



102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

SB3184

Introduced 1/13/2022, by Sen. Christopher Belt

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 20 ILCS 805/805-535 | was 20 ILCS 805/63b2.2 |
| 510 ILCS 68/70-5 | |
| 515 ILCS 5/1-17 new | |
| 515 ILCS 5/1-18 new | |
| 515 ILCS 5/1-26 new | |
| 515 ILCS 5/5-20 | from Ch. 56, par. 5-20 |
| 515 ILCS 5/10-80 | from Ch. 56, par. 10-80 |
| 515 ILCS 5/10-140 | from Ch. 56, par. 10-140 |
| 515 ILCS 5/20-45 | from Ch. 56, par. 20-45 |
| 515 ILCS 5/20-105 | from Ch. 56, par. 20-105 |
| 515 ILCS 5/10-47 rep. | |
| 515 ILCS 5/10-45 rep. | |
| 520 ILCS 5/1.2j | from Ch. 61, par. 1.2j |
| 520 ILCS 5/1.2j-2 new | |
| 520 ILCS 5/2.30 | from Ch. 61, par. 2.30 |
| 520 ILCS 5/2.33 | from Ch. 61, par. 2.33 |
| 520 ILCS 5/2.36a | from Ch. 61, par. 2.36a |
| 520 ILCS 5/3.1 | from Ch. 61, par. 3.1 |
| 520 ILCS 5/3.1-2 | from Ch. 61, par. 3.1-2 |
| 520 ILCS 5/3.25 | from Ch. 61, par. 3.25 |
| 520 ILCS 5/3.36 | from Ch. 61, par. 3.36 |
| 525 ILCS 20/6 | |
| 720 ILCS 5/24-2 | |

Amends the Department of Natural Resources (Conservation) Law. Requires Conservation Police Officers hired after July 1, 2022 to obtain certification pursuant to the Illinois Police Training Act. Limits powers of arrest and permission to carry firearms to Conservation Police Officers 21 years of age or older. Amends Herptiles-Herps Act, Fish and Aquatic Life Code, Wildlife Code, and Ginseng Harvesting Act. In provisions concerning violations, adds violations of United States Code. Defines terms. Makes other changes. Amends Deadly Weapons Article of Criminal Code 2012. Limits specified exemption to hunting, trapping or fishing that is lawful as defined by statute. Effective immediately.

LRB102 22923 CMG 32077 b

1 AN ACT concerning animals.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Department of Natural Resources
5 (Conservation) Law of the Civil Administrative Code of
6 Illinois is amended by changing Section 805-535 as follows:

7 (20 ILCS 805/805-535) (was 20 ILCS 805/63b2.2)

8 Sec. 805-535. Conservation Police Officers. In addition to
9 the arrest powers prescribed by law, Conservation Police
10 Officers are conservators of the peace and as such have all
11 powers possessed by policemen, except that they may exercise
12 those powers anywhere in this State. Conservation Police
13 Officers acting under the authority of this Section are
14 considered employees of the Department and are subject to its
15 direction, benefits, and legal protection.

16 Any person hired by the Department of Natural Resources
17 after July 1, 2022 ~~2001~~ for a sworn law enforcement position or
18 position that has arrest authority must meet the following
19 minimum professional standards:

20 (1) At the time of hire, the person must be not less
21 than 21 years of age, or 20 years of age and have
22 successfully completed an associate's degree or 60 credit
23 hours at an accredited college or university. Any person

1 hired after successful completion of an associate's degree
2 or 60 credit hours at an accredited college or university
3 shall not have power of arrest, nor shall he or she be
4 permitted to carry firearms, until he or she reaches 21
5 years of age; hold (i) a 2 year degree and 3 consecutive
6 years of experience as a police officer with the same law
7 enforcement agency or (ii) a 4 year degree.

8 (2) The person must possess the skill level and
9 demonstrate the ability to swim at a competency level
10 approved by the Department in an administrative rule; and
11 ~~. The Department's administrative rule must require the~~
12 ~~person to use techniques established by the American Red~~
13 ~~Cross.~~

14 (3) The person must successfully obtain certification
15 pursuant to the Illinois Police Training Act ~~as a police~~
16 ~~officer under the standards in effect at that time unless~~
17 ~~that person already holds that certification~~ and must also
18 successfully complete the Conservation Police Academy
19 training program, consisting of not less than 400 hours of
20 training, within one year of hire.

21 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, all persons
22 who meet one of the following requirements are deemed to have
23 met the collegiate education requirements: either

24 (i) have been honorably discharged and who have been
25 awarded a Southwest Asia Service Medal, Kosovo Campaign
26 Medal, Korean Defense Service Medal, Afghanistan Campaign

1 Medal, Iraq Campaign Medal, or Global War on Terrorism
2 Expeditionary Medal by the United States Armed Forces; ~~or~~

3 (ii) are active members of the Illinois National Guard
4 or a reserve component of the United States Armed Forces
5 and who have been awarded a Southwest Asia Service Medal,
6 Kosovo Campaign Medal, Korean Defense Service Medal,
7 Afghanistan Campaign Medal, Iraq Campaign Medal, or Global
8 War on Terrorism Expeditionary Medal as a result of
9 honorable service during deployment on active duty; ~~are~~
10 ~~deemed to have met the collegiate educational requirements~~
11 ~~for a sworn law enforcement position or position that has~~
12 ~~arrest authority.~~

13 (iii) have been honorably discharged and served in a
14 combat mission by proof of hostile fire pay or imminent
15 danger pay during deployment on active duty; or

16 (iv) have at least 3 years of full active and
17 continuous military duty and received an honorable
18 discharge before hiring.

19 The Department of Natural Resources must adopt an
20 administrative rule listing those disciplines that qualify as
21 directly related areas of study ~~and must also adopt, by~~
22 ~~listing, the American Red Cross standards and testing points~~
23 ~~for a skill level equivalent to an intermediate level swimmer.~~

24 (Source: P.A. 96-972, eff. 7-2-10; 97-948, eff. 8-13-12.)

25 Section 10. The Herptiles-Herps Act is amended by changing

1 Section 70-5 as follows:

2 (510 ILCS 68/70-5)

3 Sec. 70-5. Suspension of privileges and revocation of
4 permits. A person who does not hold a Herptile Special Use
5 permit or Limited Entry permit and who violates a provision of
6 this Act, ~~or~~ an administrative rule authorized under this Act,
7 or a provision of the United States Code that involves the
8 taking, possessing, killing, harvesting, transportation,
9 selling, exporting, or importing of any herptile protected by
10 this Act, when any part of the United States Code violation
11 occurred in Illinois, shall have his or her privileges under
12 this Act suspended for a period to be set by administrative
13 rule. Department suspensions and revocations shall be
14 addressed by administrative rule.

15 A person who holds a Herptile Special Use permit or
16 Limited Entry permit and who violates a provision ~~the~~
17 ~~provisions~~ of this Act, an administrative rule authorized
18 under this Act, or a provision of the United States Code that
19 involves the taking, possessing, killing, harvesting,
20 transportation, selling, exporting, or importing of any
21 herptile protected by this Act, when any part of the United
22 States Code violation occurred in Illinois, shall have his or
23 her permit revoked and permit privileges under this Act
24 suspended for a period to be set by administrative rule.
25 Department suspensions and revocations shall be addressed by

1 administrative rule.

2 A person whose privileges or permit to possess a special
3 use herptile have been suspended or revoked may appeal that
4 decision in accordance with the provisions set forth in
5 administrative rule.

6 (Source: P.A. 102-315, eff. 1-1-22.)

7 Section 15. The Fish and Aquatic Life Code is amended by
8 changing Sections 5-20, 10-80, 10-140, 20-45, and 20-105 and
9 by adding Sections 1-17, 1-18, and 1-26 as follows:

10 (515 ILCS 5/1-17 new)

11 Sec. 1-17. Air rifle. "Air rifle" means an air gun, air
12 pistol, spring gun, gas gun, spring pistol, B-B gun, pellet
13 gun, or any implement that is not a firearm and propels a
14 singular globular projectile or pellet constructed of steel,
15 lead, or other hard materials by the use of compressed air,
16 compressed gas, or spring power.

17 (515 ILCS 5/1-18 new)

18 Sec. 1-18. Angling methods. "Angling methods" means the
19 action of sport fishing by hook and line.

20 (515 ILCS 5/1-26 new)

21 Sec. 1-26. Blow gun. "Blow gun" means a weapon, hunting,
22 or fishing device consisting of a tube through which an arrow,

1 dart, or projectile is propelled by force of the breath of a
2 person.

3 (515 ILCS 5/5-20) (from Ch. 56, par. 5-20)

4 Sec. 5-20. Taking aquatic life on private property. Any
5 person taking or attempting to take aquatic life by means of
6 any device within waters other than public waters of the State
7 shall first obtain the consent of the owner, ~~or~~ tenant, or
8 designee of the owner or tenant of the premises where the
9 taking is done or attempted to be done. In addition, the
10 persons taking or attempting to take aquatic life on another's
11 property shall do so in a manner that does not cause wanton or
12 careless injury to or destruction of any real or personal
13 property on the premises.

14 It shall be prima facie evidence that a person does not
15 have the consent of the owner or tenant if the person is unable
16 to demonstrate to the law enforcement officer in the field
17 that consent had been obtained. This provision may only be
18 rebutted by testimony of the owner or tenant that consent had
19 been given. Before enforcing this Section, the law enforcement
20 officer must have received notice from the owner or tenant of a
21 violation of this Section. Statements made to the law
22 enforcement officer regarding this notice shall not be
23 rendered inadmissible by the hearsay rule when offered for the
24 purpose of showing the required notice.

25 (Source: P.A. 87-114; 87-833; 87-895.)

1 (515 ILCS 5/10-80) (from Ch. 56, par. 10-80)

2 Sec. 10-80. Illegal methods of taking. Except as otherwise
3 authorized in this Code or administrative rule, it ~~it~~ shall be
4 unlawful to take any aquatic life except by angling methods.
5 Illegal methods include, but are not limited to, the use of
6 electricity or any electrical device; a lime, acid, medical,
7 chemical, or mechanical compound or dope of any medicated
8 drug; any drug or any fishberry; any dynamite, giant powder,
9 nitro glycerine, or other explosives; or by means of a snare,
10 treated grain, firearms of any kind, air rifle or blow gun ~~or~~
11 ~~gas gun~~, wire basket, wire seine, wire net, wire trotline, or
12 limb lines of any kind.

13 (Source: P.A. 87-833.)

14 (515 ILCS 5/10-140) (from Ch. 56, par. 10-140)

15 Sec. 10-140. Dip nets, casting nets, and shad scoops.

16 (a) Any individual possessing a valid sport fishing
17 license may use a dip net, casting net, or shad scoop to take
18 certain species ~~carp, buffalo, carpsuckers, or shad for~~
19 ~~personal consumption.~~ The taking of aquatic life ~~these fish~~
20 with a dip net, casting net, or shad scoop shall not be
21 permitted within 100 feet of the base of any dam.

22 (b) Dip nets may be used to take carp, buffalo,
23 carpsuckers, or shad for personal consumption.

24 (c) Bighead carp (Hypophthalmichthys nobilis), black carp

1 (Mylopharyngodon piceus), grass carp (Ctenopharyngodon
2 idella), and silver carp (Hypophthalmichthys molitrix) may be
3 taken with a casting net or shad scoop and used for bait on the
4 body of water where they are collected if they are killed
5 immediately.

6 (d) Mooneye (Hiodon tergisus), goldeye (Hiodon alosoides),
7 skipjack herring (Alosa chrysochloris), carp (other than
8 bighead carp (Hypophthalmichthys nobilis), black carp
9 (Mylopharyngodon piceus), grass carp (Ctenopharyngodon
10 idella), and silver carp (Hypophthalmichthys molitrix)), and
11 any other fish listed in Section 10-110 of this Code may be
12 taken with a casting net or shad scoop and used for live or
13 dead bait on the body of water where they are collected.

14 (e) All casting nets shall not be (1) larger than 24 feet
15 in diameter or (2) of a mesh larger than 1 inch bar
16 measurement. All shad scoops shall not be (1) larger than 30
17 inches in diameter, (2) of a mesh not larger than 1/2 inch bar
18 measurement, or (3) longer than 4 feet in length.

19 (f) Fish taken by ~~this~~ means listed in this Section shall
20 not be sold or bartered. Except as otherwise provided by law,
21 the taking of game fish by dip net without a commercial license
22 shall be a petty offense punishable by a minimum fine of \$100,
23 plus confiscation of illegally used equipment under Article 1
24 of this Code.

25 (Source: P.A. 89-66, eff. 1-1-96.)

1 (515 ILCS 5/20-45) (from Ch. 56, par. 20-45)

2 Sec. 20-45. License fees for residents. Fees for licenses
3 for residents of the State of Illinois shall be as follows:

4 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, for
5 sport fishing devices as defined in Section 10-95 or
6 spearing devices as defined in Section 10-110, the fee is
7 \$14.50 for individuals 16 to 64 years old, one-half of the
8 current fishing license fee for individuals age 65 or
9 older, and, commencing with the 2012 license year,
10 one-half of the current fishing license fee for resident
11 veterans of the United States Armed Forces after returning
12 from service abroad or mobilization by the President of
13 the United States. Veterans must provide, to the
14 Department at one of the Department's 5 regional offices,
15 verification of their service. The Department shall
16 establish what constitutes suitable verification of
17 service for the purpose of issuing fishing licenses to
18 resident veterans at a reduced fee.

19 (a-5) The fee for all sport fishing licenses shall be
20 \$1 for residents over 75 years of age.

21 (b) All residents before using any commercial fishing
22 device shall obtain a commercial fishing license, the fee
23 for which shall be \$60 and a resident fishing license, the
24 fee for which is \$14.50. Each and every commercial device
25 used shall be licensed by a resident commercial fisherman
26 as follows:

1 (1) For each 100 lineal yards, or fraction
2 thereof, of seine the fee is \$18. For each minnow
3 seine, minnow trap, or net for commercial purposes the
4 fee is \$20.

5 (2) For each device to fish with a 100 hook trot
6 line device, basket trap, hoop net, or dip net the fee
7 is \$3.

8 (3) When used in the waters of Lake Michigan, for
9 the first 2000 lineal feet, or fraction thereof, of
10 gill net the fee is \$10; and for each 1000 additional
11 lineal feet, or fraction thereof, the fee is \$10.
12 These fees shall apply to all gill nets in use in the
13 water or on drying reels on the shore.

14 (4) For each 100 lineal yards, or fraction
15 thereof, of gill net or trammel net the fee is \$18.

16 (c) Residents of the State of Illinois may obtain a
17 sportsmen's combination license that shall entitle the
18 holder to the same non-commercial fishing privileges as
19 residents holding a license as described in subsection (a)
20 of this Section and to the same hunting privileges as
21 residents holding a license to hunt all species as
22 described in Section 3.1 of the Wildlife Code. No
23 sportsmen's combination license shall be issued to any
24 individual who would be ineligible for either the fishing
25 or hunting license separately. The sportsmen's combination
26 license fee shall be \$25.50. For residents age 65 or

1 older, the fee is one-half of the fee charged for a
2 sportsmen's combination license. For resident veterans of
3 the United States Armed Forces after returning from
4 service abroad or mobilization by the President of the
5 United States, the fee, commencing with the 2012 license
6 year, is one-half of the fee charged for a sportsmen's
7 combination license. Veterans must provide to the
8 Department, at one of the Department's 5 regional offices,
9 verification of their service. The Department shall
10 establish what constitutes suitable verification of
11 service for the purpose of issuing sportsmen's combination
12 licenses to resident veterans at a reduced fee.

13 (d) For 24 hours of fishing by sport fishing devices
14 as defined in Section 10-95 or by spearing devices as
15 defined in Section 10-110 the fee is \$5. This license does
16 not exempt the licensee from the requirement for a salmon
17 or inland trout stamp. The licenses provided for by this
18 subsection are not required for residents of the State of
19 Illinois who have obtained the license provided for in
20 subsection (a) of this Section.

21 (e) All residents before using any commercial mussel
22 device shall obtain a commercial mussel license, the fee
23 for which shall be \$50.

24 (f) Residents of this State, upon establishing
25 residency as required by the Department, may obtain a
26 lifetime hunting or fishing license or lifetime

1 sportsmen's combination license which shall entitle the
2 holder to the same non-commercial fishing privileges as
3 residents holding a license as described in paragraph (a)
4 of this Section and to the same hunting privileges as
5 residents holding a license to hunt all species as
6 described in Section 3.1 of the Wildlife Code. No lifetime
7 sportsmen's combination license shall be issued to or
8 retained by any individual who would be ineligible for
9 either the fishing or hunting license separately, either
10 upon issuance, or in any year a violation would subject an
11 individual to have either or both fishing or hunting
12 privileges rescinded. The lifetime hunting and fishing
13 license fees shall be as follows:

14 (1) Lifetime fishing: 30 x the current fishing
15 license fee.

16 (2) Lifetime hunting: 30 x the current hunting
17 license fee.

18 (3) Lifetime sportsmen's combination license: 30 x
19 the current sportsmen's combination license fee.

20 Lifetime licenses shall not be refundable. A \$10 fee shall
21 be charged for reissuing any lifetime license. The Department
22 may establish rules and regulations for the issuance and use
23 of lifetime licenses and may suspend or revoke any lifetime
24 license issued under this Section for violations of those
25 rules or regulations or other provisions under this Code, ~~or~~
26 the Wildlife Code, or a violation of the United States Code

1 that involves the taking, possessing, killing, harvesting,
2 transportation, selling, exporting, or importing any fish or
3 aquatic life protected by this Code or the taking, possessing,
4 killing, harvesting, transportation, selling, exporting, or
5 importing any fauna protected by the Wildlife Code when any
6 part of the United States Code violation occurred in Illinois.

7 Individuals under 16 years of age who possess a lifetime
8 hunting or sportsmen's combination license shall have in their
9 possession, while in the field, a certificate of competency as
10 required under Section 3.2 of the Wildlife Code. Any lifetime
11 license issued under this Section shall not exempt individuals
12 from obtaining additional stamps or permits required under the
13 provisions of this Code or the Wildlife Code. Individuals
14 required to purchase additional stamps shall sign the stamps
15 and have them in their possession while fishing or hunting
16 with a lifetime license. All fees received from the issuance
17 of lifetime licenses shall be deposited in the Fish and
18 Wildlife Endowment Fund.

19 Except for licenses issued under subsection (e) of this
20 Section, all licenses provided for in this Section shall
21 expire on March 31 of each year, except that the license
22 provided for in subsection (d) of this Section shall expire 24
23 hours after the effective date and time listed on the face of
24 the license.

25 All individuals required to have and failing to have the
26 license provided for in subsection (a) or (d) of this Section

1 shall be fined according to the provisions of Section 20-35 of
2 this Code.

3 All individuals required to have and failing to have the
4 licenses provided for in subsections (b) and (e) of this
5 Section shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

6 (Source: P.A. 97-498, eff. 4-1-12; 97-1136, eff. 1-1-13;
7 98-800, eff. 8-1-14.)

8 (515 ILCS 5/20-105) (from Ch. 56, par. 20-105)

9 Sec. 20-105. Revocation and suspension; refusal to issue.

10 (a) Whenever a license or permit is issued to any person
11 under this Code and its holder is found guilty of any
12 misrepresentation in obtaining the license or permit or of a
13 violation of Section 48-3 of the Criminal Code of 2012 or a
14 violation of any of the provisions of this Code, including
15 administrative rules, or a violation of the United States Code
16 that involves the taking, possessing, killing, harvesting,
17 transportation, selling, exporting, or importing any aquatic
18 life protected by this Code when any part of the United States
19 Code violation occurred in Illinois, the license or permit may
20 be revoked by the Department and the Department may refuse to
21 issue any permit or license to that person and may suspend the
22 person from engaging in the activity requiring the permit or
23 license for a period of time not to exceed 5 years following
24 the revocation. Department revocation procedure shall be
25 established by administrative rule.

1 (b) Whenever any person who has not been issued a license
2 or a permit under the provisions of this Code is found guilty
3 of a violation of Section 48-3 of the Criminal Code of 2012 or
4 a violation of the provisions of this Code, including
5 administrative rules, or a violation of the United States Code
6 that involves the taking, possessing, killing, harvesting,
7 transportation, selling, exporting, or importing any aquatic
8 life protected by this Code when any part of the United States
9 Code violation occurred in Illinois, the Department may refuse
10 to issue any permit or license to that person, and suspend that
11 person from engaging in the activity requiring the permit or
12 license for a period of time not to exceed 5 years.

13 (c) Any person who knowingly or intentionally violates any
14 of the provisions of this Code, including administrative
15 rules, during the 5 years following the revocation of his or
16 her license or permit under subsection (a) or during the time
17 he is suspended under subsection (b), shall be guilty of a
18 Class A misdemeanor as provided in Section 20-35. The
19 penalties for a violation of Section 48-3 of the Criminal Code
20 of 2012 shall be as provided in that Section.

21 (d) A person whose license or permit to engage in any
22 activity regulated by this Code has been suspended or revoked
23 may not, during the period of the suspension or revocation or
24 until obtaining such a license or permit, (i) be in the company
25 of any person engaging in the activity covered by the
26 suspension or revocation or (ii) serve as a guide, outfitter,

1 or facilitator for a person who is engaged or prepared to
2 engage in the activity covered by the suspension or
3 revocation.

4 (e) No person may be issued or obtain a license or permit
5 or engage in any activity regulated by this Code during the
6 time that the person's privilege to engage in the same or
7 similar activities is suspended or revoked by another state,
8 by a federal agency, or by a province of Canada.

9 (Source: P.A. 98-402, eff. 8-16-13.)

10 (515 ILCS 5/10-47 rep.)

11 (515 ILCS 5/10-45 rep.)

12 Section 20. The Fish and Aquatic Life Code is amended by
13 repealing Sections 10-45 and 10-47.

14 Section 25. The Wildlife Code is amended by changing
15 Sections 1.2j, 2.30, 2.33, 2.36a, 3.1, 3.1-2, 3.25, and 3.36
16 and by adding Section 1.2j-2 as follows:

17 (520 ILCS 5/1.2j) (from Ch. 61, par. 1.2j)

18 Sec. 1.2j. "Gun" means shotgun, rifle, handgun, or air
19 rifle ~~gun~~.

20 (Source: P.A. 81-382.)

21 (520 ILCS 5/1.2j-2 new)

22 Sec. 1.2j-2. Air rifle. "Air Rifle" means an air gun, air

1 pistol, spring gun, gas gun, spring pistol, B-B gun, pellet
2 gun, or any implement that is not a firearm and propels a
3 singular globular projectile or pellet constructed of steel,
4 lead, or other hard materials by the use of compressed air,
5 compressed gas, or spring power.

6 (520 ILCS 5/2.30) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.30)

7 Sec. 2.30. Except as provided in this Section, it shall be
8 unlawful for any person to trap or to hunt with gun, dog, dog
9 and gun, or bow and arrow, gray fox, red fox, raccoon, weasel,
10 mink, muskrat, badger, bobcat, and opossum except during the
11 open season which will be set annually by the Director between
12 12:01 a.m., November 1 to 12:00 midnight, February 15, both
13 inclusive.

14 It shall be unlawful for any person to hunt or trap bobcat
15 in this State on and after the effective date of this
16 amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly in the counties
17 of Boone, Bureau, Champaign, Cook, DeKalb, DeWitt, DuPage,
18 Ford, Grundy, Henry, Iroquois, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, Knox,
19 Lake, LaSalle, Lee, Livingston, Logan, Marshall, McHenry,
20 McLean, Ogle, Peoria, Piatt, Putnam, Stark, Stephenson,
21 Vermilion, Will, Winnebago, and Woodford and north of U.S.
22 Route 36 in Edgar and Douglas and north of U.S. Route 36 to the
23 junction with Illinois Route 121 and north or east of Illinois
24 Route 121 in Macon. For the season beginning in 2017, a total
25 number of 350 bobcats may be hunted or trapped lawfully, or the

1 conclusion of the season occurs, whichever is earlier. For the
2 season beginning in 2018, a total number of 375 bobcats may be
3 hunted or trapped lawfully, or the conclusion of the season
4 occurs, whichever is earlier. The changes added to this
5 Section by this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly,
6 except for this sentence, are inoperative on and after June
7 30, 2019.

8 It is unlawful to pursue any fur-bearing mammal with a dog
9 or dogs between the hours of sunset and sunrise during the 10
10 day period preceding the opening date of the raccoon hunting
11 season and the 10 day period following the closing date of the
12 raccoon hunting season except that the Department may issue
13 field trial permits in accordance with Section 2.34 of this
14 Act. A non-resident from a state with more restrictive
15 fur-bearer pursuit regulations for any particular species than
16 provided for that species in this Act may not pursue that
17 species in Illinois except during the period of time that
18 Illinois residents are allowed to pursue that species in the
19 non-resident's state of residence. Hound running areas
20 approved by the Department shall be exempt from the provisions
21 of this Section.

22 It shall be unlawful to take beaver, river otter, weasel,
23 mink, or muskrat except during the open season set annually by
24 the Director, and then, only with traps, except that a
25 firearm, pistol, or air rifle ~~airgun~~ of a caliber not larger
26 than a .22 long rifle may be used to remove the animal from the

1 trap.

2 It shall be unlawful for any person to trap beaver or river
3 otter with traps except during the open season which will be
4 set annually by the Director between 12:01 a.m., November 1st
5 and 12:00 midnight, March 31, both inclusive.

6 Coyote may be taken by trapping methods only during the
7 period from September 1 to March 1, both inclusive, and by
8 hunting methods at any time.

9 Striped skunk may be taken by trapping methods only during
10 the period from September 1 to March 1, both inclusive, and by
11 hunting methods at any time.

12 Muskrat may be taken by trapping methods during an open
13 season set annually by the Director.

14 For the purpose of taking fur-bearing mammals, the State
15 may be divided into management zones by administrative rule.

16 It shall be unlawful to take or possess more than the
17 season limit or possession limit of fur-bearing mammals that
18 shall be set annually by the Director. The season limit for
19 bobcat shall not exceed one bobcat per permit. Possession
20 limits shall not apply to fur buyers, tanners, manufacturers,
21 and taxidermists, as defined by this Act, who possess
22 fur-bearing mammals in accordance with laws governing such
23 activities.

24 Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the taking or
25 possessing of fur-bearing mammals found dead or
26 unintentionally killed by a vehicle along a roadway during the

1 open season provided the person who possesses such fur-bearing
2 mammals has all appropriate licenses, stamps, or permits; the
3 season for which the species possessed is open; and that such
4 possession and disposal of such fur-bearing mammals is
5 otherwise subject to the provisions of this Section.

6 The provisions of this Section are subject to modification
7 by administrative rule.

8 (Source: P.A. 99-33, eff. 1-1-16; 100-524, eff. 9-22-17;
9 100-779, eff. 8-10-18.)

10 (520 ILCS 5/2.33) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.33)

11 Sec. 2.33. Prohibitions.

12 (a) It is unlawful to carry or possess any gun in any State
13 refuge unless otherwise permitted by administrative rule.

14 (b) It is unlawful to use or possess any snare or
15 snare-like device, deadfall, net, or pit trap to take any
16 species, except that snares not powered by springs or other
17 mechanical devices may be used to trap fur-bearing mammals, in
18 water sets only, if at least one-half of the snare noose is
19 located underwater at all times.

20 (c) It is unlawful for any person at any time to take a
21 wild mammal protected by this Act from its den by means of any
22 mechanical device, spade, or digging device or to use smoke or
23 other gases to dislodge or remove such mammal except as
24 provided in Section 2.37.

25 (d) It is unlawful to use a ferret or any other small

1 mammal which is used in the same or similar manner for which
2 ferrets are used for the purpose of frightening or driving any
3 mammals from their dens or hiding places.

4 (e) (Blank).

5 (f) It is unlawful to use spears, gigs, hooks or any like
6 device to take any species protected by this Act.

7 (g) It is unlawful to use poisons, chemicals or explosives
8 for the purpose of taking any species protected by this Act.

9 (h) It is unlawful to hunt adjacent to or near any peat,
10 grass, brush or other inflammable substance when it is
11 burning.

12 (i) It is unlawful to take, pursue or intentionally harass
13 or disturb in any manner any wild birds or mammals by use or
14 aid of any vehicle, ~~or~~ conveyance, or unmanned aircraft as
15 defined by the Illinois Aeronautics Act, except as permitted
16 by the Code of Federal Regulations for the taking of
17 waterfowl. It is also unlawful to use the lights of any vehicle
18 or conveyance, ~~or any light from or~~ any light connected to any
19 ~~the~~ vehicle or conveyance, or any other lighting device or
20 mechanism from inside or on a vehicle or conveyance in any area
21 where wildlife may be found except in accordance with Section
22 2.37 of this Act; however, nothing in this Section shall
23 prohibit the normal use of headlamps for the purpose of
24 driving upon a roadway. For purposes of this Section, any
25 other lighting device or mechanism shall include, but not be
26 limited to, any device that uses infrared or other light not

1 visible to the naked eye, electronic image intensification,
2 active illumination, thermal imaging, or night vision. Striped
3 skunk, opossum, red fox, gray fox, raccoon, bobcat, and coyote
4 may be taken during the open season by use of a small light
5 which is worn on the body or hand-held by a person on foot and
6 not in any vehicle.

7 (j) It is unlawful to use any shotgun larger than 10 gauge
8 while taking or attempting to take any of the species
9 protected by this Act.

10 (k) It is unlawful to use or possess in the field any
11 shotgun shell loaded with a shot size larger than lead BB or
12 steel T (.20 diameter) when taking or attempting to take any
13 species of wild game mammals (excluding white-tailed deer),
14 wild game birds, migratory waterfowl or migratory game birds
15 protected by this Act, except white-tailed deer as provided
16 for in Section 2.26 and other species as provided for by
17 subsection (l) or administrative rule.

18 (l) It is unlawful to take any species of wild game, except
19 white-tailed deer and fur-bearing mammals, with a shotgun
20 loaded with slugs unless otherwise provided for by
21 administrative rule.

22 (m) It is unlawful to use any shotgun capable of holding
23 more than 3 shells in the magazine or chamber combined, except
24 on game breeding and hunting preserve areas licensed under
25 Section 3.27 and except as permitted by the Code of Federal
26 Regulations for the taking of waterfowl. If the shotgun is

1 capable of holding more than 3 shells, it shall, while being
2 used on an area other than a game breeding and shooting
3 preserve area licensed pursuant to Section 3.27, be fitted
4 with a one piece plug that is irremovable without dismantling
5 the shotgun or otherwise altered to render it incapable of
6 holding more than 3 shells in the magazine and chamber,
7 combined.

8 (n) It is unlawful for any person, except persons who
9 possess a permit to hunt from a vehicle as provided in this
10 Section and persons otherwise permitted by law, to have or
11 carry any gun in or on any vehicle, conveyance or aircraft,
12 unless such gun is unloaded and enclosed in a case, except that
13 at field trials authorized by Section 2.34 of this Act,
14 unloaded guns or guns loaded with blank cartridges only, may
15 be carried on horseback while not contained in a case, or to
16 have or carry any bow or arrow device in or on any vehicle
17 unless such bow or arrow device is unstrung or enclosed in a
18 case, or otherwise made inoperable unless in accordance with
19 the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

20 (o) (Blank).

21 (p) It is unlawful to take game birds, migratory game
22 birds or migratory waterfowl with a rifle, pistol, revolver,
23 or air rifle ~~airgun~~.

24 (q) It is unlawful to fire a rifle, pistol, revolver, or
25 air rifle ~~airgun~~ on, over, or into any waters of this State,
26 including frozen waters.

1 (r) It is unlawful to discharge any gun or bow and arrow
2 device along, upon, across, or from any public right-of-way or
3 highway in this State.

4 (s) It is unlawful to use a silencer or other device to
5 muffle or mute the sound of the explosion or report resulting
6 from the firing of any gun.

7 (t) It is unlawful for any person to take or attempt to
8 take any species of wildlife or parts thereof, ~~intentionally~~
9 or ~~wantonly~~ allow a dog to hunt, within or upon the land of
10 another, or upon waters flowing over or standing on the land of
11 another, or to knowingly shoot a gun or bow and arrow device at
12 any wildlife physically on or flying over the property of
13 another without first obtaining permission from the owner or
14 the owner's designee. For the purposes of this Section, the
15 owner's designee means anyone who the owner designates in a
16 written authorization and the authorization must contain (i)
17 the legal or common description of property for such authority
18 is given, (ii) the extent that the owner's designee is
19 authorized to make decisions regarding who is allowed to take
20 or attempt to take any species of wildlife or parts thereof,
21 and (iii) the owner's notarized signature. Before enforcing
22 this Section the law enforcement officer must have received
23 notice from the owner or the owner's designee of a violation of
24 this Section. Statements made to the law enforcement officer
25 regarding this notice shall not be rendered inadmissible by
26 the hearsay rule when offered for the purpose of showing the

1 required notice.

2 (u) It is unlawful for any person to discharge any firearm
3 for the purpose of taking any of the species protected by this
4 Act, or hunt with gun or dog, or ~~intentionally or wantonly~~
5 allow a dog to hunt, within 300 yards of an inhabited dwelling
6 without first obtaining permission from the owner or tenant,
7 except that while trapping, hunting with bow and arrow,
8 hunting with dog and shotgun using shot shells only, or
9 hunting with shotgun using shot shells only, or providing
10 outfitting services under a waterfowl outfitter permit, or on
11 licensed game breeding and hunting preserve areas, as defined
12 in Section 3.27, on federally owned and managed lands and on
13 Department owned, managed, leased, or controlled lands, a 100
14 yard restriction shall apply.

15 (v) It is unlawful for any person to remove fur-bearing
16 mammals from, or to move or disturb in any manner, the traps
17 owned by another person without written authorization of the
18 owner to do so.

19 (w) It is unlawful for any owner of a dog to ~~knowingly or~~
20 ~~wantonly~~ allow his or her dog to pursue, harass or kill deer,
21 except that nothing in this Section shall prohibit the
22 tracking of wounded deer with a dog in accordance with the
23 provisions of Section 2.26 of this Code.

24 (x) It is unlawful for any person to wantonly or
25 carelessly injure or destroy, in any manner whatsoever, any
26 real or personal property on the land of another while engaged

1 in hunting or trapping thereon.

2 (y) It is unlawful to hunt wild game protected by this Act
3 between one half hour after sunset and one half hour before
4 sunrise, except that hunting hours between one half hour after
5 sunset and one half hour before sunrise may be established by
6 administrative rule for fur-bearing mammals.

7 (z) It is unlawful to take any game bird (excluding wild
8 turkeys and crippled pheasants not capable of normal flight
9 and otherwise irretrievable) protected by this Act when not
10 flying. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a person from
11 carrying an uncased, unloaded shotgun in a boat, while in
12 pursuit of a crippled migratory waterfowl that is incapable of
13 normal flight, for the purpose of attempting to reduce the
14 migratory waterfowl to possession, provided that the attempt
15 is made immediately upon downing the migratory waterfowl and
16 is done within 400 yards of the blind from which the migratory
17 waterfowl was downed. This exception shall apply only to
18 migratory game birds that are not capable of normal flight.
19 Migratory waterfowl that are crippled may be taken only with a
20 shotgun as regulated by subsection (j) of this Section using
21 shotgun shells as regulated in subsection (k) of this Section.

22 (aa) It is unlawful to use or possess any device that may
23 be used for tree climbing or cutting, while hunting
24 fur-bearing mammals, excluding coyotes. However, coyotes may
25 not be hunted utilizing these devices during open season for
26 deer except by properly licensed deer hunters.

1 (bb) It is unlawful for any person, except licensed game
2 breeders, pursuant to Section 2.29 to import, carry into, or
3 possess alive in this State any species of wildlife taken
4 outside of this State, without obtaining permission to do so
5 from the Director.

6 (cc) It is unlawful for any person to have in his or her
7 possession any freshly killed species protected by this Act
8 during the season closed for taking.

9 (dd) It is unlawful to take any species protected by this
10 Act and retain it alive except as provided by administrative
11 rule.

12 (ee) It is unlawful to possess any rifle while in the field
13 during gun deer season except as provided in Section 2.26 and
14 administrative rules.

15 (ff) It is unlawful for any person to take any species
16 protected by this Act, except migratory waterfowl, during the
17 gun deer hunting season in those counties open to gun deer
18 hunting, unless he or she wears, when in the field, a cap and
19 upper outer garment of a solid blaze orange color or solid
20 blaze pink color, with such articles of clothing displaying a
21 minimum of 400 square inches of blaze orange or solid blaze
22 pink color material.

23 (gg) It is unlawful during the upland game season for any
24 person to take upland game with a firearm unless he or she
25 wears, while in the field, a cap of solid blaze orange color or
26 solid blaze pink color. For purposes of this Act, upland game

1 is defined as Bobwhite Quail, Hungarian Partridge, Ring-necked
2 Pheasant, Eastern Cottontail and Swamp Rabbit.

3 (hh) It shall be unlawful to kill or cripple any species
4 protected by this Act for which there is a bag limit without
5 making a reasonable effort to retrieve such species and
6 include such in the bag limit. It shall be unlawful for any
7 person having control over harvested game mammals, game birds,
8 or migratory game birds for which there is a bag limit to
9 wantonly waste or destroy the usable meat of the game, except
10 this shall not apply to wildlife taken under Sections 2.37 or
11 3.22 of this Code. For purposes of this subsection, "usable
12 meat" means the breast meat of a game bird or migratory game
13 bird and the hind ham and front shoulders of a game mammal. It
14 shall be unlawful for any person to place, leave, dump, or
15 abandon a wildlife carcass or parts of it along or upon a
16 public right-of-way or highway or on public or private
17 property, including a waterway or stream, without the
18 permission of the owner or tenant. It shall not be unlawful to
19 discard game meat that is determined to be unfit for human
20 consumption.

21 (ii) This Section shall apply only to those species
22 protected by this Act taken within the State. Any species or
23 any parts thereof, legally taken in and transported from other
24 states or countries, may be possessed within the State, except
25 as provided in this Section and Sections 2.35, 2.36 and 3.21.

26 (jj) (Blank).

1 (kk) Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the
2 Director from issuing permits to paraplegics or to other
3 persons with disabilities who meet the requirements set forth
4 in administrative rule to shoot or hunt from a vehicle as
5 provided by that rule, provided that such is otherwise in
6 accord with this Act.

7 (ll) Nothing contained in this Act shall prohibit the
8 taking of aquatic life protected by the Fish and Aquatic Life
9 Code or birds and mammals protected by this Act, except deer
10 and fur-bearing mammals, from a boat not camouflaged or
11 disguised to alter its identity or to further provide a place
12 of concealment and not propelled by sail or mechanical power.
13 However, only shotguns not larger than 10 gauge nor smaller
14 than .410 bore loaded with not more than 3 shells of a shot
15 size no larger than lead BB or steel T (.20 diameter) may be
16 used to take species protected by this Act.

17 (mm) Nothing contained in this Act shall prohibit the use
18 of a shotgun, not larger than 10 gauge nor smaller than a 20
19 gauge, with a rifled barrel.

20 (nn) It shall be unlawful to possess any species of
21 wildlife or wildlife parts taken unlawfully in Illinois, any
22 other state, or any other country, whether or not the wildlife
23 or wildlife parts is indigenous to Illinois. For the purposes
24 of this subsection, the statute of limitations for unlawful
25 possession of wildlife or wildlife parts shall not cease until
26 2 years after the possession has permanently ended.

1 (Source: P.A. 102-237, eff. 1-1-22.)

2 (520 ILCS 5/2.36a) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.36a)

3 Sec. 2.36a. Value of protected species; violations.

4 (a) A ~~Any~~ person commits a Class 3 felony if the person
5 who, for profit or commercial purposes, knowingly captures or
6 kills, possesses, offers for sale, sells, offers to barter,
7 barters, offers to purchase, purchases, delivers for shipment,
8 ships, exports, imports, causes to be shipped, exported, or
9 imported, delivers for transportation, transports or causes to
10 be transported, carries or causes to be carried, or receives
11 for shipment, transportation, carriage, or export any animal
12 or part of animal of the species protected by this Act,
13 contrary to the provisions of this Act, and such animals, in
14 whole or in part, are (1) valued at or in excess of a total of
15 \$500 ~~\$300~~, as per specie value specified in paragraph (3),
16 (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) of subsection (c) of this Section,
17 or (2) valued at or in excess of a total of \$3,000 as per
18 specie value specified in paragraph (1), (2), or (9) of
19 subsection (c) or subsection (d) ~~commits a Class 3 felony.~~

20 (a-5) A person shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony if
21 convicted under this Section for more than one violation of
22 subsection (a) where the offenses occurred on different days
23 and within a 90-day period and:

24 (1) where the animals as per specie value specified in
25 paragraph (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) of subsection

1 (c) of this Section of each violation are not valued at or
2 in excess of \$500 ~~\$300~~, but the total value of the animals
3 from the multiple violations is at or in excess of \$500; or
4 ~~\$300.~~

5 (2) where the animals as per specie value specified in
6 paragraph (1), (2), or (9) of subsection (c) or subsection
7 (d) of this Section of each violation are not valued at or
8 in excess of \$3,000, but the total value of the animals
9 from the multiple violations is at or in excess of \$3,000.

10 The prosecution for a Class 4 felony for these multiple
11 violations must be alleged in a single charge or indictment
12 and brought in a single prosecution.

13 (b) Possession of animals, in whole or in part, captured
14 or killed in violation of this Act, valued at or in excess of
15 \$500 ~~\$600~~, as per specie value specified in paragraph (3),
16 (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) of subsection (c) of this Section,
17 shall be considered prima facie evidence of possession for
18 profit or commercial purposes. Possession of animals, in whole
19 or in part, captured or killed in violation of this Act, valued
20 at or in excess of \$3,000 as per specie value specified in
21 subsection (c) or \$700 as specified in subsection (d) of this
22 Section, shall be considered prima facie evidence of
23 possession for profit or commercial purposes.

24 (c) For purposes of this Section, the fair market value or
25 replacement cost, whichever is greater, shall be used to
26 determine the value of the species protected by this Act, but

1 in no case shall the minimum value of all species protected by
2 this Act be less than as follows:

3 (1) Eagle, \$1,000;

4 (2) Whitetail deer, \$1,000, subject to any additional
5 value for antlered whitetail deer as indicated in
6 subsection (d), and wild turkey, \$500;

7 (3) Fur-bearing mammals, \$50;

8 (4) Game birds (except the wild turkey) and migratory
9 game birds (except Trumpeter swans), \$50;

10 (5) Owls, hawks, falcons, kites, harriers, and
11 ospreys, and other birds of prey, \$250;

12 (6) Game mammals (except whitetail deer), \$50;

13 (7) Other mammals, \$100;

14 (8) Resident and migratory non-game birds (except
15 birds of prey), \$100;

16 (9) Trumpeter swans, \$1,000.

17 (d) In this subsection (d), "point" means a projection on
18 the antler of a whitetail antlered deer that is at least
19 one-inch long as measured from the tip to the nearest edge of
20 antler beam and the length of which exceeds the length of its
21 base. A person who possesses whitetail antlered deer, in whole
22 or in part, captured or killed in violation of this Act, shall
23 pay restitution to the Department in the amount of \$1,000 per
24 whitetail antlered deer and an additional \$500 per antler
25 point for each whitetail antlered deer with at least 8 but not
26 more than 10 antler points. For whitetail antlered deer with

1 11 or more antler points, restitution of \$1,000 shall be paid
2 to the Department per whitetail antlered deer plus \$750 per
3 antler point. The restitution amount listed in this subsection
4 (d) shall be the fair market value of an antlered whitetail
5 deer for purposes of this Section.

6 (Source: P.A. 100-960, eff. 8-19-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

7 (520 ILCS 5/3.1) (from Ch. 61, par. 3.1)

8 Sec. 3.1. License and stamps required.

9 (a) Before any person shall take or attempt to take any of
10 the species protected by Section 2.2 for which an open season
11 is established under this Act, he shall first have procured
12 and possess a valid hunting license, except as provided in
13 Section 3.1-5 of this Code.

14 Before any person 18 years of age or older shall take or
15 attempt to take any bird of the species defined as migratory
16 waterfowl by Section 2.2, including coots, he shall first have
17 procured a State Migratory Waterfowl Stamp.

18 Before any person 18 years of age or older takes, attempts
19 to take, or pursues any species of wildlife protected by this
20 Code, except migratory waterfowl, coots, and hand-reared birds
21 on licensed game breeding and hunting preserve areas and state
22 controlled pheasant hunting areas, he or she shall first
23 obtain a State Habitat Stamp. ~~Veterans with disabilities and~~
24 ~~former prisoners of war shall not be required to obtain State~~
25 ~~Habitat Stamps.~~ Any person who obtained a lifetime license

1 before January 1, 1993, shall not be required to obtain State
2 Habitat Stamps. Income from the sale of State Furbearer Stamps
3 and State Pheasant Stamps received after the effective date of
4 this amendatory Act of 1992 shall be deposited into the State
5 Furbearer Fund and State Pheasant Fund, respectively.

6 Before any person 18 years of age or older shall take,
7 attempt to take, or sell the green hide of any mammal of the
8 species defined as fur-bearing mammals by Section 2.2 for
9 which an open season is established under this Act, he shall
10 first have procured a State Habitat Stamp.

11 (b) Before any person who is a non-resident of the State of
12 Illinois shall take or attempt to take any of the species
13 protected by Section 2.2 for which an open season is
14 established under this Act, he shall, unless specifically
15 exempted by law, first procure a non-resident license as
16 provided by this Act for the taking of any wild game.

17 Before a nonresident shall take or attempt to take
18 white-tailed deer, he shall first have procured a Deer Hunting
19 Permit as defined in Section 2.26 of this Code.

20 Before a nonresident shall take or attempt to take wild
21 turkeys, he shall have procured a Wild Turkey Hunting Permit
22 as defined in Section 2.11 of this Code.

23 (c) The owners residing on, or bona fide tenants of, farm
24 lands and their children, parents, brothers, and sisters
25 actually permanently residing on their lands shall have the
26 right to hunt any of the species protected by Section 2.2 upon

1 their lands and waters without procuring hunting licenses; but
2 the hunting shall be done only during periods of time and with
3 devices and by methods as are permitted by this Act. Any person
4 on active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States who
5 is now and who was at the time of entering the Armed Forces a
6 resident of Illinois and who entered the Armed Forces from
7 this State, and who is presently on ordinary or emergency
8 leave from the Armed Forces, and any resident of Illinois who
9 has a disability may hunt any of the species protected by
10 Section 2.2 without procuring a hunting license, but the
11 hunting shall be done only during such periods of time and with
12 devices and by methods as are permitted by this Act. For the
13 purpose of this Section a person is a person with a disability
14 when that person has a Type 1 or Type 4, Class 2 disability as
15 defined in Section 4A of the Illinois Identification Card Act.
16 For purposes of this Section, an Illinois Person with a
17 Disability Identification Card issued pursuant to the Illinois
18 Identification Card Act indicating that the person named has a
19 Type 1 or Type 4, Class 2 disability shall be adequate
20 documentation of the disability.

21 (d) A courtesy non-resident license, permit, or stamp for
22 taking game may be issued at the discretion of the Director,
23 without fee, to any person officially employed in the game and
24 fish or conservation department of another state or of the
25 United States who is within the State to assist or consult or
26 cooperate with the Director; or to the officials of other

1 states, the United States, foreign countries, or officers or
2 representatives of conservation organizations or publications
3 while in the State as guests of the Governor or Director. The
4 Director may provide to nonresident participants and official
5 gunners at field trials an exemption from licensure while
6 participating in a field trial.

7 (e) State Migratory Waterfowl Stamps shall be required for
8 those persons qualifying under subsections (c) and (d) who
9 intend to hunt migratory waterfowl, including coots, to the
10 extent that hunting licenses of the various types are
11 authorized and required by this Section for those persons.

12 (f) Registration in the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Migratory
13 Bird Harvest Information Program shall be required for those
14 persons who are required to have a hunting license before
15 taking or attempting to take any bird of the species defined as
16 migratory game birds by Section 2.2, except that this
17 subsection shall not apply to crows in this State or
18 hand-reared birds on licensed game breeding and hunting
19 preserve areas, for which an open season is established by
20 this Act. Persons registering with the Program must carry
21 proof of registration with them while migratory bird hunting.

22 The Department shall publish suitable prescribed
23 regulations pertaining to registration by the migratory bird
24 hunter in the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Migratory Bird
25 Harvest Information Program.

26 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 100-638, eff. 1-1-19.)

1 (520 ILCS 5/3.1-2) (from Ch. 61, par. 3.1-2)

2 Sec. 3.1-2. Veterans who, according to the determination
3 of the Veterans' Administration as certified by the Department
4 of Veterans' Affairs, are at least 10% disabled with
5 service-related disabilities or in receipt of total disability
6 pensions and former prisoners of war may hunt and trap any of
7 the species protected by Section 2.2, during such times, with
8 such devices and by such methods as are permitted by this Act,
9 without procuring hunting and trapping licenses, State Habitat
10 Stamps, and State Waterfowl Stamps on the condition that their
11 respective disabilities do not prevent them from hunting and
12 trapping in a manner which is safe to themselves and others.
13 (Source: P.A. 102-524, eff. 8-20-21.)

14 (520 ILCS 5/3.25) (from Ch. 61, par. 3.25)

15 Sec. 3.25. Any individual who, within the State of
16 Illinois, holds, possesses or engages in the breeding or
17 raising of live fur-bearing mammals, protected by this Act,
18 except as provided in Sections 1.6 or 1.7, shall be a
19 fur-bearing mammal breeder in the meaning of this Act. Before
20 any individual shall hold, possess or engage in the breeding
21 or raising of live fur-bearing mammals, he shall first procure
22 a fur-bearing mammal breeder permit. Fur-bearing mammal
23 breeder permits shall be issued by the Department. The annual
24 fee for each fur-bearing mammal breeder permit shall be \$25.

1 All fur-bearing mammal breeder permits shall expire on March
2 31 of each year.

3 Holders of fur-bearing mammal breeder permits may hold,
4 possess, engage in the breeding or raising, sell, or otherwise
5 dispose of live fur-bearing mammals or their green hides,
6 possessed thereunder, at any time of the year.

7 Fur-bearing mammal breeders shall keep a record for 2
8 years from the date of the acquisition, sale or other
9 disposition of each live fur-bearing mammal or its green hide
10 so raised or propagated, showing the date of such transaction,
11 the name and address of the individual receiving or buying
12 such live fur-bearing mammal or its green hide, and when
13 requested to do so, shall furnish such individual with a
14 certificate of purchase showing the number and kinds of live
15 fur-bearing mammals or green hides so disposed of, the date of
16 the transaction, the name and permit number of the breeder,
17 and the name of the individual receiving, collecting, or
18 buying such live fur-bearing mammals or green hides, and such
19 other information as the Department may require. Such records
20 and certificates of purchase shall be immediately presented to
21 officers or authorized employees of the Department, any
22 sheriff, deputy sheriff, or other peace officer when request
23 is made for same. Failure to produce such records or
24 certificates of purchase shall be prima facie evidence that
25 such live fur-bearing mammals or green hides are contraband
26 with the State of Illinois. The holder of a fur-bearing mammal

1 breeder permit may exhibit fur-bearing mammals commercially.

2 Nothing in this Section shall be construed to give any
3 such permittee authority to take fur-bearing mammals in their
4 wild state contrary to other provisions of this Act, or to
5 remove such permittee from responsibility for the observance
6 of any Federal Laws, rules or regulations which may apply to
7 such fur-bearing mammals.

8 Holders of fur-bearing mammal breeder permits may import
9 fur-bearing mammals into the State of Illinois but may release
10 the same only after health and disease prevention requirements
11 set forth by the Director and other State agencies have been
12 met and permission of the Director has been granted.

13 The breeding, raising and producing in captivity, and the
14 marketing, by the producer, of mink (*Mustela vison*), red fox
15 (*Vulpes vulpes*) or arctic fox (*Alopex lagopus*), as live
16 animals, or as animal pelts or carcasses shall be deemed an
17 agricultural pursuit, and all such animals so raised in
18 captivity shall be deemed domestic animals, subject to all the
19 laws of the State with reference to possession and ownership
20 as are applicable at any time to domestic animals. All
21 individuals engaged in the foregoing activities are fur
22 farmers and engaged in farming for all statutory purposes.
23 Such individuals are exempt from the fur-bearing mammal
24 breeder permit requirements set forth in this Section if: (1)
25 they are defined as farmers for Federal income tax purposes,
26 and (2) at least 20 percent of their gross farm income as

1 reported on Federal tax form Schedule F (Form 1040) for the
2 previous year is generated from the sale of mink, red fox or
3 arctic fox as live animals, animal pelts or carcasses.

4 No fur-bearing mammal breeder permits will be issued to
5 hold, possess, or engage in the breeding and raising of
6 striped skunks acquired after July 1, 1975, or coyotes
7 acquired after July 1, 1978, except for coyotes that are held
8 or possessed by a person who holds a hound running area permit
9 under Section 3.26 of this Act. No fur-bearing mammal breeder
10 permits will be issued to hold, possess, or engage in the
11 breeding and raising of any dangerous animal as defined in
12 Section 48-10 of the Criminal Code of 2012 acquired after July
13 1, 2022 except for coyotes that are held or possessed by a
14 person who holds a hound running area permit under Section
15 3.26.

16 (Source: P.A. 95-196, eff. 1-1-08.)

17 (520 ILCS 5/3.36) (from Ch. 61, par. 3.36)

18 Sec. 3.36. Revocation and suspension.

19 (a) Whenever a license or permit is issued to any person
20 under this Act, and the holder thereof is found guilty of any
21 misrepresentation in obtaining such license or permit or of a
22 violation of Section 48-3 of the Criminal Code of 2012 or a
23 violation of any of the provisions of this Act, including
24 administrative rules, or a violation of the United States Code
25 that involves the taking, possessing, killing, harvesting,

1 transportation, selling, exporting, or importing any wildlife
2 protected by this Code when any part of the United States Code
3 violation occurred in Illinois, his license or permit may be
4 revoked by the Department, and the Department may refuse to
5 issue any permit or license to such person and may suspend the
6 person from engaging in the activity requiring the permit or
7 license for a period of time not to exceed 5 years following
8 such revocation.

9 Department revocation procedures shall be established by
10 Administrative rule.

11 (b) Whenever any person who has not been issued a license
12 or a permit under the provisions of this Code is found guilty
13 of a violation of Section 48-3 of the Criminal Code of 2012 or
14 a violation of the provisions of this Code, including
15 administrative rules, or a violation of the United States Code
16 that involves the taking, possessing, killing, harvesting,
17 transportation, selling, exporting, or importing any wildlife
18 protected by this Code when any part of the United States Code
19 violation occurred in Illinois, the Department may refuse to
20 issue any permit or license to that person, and suspend that
21 person from engaging in the activity requiring the permit or
22 license for a period of time not to exceed 5 years.

23 (c) Any person who knowingly or intentionally violates any
24 of the provisions of this Act, including administrative rules,
25 during such period when his license or permit is revoked or
26 denied by virtue of this Section or during the time he is

1 suspended under subsection (b), shall be guilty of a Class A
2 misdemeanor. The penalties for a violation of Section 48-3 of
3 the Criminal Code of 2012 shall be as provided in that Section.

4 (d) Licenses and permits authorized to be issued under the
5 provisions of this Act shall be prepared by the Department and
6 be in such form as prescribed by the Department. The
7 information required on each license shall be completed
8 thereon by the issuing agent or his sub-agent at the time of
9 issuance and each license shall be signed by the licensee, or
10 initialed by the designated purchaser and then signed
11 immediately upon receipt by the licensee, and countersigned by
12 the issuing agent or his sub-agent at the time of issuance. All
13 such licenses shall be supplied by the Department, subject to
14 such rules and regulations as the Department may prescribe.
15 Any license not properly prepared, obtained and signed as
16 required by this Act shall be void.

17 (e) A person whose license or permit to engage in any
18 activity regulated by this Code has been suspended or revoked
19 may not, during the period of the suspension or revocation or
20 until obtaining such a license or permit, (i) be in the company
21 of any person engaging in the activity covered by the
22 suspension or revocation or (ii) serve as a guide, outfitter,
23 or facilitator for a person who is engaged or prepared to
24 engage in the activity covered by the suspension or
25 revocation.

26 (f) No person may be issued or obtain a license or permit

1 or engage in any activity regulated by this Code during the
2 time that the person's privilege to engage in the same or
3 similar activities is suspended or revoked by another state,
4 by a federal agency, or by a province of Canada.

5 (Source: P.A. 98-402, eff. 8-16-13.)

6 Section 30. The Ginseng Harvesting Act is amended by
7 changing Section 6 as follows:

8 (525 ILCS 20/6)

9 Sec. 6. Additional license revocation and denial
10 provisions.

11 (a) If a license has been issued to any person under this
12 Act and that person is found guilty of any misrepresentation
13 in obtaining that license or a violation of any of the
14 provisions of this Act or its rules or a violation of the
15 United States Code that involves the possession, use, sale,
16 transportation, or harvesting of ginseng when any part of the
17 United States Code violation occurred in Illinois, the license
18 may be revoked by the Department. The Department may also
19 refuse to issue any license to that person and may suspend that
20 person from engaging in any activity requiring the license for
21 a period of time not to exceed 5 years following the
22 revocation.

23 (b) If a person who has not been issued a license under
24 this Act is found guilty of a violation of any of the

1 provisions of this Act or its rules or a violation of the
2 United States Code that involves the possession, use, sale,
3 transportation, or harvesting of ginseng when any part of the
4 United States Code violation occurred in Illinois, the
5 Department may refuse to issue any license to that person and
6 may suspend that person from engaging in any activity
7 requiring the license for a period of time not to exceed 5
8 years.

9 (c) The Department's license revocation procedures must be
10 established by administrative rule.

11 (d) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this
12 Act or its rules during any period when his or her license is
13 revoked or denied by virtue of this Section, or during the time
14 he or she is suspended under subsection (b), is guilty of a
15 Class A misdemeanor.

16 (e) A person whose license to engage in any activity
17 regulated under this Act has been suspended or revoked may
18 not, during the period of the suspension or revocation or
19 until obtaining the proper license, (i) be in the company of
20 any person engaging in the activity covered by the license or
21 (ii) serve as a guide or facilitator for a person who is
22 engaged or prepared to engage in the activity covered by the
23 license.

24 (Source: P.A. 92-385, eff. 8-16-01.)

25 Section 35. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by

1 changing Section 24-2 as follows:

2 (720 ILCS 5/24-2)

3 Sec. 24-2. Exemptions.

4 (a) Subsections 24-1(a)(3), 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(10), and
5 24-1(a)(13) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of
6 the following:

7 (1) Peace officers, and any person summoned by a peace
8 officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the
9 peace, while actually engaged in assisting such officer.

10 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons,
11 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the
12 detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense,
13 while in the performance of their official duty, or while
14 commuting between their homes and places of employment.

15 (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
16 the United States or the Illinois National Guard or the
17 Reserve Officers Training Corps, while in the performance
18 of their official duty.

19 (4) Special agents employed by a railroad or a public
20 utility to perform police functions, and guards of armored
21 car companies, while actually engaged in the performance
22 of the duties of their employment or commuting between
23 their homes and places of employment; and watchmen while
24 actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their
25 employment.

1 (5) Persons licensed as private security contractors,
2 private detectives, or private alarm contractors, or
3 employed by a private security contractor, private
4 detective, or private alarm contractor agency licensed by
5 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation,
6 if their duties include the carrying of a weapon under the
7 provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm,
8 Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of
9 2004, while actually engaged in the performance of the
10 duties of their employment or commuting between their
11 homes and places of employment. A person shall be
12 considered eligible for this exemption if he or she has
13 completed the required 20 hours of training for a private
14 security contractor, private detective, or private alarm
15 contractor, or employee of a licensed private security
16 contractor, private detective, or private alarm contractor
17 agency and 28 hours of required firearm training, and has
18 been issued a firearm control card by the Department of
19 Financial and Professional Regulation. Conditions for the
20 renewal of firearm control cards issued under the
21 provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those
22 cards issued under the provisions of the Private
23 Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint
24 Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. The firearm control
25 card shall be carried by the private security contractor,
26 private detective, or private alarm contractor, or

1 employee of the licensed private security contractor,
2 private detective, or private alarm contractor agency at
3 all times when he or she is in possession of a concealable
4 weapon permitted by his or her firearm control card.

5 (6) Any person regularly employed in a commercial or
6 industrial operation as a security guard for the
7 protection of persons employed and private property
8 related to such commercial or industrial operation, while
9 actually engaged in the performance of his or her duty or
10 traveling between sites or properties belonging to the
11 employer, and who, as a security guard, is a member of a
12 security force registered with the Department of Financial
13 and Professional Regulation; provided that such security
14 guard has successfully completed a course of study,
15 approved by and supervised by the Department of Financial
16 and Professional Regulation, consisting of not less than
17 48 hours of training that includes the theory of law
18 enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of
19 weapons. A person shall be considered eligible for this
20 exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours
21 of training for a security officer and 28 hours of
22 required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm
23 control card by the Department of Financial and
24 Professional Regulation. Conditions for the renewal of
25 firearm control cards issued under the provisions of this
26 Section shall be the same as for those cards issued under

1 the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm,
2 Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of
3 2004. The firearm control card shall be carried by the
4 security guard at all times when he or she is in possession
5 of a concealable weapon permitted by his or her firearm
6 control card.

7 (7) Agents and investigators of the Illinois
8 Legislative Investigating Commission authorized by the
9 Commission to carry the weapons specified in subsections
10 24-1(a)(3) and 24-1(a)(4), while on duty in the course of
11 any investigation for the Commission.

12 (8) Persons employed by a financial institution as a
13 security guard for the protection of other employees and
14 property related to such financial institution, while
15 actually engaged in the performance of their duties,
16 commuting between their homes and places of employment, or
17 traveling between sites or properties owned or operated by
18 such financial institution, and who, as a security guard,
19 is a member of a security force registered with the
20 Department; provided that any person so employed has
21 successfully completed a course of study, approved by and
22 supervised by the Department of Financial and Professional
23 Regulation, consisting of not less than 48 hours of
24 training which includes theory of law enforcement,
25 liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person
26 shall be considered to be eligible for this exemption if

1 he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training
2 for a security officer and 28 hours of required firearm
3 training, and has been issued a firearm control card by
4 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.
5 Conditions for renewal of firearm control cards issued
6 under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as
7 for those issued under the provisions of the Private
8 Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint
9 Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. The firearm control
10 card shall be carried by the security guard at all times
11 when he or she is in possession of a concealable weapon
12 permitted by his or her firearm control card. For purposes
13 of this subsection, "financial institution" means a bank,
14 savings and loan association, credit union or company
15 providing armored car services.

16 (9) Any person employed by an armored car company to
17 drive an armored car, while actually engaged in the
18 performance of his duties.

19 (10) Persons who have been classified as peace
20 officers pursuant to the Peace Officer Fire Investigation
21 Act.

22 (11) Investigators of the Office of the State's
23 Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor authorized by the board of
24 governors of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate
25 Prosecutor to carry weapons pursuant to Section 7.06 of
26 the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act.

1 (12) Special investigators appointed by a State's
2 Attorney under Section 3-9005 of the Counties Code.

3 (12.5) Probation officers while in the performance of
4 their duties, or while commuting between their homes,
5 places of employment or specific locations that are part
6 of their assigned duties, with the consent of the chief
7 judge of the circuit for which they are employed, if they
8 have received weapons training according to requirements
9 of the Peace Officer and Probation Officer Firearm
10 Training Act.

11 (13) Court Security Officers while in the performance
12 of their official duties, or while commuting between their
13 homes and places of employment, with the consent of the
14 Sheriff.

15 (13.5) A person employed as an armed security guard at
16 a nuclear energy, storage, weapons or development site or
17 facility regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission
18 who has completed the background screening and training
19 mandated by the rules and regulations of the Nuclear
20 Regulatory Commission.

21 (14) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of weapons
22 to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through
23 (13.5) of this subsection to possess those weapons.

24 (a-5) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) do not apply
25 to or affect any person carrying a concealed pistol, revolver,
26 or handgun and the person has been issued a currently valid

1 license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act at the time of
2 the commission of the offense.

3 (a-6) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) do not apply
4 to or affect a qualified current or retired law enforcement
5 officer qualified under the laws of this State or under the
6 federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act.

7 (b) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section
8 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:

9 (1) Members of any club or organization organized for
10 the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon
11 established target ranges, whether public or private, and
12 patrons of such ranges, while such members or patrons are
13 using their firearms on those target ranges.

14 (2) Duly authorized military or civil organizations
15 while parading, with the special permission of the
16 Governor.

17 (3) Hunters, trappers, or fishermen ~~with a license or~~
18 ~~permit~~ while engaged in lawful hunting, trapping, or
19 fishing under the provisions of the Wildlife Code or the
20 Fish and Aquatic Life Code.

21 (4) Transportation of weapons that are broken down in
22 a non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.

23 (5) Carrying or possessing any pistol, revolver, stun
24 gun or taser or other firearm on the land or in the legal
25 dwelling of another person as an invitee with that
26 person's permission.

1 (c) Subsection 24-1(a)(7) does not apply to or affect any
2 of the following:

3 (1) Peace officers while in performance of their
4 official duties.

5 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons,
6 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the
7 detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.

8 (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
9 the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in
10 the performance of their official duty.

11 (4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine
12 guns to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through
13 (3) of this subsection to possess machine guns, if the
14 machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or
15 are not immediately accessible.

16 (5) Persons licensed under federal law to manufacture
17 any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be
18 discharged by a single function of the firing device, or
19 ammunition for such weapons, and actually engaged in the
20 business of manufacturing such weapons or ammunition, but
21 only with respect to activities which are within the
22 lawful scope of such business, such as the manufacture,
23 transportation, or testing of such weapons or ammunition.
24 This exemption does not authorize the general private
25 possession of any weapon from which 8 or more shots or
26 bullets can be discharged by a single function of the

1 firing device, but only such possession and activities as
2 are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing
3 business described in this paragraph.

4 During transportation, such weapons shall be broken
5 down in a non-functioning state or not immediately
6 accessible.

7 (6) The manufacture, transport, testing, delivery,
8 transfer or sale, and all lawful commercial or
9 experimental activities necessary thereto, of rifles,
10 shotguns, and weapons made from rifles or shotguns, or
11 ammunition for such rifles, shotguns or weapons, where
12 engaged in by a person operating as a contractor or
13 subcontractor pursuant to a contract or subcontract for
14 the development and supply of such rifles, shotguns,
15 weapons or ammunition to the United States government or
16 any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, when
17 such activities are necessary and incident to fulfilling
18 the terms of such contract.

19 The exemption granted under this subdivision (c)(6)
20 shall also apply to any authorized agent of any such
21 contractor or subcontractor who is operating within the
22 scope of his employment, where such activities involving
23 such weapon, weapons or ammunition are necessary and
24 incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

25 (7) A person possessing a rifle with a barrel or
26 barrels less than 16 inches in length if: (A) the person

1 has been issued a Curios and Relics license from the U.S.
2 Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives; or
3 (B) the person is an active member of a bona fide,
4 nationally recognized military re-enacting group and the
5 modification is required and necessary to accurately
6 portray the weapon for historical re-enactment purposes;
7 the re-enactor is in possession of a valid and current
8 re-enacting group membership credential; and the overall
9 length of the weapon as modified is not less than 26
10 inches.

11 (d) Subsection 24-1(a)(1) does not apply to the purchase,
12 possession or carrying of a black-jack or slung-shot by a
13 peace officer.

14 (e) Subsection 24-1(a)(8) does not apply to any owner,
15 manager or authorized employee of any place specified in that
16 subsection nor to any law enforcement officer.

17 (f) Subsection 24-1(a)(4) and subsection 24-1(a)(10) and
18 Section 24-1.6 do not apply to members of any club or
19 organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting
20 at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or
21 private, while using their firearms on those target ranges.

22 (g) Subsections 24-1(a)(11) and 24-3.1(a)(6) do not apply
23 to:

24 (1) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
25 the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in
26 the performance of their official duty.

1 (2) Bonafide collectors of antique or surplus military
2 ordnance.

3 (3) Laboratories having a department of forensic
4 ballistics, or specializing in the development of
5 ammunition or explosive ordnance.

6 (4) Commerce, preparation, assembly or possession of
7 explosive bullets by manufacturers of ammunition licensed
8 by the federal government, in connection with the supply
9 of those organizations and persons exempted by subdivision
10 (g)(1) of this Section, or like organizations and persons
11 outside this State, or the transportation of explosive
12 bullets to any organization or person exempted in this
13 Section by a common carrier or by a vehicle owned or leased
14 by an exempted manufacturer.

15 (g-5) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to or affect
16 persons licensed under federal law to manufacture any device
17 or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use
18 in silencing the report of any firearm, firearms, or
19 ammunition for those firearms equipped with those devices, and
20 actually engaged in the business of manufacturing those
21 devices, firearms, or ammunition, but only with respect to
22 activities that are within the lawful scope of that business,
23 such as the manufacture, transportation, or testing of those
24 devices, firearms, or ammunition. This exemption does not
25 authorize the general private possession of any device or
26 attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in

1 silencing the report of any firearm, but only such possession
2 and activities as are within the lawful scope of a licensed
3 manufacturing business described in this subsection (g-5).
4 During transportation, these devices shall be detached from
5 any weapon or not immediately accessible.

6 (g-6) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section
7 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any parole agent or parole
8 supervisor who meets the qualifications and conditions
9 prescribed in Section 3-14-1.5 of the Unified Code of
10 Corrections.

11 (g-7) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to a peace
12 officer while serving as a member of a tactical response team
13 or special operations team. A peace officer may not personally
14 own or apply for ownership of a device or attachment of any
15 kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the
16 report of any firearm. These devices shall be owned and
17 maintained by lawfully recognized units of government whose
18 duties include the investigation of criminal acts.

19 (g-10) (Blank).

20 (h) An information or indictment based upon a violation of
21 any subsection of this Article need not negative any
22 exemptions contained in this Article. The defendant shall have
23 the burden of proving such an exemption.

24 (i) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or
25 affect the transportation, carrying, or possession, of any
26 pistol or revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm

1 consigned to a common carrier operating under license of the
2 State of Illinois or the federal government, where such
3 transportation, carrying, or possession is incident to the
4 lawful transportation in which such common carrier is engaged;
5 and nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or
6 affect the transportation, carrying, or possession of any
7 pistol, revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm, not the
8 subject of and regulated by subsection 24-1(a)(7) or
9 subsection 24-2(c) of this Article, which is unloaded and
10 enclosed in a case, firearm carrying box, shipping box, or
11 other container, by the possessor of a valid Firearm Owners
12 Identification Card.

13 (Source: P.A. 101-80, eff. 7-12-19; 102-152, eff. 1-1-22.)

14 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
15 becoming law.