

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 SB3097

Introduced 1/11/2022, by Sen. Mattie Hunter

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/21-260

Amends the Property Tax Code. Provides that, after filing a petition to obtain a tax deed, the owner of a certificate of purchase must file with the clerk of the circuit court (currently, the county clerk) the names and addresses of persons who are entitled to service of notice. Effective January 1, 2022.

LRB102 20576 HLH 29446 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Section 21-260 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 200/21-260)
- Sec. 21-260. Collector's scavenger sale. Upon the county 8 collector's application under Section 21-145, to be known as 9 the Scavenger Sale Application, the Court shall enter judgment for the general taxes, special taxes, special assessments, 10 interest, penalties and costs as are 11 included 12 advertisement and appear to be due thereon after allowing an 13 opportunity to object and a hearing upon the objections as 14 provided in Section 21-175, and order those properties sold by the County Collector at public sale, or by electronic 15 16 automated sale if the collector chooses to conduct an 17 electronic automated sale pursuant to Section 21-261, to the highest bidder for cash, notwithstanding the bid may be less 18 19 than the full amount of taxes, special taxes, special 20 assessments, interest, penalties and costs for which judgment 21 has been entered.
- 22 (a) Conducting the sale Bidding. All properties shall be 23 offered for sale in consecutive order as they appear in the

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delinquent list. The minimum bid for any property shall be \$250 or one-half of the tax if the total liability is less than \$500. For in-person scavenger sales, the successful bidder shall pay the amount of minimum bid to the County Collector by the end of the business day on which the bid was placed. That amount shall be paid in cash, by certified or cashier's check, by money order, or, if the successful bidder is a governmental unit, by a check issued by that governmental unit. For electronic automated scavenger sales, the successful bidder shall pay the minimum bid amount by the close of the business day on which the bid was placed. That amount shall be paid online via ACH debit or by the electronic payment method required by the county collector. For in-person scavenger sales, if the bid exceeds the minimum bid, the successful bidder shall pay the balance of the bid to the county collector in cash, by certified or cashier's check, by money order, or, if the successful bidder is a governmental unit, by a check issued by that governmental unit by the close of the next business day. For electronic automated scavenger sales, the successful bidder shall pay, by the close of the next business day, the balance of the bid online via ACH debit or by the electronic payment method required by the county collector. If the minimum bid is not paid at the time of sale or if the balance is not paid by the close of the next business day, then the sale is void and the minimum bid, if paid, is forfeited to the county general fund. In that event, the property shall be

reoffered for sale within 30 days of the last offering of property in regular order. The collector shall make available to the public a list of all properties to be included in any reoffering due to the voiding of the original sale. The collector is not required to serve or publish any other notice of the reoffering of those properties. In the event that any of the properties are not sold upon reoffering, or are sold for less than the amount of the original voided sale, the original bidder who failed to pay the bid amount shall remain liable for the unpaid balance of the bid in an action under Section 21-240. Liability shall not be reduced where the bidder upon reoffering also fails to pay the bid amount, and in that event both bidders shall remain liable for the unpaid balance of their respective bids. A sale of properties under this Section shall not be final until confirmed by the court.

(b) Confirmation of sales. The county collector shall file his or her report of sale in the court within 30 days of the date of sale of each property. No notice of the county collector's application to confirm the sales shall be required except as prescribed by rule of the court. Upon confirmation, except in cases where the sale becomes void under Section 22-85, or in cases where the order of confirmation is vacated by the court, a sale under this Section shall extinguish the in rem lien of the general taxes, special taxes and special assessments for which judgment has been entered and a redemption shall not revive the lien. Confirmation of the sale

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- shall in no event affect the owner's personal liability to pay
 the taxes, interest and penalties as provided in this Code or
 prevent institution of a proceeding under Section 21-440 to
 collect any amount that may remain due after the sale.
 - (c) Issuance of tax sale certificates. Upon confirmation of the sale the County Clerk and the County Collector shall issue to the purchaser a certificate of purchase in the form prescribed by Section 21-250 as near as may be. A certificate of purchase shall not be issued to any person who is ineligible to bid at the sale or to receive a certificate of purchase under Section 21-265.
 - (d) Scavenger Tax Judgment, Sale and Redemption Record -Sale of parcels not sold. The county collector shall prepare a Scavenger Tax Judgment, Sale and Redemption Record. The county clerk shall write or stamp on the scavenger tax judgment, forfeiture and redemption record opposite description of any property offered for sale and not sold, or not confirmed for any reason, the words "offered but not sold". The properties which are offered for sale under this Section and not sold or not confirmed shall be offered for sale annually thereafter in the manner provided in this Section until sold, except in the case of mineral rights, which after 10 consecutive years of being offered for sale under this Section and not sold or confirmed shall no longer be required to be offered for sale. At any time between annual sales the County Collector may advertise for sale any properties subject

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- to sale under judgments for sale previously entered under this Section and not executed for any reason. The advertisement and sale shall be regulated by the provisions of this Code as far as applicable.
 - (e) Proceeding to tax deed. The owner of the certificate of purchase shall give notice as required by Sections 22-5 through 22-30, and may extend the period of redemption as provided by Section 21-385. At any time within 6 months prior to expiration of the period of redemption from a sale under this Code, the owner of a certificate of purchase may file a petition and may obtain a tax deed under Sections 22-30 through 22-55. Within 30 days from filing of the petition, the owner of a certificate must file with the clerk of the circuit court county clerk the names and addresses of the owners of the property and those persons entitled to service of notice at their last known addresses. The clerk shall mail notice within 30 days from the date of the filing of addresses with the clerk. All proceedings for the issuance of a tax deed and all tax deeds for properties sold under this Section shall be subject to Sections 22-30 through 22-55. Deeds issued under this Section are subject to Section 22-70. This Section shall be liberally construed so that the deeds provided for in this Section convey merchantable title.
 - (f) Redemptions from scavenger sales. Redemptions may be made from sales under this Section in the same manner and upon the same terms and conditions as redemptions from sales made

- under the County Collector's annual application for judgment and order of sale, except that in lieu of penalty the person redeeming shall pay interest as follows if the sale occurs before September 9, 1993:
 - (1) If redeemed within the first 2 months from the date of the sale, 3% per month or portion thereof upon the amount for which the property was sold;
 - (2) If redeemed between 2 and 6 months from the date of the sale, 12% of the amount for which the property was sold:
 - (3) If redeemed between 6 and 12 months from the date of the sale, 24% of the amount for which the property was sold;
 - (4) If redeemed between 12 and 18 months from the date of the sale, 36% of the amount for which the property was sold;
 - (5) If redeemed between 18 and 24 months from the date of the sale, 48% of the amount for which the property was sold;
 - (6) If redeemed after 24 months from the date of sale, the 48% herein provided together with interest at 6% per year thereafter.

If the sale occurs on or after September 9, 1993, the person redeeming shall pay interest on that part of the amount for which the property was sold equal to or less than the full amount of delinquent taxes, special assessments, penalties,

- interest, and costs, included in the judgment and order of sale as follows:
 - (1) If redeemed within the first 2 months from the date of the sale, 3% per month upon the amount of taxes, special assessments, penalties, interest, and costs due for each of the first 2 months, or fraction thereof.
 - (2) If redeemed at any time between 2 and 6 months from the date of the sale, 12% of the amount of taxes, special assessments, penalties, interest, and costs due.
 - (3) If redeemed at any time between 6 and 12 months from the date of the sale, 24% of the amount of taxes, special assessments, penalties, interest, and costs due.
 - (4) If redeemed at any time between 12 and 18 months from the date of the sale, 36% of the amount of taxes, special assessments, penalties, interest, and costs due.
 - (5) If redeemed at any time between 18 and 24 months from the date of the sale, 48% of the amount of taxes, special assessments, penalties, interest, and costs due.
 - (6) If redeemed after 24 months from the date of sale, the 48% provided for the 24 months together with interest at 6% per annum thereafter on the amount of taxes, special assessments, penalties, interest, and costs due.

The person redeeming shall not be required to pay any interest on any part of the amount for which the property was sold that exceeds the full amount of delinquent taxes, special assessments, penalties, interest, and costs included in the

1 judgment and order of sale.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, except for owner-occupied single family residential units which are condominium units, cooperative units or dwellings, the amount required to be paid for redemption shall also include an amount equal to all delinquent taxes on the property which taxes were delinquent at the time of sale. The delinquent taxes shall be apportioned by the county collector among the taxing districts in which the property is situated in accordance with law. In the event that all moneys received from any sale held under this Section exceed an amount equal to all delinquent taxes on the property sold, which taxes were delinquent at the time of sale, together with all publication and other costs associated with the sale, then, upon redemption, the County Collector and the County Clerk shall apply the excess amount to the cost of redemption.

(g) Bidding by county or other taxing districts. Any taxing district may bid at a scavenger sale. The county board of the county in which properties offered for sale under this Section are located may bid as trustee for all taxing districts having an interest in the taxes for the nonpayment of which the parcels are offered. The County shall apply on the bid the unpaid taxes due upon the property and no cash need be paid. The County or other taxing district acquiring a tax sale certificate shall take all steps necessary to acquire title to the property and may manage and operate the property so

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When a county, or other taxing district within the county, is a petitioner for a tax deed, no filing fee shall be required on the petition. The county as a tax creditor and as trustee for other tax creditors, or other taxing district within the county shall not be required to allege and prove that all taxes and special assessments which become due and payable after the sale to the county have been paid. The county shall not be required to pay the subsequently accruing taxes or special assessments at any time. Upon the written request of the county board or its designee, the county collector shall not offer the property for sale at any tax sale subsequent to the sale of the property to the county under this Section. The lien of taxes and special assessments which become due and payable after a sale to a county shall merge in the fee title of the county, or other taxing district, on the issuance of a deed. The County may sell the properties so acquired, or the certificate of purchase thereto, and the proceeds of the sale shall be distributed to the taxing districts in proportion to their respective interests therein. The presiding officer of the county board, with the advice and consent of the County Board, may appoint some officer or person to attend scavenger sales and bid on its behalf.

(h) Miscellaneous provisions. In the event that the tract of land or lot sold at any such sale is not redeemed within the time permitted by law and a tax deed is issued, all moneys that

- may be received from the sale of properties in excess of the 1 2 delinquent taxes, together with all publication and other 3 costs associated with the sale, shall, upon petition of any interested party to the court that issued the tax deed, be 5 distributed by the County Collector pursuant to order of the court among the persons having legal or equitable interests in 6 7 the property according to the fair value of their interests in the tract or lot. Section 21-415 does not apply to properties 8 9 sold under this Section. Appeals may be taken from the orders 10 and judgments entered under this Section as in other civil 11 cases. The remedy herein provided is in addition to other 12 remedies for the collection of delinquent taxes.
- (i) The changes to this Section made by <u>Public Act 95-477</u>
 this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly apply only to
 matters in which a petition for tax deed is filed on or after

 June 1, 2008 (the effective date of <u>Public Act 95-477)</u> this
 amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 102-519, eff. 8-20-21; 102-528, eff. 1-1-22; 19 revised 10-12-21.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
 1, 2022.