

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 SB4159

Introduced 2/9/2022, by Sen. Craig Wilcox

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

30 ILCS 805/6 30 ILCS 805/8 30 ILCS 805/9.2 new 35 ILCS 5/901 35 ILCS 200/18-185 35 ILCS 200/18-205 35 ILCS 200/18-207 new 35 ILCS 200/18-212 from Ch. 85, par. 2206 from Ch. 85, par. 2208

Amends the State Mandates Act. Provides that any State mandate regarding any subject matter enacted on or after the effective date of the amendatory Act that necessitates additional expenditures from local government revenues shall be void and unenforceable unless the General Assembly makes necessary appropriations and reimbursements to implement that mandate. Provides that the failure of the General Assembly to make necessary appropriations and reimbursements shall relieve the local government of the obligation to implement any State mandate. Makes conforming changes. Amends the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law in the Property Tax Code. Provides that a taxing district shall reduce its aggregate extension base for the purpose of lowering its limiting rate for future years upon referendum approval initiated by the submission of a petition by the voters of the district. Provides that the extension limitation shall be: (a) the lesser of 5% or the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the immediately preceding 10 years; or (b) the rate of increase approved by the voters. Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Increases distributions into the Local Government Distributive Fund on and after August 1, 2022. Effective immediately.

LRB102 26259 HLH 36138 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The State Mandates Act is amended by changing Sections 6 and 8 and by adding Section 9.2 as follows:
- 6 (30 ILCS 805/6) (from Ch. 85, par. 2206)
 - Sec. 6. State Reimbursement to Local Government For Increased Costs Arising From Certain Mandates. (a) Any increased costs accruing to local governments as a direct result of mandates dealing with the organization and structure of local government or due process mandates, as defined in subsections (c) and (d), respectively, of Section 3 above, are not reimbursable by the State.
 - (b) At least 50%, but not more than 100% of the increase in costs of a local government directly attributable to a service mandate as defined in subsection (f) of Section 3 enacted by the General Assembly or established administratively after the effective date of this Act shall be reimbursed by the State unless there is in existence at the time of such enactment a program of State aid for the service affected by the mandate whereunder the non-local share for any participating local government is 50% or greater and where the increased costs arising under the mandate constitute allowable expenditures

- under the aid program. Where all or part of the increased costs are met through federal or other external aid, only the net increase to the local government shall be included in the base against which the amount of State reimbursement is to be computed.
 - (c) 100% of the loss in revenue of a local government directly attributable to a mandated classification or exemption of property for purposes of ad valorem real property taxation enacted after the effective date of this Act shall be reimbursed by the State. The loss of revenue does not include potential revenue from property of a type which was not being assessed and taxed on January 1, 1980.
 - (d) Except for a State mandate that affects personnel qualifications for local employees, the salaries and wages of which are financed under a State program, and except as provided in subsection (e) below, any personnel mandate as defined in subsection (h) of Section 3 above enacted by the General Assembly or established administratively after the effective date of this Act shall be reimbursed by the State to the extent of increased costs incurred by local governments directly attributable to such mandate.
 - (e) All of the increased costs of a local government directly attributable to a mandated increase in public employee retirement benefits which is enacted after the effective date of this Act and which has the effect of elevating retirement benefits of local government employees

- shall be reimbursed by the State; except that any increased
- costs of a local government attributable to Public Act 83-152,
- 3 83-374, 83-375, 83-528, 83-558, 83-661, 83-664, 83-737,
- 4 83-772, 83-773, 83-780, 83-792, 83-793, 83-802, 83-810,
- 5 83-812, 83-823, 83-827 or 83-869 are not reimbursable by the
- 6 State.
- 7 (f) After the effective date of this Act, any bill filed
- 8 and any amended bill that creates or enlarges a State mandate
- 9 of the type specified in subsections (f), (g) and (h) of
- 10 Section 3, shall have provided and identified for it an
- 11 appropriation of an amount necessary to provide the
- 12 reimbursement specified above unless a statement, stating the
- 13 specific reasons for such exclusion is set out in the bill or
- amendment as provided in subsection (a) of Section 8.
- 15 (g) If a local government or combination of local
- 16 governments has been providing a service at its option which
- is subsequently mandated by the State, the State shall pay
- 18 them for the subsequent costs of such program and the local
- 19 government or governments shall proportionately reduce its or
- 20 their property tax extensions by the amount that the State
- 21 payment replaces property tax revenues which were being
- 22 expended on such service. However, for purposes of calculating
- 23 a school district's State aid, no district's operating tax
- 24 rate shall be decreased as a result of reimbursement under
- 25 this Act.
- 26 (h) Any increased costs accruing to a local government as

- 1 a direct result of the requirements of the Steel Products
- 2 Procurement Act are not reimbursable by the State.
- 3 (i) The provisions of subsections (a) through (h) shall
- 4 apply to State mandates enacted prior to the effective date of
- 5 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. On and
- 6 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd
- 7 General Assembly, any State mandate enacted regarding any
- 8 subject matter that necessitates additional expenditures from
- 9 <u>local government revenues shall be appropriated for and</u>
- reimbursed as provided under Section 9.2.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 83-1362.)
- 12 (30 ILCS 805/8) (from Ch. 85, par. 2208)
- 13 Sec. 8. Exclusions, reimbursement application, review,
- 14 appeals, and adjudication.
- 15 (a) Exclusions: Any of the following circumstances
- inherent to, or associated with, a mandate shall exclude the
- 17 State from reimbursement liability under this Act. If the
- 18 mandate (1) accommodates a request from local governments or
- 19 organizations thereof; (2) imposes additional duties of a
- 20 nature which can be carried out by existing staff and
- 21 procedures at no appreciable net cost increase; (3) creates
- 22 additional costs but also provides offsetting savings
- resulting in no aggregate increase in net costs; (4) imposes a
- 24 cost that is wholly or largely recovered from Federal, State
- or other external financial aid; (5) imposes additional annual

net costs of less than \$1,000 for each of the several local governments affected or less than \$50,000, in the aggregate, for all local governments affected.

The failure of the General Assembly to make necessary appropriations shall relieve the local government of the obligation to implement any service mandates, tax exemption mandates, and personnel mandates, as specified in Section 6, subsections (b), (c), (d) and (e), unless the exclusion provided for in this Section are explicitly stated in the Act establishing the mandate. In the event that funding is not provided for a State-mandated program by the General Assembly, the local government may implement or continue the program upon approval of its governing body. If the local government approves the program and funding is subsequently provided, the State shall reimburse the local governments only for costs incurred subsequent to the funding.

- (a-5) The provisions of subsection (a) excluding the State from reimbursement liability under this Act shall not apply to any State mandate enacted on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, and all subsequent State mandates enacted shall be appropriated for and reimbursed as provided under Section 9.2.
 - (b) Reimbursement Estimation and Appropriation Procedure.
 - (1) When a bill is introduced in the General Assembly, the Legislative Reference Bureau, hereafter referred to as the Bureau, shall determine whether such bill may require

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reimbursement to local governments pursuant to this Act.

The Bureau shall make such determination known in the

Legislative Synopsis and Digest.

In making the determination required by this subsection (b) the Bureau shall disregard any provision in a bill which would make inoperative the reimbursement requirements of Section 6 above, including an express exclusion of the applicability of this Act, and shall make the determination irrespective of any such provision.

(2) Any bill or amended bill which creates or expands a State mandate shall be subject to the provisions of "An Act requiring fiscal notes in relation to certain bills", approved June 4, 1965, as amended. The fiscal notes for such bills or amended bills shall include estimates of the local government and the costs reimbursement required under this Act. In the case of bills having a potential fiscal impact on units of local government, the fiscal note shall be prepared by the Department. In the case of bills having a potential fiscal impact on school districts, the fiscal note shall be prepared by the State Superintendent of Education. In the case of bills having a potential fiscal impact on community college districts, the fiscal note shall be prepared by the Illinois Community College Board. Such fiscal note shall accompany the bill that requires State reimbursement and shall be prepared prior to any final

action on such a bill by the assigned committee. However, if a fiscal note is not filed by the appropriate agency within 30 days of introduction of a bill, the bill can be heard in committee and advanced to the order of second reading. The bill shall then remain on second reading until a fiscal note is filed. A bill discharged from committee shall also remain on second reading until a fiscal note is provided by the appropriate agency.

- (3) The estimate required by paragraph (2) above, shall include the amount estimated to be required during the first fiscal year of a bill's operation in order to reimburse local governments pursuant to Section 6, for costs mandated by such bill. In the event that the effective date of such a bill is not the first day of the fiscal year the estimate shall also include the amount estimated to be required for reimbursement for the next following full fiscal year.
- (4) For the initial fiscal year, reimbursement funds shall be provided as follows: (i) any statute mandating such costs shall have a companion appropriation bill, and (ii) any executive order mandating such costs shall be accompanied by a bill to appropriate the funds therefor, or, alternatively an appropriation for such funds shall be included in the executive budget for the next following fiscal year.

In subsequent fiscal years appropriations for such

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1 costs shall be included in the Governor's budget or 2 supplemental appropriation bills.

- (c) Reimbursement Application and Disbursement Procedure.
- the initial fiscal (1)year during reimbursement is authorized, each local government, or more than one local government wishing to join in filing a single claim, believing itself to be entitled reimbursement under this Act shall submit to the Department, State Superintendent of Education or Illinois Community College Board within 60 days of the effective date of the mandate a claim for reimbursement accompanied by its estimate of the increased costs required by the for the balance of the mandate fiscal year. Department, State Superintendent of Education or Illinois Community College Board shall review such claim and estimate, shall apportion the claim into 3 installments and shall direct the Comptroller to pay the installments at equal intervals throughout the remainder of the fiscal year from the funds appropriated for such purposes, provided that the Department, State Superintendent of Education or Illinois Community College Board may (i) audit the records of any local government to verify the actual amount of the mandated cost, and (ii) reduce anv claim determined to be excessive unreasonable.
 - (2) For the subsequent fiscal years, local governments

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shall submit claims as specified above on or before October 1 of each year. The Department, State Superintendent of Education or Illinois Community College Board shall apportion the claims into 3 equal installments shall direct the Comptroller to pay the first installment upon approval of the claims, with subsequent installments to follow on January 1 and March 1, such claims to be paid from funds appropriated therefor, provided that the Department, State Superintendent of Education or Illinois Community College Board (i) may audit the records of any local governments to verify the actual amount of the mandated cost, (ii) may reduce any claim, determined to be excessive or unreasonable, shall adjust the payment to correct any underpayments or overpayments which occurred the previous fiscal year.

(3) Any funds received by a local government pursuant to this Act may be used for any public purpose.

If the funds appropriated for reimbursement of the costs of local government resulting from the creation or expansion of a State mandate are less than the total of the approved claims, the amount appropriated shall be prorated among the local governments having approved claims.

- (d) Appeals and Adjudication.
- (1) Local governments may appeal determinations made by State agencies acting pursuant to subsection (c) above.

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The appeal must be submitted to the State Mandates Board of Review created by Section 9.1 of this Act within 60 days following the date of receipt of the determination being appealed. The appeal must include evidence as to the extent to which the mandate has been carried out in an executed without effective manner and recourse standards of staffing or expenditure higher than specified in the mandatory statute, if such standards are specified in the statute. The State Mandates Board of Review, after reviewing the evidence submitted to it, may increase or reduce the amount of a reimbursement claim. The decision of the State Mandates Board of Review shall be final subject to judicial review. However, if sufficient funds have not been appropriated, the Department shall notify the General Assembly of such cost, and appropriations for such costs shall be included in а supplemental appropriation bill.

(2) A local government may also appeal directly to the State Mandates Board of Review in those situations in which the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity does not act upon the local government's application for reimbursement or request for mandate determination submitted under this Act. The appeal must include evidence that the application for reimbursement or request for mandate determination was properly filed and should have been reviewed by the Department.

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An appeal may be made to the Board if the Department does not respond to a local government's application for reimbursement or request for mandate determination within 120 days after filing the application or request. In no case, however, may an appeal be brought more than one year after the application or request is filed with the Department.

(Source: P.A. 94-793, eff. 5-19-06.)

9 (30 ILCS 805/9.2 new)

Sec. 9.2. Unfunded State mandates prohibited.

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any
State mandate regarding any subject matter enacted on or after
the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
Assembly that necessitates additional expenditures from local
government revenues shall be void and unenforceable unless the
General Assembly makes necessary appropriations and
reimbursements to implement that mandate. The failure of the
General Assembly to make necessary appropriations and
reimbursements shall relieve the local government of the
obligation to implement any State mandate.

Section 10. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Section 901 as follows:

23 (35 ILCS 5/901)

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1 Sec. 901. Collection authority.

- (a) In general. The Department shall collect the taxes imposed by this Act. The Department shall collect certified past due child support amounts under Section 2505-650 of the Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (e), (f), (g), and (h) of this Section, money collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State treasury; money collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act shall be paid into the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury; and money collected under Section 2505-650 of the Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois shall be paid into the Child Support Enforcement Trust Fund, a special fund outside the State Treasury, or to the State Disbursement Unit established under Section 10-26 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, as directed by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services.
- (b) Local Government Distributive Fund. Beginning August 1, 2017 continuing through July 31, 2022, the Treasurer shall transfer each month from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government Distributive Fund an amount equal to the sum of:
 (i) 6.06% (10% of the ratio of the 3% individual income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 4.95% individual income tax rate after July 1, 2017) of the net revenue realized from the tax

imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act 1 2 upon individuals, trusts, and estates during the preceding month; (ii) 6.85% (10% of the ratio of the 4.8% corporate 3 4 income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 7% corporate income tax 5 rate after July 1, 2017) of the net revenue realized from the 6 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon corporations during the preceding month; and (iii) 7 beginning February 1, 2022, 6.06% of the net revenue realized 8 9 from the tax imposed by subsection (p) of Section 201 of this 10 Act upon electing pass-through entities. From August 1, 2022 11 through July 31, 2023, the Treasurer shall transfer each month 12 from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government 13 Distributive Fund an amount equal to the sum of: (i) 7% of the 14 net revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon individuals, trusts, 15 16 and estates during the preceding month; (ii) 8.11% of the net 17 revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon corporations during the 18 19 preceding month; and (iii) 7% of the net revenue realized from 20 the tax imposed by subsection (p) of Section 201 of this Act upon electing pass-through entities. Beginning on August 1, 21 22 2023, the Treasurer shall transfer each month from the General 23 Revenue Fund to the Local Government Distributive Fund an 24 amount equal to the sum of: (i) 8% of the net revenue realized 25 from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon individuals, trusts, and estates during the 26

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preceding month; (ii) 9.11% of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon corporations during the preceding month; and (iii) 8% of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsection (p) of Section 201 of this Act upon electing pass-through entities. Net revenue realized for a month shall be defined as the revenue from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act which is deposited in the General Revenue Fund, the Education Assistance Fund, the Income Tax Surcharge Local Government Distributive Fund, the Fund for the Advancement of Education, and the Commitment to Human Services Fund during the month minus the amount paid out of the General Revenue Fund in State warrants during that same month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability under the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act.

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, beginning on July 6, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 100-23), those amounts required under this subsection (b) to be transferred by the Treasurer into the Local Government Distributive Fund from the General Revenue Fund shall be directly deposited into the Local Government Distributive Fund as the revenue is realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act.

- (c) Deposits Into Income Tax Refund Fund.
- 26 (1) Beginning on January 1, 1989 and thereafter, the

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Department shall deposit a percentage of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(1), (2), and (3) of Section 201 of this Act into a fund in the State treasury known as the Income Tax Refund Fund. Beginning with State fiscal year 1990 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the percentage deposited into the Income Tax Refund Fund during a fiscal year shall be the Annual Percentage. For fiscal year 2011, the Annual Percentage be 8.75%. For fiscal year 2012, the Annual shall Percentage shall be 8.75%. For fiscal year 2013, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For fiscal year 2014, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.5%. For fiscal year 2015, the Annual Percentage shall be 10%. For fiscal year 2018, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.8%. For fiscal year 2019, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.7%. For fiscal year 2020, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.5%. For fiscal year 2021, the Annual Percentage shall be 9%. For fiscal year 2022, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.25%. For all other fiscal years, the Annual Percentage shall be calculated as a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the amount of refunds approved for payment by the Department during the preceding fiscal year as a result of overpayment of tax liability under subsections (a) and (b)(1), (2), and (3) of Section 201 of this Act plus the amount of such refunds remaining approved but unpaid at the end of the preceding fiscal year, minus the amounts transferred into the Income

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Tax Refund Fund from the Tobacco Settlement Recovery Fund, and the denominator of which shall be the amounts which will be collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(1), (2), and (3) of Section 201 of this Act during the preceding fiscal year; except that in State fiscal year 2002, the Annual Percentage shall in no event exceed 7.6%. The Director of Revenue shall certify the Annual Percentage to the Comptroller on the last business day of the fiscal year immediately preceding the fiscal year for which it is to be effective.

(2) Beginning on January 1, 1989 and thereafter, the Department shall deposit a percentage of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) (6), (7), and (8), (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act into a fund in the State treasury known as the Income Tax Refund Fund. Beginning with State fiscal year 1990 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the percentage deposited into the Income Tax Refund Fund during a fiscal year shall be the Annual Percentage. For fiscal year 2011, the Annual Percentage 17.5%. For fiscal year 2012, the Annual shall be Percentage shall be 17.5%. For fiscal year 2013, the Annual Percentage shall be 14%. For fiscal year 2014, the Annual Percentage shall be 13.4%. For fiscal year 2015, the Annual Percentage shall be 14%. For fiscal year 2018, the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For fiscal year 2019, the Annual Percentage shall be 15.5%. For fiscal

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year 2020, the Annual Percentage shall be 14.25%. For fiscal year 2021, the Annual Percentage shall be 14%. For fiscal year 2022, the Annual Percentage shall be 15%. For all other fiscal years, the Annual Percentage shall be calculated as a fraction, the numerator of which shall be amount of refunds approved for payment Department during the preceding fiscal year as a result of overpayment of tax liability under subsections (a) and (b)(6), (7), and (8), (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act plus the amount of such refunds remaining approved but unpaid at the end of the preceding fiscal year, and the denominator of which shall be the amounts which will be collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(6), (7), and (8), (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act during the preceding fiscal year; except that in State fiscal year 2002, the Annual Percentage shall in no event exceed 23%. Director of Revenue shall certify the The Percentage to the Comptroller on the last business day of the fiscal year immediately preceding the fiscal year for which it is to be effective.

- (3) The Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the Tobacco Settlement Recovery Fund to the Income Tax Refund Fund (i) \$35,000,000 in January, 2001, (ii) \$35,000,000 in January, 2002, and (iii) \$35,000,000 in January, 2003.
- (d) Expenditures from Income Tax Refund Fund.

- (1) Beginning January 1, 1989, money in the Income Tax Refund Fund shall be expended exclusively for the purpose of paying refunds resulting from overpayment of tax liability under Section 201 of this Act and for making transfers pursuant to this subsection (d).
- (2) The Director shall order payment of refunds resulting from overpayment of tax liability under Section 201 of this Act from the Income Tax Refund Fund only to the extent that amounts collected pursuant to Section 201 of this Act and transfers pursuant to this subsection (d) and item (3) of subsection (c) have been deposited and retained in the Fund.
- (3) As soon as possible after the end of each fiscal year, the Director shall order transferred and the State Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the Income Tax Refund Fund to the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund an amount, certified by the Director to the Comptroller, equal to the excess of the amount collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act deposited into the Income Tax Refund Fund during the fiscal year over the amount of refunds resulting from overpayment of tax liability under subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act paid from the Income Tax Refund Fund during the fiscal year.
- (4) As soon as possible after the end of each fiscal year, the Director shall order transferred and the State

Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund to the Income Tax Refund Fund an amount, certified by the Director to the Comptroller, equal to the excess of the amount of refunds resulting from overpayment of tax liability under subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act paid from the Income Tax Refund Fund during the fiscal year over the amount collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act deposited into the Income Tax Refund Fund during the fiscal year.

- (4.5) As soon as possible after the end of fiscal year 1999 and of each fiscal year thereafter, the Director shall order transferred and the State Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the Income Tax Refund Fund to the General Revenue Fund any surplus remaining in the Income Tax Refund Fund as of the end of such fiscal year; excluding for fiscal years 2000, 2001, and 2002 amounts attributable to transfers under item (3) of subsection (c) less refunds resulting from the earned income tax credit.
- (5) This Act shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation from the Income Tax Refund Fund for the purpose of paying refunds upon the order of the Director in accordance with the provisions of this Section.
- (e) Deposits into the Education Assistance Fund and the Income Tax Surcharge Local Government Distributive Fund. On

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July 1, 1991, and thereafter, of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the Department shall deposit 7.3% into the Education Assistance Fund in the State Treasury. Beginning July 1, 1991, and continuing through January 31, 1993, of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the Department shall deposit 3.0% into the Income Tax Surcharge Local Government Distributive Fund in the State Treasury. Beginning February 1, 1993 and continuing through June 30, 1993, of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the Department shall deposit 4.4% into the Income Tax Surcharge Local Government Distributive Fund in the State Treasury. Beginning July 1, 1993, and continuing through June 30, 1994, of the amounts collected under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the Department shall deposit 1.475% into the Income Tax Surcharge Local Government Distributive Fund in the State Treasury.

(f) Deposits into the Fund for the Advancement of Education. Beginning February 1, 2015, the Department shall deposit the following portions of the revenue realized from the tax imposed upon individuals, trusts, and estates by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act, minus

- deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, into the Fund for the
- 2 Advancement of Education:
- 3 (1) beginning February 1, 2015, and prior to February
- 4 1, 2025, 1/30; and
- 5 (2) beginning February 1, 2025, 1/26.
- If the rate of tax imposed by subsection (a) and (b) of
- 7 Section 201 is reduced pursuant to Section 201.5 of this Act,
- 8 the Department shall not make the deposits required by this
- 9 subsection (f) on or after the effective date of the
- 10 reduction.
- 11 (g) Deposits into the Commitment to Human Services Fund.
- Beginning February 1, 2015, the Department shall deposit the
- 13 following portions of the revenue realized from the tax
- 14 imposed upon individuals, trusts, and estates by subsections
- 15 (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act, minus deposits into the
- 16 Income Tax Refund Fund, into the Commitment to Human Services
- 17 Fund:
- 18 (1) beginning February 1, 2015, and prior to February
- 19 1, 2025, 1/30; and
- 20 (2) beginning February 1, 2025, 1/26.
- 21 If the rate of tax imposed by subsection (a) and (b) of
- 22 Section 201 is reduced pursuant to Section 201.5 of this Act,
- 23 the Department shall not make the deposits required by this
- 24 subsection (q) on or after the effective date of the
- 25 reduction.
- 26 (h) Deposits into the Tax Compliance and Administration

- 1 Fund. Beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to
- 2 occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public
- 3 Act 98-1098), each month the Department shall pay into the Tax
- 4 Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to
- 5 appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance
- 6 personnel at the Department, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of
- 7 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year
- 8 by the Audit Bureau of the Department from the tax imposed by
- 9 subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of Section 201 of this Act,
- 10 net of deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund made from those
- 11 cash receipts.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 101-8, see Section 99 for effective date;
- 13 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-636, eff.
- 14 6-10-20; 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-658,
- 15 eff. 8-27-21; revised 10-19-21.)
- Section 15. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
- 17 Sections 18-185, 18-205, and 18-212 and by adding Section
- 18 18-207 as follows:
- 19 (35 ILCS 200/18-185)
- 20 Sec. 18-185. Short title; definitions. This Division 5
- 21 may be cited as the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. As
- 22 used in this Division 5:
- "Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for
- 24 All Urban Consumers for all items published by the United

1 States Department of Labor.

"Extension limitation" means, for taxable years prior to 2023: (a) the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 12-month calendar year preceding the levy year; or (b) the rate of increase approved by voters under Section 18-205.

"Extension limitation" means, for taxable year 2023 and thereafter: (a) the lesser of 5% or the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the 10 years immediately preceding the levy year for which the extension limitation is being calculated; or (b) the rate of increase approved by voters under Section 18-205.

"Affected county" means a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants or a county contiguous to a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants.

"Taxing district" has the same meaning provided in Section 1-150, except as otherwise provided in this Section. For the 1991 through 1994 levy years only, "taxing district" includes only each non-home rule taxing district having the majority of its 1990 equalized assessed value within any county or counties contiguous to a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants. Beginning with the 1995 levy year, "taxing district" includes only each non-home rule taxing district subject to this Law before the 1995 levy year and each non-home rule taxing district not subject to this Law before the 1995 levy year having the majority of its 1994 equalized assessed

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value in an affected county or counties. Beginning with the levy year in which this Law becomes applicable to a taxing district as provided in Section 18-213, "taxing district" also includes those taxing districts made subject to this Law as provided in Section 18-213.

"Aggregate extension" for taxing districts to which this Law applied before the 1995 levy year means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before October 1, 1991; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before October 1, 1991; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after October 1, 1991 that were approved by referendum; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before October 1, 1991 for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all

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other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before October 1, 1991, to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered into before October 1, 1991; (h) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act to finance construction projects initiated before October 1, 1991; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), (c), (e), and (h) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (j) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (k) made by a school district that participates in the Special Education District of Lake County, created by special education joint agreement under Section 10-22.31 of the School Code, for payment of the school district's share of the amounts required to contributed by the Special Education District of Lake County to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund under Article 7 of the Illinois Pension Code; the amount of any extension under this item (k) shall be certified by the school district to the county clerk; (1) made to fund expenses of providing joint

recreational programs for persons with disabilities under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (m) made for temporary relocation loan repayment purposes pursuant to Sections 2-3.77 and 17-2.2d of the School Code; (n) made for payment of principal and interest on any bonds issued under the authority of Section 17-2.2d of the School Code; (o) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code; and (p) made for road purposes in the first year after a township assumes the rights, powers, duties, assets, property, liabilities, obligations, and responsibilities of a road district abolished under the provisions of Section 6-133 of the Illinois Highway Code.

"Aggregate extension" for the taxing districts to which this Law did not apply before the 1995 levy year (except taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with Section 18-213) means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before March 1, 1995; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or

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principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before March 1, 1995; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after March 1, 1995 that were approved by referendum; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before March 1, 1995 for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before March 1, 1995 to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered into before March 1, 1995; (h) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act t.o construction projects initiated before October 1, 1991; (h-4) made for stormwater management purposes by the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago under Section 12 of the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less

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the amount in items (b), (c), and (e) of this definition for non-referendum obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum and bonds described subsection (h) of this definition; (j) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (k) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds authorized by Public Act 88-503 and issued under Section 20a of the Chicago Park District Act for aquarium or museum projects and bonds issued under Section 20a of the Chicago Park District Act for the purpose of making contributions to the pension fund established under Article 12 of the Illinois Pension Code; (1) payments of principal and interest on bonds for authorized by Public Act 87-1191 or 93-601 and (i) issued pursuant to Section 21.2 of the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act, (ii) issued under Section 42 of the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act for zoological park projects, or (iii) issued under Section 44.1 of the Cook County Forest Preserve District Act for botanical gardens projects; (m) made pursuant to Section 34-53.5 of the School Code, whether levied annually or not; (n) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for persons with disabilities under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (o) made by the Chicago Park District for recreational programs for persons disabilities under subsection (c) of Section 7.06 of the

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Chicago Park District Act; (p) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code; (q) made by Ford Heights School District 169 under Section 17-9.02 of the School Code; and (r) made for the purpose of making employer contributions to the Public School Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund of Chicago under Section 34-53 of the School Code.

"Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which this Law applies in accordance with Section 18-213, except for those taxing districts subject to paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or

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continue to refund bonds issued after the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held if the bonds were approved by referendum after the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held to pay for the building project; (q) made for payments due under installment contracts entered into before the date on which the referendum making this Law applicable to the taxing district is held; (h) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), of this definition for non-referendum (e) obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to

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referendum; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (j) made for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying obligations due under, or financing airport facilities required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for persons with disabilities under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; (1) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code; and (m) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued pursuant to Section 19-3.10 of the School Code.

"Aggregate extension" for all taxing districts to which this Law applies in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213 means the annual corporate extension for the taxing district and those special purpose extensions that are made annually for the taxing district, excluding special purpose extensions: (a) made for the taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds that were approved by referendum; (b) made for any

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taxing district to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued before March 7, 1997 (the effective date of Public Act 89-718); (c) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund those bonds issued before March 7, 1997 (the effective date of Public Act 89-718); (d) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on bonds issued to refund or continue to refund bonds issued after March 7, 1997 (the effective date of Public Act 89-718) if the bonds were approved by referendum after March 7, 1997 (the effective date of Public Act 89-718); (e) made for any taxing district to pay interest or principal on revenue bonds issued before March 7, 1997 (the effective date of Public Act 89-718) for payment of which a property tax levy or the full faith and credit of the unit of local government is pledged; however, a tax for the payment of interest or principal on those bonds shall be made only after the governing body of the unit of local government finds that all other sources for payment are insufficient to make those payments; (f) made for payments under a building commission lease when the lease payments are for the retirement of bonds issued by the commission before March 7, 1997 (the effective date of Public Act 89-718) to pay for the building project; (g) made for payments due under installment contracts entered into before March 7, 1997 (the effective date of Public Act 89-718); (h) made for payments of principal and interest on limited bonds, as defined in Section 3 of the

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Local Government Debt Reform Act, in an amount not to exceed the debt service extension base less the amount in items (b), (e) of this definition and for non-referendum obligations, except obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum; (i) made for payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; (j) made for a qualified airport authority to pay interest or principal on general obligation bonds issued for the purpose of paying obligations due under, or financing airport facilities required to be acquired, constructed, installed or equipped pursuant to, contracts entered into before March 1, 1996 (but not including any amendments to such a contract taking effect on or after that date); (k) made to fund expenses of providing joint recreational programs for persons with disabilities under Section 5-8 of the Park District Code or Section 11-95-14 of the Illinois Municipal Code; and (1) made for contributions to a firefighter's pension fund created under Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code, to the extent of the amount certified under item (5) of Section 4-134 of the Illinois Pension Code.

"Debt service extension base" means an amount equal to that portion of the extension for a taxing district for the 1994 levy year, or for those taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with Section 18-213, except for those subject to paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213, for the levy year in which the referendum making this Law

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applicable to the taxing district is held, or for those taxing districts subject to this Law in accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of Section 18-213 for the 1996 levy year, constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the taxing district without referendum, but not including excluded non-referendum bonds. For park districts (i) that were first subject to this Law in 1991 or 1995 and (ii) whose extension for the 1994 levy year for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds) was less than 51% of the amount for the 1991 levy year constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds), "debt service extension base" means an amount equal to that portion of the extension for the 1991 levy year constituting an extension for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by the park district without referendum (but not including excluded non-referendum bonds). A debt service extension base established or increased at any time pursuant to any provision of this Law, except Section 18-212, shall be increased each year commencing with the later of (i) the 2009 levy year or (ii) the first levy year in which this Law becomes applicable to the taxing district, by the extension limitation lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 12 month calendar year

preceding the levy year. The debt service extension base may be established or increased as provided under Section 18-212. "Excluded non-referendum bonds" means (i) bonds authorized by Public Act 88-503 and issued under Section 20a of the Chicago Park District Act for aquarium and museum projects; (ii) bonds issued under Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act; or (iii) refunding obligations issued to refund or to continue to refund obligations initially issued pursuant to referendum.

"Special purpose extensions" include, but are not limited to, extensions for levies made on an annual basis for unemployment and workers' compensation, self-insurance, contributions to pension plans, and extensions made pursuant to Section 6-601 of the Illinois Highway Code for a road district's permanent road fund whether levied annually or not. The extension for a special service area is not included in the aggregate extension.

"Aggregate extension base" means the taxing district's last preceding aggregate extension as adjusted under Sections 18-135, 18-215, 18-230, 18-206, and 18-233. An adjustment under Section 18-135 shall be made for the 2007 levy year and all subsequent levy years whenever one or more counties within which a taxing district is located (i) used estimated valuations or rates when extending taxes in the taxing district for the last preceding levy year that resulted in the over or under extension of taxes, or (ii) increased or

decreased the tax extension for the last preceding levy year as required by Section 18-135(c). Whenever an adjustment is required under Section 18-135, the aggregate extension base of the taxing district shall be equal to the amount that the aggregate extension of the taxing district would have been for the last preceding levy year if either or both (i) actual, rather than estimated, valuations or rates had been used to calculate the extension of taxes for the last levy year, or (ii) the tax extension for the last preceding levy year had not been adjusted as required by subsection (c) of Section 18-135.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for levy year 2012, the aggregate extension base for West Northfield School District No. 31 in Cook County shall be \$12,654,592.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for levy year 2022, the aggregate extension base of a home equity assurance program that levied at least \$1,000,000 in property taxes in levy year 2019 or 2020 under the Home Equity Assurance Act shall be the amount that the program's aggregate extension base for levy year 2021 would have been if the program had levied a property tax for levy year 2021.

"Levy year" has the same meaning as "year" under Section 1-155.

"New property" means (i) the assessed value, after final board of review or board of appeals action, of new improvements or additions to existing improvements on any parcel of real property that increase the assessed value of

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that real property during the levy year multiplied by the equalization factor issued by the Department under Section 17-30, (ii) the assessed value, after final board of review or board of appeals action, of real property not exempt from real estate taxation, which real property was exempt from real estate taxation for any portion of the immediately preceding levy year, multiplied by the equalization factor issued by the Department under Section 17-30, including the assessed value, upon final stabilization of occupancy after new construction complete, of any real property located within the boundaries of an otherwise or previously exempt military reservation that is intended for residential use and owned by or leased to a private corporation or other entity, (iii) in counties that classify in accordance with Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois Constitution, an incentive property's additional assessed value resulting from a scheduled increase in the level of assessment as applied to the first year final board of review market value, and (iv) any increase in assessed value due to oil or gas production from an oil or gas well required to be permitted under the Hydraulic Fracturing Regulatory Act that was not produced in or accounted for during the previous levy year. In addition, the county clerk in a county containing a population of 3,000,000 or more shall include in the 1997 recovered tax increment value for any school district, any recovered tax increment value that was applicable to the 1995 tax year calculations.

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"Qualified airport authority" means an airport authority organized under the Airport Authorities Act and located in a county bordering on the State of Wisconsin and having a population in excess of 200,000 and not greater than 500,000.

"Recovered tax increment value" means, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the amount of the current year's equalized assessed value, in the first year after municipality terminates the designation of an area as a redevelopment project area previously established under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously established under the Economic Development Project Area Tax Increment Act of 1995, or previously established under the Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property in the redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of each property in the redevelopment project area. For the taxes which are extended for the 1997 levy year, the recovered tax increment value for a non-home rule taxing district that first became subject to this Law for the 1995 levy year because a majority of its 1994 equalized assessed value was in an affected county or counties shall be increased if a municipality terminated the designation of an area in 1993 as a redevelopment project area previously established under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment

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Act in the Illinois Municipal Code, previously established under the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or previously established under the Economic Development Area Tax Increment Allocation Act, by an amount equal to the 1994 equalized assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of each property in the redevelopment project area. In the first year after a municipality removes a taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property from a redevelopment project area established under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act in the Illinois Municipal Code, the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law in the Illinois Municipal Code, or the Economic Development Area Tax Allocation Act, "recovered tax increment value" means the amount of the current year's equalized assessed value of each taxable lot, block, tract, or parcel of real property removed from the redevelopment project area over and above the initial equalized assessed value of that real property before removal from the redevelopment project area.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, "limiting rate" means a fraction the numerator of which is the last preceding aggregate extension base (as reduced by Section 18-207, if applicable) times an amount equal to one plus the extension limitation defined in this Section and the denominator of which is the current year's equalized assessed

value of all real property in the territory under 1 2 jurisdiction of the taxing district during the prior levy year. For those taxing districts that reduced their aggregate 3 extension for the last preceding levy year, except for school 5 districts that reduced their extension for educational purposes pursuant to Section 18-206 and taxing districts that 6 7 reduced their aggregate extension pursuant to Section 18-207, 8 the highest aggregate extension in any of the last 3 preceding 9 levy years shall be used for the purpose of computing the 10 limiting rate. The denominator shall not include new property 11 or the recovered tax increment value. If a new rate, a rate 12 decrease, or a limiting rate increase has been approved at an 13 election held after March 21, 2006, then (i) the otherwise 14 applicable limiting rate shall be increased by the amount of 15 the new rate or shall be reduced by the amount of the rate 16 decrease, as the case may be, or (ii) in the case of a limiting 17 rate increase, the limiting rate shall be equal to the rate set forth in the proposition approved by the voters for each of the 18 years specified in the proposition, after which the limiting 19 20 rate of the taxing district shall be calculated as otherwise provided. In the case of a taxing district that obtained 21 22 referendum approval for an increased limiting rate on March 23 20, 2012, the limiting rate for tax year 2012 shall be the rate 24 generates the approximate total amount of 25 extendable for that tax year, as set forth in the proposition approved by the voters; this rate shall be the final rate 26

- 1 applied by the county clerk for the aggregate of all capped
- funds of the district for tax year 2012.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 102-263, eff. 8-6-21; 102-311, eff. 8-6-21;
- 4 102-519, eff. 8-20-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; revised
- 5 10-5-21.)
- 6 (35 ILCS 200/18-205)
- 7 Sec. 18-205. Referendum to increase the extension
- 8 limitation. A taxing district is limited to an extension
- 9 limitation as defined in Section 18-185 of 5% or the
- 10 percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the
- 11 12-month calendar year preceding the levy year, whichever is
- 12 less. A taxing district may increase its extension limitation
- 13 for one or more levy years if that taxing district holds a
- 14 referendum before the levy date for the first levy year at
- which a majority of voters voting on the issue approves
- 16 adoption of a higher extension limitation. Referenda shall be
- 17 conducted at a regularly scheduled election in accordance with
- 18 the Election Code. The question shall be presented in
- 19 substantially the following manner for all elections held
- 20 after March 21, 2006:
- 21 Shall the extension limitation under the Property Tax
- 22 Extension Limitation Law for (insert the legal name,
- 23 number, if any, and county or counties of the taxing
- 24 district and geographic or other common name by which a
- 25 school or community college district is known and referred

to), Illinois, be increased from (the extension	limitation
under item (a) of the definition of extension	limitation
in Section 18-185) the lesser of 5% or the	-percentage
increase in the Consumer Price Index over the	-prior levy
year to (insert the percentage of the proposed	increase)%
per year for (insert each levy year for	which the
increased extension limitation will apply)?	

- The votes must be recorded as "Yes" or "No".
 - If a majority of voters voting on the issue approves the adoption of the increase, the increase shall be applicable for each levy year specified.

The ballot for any question submitted pursuant to this Section shall have printed thereon, but not as a part of the question submitted, only the following supplemental information (which shall be supplied to the election authority by the taxing district) in substantially the following form:

- (1) For the (insert the first levy year for which the increased extension limitation will be applicable) levy year the approximate amount of the additional tax extendable against property containing a single family residence and having a fair market value at the time of the referendum of \$100,000 is estimated to be \$....
- (2) Based upon an average annual percentage increase (or decrease) in the market value of such property of ...% (insert percentage equal to the average annual percentage increase or decrease for the prior 3 levy years, at the

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time the submission of the question is initiated by the taxing district, in the amount of (A) the equalized assessed value of the taxable property in the taxing district less (B) the new property included in the equalized assessed value), the approximate amount of the additional tax extendable against such property for the ... levy year is estimated to be \$... and for the ... levy year is estimated to be \$...

Paragraph (2) shall be included only if the increased extension limitation will be applicable for more than one year and shall list each levy year for which the increased extension limitation will be applicable. The additional tax shown for each levy year shall be the approximate dollar amount of the increase over the amount of the most recently completed extension at the time the submission of the question is initiated by the taxing district. The approximate amount of the additional tax extendable shown in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be calculated by multiplying \$100,000 (the fair market value of the property without regard to any property tax exemptions) by (i) the percentage level of assessment prescribed for that property by statute, or by ordinance of the county board in counties that classify property for purposes of taxation in accordance with Section 4 of Article IX of the Illinois Constitution; (ii) the most recent final equalization factor certified to the county clerk by the Department of Revenue at the time the taxing district

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initiates the submission of the proposition to the electors; (iii) the last known aggregate extension base of the taxing district at the time the submission of the question is initiated by the taxing district; and (iv) the difference between the percentage increase proposed in the question and the otherwise applicable extension limitation lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for the prior levy year (or an estimate of the percentage increase the prior levy year if the increase is unavailable at the time the submission of the question is initiated by the taxing district); and dividing the result by the last known equalized assessed value of the taxing district at the time the submission of the question is initiated by the district. This amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly is intended to clarify the existing requirements of this Section, and shall not be construed to validate any prior non-compliant referendum language. Any notice required to be published in connection with the submission of the question shall also contain this supplemental information and shall not contain any other supplemental information. Any error, miscalculation, or inaccuracy in computing any amount set forth on the ballot or in the notice that is not deliberate shall not invalidate or affect the validity of any proposition approved. Notice of the referendum shall be published and posted as otherwise required by law, and the submission of the question shall be initiated as provided by law.

1 (Source: P.A. 97-1087, eff. 8-24-12.)

- 2 (35 ILCS 200/18-207 new)
- 3 Sec. 18-207. Reduced aggregate extension base.
 - (a) Upon submission of a petition signed by a number of voters of the taxing district that is not less than 10% of the votes cast in the taxing district at the immediately preceding gubernatorial election, the question of whether a taxing district shall reduce its aggregate extension base for the purpose of lowering its limiting rate for future years shall be submitted to the voters of the taxing district at the next general or consolidated election. The petition shall set forth the amount of the reduction and the levy years for which the reduction shall be applicable.
 - (b) The petition shall be filed with the applicable election authority, as defined in Section 1-3 of the Election Code, or, in the case of multiple election authorities, with the State Board of Elections, not more than 10 months nor less than 6 months prior to the election at which the question is to be submitted to the voters, and its validity shall be determined as provided by Article 28 of the Election Code and general election law. The election authority or Board, as applicable, shall certify the question and the proper election authority or authorities shall submit the question to the voters. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, this referendum shall be subject to all other general election law

1 <u>requirements.</u>

1.3

(c) The proposition seeking to reduce the aggregate extension base shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the aggregate extension base used to calculate the limiting rate for (taxing district) under the Property

Tax Extension Limitation Law be reduced by (amount of money expressed in U.S. dollars) for (levy year or years)?

Votes shall be recorded as "Yes" or "No".

If a majority of all votes cast on the proposition are in favor of the proposition, then the aggregate extension base shall be reduced as provided in the referendum.

12 (35 ILCS 200/18-212)

Sec. 18-212. Referendum on debt service extension base. A taxing district may establish or increase its debt service extension base if (i) that taxing district holds a referendum before the date on which the levy must be filed with the county clerk of the county or counties in which the taxing district is situated and (ii) a majority of voters voting on the issue approves the establishment of or increase in the debt service extension base. A debt service extension base established or increased by a referendum held pursuant to this Section after February 2, 2010, shall be increased each year, commencing with the first levy year beginning after the date of the referendum, by the extension limitation lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the

12-month calendar year preceding the levy year if the optional language concerning the annual increase is included in the question submitted to the electors of the taxing district. Referenda under this Section shall be conducted at a regularly scheduled election in accordance with the Election Code. The governing body of the taxing district shall certify the question to the proper election authorities who shall submit the question to the electors of the taxing district in substantially the following form:

"Shall the debt service extension base under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law for ... (taxing district name) ... for payment of principal and interest on limited bonds be ((established at \$) . (or) (increased from \$ to \$)) .. for the levy year and all subsequent levy years (optional language: , such debt service extension base to be increased each year by (extension limitation amount) the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the 12 month calendar year preceding the levy year)?"

Votes on the question shall be recorded as "Yes" or "No".

If a majority of voters voting on the issue approves the establishment of or increase in the debt service extension base, the establishment of or increase in the debt service extension base shall be applicable for the levy years specified.

(Source: P.A. 96-1202, eff. 7-22-10.)

- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 2 becoming law.