## **102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

# State of Illinois

## 2021 and 2022

#### SB3918

Introduced 1/21/2022, by Sen. Robert Peters

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

410 ILCS 710/5 410 ILCS 710/10 new 720 ILCS 600/2

from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 2102

Amends the Overdose Prevention and Harm Reduction Act. Provides that any governmental or nongovernmental entity described under specified provisions or any entity that provides medical care or health services may distribute fentanyl test strips to the public to test for the presence of fentanyl, a fentanyl analogue, or a drug adulterant within a controlled substance. Makes other changes. Amends the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act. Provides that "drug paraphernalia" does not include equipment, products, or materials to analyze or test for the presence of fentanyl, a fentanyl analogue, or a drug adulterant within a controlled substance. Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning health.

# Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Overdose Prevention and Harm Reduction Act 5 is amended by changing Section 5 and by adding Section 10 as 6 follows:

7 (410 ILCS 710/5)

8 Sec. 5. Needle and hypodermic syringe access program.

9 (a) Any governmental or nongovernmental organization, local department, community-based 10 including a health entity, that 11 organization, or а person or promotes 12 scientifically proven ways of mitigating health risks associated with drug use and other high-risk behaviors may 13 14 establish and operate a needle and hypodermic syringe access program. The objective of the program shall be accomplishing 15 16 all of the following:

17 (1) reducing the spread of HIV, AIDS, viral hepatitis,18 and other bloodborne diseases;

(2) reducing the potential for needle stick injuries
 from discarded contaminated equipment; and

21 (3) facilitating connections or linkages to
 22 evidence-based treatment.

23 (b) Programs established under this Act shall provide all

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1 of the following:

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(1) Disposal of used needles and hypodermic syringes.

3 (2) Needles, hypodermic syringes, and other safer drug 4 consumption supplies, at no cost and in quantities 5 sufficient to ensure that needles, hypodermic syringes, or 6 other supplies are not shared or reused.

(3) Educational materials or training on:

(A) overdose prevention and intervention; and

9 (B) the prevention of HIV, AIDS, viral hepatitis, 10 and other common bloodborne diseases resulting from 11 shared drug consumption equipment and supplies.

12 (4) Access to opioid antagonists approved for the 13 reversal of an opioid overdose, or referrals to programs 14 that provide access to opioid antagonists approved for the 15 reversal of an opioid overdose.

16 (5) Linkages to needed services, including mental
 17 health treatment, housing programs, substance use disorder
 18 treatment, and other relevant community services.

19 (6) Individual consultations from a trained employee20 tailored to individual needs.

(7) If feasible, a hygienic, separate space for individuals who need to administer a prescribed injectable medication that can also be used as a quiet space to gather composure in the event of an adverse on-site incident, such as a nonfatal overdose.

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(8) If feasible, access to on-site drug adulterant

testing supplies such as reagents, test strips, or quantification instruments that provide critical real-time information on the composition of substances obtained for consumption.

5 (c) Notwithstanding any provision of the Illinois 6 Controlled Substances Act, the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, 7 or any other law, no employee or volunteer of or participant in 8 a program established under this Act shall be charged with or 9 prosecuted for possession of any of the following:

10 (1) Needles, hypodermic syringes, or other drug
11 consumption paraphernalia obtained from or returned,
12 directly or indirectly, to a program established under
13 this Act.

14 (2) Residual amounts of a controlled substance
15 contained in used needles, used hypodermic syringes, or
16 other used drug consumption paraphernalia obtained from or
17 returned, directly or indirectly, to a program established
18 under this Act.

19 (3) Drug adulterant testing supplies such as reagents,
20 test strips, or quantification instruments obtained from
21 or returned, directly or indirectly, to <u>an allowable</u>
22 <u>entity or</u> a program established under this Act.

(4) Any residual amounts of controlled substances used
 in the course of testing the controlled substance to
 determine the chemical composition and potential threat of
 the substances obtained for consumption that are obtained

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from or returned, directly or indirectly, to a program
 established under this Act.

In addition to any other applicable immunity or limitation on civil liability, a law enforcement officer who, acting on good faith, arrests or charges a person who is thereafter determined to be entitled to immunity from prosecution under this subsection (c) shall not be subject to civil liability for the arrest or filing of charges.

9 (d) Prior to the commencing of operations of a program 10 established under this Act, the governmental or 11 nongovernmental organization shall submit to the Illinois 12 Department of Public Health all of the following information:

13 (1) the name of the organization, agency, group,
14 person, or entity operating the program;

15 (2) the areas and populations to be served by the 16 program; and

17 (3) the methods by which the program will meet the18 requirements of subsection (b) of this Section.

19 The Department of Public Health may adopt rules to 20 implement this subsection.

21 (Source: P.A. 101-356, eff. 8-9-19.)

22 (410 ILCS 710/10 new)

23 <u>Sec. 10. Fentanyl test strips. To further promote harm</u>
 24 <u>reduction efforts, any governmental or nongovernmental entity</u>
 25 <u>described under subsection (a) of Section 5 or any entity that</u>

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provides medical care or health services may distribute fentanyl test strips to the public to test for the presence of fentanyl, a fentanyl analogue, or a drug adulterant within a controlled substance.

5 Section 10. The Drug Paraphernalia Control Act is amended
6 by changing Section 2 as follows:

7 (720 ILCS 600/2) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 2102)

8 Sec. 2. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise 9 requires:

10 (a) The term "cannabis" shall have the meaning ascribed to 11 it in Section 3 of the Cannabis Control Act, as if that 12 definition were incorporated herein.

(b) The term "controlled substance" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, as if that definition were incorporated herein.

17 (c) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive 18 or attempted transfer of possession, with or without 19 consideration, whether or not there is an agency relationship.

20 (d) "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and kind, 21 materials other of any than methamphetamine manufacturing materials as defined in Section 10 of 22 the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act 23 and 24 cannabis paraphernalia as defined in Section 1-10 of the

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Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act, which are intended to be used 1 2 unlawfully in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, 3 harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, preparing, testing, 4 producing, processing, analyzing, 5 packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing into 6 7 the human body a controlled substance in violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or the Methamphetamine 8 9 Control and Community Protection Act or a synthetic drug 10 product or misbranded drug in violation of the Illinois Food, 11 Drug and Cosmetic Act. It includes, but is not limited to:

12 (1) kits intended to be used unlawfully in 13 manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, 14 processing or preparing a controlled substance;

15 (2) isomerization devices intended to be used 16 unlawfully in increasing the potency of any species of 17 plant which is a controlled substance;

18 (3) testing equipment intended to be used unlawfully 19 in a private home for identifying or in analyzing the 20 strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled 21 substances;

(4) diluents and adulterants intended to be used
 unlawfully for cutting a controlled substance by private
 persons;

(5) objects intended to be used unlawfully in
 ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing cocaine or a

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1	synthetic drug product or misbranded drug in violation of
2	the Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act into the human
3	body including, where applicable, the following items:
4	(A) water pipes;
5	(B) carburetion tubes and devices;
6	(C) smoking and carburetion masks;
7	(D) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials;
8	(E) carburetor pipes;
9	(F) electric pipes;
10	(G) air-driven pipes;
11	(H) chillums;
12	(I) bongs;
13	(J) ice pipes or chillers;
14	(6) any item whose purpose, as announced or described
15	by the seller, is for use in violation of this Act.
16	"Drug paraphernalia" does not include equipment, products,
17	or materials to analyze or test for the presence of fentanyl, a
18	fentanyl analogue, or a drug adulterant within a controlled
19	substance.
20	(Source: P.A. 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
21	Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

22 becoming law.