 1m, 1n, 2 through 2-65 18 19 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 2a, 2b, 2c, 2i, 3 (except as to the disposition 20 of taxes and penalties collected), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 21 22 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 23 11a, 12, and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully 24 25 as if those provisions were set forth herein.

(b) Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority

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- granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating that tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with any State tax that sellers are required to collect.
 - (c) Whenever the Department of Revenue determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department of Revenue shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified and to the person named in the notification from the Department of Revenue.
 - (d) The Department of Revenue shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder for deposit into the Local Cannabis Retailers' Occupation Tax Trust Fund.
 - (e) On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department of Revenue shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the amount of money to be disbursed from the Local Retailers' Cannabis Occupation Tax Trust Fund t.o municipalities from which retailers have paid taxes penalties under this Section during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda) collected under this Section from sales made in the municipality during the second preceding calendar month, plus an amount the Department of Revenue determines is necessary to offset any

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amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such municipality, and not including any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the municipality, less 1.5% of remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the municipalities, shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this Section. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement certification to municipalities and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in the certification.

(f) An ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing a tax under this Section or effecting a change in the rate thereof that is adopted on or after June 25, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-27) and for which a certified copy is filed with the Department on or before April 1, 2020 shall be administered and enforced by the Department beginning on July 1, 2020. For ordinances filed with the Department

- after April 1, 2020, an ordinance or resolution imposing or 1 2 discontinuing a tax under this Section or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall either (i) be adopted and a certified 3 copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first 5 day of April, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of July 6 7 next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and 8 a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or 9 before the first day of October, whereupon the Department 10 shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the 11 first day of January next following the adoption and filing.
- Section 60. The School Code is amended by changing Section 22-33 as follows:

(Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

15 (105 ILCS 5/22-33)

- 16 Sec. 22-33. Medical cannabis.
- 17 (a) This Section may be referred to as Ashley's Law.
- 18 (a-5) In this Section:
- "Designated caregiver", "medical cannabis infused product", "qualifying patient", and "registered" have the meanings given to those terms under Section 75-10 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act 10 of the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
- "Self-administration" means a student's discretionary use

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of his or her medical cannabis infused product.

- (b) Subject to the restrictions under subsections (c) through (g) of this Section, a school district, public school, charter school, or nonpublic school shall authorize a parent or quardian or any other individual registered with the Department of Public Health as a designated caregiver of a student who is a registered qualifying patient to administer a medical cannabis infused product to the student on the premises of the child's school or on the child's school bus if both the student (as a registered qualifying patient) and the parent or quardian or other individual (as a registered designated caregiver) have been issued registry identification cards under Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act. After administering the product, the parent or guardian or other individual shall remove the product from the school premises or the school bus.
- (b-5) Notwithstanding subsection (b) and subject to the restrictions under subsections (c) through (g), a school district, public school, charter school, or nonpublic school must allow a school nurse or school administrator to administer a medical cannabis infused product to a student who is a registered qualifying patient (i) while on school premises, (ii) while at a school-sponsored activity, or (iii) before or after normal school activities, including while the student is in before-school or after-school care on

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school-operated property or while the student is being transported on a school bus. A school district, public school, charter school, or nonpublic school may authorize the self-administration of a medical cannabis infused product by a student who is a registered qualifying patient if the self-administration takes place under the direct supervision of a school nurse or school administrator.

Before allowing the administration of a medical cannabis infused product by a school nurse or school administrator or a student's self-administration of a medical cannabis infused product under the supervision of a school nurse or school administrator under this subsection, the parent or guardian of a student who is the registered qualifying patient must provide written authorization for its use, along with a copy of the registry identification card of the student (as a registered qualifying patient) and the parent or guardian (as a registered designated caregiver). The written authorization must specify the times at which or the special circumstances under which the medical cannabis infused product must be administered. The written authorization and a copy of the registry identification cards must be kept on file in the office of the school nurse. The authorization for a student to self-administer medical cannabis infused products is effective for the school year in which it is granted and must be renewed subsequent school year upon fulfillment requirements of this Section.

- (b-10) Medical cannabis infused products that are to be administered under subsection (b-5) must be stored with the school nurse at all times in a manner consistent with storage of other student medication at the school and may be accessible only by the school nurse or a school administrator.
 - (c) A parent or guardian or other individual may not administer a medical cannabis infused product under this Section in a manner that, in the opinion of the school district or school, would create a disruption to the school's educational environment or would cause exposure of the product to other students.
 - (d) A school district or school may not discipline a student who is administered a medical cannabis infused product by a parent or guardian or other individual under this Section or who self-administers a medical cannabis infused product under the supervision of a school nurse or school administrator under this Section and may not deny the student's eligibility to attend school solely because the student requires the administration of the product.
 - (e) Nothing in this Section requires a member of a school's staff to administer a medical cannabis infused product to a student.
- (f) A school district, public school, charter school, or nonpublic school may not authorize the use of a medical cannabis infused product under this Section if the school district or school would lose federal funding as a result of

- 1 the authorization.
- 2 (f-5) The State Board of Education, in consultation with
- 3 the Department of Public Health, must develop a training
- 4 curriculum for school nurses and school administrators on the
- 5 administration of medical cannabis infused products. Prior to
- 6 the administration of a medical cannabis infused product under
- 7 subsection (b-5), a school nurse or school administrator must
- 8 annually complete the training curriculum developed under this
- 9 subsection and must submit to the school's administration
- 10 proof of its completion. A school district, public school,
- 11 charter school, or nonpublic school must maintain records
- 12 related to the training curriculum and of the school nurses or
- 13 school administrators who have completed the training.
- 14 (g) A school district, public school, charter school, or
- 15 nonpublic school shall adopt a policy to implement this
- 16 Section.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 101-370, eff. 1-1-20;
- 18 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 19 Section 65. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended by
- 20 changing Section 22 as follows:
- 21 (225 ILCS 60/22) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-22)
- 22 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)
- 23 Sec. 22. Disciplinary action.
- 24 (A) The Department may revoke, suspend, place on

- probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper with regard to the license or permit of any person issued under this Act, including imposing fines not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation, upon any of the following grounds:
 - (1) (Blank).
- 8 (2) (Blank).

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- (3) A plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States of any crime that is a felony.
 - (4) Gross negligence in practice under this Act.
- (5) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public.
- (6) Obtaining any fee by fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation.
- (7) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs defined in law as controlled substances, of alcohol, or of any other substances which results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (8) Practicing under a false or, except as provided by law, an assumed name.

- (9) Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for, or procuring, a license under this Act or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.
 - (10) Making a false or misleading statement regarding their skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine, treatment, or remedy prescribed by them at their direction in the treatment of any disease or other condition of the body or mind.
 - (11) Allowing another person or organization to use their license, procured under this Act, to practice.
 - (12) Adverse action taken by another state or jurisdiction against a license or other authorization to practice as a medical doctor, doctor of osteopathy, doctor of osteopathic medicine or doctor of chiropractic, a certified copy of the record of the action taken by the other state or jurisdiction being prima facie evidence thereof. This includes any adverse action taken by a State or federal agency that prohibits a medical doctor, doctor of osteopathy, doctor of osteopathic medicine, or doctor of chiropractic from providing services to the agency's participants.
 - (13) Violation of any provision of this Act or of the Medical Practice Act prior to the repeal of that Act, or violation of the rules, or a final administrative action of the Secretary, after consideration of the recommendation of the Medical Board.

- 1 (14) Violation of the prohibition against fee 2 splitting in Section 22.2 of this Act.
 - (15) A finding by the Medical Board that the registrant after having his or her license placed on probationary status or subjected to conditions or restrictions violated the terms of the probation or failed to comply with such terms or conditions.
 - (16) Abandonment of a patient.
 - (17) Prescribing, selling, administering, distributing, giving, or self-administering any drug classified as a controlled substance (designated product) or narcotic for other than medically accepted therapeutic purposes.
 - (18) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, appliances, or goods provided for a patient in such manner as to exploit the patient for financial gain of the physician.
 - (19) Offering, undertaking, or agreeing to cure or treat disease by a secret method, procedure, treatment, or medicine, or the treating, operating, or prescribing for any human condition by a method, means, or procedure which the licensee refuses to divulge upon demand of the Department.
 - (20) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act including, but not limited to, commission of an act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice.

- (21) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice as a physician, including, but not limited to, false records to support claims against the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (22) Willful omission to file or record, or willfully impeding the filing or recording, or inducing another person to omit to file or record, medical reports as required by law, or willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse or neglect as required by law.
- (23) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (24) Solicitation of professional patronage by any corporation, agents or persons, or profiting from those representing themselves to be agents of the licensee.
- (25) Gross and willful and continued overcharging for professional services, including filing false statements for collection of fees for which services are not rendered, including, but not limited to, filing such false statements for collection of monies for services not

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- (26) A pattern of practice or other behavior which demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act.
- (27) Mental illness or disability which results in the inability to practice under this Act with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (28) Physical illness, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill which results in a physician's inability to practice under this Act with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (29) Cheating on or attempting to subvert the licensing examinations administered under this Act.
- (30) Willfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between physician and patient except as required by law.
- (31) The use of any false, fraudulent, or deceptive statement in any document connected with practice under this Act.
- (32) Aiding and abetting an individual not licensed under this Act in the practice of a profession licensed under this Act.
- (33) Violating state or federal laws or regulations

relating to controlled substances, legend drugs, or ephedra as defined in the Ephedra Prohibition Act.

- (34) Failure to report to the Department any adverse final action taken against them by another licensing jurisdiction (any other state or any territory of the United States or any foreign state or country), by any peer review body, by any health care institution, by any professional society or association related to practice under this Act, by any governmental agency, by any law enforcement agency, or by any court for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.
- (35) Failure to report to the Department surrender of a license or authorization to practice as a medical doctor, a doctor of osteopathy, a doctor of osteopathic medicine, or doctor of chiropractic in another state or jurisdiction, or surrender of membership on any medical staff or in any medical or professional association or society, while under disciplinary investigation by any of those authorities or bodies, for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.
- (36) Failure to report to the Department any adverse judgment, settlement, or award arising from a liability claim related to acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for action as

- (37) Failure to provide copies of medical records as required by law.
 - (38) Failure to furnish the Department, its investigators or representatives, relevant information, legally requested by the Department after consultation with the Chief Medical Coordinator or the Deputy Medical Coordinator.
 - (39) Violating the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.
 - (40) Willful failure to provide notice when notice is required under the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 1995.
 - (41) Failure to establish and maintain records of patient care and treatment as required by this law.
 - (42) Entering into an excessive number of written collaborative agreements with licensed advanced practice registered nurses resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate.
 - (43) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a licensed advanced practice registered nurse.
 - (44) Violating <u>Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation</u>
 and <u>Tax Act</u> the <u>Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis</u>

 Program Act.
 - (45) Entering into an excessive number of written collaborative agreements with licensed prescribing

- psychologists resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate.
 - (46) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a licensed prescribing psychologist.
 - (47) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and required by the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (48) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective Services Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (49) Entering into an excessive number of written collaborative agreements with licensed physician assistants resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate.
- 19 (50) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a physician assistant.

Except for actions involving the ground numbered (26), all proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary status, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the foregoing grounds, must be commenced within 5 years next after receipt by the Department of a complaint alleging the commission of or

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notice of the conviction order for any of the acts described herein. Except for the grounds numbered (8), (9), (26), and (29), no action shall be commenced more than 10 years after the date of the incident or act alleged to have violated this Section. For actions involving the ground numbered (26), a pattern of practice or other behavior includes all incidents alleged to be part of the pattern of practice or other behavior that occurred, or a report pursuant to Section 23 of this Act received, within the 10-year period preceding the filing of the complaint. In the event of the settlement of any claim or cause of action in favor of the claimant or the reduction to final judgment of any civil action in favor of the plaintiff, such claim, cause of action, or civil action being grounded on the allegation that a person licensed under this Act was negligent in providing care, the Department shall have an additional period of 2 years from the date of notification to the Department under Section 23 of this Act of such settlement or final judgment in which to investigate and commence formal disciplinary proceedings under Section 36 of this Act, except as otherwise provided by law. The time during which the holder of the license was outside the State of Illinois shall not be included within any period of time limiting the commencement of disciplinary action by the Department.

The entry of an order or judgment by any circuit court establishing that any person holding a license under this Act is a person in need of mental treatment operates as a

suspension of that license. That person may resume his or her practice only upon the entry of a Departmental order based upon a finding by the Medical Board that the person has been determined to be recovered from mental illness by the court and upon the Medical Board's recommendation that the person be permitted to resume his or her practice.

The Department may refuse to issue or take disciplinary action concerning the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

The Department, upon the recommendation of the Medical Board, shall adopt rules which set forth standards to be used in determining:

- (a) when a person will be deemed sufficiently rehabilitated to warrant the public trust;
- (b) what constitutes dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public;
- (c) what constitutes immoral conduct in the commission of any act, including, but not limited to, commission of an act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice; and

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1 (d) what constitutes gross negligence in the practice 2 of medicine.

However, no such rule shall be admissible into evidence in any civil action except for review of a licensing or other disciplinary action under this Act.

In enforcing this Section, the Medical Board, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual who is licensed to practice under this Act or holds a permit to practice under this Act, or any individual who has applied for licensure or a permit pursuant to this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both, which may include a substance abuse or sexual offender evaluation, as required by the Medical Board and at the expense of the Department. The Medical Board shall specifically designate the examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in providing the mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both. The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, licensed chiropractic physicians, licensed clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, licensed clinical professional counselors, and other professional and administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to

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submit to an examination and evaluation pursuant to this Section to submit to any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological testing, or neuropsychological testing. The Medical Board or the Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the Department or the Medical Board any and all records, including business records, that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any supplemental testing performed. The Medical Board or the Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to present testimony concerning this examination and evaluation of the licensee, permit holder, or applicant, including testimony concerning any supplemental testing or documents relating to the examination and evaluation. No information, report, record, or other documents in any way related to the examination and evaluation shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communication between the licensee, permit holder, applicant and the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the licensee, permit holder, or applicant ordered to undergo an evaluation and examination for the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide information, reports, records, or other documents or to provide any

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testimony regarding the examination and evaluation. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination. Failure of any individual to submit to mental or physical examination and evaluation, or both, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension, without hearing, until such time as the individual submits to the examination. If the Medical Board finds a physician unable to practice following an examination and evaluation because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Medical Board shall require such physician to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians, or other health care professionals, approved or designated by the Medical Board, as a condition for issued, continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice. Any physician, whose license was granted pursuant to Sections 9, 17, or 19 of this Act, or, continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined or supervised, subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions who shall fail to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, or to complete a required program of care, counseling, or treatment, as determined by the Chief Medical Coordinator or Deputy Medical Coordinators, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the licensee shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Medical Board. instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a license under this Section, a hearing upon such person's

- 1 license must be convened by the Medical Board within 15 days
- 2 after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay.
- 3 The Medical Board shall have the authority to review the
- 4 subject physician's record of treatment and counseling
- 5 regarding the impairment, to the extent permitted by
- 6 applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the
- 7 confidentiality of medical records.
- 8 An individual licensed under this Act, affected under this
- 9 Section, shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to
- 10 the Medical Board that he or she can resume practice in
- 11 compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the
- 12 provisions of his or her license.
- 13 The Department may promulgate rules for the imposition of
- 14 fines in disciplinary cases, not to exceed \$10,000 for each
- 15 violation of this Act. Fines may be imposed in conjunction
- 16 with other forms of disciplinary action, but shall not be the
- 17 exclusive disposition of any disciplinary action arising out
- 18 of conduct resulting in death or injury to a patient. Any funds
- 19 collected from such fines shall be deposited in the Illinois
- 20 State Medical Disciplinary Fund.
- 21 All fines imposed under this Section shall be paid within
- 22 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine
- or in accordance with the terms set forth in the order imposing
- 24 the fine.
- 25 (B) The Department shall revoke the license or permit
- 26 issued under this Act to practice medicine or a chiropractic

- physician who has been convicted a second time of committing any felony under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or who has been convicted a second time of committing a Class 1 felony under Sections 8A-3 and 8A-6 of the Illinois Public Aid Code. A person whose license or permit is revoked under this subsection B shall be prohibited from practicing medicine or treating human ailments without the use of drugs and without operative surgery.
 - (C) The Department shall not revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, refuse to issue or renew, or take any other disciplinary or non-disciplinary action against the license or permit issued under this Act to practice medicine to a physician:
 - (1) based solely upon the recommendation of the physician to an eligible patient regarding, or prescription for, or treatment with, an investigational drug, biological product, or device; or
 - (2) for experimental treatment for Lyme disease or other tick-borne diseases, including, but not limited to, the prescription of or treatment with long-term antibiotics.
- (D) The Medical Board shall recommend to the Department civil penalties and any other appropriate discipline in disciplinary cases when the Medical Board finds that a physician willfully performed an abortion with actual

- 1 knowledge that the person upon whom the abortion has been
- 2 performed is a minor or an incompetent person without notice
- 3 as required under the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 1995.
- 4 Upon the Medical Board's recommendation, the Department shall
- 5 impose, for the first violation, a civil penalty of \$1,000 and
- 6 for a second or subsequent violation, a civil penalty of
- 7 \$5,000.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 101-13, eff. 6-12-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;
- 9 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-20, eff. 1-1-22; 102-558, eff.
- 10 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)
- 11 Section 70. The Nurse Practice Act is amended by changing
- 12 Section 70-5 as follows:
- 13 (225 ILCS 65/70-5) (was 225 ILCS 65/10-45)
- 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)
- 15 Sec. 70-5. Grounds for disciplinary action.
- 16 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may
- 17 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other
- 18 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action as the Department may
- deem appropriate, including fines not to exceed \$10,000 per
- 20 violation, with regard to a license for any one or combination
- of the causes set forth in subsection (b) below. All fines
- 22 collected under this Section shall be deposited in the Nursing
- 23 Dedicated and Professional Fund.
- 24 (b) Grounds for disciplinary action include the following:

- 1 (1) Material deception in furnishing information to 2 the Department.
 - (2) Material violations of any provision of this Act or violation of the rules of or final administrative action of the Secretary, after consideration of the recommendation of the Board.
 - (3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or by sentencing of any crime, including, but not limited to, convictions, preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge, or first offender probation, under the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States: (i) that is a felony; or (ii) that is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of the profession.
 - (4) A pattern of practice or other behavior which demonstrates incapacity or incompetency to practice under this Act.
 - (5) Knowingly aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or rules.
 - (6) Failing, within 90 days, to provide a response to a request for information in response to a written request made by the Department by certified or registered mail or by email to the email address of record.
 - (7) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,

- defraud or harm the public, as defined by rule.
 - (8) Unlawful taking, theft, selling, distributing, or manufacturing of any drug, narcotic, or prescription device.
 - (9) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that could result in a licensee's inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
 - (10) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth in this Section.
 - (11) A finding that the licensee, after having her or his license placed on probationary status or subject to conditions or restrictions, has violated the terms of probation or failed to comply with such terms or conditions.
 - (12) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services and under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
 - (13) Willful omission to file or record, or willfully impeding the filing or recording or inducing another

- person to omit to file or record medical reports as required by law.
 - (13.5) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
 - (14) Gross negligence in the practice of practical, professional, or advanced practice registered nursing.
 - (15) Holding oneself out to be practicing nursing under any name other than one's own.
 - (16) Failure of a licensee to report to the Department any adverse final action taken against him or her by another licensing jurisdiction of the United States or any foreign state or country, any peer review body, any health care institution, any professional or nursing society or association, any governmental agency, any law enforcement agency, or any court or a nursing liability claim related to acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for action as defined in this Section.
 - (17) Failure of a licensee to report to the Department surrender by the licensee of a license or authorization to practice nursing or advanced practice registered nursing in another state or jurisdiction or current surrender by the licensee of membership on any nursing staff or in any nursing or advanced practice registered nursing or professional association or society while under disciplinary investigation by any of those authorities or

- bodies for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for action as defined by this Section.
 - (18) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department.
 - (19) Failure to establish and maintain records of patient care and treatment as required by law.
 - (20) Fraud, deceit or misrepresentation in applying for or procuring a license under this Act or in connection with applying for renewal of a license under this Act.
 - (21) Allowing another person or organization to use the licensee's license to deceive the public.
 - (22) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in the licensee's practice, including but not limited to false records to support claims against the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) under the Illinois Public Aid Code.
 - (23) Attempting to subvert or cheat on a licensing examination administered under this Act.
 - (24) Immoral conduct in the commission of an act, including, but not limited to, sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual exploitation, related to the licensee's practice.
 - (25) Willfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between nurse and patient except as

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- 1 required by law.
- 2 (26) Practicing under a false or assumed name, except 3 as provided by law.
 - (27) The use of any false, fraudulent, or deceptive statement in any document connected with the licensee's practice.
 - (28) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving person, firm, corporation, partnership, from a association a fee, commission, rebate, or other form of compensation for professional services not actually or personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph (28) affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment among health care professionals, arrangements facilities, health care providers, or other entities, except as otherwise prohibited by law. Any employment arrangements may include provisions for compensation, health insurance, pension, or other employment benefits for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act. Nothing in this paragraph (28) shall be construed to require an employment arrangement to receive professional fees for services rendered.
 - (29) A violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.
 - (30) Physical illness, mental illness, or disability that results in the inability to practice the profession

- 1 with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
 - (31) Exceeding the terms of a collaborative agreement or the prescriptive authority delegated to a licensee by his or her collaborating physician or podiatric physician in guidelines established under a written collaborative agreement.
 - (32) Making a false or misleading statement regarding a licensee's skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine, treatment, or remedy prescribed by him or her in the course of treatment.
 - (33) Prescribing, selling, administering, distributing, giving, or self-administering a drug classified as a controlled substance (designated product) or narcotic for other than medically accepted therapeutic purposes.
 - (34) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, appliances, or goods provided for a patient in a manner to exploit the patient for financial gain.
 - (35) Violating State or federal laws, rules, or regulations relating to controlled substances.
 - (36) Willfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between an advanced practice registered nurse, collaborating physician, dentist, or podiatric physician and a patient, except as required by law.
 - (37) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or

self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and required by the Adult Protective Services Act.

- (38) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by the Department on Aging and under the Adult Protective Services Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (39) A violation of any provision of this Act or any rules adopted under this Act.
- (40) Violating <u>Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation</u>
 and <u>Tax Act</u> the <u>Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis</u>

 Program Act.
- (c) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, as amended, operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and issues an order so finding and discharging the patient; and upon the recommendation of the Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.
- (d) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend or otherwise discipline the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in

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a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Department of Revenue, until such time as the

requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

- (e) In enforcing this Act, the Department, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel an individual licensed to practice under this Act or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The Department may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. The examining physicians shall specifically designated by the Department. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when directed, shall result in an automatic suspension without hearing.
 - All substance-related violations shall mandate an automatic substance abuse assessment. Failure to submit to an assessment by a licensed physician who is certified as an addictionist or an advanced practice registered nurse with specialty certification in addictions may be grounds for an

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1 automatic suspension, as defined by rule.

If the Department finds an individual unable to practice or unfit for duty because of the reasons set forth in this subsection (e), the Department may require that individual to submit to a substance abuse evaluation or treatment by individuals or programs approved or designated by a condition, term, or restriction Department, as for continued, restored, or renewed licensure to practice; or, in lieu of evaluation or treatment, the Department may file, or the Board may recommend to the Department to file, a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose license was granted, continued, restored, renewed, disciplined supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license under this subsection (e), a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 15 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to review the subject individual's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by

- 1 applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the
- 2 confidentiality of medical records.
- 3 An individual licensed under this Act and affected under
- 4 this subsection (e) shall be afforded an opportunity to
- 5 demonstrate to the Department that he or she can resume
- 6 practice in compliance with nursing standards under the
- 7 provisions of his or her license.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 9 Section 75. The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987
- is amended by changing Section 21 as follows:
- 11 (225 ILCS 95/21) (from Ch. 111, par. 4621)
- 12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)
- 13 Sec. 21. Grounds for disciplinary action.
- 14 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may
- 15 revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other
- 16 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action with regard to any
- 17 license issued under this Act as the Department may deem
- proper, including the issuance of fines not to exceed \$10,000
- 19 for each violation, for any one or combination of the
- 20 following causes:
- 21 (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to
- the Department.
- 23 (2) Violations of this Act, or the rules adopted under
- this Act.

(3) Conviction by plea of guilty or nolo contendere,
finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of judgment or
sentencing, including, but not limited to, convictions,
preceding sentences of supervision, conditional discharge,
or first offender probation, under the laws of any
jurisdiction of the United States that is: (i) a felony;
or (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is
dishonesty, or that is directly related to the practice of
the profession.

- (4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining licenses.
 - (5) Professional incompetence.
- (6) Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or its rules.
- (7) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department.
- (8) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or unprofessional conduct, as defined by rule, of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public.
- (9) Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug that results in a physician assistant's inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety.
- (10) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to

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those set forth in this Section.

- (11) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, association any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually or personally rendered. Nothing in this paragraph affects any bona fide independent contractor or employment which include provisions for arrangements, may insurance, pension, compensation, health or other employment benefits, with persons or entities authorized under this Act for the provision of services within the scope of the licensee's practice under this Act.
- (12) A finding by the Disciplinary Board that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on probationary status has violated the terms of probation.
 - (13) Abandonment of a patient.
- (14) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice, including but not limited to false records filed with state agencies or departments.
- (15) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
- (16) Physical illness, or mental illness or impairment that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process or

loss of motor skill.

- (17) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
 - (18) (Blank).
- (19) Gross negligence resulting in permanent injury or death of a patient.
- (20) Employment of fraud, deception or any unlawful means in applying for or securing a license as a physician assistant.
- (21) Exceeding the authority delegated to him or her by his or her collaborating physician in a written collaborative agreement.
- (22) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, such as sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual exploitation related to the licensee's practice.
- (23) Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral
 - (24) Practicing under a false or assumed name, except as provided by law.
 - (25) Making a false or misleading statement regarding his or her skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine,

- treatment, or remedy prescribed by him or her in the course of treatment.
 - (26) Allowing another person to use his or her license to practice.
 - (27) Prescribing, selling, administering, distributing, giving, or self-administering a drug classified as a controlled substance for other than medically accepted therapeutic purposes.
 - (28) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, appliances, or goods provided for a patient in a manner to exploit the patient for financial gain.
 - (29) A pattern of practice or other behavior that demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under this Act.
 - (30) Violating State or federal laws or regulations relating to controlled substances or other legend drugs or ephedra as defined in the Ephedra Prohibition Act.
 - (31) Exceeding the prescriptive authority delegated by the collaborating physician or violating the written collaborative agreement delegating that authority.
 - (32) Practicing without providing to the Department a notice of collaboration or delegation of prescriptive authority.
 - (33) Failure to establish and maintain records of patient care and treatment as required by law.
 - (34) Attempting to subvert or cheat on the examination

- of the National Commission on Certification of Physician
 Assistants or its successor agency.
 - (35) Willfully or negligently violating the confidentiality between physician assistant and patient, except as required by law.
 - (36) Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or self-neglect of an eligible adult as defined in and required by the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (37) Being named as an abuser in a verified report by the Department on Aging under the Adult Protective Services Act and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee abused, neglected, or financially exploited an eligible adult as defined in the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (38) Failure to report to the Department an adverse final action taken against him or her by another licensing jurisdiction of the United States or a foreign state or country, a peer review body, a health care institution, a professional society or association, a governmental agency, a law enforcement agency, or a court acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for action under this Section.
 - (39) Failure to provide copies of records of patient care or treatment, except as required by law.
 - (40) Entering into an excessive number of written

- 1 collaborative agreements with licensed physicians 2 resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate.
 - (41) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with a collaborating physician.
 - (42) Violating <u>Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation</u>
 and <u>Tax Act</u> the <u>Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis</u>

 Program Act.
 - (b) The Department may, without a hearing, refuse to issue or renew or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of the tax, penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.
 - (c) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as an automatic suspension. The suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and issues an order so finding and discharging the patient, and upon the recommendation of the Disciplinary Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume his or her practice.
 - (d) In enforcing this Section, the Department upon a showing of a possible violation may compel an individual

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licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure under this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, which may include a substance abuse or sexual offender evaluation, as required by and at the expense of the Department.

The Department shall specifically designate the examining physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or, if applicable, the multidisciplinary team involved in providing the mental or physical examination or both. The multidisciplinary team shall be led by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and may consist of one or more or a combination of physicians licensed to practice licensed medicine in all of its branches, clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, clinical professional counselors, and other professional and administrative staff. Any examining physician or member of the multidisciplinary team may require any person ordered to submit to an examination pursuant to this Section to submit to any additional supplemental testing deemed necessary to complete any examination or evaluation process, including, but not limited to, blood testing, urinalysis, psychological testing, or neuropsychological testing.

The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide to the Department any and all records, including business records, that relate to the examination and evaluation, including any

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1 supplemental testing performed.

The Department may order the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of the licensee applicant. No information, report, record, or other documents in any way related to the examination shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant examining physician or and the any member of multidisciplinary team. No authorization is necessary from the licensee or applicant ordered to undergo an examination for the examining physician or any member of the multidisciplinary team to provide information, reports, records, or other documents or to provide any testimony regarding examination and evaluation.

The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of this examination. However, that physician shall be present only to observe and may not interfere in any way with the examination.

Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when ordered, shall result in an automatic suspension of his or her license until the individual submits to the examination.

If the Department finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the

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Department may require that individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice; or, in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may file a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. An individual whose license granted, continued, reinstated, was renewed, disciplined, or supervised subject to such terms, conditions, or restrictions, and who fails to comply with such terms, conditions, or restrictions, shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the individual shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department.

In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a person's license under this Section, a hearing on that person's license must be convened by the Department within 30 days after the suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department shall have the authority to review the subject individual's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act and affected under this Section shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department that he or she can resume practice in

- compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.
 - (e) An individual or organization acting in good faith, and not in a willful and wanton manner, in complying with this Section by providing a report or other information to the Board, by assisting in the investigation or preparation of a report or information, by participating in proceedings of the Board, or by serving as a member of the Board, shall not be subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages as a result of such actions.
 - (f) Members of the Board and the Disciplinary Board shall be indemnified by the State for any actions occurring within the scope of services on the Disciplinary Board or Board, done in good faith and not willful and wanton in nature. The Attorney General shall defend all such actions unless he or she determines either that there would be a conflict of interest in such representation or that the actions complained of were not in good faith or were willful and wanton.
 - If the Attorney General declines representation, the member has the right to employ counsel of his or her choice, whose fees shall be provided by the State, after approval by the Attorney General, unless there is a determination by a court that the member's actions were not in good faith or were willful and wanton.
 - The member must notify the Attorney General within 7 days after receipt of notice of the initiation of any action

- 1 involving services of the Disciplinary Board. Failure to so
- 2 notify the Attorney General constitutes an absolute waiver of
- 3 the right to a defense and indemnification.
- 4 The Attorney General shall determine, within 7 days after
- 5 receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to
- 6 represent the member.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 8 Section 80. The Preventing Youth Vaping Act is amended by
- 9 changing Section 5 as follows:
- 10 (410 ILCS 86/5)
- 11 Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act:
- 12 "Additive" means any substance the intended use of which
- 13 results or may reasonably be expected to result, directly or
- indirectly, in it becoming a component or otherwise affecting
- 15 the characteristic of any tobacco product, including, but not
- 16 limited to, any substances intended for use as a flavoring or
- 17 coloring or in producing, manufacturing, packing, processing,
- 18 preparing, treating, packaging, transporting, or holding.
- 19 "Additive" does not include tobacco or a pesticide chemical
- 20 residue in or on raw tobacco or a pesticide chemical.
- "Consumer" means an individual who acquires or seeks to
- acquire electronic cigarettes for personal use.
- "Distributor" means a person who sells, offers for sale,
- 24 or transfers any tobacco, electronic cigarette, or tobacco

- 1 product for resale and not for use or consumption.
- 2 "Distributor" includes a distributor as defined in Section 1
- 3 of the Cigarette Tax Act, Section 1 of the Cigarette Use Tax
- 4 Act, and Section 10-5 of the Tobacco Products Tax Act of 1995.
- 5 "Electronic cigarette" means:
 - (1) any device that employs a battery or other mechanism to heat a solution or substance to produce a vapor or aerosol intended for inhalation;
 - (2) any cartridge or container of a solution or substance intended to be used with or in the device or to refill the device; or
 - (3) any solution or substance, whether or not it contains nicotine, intended for use in the device.

"Electronic cigarette" includes, but is not limited to, any electronic nicotine delivery system, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, electronic hookah, vape pen, or similar product or device, and any component, part, or accessory of a device used during the operation of the device even if the part or accessory was sold separately. "Electronic cigarette" does not include: cigarettes, as defined in Section 1 of the Cigarette Tax Act; any product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for sale as a smoking cessation product, a tobacco dependence product, or for other medical purposes that is marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose; any asthma inhaler prescribed by a physician for that condition that is marketed and sold solely for that

approved purpose; any device that meets the definition of 1 2 cannabis paraphernalia under Section 1-10 of the Cannabis 3 Regulation and Tax Act; or any cannabis product sold by a dispensing organization pursuant to the Cannabis Regulation 4 5 and Tax Act or the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis 6

Program Act.

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"Manufacturer" means any person, wherever resident or manufactures and sells tobacco located, who products. "Manufacturer" does not include а person who manufactures, or fabricates tobacco products as a part of a correctional industries program for sale to persons incarcerated in penal institutions or resident patients of a State-operated mental health facility.

"Modified risk tobacco product" means any tobacco product that is sold or distributed to reduce harm or the risk of tobacco related disease associated with commercially marketed tobacco products.

"Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, association, or other organization that engages in any for-profit or not-for-profit activities.

"Retailer" means a person who engages in this State in the sale of or offers for sale electronic cigarettes for use or consumption and not for resale in any form. "Retailer" includes a retailer as defined in Section 1 of the Cigarette Tax Act and Section 10-5 of the Tobacco Products Tax Act of 1995.

- 1 "Secondary distributor" has the same meaning as defined in
- 2 Section 1 of the Cigarette Tax Act and Section 1 of the
- 3 Cigarette Use Tax Act.
- 4 "Tobacco product" has the same meaning as defined in
- 5 Section 10-5 of the Tobacco Products Tax Act of 1995.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 102-575, eff. 1-1-22.)
- 7 Section 85. The Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act is amended
- 8 by changing Sections 1-10, 5-5, 5-10, 5-15, 5-20, 5-25, 5-30,
- 9 5-45, 7-1, 7-15, 7-20, 7-25, 7-30, 10-5, 10-10, 10-15, 10-20,
- 10 10-35, 10-45, 10-50, 15-5, 15-15, 15-20, 15-30.20, 15-35.10,
- 11 15-35.20, 15-55, 15-75, 15-85, 15-90, 15-100, 15-110, 15-120,
- 12 15-125, 15-135, 15-140, 15-145, 15-150, 15-155, 15-160,
- 13 15-165, 15-170, 15-175, 20-1, 20-5, 20-10, 20-15, 20-21,
- 14 20-30, 20-55, 25-1, 25-5, 25-10, 25-15, 25-25, 25-30, 25-35,
- 15 25-40, 30-3, 30-5, 30-10, 30-20, 30-30, 30-45, 30-55, 35-3,
- 16 35-5, 35-10, 35-25, 35-31, 35-45, 40-1, 40-5, 40-10, 40-25,
- 17 40-45, 45-5, 45-10, 45-20, 50-5, 55-5, 55-10, 55-15, 55-21,
- 18 55-30, 55-35, 55-40, 55-45, 55-50, 55-55, 55-60, 55-65, 55-85,
- 60-5, 60-20, 65-5, 65-10, and 65-15 and by adding Sections
- 5-50 and 7-12 and Article 75 as follows:
- 21 (410 ILCS 705/1-10)
- 22 Sec. 1-10. Definitions. In this Act:
- 23 "Adult Use Cultivation Center License" means a license
- 24 issued by the Commission Department of Agriculture that

permits a person to act as a cultivation center under this Act and any administrative rule made in furtherance of this Act.

"Adult Use Dispensing Organization License" means a license issued by the <u>Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation</u> that permits a person to act as a dispensing organization under this Act and any administrative rule made in furtherance of this Act.

"Advertise" means to engage in promotional activities including, but not limited to: newspaper, radio, Internet and electronic media, and television advertising; the distribution of fliers and circulars; billboard advertising; and the display of window and interior signs. "Advertise" does not mean exterior signage displaying only the name of the licensed cannabis business establishment.

"Application points" means the number of points a Dispensary Applicant receives on an application for a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License.

"BLS Region" means a region in Illinois used by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics to gather and categorize certain employment and wage data. The 17 such regions in Illinois are: Bloomington, Cape Girardeau, Carbondale-Marion, Champaign-Urbana, Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Danville, Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, Decatur, Kankakee, Peoria, Rockford, St. Louis, Springfield, Northwest Illinois nonmetropolitan area, East Central Illinois nonmetropolitan area, and South

- 1 Illinois nonmetropolitan area.
- 2 "By lot" means a randomized method of choosing between 2
- 3 or more Eligible Tied Applicants or 2 or more Qualifying
- 4 Applicants.
- 5 "Cannabis" means marijuana, hashish, and other substances
- 6 that are identified as including any parts of the plant
- 7 Cannabis sativa and including derivatives or subspecies, such
- 8 as indica, of all strains of cannabis, whether growing or not;
- 9 the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the
- 10 plant; and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
- 11 mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or resin,
- including tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) and all other naturally
- produced cannabinol derivatives, whether produced directly or
- 14 indirectly by extraction; however, "cannabis" does not include
- 15 the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the
- stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other
- 17 compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or
- 18 preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted
- 19 from it), fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the
- 20 plant that is incapable of germination. "Cannabis" does not
- 21 include industrial hemp as defined and authorized under the
- 22 Industrial Hemp Act. "Cannabis" also means cannabis flower,
- concentrate, and cannabis-infused products.
- "Cannabis business establishment" means a cultivation
- 25 center, craft grower, processing organization, infuser
- 26 organization, dispensing organization, or transporting

1 organization.

"Cannabis concentrate" means a product derived from cannabis that is produced by extracting cannabinoids, including tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), from the plant through the use of propylene glycol, glycerin, butter, olive oil, or other typical cooking fats; water, ice, or dry ice; or butane, propane, CO₂, ethanol, or isopropanol and with the intended use of smoking or making a cannabis-infused product. The use of any other solvent is expressly prohibited unless and until it is approved by the <u>Commission Department of Agriculture</u>.

"Cannabis container" means a sealed or resealable, traceable, container, or package used for the purpose of containment of cannabis or cannabis-infused product during transportation.

"Cannabis flower" means marijuana, hashish, and other substances that are identified as including any parts of the plant Cannabis sativa and including derivatives or subspecies, such as indica, of all strains of cannabis; including raw kief, leaves, and buds, but not resin that has been extracted from any part of such plant; nor any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds, or resin.

"Cannabis-infused product" means a beverage, food, oil, ointment, tincture, topical formulation, or another product containing cannabis or cannabis concentrate that is not intended to be smoked.

"Cannabis paraphernalia" means equipment, products, or materials intended to be used for planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, ingesting, or otherwise introducing cannabis into the human body.

"Cannabis plant monitoring system" or "plant monitoring system" means a system that includes, but is not limited to, testing and data collection established and maintained by the cultivation center, craft grower, or processing organization and that is available to the <u>Commission and the Department of Revenue</u>, the <u>Department of Agriculture</u>, the <u>Department of Financial and Professional Regulation</u>, and the Illinois State <u>Police</u> for the purposes of documenting each cannabis plant and monitoring plant development throughout the life cycle of a cannabis plant cultivated for the intended use by a customer from seed planting to final packaging.

"Cannabis testing facility" means an entity registered by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture to test cannabis for potency and contaminants.

"Clone" means a plant section from a female cannabis plant not yet rootbound, growing in a water solution or other propagation matrix, that is capable of developing into a new plant.

"Commission" means the Cannabis Equity and Oversight

Commission created under Section 5-50.

1 "Commissioner" means a member of the Commission.

"Community College Cannabis Vocational Training Pilot Program faculty participant" means a person who is 21 years of age or older, licensed by the <u>Commission Department of Agriculture</u>, and is employed or contracted by an Illinois community college to provide student instruction using cannabis plants at an Illinois Community College.

"Community College Cannabis Vocational Training Pilot Program faculty participant Agent Identification Card" means a document issued by the <u>Commission Department of Agriculture</u> that identifies a person as a Community College Cannabis Vocational Training Pilot Program faculty participant.

"Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program" or "Program" means the program established under Article 75 of this Act (formerly the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act that has been combined with this Act) for the purpose of streamlining the governance of the medical and adult use cannabis programs.

"Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License" means a contingent license awarded to applicants for an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License that reserves the right to an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License if the applicant meets certain conditions described in this Act, but does not entitle the recipient to begin purchasing or selling cannabis or cannabis-infused products.

"Conditional Adult Use Cultivation Center License" means a

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license awarded to top-scoring applicants for an Adult Use Cultivation Center License that reserves the right to an Adult Use Cultivation Center License if the applicant meets certain conditions as determined by the Commission Department of Agriculture by rule, but does not entitle the recipient to begin growing, processing, or selling cannabis or cannabis-infused products.

"Craft grower" means а facility operated by an organization or business that is licensed by the Commission Department of Agriculture to cultivate, dry, cure, and package cannabis and perform other necessary activities to make cannabis available for sale at a dispensing organization or use at a processing organization. A craft grower may contain up to 5,000 square feet of canopy space on its premises for plants in the flowering state. The Commission Department of Agriculture may authorize an increase or decrease of flowering stage cultivation space in increments of 3,000 square feet by rule based on market need, craft grower capacity, and the licensee's history of compliance or noncompliance, with a maximum space of 14,000 square feet for cultivating plants in the flowering stage, which must be cultivated in all stages of growth in an enclosed and secure area. A craft grower may share premises with a processing organization or a dispensing organization, or both, provided each licensee stores currency and cannabis or cannabis-infused products in a separate secured vault to which the other licensee does not have access

- or all licensees sharing a vault share more than 50% of the
- 2 same ownership.
- 3 "Craft grower agent" means a principal officer, board
- 4 member, employee, or other agent of a craft grower who is 21
- 5 years of age or older.
- 6 "Craft Grower Agent Identification Card" means a document
- 7 issued by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture that
- 8 identifies a person as a craft grower agent.
- 9 "Cultivation center" means a facility operated by an
- 10 organization or business that is licensed by the Commission
- 11 Department of Agriculture to cultivate, process, transport
- 12 (unless otherwise limited by this Act), and perform other
- 13 necessary activities to provide cannabis and cannabis-infused
- 14 products to cannabis business establishments.
- "Cultivation center agent" means a principal officer,
- board member, employee, or other agent of a cultivation center
- who is 21 years of age or older.
- 18 "Cultivation Center Agent Identification Card" means a
- 19 document issued by the Commission Department of Agriculture
- 20 that identifies a person as a cultivation center agent.
- "Currency" means currency and coin of the United States.
- "Dispensary" means a facility operated by a dispensing
- 23 organization at which activities licensed by this Act may
- 24 occur.
- 25 "Dispensary Applicant" means the Proposed Dispensing
- 26 Organization Name as stated on an application for a

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1 Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License.

"Dispensing organization" means a facility operated by an organization or business that is licensed by the Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation to acquire cannabis from a cultivation center, craft grower, processing organization, or another dispensary for the purpose of selling or dispensing cannabis, cannabis-infused products, cannabis seeds, paraphernalia, or related supplies under this Act to purchasers or to qualified registered medical cannabis patients and caregivers. As used in this Act, "dispensing organization" includes а registered medical cannabis organization as defined in the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act or its successor Act that has obtained an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License.

"Dispensing organization agent" means a principal officer, employee, or agent of a dispensing organization who is 21 years of age or older.

"Dispensing organization agent identification card" means a document issued by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Financial and Professional Regulation that identifies a person as a dispensing organization agent.

"Disproportionately Impacted Area" means a census tract or comparable geographic area that satisfies the following criteria as determined by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, that:

(1) meets at least one of the following criteria:

_	(A)	the	area	has	a	poverty	rate	of	at	least	20%
2	accordin	ng to	the	lates	t	federal	decenn	ial	cer	nsus;	or

- (B) 75% or more of the children in the area participate in the federal free lunch program according to reported statistics from the State Board of Education; or
- (C) at least 20% of the households in the area receive assistance under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; or
- (D) the area has an average unemployment rate, as determined by the Illinois Department of Employment Security, that is more than 120% of the national unemployment average, as determined by the United States Department of Labor, for a period of at least 2 consecutive calendar years preceding the date of the application; and
- (2) has high rates of arrest, conviction, and incarceration related to the sale, possession, use, cultivation, manufacture, or transport of cannabis.

"Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License" means a license that permits a medical cannabis cultivation center licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act as of the effective date of this Act to begin cultivating, infusing, packaging, transporting (unless otherwise provided in this Act), processing, and selling cannabis or cannabis-infused product to cannabis business

establishments for resale to purchasers as permitted by this

Act as of January 1, 2020.

"Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License" means a license that permits a medical cannabis dispensing organization licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act as of the effective date of this Act to begin selling cannabis or cannabis-infused product to purchasers as permitted by this Act as of January 1, 2020.

"Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization at a secondary site" means a license that permits a medical cannabis dispensing organization licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act as of the effective date of this Act to begin selling cannabis or cannabis-infused product to purchasers as permitted by this Act on January 1, 2020 at a different dispensary location from its existing registered medical dispensary location.

"Eligible Tied Applicant" means a Tied Applicant that is eligible to participate in the process by which a remaining available license is distributed by lot pursuant to a Tied Applicant Lottery.

"Enclosed, locked facility" means a room, greenhouse, building, outdoor canopy space, or other enclosed area equipped with locks or other security devices that permit access only by cannabis business establishment agents working for the licensed cannabis business establishment or acting pursuant to this Act to cultivate, process, store, or

1 distribute cannabis.

"Enclosed, locked space" means a closet, room, greenhouse, building, or other enclosed area equipped with locks or other security devices that permit access only by authorized individuals under this Act. "Enclosed, locked space" may include:

- (1) a space within a residential building that (i) is the primary residence of the individual cultivating 5 or fewer cannabis plants that are more than 5 inches tall and (ii) includes sleeping quarters and indoor plumbing. The space must only be accessible by a key or code that is different from any key or code that can be used to access the residential building from the exterior; or
- (2) a structure, such as a shed or greenhouse, that lies on the same plot of land as a residential building that (i) includes sleeping quarters and indoor plumbing and (ii) is used as a primary residence by the person cultivating 5 or fewer cannabis plants that are more than 5 inches tall, such as a shed or greenhouse. The structure must remain locked when it is unoccupied by people.

"Financial institution" has the same meaning as "financial organization" as defined in Section 1501 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, and also includes the holding companies, subsidiaries, and affiliates of such financial organizations.

"Flowering stage" means the stage of cultivation where and when a cannabis plant is cultivated to produce plant material

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1	for	cannabis	products.	This	includes	mature	plants	as	follows:
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- 2 (1) if greater than 2 stigmas are visible at each 3 internode of the plant; or
 - (2) if the cannabis plant is in an area that has been intentionally deprived of light for a period of time intended to produce flower buds and induce maturation, from the moment the light deprivation began through the remainder of the marijuana plant growth cycle.
 - "Individual" means a natural person.
 - "Infuser organization" or "infuser" means a facility operated by an organization or business that is licensed by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture to directly incorporate cannabis or cannabis concentrate into a product formulation to produce a cannabis-infused product.

"Institutional investor" means any of the following:

- (1) A retirement fund administered by a public agency for the exclusive benefit of federal, State, or local public employees.
- 19 (2) An investment company registered under Section 8
 20 of the federal Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
 21 80a-8).
- 22 (3) A collective investment trust organized by a bank 23 under 12 CFR 9.18.
- 24 (4) A closed-end investment trust registered with the 25 United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 26 (5) A chartered or licensed life insurance company or

l <u>a property and casualty insurance compa</u>
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- (6) A federal or State bank.
- (7) An investment advisor registered under the federal
 Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-1 et
 seq.).
 - (8) Any other person the Commission determines for reasons consistent with this Act.

"Kief" means the resinous crystal-like trichomes that are found on cannabis and that are accumulated, resulting in a higher concentration of cannabinoids, untreated by heat or pressure, or extracted using a solvent.

"Labor peace agreement" means an agreement between a cannabis business establishment and any labor organization recognized under the National Labor Relations Act, referred to in this Act as a bona fide labor organization, that prohibits labor organizations and members from engaging in picketing, work stoppages, boycotts, and any other economic interference with the cannabis business establishment. This agreement means that the cannabis business establishment has agreed not to disrupt efforts by the bona fide labor organization to communicate with, and attempt to organize and represent, the cannabis business establishment's employees. The agreement shall provide a bona fide labor organization access at reasonable times to areas in which the cannabis business establishment's employees work, for the purpose of meeting with employees to discuss their right to representation,

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employment rights under State law, and terms and conditions of employment. This type of agreement shall not mandate a particular method of election or certification of the bona fide labor organization.

"Limited access area" means a room or other area under the control of a cannabis dispensing organization licensed under this Act and upon the licensed premises where cannabis sales with access limited to purchasers, occur dispensing organization owners and other dispensing organization agents, service professionals conducting business with dispensing organization, or, if sales to registered qualifying patients, caregivers, provisional patients, and Alternative Pilot Program participants licensed pursuant to Section 75-62 the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act are also permitted at the dispensary, registered qualifying patients, caregivers, provisional patients, and Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participants.

"Loan" means a loan or debt support from a facility established through a financial intermediary agreement.

"Member of an impacted family" means an individual who has a parent, legal guardian, child, spouse, or dependent, or was a dependent of an individual who, prior to the effective date of this Act, was arrested for, convicted of, or adjudicated delinquent for any offense that is eligible for expungement under this Act.

"Mother plant" means a cannabis plant that is cultivated

- 1 or maintained for the purpose of generating clones, and that
- 2 will not be used to produce plant material for sale to an
- 3 infuser or dispensing organization.
- 4 "Ordinary public view" means within the sight line with
- 5 normal visual range of a person, unassisted by visual aids,
- from a public street or sidewalk adjacent to real property, or
- 7 from within an adjacent property.
- 8 "Ownership and control" means ownership of at least 51% of
- 9 the business, including corporate stock if a corporation, and
- 10 control over the management and day-to-day operations of the
- 11 business and an interest in the capital, assets, and profits
- 12 and losses of the business proportionate to percentage of
- ownership.
- "Person" means a natural individual, firm, partnership,
- association, joint stock company, joint venture, public or
- private corporation, limited liability company, or a receiver,
- 17 executor, trustee, guardian, or other representative appointed
- 18 by order of any court.
- 19 "Possession limit" means the amount of cannabis under
- 20 Section 10-10 that may be possessed at any one time by a person
- 21 21 years of age or older or who is a registered qualifying
- 22 medical cannabis patient or caregiver under Article 75 the
- 23 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
- 24 "Principal officer" includes a cannabis business
- 25 establishment applicant or licensed cannabis business
- establishment's board member, owner with more than 1% interest

of the total cannabis business establishment or more than 5% interest of the total cannabis business establishment of a publicly traded company, president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, partner, officer, member, manager member, or person with a profit sharing, financial interest, or revenue sharing arrangement. The definition includes a person with authority to control the cannabis business establishment, a person who assumes responsibility for the debts of the cannabis business establishment and who is further defined in this Act.

"Primary residence" means a dwelling where a person usually stays or stays more often than other locations. It may be determined by, without limitation, presence, tax filings; address on an Illinois driver's license, an Illinois Identification Card, or an Illinois Person with a Disability Identification Card; or voter registration. No person may have more than one primary residence.

"Processing organization" or "processor" means a facility operated by an organization or business that is licensed by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture to either extract constituent chemicals or compounds to produce cannabis concentrate or incorporate cannabis or cannabis concentrate into a product formulation to produce a cannabis product.

"Processing organization agent" means a principal officer, board member, employee, or agent of a processing organization.

"Processing organization agent identification card" means a document issued by the Commission Department of Agriculture

1 that identifies a person as a processing organization agent.

"Purchaser" means a person 21 years of age or older who acquires cannabis for a valuable consideration. "Purchaser" does not include a cardholder under Article 75 the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

"Qualifying Applicant" means an applicant that submitted an application pursuant to Section 15-30 that received at least 85% of 250 application points available under Section 15-30 as the applicant's final score and meets the definition of "Social Equity Applicant" as set forth under this Section.

"Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant" means an applicant that submitted an application pursuant to Section 15-30 that received at least 85% of 250 application points available under Section 15-30 as the applicant's final score and meets the criteria of either paragraph (1) or (2) of the definition of "Social Equity Applicant" as set forth under this Section.

"Qualified Social Equity Applicant" means a Social Equity Applicant who has been awarded a conditional license under this Act to operate a cannabis business establishment.

"Resided" means an individual's primary residence was located within the relevant geographic area as established by 2 of the following:

- 24 (1) a signed lease agreement that includes the applicant's name;
- 26 (2) a property deed that includes the applicant's

1	name;
2	(3) school records;
3	(4) a voter registration card;
4	(5) an Illinois driver's license, an Illinois
5	Identification Card, or an Illinois Person with a
6	Disability Identification Card;
7	(6) a paycheck stub;
8	(7) a utility bill;
9	(8) tax records; or
10	(9) any other proof of residency or other information
11	necessary to establish residence as provided by rule.
12	"Smoking" means the inhalation of smoke caused by the
13	combustion of cannabis.
14	"Social Equity Applicant" means an applicant that is an
15	Illinois resident that meets one of the following criteria:
16	(1) an applicant with at least 51% ownership and
17	control by one or more individuals who have resided for at
18	least 5 of the preceding 10 years in a Disproportionately
19	Impacted Area;
20	(2) an applicant with at least 51% ownership and
21	control by one or more individuals who:
22	(i) have been arrested for, convicted of, or
23	adjudicated delinquent for any offense that is
24	eligible for expungement under this Act; or
25	(ii) is a member of an impacted family;
26	(3) for applicants with a minimum of 10 full-time

1	employees,	an	applicant	with	at	least	51%	of	current
2	employees w	ho:							

- (i) currently reside in a Disproportionately Impacted Area; or
- (ii) have been arrested for, convicted of, or adjudicated delinquent for any offense that is eligible for expungement under this Act or member of an impacted family.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to preempt or limit the duties of any employer under the Job Opportunities for Qualified Applicants Act. Nothing in this Act shall permit an employer to require an employee to disclose sealed or expunsed offenses, unless otherwise required by law.

"Tied Applicant" means an application submitted by a Dispensary Applicant pursuant to Section 15-30 that received the same number of application points under Section 15-30 as the Dispensary Applicant's final score as one or more top-scoring applications in the same BLS Region and would have been awarded a license but for the one or more other top-scoring applications that received the same number of application points. Each application for which a Dispensary Applicant was required to pay a required application fee for the application period ending January 2, 2020 shall be considered an application of a separate Tied Applicant.

"Tied Applicant Lottery" means the process established under 68 Ill. Adm. Code 1291.50 for awarding Conditional Adult

- 1 Use Dispensing Organization Licenses pursuant to Sections
- 2 15-25 and 15-30 among Eligible Tied Applicants.
- 3 "Tincture" means a cannabis-infused solution, typically
- 4 comprised of alcohol, glycerin, or vegetable oils, derived
- 5 either directly from the cannabis plant or from a processed
- 6 cannabis extract. A tincture is not an alcoholic liquor as
- 7 defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934. A tincture shall
- 8 include a calibrated dropper or other similar device capable
- 9 of accurately measuring servings.
- 10 "Transporting organization" or "transporter" means an
- organization or business that is licensed by the Commission
- 12 Department of Agriculture to transport cannabis or
- 13 cannabis-infused product on behalf of a cannabis business
- 14 establishment or a community college licensed under the
- 15 Community College Cannabis Vocational Training Pilot Program.
- 16 "Transporting organization agent" means a principal
- officer, board member, employee, or agent of a transporting
- 18 organization.
- "Transporting organization agent identification card"
- 20 means a document issued by the Commission Department of
- 21 Agriculture that identifies a person as a transporting
- 22 organization agent.
- "Unit of local government" means any county, city,
- village, or incorporated town.
- "Vegetative stage" means the stage of cultivation in which
- 26 a cannabis plant is propagated to produce additional cannabis

- plants or reach a sufficient size for production. This includes seedlings, clones, mothers, and other immature
- 3 cannabis plants as follows:
- 4 (1) if the cannabis plant is in an area that has not 5 been intentionally deprived of light for a period of time 6 intended to produce flower buds and induce maturation, it 7 has no more than 2 stigmas visible at each internode of the 8 cannabis plant; or
- 9 (2) any cannabis plant that is cultivated solely for 10 the purpose of propagating clones and is never used to 11 produce cannabis.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 13 102-98, eff. 7-15-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff.
- 14 5-13-22.)

- 15 (410 ILCS 705/5-5)
- 16 Sec. 5-5. Sharing of authority. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, on and after July 1, 2023 the 17 18 Commission may enter into intergovernmental cooperation 19 agreements with State departments that have any authority 20 granted under this Act to carry out the functions, duties, and 21 responsibilities of the Commission. The State departments 22 shall collaborate and coordinate with the Commission to 23 facilitate an efficient reorganization of the oversight and 24 enforcement of the cannabis industry any authority granted to

any State agency or State employees or appointees under the

- 1 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act shall be
- 2 shared by any State agency or State employees or appointees
- 3 given authority to license, discipline, revoke, regulate, or
- 4 make rules under this Act.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 6 (410 ILCS 705/5-10)
- Sec. 5-10. Department of Agriculture: transfer of duties
- 8 <u>to the Cannabis Equity and Oversight Commission</u>.
- 9 (a) The Department of Agriculture shall administer and enforce provisions of this Act relating to the oversight and 10 11 registration of cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser 12 organizations, and transporting organizations and agents, issuance of identification 1.3 including the cards 14 establishing limits on potency or serving size for cannabis or 15 cannabis products. The Department of Agriculture may suspend 16 or revoke the license of, or impose other penalties upon cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, 17 transporting organizations, and their principal officers, 18 Agents-in-Charge, and agents for violations of this Act and 19 any rules adopted under this Act. 20
- 21 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), all functions granted
 22 to the Department of Agriculture under subsection (a) are
 23 transferred to, and shall be carried out by, the Commission.
 24 The Department of Agriculture shall transfer all data and
 25 records of the Department that are related to its

- 1 administration of this Act to the Commission. The Commission
- 2 has all authority previously granted to the Department of
- 3 Agriculture to enforce this Act.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 5 (410 ILCS 705/5-15)
- 6 Sec. 5-15. Department of Financial and Professional
- 7 Regulation; transfer of duties to the Cannabis Equity and
- 8 <u>Oversight Commission</u>.
- 9 <u>(a)</u> The Department of Financial and Professional
- 10 Regulation shall enforce the provisions of this Act relating
- 11 to the oversight and registration of dispensing organizations
- 12 and agents, including the issuance of identification cards for
- dispensing organization agents. The Department of Financial
- 14 and Professional Regulation may suspend or revoke the license
- 15 of, or otherwise discipline dispensing organizations,
- 16 principal officers, agents-in-charge, and agents for
- 17 violations of this Act and any rules adopted under this Act.
- 18 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), all functions granted
- 19 to the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation
- 20 under subsection (a) are transferred to, and shall be carried
- 21 out by, the Commission. The Department of Financial and
- 22 Professional Regulation shall transfer all data and records of
- 23 the Department that are related to its administration of this
- 24 Act to the Commission. The Commission has all authority
- 25 previously granted to the Department of Financial and

- 1 Professional Regulation to enforce this Act.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 3 (410 ILCS 705/5-20)
- 4 Sec. 5-20. Background checks; Illinois State Police.
- 5 (a) Through the Illinois State Police, the <u>Commission</u>
 6 licensing or issuing Department shall conduct a criminal
 7 history record check of the prospective principal officers,
 8 board members, and agents of a cannabis business establishment
 9 applying for a license or identification card under this Act.
- To the extent that the business structure of the applicant or licensee allows, and except for an institutional investor who is exempt under this subsection, the background check shall be conducted for any, all, or any combination of the following, as the Commission reasonably deems appropriate or as provided by rule for each category of licensure:
 - (1) A beneficiary of a trust.
- 17 <u>(2) A partner of a partnership.</u>
- 18 (3) A member of a limited liability company.
- (4) A director or officer of a publicly or nonpubliclyheld corporation.
- 21 (5) A stockholder in a nonpublicly held corporation.
- 22 (6) A stockholder of a publicly held corporation who 23 owns 5% or more of the corporation.
- Except for an institutional investor who is exempt under
 this subsection, a person seeking or possessing a license as a

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cultivation center, craft grower, infuser organization, dispensing organization, or transporting organization shall disclose the identity of every person, association, trust, corporation, or limited liability company having a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in the cannabis business operation for which the license is sought that is greater than 5%. If the disclosed entity is a trust, the application shall disclose the name and address of each beneficiary of the trust. If the disclosed entity is a corporation, the application shall disclose the name and address of each stockholder and director of the corporation. If the disclosed entity is a limited liability company, the application shall disclose the name and address of each member of the limited liability company. If the disclosed entity is a partnership, the application shall disclose the name and address of each partner of the partnership, whether general or limited.

A business entity that is an institutional investor may submit a disclosure form provided by the Commission in lieu of being subject to a background check under this Section if the institutional investor: (i) submits the disclosure form no more than 45 days after, or as otherwise provided by the Commission, the institutional investor individually, jointly, or cumulatively acquires, directly or indirectly, at least 5% but less than 25% of any class of publicly traded security issued by a corporate applicant or licensee or parent or subsidiary company of an applicant or licensee; (ii) holds or

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controls publicly traded securities issued by a corporate applicant or licensee or parent or subsidiary company of an applicant or licensee in the ordinary course of business and for investment purposes only; and (iii) does not exercise or intend to exercise influence or control over the affairs of the publicly traded securities issued by a corporate applicant or licensee, parent or subsidiary company of an applicant or licensee, or heir affiliates.

If an institutional investor is exempt from a background check under this subsection and intends, after submitting a disclosure under this subsection, to exercise influence or control over the affairs of a corporate applicant or licensee, parent or subsidiary company of an applicant or licensee, or the affiliate of such an applicant or licensee of who issues publicly traded securities, the institutional investor shall provide not less than 30 days' notice of that intent and shall submit to any background check of the institutional investor initiated under this Section before taking any action that may influence or control the affairs of the issuer of those securities or the issuer's affiliates. For purposes of this subsection, an institutional investor exercising a voting privilege on a matter put to the vote of outstanding security holders does not exercise or intend to exercise influence or control over the affairs of the issuer of those securities.

Each cannabis business establishment prospective principal officer, board member, or agent shall submit his or her

fingerprints to the Illinois State Police in the form and manner prescribed by the Illinois State Police.

Unless otherwise provided in this Act, such fingerprints shall be transmitted through a live scan fingerprint vendor licensed by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. These fingerprints shall be checked against the fingerprint records now and hereafter filed in the Illinois State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history records databases. The Illinois State Police shall charge a fee for conducting the criminal history record check, which shall be deposited into the State Police Services Fund and shall not exceed the actual cost of the State and national criminal history record check. The Illinois State Police shall furnish, pursuant to positive identification, all Illinois conviction information and shall forward the national criminal history record information to the Commission.÷

(i) the Department of Agriculture, with respect to a cultivation center, craft grower, infuser organization, or transporting organization; or

(ii) the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, with respect to a dispensing organization.

(b) When applying for the initial license or identification card, the background checks for all prospective principal officers, board members, and agents shall be completed before submitting the application to the licensing or issuing agency.

- 1 (c) All applications for licensure under this Act by
- 2 applicants with criminal convictions shall be subject to
- 3 Sections 2105-131, 2105-135, and 2105-205 of the Department of
- 4 Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code
- 5 of Illinois.
- 6 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all
- authority granted to the Illinois State Police, including, but
- 8 not limited to, conducting random inspections and
- 9 investigations, provided under Sections 15-135, 25-30, 30-30,
- 10 35-25, 40-25, and 55-15 of this Act and Sections 105 and 130 of
- 11 the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act are
- transferred to the Commission. The Illinois State Police shall
- transfer all data and records of the Illinois State Police
- 14 that are related to its administration of this Act to the
- 15 Commission.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 17 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 18 (410 ILCS 705/5-25)
- 19 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-1006)
- Sec. 5-25. Department of Public Health to make health
- 21 warning recommendations.
- 22 (a) The Department of Public Health shall make
- 23 recommendations to the Department of Agriculture and the
- 24 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation on
- appropriate health warnings for dispensaries and advertising,

- which may apply to all cannabis products, including item-type specific labeling or warning requirements, regulate the facility where cannabis-infused products are made, regulate cannabis-infused products as provided in subsection (e) of Section 55-5, and facilitate the Adult Use Cannabis Health Advisory Committee.
 - (b) An Adult Use Cannabis Health Advisory Committee is hereby created and shall meet at least twice annually. The Chairperson may schedule meetings more frequently upon his or her initiative or upon the request of a Committee member. Meetings may be held in person or by teleconference. The Committee shall discuss and monitor changes in drug use data in Illinois and the emerging science and medical information relevant to the health effects associated with cannabis use and may provide recommendations to the Department of Human Services about public health awareness campaigns and messages. The Committee shall include the following members appointed by the Governor and shall represent the geographic, ethnic, and racial diversity of the State:
 - (1) The Director of Public Health, or his or her designee, who shall serve as the Chairperson.
 - (2) The Secretary of Human Services, or his or her designee, who shall serve as the Co-Chairperson.
 - (3) A representative of the poison control center.
 - (4) A pharmacologist.
 - (5) A pulmonologist.

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Impacted Areas.

1	(6) An emergency room physician.
2	(7) An emergency medical technician, paramedic, or
3	other first responder.
4	(8) A nurse practicing in a school-based setting.
5	(9) A psychologist.
6	(10) A neonatologist.
7	(11) An obstetrician-gynecologist.
8	(12) A drug epidemiologist.
9	(13) A medical toxicologist.
10	(14) An addiction psychiatrist.
11	(15) A pediatrician.
12	(16) A representative of a statewide professional
13	public health organization.
14	(17) A representative of a statewide hospital/health
15	system association.
16	(18) An individual registered as a patient in the
17	Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program.
18	(19) An individual registered as a caregiver in the
19	Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program.
20	(20) A representative of an organization focusing on
21	cannabis-related policy.
22	(21) A representative of an organization focusing on
23	the civil liberties of individuals who reside in Illinois.

(22) A representative of the criminal defense or civil

aid community of attorneys serving Disproportionately

- 1 (23) A representative of licensed cannabis business 2 establishments.
- 3 (24) A Social Equity Applicant.
- 4 (25) A representative of a statewide community-based substance use disorder treatment provider association.
- 6 (26) A representative of a statewide community-based
 7 mental health treatment provider association.
 - (27) A representative of a community-based substance use disorder treatment provider.
- 10 (28) A representative of a community-based mental 11 health treatment provider.
- 12 (29) A substance use disorder treatment patient 13 representative.
- 14 (30) A mental health treatment patient representative.
- 15 (c) The Committee shall provide a report by September 30,
- 16 2021, and every year thereafter, to the General Assembly. The
- 17 Department of Public Health shall make the report available on
- 18 its website.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 20 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-1006)
- Sec. 5-25. Department of Public Health to make health warning recommendations.
- 23 (a) The Department of Public Health shall make 24 recommendations to the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture 25 and the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation on

- appropriate health warnings for dispensaries and advertising,
 which may apply to all cannabis products, including item-type
 specific labeling or warning requirements, regulate the
 facility where cannabis-infused products are made, regulate
 cannabis-infused products as provided in subsection (e) of
 Section 55-5, and facilitate the Adult Use Cannabis Health
 Advisory Committee.
 - (b) An Adult Use Cannabis Health Advisory Committee is hereby created and shall meet at least twice annually. The Chairperson may schedule meetings more frequently upon his or her initiative or upon the request of a Committee member. Meetings may be held in person or by teleconference. The Committee shall discuss and monitor changes in drug use data in Illinois and the emerging science and medical information relevant to the health effects associated with cannabis use and may provide recommendations to the Department of Human Services and the Commission about public health awareness campaigns and messages. The Committee shall include the following members appointed by the Governor and shall represent the geographic, ethnic, and racial diversity of the State:
 - (1) The Director of Public Health, or his or her designee, who shall serve as the Chairperson.
 - (2) The Secretary of Human Services, or his or her designee, who shall serve as the Co-Chairperson.
 - (3) A representative of the poison control center.

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1	(4) A pharmacologist.
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2	(5) A pulmonologist.
3	(6) An emergency room physician.
4	(7) An emergency medical technician, paramedic,
5	emergency medical dispatcher, or other first responder.
6	(8) A nurse practicing in a school-based setting.
7	(9) A psychologist.
8	(10) A neonatologist.
9	(11) An obstetrician-gynecologist.
10	(12) A drug epidemiologist.
11	(13) A medical toxicologist.
12	(14) An addiction psychiatrist.
13	(15) A pediatrician.
14	(16) A representative of a statewide professional
15	public health organization.
16	(17) A representative of a statewide hospital/health
17	system association.
18	(18) An individual registered as a patient in the
19	Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program.
20	(19) An individual registered as a caregiver in the
21	Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program.
22	(20) A representative of an organization focusing on

(21) A representative of an organization focusing on

(22) A representative of the criminal defense or civil

the civil liberties of individuals who reside in Illinois.

cannabis-related policy.

- 1 aid community of attorneys serving Disproportionately
 2 Impacted Areas.
- 3 (23) A representative of licensed cannabis business 4 establishments.
- 5 (24) A Social Equity Applicant.
- 6 (25) A representative of a statewide community-based 7 substance use disorder treatment provider association.
- 8 (26) A representative of a statewide community-based 9 mental health treatment provider association.
- 10 (27) A representative of a community-based substance 11 use disorder treatment provider.
- 12 (28) A representative of a community-based mental 13 health treatment provider.
- 14 (29) A substance use disorder treatment patient 15 representative.
- 16 (30) A mental health treatment patient representative.
- 17 (c) The Committee shall provide a report by September 30,
- 18 2021, and every year thereafter, to the Commission and the
- 19 General Assembly. The Department of Public Health shall make
- the report available on its website.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 22 102-1006, eff. 1-1-23.)
- 23 (410 ILCS 705/5-30)
- Sec. 5-30. Department of Human Services. The Department of
- 25 Human Services shall identify evidence-based programs for

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preventive mental health, the prevention or treatment of alcohol abuse, tobacco use, illegal drug use (including prescription drugs), and cannabis use by pregnant women, and make policy recommendations, as appropriate, to the Adult Use Cannabis Health Advisory Committee and the Commission. The Department of Human Services shall develop and disseminate educational materials for purchasers based on recommendations received from the Department of Public Health, the Commission, and the Adult Use Cannabis Health Advisory Committee.

Beginning July 1, 2023, the Commission may also develop and disseminate educational materials.

13 (410 ILCS 705/5-45)

(Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)

- 14 Sec. 5-45. Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer.
- 15 (a) (Blank). The position of Illinois Cannabis Regulation 16 Oversight Officer is created within the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation under the Secretary of 17 18 Financial and Professional Regulation. The Cannabis Regulation 19 Oversight Officer serves a coordinating role among State 20 agencies regarding this Act and the Compassionate Use of 21 Medical Cannabis Program Act. The Illinois Cannabis Regulation 22 Oversight Officer shall be appointed by the Governor with advice and consent of the Senate. The term of office of the 23 24 Officer shall expire on the third Monday of January in 25 odd numbered years provided that he or she shall hold office

1	until a successor is appointed and qualified. In case of
2	vacancy in office during the recess of the Senate, the
3	Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next
4	meeting of the Senate, when the Governor shall nominate some
5	person to fill the office, and any person so nominated who is
6	confirmed by the Senate shall hold office during the remainder
7	of the term and until his or her successor is appointed and
8	qualified.
9	(b) (Blank). The Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight
10	Officer has the authority to:
11	(1) maintain a staff;
12	(2) make recommendations for administrative and
13	statutory changes;
14	(3) collect data both in Illinois and outside Illinois
15	regarding the regulation of cannabis;
16	(4) compile or assist in the compilation of any
17	reports required by this Act;
18	(5) ensure the coordination of efforts between various
19	State agencies involved in regulating and taxing the sale
20	of cannabis in Illinois; and
21	(6) encourage, promote, suggest, and report best
22	practices for ensuring diversity in the cannabis industry
23	in Illinois.
24	(c) (Blank). The Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight
25	Officer and the Officer's staff shall not:
26	(1) participate in the issuance or award of any

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cannabis business establishment license; or

2 (2) participate in discipline related to any cannabis
3 business establishment.

The Illinois Cannabis Regulation Officer is not prohibited from coordinating with and making recommendations to agencies regarding licensing and disciplinary policies and procedures.

- (d) (Blank). Any funding required for the Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer, its staff, or its activities shall be drawn from the Cannabis Regulation Fund.
- (e) The Commission, by and through its Executive Director, Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer shall commission and publish one or more disparity and availability studies that: (1) evaluates whether there discrimination in the State's cannabis industry; and (2) if so, evaluates the impact of such discrimination on the State and includes recommendations to the Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and the Department of Agriculture for reducing or eliminating any identified barriers to entry in the cannabis market. Such disparity and availability studies shall examine each license type issued pursuant to Sections 15-25, 15-30.1, or 15-35.20, subsection (a) of Section 30-5, or subsection (a) of Section 35-5, and shall be initiated within 180 days from the issuance of the first of each license authorized by those Sections. results of each disparity and availability study shall be reported to the General Assembly and the Governor no later

- than 12 months after the commission of each study.
- 2 The Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer shall
- 3 forward a copy of its findings and recommendations to the
- 4 Commission Department of Financial and Professional
- 5 Regulation, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of
- 6 Commerce and Economic Opportunity, the General Assembly, and
- 7 the Governor.
- 8 (f) The Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer may
- 9 compile, collect, or otherwise gather data necessary for the
- 10 administration of this Act and to carry out the Officer's duty
- 11 relating to the recommendation of policy changes. The
- 12 Commission Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer may
- direct the Department of Agriculture, Department of Financial
- 14 and Professional Regulation, Department of Public Health,
- 15 Department of Human Services, and Department of Commerce and
- 16 Economic Opportunity to assist in the compilation, collection,
- and data gathering authorized pursuant to this subsection. The
- 18 Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer shall compile
- 19 all of the data into a single report and submit the report to
- 20 the Governor and the General Assembly and publish the report
- 21 on its website.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)
- 23 (410 ILCS 705/5-50 new)
- Sec. 5-50. Cannabis Equity and Oversight Commission.
- 25 (a) The Cannabis Equity and Oversight Commission is

created as an independent commission. The Commission shall 1 2 implement, direct, and oversee this Act and the Industrial 3 Hemp Act. Any State agency or official involved in the 4 regulation of medical cannabis, adult use cannabis, or 5 industrial hemp shall report to the Commission. Within 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 6 7 103rd General Assembly, all authority, information, documents, 8 databases, and necessary information relating to the 9 administration of this Act, including the Compassionate Use of 10 Medical Cannabis Program, and the Industrial Hemp Program 11 shall be transferred to the Commission by the Department of 12 Financial and Professional Regulation, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Public Health, the Department 13 14 of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, and the Illinois State 15 Police. For the purpose of the succession of all functions, 16 powers, duties, and obligations transferred, assigned to, 17 devolved upon, and assumed by the Commission pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly, the Commission 18 19 shall be deemed and held to constitute the continuation of the 20 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program and adult-use 21 cannabis program.

- 22 <u>(b) Members of the Commission shall be appointed as</u> 23 follows:
- 24 (1) Two members appointed by the Governor.
- 25 (2) One member appointed by the President of the Senate.

Τ	(3) One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the
2	Senate.
3	(4) One member appointed by the Speaker of the House
4	of Representatives.
5	(5) One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the
6	House of Representatives.
7	(6) One member appointed by the Attorney General.
8	The initial Commissioners shall be appointed to act as
9	Commissioners within 90 days after the effective date of this
10	amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly. Commissioners
11	shall serve for a 5-year term. However, the term for the
12	initial Commissioners appointed under paragraphs (3) through
13	(5) of this subsection shall be 2 and one half years. Members
14	subsequently appointed made under paragraphs (3) through (5)
15	of this subsection shall serve a 5-year term. A Commissioners
16	<pre>may serve no more than 2 terms.</pre>
17	No more than 4 members of the Commission shall have an
18	affiliation with any one political party.
19	The composition of members of the Commission shall include
20	members meeting the following qualifications: (i) experience
21	and expertise in representation and advocacy in a business
22	trade organization within the Illinois cannabis industry; (ii)
23	experience and expertise in cannabis business operations
24	regulated under this Act; (iii) experience and expertise in
25	laws and regulations relating to cannabis; (iv) experience and
26	expertise in current or former business ownership within a

regulated industry not regulated under this Act or the Industrial Hemp Act; (v) experience and expertise in corporate finance and auditing, general finance, or economics; (vi) a licensed attorney with specific knowledge of investigations and enforcement over unlicensed activity; and (vii) a licensed physician registered to certify medical cannabis for qualifying patients under this Act or a State-licensed medical cannabis program.

If a vacancy in the Commissioners occurs while the Senate or the House of Representatives is not in Session, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the Senate and the House of Representatives are next called into session.

The appointee shall hold his or her office during the remainder of his or her term and until his or her successor is appointed.

A majority of the Commissioners shall constitute a quorum to transact business, but no vacancy shall impair the right of the remaining Commissioners to exercise all of the powers of the Commission. Every act of a majority of the Commissioners shall be deemed to be the act of the Commission. The Commission shall keep a record of all proceedings, transactions, communications, and official acts of the Commission and who shall serve as a custodian of all records and perform such other duties as the Commission may prescribe.

(c) Within 180 days after the effective date of this amendatory act of the 103rd General Assembly, the Commission

1	shall by a majority vote appoint and hire an Executive
2	Director. Each Commissioner and the Executive Director shall
3	take and subscribe to the constitutional oath of office before
4	entering upon the duties of the office. The Executive Director
5	shall serve at the direction of the Commission and shall be
6	authorized to grant provisional approval, pending approval by
7	the Commission, in the following areas:

- 8 (1) Acting upon a change in the location of a licensee.
- 10 (2) Acting upon a change in the ownership of a licensee.
 - (3) Granting a waiver of any rule or regulation determined by the Executive Director to be excessive, duplicative, detrimental to job creation, or any barrier to the reasonable operation of a cannabis business establishment or licensee under the Industrial Hemp Act
 - (d) The Commission, in consultation with or by recommendation of the Executive Director, shall hire and employ a staff of inspectors, clerks, auditors, or other employees deemed appropriate to carry out the Commission's duties and responsibilities. To the extent practicable, the Commission may seek to give employees who perform similar cannabis regulatory duties in positions at the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the Department of Agriculture, or the Illinois State Police an offer of employment within the Commission's staff.

The Chairperson of the Commission shall receive an annual salary of \$165,000. The other Commissioners shall receive an annual salary of \$150,000. The Executive Director of the Commission shall receive an annual salary of \$175,000. All clerks, inspectors, and employees of the Commission shall receive reasonable compensation in an amount fixed by the Commission, subject to the approval in writing of the Governor. The status and rights of a transferred employee, and the rights of the State of Illinois and its agencies, under the Personnel Code and applicable collective bargaining agreements or under any pension, retirement, or annuity plan are not affected (except as provided in Sections 14-110 and 18-127 of the Illinois Pension Code) by that transfer or by any other provision of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly.

No Commissioner, Executive Director, or person appointed or employed by the Commission shall solicit or accept any gift, gratuity, emolument, or employment from any person subject to the provisions of this Act, or from any officer, agent, or employee thereof, nor solicit, request from, or recommend, directly or indirectly, to any such person. Every officer, agent, or employee thereof is hereby forbidden to offer to any Commissioner, Executive Director, or to any person appointed or employed by the Commission any gift, gratuity, emolument, or employment. If any Commissioner, Executive Director, or any person appointed or employed by the

- 1 <u>Commission shall violate any of the provisions of this</u>
- 2 <u>Section</u>, that person shall be removed from the office or
- 3 employment they hold. A person who violates the provisions of
- 4 this Section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 5 All staff hired by the Commission to carry out the
- 6 Commission's duties shall report directly to the Executive
- 7 Director, except where the Executive Director, at his or her
- 8 discretion, requires a particular staff position to report
- 9 directly to the Commission.
- 10 <u>The Governor shall designate a Commissioner to serve as</u>
- 11 <u>chairperson of the Commission during his or her the term of</u>
- 12 appointment and until a successor is appointed. The
- 13 <u>Chairperson shall serve as the Chief Executive Officer of the</u>
- 14 Commission for the purpose of ensuring that the Commission's
- policies are properly executed.
- 16 Each Commissioner shall serve until a successor is
- appointed and qualified, except that if the Senate refuses to
- 18 consent to the appointment of any Commissioner, such office
- 19 shall be deemed vacant, and within 2 weeks of the date the
- 20 Senate refuses to consent to the reappointment of any
- 21 Commissioner, such Commissioner shall vacate such office.
- 22 At least one Commissioner shall be an individual formerly
- incarcerated for drug-related offenses or is a member of an
- 24 impacted family. At least one Commissioner shall reside in a
- 25 Disproportionately Impacted Area. At least one Commissioner
- 26 shall meet at least one of the following qualifications:

1	(1) A	business	owner	in	а	regulated	industry	that	is
2 not	regula	ited under	this	Act.					

- (2) A medical professional with a background in substance use and abuse, mental health, or toxicology.
- 5 (3) A background in legal, policy, or social justice issues.

Each Commissioner and the Executive Director, and each person appointed by the Commission, shall, before entering upon the duties of their office, take and subscribe to the constitutional oath of office. The Executive Director and each inspector, clerk, and other employee shall devote his or her entire time to the duties of their office.

No person appointed as a Commissioner, Executive Director, inspector, or other employee may, directly, individually, or as a member of a partnership, or as a shareholder of a corporation, have any financial interest whatsoever in the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cannabis, nor receive any compensation or profit therefrom, nor have any interest whatsoever in the purchase or sale made by the persons authorized to do so under this Act. No provision of this Section shall prevent any Commissioner, Executive Director, inspector, or other employee from purchasing and keeping in his or her possession for their use or use of members of their family or guest any cannabis product that may be purchased or kept by any person by virtue of this Act.

The Commission shall administer and enforce the provisions

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2 registration, and certification of dispensing organizations, 3 cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, transporting organizations, laboratories, and agents, 4 5 including, but not limited to, the issuance of identification cards and establishing limits on the potency or serving size 6 7 of cannabis or cannabis products. The Commission may suspend or revoke the license of, or impose other penalties upon, 8 9 dispensing organizations, cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, transporting organizations, 10 11 laboratories, and their principal officers, agents-in-charge, 12 and agents for violations of this Act or any rules adopted 13 under this Act. 14 (d-5) The Commission, in consultation with or by recommendation of the Executive Director, shall establish an 15 16 Enforcement and Prosecutions Unit staffed by persons hired and 17 employed by the Commission to act as inspectors, clerks, auditors, or other employees deemed appropriate to inspect, 18 19 investigate, and take administrative or enforcement actions 20 regarding violations of this Act, including, but not limited 21 to, violations committed by a person licensed under this Act 22 or who engages in the cultivation, production, distribution,

sale, offering for sale, advertising, distribution, delivery,

or transport of cannabis without a license under this Act. The

Executive Director shall hire a Lead Inspector of the

Enforcement and Prosecutions Unit. The Lead Inspector shall

this Act relating to the oversight, licensing,

l	report to the Commission and work in consultation with the
2	Executive Director. The Enforcement and Prosecutions Unit's
3	staff shall report to the Executive Director. The Executive
4	Director may enter into intergovernmental agreements with the
5	Attorney General, the Illinois State Police, or other State or
5 5	local governmental agencies to carry out the Enforcement and
7	Prosecutions Unit's duties

- (e) To provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly, the Commission may adopt emergency rules in accordance with Section 5-45 by the of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by Section 5-45 and this Section is deemed to be necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.
- This subsection is inactive one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly.
- (f) The Commission shall have following powers, functions,
 and duties:
 - (1) To administer and enforce provisions of this Act relating to the oversight, licensing, and registration of dispensing organizations, cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, transporting organizations, and laboratories as well as any other activity related to cannabis.
 - (2) To suspend or revoke the license of or otherwise discipline dispensing organizations, cultivation centers,

applicants.

1	craft growers, infuser organizations, transporting
2	organizations, and laboratories.
3	(3) To administer the Community College Cannabis
4	Vocational Pilot Program under Article 25.
5	(4) To establish by rule any fee required, including,
6	but not limited to, fees for cannabis business
7	establishments.
8	(5) To call upon other administrative departments of
9	the State, county and municipal governments, city police
10	departments, and prosecuting officers for such information
11	and assistance as the Commission deems necessary in the
12	performance of its duties.
13	(6) To establish market protections that protect
14	against unfair business practices, including, but not
15	limited to, price fixing, bid rigging, boycotts,
16	agreements to not compete, exclusive wholesale
17	arrangements for cannabis concentrate, cannabis flower,
18	cannabis infused products, and any product that is
19	licensed under this Act to ensure all license types have
20	equal access to the market without unfair competition.
21	(7) To establish market protections that protect
22	against unfair business practices and reduce or eliminate
23	any identified barriers to entry in the cannabis market
24	for cannabis business establishments owned by Social
25	Equity applicants and owners who qualify as Social Equity

1	(8) To establish requirements for cannabis business
2	establishments and any other licenses, by rule, related to
3	public safety, including, but not limited to,
4	recordkeeping, security, destruction and disposal of
5	cannabis, storage, inventory, point of sale technology, or
6	operating procedures.
7	(9) To inspect, or cause to be inspected, randomly and
8	without prior notice any premises of cannabis business
9	<u>establishments.</u>
10	(10) To amend or expand the definition of a Social
11	Equity Applicant under this Act.
12	(11) To develop a noncompetitive application and
13	selection process for licensing cannabis business
14	establishments that may be similar to licensing under the
15	Illinois Liquor Control Act.
16	(12) To develop and disseminate educational materials
17	for purchasers based on recommendations received from the
18	Adult Use Cannabis Health Advisory Committee. The
19	Commission shall collaborate with the Department of Human
20	Services, the Department of Public Health, and the Adult
21	Use Cannabis Health Advisory Committee.
22	(13) To ensure that that a criminal history record
23	check of the prospective principal officers, board
24	members, and agents of a cannabis business establishment
25	applying for a license or agent identification card under

this Act is completed in cooperation with the Department

1	of Financial and Professional Regulation, the Department
2	of Agriculture, and the Illinois State Police.
3	(14) To provide technical assistance and financial
4	support, as well as any other actions the Commission may
5	deem necessary, to aid Social Equity Applicants and owners
6	who qualify as Social Equity Applicants.
7	(15) To develop and disseminate educational materials
8	for purchasers based on recommendations received from the
9	Adult Use Cannabis Health Advisory Committee.
10	(16) To coordinate and cooperate with the Department
11	of Public Health on completion of goals that include, but
12	are not limited to, the following:
13	(A) Establish and maintain a confidential registry
14	of qualifying patients authorized to engage in the
15	medical use of cannabis and their caregivers.
16	(B) Distribute educational materials about the
17	health benefits and risks associated with the use of
18	cannabis prescription medications.
19	(C) Adopt rules establishing food handling
20	requirements for cannabis infused products that are
21	prepared for human consumption.
22	(17) To submit an annual report to the General
23	Assembly and the Governor, by September 30 of each year,
24	that does not disclose any identifying information about
25	cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations,
26	transportation organizations, or dispensing organizations

1	but does contain, at a minimum, all of the following
2	information for the previous fiscal year:
3	(A) The number of licenses issued to cannabis
4	business establishments organizations by county, or,
5	in counties with greater than 3,000,000 residents, by
6	zip code.
7	(B) The total number of cannabis business
8	establishment organizations owners that are Social
9	Equity Applicants or minority persons, women, or
10	persons with disabilities as those terms are defined
11	under Section 2 of the Business Enterprise for
12	Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities Act.
13	(C) The total number of revenues received from
14	cannabis business establishments, segregated from
15	revenues received from cannabis business
16	establishments under Article 75, by county, and
17	separated by source of revenue.
18	(D) The total amount of revenue received from
19	dispensing organizations that share a premises or
20	majority ownership with a craft grower.
21	(E) The total amount of revenue received from
22	dispensing organizations that share a premises or
23	majority ownership with an infuser.
24	(F) The total amount of revenue received from
25	craft growers and infusers that share a premises or
26	majority ownership with a dispensing organization.

1	(G) The total amount of revenue received from
2	craft growers that share a premises or majority
3	ownership with an infuser, but do not share a premises
4	or ownership with a dispensary.
5	(H) The total amount of revenue received from
6	infusers that share a premises or majority ownership
7	with a craft grower, but do not share a premises or
8	ownership with a dispensary.
9	(I) The total amount of revenue received from
10	craft growers that share a premises or majority
11	ownership with a dispensing organization, but do not
12	share a premises or ownership with an infuser.
13	(J) The total amount of revenue received from
14	infusers that share a premises or majority ownership
15	with a dispensing organization, but do not share a
16	premises or ownership with a craft grower.
17	(K) The total amount of revenue received from
18	transporters.
19	(L) The total amount of revenue received from
20	cannabis business establishment organizations that
21	share a premises or majority ownership with other
22	cannabis business establishments.
23	(M) An analysis of revenue generated from
24	taxation, licensing, and other fees for the State,
25	including recommendations to change the tax rate
26	applied.

(18) To conduct or commission an annual survey of the
cannabis industry, to be completed on or before January 1
of each year. Each cannabis business establishment
licensed under this Act shall report to the Commission, on
a form to be provided by the Commission, information that
will allow the Commission to assess the extent of
diversity in the medical and adult use cannabis industry
and methods for reducing or eliminating any identified
barriers to entry, including access to capital. Failure of
a cannabis business establishment to respond to the
request to complete the form, survey, or any other request
for information may be grounds for disciplinary action by
the Commission. The information to be collected shall be
designed, at a minimum, to identify the following:

- (A) The number and percentage of licenses provided to Social Equity Applicants and to businesses owned by minorities, women, veterans, and persons with disabilities.
- (B) The total number and percentage of employees in the cannabis industry who meet the criteria in subparagraphs (i) or (ii) of paragraph (3) of the definition of Social Equity Applicant or who are minorities, women, veterans, or persons with disabilities.
- (C) The total number and percentage of contractors and subcontractors in the cannabis industry that meet

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1	the definition of a Social Equity Applicant, are
2	persons who are minorities, women, veterans, or
3	persons with disabilities, and are owned by persons
4	who are minorities, women, veterans, or persons with
5	disabilities, if known to the cannabis business
6	establishment.
7	(D) Recommendations for reducing or eliminating
8	any identified barriers to entry, including access to

- capital, in the cannabis industry.
- (19) To inspect, investigate, and take administrative or enforcement action regarding violations of this Act, including, but not limited to, violations committed by a person licensed under the Act or who engages in the cultivation, production, distribution, sale, offering for sale, advertising, distribution, delivery, or transport of cannabis without a license issued under this Act.
- (20) To revoke and reissue inactive licenses issued under this Act that have expired or failed to meet operational requirements set forth under this Act.
- (q) The Commission shall establish by rule the information required in an initial application or renewal application for an agent identification card for dispensing organizations, cultivation centers, craft growers, infusers, transporters, or any other organization that may be submitted under this Act and the nonrefundable fee to accompany the initial application or renewal application. The Commission shall also perform the

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1	following:
2	(1) Verify the information contained in an initial
3	application or renewal application for an agent
4	identification card submitted under this Act and approve
5	or deny an application within 30 days after receiving a
6	completed initial application or renewal application and
7	all supporting documentation required by rule.
8	(2) Issue an agent identification card to a qualifying
9	agent within 15 business days after approving the initial
10	application or renewal application.
11	(3) Enter the license number of the cannabis business
12	establishment where the agent works.
13	(4) Allow for an electronic initial application and
14	renewal application process and provide a confirmation by
15	electronic or other methods that an application has been
16	submitted.
17	(h) An agent must always keep his or her identification
18	card visible when on the property of the cannabis business
19	establishment at which the agent is employed. The agent
20	identification cards shall contain the following:
21	(1) The name of the cardholder.
22	(2) The date of issuance and expiration date of the
23	identification card.
24	(3) A random 10-digit alphanumeric identification
25	number containing at least 4 numbers and at least 4

letters that is unique to the cardholder.

1	(4) A photograph of the cardholder.
2	An agent identification card shall be immediately returned
3	to the cannabis business establishment of the agent upon
4	termination of the agent's employment.
5	Any agent identification card that is lost shall be
6	reported to the Illinois State Police and the Commission
7	immediately upon discovery of the loss.
8	The Commission shall not issue an agent identification
9	card if the applicant is delinquent in filing any required tax
10	return or paying any amount owed to the State of Illinois.
11	(i) The Commission shall require every cannabis business
12	establishment to designate, at a minimum, one agent-in-charge
13	for each licensed cannabis business establishment. The
14	designated agent-in-charge must hold an agent identification
15	card. Maintaining an agent-in-charge is a continuing
16	requirement for the license, except as provided under
17	subsection (g).
18	The agent-in-charge shall be a principal officer or a
19	full-time agent of the cannabis business establishment and
20	shall manage the cannabis business establishment.
21	The agent-in-charge is responsible for promptly notifying
22	the Commission of any change of information required to be
23	reported to the Commission.
24	The agent-in-charge is responsible for notifying the
25	Commission of a change in the employment status of all
26	cannabis business establishment agents within 5 business days

after the change, including notice to the Commission if the

termination of an agent was for diversion of product or theft

of currency.

(j) If there is a separation of an agent-in-charge due to death, incapacity, termination, or any other reason, and if the cannabis business establishment does not have an active agent-in-charge, the cannabis business establishment shall immediately contact the Commission and request a temporary certificate of authority allowing the continuing operation of the cannabis business establishment. The request shall include the name of an interim agent-in-charge until a replacement is identified, or shall include the name of the replacement.

The Commission shall issue a temporary certificate of authority promptly after it approves the request. If a cannabis business establishment fails to promptly request a temporary certificate of authority after the separation of the agent-in-charge, its registration shall cease until the Commission approves the temporary certificate of authority or registers a new agent-in-charge.

No temporary certificate of authority shall be valid for more than 90 days. The succeeding agent-in-charge shall register with the Commission in compliance with this Article.

Once the permanent succeeding agent-in-charge is registered with the Commission, the temporary certificate of authority is void. No temporary certificate of authority shall be issued for the separation of an agent-in-charge due to

1	disciplinary action by the Commission related to their conduct
2	on behalf of the cannabis business establishment.
3	(k) The cannabis business establishment agent-in-charge
4	registration shall expire one year from the date it is issued.
5	The agent-in-charge's registration shall be renewed annually.
6	The Commission shall review the compliance history of the
7	cannabis business establishment when determining whether to
8	grant the request to renew.
9	(1) Upon termination of an agent-in-charge's employment,
10	the cannabis business establishment shall immediately reclaim
11	the agent identification card. The cannabis business
12	establishment shall promptly return the identification card to
13	the Commission.
14	(m) The Commission may deny an application or renewal or
15	discipline or revoke an agent-in-charge identification card
16	for any of the following reasons:
17	(1) Submission of misleading, incorrect, false, or
18	fraudulent information in the application or renewal
19	application.
20	(2) Violation of the requirements of this Act or rules
21	adopted under this Act.
22	(3) Fraudulent use of the agent-in-charge
23	identification card.
24	(4) Selling, distributing, transferring in any manner,
25	or giving cannabis to any unauthorized person.

(5) Theft of cannabis, currency, or any other items

Τ	TIOM a Camabis business establishment.
2	(6) Tampering with, falsifying, altering, modifying,
3	or duplicating an agent-in-charge identification card.
4	(7) Tampering with, falsifying, altering, or modifying
5	the surveillance video footage, point-of-sale system, or
6	the State's verification system.
7	(8) Failure to notify the Commission immediately upor
8	discovery that an agent-in-charge identification card has
9	been lost, stolen, or destroyed.
10	(9) Failure to notify the Commission within 5 business
11	days after a change in the information provided in the
12	application for an agent-in-charge identification card.
13	(10) Dispensing to purchasers in amounts above the
14	limits provided in this Act.
15	(11) Delinquency in filing any required tax returns or
16	paying any amount owed to the State of Illinois.
17	(n) Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses issued or
18	or before July 1, 2023 shall expire on March 31 of odd-numbered
19	years. Adult Use Dispensing Organizations Licenses issued
20	after July 1, 2023 shall expire annually. However, the
21	Commission may determine by rule when an Adult Use Dispensing
22	Organization Licenses will expire.
23	(o) Licenses for dispensing organizations, cultivation
24	centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, and
25	transporting organizations shall be renewed annually, with the
26	licensed period running until one year after the date the

1	cannabis business establishment license is issued. A cannabis
2	business establishment shall receive written or electronic
3	notice of the expiration of its current license at least 90
4	days before its expiration.
5	(p) The Commission shall grant a renewal within 45 days
6	after submission of a complete renewal application if the
7	cannabis business establishment submits the following as
8	required under this Act or rules adopted under this Act:
9	(1) A renewal application as provided by the
10	Commission.
11	(2) Nonrefundable renewal fees, or another amount as
12	the Commission may set by rule after July 1, 2023, to be
13	deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund.
14	(3) Verification on a form provided by the Commission
15	of submission of an environmental impact report.
16	(4) Verification on a form provided by the Commission
17	that the annual diversity report issued by the Cannabis
18	Regulation Oversight Officer or the Commission was
19	completed and submitted.
20	(q) The Commission shall not grant a license renewal ir
21	the following instances:
22	(1) If the license is currently under revocation or
23	suspension for violation of this Act or any rules adopted
24	under this Act, the licensee, principal officer, board
25	member, person has a financial or voting interest of 5% or

greater in the licensee, or an agent of the license holder

1	is delinquent in filing any required tax return or paying
2	any amount owed to the State of Illinois.
3	(2) If a cannabis business establishment fails to
4	renew its license before expiration, the cannabis business
5	establishment shall cease operation until the license is
6	renewed.
7	(r) Any cannabis business establishment that continues to
8	operate and that fails to renew its license is subject to
9	penalty as provided under Section 45-5 or any rules that may be
10	adopted under this Act.
11	(s) All fees and fines collected from the renewal of a
12	cannabis business establishment license shall be deposited
13	into the Cannabis Regulation Fund.
14	(t) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, if
15	the Commission receives a document or communication from an
16	applicant that the applicant is required to submit to the
17	Commission under this Act, then the Commission shall provide
18	any required response to that document or communication within
19	30 days after having received it.

(u) The Executive Director and any staff position that the Executive Director determines has direct reporting responsibilities to the Commission are exempt from the provisions of the Personnel Code.

(v) The Commission has the exclusive authority to issue licenses to dispensing organizations, cultivation centers, craft growers, infusers, and transporter organizations under

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this Act and to certify laboratories under this Act. 1

- (410 ILCS 705/7-1) 2
- 3 Sec. 7-1. Findings.
- 4 (a) The General Assembly finds that the medical cannabis 5 industry, established in 2014 through the Compassionate Use of 6 Medical Cannabis Program Act and incorporated into Article 75 7 of this Act, has shown that additional efforts are needed to reduce barriers to ownership. Through that program, 8 9 licenses for dispensing organizations and 20 licenses for 10 cultivation centers have been issued. Those licenses are held 11 by only a small number of businesses, the ownership of which 12 does not sufficiently meet the General Assembly's interest in business ownership that reflects the population of the State 1.3 14 of Illinois and that demonstrates the need to reduce barriers 15 to entry for individuals and communities most adversely 16 impacted by the enforcement of cannabis-related laws.
 - (b) In the interest of establishing a legal cannabis industry that is equitable and accessible to those most adversely impacted by the enforcement of drug-related laws in this State, including cannabis-related laws, the General Assembly finds and declares that a social equity program should be established.
- (c) The General Assembly also finds and declares that individuals who have been arrested or incarcerated due to drug 25 laws suffer long-lasting negative consequences, including

- impacts to employment, business ownership, housing, health,
 and long-term financial well-being.
 - (d) The General Assembly also finds and declares that family members, especially children, and communities of those who have been arrested or incarcerated due to drug laws, suffer from emotional, psychological, and financial harms as a result of such arrests or incarcerations.
 - (e) Furthermore, the General Assembly finds and declares that certain communities have disproportionately suffered the harms of enforcement of cannabis-related laws. Those communities face greater difficulties accessing traditional banking systems and capital for establishing businesses.
 - (f) The General Assembly also finds that individuals who have resided in areas of high poverty suffer negative consequences, including barriers to entry in employment, business ownership, housing, health, and long-term financial well-being.
 - (g) The General Assembly also finds and declares that promotion of business ownership by individuals who have resided in areas of high poverty and high enforcement of cannabis-related laws furthers an equitable cannabis industry.
 - (h) Therefore, in the interest of remedying the harms resulting from the disproportionate enforcement of cannabis-related laws, the General Assembly finds and declares that a social equity program should offer, among other things, financial assistance and license application benefits to

- 1 individuals most directly and adversely impacted by the
- 2 enforcement of cannabis-related laws who are interested in
- 3 starting cannabis business establishments.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 5 (410 ILCS 705/7-12 new)
- 6 Sec. 7-12. Cannabis Enforcement Fund. There is created in 7 the State treasury a special fund, which shall be held 8 separate and apart from all other State moneys, to be known as the Cannabis Enforcement Fund. Moneys in the Cannabis 9 10 Enforcement Fund shall be expended for the payment of costs 11 incurred by the Cannabis Equity and Oversight Commission, the 12 Attorney General, the Illinois State Police, and State and 13 local governmental agencies who have entered into intergovernmental agreements with the Cannabis Equity and 14 15 Oversight Commission to inspect, investigate, and take 16 administrative or enforcement action regarding violations committed by a person licensed under this Act or who engages in 17 the cultivation, production, distribution, sale, offering for 18 sale, advertising, distribution, delivery, or transport of 19
- 21 (410 ILCS 705/7-15)

22 Sec. 7-15. Loans and grants to Social Equity Applicants.

cannabis without a license under this Act.

23 (a) The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity 24 shall establish grant and loan programs, subject to

- appropriations from the Cannabis Business Development Fund, for the purposes of providing financial assistance, loans, grants, and technical assistance to Social Equity Applicants.
 - (b) The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity has the power to:
 - (1) provide Cannabis Social Equity loans and grants from appropriations from the Cannabis Business Development Fund to assist Qualified Social Equity Applicants in gaining entry to, and successfully operating in, the State's regulated cannabis marketplace;
 - (2) enter into agreements that set forth terms and conditions of the financial assistance, accept funds or grants, and engage in cooperation with <u>financial intermediaries</u>, private entities, and agencies of State or local government to carry out the purposes of this Section;
 - (3) fix, determine, charge, and collect any premiums, fees, charges, costs and expenses, including application fees, commitment fees, program fees, financing charges, or publication fees in connection with its activities under this Section;
 - (4) coordinate assistance under these loan programs with activities of the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the Illinois Department of Agriculture, the Commission, and other agencies as needed to maximize the effectiveness and efficiency of this Act;

(5)	pro	vide	staff,	admi	nistration,	and	related	support
require	d to	admi	nister	this	Section;			

- (6) take whatever actions are necessary or appropriate to protect the State's interest in the event of bankruptcy, default, foreclosure, or noncompliance with the terms and conditions of financial assistance provided under this Section, including the ability to recapture funds if the recipient is found to be noncompliant with the terms and conditions of the financial assistance agreement;
- (7) establish application, notification, contract, and other forms, procedures, or rules deemed necessary and appropriate;

14 and

- (7.5) enter into financial intermediary agreements that facilitate lending to Qualified Social Equity Applicants, which may provide for, but need not be limited to, participation agreements in which the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity purchases an undivided interest in a loan, establishment of collateral support funds, financial aid for loan loss reserve accounts, or similar forms of support intended to leverage private investment; and
- (8) utilize vendors or contract work to carry out the purposes of this Act.
- (c) Loans made under this Section:

- 1 (1) shall only be made if, in the Department's 2 judgment, the project furthers the goals set forth in this 3 Act; and
 - (2) shall be in such principal amount and form and contain such terms and provisions with respect to security, insurance, reporting, delinquency charges, default remedies, and other matters as the Department shall determine appropriate to protect the public interest and to be consistent with the purposes of this Section. The terms and provisions may be less than required for similar loans not covered by this Section.
 - (d) Grants made under this Section shall be awarded on a competitive and annual basis under the Grant Accountability and Transparency Act. Grants made under this Section shall further and promote the goals of this Act, including promotion of Social Equity Applicants, job training and workforce development, and technical assistance to Social Equity Applicants. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity shall coordinate with the Commission and may enter into intergovernmental agreements, with the approval of the Commission, for the purposes of establishing policies and administering the grant program.
 - (e) Beginning January 1, 2021 and each year thereafter, the Department <u>shall collaborate with the Commission on data collection and reporting</u> shall annually report to the Governor and the General Assembly on the outcomes and effectiveness of

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- this Section that shall include the following:
- 2 (1) the number of persons or businesses receiving 3 financial assistance under this Section;
 - (2) the amount in financial assistance awarded in the aggregate, in addition to the amount of loans made that are outstanding and the amount of grants awarded;
 - (3) the location of the project engaged in by the person or business; and
 - (4) if applicable, the number of new jobs and other forms of economic output created as a result of the financial assistance.
- 12 (f) The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity 13 shall include engagement with individuals with limited English 14 proficiency as part of its outreach provided or targeted to 15 attract and support Social Equity Applicants.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 17 (410 ILCS 705/7-20)
- 18 Sec. 7-20. Fee waivers.
- Social Equity Applicants, the 19 (a) For Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and the 20 21 Department of Agriculture shall waive 50% of any nonrefundable 22 license application fees, any nonrefundable fees associated 23 with purchasing a license to operate a cannabis business establishment, and any surety bond or other financial 24 requirements, provided a Social Equity Applicant meets the 25

1 following qualifications at the time the payment is due:

- (1) the applicant, including all individuals and entities with 10% or greater ownership and all parent companies, subsidiaries, and affiliates, has less than a total of \$750,000 of income in the previous calendar year; and
- (2) the applicant, including all individuals and entities with 10% or greater ownership and all parent companies, subsidiaries, and affiliates, has no more than 2 other licenses for cannabis business establishments in the State of Illinois.
- (b) The <u>Commission</u> Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and the Department of Agriculture may require Social Equity Applicants to attest that they meet the requirements for a fee waiver as provided in subsection (a) and to provide evidence of annual total income in the previous calendar year.
- Professional Regulation or the Department of Agriculture determines that an applicant who applied as a Social Equity Applicant is not eligible for such status, the applicant shall be provided an additional 10 days to provide alternative evidence that he or she qualifies as a Social Equity Applicant. Alternatively, the applicant may pay the remainder of the waived fee and be considered as a non-Social Equity Applicant. If the applicant cannot do either, then the

- 1 Departments may keep the initial application fee and the
- 2 application shall not be graded.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 4 (410 ILCS 705/7-25)
- 5 Sec. 7-25. Transfer of license awarded to Qualified Social
- 6 Equity Applicant.
- 7 (a) In the event a Qualified Social Equity Applicant seeks
- 8 to transfer, sell, or grant a cannabis business establishment
- 9 license within 5 years after it was issued to a person or
- 10 entity that does not qualify as a Social Equity Applicant, the
- 11 transfer agreement shall require the new license holder to pay
- the Cannabis Business Development Fund an amount equal to:
- 13 (1) any fees that were waived by any State agency
- 14 based on the applicant's status as a Social Equity
- 15 Applicant, if applicable;
- 16 (2) any outstanding amount owed by the Qualified
- 17 Social Equity Applicant for a loan through the Cannabis
- 18 Business Development Fund, if applicable; and
- 19 (3) the full amount of any grants that the Qualified
- 20 Social Equity Applicant received from the Department of
- 21 Commerce and Economic Opportunity, if applicable.
- 22 (b) Transfers of cannabis business establishment licenses
- 23 awarded to a Social Equity Applicant are subject to all other
- 24 provisions of this Act, the Compassionate Use of Medical
- 25 Cannabis Program Act, and rules regarding transfers.

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1 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

2 (410 ILCS 705/7-30)

Sec. 7-30. Reporting. By January 1, 2021, and on January 1 of every year thereafter, or upon request by the Commission, by and through its Executive Director Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer, each cannabis business establishment licensed under this Act and under Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program in accordance with Article 75 Act shall report to the Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer, on a form to be provided by the Commission Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer, information that will allow it to assess the extent of diversity in the medical and adult use cannabis industry and methods for reducing or eliminating any identified barriers to entry, including access to capital. Failure of a cannabis business establishment to respond to the request of the Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer to complete the form, report, and any other request for information may be grounds for disciplinary action by the Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or the Department of Agriculture. The information to be collected shall be designed to identify the following:

(1) the number and percentage of licenses provided to Social Equity Applicants and to businesses owned by minorities, women, veterans, and people with disabilities;

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1	(2) the total number and percentage of employees in
2	the cannabis industry who meet the criteria in (3)(i) or
3	(3)(ii) in the definition of Social Equity Applicant or
4	who are minorities, women, veterans, or people with
5	disabilities;

- (3) the total number and percentage of contractors and subcontractors in the cannabis industry that meet the definition of a Social Equity Applicant or who are owned by minorities, women, veterans, or people with disabilities, if known to the cannabis business establishment; and
- 12 (4) recommendations on reducing or eliminating any 13 identified barriers to entry, including access to capital, 14 in the cannabis industry.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)
- 16 (410 ILCS 705/10-5)
 - Sec. 10-5. Personal use of cannabis; restrictions on cultivation; penalties.
 - (a) Beginning January 1, 2020, notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as otherwise provided in this Act, the following acts are not a violation of this Act and shall not be a criminal or civil offense under State law or the ordinances of any unit of local government of this State or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under State law for persons other than natural individuals under 21 years of age:

- (1) possession, consumption, use, purchase, obtaining, or transporting cannabis paraphernalia or an amount of cannabis for personal use that does not exceed the possession limit under Section 10-10 or otherwise in accordance with the requirements of this Act;
 - (2) cultivation of cannabis for personal use in accordance with the requirements of this Act; and
 - (3) controlling property if actions that are authorized by this Act occur on the property in accordance with this Act.
 - (a-1) Beginning January 1, 2020, notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as otherwise provided in this Act, possessing, consuming, using, purchasing, obtaining, or transporting cannabis paraphernalia or an amount of cannabis purchased or produced in accordance with this Act that does not exceed the possession limit under subsection (a) of Section 10-10 shall not be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under State law.
 - (b) Cultivating cannabis for personal use is subject to the following limitations:
 - (1) An Illinois resident 21 years of age or older who is a registered qualifying patient under Article 75 of this the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act may cultivate cannabis plants, with a limit of 5 plants that are more than 5 inches tall, per household without a cultivation center or craft grower license. In this

- Section, "resident" means a person who has been domiciled in the State of Illinois for a period of 30 days before cultivation.
 - (2) Cannabis cultivation must take place in an enclosed, locked space.
 - (3) Adult registered qualifying patients may purchase cannabis seeds from a dispensary for the purpose of home cultivation. Seeds may not be given or sold to any other person.
 - (4) Cannabis plants shall not be stored or placed in a location where they are subject to ordinary public view, as defined in this Act. A registered qualifying patient who cultivates cannabis under this Section shall take reasonable precautions to ensure the plants are secure from unauthorized access, including unauthorized access by a person under 21 years of age.
 - (5) Cannabis cultivation may occur only on residential property lawfully in possession of the cultivator or with the consent of the person in lawful possession of the property. An owner or lessor of residential property may prohibit the cultivation of cannabis by a lessee.
 - (6) (Blank).
 - (7) A dwelling, residence, apartment, condominium unit, enclosed, locked space, or piece of property not divided into multiple dwelling units shall not contain more than 5 plants at any one time.

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1	(8) Cannabis plants may only be tended by registered
2	qualifying patients who reside at the residence, or their
3	authorized agent attending to the residence for brief
4	periods, such as when the qualifying patient is
5	temporarily away from the residence.

- (9) A registered qualifying patient who cultivates more than the allowable number of cannabis plants, or who sells or gives away cannabis plants, cannabis, or cannabis-infused products produced under this Section, is liable for penalties as provided by law, including the Cannabis Control Act, in addition to loss of home cultivation privileges as established by rule.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 14 (410 ILCS 705/10-10)
- 15 Sec. 10-10. Possession limit.
- 16 (a) Except if otherwise authorized by this Act, for a
 17 person who is 21 years of age or older and a resident of this
 18 State, the possession limit is as follows:
- 19 (1) 30 grams of cannabis flower;
- 20 (2) no more than 500 milligrams of THC contained in cannabis-infused product;
 - (3) 5 grams of cannabis concentrate; and
- 23 (4) for registered qualifying patients, any cannabis 24 produced by cannabis plants grown under subsection (b) of 25 Section 10-5, provided any amount of cannabis produced in

- 1 excess of 30 grams of raw cannabis or its equivalent must
- 2 remain secured within the residence or residential
- 3 property in which it was grown.
- 4 (b) For a person who is 21 years of age or older and who is
- 5 not a resident of this State, the possession limit is:
 - (1) 15 grams of cannabis flower;
- 7 (2) 2.5 grams of cannabis concentrate; and
- 8 (3) 250 milligrams of THC contained in a
- 9 cannabis-infused product.
- 10 (c) The possession limits found in subsections (a) and (b)
- of this Section are to be considered cumulative.
- 12 (d) No person shall knowingly obtain, seek to obtain, or
- possess an amount of cannabis from a dispensing organization
- or craft grower that would cause him or her to exceed the
- 15 possession limit under this Section, including cannabis that
- is cultivated by a person under this Act or obtained under the
- 17 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
- 18 (e) Cannabis and cannabis-derived substances regulated
- 19 under the Industrial Hemp Act are not covered by this Act.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 21 (410 ILCS 705/10-15)
- Sec. 10-15. Persons under 21 years of age.
- 23 (a) Nothing in this Act is intended to permit the transfer
- of cannabis, with or without remuneration, to a person under
- 25 21 years of age, or to allow a person under 21 years of age to

- purchase, possess, use, process, transport, grow, or consume cannabis except where authorized by the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act or by the Community College
- 5 Medical cannabis frogram het of by the community corregu
- 4 Cannabis Vocational Pilot Program.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law authorizing the possession of medical cannabis, nothing in this Act authorizes a person who is under 21 years of age to possess cannabis. A person under 21 years of age with cannabis in his or her possession is guilty of a civil law violation as outlined in paragraph (a) of Section 4 of the Cannabis Control Act.
 - (c) If the person under the age of 21 was in a motor vehicle at the time of the offense, the Secretary of State may suspend or revoke the driving privileges of any person for a violation of this Section under Section 6-206 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and the rules adopted under it.
 - (d) It is unlawful for any parent or guardian to knowingly permit his or her residence, any other private property under his or her control, or any vehicle, conveyance, or watercraft under his or her control to be used by an invitee of the parent's child or the guardian's ward, if the invitee is under the age of 21, in a manner that constitutes a violation of this Section. A parent or guardian is deemed to have knowingly permitted his or her residence, any other private property under his or her control, or any vehicle, conveyance, or watercraft under his or her control to be used in violation of

this Section if he or she knowingly authorizes or permits 1 2 consumption of cannabis by underage invitees. Any person who 3 violates this subsection (d) is guilty of a Class misdemeanor and the person's sentence shall include, but shall 5 not be limited to, a fine of not less than \$500. If a violation of this subsection (d) directly or indirectly results in great 6 7 bodily harm or death to any person, the person violating this subsection is guilty of a Class 4 felony. In this subsection 8 9 (d), where the residence or other property has an owner and a 10 tenant or lessee, the trier of fact may infer that the 11 residence or other property is occupied only by the tenant or 12 lessee.

- 13 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 14 (410 ILCS 705/10-20)
- 15 Sec. 10-20. Identification; false identification; penalty.
- 16 (a) To protect personal privacy, the Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation shall not require a 17 18 purchaser to provide a dispensing organization with personal information other than government-issued identification to 19 determine the purchaser's age, and a dispensing organization 20 21 shall not obtain and record personal information about a 22 purchaser without the purchaser's consent. A dispensing 23 organization shall use an electronic reader or electronic scanning device to scan a purchaser's government-issued 24 25 identification, if applicable, to determine the purchaser's

- age and the validity of the identification. Any identifying or personal information of a purchaser obtained or received in
- 3 accordance with this Section shall not be retained, used,
- 4 shared or disclosed for any purpose except as authorized by
- 5 this Act.
- 6 (b) A person who is under 21 years of age may not present
 7 or offer to a cannabis business establishment or the cannabis
 8 business establishment's principal or employee any written or
 9 oral evidence of age that is false, fraudulent, or not
- 10 actually the person's own, for the purpose of:
- 11 (1) purchasing, attempting to purchase, or otherwise 12 obtaining or attempting to obtain cannabis or any cannabis 13 product; or
- 14 (2) gaining access to a cannabis business 15 establishment.
- 16 (c) A violation of this Section is a Class A misdemeanor 17 consistent with Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 18 1934.
- 19 (d) The Secretary of State may suspend or revoke the 20 driving privileges of any person for a violation of this 21 Section under Section 6-206 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and 22 the rules adopted under it.
- 23 (e) No agent or employee of the licensee shall be 24 disciplined or discharged for selling or furnishing cannabis 25 or cannabis products to a person under 21 years of age if the 26 agent or employee demanded and was shown, before furnishing

cannabis or cannabis products to a person under 21 years of 1 2 age, adequate written evidence of age and identity of the person. This subsection (e) does not apply if the agent or 3 employee accepted the written evidence knowing it to be false 4 5 or fraudulent. Adequate written evidence of age and identity of the person is a document issued by a federal, State, county, 6 7 or municipal government, or subdivision or agency thereof, 8 including, but not limited to, a motor vehicle operator's 9 license, a registration certificate issued under the Military 10 Selective Service Act, or an identification card issued to a 11 member of the Armed Forces. Proof that the licensee or his or 12 her employee or agent was shown and reasonably relied upon such written evidence in any transaction forbidden by this 13 14 Section is an affirmative defense in any criminal prosecution 15 therefor or to any proceedings for the suspension or 16 revocation of any license based thereon.

- 17 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 18 (410 ILCS 705/10-35)
- 19 Sec. 10-35. Limitations and penalties.
- 20 (a) This Act does not permit any person to engage in, and 21 does not prevent the imposition of any civil, criminal, or 22 other penalties for engaging in, any of the following conduct:
- 23 (1) undertaking any task under the influence of 24 cannabis when doing so would constitute negligence, 25 professional malpractice, or professional misconduct;

1	(2) possessing cannabis:
2	(A) in a school bus, unless permitted for a
3	qualifying patient or caregiver pursuant to the
4	Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act;
5	(B) on the grounds of any preschool or primary or
6	secondary school, unless permitted for a qualifying
7	patient or caregiver pursuant to the Compassionate Use
8	of Medical Cannabis Program Act;
9	(C) in any correctional facility;
10	(D) in a vehicle not open to the public unless the
11	cannabis is in a reasonably secured, sealed or
12	resealable container and reasonably inaccessible while
13	the vehicle is moving; or
14	(E) in a private residence that is used at any time
15	to provide licensed child care or other similar social
16	service care on the premises;
17	(3) using cannabis:
18	(A) in a school bus, unless permitted for a
19	qualifying patient or caregiver pursuant to the
20	Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act;
21	(B) on the grounds of any preschool or primary or
22	secondary school, unless permitted for a qualifying
23	patient or caregiver pursuant to the Compassionate Use
24	of Medical Cannabis Program Act;
25	(C) in any correctional facility;
26	(D) in any motor vehicle;

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1	(E) in a private residence that is used at any time
2	to provide licensed child care or other similar social
3	service care on the premises;
4	(F) in any public place; or
5	(G) knowingly in close physical proximity to
6	anyone under 21 years of age who is not a registered
7	medical cannabis patient under the Compassionate Use
8	of Medical Cannabis Program Act ;
9	(4) smoking cannabis in any place where smoking is
10	prohibited under the Smoke Free Illinois Act;
11	(5) operating, navigating, or being in actual physical
12	control of any motor vehicle, aircraft, watercraft, or
13	snowmobile while using or under the influence of cannabis
14	in violation of Section 11-501 or 11-502.1 of the Illinois
15	Vehicle Code, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and
16	Safety Act, or Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration
17	and Safety Act;
18	(6) facilitating the use of cannabis by any person who
19	is not allowed to use cannabis under this Act or the
20	Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act;
21	(7) transferring cannabis to any person contrary to
22	this Act or the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
23	Program Act;
24	(8) the use of cannabis by a law enforcement officer,

corrections officer, probation officer, or firefighter

while on duty; nothing in this Act prevents a public

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officers, employer of law enforcement corrections officers, probation officers, paramedics, or firefighters from prohibiting or taking disciplinary action for the consumption, possession, sales, purchase, or delivery of cannabis or cannabis-infused substances while on or off duty, unless provided for in the employer's policies. However, an employer may not take adverse employment action against an employee based solely on the lawful possession or consumption of cannabis or cannabis-infused substances by members of the employee's household. To the extent that this Section conflicts with any applicable collective bargaining agreement, the provisions of the collective bargaining agreement shall prevail. Further, nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit in any way the right to collectively bargain over the subject matters contained in this Act; or

(9) the use of cannabis by a person who has a school bus permit or a Commercial Driver's License while on duty.

As used in this Section, "public place" means any place where a person could reasonably be expected to be observed by others. "Public place" includes all parts of buildings owned in whole or in part, or leased, by the State or a unit of local government. "Public place" includes all areas in a park, recreation area, wildlife area, or playground owned in whole or in part, leased, or managed by the State or a unit of local government. "Public place" does not include a private

- 1 residence unless the private residence is used to provide
- 2 licensed child care, foster care, or other similar social
- 3 service care on the premises.
- 4 (b) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent the
- 5 arrest or prosecution of a person for reckless driving or
- 6 driving under the influence of cannabis, operating a
- 7 watercraft under the influence of cannabis, or operating a
- 8 snowmobile under the influence of cannabis if probable cause
- 9 exists.
- 10 (c) Nothing in this Act shall prevent a private business
- 11 from restricting or prohibiting the use of cannabis on its
- 12 property, including areas where motor vehicles are parked.
- 13 (d) Nothing in this Act shall require an individual or
- 14 business entity to violate the provisions of federal law,
- 15 including colleges or universities that must abide by the
- 16 Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989, that
- 17 require campuses to be drug free.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 19 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)
- 20 (410 ILCS 705/10-45)
- 21 Sec. 10-45. Cannabis Equity Advisory Council Commission.
- 22 (a) The Cannabis Equity Advisory Council Commission is
- 23 created and shall reflect the diversity of the State of
- 24 Illinois, including geographic, racial, and ethnic diversity.
- 25 The Cannabis Equity Advisory Council Commission shall serve as

1	an advisory board to the Cannabis Equity and Oversight
2	Commission. be responsible for the following:
3	(1) Ensuring that equity goals in the Illinois
4	cannabis industry, as stated in Section 10-40, are met.
5	(2) Tracking and analyzing minorities in the
6	marketplace.
7	(3) Ensuring that revenue is being invested properly
8	into R3 areas under Section 10 40.
9	(4) Recommending changes to make the law more
10	equitable to communities harmed the most by the war on
11	drugs.
12	(5) Create standards to protect true social equity
13	applicants from predatory businesses.
14	(b) The Cannabis Equity <u>Advisory Council's</u> Commission's ex
15	officio members shall, within 4 months after the effective
16	date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly,
17	convene the <u>Cannabis Equity Advisory Council</u> Commission to
18	appoint a full Cannabis Equity <u>Advisory Council</u> Commission and
19	oversee, provide guidance to, and develop an administrative
20	structure for the Cannabis Equity Advisory Council Commission.
21	The ex officio members are:
22	(1) The Governor, or his or her designee, who shall
23	serve as chair.
24	(2) The Attorney General, or his or her designee.
25	(3) The Director of Commerce and Economic Opportunity,
26	or his or her designee.

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1	(4)	The	Director	of	Public	Health,	or	his	or	her
2	designee.									

- (5) The Director of Corrections, or his or her designee.
- (6) The Director of Financial and Professional Regulation, or his or her designee.
- 7 (7) The Director of Agriculture, or his or her 8 designee.
 - (8) The Executive Director of the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority, or his or her designee.
 - (9) The Secretary of Human Services, or his or her designee.
 - (10) A member of the Senate, designated by the President of the Senate.
 - (11) A member of the House of Representatives, designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
 - (12) A member of the Senate, designated by the Minority Leader of the Senate.
- 19 (13) A member of the House of Representatives,
 20 designated by the Minority Leader of the House of
 21 Representatives.
- (c) Within 90 days after the ex officio members convene,
 the following members shall be appointed to the <u>Cannabis</u>

 Equity Advisory Council <u>Commission</u> by the chair:
- 25 (1) Four community-based providers or community
 26 development organization representatives who provide

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services to treat violence and address the social determinants of health, or promote community investment, including, but not limited to, services such as job placement and training, educational services, workforce development programming, and wealth building. No more than 2 community-based organization representatives shall work Cook County. primarily in Αt least one of the community-based providers shall have expertise in providing services to an immigrant population.

- (2) Two experts in the field of violence reduction.
- (3) One male who has previously been incarcerated and is over the age of 24 at the time of appointment.
 - (4) One female who has previously been incarcerated and is over the age of 24 at the time of appointment.
- (5) Two individuals who have previously been incarcerated and are between the ages of 17 and 24 at the time of appointment.
- As used in this subsection (c), "an individual who has been previously incarcerated" has the same meaning as defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 10-40.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 101-658, eff. 3-23-21.)
- 22 (410 ILCS 705/10-50)
- 23 Sec. 10-50. Employment; employer liability.
- 24 (a) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit an employer from 25 adopting reasonable zero tolerance or drug free workplace

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- policies, or employment policies concerning drug testing, smoking, consumption, storage, or use of cannabis in the workplace or while on call provided that the policy is applied in a nondiscriminatory manner.
 - (b) Nothing in this Act shall require an employer to permit an employee to be under the influence of or use cannabis in the employer's workplace or while performing the employee's job duties or while on call.
 - (c) Nothing in this Act shall limit or prevent an employer from disciplining an employee or terminating employment of an employee for violating an employer's employment policies or workplace drug policy.
 - (d) An employer may consider an employee to be impaired or under the influence of cannabis if the employer has a good faith belief that an employee manifests specific, articulable symptoms while working that decrease or lessen the employee's performance of the duties or tasks of the employee's job position, including symptoms of the employee's speech, physical dexterity, agility, coordination, irrational or unusual behavior, or negligence or carelessness in operating equipment or machinery; disregard for the safety of the employee or others, or involvement in any accident that results in serious damage to equipment or property; disruption of a production or manufacturing process; or carelessness that results in any injury to the employee or others. If an employer elects to discipline an employee on the basis that the

- employee is under the influence or impaired by cannabis, the employer must afford the employee a reasonable opportunity to contest the basis of the determination.
 - (e) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to create or imply a cause of action for any person against an employer for:
 - (1) actions taken pursuant to an employer's reasonable workplace drug policy, including but not limited to subjecting an employee or applicant to reasonable drug and alcohol testing, reasonable and nondiscriminatory random drug testing, and discipline, termination of employment, or withdrawal of a job offer due to a failure of a drug test;
 - (2) actions based on the employer's good faith belief that an employee used or possessed cannabis in the employer's workplace or while performing the employee's job duties or while on call in violation of the employer's employment policies;
 - (3) actions, including discipline or termination of employment, based on the employer's good faith belief that an employee was impaired as a result of the use of cannabis, or under the influence of cannabis, while at the employer's workplace or while performing the employee's job duties or while on call in violation of the employer's workplace drug policy; or
 - (4) injury, loss, or liability to a third party if the employer neither knew nor had reason to know that the

- 1 employee was impaired.
 - (f) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to enhance or diminish protections afforded by any other law, including but not limited to the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act or the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program.
 - (g) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to interfere with any federal, State, or local restrictions on employment including, but not limited to, the United States Department of Transportation regulation 49 CFR 40.151(e) or impact an employer's ability to comply with federal or State law or cause it to lose a federal or State contract or funding.
 - (h) As used in this Section, "workplace" means the employer's premises, including any building, real property, and parking area under the control of the employer or area used by an employee while in the performance of the employee's job duties, and vehicles, whether leased, rented, or owned. "Workplace" may be further defined by the employer's written employment policy, provided that the policy is consistent with this Section.
 - (i) For purposes of this Section, an employee is deemed "on call" when such employee is scheduled with at least 24 hours' notice by his or her employer to be on standby or otherwise responsible for performing tasks related to his or her employment either at the employer's premises or other previously designated location by his or her employer or supervisor to perform a work-related task.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 2 (410 ILCS 705/15-5)
- 3 Sec. 15-5. Authority.
- 4 (a) In this Article: 7
- 5 "Commission" means the Cannabis Equity and Oversight
- 6 Commission.

this Act.

- 7 "Department" means the Department of Financial and 8 Professional Regulation.
- 9 (b) It is the duty of the <u>Commission Department</u> to
 10 administer and enforce the provisions of this Act relating to
 11 the licensure and oversight of dispensing organizations and
 12 dispensing organization agents unless otherwise provided in
- (c) No person shall operate a dispensing organization for
 the purpose of serving purchasers of cannabis or cannabis
 products without a license issued under this Article by the
 Commission Department. No person shall be an officer,
 director, manager, or employee of a dispensing organization
- 19 without having been issued a dispensing organization agent
- 20 card by the $\underline{\text{Commission}}$ $\underline{\text{Department}}$.
- 21 (d) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the <u>Commission</u>
 22 Department may exercise the following powers and duties:
- 23 (1) Prescribe forms to be issued for the administration and enforcement of this Article.
- 25 (2) Examine, inspect, and investigate the premises,

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- operations, and records of dispensing organization applicants and licensees.
 - (3) Conduct investigations of possible violations of this Act pertaining to dispensing organizations and dispensing organization agents.
 - (4) Conduct hearings on proceedings to refuse to issue or renew licenses or to revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or otherwise discipline a license under this Article or take other nondisciplinary action.
- 10 (5) Adopt rules required for the administration of this Article.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 13 (410 ILCS 705/15-15)
- Sec. 15-15. Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing
 Organization License.
- 16 (a) Any medical cannabis dispensing organization holding a valid registration under the Compassionate Use of Medical 17 Cannabis Program Act as of the effective date of this Act may, 18 within 60 days of the effective date of this Act, apply to the 19 20 Commission Department for an Early Approval Adult Use 21 Dispensing Organization License to serve purchasers at any 22 medical cannabis dispensing location in operation on the effective date of this Act, pursuant to this Section. 23
- 24 (b) A medical cannabis dispensing organization seeking 25 issuance of an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing

-	Organization License to serve purchasers at any medical
2	cannabis dispensing location in operation as of the effective
3	date of this Act shall submit an application on forms provided
l	by the <u>Commission</u> Department . The application must be
5	submitted by the same person or entity that holds the medical
5	cannabis dispensing organization registration and include the
7	following:

- (1) Payment of a nonrefundable fee of \$30,000 to be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund;
- (2) Proof of registration as a medical cannabis dispensing organization that is in good standing;
- (3) Certification that the applicant will comply with the requirements contained in the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act except as provided in this Act;
 - (4) The legal name of the dispensing organization;
- (5) The physical address of the dispensing organization;
- (6) The name, address, social security number, and date of birth of each principal officer and board member of the dispensing organization, each of whom must be at least 21 years of age;
- (7) A nonrefundable Cannabis Business Development Fee equal to 3% of the dispensing organization's total sales between June 1, 2018 to June 1, 2019, or \$100,000, whichever is less, to be deposited into the Cannabis

Business Development Fund; and

- (8) Identification of one of the following Social Equity Inclusion Plans to be completed by March 31, 2021:
 - (A) Make a contribution of 3% of total sales from June 1, 2018 to June 1, 2019, or \$100,000, whichever is less, to the Cannabis Business Development Fund. This is in addition to the fee required by item (7) of this subsection (b);
 - (B) Make a grant of 3% of total sales from June 1, 2018 to June 1, 2019, or \$100,000, whichever is less, to a cannabis industry training or education program at an Illinois community college as defined in the Public Community College Act;
 - (C) Make a donation of \$100,000 or more to a program that provides job training services to persons recently incarcerated or that operates in a Disproportionately Impacted Area;
 - (D) Participate as a host in a cannabis business establishment incubator program approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, and in which an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License holder agrees to provide a loan of at least \$100,000 and mentorship to incubate, for at least a year, a Social Equity Applicant intending to seek a license or a licensee that qualifies as a Social Equity Applicant. As used in this Section,

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"incubate" means providing direct financial assistance and training necessary to engage in licensed cannabis industry activity similar to that of the host licensee. The Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License holder or the same entity holding any other licenses issued pursuant to this Act shall not take an ownership stake of greater than 10% in any business receiving incubation services to comply with this subsection. If an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License holder fails to find a business to incubate to comply with this subsection before its Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License expires, it may opt to meet the requirement of this subsection by completing another item from this subsection; or

(E) Participate in a sponsorship program for at least 2 years approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity in which an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License holder agrees to provide an interest-free loan of at least \$200,000 to a Social Equity Applicant. The sponsor shall not take an ownership stake in any cannabis business establishment receiving sponsorship services to comply with this subsection.

(b-5) Beginning 90 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, an Early

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Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization licensee whose license was issued pursuant to this Section may apply to relocate within the same geographic district where its existing associated medical cannabis dispensing organization dispensary licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Act is authorized to operate. A request to relocate under this subsection is subject to approval by the Commission Early Approval Adult Use Department. An Dispensing Organization's application to relocate its license under this subsection shall be deemed approved 30 days following the submission of a complete application to relocate, unless sooner approved or denied in writing by the Commission Department. If an application to relocate is denied, the Commission Department shall provide, in writing, the specific reason for denial.

An Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization may request to relocate under this subsection if:

- (1) its existing location is within the boundaries of a unit of local government that prohibits the sale of adult use cannabis; or
- (2) the Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization has obtained the approval of the municipality or, if outside the boundaries of a municipality in an unincorporated area of the county, the approval of the county where the existing license is located to move to another location within that unit of local government.

At no time may an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization dispensary licensed under this Section operate in a separate facility from its associated medical cannabis dispensing organization dispensary licensed under Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Act. The relocation of an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License under this subsection shall be subject to Sections 55-25 and 55-28 of this Act.

- (c) The license fee required by paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of this Section shall be in addition to any license fee required for the renewal of a registered medical cannabis dispensing organization license.
- (d) Applicants must submit all required information, including the requirements in subsection (b) of this Section, to the <u>Commission</u> Department. Failure by an applicant to submit all required information may result in the application being disqualified.
 - (e) If the <u>Commission</u> Department receives an application that fails to provide the required elements contained in subsection (b), the <u>Commission</u> Department shall issue a deficiency notice to the applicant. The applicant shall have 10 calendar days from the date of the deficiency notice to submit complete information. Applications that are still incomplete after this opportunity to cure may be disqualified.
 - (f) If an applicant meets all the requirements of subsection (b) of this Section, the Commission Department

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- shall issue the Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing
 Organization License within 14 days of receiving a completed
 application unless:
 - (1) The licensee or a principal officer is delinquent in filing any required tax returns or paying any amounts owed to the State of Illinois;
 - (2) The <u>Commission</u> Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation determines there is reason, based on documented compliance violations, the licensee is not entitled to an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License; or
 - (3) Any principal officer fails to register and remain in compliance with this Act or the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
 - (g) A registered medical cannabis dispensing organization obtains an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License may begin selling cannabis, cannabis-infused products, paraphernalia, and related items to purchasers under the rules of this Act no sooner than January 1, 2020.
 - (h) A dispensing organization holding a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act must maintain an adequate supply of cannabis and cannabis-infused products for purchase by qualifying patients, caregivers, provisional patients, and Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participants. For the

- purposes of this subsection, "adequate supply" means a monthly inventory level that is comparable in type and quantity to those medical cannabis products provided to patients and caregivers on an average monthly basis for the 6 months before the effective date of this Act.
 - (i) If there is a shortage of cannabis or cannabis-infused products, a dispensing organization holding both a dispensing organization license under <u>Article 75 and under Article 15</u> the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act and this Act shall prioritize serving qualifying patients, caregivers, provisional patients, and Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participants before serving purchasers.
 - (j) Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, a person who that holds a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act and an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License may permit purchasers into a limited access area as that term is defined in administrative rules made under the authority in the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
 - (k) An Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License is valid until March 31, 2021. A dispensing organization that obtains an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License shall receive written or electronic notice 90 days before the expiration of the license that the license will expire, and that informs the license

- holder that it may apply to renew its Early Approval Adult Use
 Dispensing Organization License on forms provided by the

 Commission Department. The Commission Department shall renew
 the Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License
 within 60 days of the renewal application being deemed
 complete if:
 - (1) the dispensing organization submits an application and the required nonrefundable renewal fee of \$30,000, to be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund;
 - (2) the <u>Commission</u> Department has not suspended or permanently revoked the Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license on the same premises for violations of this Act, the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, or rules adopted pursuant to those Acts;
 - (3) the dispensing organization has completed a Social Equity Inclusion Plan as provided by parts (A), (B), and (C) of paragraph (8) of subsection (b) of this Section or has made substantial progress toward completing a Social Equity Inclusion Plan as provided by parts (D) and (E) of paragraph (8) of subsection (b) of this Section; and
 - (4) the dispensing organization is in compliance with this Act and rules.
 - (1) The Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License renewed pursuant to subsection (k) of this Section

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- 1 shall expire March 31, 2022. The Early Approval Adult Use 2 Dispensing Organization Licensee shall receive written or electronic notice 90 days before the expiration of the license 3 that the license will expire, and that informs the license 5 holder that it may apply for an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License on forms provided by the Commission 6 7 Department. The Commission Department shall grant an Adult Use within 60 8 Dispensing Organization License days of 9 application being deemed complete if the applicant has met all of the criteria in Section 15-36. 10
 - (m) If a dispensing organization fails to submit an application for renewal of an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License or for an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License before the expiration dates provided in subsections (k) and (l) of this Section, the dispensing organization shall cease serving purchasers and cease all operations until it receives a renewal or an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, as the case may be.
 - (n) A dispensing organization agent who holds a valid dispensing organization agent identification card issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act and is an officer, director, manager, or employee of the dispensing organization licensed under this Section may engage in all activities authorized by this Article to be performed by a dispensing organization agent.
 - (o) If the Commission Department suspends, permanently

- 1 revokes, or otherwise disciplines the Early Approval Adult Use
- 2 Dispensing Organization License of a dispensing organization
- 3 that also holds a medical cannabis dispensing organization
- 4 license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
- 5 Program Act, the Commission Department may consider the
- 6 suspension, permanent revocation, or other discipline of the
- 7 medical cannabis dispensing organization license.
- 8 (p) All fees collected pursuant to this Section shall be
- 9 deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund, unless otherwise
- 10 specified.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 12 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)
- 13 (410 ILCS 705/15-20)
- 14 Sec. 15-20. Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing
- Organization License; secondary site.
- 16 (a) Any medical cannabis dispensing organization holding a
- 17 valid registration under the Compassionate Use of Medical
- 18 Cannabis Program Act as of the effective date of this Act may,
- 19 within 60 days of the effective date of this Act, apply to the
- 20 Commission Department for an Early Approval Adult Use
- 21 Dispensing Organization License to operate a dispensing
- 22 organization to serve purchasers at a secondary site not
- 23 within 1,500 feet of another medical cannabis dispensing
- 24 organization or adult use dispensing organization. The Early
- 25 Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization secondary site

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- shall be within any BLS Region that shares territory with the 1 2 dispensing organization district to which the medical cannabis dispensing organization is assigned under the administrative 3 rules for dispensing organizations under the Compassionate Use 5 of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
- (a-5) If, within 360 days of the effective date of this 7 Act, a dispensing organization is unable to find a location within the BLS Regions prescribed in subsection (a) of this Section in which to operate an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization at a secondary site because jurisdiction within the prescribed area allows the operation Adult Use Cannabis Dispensing Organization, of an Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may waive the geographic restrictions of subsection (a) of this Section and specify another BLS Region into which the dispensary may be placed.
- 17 (b) (Blank).
- (c) A medical cannabis dispensing organization seeking 18 19 issuance of an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing 20 Organization License at a secondary site to serve purchasers at a secondary site as prescribed in subsection (a) of this 21 22 Section shall submit an application on forms provided by the 23 Commission Department. The application must meet or include the following qualifications: 24
- 25 (1) a payment of a nonrefundable application fee of \$30,000; 26

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dispensary:

1	(2) proof of registration as a medical cannabis
2	dispensing organization that is in good standing;
3	(3) submission of the application by the same person
4	or entity that holds the medical cannabis dispensing
5	organization registration;
6	(4) the legal name of the medical cannabis dispensing
7	organization;
8	(5) the physical address of the medical cannabis
9	dispensing organization and the proposed physical address
10	of the secondary site;
11	(6) a copy of the current local zoning ordinance
12	Sections relevant to dispensary operations and
13	documentation of the approval, the conditional approval or
14	the status of a request for zoning approval from the local
15	zoning office that the proposed dispensary location is in
16	compliance with the local zoning rules;
17	(7) a plot plan of the dispensary drawn to scale. The
18	applicant shall submit general specifications of the
19	building exterior and interior layout;
20	(8) a statement that the dispensing organization
21	agrees to respond to the <u>Commission's</u> Department's
22	supplemental requests for information;

(A) if the property is not owned by the applicant, a written statement from the property owner and

(9) for the building or land to be used as the proposed

1	landlord, if any, certifying consent that the
2	applicant may operate a dispensary on the premises; or
3	(B) if the property is owned by the applicant,
4	confirmation of ownership;
5	(10) a copy of the proposed operating bylaws;
6	(11) a copy of the proposed business plan that
7	complies with the requirements in this Act, including, at
8	a minimum, the following:
9	(A) a description of services to be offered; and
10	(B) a description of the process of dispensing
11	cannabis;
12	(12) a copy of the proposed security plan that
13	complies with the requirements in this Article, including:
14	(A) a description of the delivery process by which
15	cannabis will be received from a transporting
16	organization, including receipt of manifests and
17	protocols that will be used to avoid diversion, theft,
18	or loss at the dispensary acceptance point; and
19	(B) the process or controls that will be
20	implemented to monitor the dispensary, secure the
21	premises, agents, patients, and currency, and prevent
22	the diversion, theft, or loss of cannabis; and
23	(C) the process to ensure that access to the
24	restricted access areas is restricted to, registered
25	agents, service professionals, transporting

organization agents, Commission Department inspectors,

- 1 and security personnel;
- 2 (13) a proposed inventory control plan that complies 3 with this Section;
 - (14) the name, address, social security number, and date of birth of each principal officer and board member of the dispensing organization; each of those individuals shall be at least 21 years of age;
 - (15) a nonrefundable Cannabis Business Development Fee equal to \$200,000, to be deposited into the Cannabis Business Development Fund; and
 - (16) a commitment to completing one of the following Social Equity Inclusion Plans in subsection (d).
 - (d) Before receiving an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site, a dispensing organization shall indicate the Social Equity Inclusion Plan that the applicant plans to achieve before the expiration of the Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License from the list below:
 - (1) make a contribution of 3% of total sales from June 1, 2018 to June 1, 2019, or \$100,000, whichever is less, to the Cannabis Business Development Fund. This is in addition to the fee required by paragraph (16) of subsection (c) of this Section;
 - (2) make a grant of 3% of total sales from June 1, 2018 to June 1, 2019, or \$100,000, whichever is less, to a cannabis industry training or education program at an

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Illinois community college as defined in the Public Community College Act;

- (3) make a donation of \$100,000 or more to a program that provides job training services to persons recently incarcerated or that operates in a Disproportionately Impacted Area;
- (4) participate as a host in a cannabis business establishment incubator program approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, and in which an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site holder agrees to provide a loan of at least \$100,000 and mentorship to incubate, for at least a year, a Social Equity Applicant intending to seek a license or a licensee that qualifies as a Social Equity Applicant. In this paragraph (4), "incubate" providing direct financial assistance and necessary to engage in licensed cannabis industry activity similar to that of the host licensee. The Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License holder or the same entity holding any other licenses issued under this Act shall not take an ownership stake of greater than 10% in any business receiving incubation services to comply with this subsection. If an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site holder fails to find a business to incubate in order to comply with this subsection before its Early Approval Adult Use

- Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site expires, it may opt to meet the requirement of this subsection by completing another item from this subsection before the expiration of its Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site to avoid a penalty; or
- (5) participate in a sponsorship program for at least 2 years approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity in which an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site holder agrees to provide an interest-free loan of at least \$200,000 to a Social Equity Applicant. The sponsor shall not take an ownership stake of greater than 10% in any business receiving sponsorship services to comply with this subsection.
- (e) The license fee required by paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of this Section is in addition to any license fee required for the renewal of a registered medical cannabis dispensing organization license.
- (f) Applicants must submit all required information, including the requirements in subsection (c) of this Section, to the <u>Commission Department</u>. Failure by an applicant to submit all required information may result in the application being disqualified. Principal officers shall not be required to submit to the fingerprint and background check requirements of Section 5-20.

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- (g) If the <u>Commission Department</u> receives an application that fails to provide the required elements contained in subsection (c), the <u>Commission Department</u> shall issue a deficiency notice to the applicant. The applicant shall have 10 calendar days from the date of the deficiency notice to submit complete information. Applications that are still incomplete after this opportunity to cure may be disqualified.
 - (h) Once all required information and documents have been submitted, the Commission Department will review application. The Commission Department may request revisions and retains final approval over dispensary features. Once the application is complete and Commission's meets the Department's approval, the Commission Department conditionally approve the license. Final approval contingent on the build-out and Commission Department inspection.
 - (i) Upon submission of the Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization at a secondary site application, the applicant shall request an inspection and the <u>Commission Department</u> may inspect the Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization's secondary site to confirm compliance with the application and this Act.
 - (j) The <u>Commission</u> Department shall only issue an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site after the completion of a successful inspection.

- 1 (k) If an applicant passes the inspection under this
 2 Section, the <u>Commission Department</u> shall issue the Early
 3 Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a
 4 secondary site within 10 business days unless:
 - (1) The licensee, any principal officer or board member of the licensee, or any person having a financial or voting interest of 5% or greater in the licensee is delinquent in filing any required tax returns or paying any amounts owed to the State of Illinois; or
 - (2) The <u>Commission</u> <u>Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation</u> determines there is reason, based on documented compliance violations, the licensee is not entitled to an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at its secondary site.
 - (1) Once the <u>Commission</u> Department has issued a license, the dispensing organization shall notify the <u>Commission</u> Department of the proposed opening date.
 - (m) A registered medical cannabis dispensing organization that obtains an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site may begin selling cannabis, cannabis-infused products, paraphernalia, and related items to purchasers under the rules of this Act no sooner than January 1, 2020.
 - (n) If there is a shortage of cannabis or cannabis-infused products, a dispensing organization holding both a dispensing organization license under the Compassionate Use of Medical

- Cannabis Program Act and this Article shall prioritize serving qualifying patients and caregivers before serving purchasers.
 - (o) An Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site is valid until March 31, 2021. A dispensing organization that obtains an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site shall receive written or electronic notice 90 days before the expiration of the license that the license will expire, and inform the license holder that it may renew its Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site. The Commission Department shall renew an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site within 60 days of submission of the renewal application being deemed complete if:
 - (1) the dispensing organization submits an application and the required nonrefundable renewal fee of \$30,000, to be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund;
 - (2) the <u>Commission</u> Department has not suspended or permanently revoked the Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license held by the same person or entity for violating this Act or rules adopted under this Act or the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act or rules adopted under that Act; and
 - (3) the dispensing organization has completed a Social Equity Inclusion Plan provided by paragraph (1), (2), or

- 1 (3) of subsection (d) of this Section or has made 2 substantial progress toward completing a Social Equity 3 Inclusion Plan provided by paragraph (4) or (5) of 4 subsection (d) of this Section.
 - (p) The Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licensee at a secondary site renewed pursuant to subsection (o) shall receive written or electronic notice 90 days before the expiration of the license that the license will expire, and that informs the license holder that it may apply for an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License on forms provided by the <u>Commission Department</u>. The <u>Commission Department</u> shall grant an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License within 60 days of an application being deemed complete if the applicant has meet all of the criteria in Section 15-36.
 - (q) If a dispensing organization fails to submit an application for renewal of an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License or for an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License before the expiration dates provided in subsections (o) and (p) of this Section, the dispensing organization shall cease serving purchasers until it receives a renewal or an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License.
 - (r) A dispensing organization agent who holds a valid dispensing organization agent identification card issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act and is an officer, director, manager, or employee of the dispensing organization licensed under this Section may engage in all

- activities authorized by this Article to be performed by a dispensing organization agent.
- 3 (s) If the Commission Department suspends, permanently revokes, or otherwise disciplines the Early Approval Adult Use 4 5 Dispensing Organization License of a dispensing organization 6 that also holds a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis 7 8 Program Act, the Commission Department may consider the 9 suspension, permanent revocation, or other discipline as 10 grounds to take disciplinary action against the medical 11 cannabis dispensing organization.
- 12 (t) All fees collected pursuant to this Section shall be 13 deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund, unless otherwise 14 specified.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 16 (410 ILCS 705/15-30.20)
- 17 Sec. 15-30.20. Tied Applicant Lottery; additional requirements; timing.
- 19 (a) If awarding a license in a Tied Applicant Lottery
 20 would result in a Tied Applicant possessing more than 10 Early
 21 Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses, Early
 22 Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses at a
 23 secondary site, Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization
 24 Licenses, Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses, or any
 25 combination thereof, the Tied Applicant must choose which

- license to abandon pursuant to subsection (d) of Section 15-36
- 2 and notify the Commission Department in writing within 5
- 3 business days after the date that the Tied Applicant Lottery
- 4 is conducted.
- 5 (b) The <u>Commission</u> Department shall publish the certified
- 6 results of a Tied Applicant Lottery within 2 business days
- 7 after the Tied Applicant Lottery is conducted.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)
- 9 (410 ILCS 705/15-35.10)
- 10 Sec. 15-35.10. Social Equity Justice Involved Lottery for
- 11 Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses.
- 12 (a) In addition to any of the licenses issued under
- 13 Section 15-15, Section 15-20, Section 15-25, Section 15-30.20,
- or Section 15-35, within 10 business days after the resulting
- final scores for all scored applications pursuant to Sections
- 16 15-25 and 15-30 are released, the Commission Department shall
- issue up to 55 Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization
- 18 Licenses by lot, pursuant to the application process adopted
- 19 under this Section. In order to be eligible to be awarded a
- 20 Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License by lot,
- 21 a Dispensary Applicant must be a Qualifying Social Equity
- 22 Justice Involved Applicant.
- The licenses issued under this Section shall be awarded in
- 24 each BLS Region in the following amounts:
- 25 (1) Bloomington: 1.

distribute

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the following:

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(2) Cape Girardeau: 1.
1
 2
               (3) Carbondale-Marion: 1.
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               (4) Champaign-Urbana: 1.
               (5) Chicago-Naperville-Elgin: 36.
               (6) Danville: 1.
 6
               (7) Davenport-Moline-Rock Island: 1.
 7
               (8) Decatur: 1.
               (9) Kankakee: 1.
 8
               (10) Peoria: 2.
 9
10
               (11) Rockford: 1.
11
               (12) St. Louis: 3.
12
               (13) Springfield: 1.
13
               (14) Northwest Illinois nonmetropolitan: 1.
14
               (15) West Central Illinois nonmetropolitan: 1.
15
               (16) East Central Illinois nonmetropolitan: 1.
16
               (17) South Illinois nonmetropolitan: 1.
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          (a-5) Prior to issuing licenses under subsection (a), the
      <u>Commission</u> <u>Department</u> may adopt rules through emergency
18
      rulemaking in accordance with subsection (kk) of Section 5-45
19
      of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The General
20
21
      Assembly finds that the adoption of rules to regulate cannabis
22
      use is deemed an emergency and necessary for the public
23
      interest, safety, and welfare.
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The Commission Department shall

available licenses established under this Section subject to

- (1) The drawing by lot for all available licenses established under this Section shall occur on the same day when practicable.
 - (2) Within each BLS Region, the first Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant drawn will have the first right to an available license. The second Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant drawn will have the second right to an available license. The same pattern will continue for each subsequent applicant drawn.
 - (3) The process for distributing available licenses under this Section shall be recorded by the <u>Commission</u>

 Department in a format selected by the <u>Commission</u>

 Department.
 - (4) A Dispensary Applicant is prohibited from becoming a Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant if a principal officer resigns after the resulting final scores for all scored applications pursuant to Sections 15-25 and 15-30 are released.
 - (5) No Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant may be awarded more than 2 Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses at the conclusion of a lottery conducted under this Section.
 - (6) No individual may be listed as a principal officer of more than 2 Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses awarded under this Section.

- established under this Section, a Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant exceeds the limits under paragraph (5) or (6), the Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant must choose which license to abandon and notify the Commission Department in writing within 5 business days on forms prescribed by the Commission Department. If the Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant does not notify the Commission Department as required, the Commission Department as required, the Commission Department shall refuse to issue the Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant all available licenses established under this Section obtained by lot in all BLS Regions.
- established under this Section, a Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant has a principal officer who is a principal officer in more than 10 Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses, Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses, Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses, Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses, and the Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant listing that principal officer must choose which license to abandon pursuant to subsection (d) of Section 15-36 and notify the Commission Department in writing within 5 business days on forms prescribed by the Commission Department. If the Dispensary Applicant or

licensees do not notify the <u>Commission</u> Department as required, the <u>Commission</u> Department shall refuse to issue the Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant all available licenses established under this Section obtained by lot in all BLS Regions.

(9) All available licenses that have been abandoned under paragraph (7) or (8) shall be distributed to the next Qualifying Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant drawn by lot.

Any and all rights conferred or obtained under this subsection shall be limited to the provisions of this subsection.

(c) An applicant who receives a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License under this Section has 180 days from the date of the award to identify a physical location for the dispensing organization's retail storefront. The applicant shall provide evidence that the location is not within 1,500 feet of an existing dispensing organization, unless the applicant is a Social Equity Applicant or Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant located or seeking to locate within 1,500 feet of a dispensing organization licensed under Section 15-15 or Section 15-20. If an applicant is unable to find a suitable physical address in the opinion of the Commission Department within 180 days from the issuance of the Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, the Commission Department may extend the period for finding a

physical address another 180 days if the Conditional Adult Use 1 2 Dispensing Organization License holder demonstrates a concrete 3 attempt to secure a location and a hardship. If the Commission Department denies the extension or the Conditional Adult Use 5 Dispensing Organization License holder is unable to find a location or become operational within 360 days of being 6 awarded a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization 7 8 License under this Section, the Commission Department shall 9 rescind the Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization 10 License and award it pursuant to subsection (b) and notify the 11 new awardee at the email address provided in the awardee's 12 application, provided the applicant receiving the Conditional 13 Adult Use Dispensing Organization License: (i) confirms a 14 continued interest in operating a dispensing organization; 15 (ii) can provide evidence that the applicant continues to meet 16 all requirements for holding a Conditional Adult 17 Dispensing Organization License set forth in this Act; and (iii) has not otherwise become ineligible to be awarded a 18 19 Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License. If the 20 new awardee is unable to accept the Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, the Commission Department 21 22 shall award the Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization 23 License pursuant to subsection (b). The new awardee shall be subject to the same required deadlines as provided in this 24 25 subsection.

(d) If, within 180 days of being awarded a Conditional

- Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, a dispensing organization is unable to find a location within the BLS Region in which it was awarded a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License under this Section because no jurisdiction within the BLS Region allows for the operation of an Adult Use Dispensing Organization, the Commission Department may authorize the Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License holder to transfer its Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License to a BLS Region specified by the Commission Department.
 - (e) A dispensing organization that is awarded a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License under this Section shall not purchase, possess, sell, or dispense cannabis or cannabis-infused products until the dispensing organization has received an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License issued by the <u>Commission Department</u> pursuant to Section 15-36.
 - (f) The <u>Commission</u> Department shall conduct a background check of the prospective dispensing organization agents in order to carry out this Article. The Illinois State Police shall charge the applicant a fee for conducting the criminal history record check, which shall be deposited into the State Police Services Fund and shall not exceed the actual cost of the record check. Each person applying as a dispensing organization agent shall submit a full set of fingerprints to the Illinois State Police for the purpose of obtaining a State

- 1 and federal criminal records check. These fingerprints shall
- 2 be checked against the fingerprint records now and hereafter,
- 3 to the extent allowed by law, filed with the Illinois State
- 4 Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal
- 5 history records databases. The Illinois State Police shall
- 6 furnish, following positive identification, all Illinois
- 7 conviction information to the <u>Commission</u> Department.
- 8 (g) The <u>Commission</u> Department may verify information
- 9 contained in each application and accompanying documentation
- 10 to assess the applicant's veracity and fitness to operate a
- 11 dispensing organization.
- 12 (h) The Commission Department may, in its discretion,
- 13 refuse to issue an authorization to an applicant who meets any
- of the following criteria:
- 15 (1) An applicant who is unqualified to perform the
- duties required of the applicant.
- 17 (2) An applicant who fails to disclose or states
- falsely any information called for in the application.
- 19 (3) An applicant who has been found guilty of a
- violation of this Act, who has had any disciplinary order
- 21 entered against the applicant by the Commission
- 22 Department, who has entered into a disciplinary or
- 23 nondisciplinary agreement with the Commission Department,
- 24 whose medical cannabis dispensing organization, medical
- 25 cannabis cultivation organization, Early Approval Adult
- 26 Use Dispensing Organization License, Early Approval Adult

- Use Dispensing Organization License at a secondary site,
 Early Approval Cultivation Center License, Conditional
 Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or Adult Use
 Dispensing Organization License was suspended, restricted,
 revoked, or denied for just cause, or whose cannabis
 business establishment license was suspended, restricted,
 revoked, or denied in any other state.
 - (4) An applicant who has engaged in a pattern or practice of unfair or illegal practices, methods, or activities in the conduct of owning a cannabis business establishment or other business.
- (i) The <u>Commission</u> Department shall deny the license if any principal officer, board member, or person having a financial or voting interest of 5% or greater in the licensee is delinquent in filing any required tax return or paying any amount owed to the State of Illinois.
- (j) The <u>Commission</u> Department shall verify an applicant's compliance with the requirements of this Article and rules adopted under this Article before issuing a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License.
- (k) If an applicant is awarded a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License under this Section, the information and plans provided in the application, including any plans submitted for bonus points, shall become a condition of the Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License and any Adult Use Dispensing Organization License issued to

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the Conditional the holder of Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, except as otherwise provided by this Act or by rule. Dispensing organizations have a duty to disclose any material changes to the application. The Commission Department shall review all material changes disclosed by the dispensing organization and may reevaluate its prior decision regarding the awarding of a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, including, but not limited suspending or permanently revoking a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License. Failure to comply with the conditions or requirements in the application may subject the dispensing organization to discipline up to and including suspension or permanent revocation of its authorization or Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License by the Commission Department.

(1) If an applicant has not begun operating as a dispensing organization within one year after the issuance of the Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License under this Section, the Commission Department may permanently revoke the Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License and award it to the next highest scoring applicant in the BLS Region if a suitable applicant indicates a continued interest in the Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License or may begin a new selection process to award a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License.

(Source: P.A. 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)

- 1 (410 ILCS 705/15-35.20)
- Sec. 15-35.20. Conditional Adult Use Dispensing
 Organization Licenses on or after January 1, 2022.
 - (a) In addition to any of the licenses issued under Section 15-15, Section 15-20, Section 15-25, Section 15-35, or Section 15-35.10, by January 1, 2022, the Commission Department may publish an application to issue additional Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses, and the Department shall collaborate with the Commission to complete the issuance of licenses under this Section, pursuant to the application process adopted under this Section. The Commission and the Department may adopt rules to issue any Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses under this Section. Such rules may:
 - (1) Modify or change the BLS Regions as they apply to this Article or modify or raise the number of Adult Conditional Use Dispensing Organization Licenses assigned to each BLS Region based on the following factors:
 - (A) Purchaser wait times.
 - (B) Travel time to the nearest dispensary for potential purchasers.
 - (C) Percentage of cannabis sales occurring in Illinois not in the regulated market using data from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, National Survey on Drug Use and

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Tourism	to	ascert	ain	tot	tal o	cann	nab:	is (cons	um	ption	in
Illinois	cor	mpared	to	the	amou	nt	of	sal	es i	in	licens	sed
dispensing organizations.												

- (D) Whether there is an adequate supply of cannabis and cannabis-infused products to serve registered medical cannabis patients.
 - (E) Population increases or shifts.
- (F) Density of dispensing organizations in a region.
- (G) The <u>Commission's</u> Department's capacity to appropriately regulate additional licenses.
- (H) The findings and recommendations from the disparity and availability study commissioned by the Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer in subsection (e) of Section 5-45 to reduce or eliminate any identified barriers to entry in the cannabis industry.
- (I) Any other criteria the <u>Commission</u> Department deems relevant.
- (2) Modify or change the licensing application process to reduce or eliminate the barriers identified in the disparity and availability study commissioned by the Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer and make modifications to remedy evidence of discrimination.

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- 1 (b) At no time shall the <u>Commission</u> Department issue more 2 than 500 Adult Use Dispensing Organization Licenses.
- 3 (c) The <u>Commission</u> Department shall issue at least 50 4 additional Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization
- 5 Licenses on or before December 21, 2022.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)
- 7 (410 ILCS 705/15-55)
- 8 15-55. Financial responsibility. Evidence 9 financial responsibility is a requirement for the issuance, 10 maintenance, or reactivation of a license under this Article. 11 Evidence of financial responsibility shall be used to 12 the dispensing organization guarantee that timely successfully completes dispensary construction, operates in a 13 14 manner that provides an uninterrupted supply of cannabis, faithfully pays registration renewal fees, keeps accurate 15 16 books and records, makes regularly required reports, complies with State tax requirements, and conducts the dispensing 17 organization in conformity with this Act and rules. Evidence 18 of financial responsibility shall be provided by one of the 19 following: 20
 - (1) Establishing and maintaining an escrow or surety account in a financial institution in the amount of \$50,000, with escrow terms, approved by the <u>Commission Department</u>, that it shall be payable to the <u>Commission Department</u> in the event of circumstances outlined in this

1 Act and rules.

- (A) A financial institution may not return money in an escrow or surety account to the dispensing organization that established the account or a representative of the organization unless the organization or representative presents a statement issued by the Commission Department indicating that the account may be released.
- (B) The escrow or surety account shall not be canceled on less than 30 days' notice in writing to the <u>Commission Department</u>, unless otherwise approved by the <u>Commission Department</u>. If an escrow or surety account is canceled and the registrant fails to secure a new account with the required amount on or before the effective date of cancellation, the registrant's registration may be permanently revoked. The total and aggregate liability of the surety on the bond is limited to the amount specified in the escrow or surety account.
- (2) Providing a surety bond in the amount of \$50,000, naming the dispensing organization as principal of the bond, with terms, approved by the <u>Commission Department</u>, that the bond defaults to the <u>Commission Department</u> in the event of circumstances outlined in this Act and rules. Bond terms shall include:
 - (A) The business name and registration number on

1	the	bond	must	correspo	nd	exact	ly	with	the	business
2	name	and	regi	stration	nu	ımber	in	the	Com	mission's
3	Depa	rtmen	t's re	cords.						

- (B) The bond must be written on a form approved by the Commission Department.
- (C) A copy of the bond must be received by the Commission Department within 90 days after the effective date.
- (D) The bond shall not be canceled by a surety on less than 30 days' notice in writing to the <u>Commission</u> Department. If a bond is canceled and the registrant fails to file a new bond with the <u>Commission</u> Department in the required amount on or before the effective date of cancellation, the registrant's registration may be permanently revoked. The total and aggregate liability of the surety on the bond is limited to the amount specified in the bond.

(Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

19 (410 ILCS 705/15-75)

Sec. 15-75. Inventory control system. (a) A dispensing organization agent-in-charge shall have primary oversight of the dispensing organization's cannabis inventory verification system, and its point-of-sale system. The inventory point-of-sale system shall be real-time, web-based, and accessible by the Commission Department at any time. The

1	point-of-sale	system	shall	track,	at	a	minimum	the	date	of
2	sale, amount,	price, a	and cur	rency.						

- (b) A dispensing organization shall establish an account with the State's verification system that documents:
 - (1) Each sales transaction at the time of sale and each day's beginning inventory, acquisitions, sales, disposal, and ending inventory.
 - (2) Acquisition of cannabis and cannabis-infused products from a licensed adult use cultivation center, craft grower, infuser, or transporter, including:
 - (i) A description of the products, including the quantity, strain, variety, and batch number of each product received;
 - (ii) The name and registry identification number of the licensed adult use cultivation center, craft grower, or infuser providing the cannabis and cannabis-infused products;
 - (iii) The name and registry identification number of the licensed adult use cultivation center, craft grower, infuser, or transporting agent delivering the cannabis;
 - (iv) The name and registry identification number of the dispensing organization agent receiving the cannabis; and
 - (v) The date of acquisition.
 - (3) The disposal of cannabis, including:

_	(i) A	descript	cion of	the prod	lucts, i	ncludin	ig the
2	quantity,	strain,	variety	, batch	number,	and 1	reason
3	for the ca	nnabis be	eina dis	posed;			

- (ii) The method of disposal; and
- (iii) The date and time of disposal.
- (c) Upon cannabis delivery, a dispensing organization shall confirm the product's name, strain name, weight, and identification number on the manifest matches the information on the cannabis product label and package. The product name listed and the weight listed in the State's verification system shall match the product packaging.
- (d) The agent-in-charge shall conduct daily inventory reconciliation documenting and balancing cannabis inventory by confirming the State's verification system matches the dispensing organization's point-of-sale system and the amount of physical product at the dispensary.
 - (1) A dispensing organization must receive <u>Commission</u>

 Department approval before completing an inventory adjustment. It shall provide a detailed reason for the adjustment. Inventory adjustment documentation shall be kept at the dispensary for 2 years from the date performed.
 - (2) If the dispensing organization identifies an imbalance in the amount of cannabis after the daily inventory reconciliation due to mistake, the dispensing organization shall determine how the imbalance occurred

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immediately upon discovery take and document and corrective action. If the dispensing organization cannot identify the reason for the mistake within 2 calendar days after first discovery, it shall inform the Commission Department immediately in writing of the imbalance and the action taken corrective to date. The dispensing organization shall work diligently to determine the reason for the mistake.

- imbalance in the amount of cannabis after the daily inventory reconciliation or through other means due to theft, criminal activity, or suspected criminal activity, the dispensing organization shall immediately determine how the reduction occurred and take and document corrective action. Within 24 hours after the first discovery of the reduction due to theft, criminal activity, or suspected criminal activity, the dispensing organization shall inform the Commission Department and the Illinois State Police in writing.
- (4) The dispensing organization shall file an annual compilation report with the <u>Commission</u> Department, including a financial statement that shall include, but not be limited to, an income statement, balance sheet, profit and loss statement, statement of cash flow, wholesale cost and sales, and any other documentation requested by the <u>Commission</u> Department in writing. The

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financial statement shall include any other information the <u>Commission</u> Department deems necessary in order to effectively administer this Act and all rules, orders, and final decisions promulgated under this Act. Statements required by this Section shall be filed with the Commission Department within 60 days after the end of the calendar year. The compilation report shall include a letter authored by a licensed certified public accountant that it has been reviewed and is accurate based on the information provided. The dispensing organization, financial statement, and accompanying documents are not required to be audited unless specifically requested by the Commission Department.

- (e) A dispensing organization shall:
- (1) Maintain the documentation required in this Section in a secure locked location at the dispensing organization for 5 years from the date on the document;
- (2) Provide any documentation required to be maintained in this Section to the <u>Commission</u> Department for review upon request; and
- (3) If maintaining a bank account, retain for a period of 5 years a record of each deposit or withdrawal from the account.
- (f) If a dispensing organization chooses to have a return policy for cannabis and cannabis products, the dispensing organization shall seek prior approval from the <u>Commission</u>

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- 2 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 3 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 4 (410 ILCS 705/15-85)
- Sec. 15-85. Dispensing cannabis. (a) Before a dispensing organization agent dispenses cannabis to a purchaser, the agent shall:
 - (1) Verify the age of the purchaser by checking a government-issued identification card by use of an electronic reader or electronic scanning device to scan a purchaser's government-issued identification, if applicable, to determine the purchaser's age and the validity of the identification;
 - (2) Verify the validity of the government-issued identification card by use of an electronic reader or electronic scanning device to scan a purchaser's government-issued identification, if applicable, to determine the purchaser's age and the validity of the identification;
 - (3) Offer any appropriate purchaser education or support materials;
- 22 (4) Enter the following information into the State's 23 cannabis electronic verification system:
- 24 (i) The dispensing organization agent's 25 identification number, or if the agent's card

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102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)

1	application is pending the Commission's Department's
2	approval, a temporary and unique identifier until the
3	agent's card application is approved or denied by the
4	<pre>Commission Department;</pre>
5	(ii) The dispensing organization's identification
6	number;
7	(iii) The amount, type (including strain, if
8	applicable) of cannabis or cannabis-infused product
9	dispensed;
10	(iv) The date and time the cannabis was dispensed.
11	(b) A dispensing organization shall refuse to sell
12	cannabis or cannabis-infused products to any person unless the
13	person produces a valid identification showing that the person
14	is 21 years of age or older. A medical cannabis dispensing
15	organization may sell cannabis or cannabis-infused products to
16	a person who is under 21 years of age if the sale complies with
17	the provisions of the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
18	Program Act and rules.
19	(c) For the purposes of this Section, valid identification
20	must:
21	(1) Be valid and unexpired;
22	(2) Contain a photograph and the date of birth of the
23	person.

(Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;

- 1 (410 ILCS 705/15-90)
- 2 Sec. 15-90. Destruction and disposal of cannabis. (a)
- 3 Cannabis and cannabis-infused products must be destroyed by
- 4 rendering them unusable using methods approved by the
- 5 <u>Commission</u> Department that comply with this Act and rules.
- 6 (b) Cannabis waste rendered unusable must be promptly
- 7 disposed according to this Act and rules. Disposal of the
- 8 cannabis waste rendered unusable may be delivered to a
- 9 permitted solid waste facility for final disposition.
- 10 Acceptable permitted solid waste facilities include, but are
- 11 not limited to:
- 12 (1) Compostable mixed waste: Compost, anaerobic
- 13 digester, or other facility with approval of the
- jurisdictional health department.
- 15 (2) Noncompostable mixed waste: Landfill, incinerator,
- or other facility with approval of the jurisdictional
- 17 health department.
- 18 (c) All waste and unusable product shall be weighed,
- 19 recorded, and entered into the inventory system before
- 20 rendering it unusable. All waste and unusable cannabis
- 21 concentrates and cannabis-infused products shall be recorded
- 22 and entered into the inventory system before rendering it
- 23 unusable. Verification of this event shall be performed by an
- 24 agent-in-charge and conducted in an area with video
- 25 surveillance.
- 26 (d) Electronic documentation of destruction and disposal

- shall be maintained for a period of at least 5 years.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 3 (410 ILCS 705/15-100)
- 4 Sec. 15-100. Security. (a) A dispensing organization
- 5 shall implement security measures to deter and prevent entry
- 6 into and theft of cannabis or currency.
- 7 (b) A dispensing organization shall submit any changes to
- 8 the floor plan or security plan to the Commission Department
- 9 for pre-approval. All cannabis shall be maintained and stored
- in a restricted access area during construction.
- 11 (c) The dispensing organization shall implement security
- measures to protect the premises, purchasers, and dispensing
- 13 organization agents including, but not limited to the
- 14 following:
- 15 (1) Establish a locked door or barrier between the
- facility's entrance and the limited access area;
- 17 (2) Prevent individuals from remaining on the premises
- 18 if they are not engaging in activity permitted by this Act
- 19 or rules;
- 20 (3) Develop a policy that addresses the maximum
- 21 capacity and purchaser flow in the waiting rooms and
- 22 limited access areas;
- 23 (4) Dispose of cannabis in accordance with this Act
- 24 and rules;
- 25 (5) During hours of operation, store and dispense all

cannabis	from	the	resti	ricted	access	area.	During
operationa	l hours	, can	nabis	shall	be stored	in an	enclosed
locked roo	m or ca	binet	and a	accessi	ble only t	to spec	cifically
authorized	dispen	sing	organi	ization	agents;		

- (6) When the dispensary is closed, store all cannabis and currency in a reinforced vault room in the restricted access area and in a manner as to prevent diversion, theft, or loss;
- (7) Keep the reinforced vault room and any other equipment or cannabis storage areas securely locked and protected from unauthorized entry;
- (8) Keep an electronic daily log of dispensing organization agents with access to the reinforced vault room and knowledge of the access code or combination;
- (9) Keep all locks and security equipment in good working order;
- (10) Maintain an operational security and alarm system at all times;
- (11) Prohibit keys, if applicable, from being left in the locks, or stored or placed in a location accessible to persons other than specifically authorized personnel;
- (12) Prohibit accessibility of security measures, including combination numbers, passwords, or electronic or biometric security systems to persons other than specifically authorized dispensing organization agents;
 - (13) Ensure that the dispensary interior and exterior

- 1 premises are sufficiently lit to facilitate surveillance;
- 2 (14) Ensure that trees, bushes, and other foliage 3 outside of the dispensary premises do not allow for a 4 person or persons to conceal themselves from sight;
 - (15) Develop emergency policies and procedures for securing all product and currency following any instance of diversion, theft, or loss of cannabis, and conduct an assessment to determine whether additional safeguards are necessary; and
 - (16) Develop sufficient additional safeguards in response to any special security concerns, or as required by the Commission Department.
 - (d) The <u>Commission</u> Department may request or approve alternative security provisions that it determines are an adequate substitute for a security requirement specified in this Article. Any additional protections may be considered by the <u>Commission</u> Department in evaluating overall security measures.
 - (e) A dispensing organization may share premises with a craft grower or an infuser organization, or both, provided each licensee stores currency and cannabis or cannabis-infused products in a separate secured vault to which the other licensee does not have access or all licensees sharing a vault share more than 50% of the same ownership.
 - (f) A dispensing organization shall provide additional security as needed and in a manner appropriate for the

- 1 community where it operates.
 - (g) Restricted access areas.
 - (1) All restricted access areas must be identified by the posting of a sign that is a minimum of 12 inches by 12 inches and that states "Do Not Enter Restricted Access Area Authorized Personnel Only" in lettering no smaller than one inch in height.
 - (2) All restricted access areas shall be clearly described in the floor plan of the premises, in the form and manner determined by the <u>Commission</u> Department, reflecting walls, partitions, counters, and all areas of entry and exit. The floor plan shall show all storage, disposal, and retail sales areas.
 - (3) All restricted access areas must be secure, with locking devices that prevent access from the limited access areas.
 - (h) Security and alarm.
 - (1) A dispensing organization shall have an adequate security plan and security system to prevent and detect diversion, theft, or loss of cannabis, currency, or unauthorized intrusion using commercial grade equipment installed by an Illinois licensed private alarm contractor or private alarm contractor agency that shall, at a minimum, include:
 - (i) A perimeter alarm on all entry points and glass break protection on perimeter windows;

-	(ii)	Security	shatterproof	tinted	film	on	exterior
)	windows:						

- (iii) A failure notification system that provides an audible, text, or visual notification of any failure in the surveillance system, including, but not limited to, panic buttons, alarms, and video monitoring system. The failure notification system shall provide an alert to designated dispensing organization agents within 5 minutes after the failure, either by telephone or text message;
- (iv) A duress alarm, panic button, and alarm, or holdup alarm and after-hours intrusion detection alarm that by design and purpose will directly or indirectly notify, by the most efficient means, the Public Safety Answering Point for the law enforcement agency having primary jurisdiction;
- (v) Security equipment to deter and prevent unauthorized entrance into the dispensary, including electronic door locks on the limited and restricted access areas that include devices or a series of devices to detect unauthorized intrusion that may include a signal system interconnected with a radio frequency method, cellular, private radio signals or other mechanical or electronic device.
- (2) All security system equipment and recordings shall be maintained in good working order, in a secure location

so as to prevent theft, loss, destruction, or alterations.

(3) Access to surveillance monitoring recording equipment shall be limited to persons who are essential to surveillance operations, law enforcement authorities acting within their jurisdiction, security system service personnel, and the <u>Commission Department</u>. A current list of authorized dispensing organization agents and service personnel that have access to the surveillance equipment must be

available to the Commission Department upon request.

- (4) All security equipment shall be inspected and tested at regular intervals, not to exceed one month from the previous inspection, and tested to ensure the systems remain functional.
- (5) The security system shall provide protection against theft and diversion that is facilitated or hidden by tampering with computers or electronic records.
- (6) The dispensary shall ensure all access doors are not solely controlled by an electronic access panel to ensure that locks are not released during a power outage.
- (i) To monitor the dispensary, the dispensing organization shall incorporate continuous electronic video monitoring including the following:
 - (1) All monitors must be 19 inches or greater;
 - (2) Unobstructed video surveillance of all enclosed dispensary areas, unless prohibited by law, including all points of entry and exit that shall be appropriate for the

normal lighting conditions of the area under surveillance. The cameras shall be directed so all areas are captured, including, but not limited to, safes, vaults, sales areas, and areas where cannabis is stored, handled, dispensed, or destroyed. Cameras shall be angled to allow for facial recognition, the capture of clear and certain identification of any person entering or exiting the dispensary area and in lighting sufficient during all times of night or day;

- (3) Unobstructed video surveillance of outside areas, the storefront, and the parking lot, that shall be appropriate for the normal lighting conditions of the area under surveillance. Cameras shall be angled so as to allow for the capture of facial recognition, clear and certain identification of any person entering or exiting the dispensary and the immediate surrounding area, and license plates of vehicles in the parking lot;
- (4) 24-hour recordings from all video cameras available for immediate viewing by the <u>Commission</u> Department upon request. Recordings shall not be destroyed or altered and shall be retained for at least 90 days. Recordings shall be retained as long as necessary if the dispensing organization is aware of the loss or theft of cannabis or a pending criminal, civil, or administrative investigation or legal proceeding for which the recording may contain relevant information;

- (5) The ability to immediately produce a clear, color still photo from the surveillance video, either live or recorded;
 - (6) A date and time stamp embedded on all video surveillance recordings. The date and time shall be synchronized and set correctly and shall not significantly obscure the picture;
 - (7) The ability to remain operational during a power outage and ensure all access doors are not solely controlled by an electronic access panel to ensure that locks are not released during a power outage;
 - (8) All video surveillance equipment shall allow for the exporting of still images in an industry standard image format, including .jpg, .bmp, and .gif. Exported video shall have the ability to be archived in a proprietary format that ensures authentication of the video and guarantees that no alteration of the recorded image has taken place. Exported video shall also have the ability to be saved in an industry standard file format that can be played on a standard computer operating system. All recordings shall be erased or destroyed before disposal;
 - (9) The video surveillance system shall be operational during a power outage with a 4-hour minimum battery backup;
 - (10) A video camera or cameras recording at each

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- point-of-sale location allowing for the identification of the dispensing organization agent distributing the cannabis and any purchaser. The camera or cameras shall capture the sale, the individuals and the computer monitors used for the sale;
 - (11) A failure notification system that provides an audible and visual notification of any failure in the electronic video monitoring system; and
 - (12) All electronic video surveillance monitoring must record at least the equivalent of 8 frames per second and be available as recordings to the <u>Commission Department</u> and the Illinois State Police 24 hours a day via a secure web-based portal with reverse functionality.
- (j) The requirements contained in this Act are minimum requirements for operating a dispensing organization. The Commission Department may change existing or establish additional requirements by rule.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 19 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 20 (410 ILCS 705/15-110)
- 21 Sec. 15-110. Recordkeeping.
- 22 (a) Dispensing organization records must be maintained 23 electronically for 3 years and be available for inspection by 24 the <u>Commission</u> Department upon request. Required written 25 records include, but are not limited to, the following:

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- 1 (1) Operating procedures;
- 2 (2) Inventory records, policies, and procedures;
- 3 (3) Security records;
- (4) Audit records;
- (5) Staff training plans and completion documentation;
- 6 (6) Staffing plan; and
 - (7) Business records, including but not limited to:
 - (i) Assets and liabilities;
- 9 (ii) Monetary transactions;
- 10 (iii) Written or electronic accounts, including
 11 bank statements, journals, ledgers, and supporting
 12 documents, agreements, checks, invoices, receipts, and
 13 vouchers; and
- 14 (iv) Any other financial accounts reasonably related to the dispensary operations.
- 16 (b) Storage and transfer of records. If a dispensary 17 closes due to insolvency, revocation, bankruptcy, or for any other reason, all records must be preserved at the expense of 18 the dispensing organization for at least 3 years in a form and 19 20 location in Illinois acceptable to the Commission Department. 21 The dispensing organization shall keep the records longer if 22 requested by the Commission Department. The dispensing 23 organization shall notify the Commission Department of the 24 location where the dispensary records are stored
- 26 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)

transferred.

- 1 (410 ILCS 705/15-120)
- 2 Sec. 15-120. Closure of a dispensary. (a) If a
- 3 dispensing organization decides not to renew its license or
- 4 decides to close its business, it shall promptly notify the
- 5 Commission Department not less than 3 months before the
- 6 effective date of the closing date or as otherwise authorized
- 7 by the Commission Department.
- 8 (b) The dispensing organization shall work with the
- 9 Commission Department to develop a closure plan that
- 10 addresses, at a minimum, the transfer of business records,
- 11 transfer of cannabis products, and anything else the
- 12 Commission Department finds necessary.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 14 (410 ILCS 705/15-125)
- Sec. 15-125. Fees. After January 1, 2022, the Commission
- 16 Department may by rule modify any fee established under this
- 17 Article.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 19 (410 ILCS 705/15-135)
- Sec. 15-135. Investigations.
- 21 (a) Dispensing organizations are subject to random and
- 22 unannounced dispensary inspections and cannabis testing by the
- 23 Commission Department, the Illinois State Police, local law

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- 1 enforcement, or as provided by rule.
- 2 and its authorized (b) The Commission Department representatives may enter any place, including a vehicle, in 3 which cannabis is held, stored, dispensed, sold, produced, 4 delivered, transported, manufactured, or disposed of and 5 inspect, in a reasonable manner, the place and all pertinent 6 7 equipment, containers and labeling, and all things including 8 records, files, financial data, sales data, shipping data, 9 pricing data, personnel data, research, papers, processes, 10 controls, and facility, and inventory any stock of cannabis 11 and obtain samples of any cannabis or cannabis-infused 12 product, any labels or containers for cannabis, paraphernalia. 13
 - (c) The <u>Commission</u> Department may conduct an investigation of an applicant, application, dispensing organization, principal officer, dispensary agent, third party vendor, or any other party associated with a dispensing organization for an alleged violation of this Act or rules or to determine qualifications to be granted a registration by the <u>Commission</u> Department.
 - (d) The <u>Commission</u> Department may require an applicant or holder of any license issued pursuant to this Article to produce documents, records, or any other material pertinent to the investigation of an application or alleged violations of this Act or rules. Failure to provide the required material may be grounds for denial or discipline.

- (e) Every person charged with preparation, obtaining, or 1 2 keeping records, logs, reports, or other documents in connection with this Act and rules and every person in charge, 3 or having custody, of those documents shall, upon request by 5 the Commission Department, make the documents immediately available for inspection and copying by the Commission 6 7 Department, the Commission's Department's authorized representative, or others authorized by law to review the 8 9 documents.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-98, eff. 7-15-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)
- 12 (410 ILCS 705/15-140)

Sec. 15-140. Citations. The Commission Department may 1.3 14 issue nondisciplinary citations for minor violations. Any such 15 citation issued by the Commission Department 16 accompanied by a fee. The fee shall not exceed \$20,000 per violation. The citation shall be issued to the licensee and 17 shall contain the licensee's name and address, the licensee's 18 license number, a brief factual statement, the Sections of the 19 20 law allegedly violated, and the fee, if any, imposed. The 21 citation must clearly state that the licensee may choose, in 22 lieu of accepting the citation, to request a hearing. If the licensee does not dispute the matter in the citation with the 23 24 Commission Department within 30 days after the citation is 25 served, then the citation shall become final and not subject

- 1 to appeal. The penalty shall be a fee or other conditions as
- 2 established by rule.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 4 (410 ILCS 705/15-145)
- 5 Sec. 15-145. Grounds for discipline. (a) The
- 6 <u>Commission</u> Department may deny issuance, refuse to renew or
- 7 restore, or may reprimand, place on probation, suspend,
- 8 revoke, or take other disciplinary or nondisciplinary action
- 9 against any license or agent identification card or may impose
- 10 a fine for any of the following:
- 11 (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to
- 12 the <u>Commission</u> Department;
- 13 (2) Violations of this Act or rules;
- 14 (3) Obtaining an authorization or license by fraud or
- 15 misrepresentation;
- 16 (4) A pattern of conduct that demonstrates
- incompetence or that the applicant has engaged in conduct
- or actions that would constitute grounds for discipline
- 19 under this Act;
- 20 (5) Aiding or assisting another person in violating
- 21 any provision of this Act or rules;
- 22 (6) Failing to respond to a written request for
- 23 information by the Commission Department within 30 days;
- 24 (7) Engaging in unprofessional, dishonorable, or
- 25 unethical conduct of a character likely to deceive,

- defraud, or harm the public;
 - (8) Adverse action by another United States jurisdiction or foreign nation;
 - (9) A finding by the <u>Commission</u> Department that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on suspended or probationary status, has violated the terms of the suspension or probation;
 - (10) Conviction, entry of a plea of guilty, nolo contendere, or the equivalent in a State or federal court of a principal officer or agent-in-charge of a felony offense in accordance with Sections 2105-131, 2105-135, and 2105-205 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois;
 - (11) Excessive use of or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug;
 - (12) A finding by the <u>Commission</u> Department of a discrepancy in a Commission Department audit of cannabis;
 - (13) A finding by the <u>Commission</u> Department of a discrepancy in a <u>Commission</u> Department audit of capital or funds;
 - (14) A finding by the <u>Commission</u> Department of acceptance of cannabis from a source other than an Adult Use Cultivation Center, craft grower, infuser, or transporting organization licensed by the Department of Agriculture, or a dispensing organization licensed by the

<u>Commission</u> Department;

- (15) An inability to operate using reasonable judgment, skill, or safety due to physical or mental illness or other impairment or disability, including, without limitation, deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skills or mental incompetence;
- (16) Failing to report to the <u>Commission</u> Department within the time frames established, or if not identified, 14 days, of any adverse action taken against the dispensing organization or an agent by a licensing jurisdiction in any state or any territory of the United States or any foreign jurisdiction, any governmental agency, any law enforcement agency or any court defined in this Section;
- (17) Any violation of the dispensing organization's policies and procedures submitted to the <u>Commission</u>

 Department annually as a condition for licensure;
- (18) Failure to inform the <u>Commission</u> Department of any change of address within 10 business days;
- (19) Disclosing customer names, personal information, or protected health information in violation of any State or federal law;
- (20) Operating a dispensary before obtaining a license from the Commission Department;
- (21) Performing duties authorized by this Act prior to receiving a license to perform such duties;

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1	(22)	Dispensing	cannabis	when	prohibited	bу	this	Act
2	or rules;							

- (23) Any fact or condition that, if it had existed at the time of the original application for the license, would have warranted the denial of the license;
- (24) Permitting a person without a valid agent identification card to perform licensed activities under this Act;
- (25) Failure to assign an agent-in-charge as required by this Article;
- (26) Failure to provide the training required by paragraph (3) of subsection (i) of Section 15-40 within the provided timeframe;
- (27) Personnel insufficient in number or unqualified in training or experience to properly operate the dispensary business;
- (28) Any pattern of activity that causes a harmful impact on the community; and
- 19 (29) Failing to prevent diversion, theft, or loss of cannabis.
 - (b) All fines and fees imposed under this Section shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the fine or as otherwise specified in the order.
- 24 (c) A circuit court order establishing that an 25 agent-in-charge or principal officer holding an agent 26 identification card is subject to involuntary admission as

- 1 that term is defined in Section 1-119 or 1-119.1 of the Mental
- 2 Health and Developmental Disabilities Code shall operate as a
- 3 suspension of that card.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 5 (410 ILCS 705/15-150)
- 6 Sec. 15-150. Temporary suspension.
- 7 (a) The <u>Commission Secretary of Financial and Professional</u>
 8 Regulation may temporarily suspend a dispensing organization
 9 license or an agent registration without a hearing if the
 10 <u>Commission Secretary</u> finds that public safety or welfare
- 11 requires emergency action. The <u>Commission</u> Secretary shall
- 12 cause the temporary suspension by issuing a suspension notice
- in connection with the institution of proceedings for a
- 14 hearing.
- 15 (b) If the <u>Commission</u> Secretary temporarily suspends a
- license or agent registration without a hearing, the licensee
- or agent is entitled to a hearing within 45 days after the
- 18 suspension notice has been issued. The hearing shall be
- 19 limited to the issues cited in the suspension notice, unless
- 20 all parties agree otherwise.
- 21 (c) If the <u>Commission</u> Department does not hold a hearing
- 22 with 45 days after the date the suspension notice was issued,
- 23 then the suspended license or registration shall be
- 24 automatically reinstated and the suspension vacated.
- 25 (d) The suspended licensee or agent may seek a continuance

- of the hearing date, during which time the suspension remains
- 2 in effect and the license or registration shall not be
- 3 automatically reinstated.
- 4 (e) Subsequently discovered causes of action by the
- 5 Commission Department after the issuance of the suspension
- 6 notice may be filed as a separate notice of violation. The
- 7 Commission Department is not precluded from filing a separate
- 8 action against the suspended licensee or agent.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 10 (410 ILCS 705/15-155)
- 11 Sec. 15-155. Unlicensed practice; violation; civil
- 12 penalty. (a) In addition to any other penalty provided by
- law, any person who practices, offers to practice, attempts to
- 14 practice, or holds oneself out to practice as a licensed
- 15 dispensing organization owner, principal officer,
- 16 agent-in-charge, or agent without being licensed under this
- 17 Act shall, in addition to any other penalty provided by law,
- 18 pay a civil penalty to the Commission Department of Financial
- 19 and Professional Regulation in an amount not to exceed \$10,000
- for each offense as determined by the Commission Department.
- 21 The civil penalty shall be assessed by the Commission
- 22 Department after a hearing is held in accordance with the
- 23 provisions set forth in this Act regarding the provision of a
- 24 hearing for the discipline of a licensee.
- 25 (b) The Commission Department has the authority and power

- 1 to investigate any and all unlicensed activity.
- 2 (c) The civil penalty shall be paid within 60 days after
- 3 the effective date of the order imposing the civil penalty or
- 4 in accordance with the order imposing the civil penalty. The
- 5 order shall constitute a judgment and may be filed and
- 6 execution had thereon in the same manner as any judgment from
- 7 any court of this State.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 9 (410 ILCS 705/15-160)
- Sec. 15-160. Notice; hearing.
- 11 (a) The <u>Commission</u> Department shall, before disciplining
- 12 an applicant or licensee, at least 30 days before the date set
- 13 for the hearing: (i) notify the accused in writing of the
- 14 charges made and the time and place for the hearing on the
- 15 charges; (ii) direct him or her to file a written answer to the
- 16 charges under oath within 20 days after service; and (iii)
- 17 inform the applicant or licensee that failure to answer will
- 18 result in a default being entered against the applicant or
- 19 licensee.
- 20 (b) At the time and place fixed in the notice, the hearing
- officer appointed by the Commission Secretary shall proceed to
- 22 hear the charges, and the parties or their counsel shall be
- 23 accorded ample opportunity to present any pertinent
- 24 statements, testimony, evidence, and arguments. The hearing
- officer may continue the hearing from time to time. In case the

- 1 person, after receiving the notice, fails to file an answer,
- 2 his or her license may, in the discretion of the Commission
- 3 Secretary, having first received the recommendation of the
- 4 hearing officer, be suspended, revoked, or placed on
- 5 probationary status, or be subject to whatever disciplinary
- 6 action the Commission Secretary considers proper, including a
- 7 fine, without hearing, if that act or acts charged constitute
- 8 sufficient grounds for that action under this Act.
- 9 (c) The written notice and any notice in the subsequent
- 10 proceeding may be served by regular mail or email to the
- 11 licensee's or applicant's address of record.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 13 (410 ILCS 705/15-165)
- 14 Sec. 15-165. Subpoenas; oaths. The Commission
- 15 Department shall have the power to subpoena and bring before
- 16 it any person and to take testimony either orally or by
- 17 deposition, or both, with the same fees and mileage and in the
- 18 same manner as prescribed by law in judicial proceedings in
- 19 civil cases in courts in this State. The Commission Secretary
- or the hearing officer shall each have the power to administer
- 21 oaths to witnesses at any hearings that the Commission
- 22 Department is authorized to conduct.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 24 (410 ILCS 705/15-170)

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- 1 Sec. 15-170. Hearing; motion for rehearing.
 - (a) The hearing officer shall hear evidence in support of the formal charges and evidence produced by the licensee. At the conclusion of the hearing, the hearing officer shall present to the <u>Commission Secretary</u> a written report of his or her findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations.
 - (b) At the conclusion of the hearing, a copy of the hearing officer's report shall be served upon the applicant or licensee by the Commission Department, either personally or as provided in this Act for the service of a notice of hearing. Within 20 calendar days after service, the applicant or licensee may present to the Commission Department a motion in writing for rehearing, which shall specify the particular grounds for rehearing. The Commission Department may respond to the motion for rehearing within 20 calendar days after its service on the Commission Department. If no motion for rehearing is filed, then, upon the expiration of the time specified for filing such motion or upon denial of a motion for rehearing, the Commission Secretary may enter an order in accordance with the recommendation of the hearing officer. If the applicant or licensee orders from the reporting service and pays for a transcript of the record within the time for filing a motion for rehearing, the 20-day period within which a motion may be filed shall commence upon the delivery of the transcript to the applicant or licensee.
 - (c) If the Commission Secretary disagrees in any regard

- with the report of the hearing officer, the <u>Commission</u>

 Secretary may issue an order contrary to the report.
- (d) Whenever the <u>Commission</u> Secretary is not satisfied that substantial justice has been done, the <u>Commission</u>

 Secretary may order a rehearing by the same or another hearing officer.
- 7 (e) At any point in any investigation or disciplinary
 8 proceeding under in this Article, both parties may agree to a
 9 negotiated consent order. The consent order shall be final
 10 upon signature of the Commission Secretary.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 12 (410 ILCS 705/15-175)

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- 13 Sec. 15-175. Review under the Administrative Review Law.
- 14 (a) All final administrative decisions of the <u>Commission</u>
 15 Department hereunder shall be subject to judicial review under
 16 the provisions of the Administrative Review Law, and all
 17 amendment and modifications thereof. The term "administrative
 18 decision" is defined as in Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil
 19 Procedure.
 - (b) Proceedings for judicial review shall be commenced in the circuit court of the county in which the party applying for review resides, but if the party is not a resident of Illinois, the venue shall be in Sangamon County.
- 24 (c) The <u>Commission</u> Department shall not be required to 25 certify any record to the court, file any answer in court, or

- 1 otherwise appear in any court in a judicial review proceeding,
- 2 unless and until the Commission Department has received from
- 3 the plaintiff payment of the costs of furnishing and
- 4 certifying the record, which costs shall be determined by the
- 5 Commission Department. Failure on the part of the plaintiff to
- 6 file a receipt in court shall be grounds for dismissal of the
- 7 action.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 9 (410 ILCS 705/20-1)
- 10 Sec. 20-1. Definition. In this Article: 7
- "Commission" means the Cannabis Equity and Oversight
- 12 Commission.
- 13 "Department" means the Department of Agriculture.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 15 (410 ILCS 705/20-5)
- Sec. 20-5. Issuance of licenses. On or after July 1, 2021,
- 17 the Commission Department of Agriculture by rule may:
- 18 (1) Modify or change the number of cultivation center
- 19 licenses available, which shall at no time exceed 30
- 20 cultivation center licenses. In determining whether to
- 21 exercise the authority granted by this subsection, the
- 22 <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture must consider the
- following factors:
- 24 (A) The percentage of cannabis sales occurring in

Illinois not in the regulated market using data from
the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services
Administration, National Survey on Drug Use and
Health, Illinois Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance
System, and tourism data from the Illinois Office of
Tourism to ascertain total cannabis consumption in
Illinois compared to the amount of sales in licensed
dispensing organizations;

- (B) Whether there is an adequate supply of cannabis and cannabis-infused products to serve registered medical cannabis patients;
- (C) Whether there is an adequate supply of cannabis and cannabis-infused products to serve purchasers;
- (D) Whether there is an oversupply of cannabis in Illinois leading to trafficking of cannabis to any other state;
 - (E) Population increases or shifts;
 - (F) Changes to federal law;
- (G) Perceived security risks of increasing the number or location of cultivation centers;
- (H) The past security records of cultivation centers;
- (I) The <u>Commission's</u> Department of Agriculture's capacity to appropriately regulate additional licensees;

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1	(J) The findings and recommendations from the
2	disparity and availability study commissioned by the
3	Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer
1	referenced in subsection (e) of Section 5-45 or by the
ō	<u>Commission</u> to reduce or eliminate any identified
5	barriers to entry in the cannabis industry; and

- (K) Any other criteria the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture deems relevant.
- (2) Modify or change the licensing application process to reduce or eliminate the barriers identified in the disparity and availability study commission by the Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer or by the Commission and shall make modifications to remedy evidence of discrimination.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 16 (410 ILCS 705/20-10)
- 17 Sec. 20-10. Early Approval of Adult Use Cultivation Center 18 License.
- in good standing under the Compassionate Use of Medical
 Cannabis Program Act as of <u>June 25, 2019</u> (the effective date of
 <u>Public Act 101-27</u>) this Act may, within 60 days of <u>June 25,</u>
 23 <u>2019</u> the effective date of this Act but no later than <u>December</u>
 24 <u>22, 2019</u> 180 days from the effective date of this Act, apply to
 25 the Department of Agriculture for an Early Approval Adult Use

1	Cultivati	on Cen	ter Lic	ense	to	produce	e cannabis	}	and
2	cannabis-	infused	products	at	its	existing	facilities	as	of
3	June 25.	2019 the	effective	e dat	c of	this Act.			

- (b) A medical cannabis cultivation center seeking issuance of an Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License shall submit an application on forms provided by the Department of Agriculture. The application must meet or include the following qualifications:
 - (1) Payment of a nonrefundable application fee of \$100,000 to be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund;
 - (2) Proof of registration as a medical cannabis cultivation center that is in good standing;
 - (3) Submission of the application by the same person or entity that holds the medical cannabis cultivation center registration;
 - (4) Certification that the applicant will comply with the requirements of Section 20-30;
 - (5) The legal name of the cultivation center;
 - (6) The physical address of the cultivation center;
 - (7) The name, address, social security number, and date of birth of each principal officer and board member of the cultivation center; each of those individuals shall be at least 21 years of age;
 - (8) A nonrefundable Cannabis Business Development Fee equal to 5% of the cultivation center's total sales

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1	between June 1, 2018 to June 1, 2019 or \$750,000,
2	whichever is less, but at not less than \$250,000, to be
3	deposited into the Cannabis Business Development Fund; and
4	(9) A commitment to completing one of the following
5	Social Equity Inclusion Plans provided for in this
6	subsection (b) before the expiration of the Early Approval
7	Adult Use Cultivation Center License:
8	(A) A contribution of 5% of the cultivation
9	center's total sales from June 1, 2018 to June 1, 2019,
10	or \$100,000, whichever is less, to one of the
11	following:
12	(i) the Cannabis Business Development Fund.
13	This is in addition to the fee required by item (8)
14	of this subsection (b);
15	(ii) a cannabis industry training or education
16	program at an Illinois community college as
17	defined in the Public Community College Act;
18	(iii) a program that provides job training
19	services to persons recently incarcerated or that
20	operates in a Disproportionately Impacted Area.
21	(B) Participate as a host in a cannabis business
22	incubator program for at least one year approved by
23	the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity,
24	and in which an Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation

Center License holder agrees to provide a loan of at

least \$100,000 and mentorship to incubate, for at

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least a year, a Social Equity Applicant intending to seek a license or a licensee that qualifies as a Social Equity Applicant. As used in this Section, "incubate" providing direct financial assistance and training necessary to engage in licensed cannabis industry activity similar to that of the licensee. The Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License holder or the same entity holding any other licenses issued pursuant to this Act shall not take an ownership stake of greater than 10% in any business receiving incubation services to comply with this subsection. If an Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License holder fails to find a business to incubate to comply with this subsection before its Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License expires, it may opt to meet the requirement of this subsection by completing another item from this subsection prior to the expiration of its Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License to avoid a penalty.

(c) An Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License is valid until March 31, 2021. A cultivation center that obtains an Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License shall receive written or electronic notice 90 days before the expiration of the license that the license will expire, and inform the license holder that it may renew its Early Approval

- 1 Adult Use Cultivation Center License. The Department of
- 2 Agriculture shall grant a renewal of an Early Approval Adult
- 3 Use Cultivation Center License within 60 days of submission of
- 4 an application if:

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- 5 (1) the cultivation center submits an application and 6 the required renewal fee of \$100,000 for an Early Approval
- 7 Adult Use Cultivation Center License;
 - (2) the Department of Agriculture has not suspended the license of the cultivation center or suspended or revoked the license for violating this Act or rules adopted under this Act; and
- 12 (3) the cultivation center has completed a Social
 13 Equity Inclusion Plan as required by item (9) of
 14 subsection (b) of this Section.
- 15 (c-5) The Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center 16 License renewed pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section 17 shall expire March 31, 2022. The Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center Licensee shall receive 18 written 19 electronic notice 90 days before the expiration of the license 20 that the license will expire, and inform the license holder that it may apply for an Adult Use Cultivation Center License. 21
- The Department of Agriculture shall grant an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License within 60 days of an
- 24 application being deemed complete if the applicant meets all
- of the criteria in Section 20-21.
- 26 (d) The license fee required by paragraph (1) of

- subsection (c) of this Section shall be in addition to any license fee required for the renewal of a registered medical cannabis cultivation center license that expires during the effective period of the Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License.
 - (e) Applicants must submit all required information, including the requirements in subsection (b) of this Section, to the Department of Agriculture. Failure by an applicant to submit all required information may result in the application being disqualified.
 - (f) If the Department of Agriculture receives an application with missing information, the Department may issue a deficiency notice to the applicant. The applicant shall have 10 calendar days from the date of the deficiency notice to submit complete information. Applications that are still incomplete after this opportunity to cure may be disqualified.
 - (g) If an applicant meets all the requirements of subsection (b) of this Section, the Department of Agriculture shall issue the Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License within 14 days of receiving the application unless:
 - (1) The licensee; principal officer, board member, or person having a financial or voting interest of 5% or greater in the licensee; or agent is delinquent in filing any required tax returns or paying any amounts owed to the State of Illinois;
 - (2) The Director of Agriculture determines there is

- reason, based on an inordinate number of documented compliance violations, the licensee is not entitled to an Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License; or
 - (3) The licensee fails to commit to the Social Equity Inclusion Plan.
 - (h) A cultivation center may begin producing cannabis and cannabis-infused products once the Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License is approved. A cultivation center that obtains an Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License may begin selling cannabis and cannabis-infused products on December 1, 2019.
 - (i) An Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License holder must continue to produce and provide an adequate supply of cannabis and cannabis-infused products for purchase by qualifying patients and caregivers. For the purposes of this subsection, "adequate supply" means a monthly production level that is comparable in type and quantity to those medical cannabis products produced for patients and caregivers on an average monthly basis for the 6 months before the effective date of this Act.
 - (j) If there is a shortage of cannabis or cannabis-infused products, a license holder shall prioritize patients registered under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act over adult use purchasers.
- 25 (k) If an Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center 26 licensee fails to submit an application for an Adult Use

- Cultivation Center License before the expiration of the Early
 Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License pursuant to
- 3 subsection (c-5) of this Section, the cultivation center shall
- 4 cease adult use cultivation until it receives an Adult Use
- 5 Cultivation Center License.
- 6 (1) A cultivation center agent who holds a valid
- 7 cultivation center agent identification card issued under the
- 8 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act and is an
- 9 officer, director, manager, or employee of the cultivation
- 10 center licensed under this Section may engage in all
- 11 activities authorized by this Article to be performed by a
- 12 cultivation center agent.
- 13 (m) If the Department of Agriculture suspends or revokes
- 14 the Early Approval Adult Use Cultivation Center License of a
- 15 cultivation center that also holds a medical cannabis
- 16 cultivation center license issued under the Compassionate Use
- of Medical Cannabis Program Act, the Department of Agriculture
- 18 may suspend or revoke the medical cannabis cultivation center
- 19 license concurrently with the Early Approval Adult Use
- 20 Cultivation Center License.
- 21 (n) All fees or fines collected from an Early Approval
- 22 Adult Use Cultivation Center License holder as a result of a
- 23 disciplinary action in the enforcement of this Act shall be
- deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

- 2 Sec. 20-15. Conditional Adult Use Cultivation Center 3 application.
 - (a) If the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture makes available additional cultivation center licenses pursuant to Section 20-5, applicants for a Conditional Adult Use Cultivation Center License shall electronically submit the following in such form as the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture may direct:
 - (1) the nonrefundable application fee set by rule by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture, to be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund;
 - (2) the legal name of the cultivation center;
 - (3) the proposed physical address of the cultivation center;
 - (4) the name, address, social security number, and date of birth of each principal officer and board member of the cultivation center; each principal officer and board member shall be at least 21 years of age;
 - (5) the details of any administrative or judicial proceeding in which any of the principal officers or board members of the cultivation center (i) pled guilty, were convicted, were fined, or had a registration or license suspended or revoked, or (ii) managed or served on the board of a business or non-profit organization that pled guilty, was convicted, was fined, or had a registration or

license suspended or revoked;

- (6) proposed operating bylaws that include procedures for the oversight of the cultivation center, including the development and implementation of a plant monitoring system, accurate recordkeeping, staffing plan, and security plan approved by the Illinois State Police that are in accordance with the rules issued by the Commission Department of Agriculture under this Act. A physical inventory shall be performed of all plants and cannabis on a weekly basis by the cultivation center;
- (7) verification from the Illinois State Police that all background checks of the prospective principal officers, board members, and agents of the cannabis business establishment have been conducted;
- (8) a copy of the current local zoning ordinance or permit and verification that the proposed cultivation center is in compliance with the local zoning rules and distance limitations established by the local jurisdiction;
- (9) proposed employment practices, in which the applicant must demonstrate a plan of action to inform, hire, and educate minorities, women, veterans, and persons with disabilities, engage in fair labor practices, and provide worker protections;
- (10) whether an applicant can demonstrate experience in or business practices that promote economic empowerment

in Disproportionately Impacted Areas;

- (11) experience with the cultivation of agricultural or horticultural products, operating an agriculturally related business, or operating a horticultural business;
- (12) a description of the enclosed, locked facility where cannabis will be grown, harvested, manufactured, processed, packaged, or otherwise prepared for distribution to a dispensing organization;
- (13) a survey of the enclosed, locked facility, including the space used for cultivation;
- (14) cultivation, processing, inventory, and packaging plans;
- (15) a description of the applicant's experience with agricultural cultivation techniques and industry standards;
- (16) a list of any academic degrees, certifications, or relevant experience of all prospective principal officers, board members, and agents of the related business;
- (17) the identity of every person having a financial or voting interest of 5% or greater in the cultivation center operation with respect to which the license is sought, whether a trust, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or sole proprietorship, including the name and address of each person;
 - (18) a plan describing how the cultivation center will

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1	address each of the following:
2	(i) energy needs, including estimates of monthly
3	electricity and gas usage, to what extent it will
4	procure energy from a local utility or from on-site
5	generation, and if it has or will adopt a sustainable
6	energy use and energy conservation policy;
7	(ii) water needs, including estimated water draw
8	and if it has or will adopt a sustainable water use and
9	water conservation policy; and
10	(iii) waste management, including if it has or
11	will adopt a waste reduction policy;
12	(19) a diversity plan that includes a narrative of not
13	more than 2,500 words that establishes a goal of diversity
14	in ownership, management, employment, and contracting to
15	ensure that diverse participants and groups are afforded
16	equality of opportunity;
17	(20) any other information required by rule;
18	(21) a recycling plan:
19	(A) Purchaser packaging, including cartridges,
20	shall be accepted by the applicant and recycled.
21	(B) Any recyclable waste generated by the cannabis
22	cultivation facility shall be recycled per applicable
23	State and local laws, ordinances, and rules.
24	(C) Any cannabis waste, liquid waste, or hazardous

waste shall be disposed of in accordance with 8 Ill.

Adm. Code 1000.460, except, to the greatest extent

feasible, all cannabis plant waste will be rendered
unusable by grinding and incorporating the cannabis
plant waste with compostable mixed waste to be
disposed of in accordance with 8 Ill. Adm. Code
1000.460(g)(1);

- (22) commitment to comply with local waste provisions: a cultivation facility must remain in compliance with applicable State and federal environmental requirements, including, but not limited to:
 - (A) storing, securing, and managing all recyclables and waste, including organic waste composed of or containing finished cannabis and cannabis products, in accordance with applicable State and local laws, ordinances, and rules; and
 - (B) disposing liquid waste containing cannabis or byproducts of cannabis processing in compliance with all applicable State and federal requirements, including, but not limited to, the cannabis cultivation facility's permits under Title X of the Environmental Protection Act; and
- (23) a commitment to a technology standard for resource efficiency of the cultivation center facility.
 - (A) A cannabis cultivation facility commits to use resources efficiently, including energy and water. For the following, a cannabis cultivation facility commits to meet or exceed the technology standard identified

1	in items (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv), which may be
2	modified by rule:
3	(i) lighting systems, including light bulbs;
4	(ii) HVAC system;
5	(iii) water application system to the crop;
6	and
7	(iv) filtration system for removing
8	contaminants from wastewater.
9	(B) Lighting. The Lighting Power Densities (LPD)
10	for cultivation space commits to not exceed an average
11	of 36 watts per gross square foot of active and growing
12	space canopy, or all installed lighting technology
13	shall meet a photosynthetic photon efficacy (PPE) of
14	no less than 2.2 micromoles per joule fixture and
15	shall be featured on the DesignLights Consortium (DLC)
16	Horticultural Specification Qualified Products List
17	(QPL). In the event that DLC requirement for minimum
18	efficacy exceeds 2.2 micromoles per joule fixture,
19	that PPE shall become the new standard.
20	(C) HVAC.
21	(i) For cannabis grow operations with less
22	than 6,000 square feet of canopy, the licensee
23	commits that all HVAC units will be
24	high-efficiency ductless split HVAC units, or
25	other more energy efficient equipment.

(ii) For cannabis grow operations with 6,000

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square feet of canopy or more, the licensee 1 2 commits that all HVAC units will be variable 3 refrigerant flow HVAC units, or other more energy efficient equipment.

- (D) Water application.
- (i) The cannabis cultivation facility commits to use automated watering systems, including, but not limited to, drip irrigation and flood tables, to irrigate cannabis crop.
- (ii) The cannabis cultivation facility commits to measure runoff from watering events and report this volume in its water usage plan, and that on average, watering events shall have no more than 20% of runoff of water.
- (E) Filtration. The cultivator commits that HVAC condensate, dehumidification water, excess runoff, and other wastewater produced by the cannabis cultivation facility shall be captured and filtered to the best of the facility's ability to achieve the quality needed to be reused in subsequent watering rounds.
- (F) Reporting energy use and efficiency as required by rule.
- Applicants must submit all required information, including the information required in Section 20-10, to the Commission Department of Agriculture. Failure by an applicant submit all required information may result in the

- application being disqualified. 1
- 2 (c) If the Commission Department of Agriculture receives 3 application with missing information, the Commission Department of Agriculture may issue a deficiency notice to the 5 applicant. The applicant shall have 10 calendar days from the date of the deficiency notice to resubmit the incomplete 6 7 information. Applications that are still incomplete after this 8 opportunity to cure will not be scored and will 9 disqualified.
- 10 (e) A cultivation center that is awarded a Conditional 11 Adult Use Cultivation Center License pursuant to the criteria 12 in Section 20-20 shall not grow, purchase, possess, or sell cannabis or cannabis-infused products until the person has 13 received an Adult Use Cultivation Center License issued by the 14 15 Commission Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 20-21 of this Act.
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- 17 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.) 18
- 19 (410 ILCS 705/20-21)
- 20 Sec. 20-21. Adult Use Cultivation Center License.
- 21 (a) A person or entity is only eligible to receive an Adult 22 Use Cultivation Center License if the person or entity has first been awarded a Conditional Adult Use Cultivation Center 23 24 License pursuant to this Act or the person or entity has 25 renewed its Early Approval Cultivation Center License pursuant

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- 1 to subsection (c) of Section 20-10.
- 2 (b) The <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture shall not issue an Adult Use Cultivation Center License until:
- 4 (1) the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture has
 5 inspected the cultivation center site and proposed
 6 operations and verified that they are in compliance with
 7 this Act and local zoning laws;
 - (2) the Conditional Adult Use Cultivation Center License holder has paid a registration fee of \$100,000 or a prorated amount accounting for the difference of time between when the Adult Use Cultivation Center License is issued and March 31 of the next even-numbered year; and
- 13 (3) The Conditional Adult Use Cultivation Center
 14 License holder has met all the requirements in the Act and
 15 rules.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 17 (410 ILCS 705/20-30)
- 18 Sec. 20-30. Cultivation center requirements; prohibitions.
- 19 (a) The operating documents of a cultivation center shall
 20 include procedures for the oversight of the cultivation
 21 center, a cannabis plant monitoring system including a
 22 physical inventory recorded weekly, accurate recordkeeping,
- 23 and a staffing plan.
- 24 (b) A cultivation center shall implement a security plan 25 reviewed by the Illinois State Police that includes, but is

- not limited to: facility access controls, perimeter intrusion detection systems, personnel identification systems, 24-hour surveillance system to monitor the interior and exterior of the cultivation center facility and accessibility to authorized law enforcement and the Commission, the Department of Public Health where processing takes place, and the Department of Agriculture in real time.
 - (c) All cultivation of cannabis by a cultivation center must take place in an enclosed, locked facility at the physical address provided to the <u>Commission Department of Agriculture</u> during the licensing process. The cultivation center location shall only be accessed by the agents working for the cultivation center, the <u>Commission Department of Agriculture</u> staff performing inspections, the Department of Public Health staff performing inspections, local and State law enforcement or other emergency personnel, contractors working on jobs unrelated to cannabis, such as installing or maintaining security devices or performing electrical wiring, transporting organization agents as provided in this Act, individuals in a mentoring or educational program approved by the State, or other individuals as provided by rule.
 - (d) A cultivation center may not sell or distribute any cannabis or cannabis-infused products to any person other than a dispensing organization, craft grower, infuser organization, transporter, or as otherwise authorized by rule.
 - (e) A cultivation center may not either directly or

- indirectly discriminate in price between different dispensing organizations, craft growers, or infuser organizations that are purchasing a like grade, strain, brand, and quality of cannabis or cannabis-infused product. Nothing in this subsection (e) prevents a cultivation center from pricing cannabis differently based on differences in the cost of manufacturing or processing, the quantities sold, such as volume discounts, or the way the products are delivered.
 - (f) All cannabis harvested by a cultivation center and intended for distribution to a dispensing organization must be entered into a data collection system, packaged and labeled under Section 55-21, and placed into a cannabis container for transport. All cannabis harvested by a cultivation center and intended for distribution to a craft grower or infuser organization must be packaged in a labeled cannabis container and entered into a data collection system before transport.
 - (g) Cultivation centers are subject to random inspections by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture, the Department of Public Health, local safety or health inspectors, the Illinois State Police, or as provided by rule.
 - (h) A cultivation center agent shall notify local law enforcement, the Illinois State Police, and the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture within 24 hours of the discovery of any loss or theft. Notification shall be made by phone or in person, or by written or electronic communication.
 - (i) A cultivation center shall comply with all State and

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- any applicable federal rules and regulations regarding the use of pesticides on cannabis plants.
- (j) No person or entity shall hold any legal, equitable, 3 ownership, or beneficial interest, directly or indirectly, of 5 more than 3 cultivation centers licensed under this Article. Further, no person or entity that is employed by, an agent of, 6 7 has a contract to receive payment in any form from a cultivation center, is a principal officer of a cultivation 8 9 center, or entity controlled by or affiliated with a principal 10 officer of a cultivation shall hold any legal, equitable, 11 ownership, or beneficial interest, directly or indirectly, in 12 a cultivation that would result in the person or entity owning or controlling in combination with any cultivation center, 13 14 principal officer of a cultivation center, or entity 15 controlled or affiliated with a principal officer of a 16 cultivation center by which he, she, or it is employed, is an 17 agent of, or participates in the management of, more than 3 cultivation center licenses. 18
 - (k) A cultivation center may not contain more than 210,000 square feet of canopy space for plants in the flowering stage for cultivation of adult use cannabis as provided in this Act.
 - (1) A cultivation center may process cannabis, cannabis concentrates, and cannabis-infused products.
 - (m) Beginning July 1, 2020, a cultivation center shall not transport cannabis or cannabis-infused products to a craft grower, dispensing organization, infuser organization, or

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1 laboratory licensed under this Act, unless it has obtained a
2 transporting organization license.

It is unlawful for any person having a cultivation license any officer, associate, or member, representative, or agent of such licensee to offer or deliver money, or anything else of value, directly or indirectly to any person having an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, or to any person connected with or in any way representing, or to any member of the family of, such person holding an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, or to any stockholders in any corporation engaged in the retail sale of cannabis, or to any officer, manager, agent, representative of the Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act to obtain preferential placement within the dispensing

- 1 organization, including, without limitation, on shelves and in
- 2 display cases where purchasers can view products, or on the
- 3 dispensing organization's website.
- 4 (o) A cultivation center must comply with any other
- 5 requirements or prohibitions set by administrative rule of the
- 6 <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 8 102-98, eff. 7-15-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff.
- 9 5-13-22.)
- 10 (410 ILCS 705/20-55)
- 11 Sec. 20-55. Disclosure of ownership and control.
- 12 (a) Each Adult Use Cultivation Center applicant and
- 13 license holder shall file and maintain a Table of
- 14 Organization, Ownership, and Control with the Commission
- 15 Department. The Table of Organization, Ownership, and Control
- 16 shall contain the information required by this Section in
- 17 sufficient detail to identify all owners, directors, and
- 18 principal officers, and the title of each principal officer or
- 19 business entity that, through direct or indirect means,
- 20 manages, owns, or controls the applicant or license holder.
- 21 (b) The Table of Organization, Ownership, and Control
- 22 shall identify the following information:
- 23 (1) The management structure, ownership, and control
- of the applicant or license holder including the name of
- 25 each principal officer or business entity, the office or

position held, and the percentage ownership interest, if any. If the business entity has a parent company, the name of each owner, board member, and officer of the parent company and his or her percentage ownership interest in the parent company and the Adult Use Cultivation Center.

- (2) If the applicant or licensee is a business entity with publicly traded stock, the identification of ownership shall be provided as required in subsection (c).
- (c) If a business entity identified in subsection (b) is a publicly traded company, the following information shall be provided in the Table of Organization, Ownership, and Control:
 - (1) The name and percentage of ownership interest of each individual or business entity with ownership of more than 5% of the voting shares of the entity, to the extent such information is known or contained in 13D or 13G Securities and Exchange Commission filings.
 - (2) To the extent known, the names and percentage of interest of ownership of persons who are relatives of one another and who together exercise control over or own more than 10% of the voting shares of the entity.
- (d) An Adult Use Cultivation Center with a parent company or companies, or partially owned or controlled by another entity must disclose to the <u>Commission</u> Department the relationship and all owners, board members, officers, or individuals with control or management of those entities. An Adult Use Cultivation Center shall not shield its ownership or

- 1 control from the Department.
- 2 (e) All principal officers must submit a complete online
 3 application with the <u>Commission Department</u> within 14 days of
 4 the Adult Use Cultivation Center being licensed by the
 5 <u>Commission Department</u> or within 14 days of <u>Commission</u>
 6 <u>Department</u> notice of approval as a new principal officer.
- 7 (f) A principal officer may not allow his or her 8 registration to expire.
 - (g) An Adult Use Cultivation Center separating with a principal officer must do so under this Act. The principal officer must communicate the separation to the <u>Commission</u>

 Department within 5 business days.
 - (h) A principal officer not in compliance with the requirements of this Act shall be removed from his or her position with the Adult Use Cultivation Center or shall otherwise terminate his or her affiliation. Failure to do so may subject the Adult Use Cultivation Center to discipline, suspension, or revocation of its license by the Commission Department.
 - (i) It is the responsibility of the Adult Use Cultivation Center and its principal officers to promptly notify the Commission Department of any change of the principal place of business address, hours of operation, change in ownership or control, or a change of the Adult Use Cultivation Center's primary or secondary contact information. Any changes must be made to the Commission Department in writing.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)
- 2 (410 ILCS 705/25-1)
- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2026)
- 4 Sec. 25-1. Definitions. In this Article:
- 5 "Board" means the Illinois Community College Board.
- 6 "Career in Cannabis Certificate" or "Certificate" means
- 7 the certification awarded to a community college student who
- 8 completes a prescribed course of study in cannabis and
- 9 cannabis business industry related classes and curriculum at a
- 10 community college awarded a Community College Cannabis
- 11 Vocational Pilot Program license.
- "Commission" means the Cannabis Equity and Oversight
- 13 Commission.
- "Community college" means a public community college
- organized under the Public Community College Act.
- 16 "Department" means the Department of Agriculture.
- "Licensee" means a community college awarded a Community
- 18 College Cannabis Vocational Pilot Program license under this
- 19 Article.
- 20 "Program" means the Community College Cannabis Vocational
- 21 Pilot Program.
- "Program license" means a Community College Cannabis
- 23 Vocational Pilot Program license issued to a community college
- 24 under this Article.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

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- 1 (410 ILCS 705/25-5)
- 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2026)
- 3 Sec. 25-5. Administration.
- 4 (a) The <u>Commission</u> Department shall establish and administer the Program in coordination with the Illinois Community College Board. The <u>Commission</u> Department may issue Program licenses to applicants that meet the requirements outlined in this Article.
 - (b) Beginning with the 2021-2022 academic year, and subject to subsection (h) of Section 2-12 of the Public Community College Act, community colleges awarded Program licenses may offer qualifying students a Career in Cannabis Certificate, which includes, but is not limited to, courses that allow participating students to work with, study, and grow live cannabis plants so as to prepare students for a career in the legal cannabis industry, and to instruct participating students on the best business practices, professional responsibility, and legal compliance of the cannabis business industry.
- 20 (c) The Board may issue rules pertaining to the provisions 21 in this Act.
- 22 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, 23 students shall be at least 18 years old in order to enroll in a 24 licensee's Career in Cannabis Certificate's prescribed course 25 of study.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)
- 2 (410 ILCS 705/25-10)
- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2026)
- 4 Sec. 25-10. Issuance of Community College Cannabis
- 5 Vocational Pilot Program licenses.
- 6 (a) The <u>Commission</u> Department shall issue rules regulating
- 7 the selection criteria for applicants by January 1, 2020. The
- 8 Commission Department shall make the application for a Program
- 9 license available no later than February 1, 2020, and shall
- 10 require that applicants submit the completed application no
- 11 later than July 1, 2020. If the Commission Department issues
- 12 fewer than 8 Program licenses by September 1, 2020, the
- 13 <u>Commission</u> Department may accept applications at a future date
- 14 as prescribed by rule.
- 15 (b) The Commission Department shall by rule develop a
- 16 system to score Program licenses to administratively rank
- applications based on the clarity, organization, and quality
- 18 of the applicant's responses to required information.
- 19 Applicants shall be awarded points that are based on or that
- 20 meet the following categories:
- 21 (1) Geographic diversity of the applicants;
- 22 (2) Experience and credentials of the applicant's
- 23 faculty;
- 24 (3) At least 5 Program license awardees must have a
- 25 student population that is more than 50% low-income in

- each of the past 4 years;
- 2 (4) Security plan, including a requirement that all cannabis plants be in an enclosed, locked facility;
- 4 (5) Curriculum plan, including processing and testing 5 curriculum for the Career in Cannabis Certificate;
- 6 (6) Career advising and placement plan for participating students; and
- 8 (7) Any other criteria the <u>Commission</u> Department may set by rule.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 11 (410 ILCS 705/25-15)
- 12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2026)
- 13 Sec. 25-15. Community College Cannabis Vocational Pilot
- 14 Program requirements and prohibitions.
- 15 (a) Licensees shall not have more than 50 flowering
- 16 cannabis plants at any one time.
- 17 (b) The agent-in-charge shall keep a vault log of the
- 18 licensee's enclosed, locked facility or facilities, including
- 19 but not limited to, the person entering the site location, the
- 20 time of entrance, the time of exit, and any other information
- 21 the Commission Department may set by rule.
- (c) Cannabis shall not be removed from the licensee's
- 23 facility, except for the limited purpose of shipping a sample
- 24 to a laboratory registered under this Act.
- 25 (d) The licensee shall limit keys, access cards, or an

- 1 access code to the licensee's enclosed, locked facility, or
- 2 facilities, to cannabis curriculum faculty and college
- 3 security personnel with a bona fide need to access the
- 4 facility for emergency purposes.
- 5 (e) A transporting organization may transport cannabis
- 6 produced pursuant to this Article to a laboratory registered
- 7 under this Act. All other cannabis produced by the licensee
- 8 that was not shipped to a registered laboratory shall be
- 9 destroyed within 5 weeks of being harvested.
- 10 (f) Licensees shall subscribe to the <u>Commission</u> Department
- of Agriculture's cannabis plant monitoring system.
- 12 (g) Licensees shall maintain a weekly inventory system.
- 13 (h) No student participating in the cannabis curriculum
- 14 necessary to obtain a Certificate may be in the licensee's
- 15 facility unless a faculty agent-in-charge is also physically
- 16 present in the facility.
- 17 (i) Licensees shall conduct post-certificate follow up
- 18 surveys and record participating students' job placements
- 19 within the cannabis business industry within a year of the
- 20 student's completion.
- 21 (j) The Illinois Community College Board shall report
- 22 annually to the Commission Department on the race, ethnicity,
- 23 and gender of all students participating in the cannabis
- 24 curriculum necessary to obtain a Certificate, and of those
- 25 students who obtain a Certificate.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)

- 1 (410 ILCS 705/25-25)
- 2 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2026)
- 3 Sec. 25-25. Enforcement.
- 4 (a) The <u>Commission</u> Department has the authority to suspend
- or revoke any faculty agent-in-charge or agent identification
- 6 card for any violation found under this Article.
- 7 (b) The <u>Commission</u> Department has the authority to suspend
- 8 or revoke any Program license for any violation found under
- 9 this Article.
- 10 (c) The Board shall revoke the authority to offer the
- 11 Certificate of any community college that has had its license
- 12 revoked by the Commission Department.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 14 (410 ILCS 705/25-30)
- 15 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2026)
- Sec. 25-30. Inspection rights.
- 17 (a) A licensee's enclosed, locked facilities are subject
- 18 to random inspections by the Commission Department, the
- 19 Illinois State Police, or as provided by rule.
- 20 (b) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to give the
- 21 Commission Department, the Illinois State Police, or any other
- 22 entity identified by rule under subsection (a) a right of
- 23 inspection or access to any location on the licensee's
- 24 premises beyond the facilities licensed under this Article.

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- 1 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-98, eff. 7-15-21;
- 2 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)
- 3 (410 ILCS 705/25-35)
- 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2026)
- 5 Sec. 25-35. Community College Cannabis Vocational Training
- 6 Pilot Program faculty participant agent identification card.
 - (a) The Commission Department shall:
 - (1) establish by rule the information required in an initial application or renewal application for an agent identification card submitted under this Article and the nonrefundable fee to accompany the initial application or renewal application;
 - (2) verify the information contained in an initial application or renewal application for an agent identification card submitted under this Article, and approve or deny an application within 30 days of receiving a completed initial application or renewal application and all supporting documentation required by rule;
 - (3) issue an agent identification card to a qualifying agent within 15 business days of approving the initial application or renewal application;
 - (4) enter the license number of the community college where the agent works; and
 - (5) allow for an electronic initial application and renewal application process, and provide a confirmation by

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1	electronic or other methods that an application has been
2	submitted. The Commission Each Department may by rule
3	require prospective agents to file their applications by
4	electronic means and to provide notices to the agents by
5	electronic means.

- 6 (b) An agent must keep his or her identification card
 7 visible at all times when in the enclosed, locked facility, or
 8 facilities for which he or she is an agent.
- 9 (c) The agent identification cards shall contain the following:
 - (1) the name of the cardholder;
- 12 (2) the date of issuance and expiration date of the identification card;
 - (3) a random 10-digit alphanumeric identification number containing at least 4 numbers and at least 4 letters that is unique to the holder;
 - (4) a photograph of the cardholder; and
- 18 (5) the legal name of the community college employing 19 the agent.
- 20 (d) An agent identification card shall be immediately 21 returned to the community college of the agent upon 22 termination of his or her employment.
- 23 (e) Any agent identification card lost shall be reported 24 to the Illinois State Police and the <u>Commission Department of</u> 25 Agriculture immediately upon discovery of the loss.
 - (f) An agent applicant may begin employment at a Community

- 1 College Cannabis Vocational Training Pilot Program while the
- 2 agent applicant's identification card application is pending.
- 3 Upon approval, the <u>Commission</u> Department shall issue the
- 4 agent's identification card to the agent. If denied, the
- 5 Community College Cannabis Vocational Training Pilot Program
- 6 and the agent applicant shall be notified and the agent
- 7 applicant must cease all activity at the Community College
- 8 Cannabis Vocational Training Pilot Program immediately.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-98, eff. 7-15-21;
- 10 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)
- 11 (410 ILCS 705/25-40)
- 12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2026)
- Sec. 25-40. Study. By December 31, 2025, the Commission
- 14 Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer, in
- 15 coordination with the Board, must issue a report to the
- Governor and the General Assembly which includes, but is not
- 17 limited to, the following:
- 18 (1) Number of security incidents or infractions at
- each licensee and any action taken or not taken;
- 20 (2) Statistics, based on race, ethnicity, gender, and
- 21 participating community college of:
- 22 (A) students enrolled in career in cannabis
- classes;
- 24 (B) successful completion rates by community
- college students for the Certificate;

- 1 (C) postgraduate job placement of students who
- 2 obtained a Certificate, including both cannabis
- 3 business establishment jobs and non-cannabis business
- 4 establishment jobs; and
- 5 (3) Any other relevant information.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 7 (410 ILCS 705/30-3)
- 8 Sec. 30-3. Definition. In this Article, "Commission" means
- 9 the Cannabis Equity and Oversight Commission.
- 10 "Department" means the Department of Agriculture.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 12 (410 ILCS 705/30-5)
- 13 Sec. 30-5. Issuance of licenses.
- 14 (a) The Commission Department of Agriculture shall issue
- up to 40 craft grower licenses by July 1, 2020. Any person or
- 16 entity awarded a license pursuant to this subsection shall
- only hold one craft grower license and may not sell that
- 18 license until after December 21, 2021.
- 19 (b) By December 21, 2021, the Commission Department of
- 20 Agriculture shall issue up to 60 additional craft grower
- 21 licenses. Any person or entity awarded a license pursuant to
- 22 this subsection shall not hold more than 2 craft grower
- licenses. The person or entity awarded a license pursuant to
- this subsection or subsection (a) of this Section may sell its

craft grower license subject to the restrictions of this Act or as determined by administrative rule. Prior to issuing such licenses, the Commission Department may adopt rules through emergency rulemaking in accordance with subsection (kk) of Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, to modify or raise the number of craft grower licenses and modify or change the licensing application process. The General Assembly finds that the adoption of rules to regulate cannabis use is deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare. In determining whether to exercise the authority granted by this subsection, the Commission Department of Agriculture must consider the following factors:

- (1) the percentage of cannabis sales occurring in Illinois not in the regulated market using data from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, Illinois Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, and tourism data from the Illinois Office of Tourism to ascertain total cannabis consumption in Illinois compared to the amount of sales in licensed dispensing organizations;
- (2) whether there is an adequate supply of cannabis and cannabis-infused products to serve registered medical cannabis patients;
- (3) whether there is an adequate supply of cannabis and cannabis-infused products to serve purchasers;

1	(4)	whether	there	is	an	ove	rsupp	ly	of	canna	bis.	in
2	Illinois	leading	to t	rafi	ficki	ing	of o	cann	nabis	to	sta ⁻	tes
3	where the	e sale of	canna	bis	is no	ot p	ermit	ted	. bv .	law;		

- (5) population increases or shifts;
- 5 (6) the density of craft growers in any area of the State;
 - (7) perceived security risks of increasing the number or location of craft growers;
 - (8) the past safety record of craft growers;
 - (9) the <u>Commission's</u> Department of Agriculture's capacity to appropriately regulate additional licensees;
 - (10) (blank); and
- 13 (11) any other criteria the <u>Commission</u> Department of
 14 Agriculture deems relevant.
 - Agriculture may by rule modify or raise the number of craft grower licenses and modify or change the licensing application process. At no time may the number of craft grower licenses exceed 150. Any person or entity awarded a license pursuant to this subsection shall not hold more than 3 craft grower licenses. A person or entity awarded a license pursuant to this subsection or subsection (a) or subsection (b) of this Section may sell its craft grower license or licenses subject to the restrictions of this Act or as determined by administrative rule.
 - (d) Upon the completion of the disparity and availability

- 1 study pertaining to craft growers the Commission by the
- 2 Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer pursuant to subsection
- 3 (e) of Section 5-45, the Department may modify or change the
- 4 licensing application process to reduce or eliminate barriers
- 5 from and remedy evidence of discrimination identified in the
- 6 disparity and availability study.
- 7 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
- 8 Commission shall have authority over licenses in this Section
- 9 that may be in various phases in the licensing process or are
- 10 eligible, pending, in the conditional phase, awarded, pending
- adjudication by a judicial process, or have otherwise not been
- awarded on and after July 1, 2022.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 14 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)
- 15 (410 ILCS 705/30-10)
- Sec. 30-10. Application.
- 17 (a) When applying for a license, the applicant shall
- 18 electronically submit the following in such form as the
- 19 Commission Department of Agriculture may direct:
- 20 (1) the nonrefundable application fee of \$5,000 to be
- 21 deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund, or another
- 22 amount as the Department of Agriculture may set by rule
- 23 <u>after January 1, 2021;</u>
- 24 (2) the legal name of the craft grower;
- 25 (3) the proposed physical address of the craft grower;

- (4) the name, address, social security number, and date of birth of each principal officer and board member of the craft grower; each principal officer and board member shall be at least 21 years of age;
- (5) the details of any administrative or judicial proceeding in which any of the principal officers or board members of the craft grower (i) pled guilty, were convicted, were fined, or had a registration or license suspended or revoked or (ii) managed or served on the board of a business or non-profit organization that pled guilty, was convicted, was fined, or had a registration or license suspended or revoked;
- (6) proposed operating bylaws that include procedures for the oversight of the craft grower, including the development and implementation of a plant monitoring system, accurate recordkeeping, staffing plan, and security plan approved by the Illinois State Police that are in accordance with the rules issued by the Commission Department of Agriculture under this Act; a physical inventory shall be performed of all plants and on a weekly basis by the craft grower;
- (7) verification from the Illinois State Police that all background checks of the prospective principal officers, board members, and agents of the cannabis business establishment have been conducted;
 - (8) a copy of the current local zoning ordinance or

permit and verification that the proposed craft grower is in compliance with the local zoning rules and distance limitations established by the local jurisdiction;

- (9) proposed employment practices, in which the applicant must demonstrate a plan of action to inform, hire, and educate minorities, women, veterans, and persons with disabilities, engage in fair labor practices, and provide worker protections;
- (10) whether an applicant can demonstrate experience in or business practices that promote economic empowerment in Disproportionately Impacted Areas;
- (11) experience with the cultivation of agricultural or horticultural products, operating an agriculturally related business, or operating a horticultural business;
- (12) a description of the enclosed, locked facility where cannabis will be grown, harvested, manufactured, packaged, or otherwise prepared for distribution to a dispensing organization or other cannabis business establishment:
- (13) a survey of the enclosed, locked facility, including the space used for cultivation;
- (14) cultivation, processing, inventory, and packaging plans;
- (15) a description of the applicant's experience with agricultural cultivation techniques and industry standards;

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1	(16) a list of any academic degrees, certifications,
2	or relevant experience of all prospective principal
3	officers, board members, and agents of the related
4	business;
5	(17) the identity of every person having a financial
6	or voting interest of 5% or greater in the craft grower
7	operation, whether a trust, corporation, partnership,
8	limited liability company, or sole proprietorship,
9	including the name and address of each person;
10	(18) a plan describing how the craft grower will
11	address each of the following:
12	(i) energy needs, including estimates of monthly
13	electricity and gas usage, to what extent it will
14	procure energy from a local utility or from on-site
15	generation, and if it has or will adopt a sustainable
16	energy use and energy conservation policy;
17	(ii) water needs, including estimated water draw
18	and if it has or will adopt a sustainable water use and
19	water conservation policy; and
20	(iii) waste management, including if it has or
21	will adopt a waste reduction policy;
22	(19) a recycling plan:
23	(A) Purchaser packaging, including cartridges,
24	shall be accepted by the applicant and recycled.

(B) Any recyclable waste generated by the craft

grower facility shall be recycled per applicable State

1 and local laws, ordinances, and rules.

- (C) Any cannabis waste, liquid waste, or hazardous waste shall be disposed of in accordance with 8 Ill. Adm. Code 1000.460, except, to the greatest extent feasible, all cannabis plant waste will be rendered unusable by grinding and incorporating the cannabis plant waste with compostable mixed waste to be disposed of in accordance with 8 Ill. Adm. Code 1000.460(g)(1);
- (20) a commitment to comply with local waste provisions: a craft grower facility must remain in compliance with applicable State and federal environmental requirements, including, but not limited to:
 - (A) storing, securing, and managing all recyclables and waste, including organic waste composed of or containing finished cannabis and cannabis products, in accordance with applicable State and local laws, ordinances, and rules; and
 - (B) disposing liquid waste containing cannabis or byproducts of cannabis processing in compliance with all applicable State and federal requirements, including, but not limited to, the cannabis cultivation facility's permits under Title X of the Environmental Protection Act;
- (21) a commitment to a technology standard for resource efficiency of the craft grower facility.

1	(A) A craft grower facility commits to use
2	resources efficiently, including energy and water. For
3	the following, a cannabis cultivation facility commits
4	to meet or exceed the technology standard identified
5	in paragraphs (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv), which may be
6	modified by rule:
7	(i) lighting systems, including light bulbs;
8	(ii) HVAC system;
9	(iii) water application system to the crop;
10	and
11	(iv) filtration system for removing
12	contaminants from wastewater.
13	(B) Lighting. The Lighting Power Densities (LPD)
14	for cultivation space commits to not exceed an average
15	of 36 watts per gross square foot of active and growing
16	space canopy, or all installed lighting technology
17	shall meet a photosynthetic photon efficacy (PPE) of
18	no less than 2.2 micromoles per joule fixture and
19	shall be featured on the DesignLights Consortium (DLC)
20	Horticultural Specification Qualified Products List
21	(QPL). In the event that DLC requirement for minimum
22	efficacy exceeds 2.2 micromoles per joule fixture,
23	that PPE shall become the new standard.
24	(C) HVAC.
25	(i) For cannabis grow operations with less

than 6,000 square feet of canopy, the licensee

commits that all HVAC units will be high-efficiency ductless split HVAC units, or other more energy efficient equipment.

- (ii) For cannabis grow operations with 6,000 square feet of canopy or more, the licensee commits that all HVAC units will be variable refrigerant flow HVAC units, or other more energy efficient equipment.
- (D) Water application.
- (i) The craft grower facility commits to use automated watering systems, including, but not limited to, drip irrigation and flood tables, to irrigate cannabis crop.
- (ii) The craft grower facility commits to measure runoff from watering events and report this volume in its water usage plan, and that on average, watering events shall have no more than 20% of runoff of water.
- (E) Filtration. The craft grower commits that HVAC condensate, dehumidification water, excess runoff, and other wastewater produced by the craft grower facility shall be captured and filtered to the best of the facility's ability to achieve the quality needed to be reused in subsequent watering rounds.
- (F) Reporting energy use and efficiency as required by rule; and

- 1 (22) any other information required by rule.
- 2 (b) Applicants must submit all required information,
- 3 including the information required in Section 30-15, to the
- 4 Commission Department of Agriculture. Failure by an applicant
- 5 to submit all required information may result in the
- 6 application being disqualified.
- 7 (c) If the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture receives
- 8 an application with missing information, the Commission
- 9 Department of Agriculture may issue a deficiency notice to the
- 10 applicant. The applicant shall have 10 calendar days from the
- 11 date of the deficiency notice to resubmit the incomplete
- information. Applications that are still incomplete after this
- 13 opportunity to cure will not be scored and will be
- 14 disqualified.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 16 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 17 (410 ILCS 705/30-20)
- 18 Sec. 30-20. Issuance of license to certain persons
- 19 prohibited.
- 20 (a) No craft grower license issued by the Commission
- 21 Department of Agriculture shall be issued to a person who is
- licensed by any licensing authority as a cultivation center,
- or to any partnership, corporation, limited liability company,
- or trust or any subsidiary, affiliate, or any other form of
- 25 business enterprise having more than 10% legal, equitable, or

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beneficial interest, directly or indirectly, in a person 1 2 licensed in this State as a cultivation center, or to any 3 principal officer, agent, employee, or human being with any form of ownership or control over a cultivation center except 4 5 for a person who owns no more than 5% of the outstanding shares of a cultivation center whose shares are publicly traded on an 6 7 exchange within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 8 1934.

(b) A person who is licensed in this State as a craft grower, or any partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or trust or any subsidiary, affiliate, or agent thereof, or any other form of business enterprise licensed in this State as a craft grower shall not have more than 10% equitable, or beneficial interest, directly indirectly, in a person licensed as a cultivation center, nor shall any partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or trust or any subsidiary, affiliate, or any other form of business enterprise having any legal, equitable, or beneficial interest, directly or indirectly, in a person licensed in this State as a craft grower or a craft grower agent be a principal officer, agent, employee, or human being with any form of ownership or control over a cultivation center except for a person who owns no more than 5% of the outstanding shares of a cultivation center whose shares are publicly traded on an exchange within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 2 (410 ILCS 705/30-30)

staffing plan.

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- 3 Sec. 30-30. Craft grower requirements; prohibitions.
- 4 (a) The operating documents of a craft grower shall include procedures for the oversight of the craft grower, a cannabis plant monitoring system including a physical inventory recorded weekly, accurate recordkeeping, and a
 - (b) A craft grower shall implement a security plan reviewed by the Illinois State Police that includes, but is not limited to: facility access controls, perimeter intrusion detection systems, personnel identification systems, and a 24-hour surveillance system to monitor the interior and exterior of the craft grower facility and that is accessible to authorized law enforcement and the <u>Commission Department of Agriculture</u> in real time.
 - (c) All cultivation of cannabis by a craft grower must take place in an enclosed, locked facility at the physical address provided to the <u>Commission Department of Agriculture</u> during the licensing process. The craft grower location shall only be accessed by the agents working for the craft grower, the <u>Commission Department of Agriculture</u> staff performing inspections, the Department of Public Health staff performing inspections, State and local law enforcement or other emergency personnel, contractors working on jobs unrelated to

cannabis, such as installing or maintaining security devices or performing electrical wiring, transporting organization agents as provided in this Act, or participants in the incubator program, individuals in a mentoring or educational program approved by the State, or other individuals as provided by rule. However, if a craft grower shares a premises with an infuser or dispensing organization, agents from those other licensees may access the craft grower portion of the premises if that is the location of common bathrooms, lunchrooms, locker rooms, or other areas of the building where work or cultivation of cannabis is not performed. At no time may an infuser or dispensing organization agent perform work at a craft grower without being a registered agent of the craft grower.

- (d) A craft grower may not sell or distribute any cannabis to any person other than a cultivation center, a craft grower, an infuser organization, a dispensing organization, or as otherwise authorized by rule.
- 19 (e) A craft grower may not be located in an area zoned for 20 residential use.
 - (f) A craft grower may not either directly or indirectly discriminate in price between different cannabis business establishments that are purchasing a like grade, strain, brand, and quality of cannabis or cannabis-infused product. Nothing in this subsection (f) prevents a craft grower from pricing cannabis differently based on differences in the cost

- of manufacturing or processing, the quantities sold, such as volume discounts, or the way the products are delivered.
 - (g) All cannabis harvested by a craft grower and intended for distribution to a dispensing organization must be entered into a data collection system, packaged and labeled under Section 55-21, and, if distribution is to a dispensing organization that does not share a premises with the dispensing organization receiving the cannabis, placed into a cannabis container for transport. All cannabis harvested by a craft grower and intended for distribution to a cultivation center, to an infuser organization, or to a craft grower with which it does not share a premises, must be packaged in a labeled cannabis container and entered into a data collection system before transport.
 - (h) Craft growers are subject to random inspections by the Commission Department of Agriculture, local safety or health inspectors, the Illinois State Police, or as provided by rule.
 - (i) A craft grower agent shall notify local law enforcement, the Illinois State Police, and the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture within 24 hours of the discovery of any loss or theft. Notification shall be made by phone, in person, or written or electronic communication.
 - (j) A craft grower shall comply with all State and any applicable federal rules and regulations regarding the use of pesticides.
 - (k) A craft grower or craft grower agent shall not

- transport cannabis or cannabis-infused products to any other cannabis business establishment without a transport organization license unless:
 - (i) If the craft grower is located in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more, the cannabis business establishment receiving the cannabis is within 2,000 feet of the property line of the craft grower;
 - (ii) If the craft grower is located in a county with a population of more than 700,000 but fewer than 3,000,000, the cannabis business establishment receiving the cannabis is within 2 miles of the craft grower; or
 - (iii) If the craft grower is located in a county with a population of fewer than 700,000, the cannabis business establishment receiving the cannabis is within 15 miles of the craft grower.
 - (1) A craft grower may enter into a contract with a transporting organization to transport cannabis to a cultivation center, a craft grower, an infuser organization, a dispensing organization, or a laboratory.
 - (m) No person or entity shall hold any legal, equitable, ownership, or beneficial interest, directly or indirectly, of more than 3 craft grower licenses. Further, no person or entity that is employed by, an agent of, or has a contract to receive payment from or participate in the management of a craft grower, is a principal officer of a craft grower, or entity controlled by or affiliated with a principal officer of

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a craft grower shall hold any legal, equitable, ownership, or beneficial interest, directly or indirectly, in a craft grower license that would result in the person or entity owning or controlling in combination with any craft grower, principal officer of a craft grower, or entity controlled or affiliated with a principal officer of a craft grower by which he, she, or it is employed, is an agent of, or participates in the management of more than 3 craft grower licenses.

(n) It is unlawful for any person having a craft grower license or any officer, associate, member, representative, or agent of the licensee to offer or deliver money, or anything else of value, directly or indirectly, to any person having an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, or to any person connected with or in any way representing, or to any member of the family of, the person holding an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, or to any stockholders in any corporation engaged in the retail sale of cannabis, or to any officer, manager, agent, or representative of the Early

- 1 Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, a
- 2 Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an
- 3 Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or a medical
- 4 cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the
- 5 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act to obtain
- 6 preferential placement within the dispensing organization,
- 7 including, without limitation, on shelves and in display cases
- 8 where purchasers can view products, or on the dispensing
- 9 organization's website.
- 10 (o) A craft grower shall not be located within 1,500 feet
- of another craft grower or a cultivation center.
- 12 (p) A craft grower may process cannabis, cannabis
- 13 concentrates, and cannabis-infused products.
- 14 (q) A craft grower must comply with any other requirements
- or prohibitions set by administrative rule of the Commission
- 16 Department of Agriculture.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 18 102-98, eff. 7-15-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff.
- 19 5-13-22.)
- 20 (410 ILCS 705/30-45)
- 21 Sec. 30-45. Renewal of craft grower licenses and agent
- 22 identification cards.
- 23 (a) Licenses and identification cards issued under this
- 24 Act shall be renewed annually. A craft grower shall receive
- 25 written or electronic notice 90 days before the expiration of

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- its current license that the license will expire. The

 Commission Department of Agriculture shall grant a renewal

 within 45 days of submission of a renewal application if:
 - (1) the craft grower submits a renewal application and the required nonrefundable renewal fee of \$40,000, or another amount as the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture may set by rule after January 1, 2021;
 - (2) the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture has not suspended the license of the craft grower or suspended or revoked the license for violating this Act or rules adopted under this Act;
 - (3) the craft grower has continued to operate in accordance with all plans submitted as part of its application and approved by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture or any amendments thereto that have been approved by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture;
 - (4) the craft grower has submitted an agent, employee, contracting, and subcontracting diversity report as required by the Commission Department; and
 - (5) the craft grower has submitted an environmental impact report.
- 22 (b) If a craft grower fails to renew its license before 23 expiration, it shall cease operations until its license is 24 renewed.
- 25 (c) If a craft grower agent fails to renew his or her 26 identification card before its expiration, he or she shall

- cease to work as an agent of the craft grower organization until his or her identification card is renewed.
- 3 (d) Any craft grower that continues to operate, or any 4 craft grower agent who continues to work as an agent, after the 5 applicable license or identification card has expired without 6 renewal is subject to the penalties provided under Section 7 45-5.
- 8 (e) All fees or fines collected from the renewal of a craft 9 grower license shall be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation 10 Fund.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 12 (410 ILCS 705/30-55)
- 13 Sec. 30-55. Disclosure of ownership and control.
- 14 (a) Each craft grower applicant and licensee shall file 15 and maintain a Table of Organization, Ownership, and Control 16 with the Commission Department. The Table of Organization, Ownership, and Control shall contain the information required 17 by this Section in sufficient detail to identify all owners, 18 directors, and principal officers, and the title of each 19 20 principal officer or business entity that, through direct or 21 indirect means, manages, owns, or controls the applicant or 22 licensee.
- 23 (b) The Table of Organization, Ownership and Control shall identify the following information:
- 25 (1) The management structure, ownership, and control

of the applicant or license holder including the name of each principal officer or business entity, the office or position held, and the percentage ownership interest, if any. If the business entity has a parent company, the name of each owner, board member, and officer of the parent company and his or her percentage ownership interest in the parent company and the craft grower.

- (2) If the applicant or licensee is a business entity with publicly traded stock, the identification of ownership shall be provided as required in subsection (c).
- (c) If a business entity identified in subsection (b) is a publicly traded company, the following information shall be provided in the Table of Organization, Ownership, and Control:
 - (1) The name and percentage of ownership interest of each individual or business entity with ownership of more than 5% of the voting shares of the entity, to the extent such information is known or contained in 13D or 13G Securities and Exchange Commission filings.
 - (2) To the extent known, the names and percentage of interest of ownership of persons who are relatives of one another and who together exercise control over or own more than 10% of the voting shares of the entity.
- (d) A craft grower with a parent company or companies, or partially owned or controlled by another entity must disclose to the <u>Commission Department</u> the relationship and all owners, board members, officers, or individuals with control or

- 1 management of those entities. A craft grower shall not shield 2 its ownership or control from the Commission Department.
 - (e) All principal officers must submit a complete online application with the <u>Commission</u> Department within 14 days of the craft grower being licensed by the <u>Commission</u> Department or within 14 days of <u>Commission</u> Department notice of approval as a new principal officer.
- 8 (f) A principal officer may not allow his or her 9 registration to expire.
 - (g) A craft grower separating with a principal officer must do so under this Act. The principal officer must communicate the separation to the <u>Commission Department</u> within 5 business days.
 - (h) A principal officer not in compliance with the requirements of this Act shall be removed from his or her position with the craft grower or shall otherwise terminate his or her affiliation. Failure to do so may subject the craft grower to discipline, suspension, or revocation of its license by the <u>Commission Department</u>.
 - (i) It is the responsibility of the craft grower and its principal officers to promptly notify the <u>Commission</u>

 Department of any change of the principal place of business address, hours of operation, change in ownership or control, or a change of the craft grower's primary or secondary contact information. Any changes must be made to the <u>Commission</u>

 Department in writing.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)
- 2 (410 ILCS 705/35-3)
- 3 Sec. 35-3. Definitions. In this Article, "Commission"
- 4 means the Cannabis Equity and Oversight Commission. ÷
- 5 "Department" means the Department of Agriculture.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 7 (410 ILCS 705/35-5)
- 8 Sec. 35-5. Issuance of licenses.
- 9 (a) The Department of Agriculture shall issue up to 40
- 10 infuser licenses through a process provided for in this
- 11 Article no later than July 1, 2020.
- 12 (b) The <u>Commission Department of Agriculture</u> shall make
- the application for infuser licenses available on January 7,
- 14 2020, or if that date falls on a weekend or holiday, the
- business day immediately succeeding the weekend or holiday and
- 16 every January 7 or succeeding business day thereafter, and
- shall receive such applications no later than March 15, 2020,
- 18 or, if that date falls on a weekend or holiday, the business
- day immediately succeeding the weekend or holiday and every
- 20 March 15 or succeeding business day thereafter.
- 21 (c) By December 21, 2021, the Department of Agriculture
- 22 may issue up to 60 additional infuser licenses. Prior to
- 23 issuing such licenses, the Commission Department may adopt
- 24 rules through emergency rulemaking in accordance with

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subsection (kk) of Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, to modify or raise the number of infuser licenses and modify or change the licensing application process to reduce or eliminate barriers. The General Assembly finds that the adoption of rules to regulate cannabis use is deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest, 7 safety, and welfare.

In determining whether to exercise the authority granted by this subsection, the Commission Department of Agriculture must consider the following factors:

- (1) the percentage of cannabis sales occurring in Illinois not in the regulated market using data from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Survey on Drug Use and Health, Illinois Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, and tourism data from the Illinois Office of Tourism to ascertain total cannabis consumption in Illinois compared to the amount of sales in licensed dispensing organizations;
- (2) whether there is an adequate supply of cannabis and cannabis-infused products to serve registered medical cannabis patients;
- (3) whether there is an adequate supply of cannabis and cannabis-infused products to serve purchasers;
- (4) whether there is an oversupply of cannabis in Illinois leading to trafficking of cannabis to any other state;

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- 1 (5) population increases or shifts;
- 2 (6) changes to federal law;
- 5 (8) the past security records of infuser 6 organizations;
 - (9) the <u>Commission's</u> Department of Agriculture's capacity to appropriately regulate additional licenses;
 - (10) (blank); and
- 10 (11) any other criteria the <u>Commission</u> Department of
 11 Agriculture deems relevant.
- (d) After January 1, 2022, the <u>Commission</u> Department of

 Agriculture may by rule modify or raise the number of infuser

 licenses, and modify or change the licensing application

 process to reduce or eliminate barriers based on the criteria

 in subsection (c).
- (e) Upon the completion of the disparity and availability study pertaining to infusers by the <u>Commission Cannabis</u>

 Regulation Oversight Officer pursuant to subsection (e) of Section 5-45, the Department of Agriculture may modify or change the licensing application process to reduce or eliminate barriers and remedy evidence of discrimination identified in the study.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 25 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)

- 1 (410 ILCS 705/35-10)
- 2 Sec. 35-10. Application.
 - (a) When applying for a license, the applicant shall electronically submit the following in such form as the Commission
 Department of Agriculture
 may direct:
 - (1) the nonrefundable application fee of \$5,000 or, after January 1, 2021, another amount as set by rule by the Department of Agriculture, to be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund;
 - (2) the legal name of the infuser;
 - (3) the proposed physical address of the infuser;
 - (4) the name, address, social security number, and date of birth of each principal officer and board member of the infuser; each principal officer and board member shall be at least 21 years of age;
 - (5) the details of any administrative or judicial proceeding in which any of the principal officers or board members of the infuser (i) pled guilty, were convicted, fined, or had a registration or license suspended or revoked, or (ii) managed or served on the board of a business or non-profit organization that pled guilty, was convicted, fined, or had a registration or license suspended or revoked;
 - (6) proposed operating bylaws that include procedures for the oversight of the infuser, including the development and implementation of a plant monitoring

system, accurate recordkeeping, staffing plan, and security plan approved by the Illinois State Police that are in accordance with the rules issued by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture under this Act; a physical inventory of all cannabis shall be performed on a weekly basis by the infuser;

- (7) verification from the Illinois State Police that all background checks of the prospective principal officers, board members, and agents of the infuser organization have been conducted;
- (8) a copy of the current local zoning ordinance and verification that the proposed infuser is in compliance with the local zoning rules and distance limitations established by the local jurisdiction;
- (9) proposed employment practices, in which the applicant must demonstrate a plan of action to inform, hire, and educate minorities, women, veterans, and persons with disabilities, engage in fair labor practices, and provide worker protections;
- (10) whether an applicant can demonstrate experience in or business practices that promote economic empowerment in Disproportionately Impacted Areas;
- (11) experience with infusing products with cannabis concentrate;
- (12) a description of the enclosed, locked facility where cannabis will be infused, packaged, or otherwise

L	prepared for distri	bution to a	dispensing	organization	or
2	other infuser;				

- (13) processing, inventory, and packaging plans;
- (14) a description of the applicant's experience with operating a commercial kitchen or laboratory preparing products for human consumption;
- (15) a list of any academic degrees, certifications, or relevant experience of all prospective principal officers, board members, and agents of the related business;
- (16) the identity of every person having a financial or voting interest of 5% or greater in the infuser operation with respect to which the license is sought, whether a trust, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or sole proprietorship, including the name and address of each person;
- (17) a plan describing how the infuser will address each of the following:
 - (i) energy needs, including estimates of monthly electricity and gas usage, to what extent it will procure energy from a local utility or from on-site generation, and if it has or will adopt a sustainable energy use and energy conservation policy;
 - (ii) water needs, including estimated water draw, and if it has or will adopt a sustainable water use and water conservation policy; and

1	(i	iii)	waste	management,	including	if	it	has	or
2	will a	adopt	a wast	e reduction	policy;				

(18) a recycling plan:

- (A) a commitment that any recyclable waste generated by the infuser shall be recycled per applicable State and local laws, ordinances, and rules; and
- (B) a commitment to comply with local waste provisions. An infuser commits to remain in compliance with applicable State and federal environmental requirements, including, but not limited to, storing, securing, and managing all recyclables and waste, including organic waste composed of or containing finished cannabis and cannabis products, in accordance with applicable State and local laws, ordinances, and rules; and
- (19) any other information required by rule.
- (b) Applicants must submit all required information, including the information required in Section 35-15, to the Commission Department of Agriculture. Failure by an applicant to submit all required information may result in the application being disqualified.
- (c) If the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture receives an application with missing information, the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture may issue a deficiency notice to the applicant. The applicant shall have 10 calendar days from the

- date of the deficiency notice to resubmit the incomplete
- 2 information. Applications that are still incomplete after this
- 3 opportunity to cure will not be scored and will be
- 4 disqualified.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 6 (410 ILCS 705/35-25)
- 7 Sec. 35-25. Infuser organization requirements;
- 8 prohibitions.
- 9 (a) The operating documents of an infuser shall include
- 10 procedures for the oversight of the infuser, an inventory
- 11 monitoring system including a physical inventory recorded
- weekly, accurate recordkeeping, and a staffing plan.
- 13 (b) An infuser shall implement a security plan reviewed by
- 14 the Illinois State Police that includes, but is not limited
- 15 to: facility access controls, perimeter intrusion detection
- 16 systems, personnel identification systems, and a 24-hour
- 17 surveillance system to monitor the interior and exterior of
- 18 the infuser facility and that is accessible to authorized law
- 19 enforcement, the Department of Public Health, and the
- 20 Commission Department of Agriculture in real time.
- 21 (c) All processing of cannabis by an infuser must take
- 22 place in an enclosed, locked facility at the physical address
- 23 provided to the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture during
- 24 the licensing process. The infuser location shall only be
- accessed by the agents working for the infuser, the Commission

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Department of Agriculture staff performing inspections, the 1 2 Department of Public Health staff performing inspections, State and local law enforcement or other emergency personnel, 3 contractors working on jobs unrelated to cannabis, such as 5 installing or maintaining security devices or performing 6 electrical wiring, transporting organization provided in this Act, participants in the incubator program, 7 individuals in a mentoring or educational program approved by 8 9 the State, local safety or health inspectors, or other 10 individuals as provided by rule. However, if an infuser shares 11 a premises with a craft grower or dispensing organization, 12 agents from these other licensees may access the infuser portion of the premises if that is the location of common 13 bathrooms, lunchrooms, locker rooms, or other areas of the 14 15 building where processing of cannabis is not performed. At no 16 time may a craft grower or dispensing organization agent 17 perform work at an infuser without being a registered agent of the infuser. 18

- (d) An infuser may not sell or distribute any cannabis to any person other than a dispensing organization, or as otherwise authorized by rule.
- (e) An infuser may not either directly or indirectly discriminate in price between different cannabis business establishments that are purchasing a like grade, strain, brand, and quality of cannabis or cannabis-infused product.

 Nothing in this subsection (e) prevents an infuser from

- pricing cannabis differently based on differences in the cost of manufacturing or processing, the quantities sold, such volume discounts, or the way the products are delivered.
 - (f) All cannabis infused by an infuser and intended for distribution to a dispensing organization must be entered into a data collection system, packaged and labeled under Section 55-21, and, if distribution is to a dispensing organization that does not share a premises with the infuser, placed into a cannabis container for transport. All cannabis produced by an infuser and intended for distribution to a cultivation center, infuser organization, or craft grower with which it does not share a premises, must be packaged in a labeled cannabis container and entered into a data collection system before transport.
 - (g) Infusers are subject to random inspections by the Commission Department of Agriculture, the Department of Public Health, the Illinois State Police, local law enforcement, or as provided by rule.
 - (h) An infuser agent shall notify local law enforcement, the Illinois State Police, and the <u>Commission Department of Agriculture</u> within 24 hours of the discovery of any loss or theft. Notification shall be made by phone, in person, or by written or electronic communication.
- 24 (i) An infuser organization may not be located in an area 25 zoned for residential use.
 - (j) An infuser or infuser agent shall not transport

license unless:

infuser;

- cannabis or cannabis-infused products to any other cannabis business establishment without a transport organization
- 4 (i) If the infuser is located in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more, the cannabis business establishment receiving the cannabis or cannabis-infused product is within 2,000 feet of the property line of the
 - (ii) If the infuser is located in a county with a population of more than 700,000 but fewer than 3,000,000, the cannabis business establishment receiving the cannabis or cannabis-infused product is within 2 miles of the infuser; or
 - (iii) If the infuser is located in a county with a population of fewer than 700,000, the cannabis business establishment receiving the cannabis or cannabis-infused product is within 15 miles of the infuser.
 - (k) An infuser may enter into a contract with a transporting organization to transport cannabis to a dispensing organization or a laboratory.
 - (1) An infuser organization may share premises with a craft grower or a dispensing organization, or both, provided each licensee stores currency and cannabis or cannabis-infused products in a separate secured vault to which the other licensee does not have access or all licensees sharing a vault share more than 50% of the same ownership.

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It is unlawful for any person or entity having an infuser organization license or any officer, associate, member, representative or agent of such licensee to offer or deliver money, or anything else of value, directly or indirectly to any person having an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, or to any person connected with or in any way representing, or to any member of the family of, such person holding an Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, or to any stockholders in any corporation engaged the retail sales of cannabis, or to any officer, manager, agent, or representative of the Early Approval Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, a Conditional Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act to obtain preferential placement within the dispensing organization, including, without limitation, on shelves and in display cases where purchasers can view products, or on the

- dispensing organization's website.
- 2 (n) At no time shall an infuser organization or an infuser
- 3 agent perform the extraction of cannabis concentrate from
- 4 cannabis flower.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 6 102-98, eff. 7-15-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff.
- 7 5-13-22.)
- 8 (410 ILCS 705/35-31)
- 9 Sec. 35-31. Ensuring an adequate supply of raw materials
- 10 to serve infusers.
- 11 (a) As used in this Section, "raw materials" includes, but
- is not limited to, CO₂ hash oil, "crude", "distillate", or any
- 13 other cannabis concentrate extracted from cannabis flower by
- use of a solvent or a mechanical process.
- 15 (b) The Commission Department of Agriculture may by rule
- design a method for assessing whether licensed infusers have
- 17 access to an adequate supply of reasonably affordable raw
- 18 materials, which may include but not be limited to: (i) a
- 19 survey of infusers; (ii) a market study on the sales trends of
- 20 cannabis-infused products manufactured by infusers; and (iii)
- 21 the costs cultivation centers and craft growers assume for the
- raw materials they use in any cannabis-infused products they
- 23 manufacture.
- 24 (c) The Commission Department of Agriculture shall perform
- 25 an assessment of whether infusers have access to an adequate

supply of reasonably affordable raw materials that shall start 6 months after the issuance of licenses to infusers, or sooner if the Commission has reason to believe that infusers do not have an adequate supply of raw materials. After the initial annual assessment, each assessment thereafter shall occur by January 1st of each year start no sooner than January 1, 2022 and shall conclude no later than April 1, 2022. The Department of Agriculture may rely on data from the Illinois Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer as part of this assessment.

- (d) The <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture shall perform an assessment of whether infusers have access to an adequate supply of reasonably affordable raw materials that shall start no sooner than January 1, 2023 and shall conclude no later than April 1, 2023. The Department of Agriculture may rely on data from the Cannabis Regulation Oversight Officer as part of this assessment.
- (e) The <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture may by rule adopt measures to ensure infusers have access to an adequate supply of reasonably affordable raw materials necessary for the manufacture of cannabis-infused products. Such measures may include, but not be limited to (i) requiring cultivation centers and craft growers to set aside a minimum amount of raw materials for the wholesale market or (ii) enabling infusers to apply for a processor license to extract raw materials from cannabis flower.
 - (f) If the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture determines

- processor licenses may be available to infuser organizations
 based upon findings made pursuant to subsection (e), infuser
 organizations may submit to the <u>Commission</u> Department of

 Agriculture on forms provided by the <u>Commission</u> Department of
 Agriculture the following information as part of an
 application to receive a processor license:
 - (1) experience with the extraction, processing, or infusing of oils similar to those derived from cannabis, or other business practices to be performed by the infuser;
 - (2) a description of the applicant's experience with manufacturing equipment and chemicals to be used in processing;
 - (3) expertise in relevant scientific fields;
 - (4) a commitment that any cannabis waste, liquid waste, or hazardous waste shall be disposed of in accordance with 8 Ill. Adm. Code 1000.460, except, to the greatest extent feasible, all cannabis plant waste will be rendered unusable by grinding and incorporating the cannabis plant waste with compostable mixed waste to be disposed of in accordance with Ill. Adm. Code 1000.460(g)(1); and
 - (5) any other information the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture deems relevant.
 - (g) The <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture may only issue an infuser organization a processor license if, based on

- 1 the information pursuant to subsection (f) and any other
- 2 criteria set by the Commission Department of Agriculture,
- 3 which may include but not be limited an inspection of the site
- 4 where processing would occur, the Commission Department of
- 5 Agriculture is reasonably certain the infuser organization
- 6 will process cannabis in a safe and compliant manner.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 8 (410 ILCS 705/35-45)
- 9 Sec. 35-45. Disclosure of ownership and control.
- 10 (a) Each infuser organization applicant and licensee shall 11 file and maintain a Table of Organization, Ownership and 12 Control with Commission the Department. The Table Ownership and Control 1.3 Organization, shall contain information required by this Section in sufficient detail to 14 15 identify all owners, directors, and principal officers, and
- the title of each principal officer or business entity that, through direct or indirect means, manages, owns, or controls
- 18 the applicant or licensee.
- 19 (b) The Table of Organization, Ownership, and Control
- 20 shall identify the following information:
- 21 (1) The management structure, ownership, and control 22 of the applicant or license holder including the name of 23 each principal officer or business entity, the office or 24 position held, and the percentage ownership interest, if 25 any. If the business entity has a parent company, the name

of each owner, board member, and officer of the parent company and his or her percentage ownership interest in the parent company and the infuser organization.

- (2) If the applicant or licensee is a business entity with publicly traded stock, the identification of ownership shall be provided as required in subsection (c).
- (c) If a business entity identified in subsection (b) is a publicly traded company, the following information shall be provided in the Table of Organization, Ownership, and Control:
 - (1) The name and percentage of ownership interest of each individual or business entity with ownership of more than 5% of the voting shares of the entity, to the extent such information is known or contained in 13D or 13G Securities and Exchange Commission filings.
 - (2) To the extent known, the names and percentage of interest of ownership of persons who are relatives of one another and who together exercise control over or own more than 10% of the voting shares of the entity.
- (d) An infuser organization with a parent company or companies, or partially owned or controlled by another entity must disclose to the <u>Commission Department</u> the relationship and all owners, board members, officers, or individuals with control or management of those entities. An infuser organization shall not shield its ownership or control from the Commission Department.
 - (e) All principal officers must submit a complete online

- 1 application with the <u>Commission</u> Department within 14 days of
- 2 the infuser organization being licensed by the Commission
- 3 Department or within 14 days of Commission Department notice
- 4 of approval as a new principal officer.
- 5 (f) A principal officer may not allow his or her
- 6 registration to expire.
- 7 (g) An infuser organization separating with a principal
- 8 officer must do so under this Act. The principal officer must
- 9 communicate the separation to the <u>Commission</u> Department within
- 10 5 business days.
- 11 (h) A principal officer not in compliance with the
- 12 requirements of this Act shall be removed from his or her
- 13 position with the infuser organization or shall otherwise
- 14 terminate his or her affiliation. Failure to do so may subject
- 15 the infuser organization to discipline, suspension, or
- 16 revocation of its license by the Commission Department.
- 17 (i) It is the responsibility of the infuser organization
- and its principal officers to promptly notify the Commission
- 19 Department of any change of the principal place of business
- 20 address, hours of operation, change in ownership or control,
- or a change of the infuser organization's primary or secondary
- 22 contact information. Any changes must be made to the
- 23 Commission Department in writing.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)

- 1 Sec. 40-1. Definition. In this Article:
- 2 "Commission" means the Cannabis Equity and Oversight
- 3 Commission.
- 4 "Department" means the Department of Agriculture.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 6 (410 ILCS 705/40-5)
- 7 Sec. 40-5. Issuance of licenses.
- 8 (a) The <u>Commission</u> Department shall issue transporting
- 9 licenses through a process provided for in this Article no
- 10 later than July 1, 2020.
- 11 (b) The Commission Department shall make the application
- for transporting organization licenses available on January 7,
- 13 2020 and shall receive such applications no later than March
- 14 15, 2020. The Commission Department of Agriculture shall make
- available such applications on every January 7 thereafter or
- if that date falls on a weekend or holiday, the business day
- immediately succeeding the weekend or holiday and shall
- 18 receive such applications no later than March 15 or the
- 19 succeeding business day thereafter.
- 20 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
- 21 Commission shall have authority over licenses in this Section
- 22 that may be in various phases in the licensing process or are
- 23 eligible, pending, in the conditional phase, awarded, pending
- 24 <u>adjudication by a judicial process, or have otherwise not been</u>
- 25 <u>awarded on and after December 31,</u> 2023.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 2 (410 ILCS 705/40-10)
- 3 Sec. 40-10. Application.
- 4 (a) When applying for a transporting organization license,
 5 the applicant shall submit the following in such form as the
 6 Commission Department of Agriculture may direct:
 - (1) the nonrefundable application fee of \$5,000 or, after January 1, 2021, another amount as set by rule by the Department of Agriculture, to be deposited into the Cannabis Regulation Fund;
 - (2) the legal name of the transporting organization;
 - (3) the proposed physical address of the transporting organization, if one is proposed;
 - (4) the name, address, social security number, and date of birth of each principal officer and board member of the transporting organization; each principal officer and board member shall be at least 21 years of age;
 - (5) the details of any administrative or judicial proceeding in which any of the principal officers or board members of the transporting organization (i) pled guilty, were convicted, fined, or had a registration or license suspended or revoked, or (ii) managed or served on the board of a business or non-profit organization that pled guilty, was convicted, fined, or had a registration or license suspended or revoked;

- (6) proposed operating bylaws that include procedures for the oversight of the transporting organization, including the development and implementation of an accurate recordkeeping plan, staffing plan, and security plan approved by the Illinois State Police that are in accordance with the rules issued by the Commission Department of Agriculture under this Act; a physical inventory shall be performed of all cannabis on a weekly basis by the transporting organization;
 - (7) verification from the Illinois State Police that all background checks of the prospective principal officers, board members, and agents of the transporting organization have been conducted;
- (8) a copy of the current local zoning ordinance or permit and verification that the proposed transporting organization is in compliance with the local zoning rules and distance limitations established by the local jurisdiction, if the transporting organization has a business address;
- (9) proposed employment practices, in which the applicant must demonstrate a plan of action to inform, hire, and educate minorities, women, veterans, and persons with disabilities, engage in fair labor practices, and provide worker protections;
- (10) whether an applicant can demonstrate experience in or business practices that promote economic empowerment

- in Disproportionately Impacted Areas;
- 2 (11) the number and type of equipment the transporting 3 organization will use to transport cannabis and 4 cannabis-infused products;
 - (12) loading, transporting, and unloading plans;
 - (13) a description of the applicant's experience in the distribution or security business;
 - (14) the identity of every person having a financial or voting interest of 5% or more in the transporting organization with respect to which the license is sought, whether a trust, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or sole proprietorship, including the name and address of each person; and
 - (15) any other information required by rule.
 - (b) Applicants must submit all required information, including the information required in Section 40-35 to the Commission Department. Failure by an applicant to submit all required information may result in the application being disqualified.
 - with missing information, the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture may issue a deficiency notice to the applicant. The applicant shall have 10 calendar days from the date of the deficiency notice to resubmit the incomplete information. Applications that are still incomplete after this opportunity to cure will not be scored and will be disgualified.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 2 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 3 (410 ILCS 705/40-25)
- 4 Sec. 40-25. Transporting organization requirements;
- 5 prohibitions.
- 6 (a) The operating documents of a transporting organization
- 7 shall include procedures for the oversight of the transporter,
- 8 an inventory monitoring system including a physical inventory
- 9 recorded weekly, accurate recordkeeping, and a staffing plan.
- 10 (b) A transporting organization may not transport cannabis
- or cannabis-infused products to any person other than a
- 12 cultivation center, a craft grower, an infuser organization, a
- dispensing organization, a testing facility, or as otherwise
- 14 authorized by rule.
- 15 (c) All cannabis transported by a transporting
- organization must be entered into a data collection system and
- 17 placed into a cannabis container for transport.
- 18 (d) Transporters are subject to random inspections by the
- 19 Commission Department of Agriculture, the Department of Public
- 20 Health, the Illinois State Police, or as provided by rule.
- 21 (e) A transporting organization agent shall notify local
- law enforcement, the Illinois State Police, and the Commission
- 23 Department of Agriculture within 24 hours of the discovery of
- 24 any loss or theft. Notification shall be made by phone, in
- 25 person, or by written or electronic communication.

- 1 (f) No person under the age of 21 years shall be in a 2 commercial vehicle or trailer transporting cannabis goods.
 - (g) No person or individual who is not a transporting organization agent shall be in a vehicle while transporting cannabis goods.
- 6 (h) Transporters may not use commercial motor vehicles 7 with a weight rating of over 10,001 pounds.
 - (i) It is unlawful for any person to offer or deliver money, or anything else of value, directly or indirectly, to any of the following persons to obtain preferential placement within the dispensing organization, including, without limitation, on shelves and in display cases where purchasers can view products, or on the dispensing organization's website:
 - (1) a person having a transporting organization license, or any officer, associate, member, representative, or agent of the licensee;
 - (2) a person having an Early Applicant Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act;
 - (3) a person connected with or in any way representing, or a member of the family of, a person holding an Early Applicant Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an Adult Use Dispensing Organization

- License, or a medical cannabis dispensing organization
 license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical
 Cannabis Program Act; or
 - (4) a stockholder, officer, manager, agent, or representative of a corporation engaged in the retail sale of cannabis, an Early Applicant Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, an Adult Use Dispensing Organization License, or a medical cannabis dispensing organization license issued under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
 - (j) A transporting organization agent must keep his or her identification card visible at all times when on the property of a cannabis business establishment and during the transporting of cannabis when acting under his or her duties as a transportation organization agent. During these times, the transporting organization agent must also provide the identification card upon request of any law enforcement officer engaged in his or her official duties.
 - (k) A copy of the transporting organization's registration and a manifest for the delivery shall be present in any vehicle transporting cannabis.
- 22 (1) Cannabis shall be transported so it is not visible or 23 recognizable from outside the vehicle.
 - (m) A vehicle transporting cannabis must not bear any markings to indicate the vehicle contains cannabis or bear the name or logo of the cannabis business establishment.

- 1 (n) Cannabis must be transported in an enclosed, locked 2 storage compartment that is secured or affixed to the vehicle.
- 3 (o) The Commission Department of Agriculture may, by rule,
- 4 impose any other requirements or prohibitions on the
- 5 transportation of cannabis.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 7 102-98, eff. 7-15-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff.
- 8 5-13-22.)
- 9 (410 ILCS 705/40-45)
- 10 Sec. 40-45. Disclosure of ownership and control.
- 11 (a) Each transporting organization applicant and licensee
- 12 shall file and maintain a Table of Organization, Ownership,
- 13 and Control with the Commission Department. The Table of
- 14 Organization, Ownership, and Control shall contain the
- 15 information required by this Section in sufficient detail to
- 16 identify all owners, directors, and principal officers, and
- the title of each principal officer or business entity that,
- 18 through direct or indirect means, manages, owns, or controls
- 19 the applicant or licensee.
- 20 (b) The Table of Organization, Ownership, and Control
- 21 shall identify the following information:
- 22 (1) The management structure, ownership, and control
- of the applicant or license holder including the name of
- each principal officer or business entity, the office or
- 25 position held, and the percentage ownership interest, if

- any. If the business entity has a parent company, the name of each owner, board member, and officer of the parent company and his or her percentage ownership interest in the parent company and the transporting organization.
 - (2) If the applicant or licensee is a business entity with publicly traded stock, the identification of ownership shall be provided as required in subsection (c).
 - (c) If a business entity identified in subsection (b) is a publicly traded company, the following information shall be provided in the Table of Organization, Ownership, and Control:
 - (1) The name and percentage of ownership interest of each individual or business entity with ownership of more than 5% of the voting shares of the entity, to the extent such information is known or contained in 13D or 13G Securities and Exchange Commission filings.
 - (2) To the extent known, the names and percentage of interest of ownership of persons who are relatives of one another and who together exercise control over or own more than 10% of the voting shares of the entity.
 - (d) A transporting organization with a parent company or companies, or partially owned or controlled by another entity must disclose to the <u>Commission Department</u> the relationship and all owners, board members, officers, or individuals with control or management of those entities. A transporting organization shall not shield its ownership or control from the <u>Commission Department</u>.

- 1 (e) All principal officers must submit a complete online
 2 application with the <u>Commission Department</u> within 14 days of
 3 the transporting organization being licensed by the <u>Commission</u>
 4 Department or within 14 days of <u>Commission Department</u> notice
 5 of approval as a new principal officer.
- 6 (f) A principal officer may not allow his or her registration to expire.
 - (g) A transporting organization separating with a principal officer must do so under this Act. The principal officer must communicate the separation to the <u>Commission</u> Department within 5 business days.
 - (h) A principal officer not in compliance with the requirements of this Act shall be removed from his or her position with the transporting organization or shall otherwise terminate his or her affiliation. Failure to do so may subject the transporting organization to discipline, suspension, or revocation of its license by the <u>Commission Department</u>.
 - (i) It is the responsibility of the transporting organization and its principal officers to promptly notify the Commission Department of any change of the principal place of business address, hours of operation, change in ownership or control, or a change of the transporting organization's primary or secondary contact information. Any changes must be made to the Commission Department in writing.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)

- 1 (410 ILCS 705/45-5)
- 2 Sec. 45-5. License suspension; revocation; other
- 3 penalties.
- 4 (a) Notwithstanding any other criminal penalties related
- 5 to the unlawful possession of cannabis, the <u>Commission</u>
- 6 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and the
- 7 Department of Agriculture may revoke, suspend, place on
- 8 probation, reprimand, issue cease and desist orders, refuse to
- 9 issue or renew a license, or take any other disciplinary or
- 10 nondisciplinary action as each department may deem proper with
- 11 regard to a cannabis business establishment or cannabis
- business establishment agent, including fines not to exceed:
- 13 (1) \$50,000 for each violation of this Act or rules
- 14 adopted under this Act by a cultivation center or
- 15 cultivation center agent;
- 16 (2) \$20,000 for each violation of this Act or rules
- 17 adopted under this Act by a dispensing organization or
- 18 dispensing organization agent;
- 19 (3) \$15,000 for each violation of this Act or rules
- 20 adopted under this Act by a craft grower or craft grower
- 21 agent;
- 22 (4) \$10,000 for each violation of this Act or rules
- 23 adopted under this Act by an infuser organization or
- infuser organization agent; and
- 25 (5) \$10,000 for each violation of this Act or rules
- 26 adopted under this Act by a transporting organization or

- transporting organization agent.
- 2 (b) The <u>Commission</u> Department of Financial and
- 3 Professional Regulation and the Department of Agriculture, as
- 4 the case may be, shall consider licensee cooperation in any
- 5 agency or other investigation in its determination of
- 6 penalties imposed under this Section.
- 7 (c) The procedures for disciplining a cannabis business
- 8 establishment or cannabis business establishment agent and for
- 9 administrative hearings shall be determined by rule, and shall
- 10 provide for the review of final decisions under the
- 11 Administrative Review Law.
- 12 (d) The Attorney General may also enforce a violation of
- 13 Section 55-20, Section 55-21, and Section 15-155 as an
- 14 unlawful practice under the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive
- 15 Business Practices Act.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 17 (410 ILCS 705/45-10)
- 18 Sec. 45-10. Immunities and presumptions related to the
- 19 handling of cannabis by cannabis business establishments and
- their agents.
- 21 (a) A cultivation center, craft grower, infuser
- organization, or transporting organization is not subject to:
- 23 (i) prosecution; (ii) search or inspection, except by the
- 24 Commission Department of Agriculture, the Department of Public
- 25 Health, or State or local law enforcement under this Act;

- 1 (iii) seizure; (iv) penalty in any manner, including, but not
- 2 limited to, civil penalty; (v) denial of any right or
- 3 privilege; or (vi) disciplinary action by a business licensing
- 4 board or entity for acting under this Act and rules adopted
- 5 under this Act to acquire, possess, cultivate, manufacture,
- 6 process, deliver, transfer, transport, supply, or sell
- 7 cannabis or cannabis paraphernalia under this Act.
- 8 (b) A licensed cultivation center agent, licensed craft
- 9 grower agent, licensed infuser organization agent, or licensed
- 10 transporting organization agent is not subject to: (i)
- 11 prosecution; (ii) search; (iii) penalty in any manner,
- including, but not limited to, civil penalty; (iv) denial of
- any right or privilege; or (v) disciplinary action by a
- 14 business licensing board or entity, for engaging in
- 15 cannabis-related activities authorized under this Act and
- 16 rules adopted under this Act.
- 17 (c) A dispensing organization is not subject to: (i)
- 18 prosecution; (ii) search or inspection, except by the
- 19 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, or State
- or local law enforcement under this Act; (iii) seizure; (iv)
- 21 penalty in any manner, including, but not limited to, civil
- 22 penalty; (v) denial of any right or privilege; or (vi)
- 23 disciplinary action by a business licensing board or entity,
- for acting under this Act and rules adopted under this Act to
- 25 acquire, possess, or dispense cannabis, cannabis-infused
- 26 products, cannabis paraphernalia, or related supplies, and

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- 1 educational materials under this Act.
- 2 (d) A licensed dispensing organization agent is not 3 subject to: (i) prosecution; (ii) search; or (iii) penalty in 4 any manner, or denial of any right or privilege, including, 5 but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by a 6 business licensing board or entity, for working for a 7 dispensing organization under this Act and rules adopted under 8 this Act.
 - (e) Any cannabis, cannabis-infused product, cannabis paraphernalia, legal property, or interest in legal property that is possessed, owned, or used in connection with the use of cannabis as allowed under this Act, or acts incidental to that use, may not be seized or forfeited. This Act does not prevent the seizure or forfeiture of cannabis exceeding the amounts allowed under this Act, nor does it prevent seizure or forfeiture if the basis for the action is unrelated to the cannabis that is possessed, manufactured, transferred, or used under this Act.
 - (f) Nothing in this Act shall preclude local or State law enforcement agencies from searching a cultivation center, craft grower, infuser organization, transporting organization, or dispensing organization if there is probable cause to believe that the criminal laws of this State have been violated and the search is conducted in conformity with the Illinois Constitution, the Constitution of the United States, and applicable law.

- 1 (g) Nothing in this Act shall preclude the Attorney
- 2 General or other authorized government agency from
- 3 investigating or bringing a civil action against a cannabis
- 4 business establishment, or an agent thereof, for a violation
- 5 of State law, including, but not limited to, civil rights
- 6 violations and violations of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive
- 7 Business Practices Act.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 9 (410 ILCS 705/45-20)
- 10 Sec. 45-20. Violation of tax Acts; refusal, revocation, or
- 11 suspension of license or agent identification card.
- 12 (a) In addition to other grounds specified in this Act,
- 13 the Commission Department of Agriculture and Department of
- 14 Financial and Professional Regulation, upon notification by
- 15 the Department of Revenue, shall refuse the issuance or
- 16 renewal of a license or agent identification card, or suspend
- 17 or revoke the license or agent identification card, of any
- 18 person, for any of the following violations of any tax Act
- administered by the Department of Revenue:
- 20 (1) Failure to file a tax return.
- 21 (2) The filing of a fraudulent return.
- 22 (3) Failure to pay all or part of any tax or penalty
- finally determined to be due.
- 24 (4) Failure to keep books and records.
- 25 (5) Failure to secure and display a certificate or

- sub-certificate of registration, if required.
- 2 (6) Willful violation of any rule or regulation of the
 3 <u>Commission</u> Department relating to the administration and
 4 enforcement of tax liability.
- (b) After all violations of any of items (1) through (6) of subsection (a) have been corrected or resolved, the Commission 6 Department shall, upon request of the applicant or, if not 7 requested, may notify the entities listed in subsection (a) 8 9 that the violations have been corrected or resolved. Upon 10 receiving notice from the Commission Department that a 11 violation of any of items (1) through (6) of subsection (a) 12 have been corrected or otherwise resolved to the Department of satisfaction, 13 Revenue's the Commission Department Agriculture and the Department of Financial and Professional 14 15 Regulation may issue or renew the license or agent 16 identification card, or vacate an order of suspension or 17 revocation.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 19 (410 ILCS 705/50-5)
- Sec. 50-5. Laboratory testing.
- 21 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 22 following acts, when performed by a cannabis testing facility 23 with a current, valid registration, or a person 21 years of age 24 or older who is acting in his or her capacity as an owner, 25 employee, or agent of a cannabis testing facility, are not

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- unlawful and shall not be an offense under Illinois law or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under Illinois law:
 - (1) possessing, repackaging, transporting, storing, or displaying cannabis or cannabis-infused products;
 - (2) receiving or transporting cannabis or cannabis-infused products from a cannabis business establishment, a community college licensed under the Community College Cannabis Vocational Training Pilot Program, or a person 21 years of age or older; and
 - (3) returning or transporting cannabis or cannabis-infused products to a cannabis business establishment, a community college licensed under the Community College Cannabis Vocational Training Pilot Program, or a person 21 years of age or older.
 - (b) (1) No laboratory shall handle, test, or analyze cannabis unless approved by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture in accordance with this Section.
 - (2) No laboratory shall be approved to handle, test, or analyze cannabis unless the laboratory:
 - (A) is accredited by a private laboratory accrediting organization;
 - (B) is independent from all other persons involved in the cannabis industry in Illinois and no person with a direct or indirect interest in the laboratory has a direct or indirect financial, management, or other interest in an Illinois cultivation center, craft grower, dispensary,

1	infuser, trans	sporter, ce	rtifying	physician,	or a	ny ot	her
2	entity in the	State that	may bene	efit from th	e pro	ducti	.on,
3	manufacture,	dispensing	, sale,	purchase,	or	use	of
4	cannabis; and						

- (C) has employed at least one person to oversee and be responsible for the laboratory testing who has earned, from a college or university accredited by a national or regional certifying authority, at least:
 - (i) a master's level degree in chemical or biological sciences and a minimum of 2 years' post-degree laboratory experience; or
 - (ii) a bachelor's degree in chemical or biological sciences and a minimum of 4 years' post-degree laboratory experience.
- (3) Each independent testing laboratory that claims to be accredited must provide the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture with a copy of the most recent annual inspection report granting accreditation and every annual report thereafter.
- (c) Immediately before manufacturing or natural processing of any cannabis or cannabis-infused product or packaging cannabis for sale to a dispensary, each batch shall be made available by the cultivation center, craft grower, or infuser for an employee of an approved laboratory to select a random sample, which shall be tested by the approved laboratory for:
 - (1) microbiological contaminants;

L	(2)	mycotoxi	ns;
	٠,	<u> </u>	- ,

- 2 (3) pesticide active ingredients;
- 3 (4) residual solvent; and
- 4 (5) an active ingredient analysis.
 - (d) The <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture may select a random sample that shall, for the purposes of conducting an active ingredient analysis, be tested by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture for verification of label information.
 - (e) A laboratory shall immediately return or dispose of any cannabis upon the completion of any testing, use, or research. If cannabis is disposed of, it shall be done in compliance with <u>Commission</u> <u>Department of Agriculture</u> rule.
 - (f) If a sample of cannabis does not pass the microbiological, mycotoxin, pesticide chemical residue, or solvent residue test, based on the standards established by the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture, the following shall apply:
 - (1) If the sample failed the pesticide chemical residue test, the entire batch from which the sample was taken shall, if applicable, be recalled as provided by rule.
 - (2) If the sample failed any other test, the batch may be used to make a CO_2 -based or solvent based extract. After processing, the CO_2 -based or solvent based extract must still pass all required tests.

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- 1 (g) The <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture shall
 2 establish standards for microbial, mycotoxin, pesticide
 3 residue, solvent residue, or other standards for the presence
 4 of possible contaminants, in addition to labeling requirements
 5 for contents and potency.
 - (h) The laboratory shall file with the <u>Commission</u>

 Department of Agriculture an electronic copy of each laboratory test result for any batch that does not pass the microbiological, mycotoxin, or pesticide chemical residue test, at the same time that it transmits those results to the cultivation center. In addition, the laboratory shall maintain the laboratory test results for at least 5 years and make them available at the <u>Commission's</u> Department of Agriculture's request.
 - (i) A cultivation center, craft grower, and infuser shall provide to a dispensing organization the laboratory test results for each batch of cannabis product purchased by the dispensing organization, if sampled. Each dispensing organization must have those laboratory results available upon request to purchasers.
- 21 (j) The <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture may adopt 22 rules related to testing in furtherance of this Act.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 24 (410 ILCS 705/55-5)
- 25 Sec. 55-5. Preparation of cannabis-infused products.

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- (a) The Commission Department of Agriculture may regulate 1 2 the production of cannabis-infused products by a cultivation 3 a craft grower, an infuser organization, or center, dispensing organization and establish rules related 4 5 refrigeration, hot-holding, and handling of cannabis-infused All cannabis-infused products shall meet 6 products. 7 packaging and labeling requirements contained in Section 55-21. 8
- 9 (b) Cannabis-infused products for sale or distribution at
 10 a dispensing organization must be prepared by an approved
 11 agent of a cultivation center or infuser organization.
 - (c) A cultivation center or infuser organization that prepares cannabis-infused products for sale or distribution by a dispensing organization shall be under the operational supervision of a Department of Public Health certified food service sanitation manager.
 - (d) Dispensing organizations may not manufacture, process, or produce cannabis-infused products.
 - (e) The Department of Public Health shall adopt and enforce rules for the manufacture and processing of cannabis-infused products, and for that purpose it may at all times enter every building, room, basement, enclosure, or premises occupied or used, or suspected of being occupied or used, for the production, preparation, manufacture for sale, storage, sale, processing, distribution, or transportation of cannabis-infused products, and to inspect the premises

- together with all utensils, fixtures, furniture, and machinery
 used for the preparation of these products.
 - (f) The <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture shall by rule establish a maximum level of THC that may be contained in each serving of cannabis-infused product, and within the product package.
 - (g) If a local public health agency has a reasonable belief that a cannabis-infused product poses a public health hazard, it may refer the cultivation center, craft grower, or infuser that manufactured or processed the cannabis-infused product to the Department of Public Health, the Commission, and the Office of the Attorney General. If the Department of Public Health, the Commission, or the Office of the Attorney General finds that a cannabis-infused product poses a health hazard, it may bring an action for immediate injunctive relief to require that action be taken as the court may deem necessary to meet the hazard of the cultivation facility or seek other relief as provided by rule.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 20 (410 ILCS 705/55-10)
 - Sec. 55-10. Maintenance of inventory. All dispensing organizations authorized to serve both registered qualifying patients and caregivers and purchasers are required to report which cannabis and cannabis-infused products are purchased for sale under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program

- 1 Act, and which cannabis and cannabis-infused products are
- 2 purchased under <u>Article 20</u> this Act. Nothing in this Section
- 3 prohibits a registered qualifying patient under the
- 4 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act from
- 5 purchasing cannabis as a purchaser under Article 20 this Act.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 7 (410 ILCS 705/55-15)
- 8 Sec. 55-15. Destruction of cannabis.
- 9 (a) All cannabis byproduct, scrap, and harvested cannabis
- 10 not intended for distribution to a dispensing organization
- 11 must be destroyed and disposed of under rules adopted by the
- 12 Commission Department of Agriculture under this Act.
- 13 Documentation of destruction and disposal shall be retained at
- 14 the cultivation center, craft grower, infuser organization,
- transporter, or testing facility as applicable for a period of
- 16 not less than 5 years.
- 17 (b) A dispensing organization, cultivation center, craft
- 18 grower, or infuser organization shall, before destruction,
- 19 notify the Commission Department of Agriculture and the
- 20 Illinois State Police. A dispensing organization shall, before
- 21 destruction, notify the Department of Financial and
- 22 Professional Regulation and the Illinois State Police. The
- 23 Commission Department of Agriculture may by rule require that
- 24 an employee of the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture or the
- 25 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation be present

- during the destruction of any cannabis byproduct, scrap, and
- 2 harvested cannabis, as applicable.
- 3 (c) The cultivation center, craft grower, infuser
- 4 organization, or dispensing organization shall keep a record
- of the date of destruction and how much was destroyed.
- 6 (d) A dispensing organization shall destroy all cannabis,
- 7 including cannabis-infused products, not sold to purchasers.
- 8 Documentation of destruction and disposal shall be retained at
- 9 the dispensing organization for a period of not less than 5
- 10 years.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 12 (410 ILCS 705/55-21)
- 13 Sec. 55-21. Cannabis product packaging and labeling.
- 14 (a) Each cannabis product produced for sale shall be
- 15 registered with the Commission Department of Agriculture on
- 16 forms provided by the Commission Department of Agriculture.
- 17 Each product registration shall include a label and the
- 18 required registration fee at the rate established by the
- 19 Commission Department of Agriculture for a comparable medical
- 20 cannabis product, or as established by rule. The registration
- 21 fee is for the name of the product offered for sale and one fee
- 22 shall be sufficient for all package sizes.
- 23 (b) All harvested cannabis intended for distribution to a
- 24 cannabis enterprise must be packaged in a sealed, labeled
- 25 container.

- (c) Any product containing cannabis shall be sold in a sealed, odor-proof, and child-resistant cannabis container consistent with current standards, including the Consumer Product Safety Commission standards referenced by the Poison Prevention Act unless the sale is between or among a craft grower, infuser, or cultivation center.
 - (d) All cannabis-infused products shall be individually wrapped or packaged at the original point of preparation. The packaging of the cannabis-infused product shall conform to the labeling requirements of the Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, in addition to the other requirements set forth in this Section.
 - (e) Each cannabis product shall be labeled before sale and each label shall be securely affixed to the package and shall state in legible English and any languages required by the Commission Department of Agriculture:
 - (1) the name and post office box of the registered cultivation center or craft grower where the item was manufactured;
 - (2) the common or usual name of the item and the registered name of the cannabis product that was registered with the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture under subsection (a);
 - (3) a unique serial number that will match the product with a cultivation center or craft grower batch and lot number to facilitate any warnings or recalls the

1	Commission Department of Agriculture, cultivation center,
2	or craft grower deems appropriate;
3	(4) the date of final testing and packaging, if
4	sampled, and the identification of the independent testing
5	laboratory;
6	(5) the date of harvest and "use by" date;
7	(6) the quantity (in ounces or grams) of cannabis
8	contained in the product;
9	(7) a pass/fail rating based on the laboratory's
10	microbiological, mycotoxins, and pesticide and solvent
11	residue analyses, if sampled;
12	(8) content list.
13	(A) A list of the following, including the minimum
14	and maximum percentage content by weight for
15	subdivisions (e)(8)(A)(i) through (iv):
16	(i) delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC);
17	(ii) tetrahydrocannabinolic acid (THCA);
18	(iii) cannabidiol (CBD);
19	(iv) cannabidiolic acid (CBDA); and
20	(v) all other ingredients of the item,
21	including any colors, artificial flavors, and
22	preservatives, listed in descending order by
23	predominance of weight shown with common or usual
24	names.
25	(B) The acceptable tolerances for the minimum
26	percentage printed on the label for any of

1	subdivisions	(e)(8)(A)(i)	through (i	v) shall	not	be
2	below 85% or	above 115% of	the labeled	amount.		

- (f) Packaging must not contain information that:
 - (1) is false or misleading;
 - (2) promotes excessive consumption;
- (3) depicts a person under 21 years of age consuming cannabis;
 - (4) includes the image of a cannabis leaf;
- (5) includes any image designed or likely to appeal to minors, including cartoons, toys, animals, or children, or any other likeness to images, characters, or phrases that are popularly used to advertise to children, or any packaging or labeling that bears reasonable resemblance to any product available for consumption as a commercially available candy, or that promotes consumption of cannabis;
- (6) contains any seal, flag, crest, coat of arms, or other insignia likely to mislead the purchaser to believe that the product has been endorsed, made, or used by the State of Illinois or any of its representatives except where authorized by this Act.
- (g) Cannabis products produced by concentrating or extracting ingredients from the cannabis plant shall contain the following information, where applicable:
 - (1) If solvents were used to create the concentrate or extract, a statement that discloses the type of extraction method, including any solvents or gases used to create the

1 concentrate or extract; and

- 2 (2) Any other chemicals or compounds used to produce 3 or were added to the concentrate or extract.
 - (h) All cannabis products must contain warning statements established for purchasers, of a size that is legible and readily visible to a consumer inspecting a package, which may not be covered or obscured in any way. The Department of Public Health shall define and update appropriate health warnings for packages including specific labeling or warning requirements for specific cannabis products.
 - (i) Unless modified by rule to strengthen or respond to new evidence and science, the following warnings shall apply to all cannabis products unless modified by rule: "This product contains cannabis and is intended for use by adults 21 and over. Its use can impair cognition and may be habit forming. This product should not be used by pregnant or breastfeeding women. It is unlawful to sell or provide this item to any individual, and it may not be transported outside the State of Illinois. It is illegal to operate a motor vehicle while under the influence of cannabis. Possession or use of this product may carry significant legal penalties in some jurisdictions and under federal law.".
 - (j) Warnings for each of the following product types must be present on labels when offered for sale to a purchaser:
 - (1) Cannabis that may be smoked must contain a statement that "Smoking is hazardous to your health.".

- (2) Cannabis-infused products (other than those intended for topical application) must contain a statement "CAUTION: This product contains cannabis, and intoxication following use may be delayed 2 or more hours. This product was produced in a facility that cultivates cannabis, and that may also process common food allergens.".
 - (3) Cannabis-infused products intended for topical application must contain a statement "DO NOT EAT" in bold, capital letters.
- (k) Each cannabis-infused product intended for consumption must be individually packaged, must include the total milligram content of THC and CBD, and may not include more than a total of 100 milligrams of THC per package. A package may contain multiple servings of 10 milligrams of THC, indicated by scoring, wrapping, or by other indicators designating individual serving sizes. The <u>Commission Department of Agriculture</u> may change the total amount of THC allowed for each package, or the total amount of THC allowed for each serving size, by rule.
- (1) No individual other than the purchaser may alter or destroy any labeling affixed to the primary packaging of cannabis or cannabis-infused products.
- (m) For each commercial weighing and measuring device used at a facility, the cultivation center or craft grower must:
 - (1) Ensure that the commercial device is licensed under the Weights and Measures Act and the associated

- 1 administrative rules (8 Ill. Adm. Code 600);
- 2 (2) Maintain documentation of the licensure of the commercial device; and
- 4 (3) Provide a copy of the license of the commercial
 5 device to the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture for
 6 review upon request.
- 7 (n) It is the responsibility of the <u>Commission</u> Department
 8 to ensure that packaging and labeling requirements, including
 9 product warnings, are enforced at all times for products
 10 provided to purchasers. Product registration requirements and
 11 container requirements may be modified by rule by the
 12 Commission Department of Agriculture.
- 13 (o) Labeling, including warning labels, may be modified by
 14 rule by the Commission Department of Agriculture.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19; 16 102-98, eff. 7-15-21.)
- 17 (410 ILCS 705/55-30)
- 18 Sec. 55-30. Confidentiality.
- 19 (a) Information provided by the cannabis business 20 establishment licensees or applicants to the Commission 21 Department of Agriculture, the Department of Public Health, 22 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the 23 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, or other 24 agency shall be limited to information necessary for the 25 purposes of administering this Act. The information is subject

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- to the provisions and limitations contained in the Freedom of 1 2 Information Act and may be disclosed in accordance with Section 55-65.
 - (b) The following information received and records kept by the Commission Department of Agriculture, the Department of Public Health, and the Illinois State Police, and the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation purposes of administering this Article are subject to all applicable federal privacy laws, are confidential and exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, except as provided in this Act, and not subject to disclosure to any individual or public or private entity, except to the Department of Financial and Professional Commission Regulation, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Public Health, and the Illinois State Police as necessary to perform official duties under this Article and to the Attorney General as necessary to enforce the provisions of this Act. The following information received and kept by the Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or the Department of Agriculture may be disclosed to the Department of Public Health, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Revenue, the Illinois State Police, or the Attorney General upon proper request:
 - (1) Applications and renewals, their contents, and supporting information submitted by or on behalf of dispensing organizations, cannabis business

- establishments, or Community College Cannabis Vocational Program licensees, in compliance with this Article, including their physical addresses; however, this does not preclude the release of ownership information about cannabis business establishment licenses, or information submitted with an application required to be disclosed pursuant to subsection (f);
 - (2) Any plans, procedures, policies, or other records relating to cannabis business establishment security; and
- (3) Information otherwise exempt from disclosure by State or federal law.
 - Illinois or national criminal history record information, or the nonexistence or lack of such information, may not be disclosed by the <u>Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or the Department of Agriculture</u>, except as necessary to the Attorney General to enforce this Act.
 - (c) The name and address of a dispensing organization licensed under this Act shall be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. The name and cannabis business establishment address of the person or entity holding each cannabis business establishment license shall be subject to disclosure.
 - (d) All information collected by the <u>Commission Department</u> of Financial and Professional Regulation or the Department of Agriculture in the course of an examination, inspection, or

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investigation of a licensee or applicant, including, but not limited to, any complaint against a licensee or applicant filed with the Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or the Department of Agriculture and information collected to investigate any such complaint, shall be maintained for the confidential use of the Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or the Department of Agriculture and shall not be disclosed, except as otherwise provided in this Act. A formal complaint against a licensee by the Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or the Department of Agriculture or any disciplinary order issued by the Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or the Department of Agriculture against a licensee or applicant shall be a public record, except as otherwise provided by law. Complaints from consumers or members of the general public received regarding a specific, named licensee or complaints regarding conduct by unlicensed entities shall be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

- (e) The <u>Commission and Department of Agriculture</u>, the Illinois State Police, and the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation shall not share or disclose any Illinois or national criminal history record information, or the nonexistence or lack of such information, to any person or entity not expressly authorized by this Act.
 - (f) The Commission Each Department responsible for

- 1 licensure under this Act shall publish on the Commission's
- 2 Department's website a list of the ownership information of
- 3 cannabis business establishment licensees under the
- 4 Commission's Department's jurisdiction. The list shall
- 5 include, but is not limited to: the name of the person or
- 6 entity holding each cannabis business establishment license;
- 7 and the address at which the entity is operating under this
- 8 Act. This list shall be published and updated monthly.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 10 102-98, eff. 7-15-21; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff.
- 11 5-13-22.)
- 12 (410 ILCS 705/55-35)
- 13 Sec. 55-35. Administrative rulemaking.
- 14 (a) No later than 180 days after the effective date of this
- 15 Act, the Department of Agriculture The Commission, the
- 16 Illinois State Police, the Department of Financial and
- 17 Professional Regulation, the Department of Revenue, the
- 18 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, and the
- 19 Treasurer's Office shall adopt permanent rules in accordance
- 20 with their responsibilities under this Act. The Commission
- 21 Department of Agriculture, the Illinois State Police, the
- 22 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the
- 23 Department of Revenue, and the Department of Commerce and
- 24 Economic Opportunity may adopt rules necessary to regulate
- 25 personal cannabis use through the use of emergency rulemaking

- in accordance with subsection (gg) of Section 5-45 of the
 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The General Assembly
 finds that the adoption of rules to regulate cannabis use is
 deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest,
 safety, and welfare.
 - (b) The <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture rules may address, but are not limited to, the following matters related to <u>dispensing organizations</u>, cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, and transporting organizations with the goal of protecting against diversion and theft, without imposing an undue burden on the <u>dispensing organizations</u>, cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, or transporting organizations:
 - (1) oversight requirements for <u>dispensing</u> organizations, cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, and transporting organizations;
 - (2) recordkeeping requirements for <u>dispensing</u> <u>organizations</u>, cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, and transporting organizations;
 - organizations, cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, and transporting organizations, which shall include that each <u>dispensing organization</u>, cultivation center, craft grower, infuser organization, and transporting organization location must be protected by a fully operational security alarm system;

1	(4)	standards	for	enclosed,	locked	facilities	under
2.	this Act	•					

- (5) procedures for suspending or revoking the identification cards of agents of <u>dispensing</u> organizations, cultivation centers, craft growers, infuser organizations, and transporting organizations that commit violations of this Act or the rules adopted under this Section;
- (6) (blank) rules concerning the intrastate transportation of cannabis from a cultivation center, eraft grower, infuser organization, and transporting organization to a dispensing organization;
- (7) standards concerning the <u>dispensing</u>, testing, quality, cultivation, and processing of cannabis; and
- (8) any other matters under oversight by the Commission Department of Agriculture as are necessary for the fair, impartial, stringent, and comprehensive administration of this Act.
- Commission rules addressing matters related to dispensing organizations shall be adopted with the goal of protecting against diversion and theft, without imposing an undue burden on the dispensing organizations.
- (c) (Blank). The Department of Financial and Professional Regulation rules may address, but are not limited to, the following matters related to dispensing organizations, with the goal of protecting against diversion and theft, without

1	imposing an undue burden on the dispensing organizations:
2	(1) oversight requirements for dispensing
3	organizations;
4	(2) recordkeeping requirements for dispensing
5	organizations;
6	(3) security requirements for dispensing
7	organizations, which shall include that each dispensing
8	organization location must be protected by a fully
9	operational security alarm system;
10	(4) procedures for suspending or revoking the licenses
11	of dispensing organization agents that commit violations
12	of this Act or the rules adopted under this Act;
13	(5) any other matters under oversight by the
14	Department of Financial and Professional Regulation that
15	are necessary for the fair, impartial, stringent, and
16	comprehensive administration of this Act.
17	(d) The Department of Revenue rules may address, but are
18	not limited to, the following matters related to the payment
19	of taxes by cannabis business establishments:
20	(1) recording of sales;
21	(2) documentation of taxable income and expenses;
22	(3) transfer of funds for the payment of taxes; or
23	(4) any other matter under the oversight of the
24	Department of Revenue.
25	(e) The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
26	rules may address, but are not limited to, a loan program or

- grant program to assist Social Equity Applicants access the capital needed to start a cannabis business establishment. The names of recipients and the amounts of any moneys received through a loan program or grant program shall be a public record.
- 6 (f) The Illinois State Police rules may enforcement of its authority under this Act. The Illinois 7 8 State Police shall not make rules that infringe on the 9 exclusive authority of the Commission Department of Financial and Professional Regulation or the Department of Agriculture 10 over licensees under this Act. 11
- 12 (g) The Department of Human Services shall develop and disseminate:
 - (1) educational information about the health risks associated with the use of cannabis; and
 - (2) one or more public education campaigns in coordination with local health departments and community organizations, including one or more prevention campaigns directed at children, adolescents, parents, and pregnant or breastfeeding women, to inform them of the potential health risks associated with intentional or unintentional cannabis use.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 24 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

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- 1 Sec. 55-40. Enforcement.
 - (a) If the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture, Illinois State Police, Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, or Department of Revenue fails to adopt rules to implement this Act within the times provided in this Act, any citizen may commence a mandamus action in the circuit court to compel the agencies to perform the actions mandated under Section 55-35.
 - (b) If the <u>Commission</u> Department of Agriculture or the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation fails to issue a valid agent identification card in response to a valid initial application or renewal application submitted under this Act or fails to issue a verbal or written notice of denial of the application within 30 days of its submission, the agent identification card is deemed granted and a copy of the agent identification initial application or renewal application shall be deemed a valid agent identification card.
 - (c) Authorized employees of State or local law enforcement agencies shall immediately notify the <u>Commission Department of Agriculture and the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation</u> when any person in possession of an agent identification card has been convicted of or pled guilty to violating this Act.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
 - (410 ILCS 705/55-45)

- 1 Sec. 55-45. Administrative hearings.
 - (a) Administrative hearings related to the duties and responsibilities assigned to the Department of Public Health shall be conducted under the Department of Public Health's rules governing administrative hearings.
 - (b) (Blank). Administrative hearings related to the duties and responsibilities assigned to the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and dispensing organization agents shall be conducted under the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation's rules governing administrative hearings.
 - (c) (Blank). Administrative hearings related to the duties and responsibilities assigned to the Department of Agriculture, cultivation centers, or cultivation center agents shall be conducted under the Department of Agriculture's rules governing administrative hearings.
 - (d) Administrative hearings related to the duties and responsibilities assigned to the Commission, dispensing organizations, cultivation centers, or their agents shall be conducted under the Commission's rules governing administrative hearings.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 23 (410 ILCS 705/55-50)
- Sec. 55-50. Petition for rehearing. Within 20 days after the service of any order or decision of the Department of

Public Health, the Commission Department of Agriculture, the 1 2 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, or the Illinois State Police upon any party to the proceeding, the 3 party may apply for a rehearing in respect to any matters 5 determined by them under this Act, except for decisions made under the Cannabis Cultivation Privilege Tax Law, the Cannabis 6 7 Purchaser Excise Tax Law, the County Cannabis Retailers' 8 Occupation Tax Law, and the Municipal Cannabis Retailers' 9 Occupation Tax Law, which shall be governed by the provisions 10 of those Laws. If a rehearing is granted, an agency shall hold 11 the rehearing and render a decision within 30 days from the 12 filing of the application for rehearing with the agency. The time for holding such rehearing and rendering a decision may 13 14 be extended for a period not to exceed 30 days, for good cause 15 shown, and by notice in writing to all parties of interest. If 16 an agency fails to act on the application for rehearing within 17 30 days, or the date the time for rendering a decision was extended for good cause shown, the order or decision of the 18 agency is final. No action for the judicial review of any order 19 20 or decision of an agency shall be allowed unless the party commencing such action has first filed an application for a 21 22 rehearing and the agency has acted or failed to act upon the 23 application. Only one rehearing may be granted by an agency on application of any one party. 24

25 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

- 1 (410 ILCS 705/55-55)
- 2 Sec. 55-55. Review of administrative decisions. All final
- 3 administrative decisions of the Department of Public Health,
- 4 the Commission Department of Agriculture, the Department of
- 5 Financial and Professional Regulation, and the Illinois State
- 6 Police are subject to judicial review under the Administrative
- 7 Review Law and the rules adopted under that Law. The term
- 8 "administrative decision" is defined as in Section 3-101 of
- 9 the Code of Civil Procedure.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 11 (410 ILCS 705/55-60)
- 12 Sec. 55-60. Suspension or revocation of a license.
- 13 (a) The Commission Department of Financial and
- 14 Professional Regulation or the Department of Agriculture may
- 15 suspend or revoke a license for a violation of this Act or a
- 16 rule adopted in accordance with this Act by the Department of
- 17 Agriculture and the Department of Financial and Professional
- 18 Regulation.
- 19 (b) The Commission Department of Agriculture and the
- 20 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may
- 21 suspend or revoke an agent identification card for a violation
- of this Act or a rule adopted in accordance with this Act.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the
- 24 Commission may revoke a license issued to a person under this
- 25 Act if the licensed cannabis business establishment fails to

- 1 <u>be operational within 2 years after the date the license was</u>
- 2 issued.

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- 3 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19.)
- 4 (410 ILCS 705/55-65)
- 5 Sec. 55-65. Financial institutions.
- 6 A financial institution that provides financial 7 services customarily provided by financial institutions to a cannabis business establishment authorized under this Act or 8 9 the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, or to a 10 person that is affiliated with such cannabis business 11 establishment, is exempt from any criminal law of this State 12 as it relates to cannabis-related conduct authorized under 1.3 State law.
 - (b) Upon request of a financial institution, a cannabis business establishment or proposed cannabis business establishment may provide to the financial institution the following information:
 - (1) Whether a cannabis business establishment with which the financial institution is doing or is considering doing business holds a license under this Act or the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act;
 - (2) The name of any other business or individual affiliate with the cannabis business establishment;
 - (3) A copy of the application, and any supporting documentation submitted with the application, for a

- license or a permit submitted on behalf of the proposed cannabis business establishment;
 - (4) If applicable, data relating to sales and the volume of product sold by the cannabis business establishment;
 - (5) Any past or pending violation by the person of this Act, the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, or the rules adopted under this Act these Acts where applicable; and
 - (6) Any penalty imposed upon the person for violating this Act, the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, or the rules adopted under this Act these Acts.
- 14 (c) (Blank).
- 15 (d) (Blank).
 - (e) Information received by a financial institution under this Section is confidential. Except as otherwise required or permitted by this Act, State law or rule, or federal law or regulation, a financial institution may not make the information available to any person other than:
 - (1) the customer to whom the information applies;
 - (2) a trustee, conservator, guardian, personal representative, or agent of the customer to whom the information applies; a federal or State regulator when requested in connection with an examination of the financial institution or if otherwise necessary for

- 1 complying with federal or State law;
- 2 (3) a federal or State regulator when requested in 3 connection with an examination of the financial 4 institution or if otherwise necessary for complying with 5 federal or State law; and
- 6 (4) a third party performing services for the
 7 financial institution, provided the third party is
 8 performing such services under a written agreement that
 9 expressly or by operation of law prohibits the third
 10 party's sharing and use of such confidential information
 11 for any purpose other than as provided in its agreement to
 12 provide services to the financial institution.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 14 (410 ILCS 705/55-85)

- 15 Sec. 55-85. Medical cannabis.
- 16 (a) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit any privileges or rights of a medical cannabis patient including 17 18 minor patients, primary caregiver, medical cannabis 19 cultivation center, or medical cannabis dispensing 20 organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis 21 Program Act, and where there is conflict between this Act and 22 the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act as they relate to medical cannabis patients, the Compassionate Use of 23 24 Medical Cannabis Program Act shall prevail.
 - (b) Dispensary locations that obtain an Early Approval

- 1 Adult Use Dispensary Organization License or an Adult Use
- 2 Dispensary Organization License in accordance with this Act at
- 3 the same location as a medical cannabis dispensing
- 4 organization registered under the Compassionate Use of Medical
- 5 Cannabis Program Act shall maintain an inventory of medical
- 6 cannabis and medical cannabis products on a monthly basis that
- 7 is substantially similar in variety and quantity to the
- 8 products offered at the dispensary during the 6-month period
- 9 immediately before the effective date of this Act.
- 10 (c) Beginning June 30, 2020, the <u>Commission</u> Department of
- 11 Agriculture shall make a quarterly determination whether
- 12 inventory requirements established for dispensaries in
- 13 subsection (b) should be adjusted due to changing patient
- 14 need.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 16 (410 ILCS 705/60-5)
- 17 Sec. 60-5. Definitions. In this Article:
- "Cannabis" has the meaning given to that term in Article 1
- of this Act, except that it does not include cannabis that is
- 20 subject to tax under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
- 21 Program Act.
- "Craft grower" has the meaning given to that term in
- 23 Article 1 of this Act.
- "Cultivation center" has the meaning given to that term in
- 25 Article 1 of this Act.

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- "Cultivator" or "taxpayer" means a cultivation center or 1 2 craft grower who is subject to tax under this Article.
- "Department" means the Department of Revenue. 3
- "Director" means the Director of Revenue.
- 5 "Dispensing organization" or "dispensary" has the meaning given to that term in Article 1 of this Act. 6
- 7 "Gross receipts" from the sales of cannabis by a 8 cultivator means the total selling price or the amount of such 9 sales, as defined in this Article. In the case of charges and 10 time sales, the amount thereof shall be included only when 11 payments are received by the cultivator.
- 12 "Person" means a natural individual, firm, partnership, 13 association, joint stock company, joint adventure, public or private corporation, limited liability company, or a receiver, 14 15 executor, trustee, guardian, or other representative appointed 16 by order of any court.
- 17 "Infuser" means "infuser organization" or "infuser" as defined in Article 1 of this Act. 18
- "Selling price" or "amount of sale" means the consideration for a sale valued in money whether received in money or otherwise, including cash, credits, property, and services, and shall be determined without any deduction on 23 account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials used, labor or service cost, or any other expense whatsoever, 25 but does not include separately stated charges identified on 26 the invoice by cultivators to reimburse themselves for their

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- 1 tax liability under this Article.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 3 (410 ILCS 705/60-20)
 - Sec. 60-20. Return and payment of cannabis cultivation privilege tax. Each person who is required to pay the tax imposed by this Article shall make a return to the Department on or before the 20th day of each month for the preceding calendar month stating the following:
 - (1) the taxpayer's name;
 - (2) the address of the taxpayer's principal place of business and the address of the principal place of business (if that is a different address) from which the taxpayer is engaged in the business of cultivating cannabis subject to tax under this Article;
 - (3) the total amount of receipts received by the taxpayer during the preceding calendar month from sales of cannabis subject to tax under this Article by the taxpayer during the preceding calendar month;
 - (4) the total amount received by the taxpayer during the preceding calendar month on charge and time sales of cannabis subject to tax imposed under this Article by the taxpayer before the month for which the return is filed;
 - (5) deductions allowed by law;
 - (6) gross receipts that were received by the taxpayer during the preceding calendar month and upon the basis of

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- which the tax is imposed;
- 2 (7) the amount of tax due;
- 3 (8) the signature of the taxpayer; and
- (9) any other information as the Department may reasonably require.

All returns required to be filed and payments required to be made under this Article shall be by electronic means. Taxpayers who demonstrate hardship in paying electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic payment requirement. The Department may require a separate return for the tax under this Article or combine the return for the tax under this Article with the return for the tax under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act. If the return for the tax under this Article is combined with the return for tax under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, then the vendor's discount allowed under this Section and any cap on that discount shall apply to the combined return. The taxpayer making the return provided for in this Section shall also pay to the Department, accordance with this Section, the amount of tax imposed by this Article, less a discount of 1.75%, but not to exceed \$1,000 per return period, which is allowed to reimburse the taxpayer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, collecting tax, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax, and supplying data to the Department upon request. No discount may be claimed by a taxpayer on returns not timely

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filed and for taxes not timely remitted. No discount may be claimed by a taxpayer for any return that is not filed electronically. No discount may be claimed by a taxpayer for any payment that is not made electronically, unless a waiver has been granted under this Section. Any amount that is required to be shown or reported on any return or other document under this Article shall, if the amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest whole-dollar amount if the fractional part of a dollar is \$0.50 or more and decreased to the nearest whole-dollar amount if the fractional part of a dollar is less than \$0.50. If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable, or creditable, the amount shall be disregarded if it is less than \$0.50 and shall be increased to \$1 if it is \$0.50 or more. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article concerning the time within which a taxpayer may file a return, any such taxpayer who ceases to engage in the kind of business that makes the person responsible for filing returns under this Article shall file a final return under this Article with the Department within one month after discontinuing such business.

Each taxpayer under this Article shall make estimated payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd, and last day of the month during which tax liability to the Department is incurred. The payments shall be in an amount not less than the lower of either 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual tax liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's actual tax

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liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of the quarter-monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. If any quarter-monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the amount of the quarter-monthly payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Article, as shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The credit evidenced by the credit memorandum may be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, in accordance with reasonable rules to be prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit the excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, in accordance with reasonable rules prescribed by the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's discount shall be reduced, if necessary, to reflect the

- difference between the credit taken and that actually due, and
- 2 that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on
- 3 the difference.
- 4 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
- 5 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department
- 6 is received by the taxpayer, the return shall be considered
- 7 valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be
- 8 deemed assessed.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 10 (410 ILCS 705/65-5)
- 11 Sec. 65-5. Definitions. In this Article:
- "Adjusted delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol level" means, for a
- delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol dominant product, the sum of the
- 14 percentage of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol plus .877
- multiplied by the percentage of tetrahydrocannabinolic acid.
- "Cannabis" has the meaning given to that term in Article 1
- of this Act, except that it does not include cannabis that is
- 18 subject to tax under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
- 19 Program Act.
- "Cannabis-infused product" means beverage food, oils,
- 21 ointments, tincture, topical formulation, or another product
- 22 containing cannabis that is not intended to be smoked.
- "Cannabis retailer" means a dispensing organization that
- sells cannabis for use and not for resale.
- 25 "Craft grower" has the meaning given to that term in

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- Article 1 of this Act. 1
- 2 "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
- "Director" means the Director of Revenue. 3
- "Dispensing organization" or "dispensary" has the meaning 5 given to that term in Article 1 of this Act.

"Person" means a natural individual, firm, partnership, 6 7 association, joint stock company, joint adventure, public or 8 private corporation, limited liability company, or a receiver, 9 executor, trustee, quardian, or other representative appointed by order of any court.

"Infuser organization" or "infuser" means a facility operated by an organization or business that is licensed by Commission Department of Agriculture to directly incorporate cannabis or cannabis concentrate into a product formulation to produce a cannabis-infused product.

"Purchase price" means the consideration paid for a purchase of cannabis, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, including cash, gift cards, credits, and property and shall be determined without any deduction on account of the cost of materials used, labor or service costs, or any other expense whatsoever. However, "purchase price" does not include consideration paid for:

- (1) any charge for a payment that is not honored by a financial institution;
- (2) any finance or credit charge, penalty or charge for delayed payment, or discount for prompt payment; and

1	(3) any amounts added to a purchaser's bill because of
2	charges made under the tax imposed by this Article, the
3	Municipal Cannabis Retailers' Occupation Tax Law, the
4	County Cannabis Retailers' Occupation Tax Law, the
5	Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act, the
6	Service Occupation Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, or
7	any locally imposed occupation or use tax.

- 8 "Purchaser" means a person who acquires cannabis for a valuable consideration.
- "Taxpayer" means a cannabis retailer who is required to collect the tax imposed under this Article.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 13 (410 ILCS 705/65-10)
- 14 Sec. 65-10. Tax imposed.
- 15 (a) Beginning January 1, 2020, a tax is imposed upon 16 purchasers for the privilege of using cannabis at the 17 following rates:
- 18 (1) Any cannabis, other than a cannabis-infused 19 product, with an adjusted delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol 20 level at or below 35% shall be taxed at a rate of 10% of 21 the purchase price;
- 22 (2) Any cannabis, other than a cannabis-infused 23 product, with an adjusted delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol 24 level above 35% shall be taxed at a rate of 25% of the 25 purchase price; and

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- 1 (3) A cannabis-infused product shall be taxed at a rate of 20% of the purchase price.
 - (b) The purchase of any product that contains any amount of cannabis or any derivative thereof is subject to the tax under subsection (a) of this Section on the full purchase price of the product.
 - (c) The tax imposed under this Section is not imposed on cannabis that is subject to tax under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act. The tax imposed by this Section is not imposed with respect to any transaction in interstate commerce, to the extent the transaction may not, under the Constitution and statutes of the United States, be made the subject of taxation by this State.
- (d) The tax imposed under this Article shall be in addition to all other occupation, privilege, or excise taxes imposed by the State of Illinois or by any municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.
- 18 (e) The tax imposed under this Article shall not be
 19 imposed on any purchase by a purchaser if the cannabis
 20 retailer is prohibited by federal or State Constitution,
 21 treaty, convention, statute, or court decision from collecting
 22 the tax from the purchaser.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 24 (410 ILCS 705/65-15)
- Sec. 65-15. Collection of tax.

- (a) The tax imposed by this Article shall be collected from the purchaser by the cannabis retailer at the rate stated in Section 65-10 with respect to cannabis sold by the cannabis retailer to the purchaser, and shall be remitted to the Department as provided in Section 65-30. All sales to a purchaser who is not a cardholder under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act are presumed subject to tax collection. Cannabis retailers shall collect the tax from purchasers by adding the tax to the amount of the purchase price received from the purchaser for selling cannabis to the purchaser. The tax imposed by this Article shall, when collected, be stated as a distinct item separate and apart from the purchase price of the cannabis.
- (b) If a cannabis retailer collects Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax measured by a purchase price that is not subject to Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax, or if a cannabis retailer, in collecting Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax measured by a purchase price that is subject to tax under this Act, collects more from the purchaser than the required amount of the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax on the transaction, the purchaser shall have a legal right to claim a refund of that amount from the cannabis retailer. If, however, that amount is not refunded to the purchaser for any reason, the cannabis retailer is liable to pay that amount to the Department.
- (c) Any person purchasing cannabis subject to tax under this Article as to which there has been no charge made to him

- or her of the tax imposed by Section 65-10 shall make payment
- of the tax imposed by Section 65-10 in the form and manner
- 3 provided by the Department not later than the 20th day of the
- 4 month following the month of purchase of the cannabis.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- 6 (410 ILCS 705/Art. 75 heading new)
- 7 ARTICLE 75. Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program.
- 8 (410 ILCS 705/75-5 new)
- 9 Sec. 75-5. Findings.
- 10 (a) The recorded use of cannabis as a medicine goes back
- 11 nearly 5,000 years. Modern medical research has confirmed the
- 12 beneficial uses of cannabis in treating or alleviating the
- pain, nausea, and other symptoms associated with a variety of
- 14 debilitating medical conditions, including cancer, multiple
- sclerosis, and HIV/AIDS, as found by the National Academy of
- 16 Sciences' Institute of Medicine in March 1999.
- 17 (b) Studies published since the 1999 Institute of Medicine
- 18 report continue to show the therapeutic value of cannabis in
- 19 treating a wide array of debilitating medical conditions.
- 20 These include relief of the neuropathic pain caused by
- 21 multiple sclerosis, HIV/AIDS, and other illnesses that often
- 22 fail to respond to conventional treatments and relief of
- 23 nausea, vomiting, and other side effects of drugs used to
- 24 treat HIV/AIDS and hepatitis C, increasing the chances of

1 patients continuing on life-saving treatment regimens.

- (c) Cannabis has many currently accepted medical uses in the United States, having been recommended by thousands of licensed physicians to at least 600,000 patients in states with medical cannabis laws. The medical utility of cannabis is recognized by a wide range of medical and public health organizations, including the American Academy of HIV Medicine, the American College of Physicians, the American Nurses Association, the American Public Health Association, the Leukemia & Lymphoma Society, and many others.
- (d) Data from the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reports and the Compendium of Federal Justice Statistics show that approximately 99 out of every 100 cannabis arrests in the U.S. are made under state law, rather than under federal law. Consequently, changing State law will have the practical effect of protecting from arrest the vast majority of seriously ill patients who have a medical need to use cannabis.
- (d-5) In 2014, the Task Force on Veterans' Suicide was created by the Illinois General Assembly to gather data on veterans' suicide prevention. Data from a U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs study indicates that 22 veterans commit suicide each day.
- (d-10) According to the State of Illinois Opioid Action

 Plan released in September 2017, "The opioid epidemic is the

 most significant public health and public safety crisis facing

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1	Illinois	s".	Acco	ording	to	the	Act	ion	Plan,	"Fuel	Led	by	the
2	growing	opi	oid	epidem	ic,	drug	ove	rdose	s have	now	bec	ome	the
3	leading	caus	se o	f death	n na	ationw	ide	for p	eople	under	the	age	e of
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- 6 <u>overdoses-almost twice the number of fatal car accidents.</u>
- 7 Beyond these deaths are thousands of emergency department
- 8 <u>visits, hospital stays, as well as the pain suffered by</u>
- 9 <u>individuals</u>, families, and communities".
- According to the Action Plan, "At the current rate, the opioid epidemic will claim the lives of more than 2,700 Illinoisans in 2020".
- Further, the Action Plan states, "Physical tolerance to opioids can begin to develop as early as two to three days following the continuous use of opioids, which is a large factor that contributes to their addictive potential".
 - The 2017 State of Illinois Opioid Action Plan also states,

 "The increase in OUD [opioid use disorder] and opioid overdose

 deaths is largely due to the dramatic rise in the rate and

 amount of opioids prescribed for pain over the past decades".
 - Further, according to the Action Plan, "In the absence of alternative treatments, reducing the supply of prescription opioids too abruptly may drive more people to switch to using illicit drugs (including heroin), thus increasing the risk of overdose".
- 26 (e) Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut,

L	Delaware,	Hawaii,	Maine,	Massachusetts,	Michigan,	Montana,
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- Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, Oregon, Rhode Island, Vermont,
- 3 Washington, and Washington, D.C. have removed state-level
- 4 criminal penalties from the medical use and cultivation of
- 5 <u>cannabis. Illinois joins in this effort for the health and</u>
- 6 <u>welfare of its citizens.</u>
- 7 (f) States are not required to enforce federal law or
- 8 prosecute people for engaging in activities prohibited by
- 9 <u>federal law. Therefore, compliance with this Act does not put</u>
- the State of Illinois in violation of federal law.
- 11 (g) State law should make a distinction between the
- 12 medical and non-medical uses of cannabis. Hence, the purpose
- of this Article is to protect patients with debilitating
- medical conditions, as well as their physicians and providers,
- from arrest and prosecution, criminal and other penalties, and
- property forfeiture if the patients engage in the medical use
- of cannabis.
- 18 (410 ILCS 705/75-7 new)
- 19 Sec. 75-7. Lawful user and lawful products. For the
- 20 purposes of this Article and to clarify the legislative
- 21 findings on the lawful use of cannabis:
- 22 <u>(1) A cardholder under this Article shall not be</u>
- 23 <u>considered an unlawful user or addicted to narcotics</u>
- solely as a result of his or her qualifying patient or
- designated caregiver status.

(2) All medical cannabis products purchased by a
qualifying patient at a licensed dispensing organization
shall be lawful products and a distinction shall be made
between medical and non-medical uses of cannabis as a
result of the qualifying patient's cardholder status,
provisional registration for qualifying patient cardholder
status, or participation in the Opioid Alternative Pilot
Program under the authorized use granted under State law.
(3) An individual with a provisional registration for
qualifying patient cardholder status, a qualifying patient
in the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program, or
an Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participant under
Section 75-62 shall not be considered an unlawful user or
addicted to narcotics solely as a result of his or her
application to or participation in the program.
(410 ILCS 705/75-10 new)
Sec. 75-10. Definitions. The following terms, as used in
this Article, shall have the meanings set forth in this

20 (a) "Adequate supply" means:

Section:

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- (1) 2.5 ounces of usable cannabis during a period of 14 days and that is derived solely from an intrastate source.
- (2) Subject to the rules of the Commission, a patient may apply for a waiver where a certifying health care

professional provides a substantial medical basis in a
signed, written statement asserting that, based on the
patient's medical history, in the certifying health care
professional's professional judgment, 2.5 ounces is an
insufficient adequate supply for a 14-day period to
properly alleviate the patient's debilitating medical
condition or symptoms associated with the debilitating
medical condition.
modification.

- (3) This subsection may not be construed to authorize the possession of more than 2.5 ounces at any time without authority from the Commission.
- (4) The pre-mixed weight of medical cannabis used in making a cannabis infused product shall apply toward the limit on the total amount of medical cannabis a registered qualifying patient may possess at any one time.
- who is licensed under the Nurse Practice Act as an advanced practice registered nurse and has a controlled substances license under Article III of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- (d) "Cardholder" means a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver who has been issued and possesses a valid registry identification card by the Department of Public Health.
- 25 <u>(d-5) "Certifying health care professional" means a</u> 26 <u>physician, an advanced practice registered nurse, or a</u>

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1 physician assistant.

2 (h) "Debilitating medical condition" means one or more of the following:

(1) cancer, glaucoma, positive status for human immunodeficiency virus, acquired immune deficiency syndrome, hepatitis C, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Crohn's disease (including, but not limited to, ulcerative colitis), agitation of Alzheimer's disease, cachexia/wasting syndrome, muscular dystrophy, fibromyalgia, spinal cord disease, including but not limited to arachnoiditis, Tarlov cysts, hydromyelia, syringomyelia, Rheumatoid arthritis, fibrous dysplasia, spinal cord injury, traumatic brain injury and post-concussion syndrome, Multiple Sclerosis, Arnold-Chiari malformation and Syringomyelia, Spinocerebellar Ataxia (SCA), Parkinson's, Tourette's, Myoclonus, Dystonia, Reflex Sympathetic Dystrophy, RSD (Complex Regional Pain Syndromes Type I), Causalgia, CRPS (Complex Regional Pain Syndromes Type II), Neurofibromatosis, Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy, Sjogren's syndrome, Lupus, Interstitial Cystitis, Myasthenia Gravis, Hydrocephalus, nail-patella syndrome, residual limb pain, seizures (including those characteristic of epilepsy), post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), autism, chronic pain, irritable bowel syndrome, migraines, osteoarthritis, anorexia nervosa,

1	Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Neuro-Behcet's Autoimmune
2	Disease, neuropathy, polycystic kidney disease, superior
3	canal dehiscence syndrome, or the treatment of these
4	conditions;
5	(1.5) terminal illness with a diagnosis of 6 months or
6	less; if the terminal illness is not one of the qualifying
7	debilitating medical conditions, then the certifying
8	health care professional shall on the certification form
9	identify the cause of the terminal illness; or
10	(2) any other debilitating medical condition or its
11	treatment that is added by the Department of Public Health
12	by rule as provided in Section 75-45.
13	(i) "Designated caregiver" means a person who: (1) is at
14	least 21 years of age; (2) has agreed to assist with a
15	patient's medical use of cannabis; (3) has not been convicted
16	of an excluded offense; and (4) assists no more than one
17	registered qualifying patient with his or her medical use of
18	<u>cannabis.</u>
19	(1-10) "Illinois Cannabis Tracking System" means a
20	web-based system established and maintained by the Commission
21	that is available to the Department of Agriculture, the
22	Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the
23	Illinois State Police, and registered medical cannabis
24	dispensing organizations on a 24-hour basis to upload written
25	certifications for Opioid Alternative Pilot Program
26	participants, to verify Opioid Alternative Pilot Program

- participants, to verify Opioid Alternative Pilot Program
 participants' available cannabis allotment and assigned
 dispensary, and the tracking of the date of sale, amount, and
 price of medical cannabis purchased by an Opioid Alternative
 Pilot Program participant.
- 6 <u>(m) "Medical cannabis cultivation center registration"</u>
 7 means a registration issued by the Department of Agriculture.
 - (n) "Medical cannabis container" means a sealed, traceable, food compliant, tamper resistant, tamper evident container, or package used for the purpose of containment of medical cannabis from a cultivation center to a dispensing organization.
 - (o) "Medical cannabis dispensing organization", or "dispensing organization", or "dispensary organization" means a facility operated by an organization or business that is registered by the Commission to acquire medical cannabis from a registered cultivation center for the purpose of dispensing cannabis, paraphernalia, or related supplies and educational materials to registered qualifying patients, individuals with a provisional registration for qualifying patient cardholder status, or an Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participant.
 - (p) "Medical cannabis dispensing organization agent" or "dispensing organization agent" means a principal officer, board member, employee, or agent of a registered medical cannabis dispensing organization who is 21 years of age or older and has not been convicted of an excluded offense.

- - (r) "Medical use" means the acquisition; administration; delivery; possession; transfer; transportation; or use of cannabis to treat or alleviate a registered qualifying patient's debilitating medical condition or symptoms associated with the patient's debilitating medical condition.
 - <u>(r-5) "Opioid" means a narcotic drug or substance that is a Schedule II controlled substance under paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (5) of subsection (b) or under subsection (c) of Section 206 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.</u>
 - (r-10) "Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participant"

 means an individual who has received a valid written

 certification to participate in the Opioid Alternative Pilot

 Program for a medical condition for which an opioid has been or

 could be prescribed by a certifying health care professional

 based on generally accepted standards of care.
 - (s) "Physician" means a doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathy licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987 to practice medicine and who has a controlled substances license under Article III of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. It does not include a licensed practitioner under any other Act including but not limited to the Illinois Dental Practice Act.
 - (s-1) "Physician assistant" means a physician assistant

1	licensed	under	the	Physician	Assistant	Practice	Act	of	1987
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- 2 and who has a controlled substances license under Article III
- 3 <u>of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.</u>
- 4 (s-5) "Provisional registration" means a document issued
- 5 by the Commission to a qualifying patient who has submitted:
- 6 (1) an online application and paid a fee to participate in the
- 7 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program pending approval
- 8 or denial of the patient's application; or (2) a completed
- 9 application for terminal illness.
- 10 (t) "Qualifying patient" means a person who has been
- diagnosed by a certifying health care professional as having a
- debilitating medical condition.
- 13 (u) "Registered" means licensed, permitted, or otherwise
- certified by the Commission.
- (v) "Registry identification card" means a document issued
- by the Commission that identifies a person as a registered
- 17 qualifying patient or registered designated caregiver.
- 18 (w) "Usable cannabis" means the seeds, leaves, buds, and
- 19 flowers of the cannabis plant and any mixture or preparation
- thereof, but does not include the stalks, and roots of the
- 21 plant. It does not include the weight of any non-cannabis
- ingredients combined with cannabis, such as ingredients added
- 23 to prepare a topical administration, food, or drink.
- 24 (x) "Verification system" means a Web-based system
- established and maintained by the Commission, law enforcement
- 26 personnel, and registered medical cannabis dispensing

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organization agents on a 24-hour basis for the verification of registry identification cards, the tracking of delivery of medical cannabis to medical cannabis dispensing organizations, and the tracking of the date of sale, amount, and price of

medical cannabis purchased by a registered qualifying patient.

(y) "Written certification" means a document dated and signed by a certifying health care professional, stating (1) that the qualifying patient has a debilitating medical condition and specifying the debilitating medical condition the qualifying patient has; and (2) that (A) the certifying health care professional is treating or managing treatment of the patient's debilitating medical condition; or (B) an Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participant has a medical condition for which opioids have been or could be prescribed. A written certification shall be made only in the course of a bona fide health care professional-patient relationship, after the certifying health care professional has completed an assessment of either a qualifying patient's medical history or Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participant, reviewed relevant records related to the patient's debilitating condition, and conducted a physical examination.

(z) "Bona fide health care professional-patient relationship" means a relationship established at a hospital, certifying health care professional's office, or other health care facility in which the certifying health care professional has an ongoing responsibility for the assessment, care, and

1	treatment of a patient's debilitating medical condition or a
2	symptom of the patient's debilitating medical condition.
3	A veteran who has received treatment at a VA hospital
4	shall be deemed to have a bona fide health care
5	professional-patient relationship with a VA certifying health
6	care professional if the patient has been seen for his or her
7	debilitating medical condition at the VA Hospital in
8	accordance with VA Hospital protocols.
9	A bona fide health care professional-patient relationship
10	under this subsection is a privileged communication within the
11	meaning of Section 8-802 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
12	(410 ILCS 705/75-15 new)
13	Sec. 75-15. Authority.
14	(a) It is the duty of the Commission to enforce the
15	following provisions of this Article unless otherwise provided
16	for by this Article:
17	(1) establish and maintain a confidential registry of
18	qualifying patients authorized to engage in the medical
19	use of cannabis and their caregivers;
20	(2) distribute educational materials about the health
21	benefits and risks associated with the use of cannabis and
22	prescription medications;
23	(3) adopt rules to administer the patient and
24	caregiver registration program; and

(4) adopt rules establishing food handling

1	requirements	s for	cannabis-infused	products	that	are
2	prepared for	human	consumption.			

- (b) It is the duty of the Commission to enforce the provisions of this Article relating to the registration and oversight of cultivation centers unless otherwise provided for in this Article.
 - (c) It is the duty of the Commission to enforce the provisions of this Article relating to the registration and oversight of dispensing organizations unless otherwise provided for in this Article.
- (d) The Commission, the Department of Public Health, the Department of Agriculture, or the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation shall enter into intergovernmental agreements, as necessary, to carry out the provisions of this Article including, but not limited to, the provisions relating to the registration and oversight of cultivation centers, dispensing organizations, and qualifying patients and caregivers.
- (e) The Commission may suspend, revoke, or impose other penalties upon a registration for violations of this Article and any rules adopted in accordance thereto. The suspension or revocation of, or imposition of any other penalty upon, a registration is a final Agency action, subject to judicial review. Jurisdiction and venue for judicial review are vested in the Circuit Court.

- 1 (410 ILCS 705/75-20 new)
- 2 Sec. 75-20. Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Fund.
- 3 (a) There is created the Compassionate Use of Medical
- 4 Cannabis Fund in the State treasury to be used exclusively for
- 5 the direct and indirect costs associated with the
- 6 <u>implementation</u>, administration, and enforcement of this
- 7 Article. Funds in excess of the direct and indirect costs
- 8 <u>associated with the implementation</u>, administration, and
- 9 <u>enforcement of this Article shall be used to fund crime</u>
- 10 prevention programs.
- 11 (b) All monies collected under this Article shall be
- deposited in the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Fund in
- 13 <u>the State treasury. All earnings received from investment of</u>
- 14 monies in the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Fund shall
- 15 be deposited in the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
- 16 Fund.

- 17 (c) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
- 18 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Fund is not subject to
- 19 sweeps, administrative charge-backs, or any other fiscal or
- 20 budgetary maneuver that would in any way transfer any amounts
- 21 from the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Fund into any
- 22 other fund of the State with the exception for purposes to
- 23 support Social Equity Applicants, owners and programs or as
- determined by the Commission.

Sec. 75-25. Immunities and presumptions related to the medical use of cannabis.

(a) A registered qualifying patient is not subject to arrest, prosecution, or denial of any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by an occupational or professional licensing board, for the medical use of cannabis in accordance with this Article, if the registered qualifying patient possesses an amount of cannabis that does not exceed an adequate supply as defined in subsection (a) of Section 75-10 of this Article of usable cannabis and, where the registered qualifying patient is a licensed professional, the use of cannabis does not impair that licensed professional when he or she is engaged in the practice of the profession for which he or she is licensed.

(b) A registered designated caregiver is not subject to arrest, prosecution, or denial of any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by an occupational or professional licensing board, for acting in accordance with this Article to assist a registered qualifying patient to whom he or she is connected through the with the exception for purposes to support Social Equity Applicants, owners and programs or as determined by the Commission's registration process with the medical use of cannabis if the designated caregiver possesses an amount of cannabis that does not exceed an adequate supply as defined in subsection (a) of Section 75-10 of this Article of usable

cannabis. A school nurse or school administrator is not
subject to arrest, prosecution, or denial of any right or
privilege, including, but not limited to, a civil penalty, for
acting in accordance with Section 22-33 of the School Code
relating to administering or assisting a student ir
self-administering a medical cannabis infused product. The
total amount possessed between the qualifying patient and
caregiver shall not exceed the patient's adequate supply as
defined in subsection (a) of Section 75-10 of this Article.
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- (c) A registered qualifying patient or registered designated caregiver is not subject to arrest, prosecution, or denial of any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by an occupational or professional licensing board for possession of cannabis that is incidental to medical use, but is not usable cannabis as defined in this Article.
- (d) (1) There is a rebuttable presumption that a registered qualifying patient is engaged in, or a designated caregiver is assisting with, the medical use of cannabis in accordance with this Article if the qualifying patient or designated caregiver:
- 22 (A) is in possession of a valid registry
 23 identification card; and
 - (B) is in possession of an amount of cannabis that does not exceed the amount allowed under subsection (a) of Section 75-10.

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- (2) The presumption may be rebutted by evidence that conduct related to cannabis was not for the purpose of treating or alleviating the qualifying patient's debilitating medical condition or symptoms associated with the debilitating medical condition in compliance with this Article.
- (e) A certifying health care professional is not subject to arrest, prosecution, or penalty in any manner, or denial of any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by the Medical Disciplinary Board or by any other occupational or professional licensing board, solely for providing written certifications or for otherwise stating that, in the certifying health care professional's professional opinion, a patient is likely to receive therapeutic or palliative benefit from the medical use of cannabis to treat or alleviate the patient's debilitating medical condition or symptoms associated with the debilitating medical condition, provided that nothing shall prevent a professional licensing or disciplinary board from sanctioning a certifying health care professional for: (1) issuing a written certification to a patient who is not under the certifying health care professional's care for a debilitating medical condition; or (2) failing to properly evaluate a patient's medical condition or otherwise violating the standard of care for evaluating medical conditions.
 - (f) No person may be subject to arrest, prosecution, or denial of any right or privilege, including, but not limited

to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by an occupational or professional licensing board, solely for: (1) selling cannabis paraphernalia to a cardholder upon presentation of an unexpired registry identification card in the recipient's name, if employed and registered as a dispensing agent by a registered dispensing organization; (2) being in the presence or vicinity of the medical use of cannabis as allowed under this Article; or (3) assisting a registered qualifying patient with the act of administering cannabis.

(g) A registered cultivation center is not subject to prosecution; search or inspection, except by the with the exception for purposes to support Social Equity Applicants, owners and programs or as determined by the Commission or State or local law enforcement under Section 75-130; seizure; or penalty in any manner, or denial of any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business licensing board or entity, for acting under this Article and Commission rules to: acquire, possess, cultivate, manufacture, deliver, transfer, transport, supply, or sell cannabis to registered dispensing organizations.

(h) A registered cultivation center agent is not subject to prosecution, search, or penalty in any manner, or denial of any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business licensing board or entity, for working or volunteering for a registered cannabis cultivation center under this Article and Commission

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- 1 <u>rules, including to perform the actions listed under</u> 2 subsection (g).
- (i) A registered dispensing organization is not subject to 3 4 prosecution; search or inspection, except by the Commission or State or local law enforcement pursuant to Section 75-130; 5 seizure; or penalty in any manner, or denial of any right or 6 7 privilege, including, but not limited to, civil penalty or 8 disciplinary action by a business licensing board or entity, 9 for acting under this Article and Commission rules to: 10 acquire, possess, or dispense cannabis, or related supplies, 11 and educational materials to registered qualifying patients or 12 registered designated caregivers on behalf of registered 13 qualifying patients.
 - (j) A registered dispensing organization agent is not subject to prosecution, search, or penalty in any manner, or denial of any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, civil penalty or disciplinary action by a business licensing board or entity, for working or volunteering for a dispensing organization under this Article and Department of Financial and Professional Regulation rules, including to perform the actions listed under subsection (i).
 - (k) Any cannabis, cannabis paraphernalia, illegal property, or interest in legal property that is possessed, owned, or used in connection with the medical use of cannabis as allowed under this Article, or acts incidental to that use, may not be seized or forfeited. this Article does not prevent

the seizure or forfeiture of cannabis exceeding the amounts
allowed under this Article, nor shall it prevent seizure or
forfeiture if the basis for the action is unrelated to the
cannabis that is possessed, manufactured, transferred, or used
under this Article.

(1) Mere possession of, or application for, a registry identification card or registration certificate does not constitute probable cause or reasonable suspicion, nor shall it be used as the sole basis to support the search of the person, property, or home of the person possessing or applying for the registry identification card. The possession of, or application for, a registry identification card does not preclude the existence of probable cause if probable cause exists on other grounds.

(m) Nothing in this Article shall preclude local or State law enforcement agencies from searching a registered cultivation center where there is probable cause to believe that the criminal laws of this State have been violated and the search is conducted in conformity with the Illinois Constitution, the Constitution of the United States, and all State statutes.

(n) Nothing in this Article shall preclude local or State law enforcement agencies from searching a registered dispensing organization where there is probable cause to believe that the criminal laws of this State have been violated and the search is conducted in conformity with the

- Illinois Constitution, the Constitution of the United States,
 and all State statutes.
- 3 (o) No individual employed by the State of Illinois shall
 4 be subject to criminal or civil penalties for taking any
 5 action in accordance with the provisions of this Article, when
 6 the actions are within the scope of the individual's
 7 employment. Representation and indemnification of State
 8 employees shall be provided to State employees as set forth in
 9 Section 2 of the State Employee Indemnification Act.
- (p) No law enforcement or correctional agency, nor any 10 11 individual employed by a law enforcement or correctional 12 agency, shall be subject to criminal or civil liability, except for willful and wanton misconduct, as a result of 13 14 taking any action within the scope of the official duties of 15 the agency or individual to prohibit or prevent the possession 16 or use of cannabis by a cardholder incarcerated at a correctional facility, jail, or municipal lockup facility, on 17 parole or mandatory supervised release, or otherwise under the 18 19 lawful jurisdiction of the agency or individual.
- 20 (410 ILCS 705/75-30 new)
- 21 Sec. 75-30. Limitations and penalties.
- 22 (a) This Article does not permit any person to engage in,
 23 and does not prevent the imposition of any civil, criminal, or
 24 other penalties for engaging in, the following conduct:
- 25 (1) Undertaking any task under the influence of

1	cannabis, when doing so would constitute negligence,
2	<pre>professional malpractice, or professional misconduct;</pre>
3	(2) Possessing cannabis:
4	(A) except as provided under Section 22-33 of the
5	School Code, in a school bus;
6	(B) except as provided under Section 22-33 of the
7	School Code, on the grounds of any preschool or
8	<pre>primary or secondary school;</pre>
9	(C) in any correctional facility;
10	(D) in a vehicle under Section 11-502.1 of the
11	Illinois Vehicle Code;
12	(E) in a vehicle not open to the public unless the
13	medical cannabis is in a reasonably secured, sealed
14	container and reasonably inaccessible while the
15	vehicle is moving; or
16	(F) in a private residence that is used at any time
17	to provide licensed child care or other similar social
18	service care on the premises;
19	(3) Using cannabis:
20	(A) except as provided under Section 22-33 of the
21	School Code, in a school bus;
22	(B) except as provided under Section 22-33 of the
23	School Code, on the grounds of any preschool or
24	<pre>primary or secondary school;</pre>
25	(C) in any correctional facility;
26	(D) in any motor vehicle;

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1	(E) in a private residence that is used at any time
2	to provide licensed child care or other similar social
3	service care on the premises;
4	(F) except as provided under Section 22-33 of the
5	School Code and Section 75-31 of this Article, in any
6	public place. "Public place" as used in this
7	subsection means any place where an individual could
8	reasonably be expected to be observed by others. A
9	"public place" includes all parts of buildings owned
10	in whole or in part, or leased, by the State or a local
11	unit of government. A "public place" does not include
12	a private residence unless the private residence is
13	used to provide licensed child care, foster care, or
14	other similar social service care on the premises. For
15	purposes of this subsection, a "public place" does not
16	include a health care facility. For purposes of this
17	Section, a "health care facility" includes, but is not
18	limited to, hospitals, nursing homes, hospice care
19	centers, and long-term care facilities;
20	(G) except as provided under Section 22-33 of the
21	School Code and Section 75-31 of this Article,
22	knowingly in close physical proximity to anyone under

the age of 18 years of age;

(4) Smoking medical cannabis in any public place where

an individual could reasonably be expected to be observed

by others, in a health care facility, or any other place

1	where smoking is prohibited under the Smoke Free Illinois
2	Act;
3	(5) Operating, navigating, or being in actual physical
4	control of any motor vehicle, aircraft, or motorboat while
5	using or under the influence of cannabis in violation of
6	Sections 11-501 and 11-502.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code;
7	(6) Using or possessing cannabis if that person does
8	not have a debilitating medical condition and is not a
9	registered qualifying patient or caregiver;
10	(7) Allowing any person who is not allowed to use
11	cannabis under this Article to use cannabis that a
12	cardholder is allowed to possess under this Article;
13	(8) Transferring cannabis to any person contrary to
14	the provisions of this Article;
15	(9) The use of medical cannabis by an active duty law
16	enforcement officer, correctional officer, correctional
17	probation officer, or firefighter; or
18	(10) The use of medical cannabis by a person who has a
19	school bus permit or a Commercial Driver's License.
20	(b) Nothing in this Article shall be construed to prevent
21	the arrest or prosecution of a registered qualifying patient
22	for reckless driving or driving under the influence of
23	cannabis where probable cause exists.
24	(c) Notwithstanding any other criminal penalties related
25	to the unlawful possession of cannabis, knowingly making a
26	misrepresentation to a law enforcement official of any fact or

Article.

- circumstance relating to the medical use of cannabis to avoid
 arrest or prosecution is a petty offense punishable by a fine
 of up to \$1,000, which shall be in addition to any other
 penalties that may apply for making a false statement or for
 the use of cannabis other than use undertaken under this
 - (d) Notwithstanding any other criminal penalties related to the unlawful possession of cannabis, any person who makes a misrepresentation of a medical condition to a certifying health care professional or fraudulently provides material misinformation to a certifying health care professional in order to obtain a written certification is guilty of a petty offense punishable by a fine of up to \$1,000.
 - (e) Any cardholder or registered caregiver who sells cannabis shall have the cardholder's or caregiver's registry identification card revoked and is subject to other penalties for the unauthorized sale of cannabis.
 - (f) Any registered qualifying patient who commits a violation of Section 11-502.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or refuses a properly requested test related to operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of cannabis shall have the patient's registry identification card revoked.
 - (g) No registered qualifying patient or designated caregiver shall knowingly obtain, seek to obtain, or possess, individually or collectively, an amount of usable cannabis from a registered medical cannabis dispensing organization

1 t	hat	would	cause	the	patient	or	caregiver	to	exceed	the
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- 2 authorized adequate supply under subsection (a) of Section
- 3 75-10.
- 4 (h) Nothing in this Article shall prevent a private
- 5 <u>business from restricting or prohibiting the medical use of</u>
- 6 <u>cannabis on its property.</u>
- 7 (i) Nothing in this Article shall prevent a university,
- 8 college, or other institution of post-secondary education from
- 9 restricting or prohibiting the use of medical cannabis on its
- 10 <u>property.</u>
- 11 (410 ILCS 705/75-31 new)
- Sec. 75-31. Administration to persons with disabilities in
- park district programs.
- 14 (a) Definitions. As used in this Section:
- 15 <u>(1) "Park district" has the meaning as defined in</u>
- Section 1-3 of the Park District Code. "Park district"
- 17 includes the Chicago Park District as defined by the
- 18 <u>Chicago Park District Act, any special recreational</u>
- 19 <u>association created by a park district through an</u>
- intergovernmental agreement, and any nonprofit
- 21 <u>organization authorized by the park district or special</u>
- 22 recreational association to administer a program for
- persons with disabilities on its behalf.
- 24 (2) "Program participant" means a person with
- 25 disabilities who is a registered qualifying patient and

who participates in a summer camp, educational program, or

other similar program provided by a park district for

persons with disabilities.

- (b) Subject to the restrictions under subsections (c) through (f) of this Section, a park district shall authorize a program participant's parent, quardian, or other designated caregiver to administer a medical cannabis infused product to the program participant on the premises of the park district if both the program participant and the parent, quardian, or other designated caregiver are cardholders. After administering the medical cannabis infused product, the parent, quardian, or other designated caregiver shall remove the medical cannabis infused product from the premises of the park district.
- (c) A parent, quardian, or other designated caregiver may not administer a medical cannabis infused product under this Section in a manner that, in the opinion of the park district, would create a disruption to the park district's program or activity for persons with disabilities or would cause exposure of the medical cannabis infused product to other program participants.
- (d) A park district may not discipline a program participant who is administered a medical cannabis infused product by a parent, guardian, or other designated caregiver under this Section and may not deny the program participant's eligibility to attend the park district's program or activity

1	for	persons	with	disabilities	solely	y because	the	program
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- 2 participant requires the administration of the medical
- 3 <u>cannabis infused product.</u>
- 4 (e) Nothing in this Section requires a member of the park
- 5 <u>district's staff to administer a medical cannabis infused</u>
- 6 product to a program participant.
- 7 (f) A park district may not authorize the use of a medical
- 8 cannabis infused product under this Section if the park
- 9 <u>district would lose federal funding as a result of the</u>
- 10 <u>authorization</u>.
- 11 (410 ILCS 705/75-35 new)
- 12 Sec. 75-35. Certifying health care professional
- 13 requirements.
- 14 (a) A certifying health care professional who certifies a
- debilitating medical condition for a qualifying patient shall
- 16 comply with all of the following requirements:
- 17 (1) The certifying health care professional shall be
- 18 currently licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987
- 19 to practice medicine in all its branches, the Nurse
- 20 Practice Act, or the Physician Assistant Practice Act of
- 21 <u>1987, shall be in good standing, and must hold a</u>
- 22 controlled substances license under Article III of the
- 23 Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- 24 (2) A certifying health care professional certifying a
- 25 patient's condition shall comply with generally accepted

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1	standards of medical practice, the provisions of the Act
2	under which he or she is licensed and all applicable
3	rules.
4	(3) The physical examination required by this Article
5	may not be performed by remote means, including
6	telemedicine.
7	(4) The certifying health care professional shall
8	maintain a record-keeping system for all patients for whom
9	the certifying health care professional has certified the
10	patient's medical condition. These records shall be
11	accessible to and subject to review by the Commission upon
12	request.
13	(b) A certifying health care professional may not:
14	(1) accept, solicit, or offer any form of remuneration
15	from or to a qualifying patient, primary caregiver,
16	cultivation center, or dispensing organization, including
17	each principal officer, board member, agent, and employee,
18	to certify a patient, other than accepting payment from a
19	patient for the fee associated with the required
20	examination, except for the limited purpose of performing
21	a medical cannabis-related research study;
22	(1.5) accept, solicit, or offer any form of

remuneration from or to a medical cannabis cultivation

center or dispensary organization for the purposes of

referring a patient to a specific dispensary organization;

(1.10) engage in any activity that is prohibited under

caregiver; or

1	Section 22.2 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987,
2	regardless of whether the certifying health care
3	professional is a physician, advanced practice registered
4	nurse, or physician assistant;
5	(2) offer a discount of any other item of value to a
6	qualifying patient who uses or agrees to use a particular
7	primary caregiver or dispensing organization to obtain
8	medical cannabis;
9	(3) conduct a personal physical examination of a
10	patient for purposes of diagnosing a debilitating medical
11	condition at a location where medical cannabis is sold or
12	distributed or at the address of a principal officer,
13	agent, or employee or a medical cannabis organization;
14	(4) hold a direct or indirect economic interest in a
15	cultivation center or dispensing organization if he or she
16	recommends the use of medical cannabis to qualified
17	patients or is in a partnership or other fee or
18	profit-sharing relationship with a certifying health care
19	professional who recommends medical cannabis, except for
20	the limited purpose of performing a medical
21	<pre>cannabis-related research study;</pre>
22	(5) serve on the board of directors or as an employee
23	of a cultivation center or dispensing organization;
24	(6) refer patients to a cultivation center, a
25	dispensing organization, or a registered designated

1	(7)	advertise	in	а	cultivation	center	or	а	dispensing
2	organiza	ation.							

- (c) The Commission may with reasonable cause investigate a certifying health care professional, who has certified a debilitating medical condition of a patient, for potential violations of this Section.
- (d) Any violation of this Section or any other provision of this Article or rules adopted under this Article is a violation of the certifying health care professional's licensure act.
 - debilitating medical condition for a qualifying patient may notify the Department of Public Health in writing: (1) if the certifying health care professional has reason to believe either that the registered qualifying patient has ceased to suffer from a debilitating medical condition; (2) that the bona fide health care professional-patient relationship has terminated; or (3) that continued use of medical cannabis would result in contraindication with the patient's other medication. The registered qualifying patient's registry identification card shall be revoked by the Commission after receiving the certifying health care professional's notification.
 - (f) Nothing in this Article shall preclude a certifying health care professional from referring a patient for health services, except when the referral is limited to certification

l purposes only, under this Articl	L	purposes	only,	under	this	Articl
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2	(410 ILCS 705/75-36 new)
3	Sec. 75-36. Written certification.
4	(a) A certification confirming a patient's debilitating
5	medical condition shall be written on a form provided by the
6	Commission and shall include, at a minimum, the following:
7	(1) the qualifying patient's name, date of birth, home
8	address, and primary telephone number;
9	(2) the certifying health care professional's name,
10	address, telephone number, email address, and medical,
11	advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant
12	license number, and the last 4 digits, only, of his or her
13	active controlled substances license under the Illinois
14	Controlled Substances Act and indication of specialty or
15	primary area of clinical practice, if any;
16	(3) the qualifying patient's debilitating medical
17	<pre>condition;</pre>
18	(4) a statement that the certifying health care
19	professional has confirmed a diagnosis of a debilitating
20	condition; is treating or managing treatment of the
21	patient's debilitating condition; has a bona fide health
22	care professional-patient relationship; has conducted an
23	in-person physical examination; and has conducted a review
24	of the patient's medical history, including reviewing

medical records from other treating health care

1	professionals, if any, from the previous 12 months;
2	(5) the certifying health care professional's
3	signature and date of certification; and
4	(6) a statement that a participant in possession of a
5	written certification indicating a debilitating medical
6	condition shall not be considered an unlawful user or
7	addicted to narcotics solely as a result of his or her
8	pending application to or participation in the
9	Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program.
10	(b) A written certification does not constitute a
11	prescription for medical cannabis.
12	(c) Applications for qualifying patients under 18 years
13	old shall require a written certification from a certifying
14	health care professional and a reviewing certifying health
15	<pre>care professional.</pre>
16	(d) A certification confirming the patient's eligibility
17	to participate in the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program shall
18	be written on a form provided by the Department of Public
19	Health and shall include, at a minimum, the following:
20	(1) the participant's name, date of birth, home
21	address, and primary telephone number;
22	(2) the certifying health care professional's name,
23	address, telephone number, email address, and medical,
24	advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant
25	license number, and the last 4 digits, only, of his or her
26	active controlled substances license under the Illinois

1	Controlled Substances Act and indication of specialty or
2	primary area of clinical practice, if any;
3	(3) the certifying health care professional's
4	signature and date;
5	(4) the length of participation in the program, which
6	shall be limited to no more than 90 days;
7	(5) a statement identifying the patient has been
8	diagnosed with and is currently undergoing treatment for a
9	medical condition where an opioid has been or could be
10	prescribed; and
11	(6) a statement that a participant in possession of a
12	written certification indicating eligibility to
13	participate in the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program shall
14	not be considered an unlawful user or addicted to
15	narcotics solely as a result of his or her eligibility or
16	participation in the program.
17	(e) The Commission may provide a single certification form
18	for subsections (a) and (d) of this Section, provided that all
19	requirements of those subsections are included on the form.
20	(f) The Commission shall not include the word "cannabis"
21	on any application forms or written certification forms that
22	it issues under this Section.
23	(g) A written certification does not constitute a
24	prescription.
25	(h) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly submit a
26	fraudulent certification to be a qualifying patient in the

- 1 <u>Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program or an Opioid</u>
- 2 Alternative Pilot Program participant. A violation of this
- 3 subsection shall result in the person who has knowingly
- 4 submitted the fraudulent certification being permanently
- 5 banned from participating in the Compassionate Use of Medical
- 6 Cannabis Program or the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program.
- 7 (410 ILCS 705/75-40 new)
- 8 Sec. 75-40. Discrimination prohibited.
- enroll or lease to, or otherwise penalize, a person solely for

 his or her status as a registered qualifying patient or a

(a) (1) No school, employer, or landlord may refuse to

- registered designated caregiver, unless failing to do so would
- put the school, employer, or landlord in violation of federal
- law or unless failing to do so would cause it to lose a
- 15 monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law or
- 16 rules. This does not prevent a landlord from prohibiting the
- smoking of cannabis on the premises.
- 18 (2) For the purposes of medical care, including organ
- 19 transplants, a registered qualifying patient's authorized use
- of cannabis in accordance with this Article is considered the
- 21 equivalent of the authorized use of any other medication used
- 22 at the direction of a certifying health care professional, and
- 23 may not constitute the use of an illicit substance or
- 24 otherwise disqualify a qualifying patient from needed medical
- 25 care.

- (b) A person otherwise entitled to custody of or visitation or parenting time with a minor may not be denied that right, and there is no presumption of neglect or child endangerment, for conduct allowed under this Article, unless the person's actions in relation to cannabis were such that they created an unreasonable danger to the safety of the minor as established by clear and convincing evidence.
- 8 (c) No school, landlord, or employer may be penalized or
 9 denied any benefit under State law for enrolling, leasing to,
 10 or employing a cardholder.
 - (d) Nothing in this Article may be construed to require a government medical assistance program, employer, property and casualty insurer, or private health insurer to reimburse a person for costs associated with the medical use of cannabis.
 - (e) Nothing in this Article may be construed to require any person or establishment in lawful possession of property to allow a quest, client, customer, or visitor who is a registered qualifying patient to use cannabis on or in that property.
- 20 (410 ILCS 705/75-45 new)
- 21 Sec. 75-45. Addition of debilitating medical conditions.
- 22 <u>(a) Any resident may petition the Commission to add</u>
 23 <u>debilitating conditions or treatments to the list of</u>
 24 <u>debilitating medical conditions listed in subsection (h) of</u>
 25 Section 75-10. The Commission shall approve or deny a petition

- within 180 days of its submission, and, upon approval, shall
 proceed to add that condition by rule in accordance with the
 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The approval or denial
 of any petition is a final decision of the Commission, subject
 to judicial review. Jurisdiction and venue are vested in the
 Circuit Court.
 - (b) The Commission shall accept petitions once annually for a one-month period determined by the Commission. During the open period, the Commission shall accept petitions from any resident requesting the addition of a new debilitating medical condition or disease to the list of approved debilitating medical conditions for which the use of cannabis has been shown to have a therapeutic or palliative effect. The Commission shall provide public notice 30 days before the open period for accepting petitions, which shall describe the time period for submission, the required format of the submission, and the submission address.
 - (c) Each petition shall be limited to one proposed debilitating medical condition or disease.
 - (d) A petitioner shall file one original petition in the format provided by the Commission and in the manner specified by the Commission. For a petition to be processed and reviewed, the following information shall be included:
 - (1) The petition, prepared on forms provided by the Commission, in the manner specified by the Commission.
 - (2) A specific description of the medical condition or

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1	disease that is the subject of the petition. Each petition
2	shall be limited to a single condition or disease.
3	Information about the proposed condition or disease shall
4	<pre>include:</pre>
5	(A) the extent to which the condition or disease
6	itself or the treatments cause severe suffering, such
7	as severe or chronic pain, severe nausea or vomiting,
8	or otherwise severely impair a person's ability to
9	conduct activities of daily living;
10	(B) information about why conventional medical
11	therapies are not sufficient to alleviate the
12	suffering caused by the disease or condition and its
13	<pre>treatment;</pre>
14	(C) the proposed benefits from the medical use of
15	cannabis specific to the medical condition or disease;
16	(D) evidence from the medical community and other
17	experts supporting the use of medical cannabis to
18	alleviate suffering caused by the condition, disease,
19	or treatment;
20	(E) letters of support from physicians or other
21	licensed health care providers knowledgeable about the
22	condition or disease, including, if feasible, a letter
23	from a physician, advanced practice registered nurse,
24	or physician assistant with whom the petitioner has a
25	bona fide health care professional-patient
26	relationship;

1	(F) any additional medical, testimonial, or
2	scientific documentation; and
3	(G) an electronic copy of all materials submitted.
4	(3) Upon receipt of a petition, the Department shall:
5	(A) determine whether the petition meets the
6	standards for submission and, if so, shall accept the
7	petition for further review; or
8	(B) determine whether the petition does not meet
9	the standards for submission and, if so, shall deny
10	the petition without further review.
11	(4) If the petition does not fulfill the standards for
12	submission, the petition shall be considered deficient.
13	The Commission shall notify the petitioner, who may
14	correct any deficiencies and resubmit the petition during
15	the next open period.
16	(e) The petitioner may withdraw his or her petition by
17	submitting a written statement to the Commission indicating
18	withdrawal.
19	(f) Upon review of accepted petitions, the Director shall
20	render a final decision regarding the acceptance or denial of
21	the proposed debilitating medical conditions or diseases.
22	(g) The Commission shall convene a Medical Cannabis
23	Advisory Board (Advisory Board) composed of 16 members, which
24	<pre>shall include:</pre>
25	(1) one medical cannabis patient advocate or
26	designated caregiver;

1	(2) one parent or designated caregiver of a person
2	under the age of 18 who is a qualified medical cannabis
3	<pre>patient;</pre>
4	(3) two registered nurses or nurse practitioners;
5	(4) three registered qualifying patients, including
6	one veteran; and
7	(5) nine health care practitioners with current
8	professional licensure in their field. The Advisory Board
9	shall be composed of health care practitioners
10	representing the following areas:
11	(A) neurology;
12	(B) pain management;
13	(C) medical oncology;
14	(D) psychiatry or mental health;
15	(E) infectious disease;
16	(F) family medicine;
17	(G) general primary care;
18	(H) medical ethics;
19	(I) pharmacy;
20	(J) pediatrics; or
21	(K) psychiatry or mental health for children or
22	adolescents.
23	At least one appointed health care practitioner shall have
24	direct experience related to the health care needs of veterans
25	and at least one individual shall have pediatric experience.
26	(h) Members of the Advisory Board shall be appointed by

1	the	Governor.

- (1) Members shall serve a term of 4 years or until a successor is appointed and qualified. If a vacancy occurs, the Governor shall appoint a replacement to complete the original term created by the vacancy.
 - (2) The Governor shall select a chairperson.
 - (3) Members may serve multiple terms.
 - (4) Members shall not have an affiliation with, serve on the board of, or have a business relationship with a registered cultivation center or a registered medical cannabis dispensary.
 - (5) Members shall disclose any real or apparent conflicts of interest that may have a direct bearing of the subject matter, such as relationships with pharmaceutical companies, biomedical device manufacturers, or corporations whose products or services are related to the medical condition or disease to be reviewed.
 - (6) Members shall not be paid but shall be reimbursed for travel expenses incurred while fulfilling the responsibilities of the Advisory Board.
- (i) On June 30, 2016 (the effective date of Public Act 99-519), the terms of office of the members of the Advisory Board serving on that date shall terminate and the Board shall be reconstituted.
- 26 (j) The Advisory Board shall convene at the call of the

1	Chair:

- 2 (1) to examine debilitating conditions or diseases
- 3 that would benefit from the medical use of cannabis; and
- 4 (2) to review new medical and scientific evidence
- 5 pertaining to currently approved conditions.
- 6 (k) The Advisory Board shall issue an annual report of its
- 7 activities each year.
- 8 (1) The Advisory Board shall receive administrative
- 9 support from the Department.
- 10 (410 ILCS 705/75-50 new)
- 11 Sec. 75-50. Employment; employer liability.
- 12 (a) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit an employer
- 13 from adopting reasonable regulations concerning the
- 14 consumption, storage, or timekeeping requirements for
- 15 qualifying patients related to the use of medical cannabis.
- 16 (b) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit an employer
- 17 from enforcing a policy concerning drug testing,
- 18 zero-tolerance, or a drug free workplace provided the policy
- is applied in a nondiscriminatory manner.
- 20 (c) Nothing in this Article shall limit an employer from
- 21 disciplining a registered qualifying patient for violating a
- 22 workplace drug policy.
- 23 (d) Nothing in this Article shall limit an employer's
- 24 ability to discipline an employee for failing a drug test if
- 25 failing to do so would put the employer in violation of federal

- 1 <u>law or cause it to lose a federal contract or funding.</u>
- 2 (e) Nothing in this Article shall be construed to create a

 defense for a third party who fails a drug test.
 - (f) An employer may consider a registered qualifying patient to be impaired when he or she manifests specific, articulable symptoms while working that decrease or lessen his or her performance of the duties or tasks of the employee's job position, including symptoms of the employee's speech, physical dexterity, agility, coordination, demeanor, irrational or unusual behavior, negligence or carelessness in operating equipment or machinery, disregard for the safety of the employee or others, or involvement in an accident that results in serious damage to equipment or property, disruption of a production or manufacturing process, or carelessness that results in any injury to the employee or others. If an employer elects to discipline a qualifying patient under this subsection, it must afford the employee a reasonable opportunity to contest the basis of the determination.
 - or imply a cause of action for any person against an employer for: (1) actions based on the employer's good faith belief that a registered qualifying patient used or possessed cannabis while on the employer's premises or during the hours of employment; (2) actions based on the employer's good faith belief that a registered qualifying patient was impaired while working on the employer's premises during the hours of

1 (employ	ment;	(3)	inj	ury	or	loss	to	а	third	party	/ if	the	emp	107	/er
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- 2 neither knew nor had reason to know that the employee was
- 3 impaired.

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- 4 (h) Nothing in this Article shall be construed to
- 5 interfere with any federal restrictions on employment
- 6 including but not limited to the United States Department of
- 7 Transportation regulation 49 CFR 40.151(e).
- 8 (410 ILCS 705/75-55 new)
- 9 <u>Sec. 75-55. Registration of qualifying patients and</u> 10 designated caregivers.
- 11 <u>(a) The Commission shall issue registry identification</u>
 12 <u>cards to qualifying patients and designated caregivers who</u>
 13 <u>submit a completed application, and at minimum, the following,</u>
- 14 <u>in accordance with Commission rules:</u>
 - (1) A written certification, on a form developed by the Commission consistent with Section 75-36 and issued by a certifying health care professional, within 90 days immediately preceding the date of an application and submitted by the qualifying patient or his or her designated caregiver;
 - (2) upon the execution of applicable privacy waivers, the patient's medical documentation related to his or her debilitating condition and any other information that may be reasonably required by the Commission to confirm that the certifying health care professional and patient have a

1	bona fide health care professional-patient relationship,
2	that the qualifying patient is in the certifying health
3	care professional's care for his or her debilitating
4	medical condition, and to substantiate the patient's
5	diagnosis;
6	(3) the application or renewal fee as set by rule;
7	(4) the name, address, date of birth, and social
8	security number of the qualifying patient, except that if
9	the applicant is unhoused no address is required;
10	(5) the name, address, and telephone number of the
11	qualifying patient's certifying health care professional;
12	(6) the name, address, and date of birth of the
13	designated caregiver, if any, chosen by the qualifying
14	<pre>patient;</pre>
15	<u>(7) (blank);</u>
16	(8) signed statements from the patient and designated
17	caregiver asserting that they will not divert medical
18	<pre>cannabis; and</pre>
19	<u>(9) (blank).</u>
20	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, a
21	person provided a written certification for a debilitating
22	medical condition who has submitted a completed online
23	application to the Commission shall receive a provisional
24	registration and be entitled to purchase medical cannabis from
25	a licensed dispensing organization for a period of 90 days or
26	until the person's application has been denied or the person

- 1 receives a registry identification card, whichever is earlier.
- 2 However, a person may obtain an additional provisional
- 3 registration after the expiration of 90 days after the date of
- 4 application if the Commission does not provide the individual
- 5 with a registry identification card or deny the individual's
- 6 application within those 90 days.
- 7 The provisional registration may not be extended if the
- 8 individual does not respond to the Commission's request for
- 9 additional information or corrections to required application
- 10 documentation.
- In order for a person to receive medical cannabis under
- this subsection, a person must present his or her provisional
- 13 registration along with a valid driver's license or State
- 14 identification card to the licensed dispensing organization.
- 15 The dispensing organization shall verify the person's
- 16 provisional registration through the Department of Public
- 17 Health's online verification system.
- 18 Upon verification of the provided documents, the
- dispensing organization shall dispense no more than 2.5 ounces
- of medical cannabis during a 14-day period to the person for a
- 21 period of 90 days, until the person's application has been
- denied, or until the person receives a registry identification
- 23 card from the Department of Public Health, whichever is
- 24 earlier.
- 25 <u>Persons with provisional registrations must keep their</u>
- 26 provisional registration in their possession at all times when

1 <u>transporting or engaging in the medical use of cannabis.</u>

- 2 (c) No person or business shall charge a fee for assistance in the preparation, compilation, or submission of 3 an application to the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis 4 5 Program or the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program. A violation of this subsection is a Class C misdemeanor, for which 6 7 restitution to the applicant and a fine of up to \$1,500 may be 8 imposed. All fines shall be deposited into the Compassionate 9 Use of Medical Cannabis Fund after restitution has been made to the applicant. The Commission shall refer individuals 10 11 making complaints against a person or business under this 12 Section to the Illinois State Police, who shall enforce violations of this provision. All application forms issued by 13 14 the Commission shall state that no person or business may charge a fee for assistance in the preparation, compilation, 15 16 or submission of an application to the Compassionate Use of 17 Medical Cannabis Program or the Opioid Alternative Pilot 18 Program.
- 19 (410 ILCS 705/75-57 new)
- Sec. 75-57. Qualifying patients.
- 21 (a) Qualifying patients that are under the age of 18 years
 22 shall not be prohibited from appointing designated caregivers
 23 who meet the definition of "designated caregiver" under
 24 Section 75-10 so long as at least one designated caregiver is a
- 25 biological parent or legal quardian.

1	(b) Qualifying patients that are 18 years of age or older
2	shall not be prohibited from appointing designated caregivers
3	who meet the definition of "designated caregiver" under
4	<u>Section 75-10.</u>
5	(410 ILCS 705/75-60 new)
6	Sec. 75-60. Issuance of registry identification cards.
7	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the Department
8	of Public Health shall:
9	(1) verify the information contained in an application
10	or renewal for a registry identification card submitted
11	under this Article, and approve or deny an application or
12	renewal, within 90 days of receiving a completed
13	application or renewal application and all supporting
14	documentation specified in Section 75-55;
15	(2) issue registry identification cards to a
16	qualifying patient and his or her designated caregiver, if
17	any, within 15 business days of approving the application
18	or renewal;
19	(3) enter the registry identification number of the
20	registered dispensing organization the patient designates
21	into the verification system; and
22	(4) allow for an electronic application process, and
23	provide a confirmation by electronic or other methods that
24	an application has been submitted.
25	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, the

Commission shall adopt rules for qualifying patients and applicants with life-long debilitating medical conditions, who may be charged annual renewal fees. The Department of Public Health shall not require patients and applicants with life-long debilitating medical conditions to apply to renew registry identification cards.

(b) The Commission may not issue a registry identification card to a qualifying patient who is under 18 years of age, unless that patient suffers from seizures, including those characteristic of epilepsy, or as provided by administrative rule. The Commission shall adopt rules for the issuance of a registry identification card for qualifying patients who are under 18 years of age and suffering from seizures, including those characteristic of epilepsy. The Commission may adopt rules to allow other individuals under 18 years of age to become registered qualifying patients under this Article with the consent of a parent or legal quardian. Registered qualifying patients under 18 years of age shall be prohibited from consuming forms of cannabis other than medical cannabis infused products and purchasing any usable cannabis.

(c) A veteran who has received treatment at a VA hospital is deemed to have a bona fide health care professional-patient relationship with a VA certifying health care professional if the patient has been seen for his or her debilitating medical condition at the VA hospital in accordance with VA hospital protocols. All reasonable inferences regarding the existence

of a bona fide health care professional-patient relationship

shall be drawn in favor of an applicant who is a veteran and

has undergone treatment at a VA hospital.

who is terminally ill shall have all fees waived. The Commission shall within 30 days after this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly adopt emergency rules to expedite approval for terminally ill individuals. These rules shall include, but not be limited to, rules that provide that applications by individuals with terminal illnesses shall be approved or denied within 14 days of their submission.

- (d) No later than 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly, the Secretary of State shall remove all existing notations on driving records that the person is a registered qualifying patient or his or her caregiver under this Article.
- (e) Upon the approval of the registration and issuance of a registry card under this Section, the Commission shall electronically forward the registered qualifying patient's identification card information to the Prescription Monitoring Program established under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and certify that the individual is permitted to engage in the medical use of cannabis. For the purposes of patient care, the Prescription Monitoring Program shall make a notation on the person's prescription record stating that the person is a registered qualifying patient who is entitled to the lawful

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medical use of cannabis. If the person no longer holds a valid registry card, the Department of Public Health shall notify the Prescription Monitoring Program and Department of Human Services to remove the notation from the person's record. The Department of Human Services and the Prescription Monitoring Program shall establish a system by which the information may be shared electronically. This confidential list may not be combined or linked in any manner with any other list or database except as provided in this Section.

(f) (Blank).

- 11 (410 ILCS 705/75-62 new)
- 12 Sec. 75-62. Opioid Alternative Pilot Program.
 - (a) The Department of Public Health shall establish the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program and the Commission shall have oversight after July 1, 2023. Licensed dispensing organizations shall allow persons with a written certification from a certifying health care professional under Section 75-36 to purchase medical cannabis upon enrollment in the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program. The Department of Public Health shall adopt rules or establish procedures allowing qualified veterans to participate in the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program and after July 1, 2023 the Commission thereafter. For a person to receive medical cannabis under this Section, the person must present the written certification along with a valid driver's license or state identification card to the

- 1 <u>licensed dispensing organization specified in his or her</u>
- 2 application. The dispensing organization shall verify the
- 3 person's status as an Opioid Alternative Pilot Program
- 4 participant through the Commission's online verification
- 5 system.
- 6 (b) The Opioid Alternative Pilot Program shall be limited
- 7 to participation by Illinois residents age 21 and older.
- 8 <u>(c) The Commission shall specify that all licensed</u>
- 9 <u>dispensing organizations participating in the Opioid</u>
- 10 Alternative Pilot Program use the Illinois Cannabis Tracking
- 11 System. The Commission shall establish and maintain the
- 12 Illinois Cannabis Tracking System. The Illinois Cannabis
- 13 Tracking System shall be used to collect information about all
- 14 persons participating in the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program
- and shall be used to track the sale of medical cannabis for
- 16 verification purposes.
- 17 Each dispensing organization shall retain a copy of the
- 18 Opioid Alternative Pilot Program certification and other
- 19 identifying information as required by the Commission in the
- 20 Illinois Cannabis Tracking System.
- 21 The Illinois Cannabis Tracking System shall be accessible
- 22 to the Illinois State Police.
- 23 The Commission shall specify the data requirements for the
- 24 Opioid Alternative Pilot Program by licensed dispensing
- 25 organizations; including, but not limited to, the
- 26 participant's full legal name, address, and date of birth,

1	date	on	which	the	Opioid	Alterna	tive	Pilot	Prog	gram
2	certif	icati	ion was	issu∈	ed, length	of the	parti	cipation	in	the
3	Progra	ım, ir	ncluding	g the	start and	end dat	e to p	ourchase	medi	cal
4	cannab	ois,	name	of th	ne issuir	ng phys:	ician,	сору	of	the
5	partic	cipant	t's curr	rent di	river's li	cense or	State	e identif	icat	cion
		-								

6 card, and phone number.

The Illinois Cannabis Tracking System shall provide verification of a person's participation in the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program for law enforcement at any time and on any day.

(d) The certification for Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participant must be issued by a certifying health care professional who is licensed to practice in Illinois under the Medical Practice Act of 1987, the Nurse Practice Act, or the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987 and who is in good standing and holds a controlled substances license under Article III of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.

The certification for an Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participant shall be written within 90 days before the participant submits his or her certification to the dispensing organization.

The written certification uploaded to the Illinois

Cannabis Tracking System shall be accessible to the

Commission.

(e) Upon verification of the individual's valid certification and enrollment in the Illinois Cannabis Tracking

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System, the dispensing organization may dispense the medical cannabis, in amounts not exceeding 2.5 ounces of medical cannabis per 14-day period to the participant at the

participant's specified dispensary for no more than 90 days.

An Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participant shall not be registered as a medical cannabis cardholder. The dispensing organization shall verify that the person is not an active registered qualifying patient prior to enrollment in the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program and each time medical cannabis is dispensed.

Upon receipt of a written certification under the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program, the Commission shall electronically forward the patient's identification information to the Prescription Monitoring Program established under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and certify that the individual is permitted to engage in the medical use of cannabis. For the purposes of patient care, the Prescription Monitoring Program shall make a notation on the person's prescription record stating that the person has a written certification under the Opioid Alternative Pilot Program and is a patient who is entitled to the lawful medical use of cannabis. If the person is no longer authorized to engage in the medical use of cannabis, the Commission shall notify the Prescription Monitoring Program and Department of Human Services to remove the notation from the person's record. The Department of Human Services and the Prescription Monitoring Program shall

- establish a system by which the information may be shared
 electronically. This confidential list may not be combined or
 linked in any manner with any other list or database except as
 provided in this Section.
 - (f) An Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participant shall not be considered a qualifying patient with a debilitating medical condition under this Article and shall be provided access to medical cannabis solely for the duration of the participant's certification. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to limit or prohibit an Opioid Alternative Pilot Program participant who has a debilitating medical condition from applying to the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program.
 - (g) A person with a provisional registration under Section

 75-55 shall not be considered an Opioid Alternative Pilot

 Program participant.
 - (h) The Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and the Department of Public Health shall submit emergency rulemaking to implement the changes made by this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly by December 1, 2018. The Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Human Services, the Department of Public Health, and the Illinois State Police shall utilize emergency purchase authority for 12 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly for the purpose of implementing the

1	changes made by this amendatory Act of the 103rd General
2	Assembly.
3	(i) Dispensing organizations are not authorized to
4	dispense medical cannabis to Opioid Alternative Pilot Program
5	participants until administrative rules are approved by the
6	Joint Committee on Administrative Rules and go into effect.
7	(j) The provisions of this Section are inoperative on and
8	after July 1, 2025.
9	(410 ILCS 705/75-65 new)
10	Sec. 75-65. Denial of registry identification cards.
11	(a) The Commission may deny an application or renewal of a
12	qualifying patient's registry identification card only if the
13	applicant:
14	(1) did not provide the required information and
15	<pre>materials;</pre>
16	(2) previously had a registry identification card
17	revoked;
18	(3) did not meet the requirements of this Article;
19	(4) provided false or falsified information; or
20	(5) violated any requirement of this Article.
21	(b) (Blank).
22	(b-5) (Blank).
23	(c) The Commission may deny an application or renewal for
24	a designated caregiver chosen by a qualifying patient whose

25 registry identification card was granted only if:

1	(1) the designated caregiver does not meet the
2	requirements of subsection (i) of Section 75-10;
3	(2) the applicant did not provide the information
4	required;
5	(3) the prospective patient's application was denied;
6	(4) the designated caregiver previously had a registry
7	identification card revoked;
8	(5) the applicant or the designated caregiver provided
9	false or falsified information; or
10	(6) violated any requirement of this Article.
11	(d) (Blank).
12	(e) The Commission shall notify the qualifying patient who
13	has designated someone to serve as the patient's designated
14	caregiver if a registry identification card will not be issued
15	to the designated caregiver.
16	(f) Denial of an application or renewal is considered a
17	final Commission action, subject to judicial review.
18	Jurisdiction and venue for judicial review are vested in the
19	Circuit Court.
20	(410 ILCS 705/75-70 new)
21	Sec. 75-70. Registry identification cards.
22	(a) A registered qualifying patient or designated
23	caregiver must keep their registry identification card in the
24	patient's or caregiver's possession at all times when engaging
25	in the medical use of cannabis.

1	(b) Registry identification cards shall contain the
2	<pre>following:</pre>
3	(1) the name of the cardholder;
4	(2) a designation of whether the cardholder is a
5	designated caregiver or qualifying patient;
6	(3) the date of issuance and expiration date of the
7	registry identification card;
8	(4) a random alphanumeric identification number that
9	is unique to the cardholder;
10	(5) if the cardholder is a designated caregiver, the
11	random alphanumeric identification number of the
12	registered qualifying patient the designated caregiver is
13	receiving the registry identification card to assist; and
14	(6) a photograph of the cardholder, if required by
15	Commission rules.
16	(c) To maintain a valid registration identification card,
17	a registered qualifying patient and caregiver must annually
18	resubmit, at least 45 days prior to the expiration date stated
19	on the registry identification card, a completed renewal
20	application, renewal fee, and accompanying documentation as
21	described in Commission rules. The Commission shall send a
22	notification to a registered qualifying patient or registered
23	designated caregiver 90 days prior to the expiration of the
24	registered qualifying patient's or registered designated
25	caregiver's identification card. If the Commission fails to
26	grant or deny a renewal application received in accordance

L	with t	this	Section,	then	the r	enewa.	l is	deemed	granted	d and	the
2	regist	tered	l qualif	ying	pati	ent	or :	registe	red de	esign	ated
3	careg	iver	may cont	inue t	to use	the	expir	ed ider	ntificat	cion	card
4	until	the	Commiss	ion c	denies	the	rene	ewal oi	r issue	s a	new

- 5 <u>identification card.</u>
- 6 (d) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, the
 7 expiration date is 3 years after the date of issuance.
- 8 (e) The Commission may electronically store in the card
 9 any or all of the information listed in subsection (b), along
 10 with the address and date of birth of the cardholder and the
 11 qualifying patient's designated dispensary organization, to
 12 allow it to be read by law enforcement agents.
- 13 (410 ILCS 705/75-75 new)

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- 14 <u>Sec. 75-75. Notifications to Commission and responses;</u>
 15 civil penalty.
 - (a) The following notifications and Commission responses are required:
 - (1) A registered qualifying patient shall notify the Commission of any change in the patient's name or address, or if the registered qualifying patient ceases to have the debilitating medical condition, within 10 days of the change.
 - (2) A registered designated caregiver shall notify the Commission of any change in the caregiver's name or address, or if the designated caregiver becomes aware the

1	registered	qualifying	patient	passed	away,	within	10	days
2	of the char	ige.						

- (3) Before a registered qualifying patient changes the patient's designated caregiver, the qualifying patient must notify the Commission.
- (4) If a cardholder loses the cardholder's registry identification card, he or she shall notify the Commission within 10 days of becoming aware the card has been lost.
- (b) When a cardholder notifies the Commission of items listed in subsection (a), but remains eliqible under this Article, the Commission shall issue the cardholder a new registry identification card with a new random alphanumeric identification number within 15 business days of receiving the updated information and a fee as specified in Commission rules. If the person notifying the Commission is a registered qualifying patient, the Department shall also issue his or her registered designated caregiver, if any, a new registry identification card within 15 business days of receiving the updated information.
- (c) If a registered qualifying patient ceases to be a registered qualifying patient or changes his or her registered designated caregiver, the Commission shall promptly notify the designated caregiver. The registered designated caregiver's protections under this Article as to that qualifying patient shall expire 15 days after notification by the Department.
 - (d) A cardholder who fails to make a notification to the

- 1 <u>Commission that is required by this Section is subject to a</u>
- 2 <u>civil infraction</u>, punishable by a penalty of no more than
- 3 \$150.
- 4 (e) If the registered qualifying patient's certifying
- 5 health care professional notifies the Department in writing
- 6 that either the registered qualifying patient has ceased to
- 7 suffer from a debilitating medical condition, that the bona
- 8 <u>fide health care professional-patient relationship has</u>
- 9 terminated, or that continued use of medical cannabis would
- 10 result in contraindication with the patient's other
- 11 medication, the card shall become null and void. However, the
- 12 registered qualifying patient shall have 15 days to destroy
- 13 his or her remaining medical cannabis and related
- 14 paraphernalia.
- 15 (410 ILCS 705/75-80 new)
- Sec. 75-80. Preparation of cannabis infused products.
- 17 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, neither
- 18 the Department of Public Health nor the Commission nor the
- 19 health department of a unit of local government may regulate
- 20 the service of food by a registered cultivation center or
- 21 registered dispensing organization provided that all of the
- 22 following conditions are met:
- 23 (1) No cannabis infused products requiring
- refrigeration or hot-holding shall be manufactured at a
- 25 cultivation center for sale or distribution at a

1	dispensing organization due to the potential for
2	<pre>food-borne illness.</pre>
3	(2) Baked products infused with medical cannabis (such
4	as brownies, bars, cookies, cakes), tinctures, and other
5	non-refrigerated items are acceptable for sale at
6	dispensing organizations. The products are allowable for
7	sale only at registered dispensing organizations.
8	(3) All items shall be individually wrapped at the
9	original point of preparation. The packaging of the
10	medical cannabis infused product shall conform to the
11	labeling requirements of the Illinois Food, Drug and
12	Cosmetic Act and shall include the following information
13	on each product offered for sale or distribution:
14	(A) the name and address of the registered
15	cultivation center where the item was manufactured;
16	(B) the common or usual name of the item;
17	(C) all ingredients of the item, including any
18	colors, artificial flavors, and preservatives, listed
19	in descending order by predominance of weight shown
20	with common or usual names;
21	(D) the following phrase: "This product was
22	produced in a medical cannabis cultivation center not
23	subject to public health inspection that may also
24	<pre>process common food allergens.";</pre>
25	(E) allergen labeling as specified in the Federal
26	Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act, Federal Fair Packaging

1	and Labeling Act, and the Illinois Food, Drug and
2	Cosmetic Act;
3	(F) the pre-mixed total weight (in ounces or
4	grams) of usable cannabis in the package;
5	(G) a warning that the item is a medical cannabis
6	infused product and not a food must be distinctly and
7	clearly legible on the front of the package;
8	(H) a clearly legible warning emphasizing that the
9	product contains medical cannabis and is intended for
10	consumption by registered qualifying patients only;
11	<u>and</u>
12	(I) date of manufacture and "use by date".
13	(4) Any dispensing organization that sells edible
14	cannabis infused products must display a placard that
15	states the following: "Edible cannabis infused products
16	were produced in a kitchen not subject to public health
17	inspections that may also process common food allergens."
18	The placard shall be no smaller than 24" tall by 36" wide,
19	with typed letters no smaller than 2". The placard shall
20	be clearly visible and readable by customers and shall be
21	written in English.
22	(5) Cannabis infused products for sale or distribution
23	at a dispensing organization must be prepared by an
24	approved staff member of a registered cultivation center.
25	(6) A cultivation center that prepares cannabis
26	infused products for sale or distribution at a dispensing

organization shall be under the operational supervision of

Department of Public Health certified food service

sanitation manager.

(b) The Commission in collaboration with the Department of Public Health shall adopt rules for the manufacture of medical cannabis-infused products and shall enforce these provisions, and for that purpose it may at all times enter every building, room, basement, enclosure, or premises occupied or used or suspected of being occupied or used for the production, preparation, manufacture for sale, storage, sale, distribution or transportation of medical cannabis edible products, to inspect the premises and all utensils, fixtures, furniture, and machinery used for the preparation of these products.

(c) If a local health organization has a reasonable belief that a cultivation center's cannabis-infused product poses a public health hazard, it may refer the cultivation center to the Department of Public Health and the Commission. If the Department of Public Health in collaboration with the Commission finds that a cannabis-infused product poses a health hazard, the Commission may without administrative procedure to bond, bring an action for immediate injunctive relief to require that action be taken as the court may deem necessary to meet the hazard of the cultivation center.

24 (410 ILCS 705/75-115.5 new)

Sec. 75-115.5. Social Equity Justice Involved Medical

1	Lottery.

- 2 (a) In this Section:
- 3 "By lot" has the same meaning as defined in Section 1-10.
- 4 "Qualifying Applicant" has the same meaning as defined in
- 5 subsection (a-5) of Section 75-115.
- 6 "Social Equity Justice Involved Applicant" has the same
- 7 meaning as defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 75-115.
- 8 "Social Equity Justice Involved Medical Lottery" means the
- 9 process of issuing 5 available medical cannabis dispensing
- 10 <u>organization registrations by lot, conducted by the Department</u>
- of Financial and Professional Regulation, for applicants who
- 12 <u>are either: (i) Social Equity Justice Involved Applicants; or</u>
- 13 (ii) Qualifying Applicants.
- 14 (b) The Department of Financial and Professional
- Regulation and, after July 1, 2023, the Commission, shall
- 16 conduct a Social Equity Justice Involved Medical Lottery to
- 17 award up to 5 medical cannabis dispensing organization
- 18 registrations by lot in accordance with Section 75-115.
- 19 (c) The Department of Financial and Professional
- 20 Regulation and, after July 1, 2023, the Commission, shall
- 21 adopt rules through emergency rulemaking in accordance with
- 22 subsection (kk) of Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative
- 23 Procedure Act to create a registration process, a streamlined
- application, an application fee not to exceed \$5,000 for
- 25 purposes of this Section, and limits on the number of entries
- 26 into the Social Equity Justice Involved Medical Lottery, as

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- well as any other measures to reduce barriers to enter the

 cannabis industry. The General Assembly finds that the

 adoption of rules to regulate cannabis use is deemed an

 emergency and necessary for the public interest, safety, and

 welfare.
- 6 (d) Social Equity Justice Involved Applicants awarded a
 7 registration under subsection (a-5) of Section 75-115 are
 8 eligible to serve purchasers at the same site and a secondary
 9 site under this Act, subject to application and inspection
 10 processes established by the Department. The licenses issued
 11 under this Section shall be valid for 2 years after the date of
 12 issuance and shall renew in the manner proscribed by the
 - (e) No applicant may be awarded more than one medical cannabis dispensing organization registration at the conclusion of the lottery conducted under this Section.
- (f) No individual may be listed as a principal officer of
 more than one medical cannabis dispensing organization
 registration awarded under this Section.
- 20 (410 ILCS 705/75-140 new)

Department.

Sec. 75-140. Local ordinances. A unit of local government may enact reasonable zoning ordinances or resolutions, not in conflict with this Article or with Department of Agriculture or Department of Financial and Professional Regulation rules, regulating registered medical cannabis cultivation center or

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medical cannabis dispensing organizations. No unit of local government, including a home rule unit, or school district may regulate registered medical cannabis organizations other than as provided in this Article and may not unreasonably prohibit the cultivation, dispensing, and use of medical cannabis authorized by this Article. This Section is a denial and limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent exercise by home rule units of powers and functions exercised by the State.

- 10 (410 ILCS 705/75-145 new)
- 11 Sec. 75-145. Confidentiality.
- 12 (a) The following information received and records kept by 13 the Department of Public Health, Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of Agriculture, or 14 Illinois State Police and, after July 1, 2023, the Commission, 15 16 for purposes of administering this Article are subject to all applicable federal privacy laws, confidential, and exempt from 17 18 the Freedom of Information Act, and not subject to disclosure to any individual or public or private entity, except as 19 necessary for authorized employees of those authorized 20 21 agencies to perform official duties under this Article and the 22 following information received and records kept by the 23 Department of Public Health, Department of Agriculture, 24 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, Illinois 25 State Police, and the Commission excluding any existing or

1	non-existing	Illinois	or	national	criminal	history	reco	ord
2	information a	as defined	in	subsection	(d), ma	y be disc	losed	to
3	each other up	on request						

- (1) Applications and renewals, their contents, and supporting information submitted by qualifying patients and designated caregivers, including information regarding their designated caregivers and certifying health care professionals.
- (2) Applications and renewals, their contents, and supporting information submitted by or on behalf of cultivation centers and dispensing organizations in compliance with this Article, including their physical addresses. This does not preclude the release of ownership information of cannabis business establishment licenses.
- (3) The individual names and other information identifying persons to whom the Department of Public Health has issued registry identification cards.
- (4) Any dispensing information required to be kept under Section 75-135, Section 75-150, or Department of Public Health, Department of Agriculture, Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, and Commission rules shall identify cardholders and registered cultivation centers by their registry identification numbers and medical cannabis dispensing organizations by their registration number and not contain names or other personally identifying information.

1	(5) All medical records provided to the Department of
2	Public Health and the Commission in connection with an
3	application for a registry card.
4	(b) Nothing in this Section precludes the following:
5	(1) Department of Agriculture, Department of Financial
6	and Professional Regulation, Public Health, or Commission
7	employees may notify law enforcement about falsified or
8	fraudulent information submitted to the Departments if the
9	employee who suspects that falsified or fraudulent
10	information has been submitted conferred with his or her
11	supervisor and both agree that circumstances exist that
12	warrant reporting.
13	(2) If the employee conferred with the employee's
14	supervisor and both agree that circumstances exist that
15	warrant reporting, Commission employees may notify the
16	Department of Financial and Professional Regulation if
17	there is reasonable cause to believe a certifying health
18	<pre>care professional:</pre>
19	(A) issued a written certification without a bona
20	fide health care professional-patient relationship
21	under this Article;
22	(B) issued a written certification to a person who
23	was not under the certifying health care
24	professional's care for the debilitating medical
25	condition; or
26	(C) failed to abide by the acceptable and

1	preva	iling	g standar	d (of car	e when	evaluating	a
2	patie	nt's	medical co	ndit	cion.			
3	(3)	The D	epartment	of	Public	Health	, Department	of

- Agriculture, and Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and, after July 1, 2023, the Commission, may notify State or local law enforcement about apparent criminal violations of this Article if the employee who suspects the offense has conferred with the employee's supervisor and both agree that circumstances exist that warrant reporting.
- (4) Medical cannabis cultivation center agents and medical cannabis dispensing organizations may notify the Department of Public Health, Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, or Department of Agriculture and, after July 1, 2023, the Commission, of a suspected violation or attempted violation of this Article or the rules issued under it.
- (5) The Commission may verify registry identification cards under Section 75-150.
- (6) The submission of the report to the General Assembly under Section 75-160.
- Article shall publish on the Department's website a list of the ownership information of cannabis business establishment licensees under the Department's jurisdiction. The list shall include, but shall not be limited to, the name of the person or

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- entity holding each cannabis business establishment license
 and the address at which the entity is operating under this
 Article. This list shall be published and updated monthly.
- (c) Except for any ownership information released pursuant to subsection (b-5) or as otherwise authorized or required by law, it is a Class B misdemeanor with a \$1,000 fine for any person, including an employee or official of the Department of Public Health, Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, or Department of Agriculture or another State agency or local government, to breach the confidentiality of
 - (d) The Department of Public Health, the Department of Agriculture, the Illinois State Police, and the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation shall not share or disclose any existing or non-existing Illinois or national criminal history record information. For the purposes of this Section, "any existing or non-existing Illinois or national criminal history record information" means any Illinois or national criminal criminal history record information, including but not limited to the lack of or non-existence of these records.
- 21 (410 ILCS 705/75-170 new)
- 22 Sec. 75-170. Enforcement of this Article.

information obtained under this Article.

23 (a) If a Department fails to adopt rules to implement this
24 Article within the times provided for in this Article, any
25 citizen may commence a mandamus action in the Circuit Court to

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- compel the Departments to perform the actions mandated under the provisions of this Article.
- 3 (b) If the Department of Public Health, Department of 4 Agriculture, or Department of Financial and Professional Regulation fails to issue a valid identification card in 5 response to a valid application or renewal submitted under 6 7 this Article or fails to issue a verbal or written notice of denial of the application within 30 days of its submission, 8 9 the identification card is deemed granted, and a copy of the registry identification application, including a valid written 10 11 certification in the case of patients, or renewal shall be 12 deemed a valid registry identification card.
 - (c) Authorized employees of State or local law enforcement agencies shall immediately notify the Department of Public Health when any person in possession of a registry identification card has been determined by a court of law to have willfully violated the provisions of this Article or has pled guilty to the offense.
- 19 (410 ILCS 705/75-173 new)
- 20 Sec. 75-173. Conflicts of law. To the extent that any
 21 provision of this Article conflicts with any Act that allows
 22 the recreational use of cannabis, the provisions of that Act
 23 shall control.
- 24 (410 ILCS 705/75-175 new)

- Sec. 75-175. Administrative hearings.
- 2 (a) Administrative hearings involving the Department of
- 3 Public Health, a qualifying patient, or a designated caregiver
- 4 <u>shall be conducted under the Department of Public Health's</u>
- 5 rules governing administrative hearings.
- 6 (b) Administrative hearings involving the Department of
- 7 Financial and Professional Regulation, dispensing
- 8 organizations, or dispensing organization agents shall be
- 9 conducted under the Department of Financial and Professional
- 10 Regulation's rules governing administrative hearings.
- 11 (c) Administrative hearings involving the Department of
- 12 Agriculture, registered cultivation centers, or cultivation
- 13 center agents shall be conducted under the Department of
- 14 Agriculture's rules governing administrative hearings.
- 15 (410 ILCS 705/75-180 new)
- Sec. 75-180. Destruction of medical cannabis.
- 17 (a) All cannabis byproduct, scrap, and harvested cannabis
- 18 not intended for distribution to a medical cannabis
- 19 organization must be destroyed and disposed of pursuant to
- 20 State law. Documentation of destruction and disposal shall be
- 21 retained at the cultivation center for a period of not less
- than 5 years.
- 23 (b) A cultivation center shall prior to the destruction,
- 24 notify the Department of Agriculture and the Illinois State
- 25 Police.

- 1 (c) The cultivation center shall keep record of the date
 2 of destruction and how much was destroyed.
- 3 (d) A dispensary organization shall destroy all cannabis,
- 4 including cannabis-infused products, that are not sold to
- 5 registered qualifying patients. Documentation of destruction
- 6 <u>and disposal shall be retained at the dispensary organization</u>
- 7 for a period of not less than 5 years.
- 8 (e) A dispensary organization shall prior to the
- 9 destruction, notify the Department of Financial and
- 10 Professional Regulation and the Illinois State Police.
- 11 (410 ILCS 705/75-185 new)
- 12 Sec. 75-185. Suspension revocation of a registration.
- 13 (a) The Department of Agriculture, the Department of
- 14 Financial and Professional Regulation, and the Department of
- 15 Public Health may suspend or revoke a registration for
- violations of this Article and rules issued in accordance with
- 17 this Section.
- 18 (b) The suspension or revocation of a registration is a
- 19 final Department action, subject to judicial review.
- Jurisdiction and venue for judicial review are vested in the
- 21 Circuit Court.
- 22 (410 ILCS 705/75-190 new)
- 23 <u>Sec. 75-190. Medical Cannabis Cultivation Privilege Tax</u>
- 24 Law. Sections 75-190 through 75-215 may be cited as the

- 1 Medical Cannabis Cultivation Privilege Tax Law.
- 2 (410 ILCS 705/75-195 new)
- 3 Sec. 75-195. Definitions. As used in this Article:
- 4 "Cultivation center" has the meaning ascribed to that term
- 5 in Section 1-10.
- 6 "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
- 7 "Dispensing organization" has the meaning ascribed to that
- 8 term in Section 1-10.
- 9 "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, or
- 10 public or private organization.
- "Qualifying patient" means a qualifying patient registered
- under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program.
- 13 (410 ILCS 705/75-200 new)
- 14 Sec. 75-200. Tax imposed.
- 15 (a) Beginning on the effective date of this Article, a tax
- 16 is imposed upon the privilege of cultivating medical cannabis
- at a rate of 7% of the sales price per ounce. The proceeds from
- 18 this tax shall be deposited into the Compassionate Use of
- 19 Medical Cannabis Fund created under Article 75. This tax shall
- 20 be paid by a cultivation center and is not the responsibility
- of a dispensing organization or a qualifying patient.
- 22 (b) The tax imposed under this Article shall be in
- addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by
- 24 the State of Illinois or by any municipal corporation or

1 political subdivision thereof.

- 2 (410 ILCS 705/75-205 new)
- 3 <u>Sec. 75-205. Department enforcement.</u>
 - (a) Every person subject to the tax under this Article shall apply to the Department (upon a form prescribed and furnished by the Department) for a certificate of registration under this Article. Application for a certificate of registration shall be made to the Department upon forms furnished by the Department. The certificate of registration which is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall permit the taxpayer to engage in a business which is taxable under this Article without registering separately with the Department.
 - (b) The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Article, to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda, arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this Article, the Department and persons who are subject to this Article shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 2 through

1	2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the
2	State rate of tax), 2a, 2b, 2c, 3 (except provisions relating
3	to transaction returns and quarter monthly payments, and
4	except for provisions that are inconsistent with this
5	Article), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b,
6	6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11a, 12 and 13 of the Retailers'
7	Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and
8	Interest Act as fully as if those provisions were set forth
9	herein.

- 10 (410 ILCS 705/75-210 new)
- 11 <u>Sec. 75-210. Returns.</u>

- 12 (a) This subsection (a) applies to returns due on or
 13 before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd
 14 General Assembly. On or before the twentieth day of each
 15 calendar month, every person subject to the tax imposed under
 16 this Article during the preceding calendar month shall file a
 17 return with the Department, stating:
- 18 <u>(1) The name of the taxpayer;</u>
- 19 (2) The number of ounces of medical cannabis sold to a
 20 dispensing organization or a registered qualifying patient
 21 during the preceding calendar month;
 - (3) The amount of tax due;
- 23 (4) The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 24 <u>(5) Such other reasonable information as the</u> 25 Department may require.

- If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.
- 5 The taxpayer shall remit the amount of the tax due to the 6 Department at the time the taxpayer files his or her return.
- 7 (b) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act
 8 of the 103rd General Assembly, Section 65-20 shall apply to
 9 returns filed and taxes paid under this Article to the same
 10 extent as if those provisions were set forth in full in this
 11 Section.
- 12 (410 ILCS 705/75-215 new)
- Sec. 75-215. Rules. The Department may adopt rules related to the enforcement of this Article.
- 15 (410 ILCS 705/10-30 rep.)
- 16 (410 ILCS 705/15-36 rep.)
- 17 (410 ILCS 705/15-40 rep.)
- 18 (410 ILCS 705/15-45 rep.)
- 19 (410 ILCS 705/15-50 rep.)
- 20 (410 ILCS 705/15-60 rep.)
- 21 (410 ILCS 705/15-65 rep.)
- 22 (410 ILCS 705/15-70 rep.)
- 23 (410 ILCS 705/15-95 rep.)
- 24 (410 ILCS 705/20-20 rep.)

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(410 ILCS 705/20-25 rep.)
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           (410 ILCS 705/20-35 rep.)
          (410 ILCS 705/20-40 rep.)
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          (410 ILCS 705/20-45 rep.)
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          (410 ILCS 705/30-15 rep.)
          (410 ILCS 705/30-25 rep.)
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          (410 ILCS 705/30-35 rep.)
          (410 ILCS 705/30-40 rep.)
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          (410 ILCS 705/35-15 rep.)
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          (410 ILCS 705/35-20 rep.)
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          (410 ILCS 705/35-30 rep.)
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          (410 ILCS 705/35-35 rep.)
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          (410 ILCS 705/35-40 rep.)
          (410 ILCS 705/40-15 rep.)
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          (410 ILCS 705/40-30 rep.)
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          (410 ILCS 705/40-35 rep.)
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          (410 ILCS 705/40-40 rep.)
          (410 ILCS 705/ rep.)
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          Section 90. The Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act is amended
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      by repealing Sections 10-30, 15-36, 15-40, 15-45, 15-50,
      15-60, 15-65, 15-70, 15-95, 20-20, 20-25, 20-35, 20-40, 20-45,
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      30-15, 30-25, 30-35, 30-40, 35-15, 35-20, 35-30, 35-35, 35-40,
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Section 95. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 11-501 and 11-501.9 as follows:

40-15, 40-30, 40-35, 40-40, and 55-80.

- 1 (625 ILCS 5/11-501) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501)
- 2 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-982)
- 3 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
- 4 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- 5 combination thereof.
- 6 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 7 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 8 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood,
- 9 other bodily substance, or breath is 0.08 or more based on
- 10 the definition of blood and breath units in Section
- 11 11-501.2;
- 12 (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- 13 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound
- or combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that
- renders the person incapable of driving safely;
- 16 (4) under the influence of any other drug or
- 17 combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person
- incapable of safely driving;
- 19 (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other
- drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a
- 21 degree that renders the person incapable of safely
- 22 driving;
- 23 (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or
- compound in the person's breath, blood, other bodily
- substance, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or

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- consumption of a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act; or
- (7) the person has, within 2 hours of driving or being physical control of а vehicle, in actual tetrahydrocannabinol concentration in the person's whole blood or other bodily substance as defined in paragraph 6 of subsection (a) of Section 11-501.2 of this Code. Subject to all other requirements and provisions under this Section, this paragraph (7) does not apply to the lawful consumption of cannabis by a qualifying patient licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act who is in possession of a valid registry card issued under that Act, unless that person is impaired by the use of cannabis.
- (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, cannabis under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
- (c) Penalties.
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this

Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

- (2) A person who violates subsection (a) or a similar provision a second time shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of either 5 days of imprisonment or 240 hours of community service in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.
- (3) A person who violates subsection (a) is subject to 6 months of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children if the person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of the violation.
- (4) A person who violates subsection (a) a first time, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500.
- (5) A person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a

1	mandatory	minimum	of	2	days	of	imprisonment	and	а
2	mandatory	minimum f	fine	of	\$1,250.				

- (d) Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof.
 - (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:
 - (A) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequenttime;
 - (B) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) while driving a school bus with one or more passengers on board;
 - (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
 - (D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in

which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);

- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm;
- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death;
- (G) the person committed a violation of subsection

 (a) during a period in which the defendant's driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of

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1	subsection (a) or a similar provision, Section
2	11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for
3	reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the
4	Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;
5	(H) the person committed the violation while he or
6	she did not possess a driver's license or permit or a
7	restricted driving permit or a judicial driving permit
8	or a monitoring device driving permit;
9	(I) the person committed the violation while he or
10	she knew or should have known that the vehicle he or
11	she was driving was not covered by a liability
12	insurance policy;
13	(J) the person in committing a violation of
14	subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle
15	accident that resulted in bodily harm, but not great
16	bodily harm, to the child under the age of 16 being
17	transported by the person, if the violation was the
18	proximate cause of the injury;
19	(K) the person in committing a second violation of
20	subsection (a) or a similar provision was transporting
21	a person under the age of 16; or
22	(L) the person committed a violation of subsection
23	(a) of this Section while transporting one or more
24	passengers in a vehicle for-hire.

(2) (A) Except as provided otherwise, a person

convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of

alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

- (B) A third violation of this Section or a similar provision is a Class 2 felony. If at the time of the third violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500 shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction. If at the time of the third violation, the defendant was transporting a person under the age of 16, a mandatory fine of \$25,000 and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.
- (C) A fourth violation of this Section or a similar provision is a Class 2 felony, for which a sentence of probation or conditional discharge may not be imposed. If at the time of the violation, the alcohol concentration in the defendant's blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, a mandatory minimum fine of \$5,000 shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or

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administrative sanction. If at the time of the fourth violation, the defendant was transporting a person under the age of 16 a mandatory fine of \$25,000 and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.

- (D) A fifth violation of this Section or a similar provision is a Class 1 felony, for which a sentence of probation or conditional discharge may not be imposed. If at the time of the violation, the alcohol concentration in the defendant's blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, a mandatory minimum fine of \$5,000 shall be in addition to any other criminal administrative sanction. If at the time of the fifth violation, the defendant was transporting a person under the age of 16, a mandatory fine of \$25,000, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal administrative sanction.
- (E) A sixth or subsequent violation of this Section or similar provision is a Class X felony. If at the time of the violation, the alcohol concentration in the defendant's blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood,

breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, a mandatory minimum fine of \$5,000 shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction. If at the time of the violation, the defendant was transporting a person under the age of 16, a mandatory fine of \$25,000 and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.

- (F) For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years.
- (G) A violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, unless the court determines that extraordinary circumstances exist and require probation, shall be sentenced to: (i) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (ii) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons.
- (H) For a violation of subparagraph (J) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), a mandatory fine of \$2,500, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other

criminal or administrative sanction.

- (I) A violation of subparagraph (K) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), is a Class 2 felony and a mandatory fine of \$2,500, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction. If the child being transported suffered bodily harm, but not great bodily harm, in a motor vehicle accident, and the violation was the proximate cause of that injury, a mandatory fine of \$5,000 and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.
- (J) A violation of subparagraph (D) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 3 felony, for which a sentence of probation or conditional discharge may not be imposed.
- (3) Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.
- (e) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state or an offense committed on a military installation that is

- 1 similar to a violation of subsection (a) of this Section.
- 2 (f) The imposition of a mandatory term of imprisonment or
- 3 assignment of community service for a violation of this
- 4 Section shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
- 5 (g) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that
- 6 has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of
- 7 this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for
- 8 any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
- 9 (h) For any prosecution under this Section, a certified
- 10 copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be
- admitted as proof of any prior conviction.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19.)
- 13 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-982)
- 14 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
- other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
- 16 combination thereof.
- 17 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 18 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 19 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood,
- other bodily substance, or breath is 0.08 or more based on
- 21 the definition of blood and breath units in Section
- 22 11-501.2;
- 23 (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- 24 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound
- or combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that

renders the person incapable of driving safely;

- (4) under the influence of any other drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;
- (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;
- (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, other bodily substance, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act; or
- (7) the person has, within 2 hours of driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle, a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration in the person's whole blood or other bodily substance as defined in paragraph 6 of subsection (a) of Section 11-501.2 of this Code. Subject to all other requirements and provisions under this Section, this paragraph (7) does not apply to the lawful consumption of cannabis by a qualifying patient licensed under https://dx.doi.org/10.1001/j.com/html/misson/paragraph (7) does not apply to the lawful consumption of cannabis by a qualifying patient licensed under Act the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program

Act who is in possession of a valid registry card issued under that Act, unless that person is impaired by the use of cannabis.

- (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, cannabis under Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
 - (c) Penalties.
 - (1) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
 - (2) A person who violates subsection (a) or a similar provision a second time shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of either 5 days of imprisonment or 240 hours of community service in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.
 - (3) A person who violates subsection (a) is subject to 6 months of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children if the person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of the violation.
 - (4) A person who violates subsection (a) a first time, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath,

other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500.

- (5) A person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.
- (d) Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof.
 - (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:
 - (A) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequenttime;

1		(B) the	person	comr	mitted a	viol	ation	of s	subse	ction
2	(a)	while	driving	a	school	bus	with	one	e or	more
3	pass	sengers	on board	d ;						

- (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle crash that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
- (D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);
- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle crash that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement,

to another person, when the violation of subsection

(a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm;

- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle crash or snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death;
- (G) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) during a period in which the defendant's driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;
- (H) the person committed the violation while he or she did not possess a driver's license or permit or a restricted driving permit or a judicial driving permit or a monitoring device driving permit;
- (I) the person committed the violation while he or she knew or should have known that the vehicle he or she was driving was not covered by a liability insurance policy;
- (J) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle crash

that resulted in bodily harm, but not great bodily harm, to the child under the age of 16 being transported by the person, if the violation was the proximate cause of the injury;

- (K) the person in committing a second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision was transporting a person under the age of 16; or
- (L) the person committed a violation of subsection

 (a) of this Section while transporting one or more passengers in a vehicle for-hire.
- (2) (A) Except as provided otherwise, a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (B) A third violation of this Section or a similar provision is a Class 2 felony. If at the time of the third violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500 shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction. If at the time of the third violation, the defendant was transporting a person under the age of 16, a mandatory fine of \$25,000 and 25

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days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.

- (C) A fourth violation of this Section or a similar provision is a Class 2 felony, for which a sentence of probation or conditional discharge may not be imposed. If at the time of the violation, the alcohol concentration in the defendant's blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, a mandatory minimum fine of \$5,000 shall be addition other criminal imposed in to any or administrative sanction. If at the time of the fourth violation, the defendant was transporting a person under the age of 16 a mandatory fine of \$25,000 and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall imposed in addition to any other criminal be administrative sanction.
- (D) A fifth violation of this Section or a similar provision is a Class 1 felony, for which a sentence of probation or conditional discharge may not be imposed. If at the time of the violation, the alcohol concentration in the defendant's blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, a mandatory minimum fine of \$5,000 shall be

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imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction. If at the time of the fifth violation, the defendant was transporting a person under the age of 16, a mandatory fine of \$25,000, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.

- (E) A sixth or subsequent violation of this Section or similar provision is a Class X felony. If at the time of the violation, the alcohol concentration in defendant's blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, other bodily substance, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, a mandatory minimum fine of \$5,000 shall be in addition to any other criminal administrative sanction. If at the time of the violation, the defendant was transporting a person under the age of 16, a mandatory fine of \$25,000 and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.
- (F) For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years.
 - (G) A violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1)

of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, unless the court determines that extraordinary circumstances exist and require probation, shall be sentenced to: (i) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (ii) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons.

- (H) For a violation of subparagraph (J) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), a mandatory fine of \$2,500, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.
- (I) A violation of subparagraph (K) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), is a Class 2 felony and a mandatory fine of \$2,500, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction. If the child being transported suffered bodily harm, but not great bodily harm, in a motor vehicle crash, and the violation was the proximate cause of that injury, a mandatory fine of \$5,000 and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children shall be imposed in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.
- (J) A violation of subparagraph (D) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 3 felony, for which a

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- sentence of probation or conditional discharge may not be imposed.
 - (3) Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction.
 - (e) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state or an offense committed on a military installation that is similar to a violation of subsection (a) of this Section.
 - (f) The imposition of a mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service for a violation of this Section shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.
 - (g) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).
- 21 (h) For any prosecution under this Section, a certified 22 copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be 23 admitted as proof of any prior conviction.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 102-982, eff. 7-1-23.)

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Sec. 11-501.9. Suspension of driver's license; failure or refusal of validated roadside chemical tests; failure or refusal of field sobriety tests; implied consent.

(a) A person who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of this State shall be deemed to have given consent to (i) validated roadside chemical tests or (ii) standardized field sobriety tests the National Highway Traffic approved by Safety Administration, under subsection (a-5) of Section 11-501.2 of this Code, if detained by a law enforcement officer who has a reasonable suspicion that the person is driving or is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while impaired by the use of cannabis. The law enforcement officer must have an independent, cannabis-related factual basis giving reasonable suspicion that the person is driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while impaired by the use of cannabis for conducting validated roadside chemical tests or standardized field sobriety tests, which shall be included with the results of the validated roadside chemical tests and field sobriety tests in any report made by the law enforcement officer who requests the test. The person's possession of a registry identification card issued under Article 75 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act alone is not a sufficient basis for reasonable suspicion.

For purposes of this Section, a law enforcement officer of

- this State who is investigating a person for an offense under Section 11-501 of this Code may travel into an adjoining state where the person has been transported for medical care to complete an investigation and to request that the person submit to field sobriety tests under this Section.
 - (b) A person who is unconscious, or otherwise in a condition rendering the person incapable of refusal, shall be deemed to have withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (a) of this Section.
 - (c) A person requested to submit to validated roadside chemical tests or field sobriety tests, as provided in this Section, shall be warned by the law enforcement officer requesting the field sobriety tests that a refusal to submit to the validated roadside chemical tests or field sobriety tests will result in the suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided in subsection (f) of this Section. The person shall also be warned by the law enforcement officer that if the person submits to validated roadside chemical tests or field sobriety tests as provided in this Section which disclose the person is impaired by the use of cannabis, a suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided in subsection (f) of this Section, will be imposed.
 - (d) The results of validated roadside chemical tests or field sobriety tests administered under this Section shall be admissible in a civil or criminal action or proceeding arising

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- from an arrest for an offense as defined in Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. These test results shall be admissible only in actions or proceedings directly related to the incident upon which the test request was made.
 - (e) If the person refuses validated roadside chemical tests or field sobriety tests or submits to validated roadside chemical tests or field sobriety tests that disclose the person is impaired by the use of cannabis, the law enforcement officer shall immediately submit a sworn report to the circuit court of venue and the Secretary of State certifying that testing was requested under this Section and that the person refused to submit to validated roadside chemical tests or field sobriety tests or submitted to validated roadside chemical tests or field sobriety tests that disclosed the person was impaired by the use of cannabis. The sworn report must include the law enforcement officer's factual basis for reasonable suspicion that the person was impaired by the use of cannabis.
 - (f) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement officer submitted under subsection (e) of this Section, the Secretary of State shall enter the suspension to the driving record as follows:
- 24 (1) for refusal or failure to complete validated 25 roadside chemical tests or field sobriety tests, a 26 12-month suspension shall be entered; or

(2) for submitting to validated roadside chemical tests or field sobriety tests that disclosed the driver was impaired by the use of cannabis, a 6-month suspension shall be entered.

The Secretary of State shall confirm the suspension by mailing a notice of the effective date of the suspension to the person and the court of venue. However, should the sworn report be defective for insufficient information or be completed in error, the confirmation of the suspension shall not be mailed to the person or entered to the record; instead, the sworn report shall be forwarded to the court of venue with a copy returned to the issuing agency identifying the defect.

report under subsection (e) of this Section shall serve immediate notice of the suspension on the person and the suspension shall be effective as provided in subsection (h) of this Section. If immediate notice of the suspension cannot be given, the arresting officer or arresting agency shall give notice by deposit in the United States mail of the notice in an envelope with postage prepaid and addressed to the person at his or her address as shown on the Uniform Traffic Ticket and the suspension shall begin as provided in subsection (h) of this Section. The officer shall confiscate any Illinois driver's license or permit on the person at the time of arrest. If the person has a valid driver's license or permit, the officer shall issue the person a receipt, in a form prescribed

- 1 by the Secretary of State, that will allow the person to drive
- 2 during the period provided for in subsection (h) of this
- 3 Section. The officer shall immediately forward the driver's
- 4 license or permit to the circuit court of venue along with the
- 5 sworn report under subsection (e) of this Section.
- 6 (h) The suspension under subsection (f) of this Section
- 7 shall take effect on the 46th day following the date the notice
- 8 of the suspension was given to the person.
- 9 (i) When a driving privilege has been suspended under this
- 10 Section and the person is subsequently convicted of violating
- 11 Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local
- 12 ordinance, for the same incident, any period served on
- 13 suspension under this Section shall be credited toward the
- 14 minimum period of revocation of driving privileges imposed
- under Section 6-205 of this Code.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
- 17 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 18 Section 100. The Cannabis Control Act is amended by
- 19 changing Section 5.3 as follows:
- 20 (720 ILCS 550/5.3)
- Sec. 5.3. Unlawful use of cannabis-based product
- 22 manufacturing equipment.
- 23 (a) A person commits unlawful use of cannabis-based
- 24 product manufacturing equipment when he or she knowingly

- 1 engages in the possession, procurement, transportation,
- 2 storage, or delivery of any equipment used in the
- 3 manufacturing of any cannabis-based product using volatile or
- 4 explosive gas, including, but not limited to, canisters of
- 5 butane gas, with the intent to manufacture, compound, covert,
- 6 produce, derive, process, or prepare either directly or
- 7 indirectly any cannabis-based product.
- 8 (b) This Section does not apply to a cultivation center or
- 9 cultivation center agent that prepares medical cannabis or
- 10 cannabis-infused products in compliance with Article 75 of the
- 11 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act the Compassionate Use of
- 12 <u>Medical Cannabis Program Act</u> and Department of Public Health
- and Department of Agriculture rules.
- 14 (c) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is quilty
- of a Class 2 felony.
- 16 (d) This Section does not apply to craft growers,
- 17 cultivation centers, and infuser organizations licensed under
- 18 the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.
- 19 (e) This Section does not apply to manufacturers of
- 20 cannabis-based product manufacturing equipment or transporting
- 21 organizations with documentation identifying the seller and
- 22 purchaser of the equipment if the seller or purchaser is a
- 23 craft grower, cultivation center, or infuser organization
- 24 licensed under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
- 26 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)

- 1 Section 105. The Prevention of Tobacco Use by Persons
- 2 under 21 Years of Age and Sale and Distribution of Tobacco
- 3 Products Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows:
- 4 (720 ILCS 675/1) (from Ch. 23, par. 2357)
- 5 Sec. 1. Prohibition on sale of tobacco products,
- 6 electronic cigarettes, and alternative nicotine products to
- 7 persons under 21 years of age; prohibition on the distribution
- 8 of tobacco product samples, electronic cigarette samples, and
- 9 alternative nicotine product samples to any person; use of
- 10 identification cards; vending machines; lunch wagons;
- 11 out-of-package sales.
- 12 (a) No person shall sell, buy for, distribute samples of
- or furnish any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or
- 14 alternative nicotine product to any person under 21 years of
- 15 age.
- 16 (a-5) No person under 16 years of age may sell any tobacco
- 17 product, electronic cigarette, or alternative nicotine product
- at a retail establishment selling tobacco products, electronic
- 19 cigarettes, or alternative nicotine products. This subsection
- does not apply to a sales clerk in a family-owned business
- 21 which can prove that the sales clerk is in fact a son or
- daughter of the owner.
- 23 (a-5.1) Before selling, offering for sale, giving, or
- 24 furnishing a tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or

- alternative nicotine product to another person, the person selling, offering for sale, giving, or furnishing the tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or alternative nicotine product shall verify that the person is at least 21 years of age by:
 - (1) examining from any person that appears to be under 30 years of age a government-issued photographic identification that establishes the person to be 21 years of age or older; or
 - (2) for sales of tobacco products, electronic cigarettes, or alternative nicotine products made through the Internet or other remote sales methods, performing an age verification through an independent, third party age verification service that compares information available from public records to the personal information entered by the person during the ordering process that establishes the person is 21 years of age or older.
 - (a-6) No person under 21 years of age in the furtherance or facilitation of obtaining any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or alternative nicotine product shall display or use a false or forged identification card or transfer, alter, or deface an identification card.
- (a-7) (Blank).
 - (a-8) A person shall not distribute without charge samples of any tobacco product, alternative nicotine product, or electronic cigarette to any other person, regardless of age, except for smokeless tobacco in an adult-only facility.

This subsection (a-8) does not apply to the distribution of a tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or alternative nicotine product sample in any adult-only facility.

(a-9) For the purpose of this Section:

"Adult-only facility" means a facility or restricted area (whether open-air or enclosed) where the operator ensures or has a reasonable basis to believe (such as by checking identification as required under State law, or by checking the identification of any person appearing to be under the age of 30) that no person under legal age is present. A facility or restricted area need not be permanently restricted to persons under 21 years of age to constitute an adult-only facility, provided that the operator ensures or has a reasonable basis to believe that no person under 21 years of age is present during the event or time period in question.

"Alternative nicotine product" means a product or device not consisting of or containing tobacco that provides for the ingestion into the body of nicotine, whether by chewing, smoking, absorbing, dissolving, inhaling, snorting, sniffing, or by any other means. "Alternative nicotine product" does not include: cigarettes as defined in Section 1 of the Cigarette Tax Act and tobacco products as defined in Section 10-5 of the Tobacco Products Tax Act of 1995; tobacco product and electronic cigarette as defined in this Section; or any

product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for sale as a tobacco cessation product, as a tobacco dependence product, or for other medical purposes, and is being marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose.

"Electronic cigarette" means:

- (1) any device that employs a battery or other mechanism to heat a solution or substance to produce a vapor or aerosol intended for inhalation;
- (2) any cartridge or container of a solution or substance intended to be used with or in the device or to refill the device; or
- (3) any solution or substance, whether or not it contains nicotine intended for use in the device.

"Electronic cigarette" includes, but is not limited to, any electronic nicotine delivery system, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, electronic hookah, vape pen, or similar product or device, any components or parts that can be used to build the product or device, and any component, part, or accessory of a device used during the operation of the device, even if the part or accessory was sold separately. "Electronic cigarette" does not include: cigarettes as defined in Section 1 of the Cigarette Tax Act; tobacco product and alternative nicotine product as defined in this Section; any product approved by the United States Food and Drug

Administration for sale as a tobacco cessation product, as a tobacco dependence product, or for other medical purposes, and is being marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose; any asthma inhaler prescribed by a physician for that condition and is being marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose; any device that meets the definition of cannabis paraphernalia under Section 1-10 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act; or any cannabis product sold by a dispensing organization pursuant to the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

"Lunch wagon" means a mobile vehicle designed and constructed to transport food and from which food is sold to the general public.

"Nicotine" means any form of the chemical nicotine, including any salt or complex, regardless of whether the chemical is naturally or synthetically derived.

"Tobacco product" means any product containing or made from tobacco that is intended for human consumption, whether smoked, heated, chewed, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled, snorted, sniffed, or ingested by any other means, including, but not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, chewing tobacco, pipe tobacco, snuff, snus, and any other smokeless tobacco product which contains tobacco that is finely cut, ground, powdered, or leaf and intended to be placed in the oral cavity. "Tobacco product"

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includes any component, part, or accessory of a tobacco product, whether or not sold separately. "Tobacco product" does not include: an alternative nicotine product as defined in this Section; or any product that has been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for sale as a tobacco cessation product, as a tobacco dependence product, or for other medical purposes, and is being marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose.

- (b) Tobacco products, electronic cigarettes, and alternative nicotine products may be sold through a vending machine only if such tobacco products, electronic cigarettes, and alternative nicotine products are not placed together with any non-tobacco product, other than matches, in the vending machine and the vending machine is in any of the following locations:
- 16 (1) (Blank).
- 17 (2) Places to which persons under 21 years of age are
 18 not permitted access at any time.
 - (3) Places where alcoholic beverages are sold and consumed on the premises and vending machine operation is under the direct supervision of the owner or manager.
 - (4) (Blank).
- 23 (5) (Blank).
- (c) (Blank).
- 25 (d) The sale or distribution by any person of a tobacco 26 product as defined in this Section, including, but not limited

- to, a single or loose cigarette, that is not contained within a sealed container, pack, or package as provided by the manufacturer, which container, pack, or package bears the health warning required by federal law, is prohibited.
- 5 (e) It is not a violation of this Act for a person under 21 years of age to purchase a tobacco product, electronic 6 7 cigarette, or alternative nicotine product if the person under 8 the age of 21 purchases or is given the tobacco product, 9 electronic cigarette, or alternative nicotine product in any 10 of its forms from a retail seller of tobacco products, 11 electronic cigarettes, or alternative nicotine products or an 12 employee of the retail seller pursuant to a plan or action to investigate, patrol, or otherwise conduct a "sting operation" 13 14 or enforcement action against a retail seller of tobacco 15 products, electronic cigarettes, or alternative nicotine 16 products or a person employed by the retail seller of tobacco 17 products, electronic cigarettes, or alternative nicotine products or on any premises authorized to sell tobacco 18 19 products, electronic cigarettes, or alternative nicotine 20 products to determine if tobacco products, electronic cigarettes, or alternative nicotine products are being sold or 21 22 given to persons under 21 years of age if the "sting operation" 23 or enforcement action is approved by, conducted by, or conducted on behalf of the Illinois State Police, the county 24 25 sheriff, a municipal police department, the Department of 26 Revenue, the Department of Public Health, or a local health

- department. The results of any sting operation or enforcement
- 2 action, including the name of the clerk, shall be provided to
- 3 the retail seller within 7 business days.
- 4 (f) No person shall honor or accept any discount, coupon,
- 5 or other benefit or reduction in price that is inconsistent
- 6 with 21 CFR 1140, subsequent United States Food and Drug
- 7 Administration industry guidance, or any rules adopted under
- 8 21 CFR 1140.
- 9 (g) Any peace officer or duly authorized member of the
- 10 Illinois State Police, a county sheriff's department, a
- 11 municipal police department, the Department of Revenue, the
- 12 Department of Public Health, a local health department, or the
- 13 Department of Human Services, upon discovering a violation of
- 14 subsection (a), (a-5), (a-5.1), (a-8), (b), or (d) of this
- 15 Section or a violation of the Preventing Youth Vaping Act, may
- 16 seize any tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or
- 17 electronic cigarettes of the specific type involved in that
- 18 violation that are located at that place of business. The
- 19 tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or electronic
- 20 cigarettes so seized are subject to confiscation and
- 21 forfeiture.
- (h) If, within 60 days after any seizure under subsection
- 23 (g), a person having any property interest in the seized
- 24 property is charged with an offense under this Section or a
- violation of the Preventing Youth Vaping Act, the court that
- 26 renders judgment upon the charge shall, within 30 days after

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the judgment, conduct a forfeiture hearing to determine whether the seized tobacco products or electronic cigarettes were part of the inventory located at the place of business when a violation of subsection (a), (a-5), (a-5.1), (a-8), (b), or (d) of this Section or a violation of the Preventing Youth Vaping Act occurred and whether any seized tobacco products or electronic cigarettes were of a type involved in that violation. The hearing shall be commenced by a written material petition by the State, which shall include allegations of fact, the name and address of every person determined by the State to have any property interest in the seized property, a representation that written notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing has been mailed to every such person by certified mail at least 10 days before the date, and a request for forfeiture. Every such person may appear as a party and present evidence at the hearing. The quantum of proof required shall be a preponderance of the evidence, and the burden of proof shall be on the State. If the court determines that the seized property was subject to forfeiture, an order of forfeiture and disposition of the seized property shall be entered and the property shall be received by the prosecuting office, who shall effect its destruction.

(i) If a seizure under subsection (g) is not followed by a charge under subsection (a), (a-5), (a-5.1), (a-8), (b), or (d) of this Section or under the Preventing Youth Vaping Act, or if the prosecution of the charge is permanently terminated

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- or indefinitely discontinued without any judgment of conviction or acquittal:
 - (1) the prosecuting office may commence in the circuit court an in rem proceeding for the forfeiture and destruction of any seized tobacco products or electronic cigarettes; and
 - (2) any person having any property interest in the seized tobacco products or electronic cigarettes may commence separate civil proceedings in the manner provided by law.
 - (j) After the Department of Revenue has seized any tobacco product, nicotine product, or electronic cigarette as provided in subsection (g) and a person having any property interest in the seized property has not been charged with an offense under this Section or a violation of the Preventing Youth Vaping Act, the Department of Revenue must hold a hearing and determine whether the seized tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or electronic cigarettes were part of the inventory located at the place of business when a violation of subsection (a), (a-5), (a-5.1), (a-8), (b), or (d) of this Section or a violation of the Preventing Youth Vaping Act occurred and whether any seized tobacco product, alternative nicotine product, or electronic cigarette was of a type involved in that violation. The Department of Revenue shall give not less than 20 days' notice of the time and place of the hearing to the owner of the property, if the owner is known,

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and also to the person in whose possession the property was
found if that person is known and if the person in possession
is not the owner of the property. If neither the owner nor the
person in possession of the property is known, the Department
of Revenue must cause publication of the time and place of the
hearing to be made at least once each week for 3 weeks
successively in a newspaper of general circulation in the
county where the hearing is to be held.

If, as the result of the hearing, the Department of Revenue determines that the tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or the electronic cigarettes were part of the inventory located at the place of business when a violation of subsection (a), (a-5), (a-5.1), (a-8), (b), or (d) of this Section or a violation of the Preventing Youth Vaping Act at the time of seizure, the Department of Revenue must enter an order declaring the tobacco product, alternative nicotine product, or electronic cigarette confiscated and forfeited to the State, to be held by the Department of Revenue for disposal by it as provided in Section 10-58 of the Tobacco Products Tax Act of 1995. The Department of Revenue must give notice of the order to the owner of the property, if the owner is known, and also to the person in whose possession the property was found if that person is known and if the person in possession is not the owner of the property. If neither the owner nor the person in possession of the property is known, the Department of Revenue must cause publication of the order

- 1 to be made at least once each week for 3 weeks successively in
- 2 a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the
- 3 hearing was held.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 101-2, eff. 7-1-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
- 5 102-575, eff. 1-1-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)
- 6 Section 110. The Prevention of Cigarette and Electronic
- 7 Cigarette Sales to Persons under 21 Years of Age Act is amended
- 8 by changing Section 2 as follows:
- 9 (720 ILCS 678/2)
- 10 Sec. 2. Definitions. For the purpose of this Act:
- "Cigarette", when used in this Act, means any roll for
- 12 smoking made wholly or in part of tobacco irrespective of size
- or shape and whether or not the tobacco is flavored,
- 14 adulterated, or mixed with any other ingredient, and the
- 15 wrapper or cover of which is made of paper or any other
- 16 substance or material except whole leaf tobacco.
- "Clear and conspicuous statement" means the statement is
- 18 of sufficient type size to be clearly readable by the
- 19 recipient of the communication.
- "Consumer" means an individual who acquires or seeks to
- 21 acquire cigarettes or electronic cigarettes for personal use.
- "Delivery sale" means any sale of cigarettes or electronic
- 23 cigarettes to a consumer if:
- 24 (a) the consumer submits the order for such sale by

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transmi	ssion	, th	e mails	s, or	the	Inte	rnet	or	othe	er onl	ine
service	, or	the	seller	is	other	wise	not	in	the	physi	cal
presenc	e of	the	buyer	when	the	requ	est	for	pur	chase	or
order i	s mad	e: or									

(b) the cigarettes or electronic cigarettes are delivered by use of a common carrier, private delivery service, or the mails, or the seller is not in the physical presence of the buyer when the buyer obtains possession of the cigarettes or electronic cigarettes.

"Delivery service" means any person (other than a person that makes a delivery sale) who delivers to the consumer the cigarettes or electronic cigarettes sold in a delivery sale.

"Department" means the Department of Revenue.

"Electronic cigarette" means:

- (1) any device that employs a battery or other mechanism to heat a solution or substance to produce a vapor or aerosol intended for inhalation;
- (2) any cartridge or container of a solution or substance intended to be used with or in the device or to refill the device; or
- (3) any solution or substance, whether or not it contains nicotine, intended for use in the device.

"Electronic cigarette" includes, but is not limited to, any electronic nicotine delivery system, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, electronic hookah, vape

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pen, or similar product or device, and any component, part, or accessory of a device used during the operation of the device, even if the part or accessory was sold separately. "Electronic cigarette" does not include: cigarettes, as defined in Section 1 of the Cigarette Tax Act; any product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for sale as a tobacco cessation product, a tobacco dependence product, or for other medical purposes that is marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose; any asthma inhaler prescribed by a physician for that condition that is marketed and sold solely for that approved purpose; any device that meets the definition of cannabis paraphernalia under Section 1-10 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act; or any cannabis product sold by a dispensing organization pursuant to the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

"Government-issued identification" means a State driver's license, State identification card, passport, a military identification or an official naturalization or immigration document, such as a permanent resident card (commonly known as a "green card") or an immigrant visa.

"Mails" or "mailing" mean the shipment of cigarettes or electronic cigarettes through the United States Postal Service.

"Out-of-state sale" means a sale of cigarettes or electronic cigarettes to a consumer located outside of this

- 1 State where the consumer submits the order for such sale by
- 2 means of a telephonic or other method of voice transmission,
- 3 the mails or any other delivery service, facsimile
- 4 transmission, or the Internet or other online service and
- 5 where the cigarettes or electronic cigarettes are delivered by
- 6 use of the mails or other delivery service.
- 7 "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership,
- 8 limited liability company, association, or other organization
- 9 that engages in any for-profit or not-for-profit activities.
- 10 "Shipping package" means a container in which packs or
- 11 cartons of cigarettes or electronic cigarettes are shipped in
- 12 connection with a delivery sale.
- "Shipping documents" means bills of lading, air bills, or
- 14 any other documents used to evidence the undertaking by a
- 15 delivery service to deliver letters, packages, or other
- 16 containers.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 102-575, eff. 1-1-22; 102-1030, eff. 5-27-22.)
- 18 410 ILCS 130/Act rep.
- 19 Section 120. The Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
- 20 Program Act is repealed.
- 21 Section 995. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act
- 22 makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by
- 23 text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a
- 24 Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that

- 1 text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the
- 2 changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any
- 3 other Public Act.
- 4 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1,
- 5 2023.

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