

Sen. Laura M. Murphy

Filed: 2/22/2022

	10200SB3093sam001 LRB102 22959 NLB 36694 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3093
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 3093 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section
5	10-22.6 as follows:
6	(105 ILCS 5/10-22.6) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.6)
7	(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-466)
8	Sec. 10-22.6. Suspension <u>,</u> or expulsion <u>, or disciplinary</u>
9	transfer to alternative schools or programs of pupils; school
10	searches.
11	(a) To expel pupils guilty of gross disobedience or
12	misconduct, including gross disobedience or misconduct
13	perpetuated by electronic means, pursuant to subsection (b-20)
14	of this Section, and no action shall lie against them for such
15	expulsion. Expulsion shall take place only after the parents
16	have been requested to appear at a meeting of the board, or

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1 with a hearing officer appointed by it, to discuss their child's behavior. Such request shall be made by registered or 2 3 certified mail and shall state the time, place and purpose of 4 the meeting. The board, or a hearing officer appointed by it, 5 at such meeting shall state the reasons for dismissal and the date on which the expulsion is to become effective. If a 6 hearing officer is appointed by the board, he shall report to 7 8 the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the 9 meeting and the board may take such action thereon as it finds 10 appropriate. If the board acts to expel a pupil, the written 11 expulsion decision shall detail the specific reasons why removing the pupil from the learning environment is in the 12 13 best interest of the school. The expulsion decision shall also 14 include a rationale as to the specific duration of the 15 expulsion. An expelled pupil may be immediately transferred to 16 an alternative program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this Code. A pupil must not be denied transfer 17 because of the expulsion, except in cases in which such 18 19 transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students 20 or staff in the alternative program.

or by policy to 21 (b) suspend authorize the То 22 superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant 23 principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend pupils 24 quilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, or to suspend 25 pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct on the 26 school bus from riding the school bus, pursuant to subsections

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(b-15) and (b-20) of this Section, and no action shall lie 1 against them for such suspension. The board may by policy 2 authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, 3 assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to 4 5 suspend pupils quilty of such acts for a period not to exceed 6 10 school days. If a pupil is suspended due to gross disobedience or misconduct on a school bus, the board may 7 suspend the pupil in excess of 10 school days for safety 8 9 reasons.

10 Any suspension shall be reported immediately to the 11 parents or quardian of a pupil along with a full statement of the reasons for such suspension and a notice of their right to 12 a review. The school board must be given a summary of the 13 14 notice, including the reason for the suspension and the 15 suspension length. Upon request of the parents or quardian, 16 the school board or a hearing officer appointed by it shall review such action of the superintendent or principal, 17 assistant principal, or dean of students. At such review, the 18 19 parents or guardian of the pupil may appear and discuss the 20 suspension with the board or its hearing officer. If a hearing 21 officer is appointed by the board, he shall report to the board 22 a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting. After 23 its hearing or upon receipt of the written report of its 24 hearing officer, the board may take such action as it finds 25 appropriate. If a student is suspended pursuant to this subsection (b), the board shall, in the written suspension 26

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1 decision, detail the specific act of gross disobedience or 2 misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend. The suspension decision shall also include a rationale as to the 3 4 specific duration of the suspension. A pupil who is suspended 5 in excess of 20 school days may be immediately transferred to an alternative program in the manner provided in Article 13A 6 or 13B of this Code. A pupil must not be denied transfer 7 because of the suspension, except in cases in which such 8 9 transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students 10 or staff in the alternative program.

11 <u>(b-2) To transfer pupils guilty of gross disobedience or</u> 12 <u>misconduct, including gross disobedience or misconduct</u> 13 <u>perpetuated by electronic means, to alternative schools or</u> 14 <u>programs pursuant to subsection (b-20) of this Section, and no</u> 15 <u>action shall lie against them for such transfer to alternative</u> 16 <u>schools or programs.</u>

Except when a pupil has voluntarily agreed to a transfer, 17 a disciplinary transfer to an alternative school or program 18 shall take place only after the pupil's parents or guardians 19 20 have been requested to appear at a meeting of the board or with a hearing officer appointed by the board to discuss their 21 22 child's behavior. Such request shall be made by registered or certified mail and shall state the time, place, and purpose of 23 24 the meeting. For purposes of this subsection (b-2), a decision 25 is deemed voluntary only if the pupil has the option to remain enrolled at the pupil's current school. The request to appear 26

1	shall be accompanied by a written notice that provides
2	information regarding the risks and benefits of disciplinary
3	removal to an alternative school or program, including, but
4	not limited to: (i) the specific nature of the curriculum and
5	services offered at the alternative school or program, (ii)
6	the alternative school or program's disciplinary procedures,
7	and (iii) information about the extracurricular activities
8	that the pupil will be allowed to participate in and any
9	activities the pupil will be prohibited from participating in.
10	At the meeting described in this subsection (b-2), the
11	board or a hearing officer appointed by the board shall state
12	the reasons for disciplinary transfer to an alternative school
13	or program and the specific dates that the pupil will be
14	required to attend the alternative school or program, not to
15	exceed 2 calendar years. If a hearing officer is appointed by
16	the board, the hearing officer shall report to the board a
17	written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting, and the
18	board may take such action thereon as it finds appropriate. If
19	the board acts to transfer the pupil to an alternative school
20	or program, a written decision, sent to the pupil by first
21	class mail, shall detail the specific reasons why transferring
22	the pupil to an alternative school or program is in the best
23	interest of the school. The written decision shall also
24	include a rationale as to the specific duration of the
25	transfer to the alternative school or program. The period that
26	a pupil is required to attend an alternative school or program

1 <u>may not be extended over the objection of the pupil absent a</u>
2 <u>hearing under this Section based on a new disciplinary</u>
3 incident.

4 (b-5) Among the many possible disciplinary interventions 5 and consequences available to school officials, school exclusions, such as out-of-school suspensions, disciplinary 6 transfers to alternative schools or programs, and expulsions, 7 are the most serious. School officials shall limit the number 8 9 and duration of expulsions, disciplinary transfers to 10 alternative schools or programs, and suspensions to the 11 greatest extent practicable, and it is recommended that they use them only for legitimate educational purposes. To ensure 12 that students are not excluded from school unnecessarily, it 13 is recommended that school officials consider forms of 14 15 non-exclusionary discipline prior to using out-of-school 16 suspensions, disciplinary transfers to alternative schools or 17 programs, or expulsions.

18 (b-10) Unless otherwise required by federal law or this 19 Code, school boards may not institute zero-tolerance policies 20 by which school administrators are required to suspend or 21 expel students for particular behaviors.

(b-15) Out-of-school suspensions of 3 days or less may be used only if the student's continuing presence in school would pose a threat to school safety or a disruption to other students' learning opportunities. For purposes of this subsection (b-15), "threat to school safety or a disruption to other students' learning opportunities" shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by the school board or its designee. School officials shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve such threats, address such disruptions, and minimize the length of suspensions to the greatest extent practicable.

by this Code, (b-20) otherwise required 6 Unless out-of-school suspensions of longer than 3 days, expulsions, 7 8 and disciplinary removals to alternative schools may be used 9 only if other appropriate and available behavioral and 10 disciplinary interventions have been exhausted and the 11 student's continuing presence in school would either (i) pose a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of 12 13 the school community or (ii) substantially disrupt, impede, or 14 interfere with the operation of the school. For purposes of 15 this subsection (b-20), "threat to the safety of other 16 students, staff, or members of the school community" and "substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere 17 with the operation of the school" shall be determined on a case-by-case 18 basis by school officials. For purposes of this subsection 19 (b-20), the determination of whether "appropriate and 20 21 available behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been 22 exhausted" shall be made by school officials. School officials shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve such threats, 23 24 address such disruptions, and minimize the length of student 25 exclusions to the greatest extent practicable. Within the 26 suspension decision described in subsection (b) of this

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Section, or the expulsion decision described in subsection (a) of this Section, or the disciplinary transfer decision described in subsection (b-2) of this Section, it shall be documented whether other interventions were attempted or whether it was determined that there were no other appropriate and available interventions.

(b-25) Students who are suspended out-of-school for longer 7 8 than 4 school days shall be provided appropriate and available 9 support services during the period of their suspension. For 10 purposes of this subsection (b-25), "appropriate and available 11 support services" shall be determined by school authorities. Within the suspension decision described in subsection (b) of 12 13 this Section, it shall be documented whether such services are to be provided or whether it was determined that there are no 14 15 such appropriate and available services.

16 A school district may refer students who are expelled to 17 appropriate and available support services.

A school district shall create a policy to facilitate the re-engagement of students who are suspended out-of-school, expelled, or returning from an alternative school setting.

(b-30) A school district shall create a policy by which suspended pupils, including those pupils suspended from the school bus who do not have alternate transportation to school, shall have the opportunity to make up work for equivalent academic credit. It shall be the responsibility of a pupil's parent or guardian to notify school officials that a pupil 1 suspended from the school bus does not have alternate 2 transportation to school.

3 (c) A school board must invite a representative from a 4 local mental health agency to consult with the board at the 5 meeting whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be 6 the cause of a student's expulsion, or suspension, or 7 <u>disciplinary transfer to an alternative school or program</u>.

(c-5) School districts shall make reasonable efforts to 8 9 provide ongoing professional development to teachers, 10 administrators, school board members, school resource 11 officers, and staff on the adverse consequences of school exclusion and justice-system involvement, effective classroom 12 management strategies, culturally responsive discipline, the 13 14 appropriate and available supportive services for the 15 promotion of student attendance and engagement, and 16 developmentally appropriate disciplinary methods that promote positive and healthy school climates. 17

(d) The board may expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis. A student who is determined to have brought one of the following objects to school, any school-sponsored activity or event, or any activity or event that bears a reasonable relationship to school shall be expelled for a period of not less than one year:

(1) A firearm. For the purposes of this Section,
"firearm" means any gun, rifle, shotgun, weapon as defined

by Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, firearm as defined in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, or firearm as defined in Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012. The expulsion period under this subdivision (1) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

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8 (2) A knife, brass knuckles or other knuckle weapon 9 regardless of its composition, a billy club, or any other 10 object if used or attempted to be used to cause bodily 11 harm, including "look alikes" of any firearm as defined in subdivision (1) of this subsection (d). The expulsion 12 13 requirement under this subdivision (2) may be modified by 14 the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination 15 may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

16 Expulsion or suspension shall be construed in a manner 17 consistent with the federal Individuals with Disabilities 18 Education Act. A student who is subject to suspension or 19 expulsion as provided in this Section may be eligible for a 20 transfer to an alternative school program in accordance with 21 Article 13A of the School Code.

(d-5) The board may suspend or by regulation authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend a student for a period not to exceed 10 school days or may expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 10200SB3093sam001 -11- LRB102 22959 NLB 36694 a

1 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis, if (i) that student has been determined to have made an explicit 2 3 threat on an Internet website against a school employee, a 4 student, or any school-related personnel, (ii) the Internet 5 website through which the threat was made is a site that was accessible within the school at the time the threat was made or 6 was available to third parties who worked or studied within 7 8 the school grounds at the time the threat was made, and (iii) 9 the threat could be reasonably interpreted as threatening to 10 the safety and security of the threatened individual because 11 of his or her duties or employment status or status as a student inside the school. 12

13 (e) To maintain order and security in the schools, school 14 authorities may inspect and search places and areas such as 15 lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and 16 equipment owned or controlled by the school, as well as personal effects left in those places and areas by students, 17 without notice to or the consent of the student, and without a 18 search warrant. As a matter of public policy, the General 19 20 Assembly finds that students have no reasonable expectation of 21 privacy in these places and areas or in their personal effects 22 left in these places and areas. School authorities may request 23 the assistance of law enforcement officials for the purpose of 24 conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking 25 lots, and other school property and equipment owned or 26 controlled by the school for illegal drugs, weapons, or other

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1 illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. 2 If a search conducted in accordance with this Section produces 3 4 evidence that the student has violated or is violating either 5 the law, local ordinance, or the school's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized by school authorities, and 6 disciplinary action may be taken. School authorities may also 7 turn over such evidence to law enforcement authorities. 8

9 (f) Suspension or expulsion may include suspension or 10 expulsion from school and all school activities and a 11 prohibition from being present on school grounds.

(g) A school district may adopt a policy providing that if 12 13 a student is suspended or expelled for any reason from any 14 public or private school in this or any other state, the 15 student must complete the entire term of the suspension or 16 expulsion in an alternative school program under Article 13A of this Code or an alternative learning opportunities program 17 under Article 13B of this Code before being admitted into the 18 school district if there is no threat to the safety of students 19 20 or staff in the alternative program.

(h) School officials shall not advise or encourage students to drop out voluntarily due to behavioral or academic difficulties.

(i) A student may not be issued a monetary fine or fee as a
disciplinary consequence, though this shall not preclude
requiring a student to provide restitution for lost, stolen,

1 or damaged property.

(j) Subsections (a) through (i) of this Section shall
apply to elementary and secondary schools, charter schools,
special charter districts, and school districts organized
under Article 34 of this Code.

6 (k) The expulsion of children enrolled in programs funded 7 under Section 1C-2 of this Code is subject to the requirements 8 under paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of Section 2-3.71 of 9 this Code.

10 (1) Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, an in-school 11 suspension program provided by a school district for any students in kindergarten through grade 12 may focus on 12 promoting non-violent conflict resolution and positive 13 interaction with other students and school personnel. A school 14 15 district may employ a school social worker or a licensed 16 mental health professional to oversee an in-school suspension program in kindergarten through grade 12. 17

18 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-539, eff. 8-20-21.)

19 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-466)

20 Sec. 10-22.6. Suspension<u>, or disciplinary</u> 21 <u>transfer to alternative schools or programs</u> of pupils; school 22 searches.

(a) To expel pupils guilty of gross disobedience or
 misconduct, including gross disobedience or misconduct
 perpetuated by electronic means, pursuant to subsection (b-20)

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1 of this Section, and no action shall lie against them for such expulsion. Expulsion shall take place only after the parents 2 3 or guardians have been requested to appear at a meeting of the 4 board, or with a hearing officer appointed by it, to discuss 5 their child's behavior. Such request shall be made by registered or certified mail and shall state the time, place 6 and purpose of the meeting. The board, or a hearing officer 7 8 appointed by it, at such meeting shall state the reasons for 9 dismissal and the date on which the expulsion is to become 10 effective. If a hearing officer is appointed by the board, he 11 shall report to the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting and the board may take such action thereon 12 13 as it finds appropriate. If the board acts to expel a pupil, 14 the written expulsion decision shall detail the specific 15 reasons why removing the pupil from the learning environment 16 is in the best interest of the school. The expulsion decision shall also include a rationale as to the specific duration of 17 18 expulsion. An expelled pupil may be immediately the 19 transferred to an alternative program in the manner provided 20 in Article 13A or 13B of this Code. A pupil must not be denied 21 transfer because of the expulsion, except in cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of 22 23 students or staff in the alternative program.

(b) To suspend or by policy to authorize the
 superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant
 principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend pupils

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1 quilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, or to suspend pupils quilty of gross disobedience or misconduct on the 2 school bus from riding the school bus, pursuant to subsections 3 4 (b-15) and (b-20) of this Section, and no action shall lie 5 against them for such suspension. The board may by policy 6 authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to 7 8 suspend pupils guilty of such acts for a period not to exceed 9 10 school days. If a pupil is suspended due to gross 10 disobedience or misconduct on a school bus, the board may 11 suspend the pupil in excess of 10 school days for safety 12 reasons.

13 suspension shall be reported immediately to the Anv 14 parents or quardians of a pupil along with a full statement of 15 the reasons for such suspension and a notice of their right to 16 a review. The school board must be given a summary of the notice, including the reason for the suspension and the 17 18 suspension length. Upon request of the parents or guardians, the school board or a hearing officer appointed by it shall 19 20 review such action of the superintendent or principal, 21 assistant principal, or dean of students. At such review, the 22 parents or guardians of the pupil may appear and discuss the 23 suspension with the board or its hearing officer. If a hearing 24 officer is appointed by the board, he shall report to the board 25 a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting. After 26 its hearing or upon receipt of the written report of its

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1 hearing officer, the board may take such action as it finds appropriate. If a student is suspended pursuant to this 2 subsection (b), the board shall, in the written suspension 3 4 decision, detail the specific act of gross disobedience or 5 misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend. The 6 suspension decision shall also include a rationale as to the specific duration of the suspension. A pupil who is suspended 7 8 in excess of 20 school days may be immediately transferred to 9 an alternative program in the manner provided in Article 13A 10 or 13B of this Code. A pupil must not be denied transfer 11 because of the suspension, except in cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students 12 13 or staff in the alternative program.

14 <u>(b-2) To transfer pupils guilty of gross disobedience or</u> 15 <u>misconduct, including gross disobedience or misconduct</u> 16 <u>perpetuated by electronic means, to alternative schools or</u> 17 <u>programs pursuant to subsection (b-20) of this Section, and no</u> 18 <u>action shall lie against them for such transfer to alternative</u> 19 <u>schools or programs.</u>

Except when a pupil has voluntarily agreed to a transfer, a disciplinary transfer to an alternative school or program shall take place only after the pupil's parents or guardians have been requested to appear at a meeting of the board or with a hearing officer appointed by the board to discuss their child's behavior. Such request shall be made by registered or certified mail and shall state the time, place, and purpose of

1	the meeting. For purposes of this subsection (b-2), a decision
2	is deemed voluntary only if the pupil has the option to remain
3	enrolled at the pupil's current school. The request to appear
4	shall be accompanied by a written notice that provides
5	information regarding the risks and benefits of disciplinary
6	removal to an alternative school or program, including, but
7	not limited to: (i) the specific nature of the curriculum and
8	services offered at the alternative school or program, (ii)
9	the alternative school or program's disciplinary procedures,
10	and (iii) information about the extracurricular activities
11	that the pupil will be allowed to participate in and any
12	activities the pupil will be prohibited from participating in.
13	At the meeting described in this subsection (b-2), the
14	board or a hearing officer appointed by the board shall state
15	the reasons for disciplinary transfer to an alternative school
16	or program and the specific dates that the pupil will be
17	required to attend the alternative school or program, not to
18	exceed 2 calendar years. If a hearing officer is appointed by
19	the board, the hearing officer shall report to the board a
20	written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting, and the
21	board may take such action thereon as it finds appropriate. If
22	the board acts to transfer the pupil to an alternative school
23	or program, a written decision, sent to the pupil by first
24	class mail, shall detail the specific reasons why transferring
25	the pupil to an alternative school or program is in the best
26	interest of the school. The written decision shall also

include a rationale as to the specific duration of the transfer to the alternative school or program. The period that a pupil is required to attend an alternative school or program may not be extended over the objection of the pupil absent a hearing under this Section based on a new disciplinary incident.

(b-5) Among the many possible disciplinary interventions 7 8 and consequences available to school officials, school 9 exclusions, such as out-of-school suspensions, disciplinary 10 transfers to alternative schools or programs, and expulsions, are the most serious. School officials shall limit the number 11 and duration of expulsions, disciplinary transfers to 12 alternative schools or programs, and suspensions to the 13 14 greatest extent practicable, and it is recommended that they 15 use them only for legitimate educational purposes. To ensure 16 that students are not excluded from school unnecessarily, it is recommended that school officials consider forms of 17 non-exclusionary discipline prior to using out-of-school 18 suspensions, disciplinary transfers to alternative schools or 19 20 programs, or expulsions.

(b-10) Unless otherwise required by federal law or this Code, school boards may not institute zero-tolerance policies by which school administrators are required to suspend or expel students for particular behaviors.

25 (b-15) Out-of-school suspensions of 3 days or less may be 26 used only if the student's continuing presence in school would 1 pose a threat to school safety or a disruption to other students' learning opportunities. For purposes of this 2 3 subsection (b-15), "threat to school safety or a disruption to other students' learning opportunities" shall be determined on 4 5 a case-by-case basis by the school board or its designee. School officials shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve 6 such threats, address such disruptions, and minimize the 7 8 length of suspensions to the greatest extent practicable.

9 (b-20) Unless otherwise required by this Code, 10 out-of-school suspensions of longer than 3 days, expulsions, 11 and disciplinary removals to alternative schools may be used only if other appropriate and available behavioral 12 and 13 disciplinary interventions have been exhausted and the 14 student's continuing presence in school would either (i) pose 15 a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of 16 the school community or (ii) substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school. For purposes of 17 this subsection (b-20), "threat to the safety of other 18 students, staff, or members of the school community" and 19 20 "substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school" shall be determined on a case-by-case 21 22 basis by school officials. For purposes of this subsection (b-20), the determination of whether "appropriate 23 and 24 available behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been 25 exhausted" shall be made by school officials. School officials 26 shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve such threats,

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1 address such disruptions, and minimize the length of student 2 exclusions to the greatest extent practicable. Within the suspension decision described in subsection (b) of this 3 4 Section, or the expulsion decision described in subsection (a) 5 of this Section, or the disciplinary transfer decision described in subsection (b-2) of this Section, it shall be 6 documented whether other interventions were attempted or 7 8 whether it was determined that there were no other appropriate 9 and available interventions.

10 (b-25) Students who are suspended out-of-school for longer 11 than 4 school days shall be provided appropriate and available support services during the period of their suspension. For 12 13 purposes of this subsection (b-25), "appropriate and available support services" shall be determined by school authorities. 14 15 Within the suspension decision described in subsection (b) of 16 this Section, it shall be documented whether such services are to be provided or whether it was determined that there are no 17 18 such appropriate and available services.

A school district may refer students who are expelled to appropriate and available support services.

A school district shall create a policy to facilitate the re-engagement of students who are suspended out-of-school, expelled, or returning from an alternative school setting.

(b-30) A school district shall create a policy by which suspended pupils, including those pupils suspended from the school bus who do not have alternate transportation to school, 1 shall have the opportunity to make up work for equivalent 2 academic credit. It shall be the responsibility of a pupil's 3 parents or guardians to notify school officials that a pupil 4 suspended from the school bus does not have alternate 5 transportation to school.

6 (b-35) In all suspension review hearings conducted under subsection (b), or expulsion hearings conducted 7 under 8 subsection (a), or transfer to an alternative school or 9 program hearings conducted under subsection (b-2), a student 10 may disclose any factor to be considered in mitigation, 11 including his or her status as a parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual violence, as defined in Article 12 26A. A representative of the parent's or guardian's choice, or 13 14 of the student's choice if emancipated, must be permitted to 15 represent the student throughout the proceedings and to 16 address the school board or its appointed hearing officer. With the approval of the student's parent or quardian, or of 17 the student if emancipated, a support person must be permitted 18 to accompany the student to any disciplinary hearings or 19 20 proceedings. The representative or support person must comply 21 with any rules of the school district's hearing process. If 22 the representative or support person violates the rules or 23 engages in behavior or advocacy that harasses, abuses, or 24 intimidates either party, a witness, or anyone else in 25 attendance at the hearing, the representative or support 26 person may be prohibited from further participation in the

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hearing or proceeding. A suspension, or expulsion, or disciplinary transfer to an alternative school or program proceeding under this subsection (b-35) must be conducted independently from any ongoing criminal investigation or proceeding, and an absence of pending or possible criminal charges, criminal investigations, or proceedings may not be a factor in school disciplinary decisions.

8 (b-40) During a suspension review hearing conducted under 9 subsection (b), or an expulsion hearing conducted under 10 subsection (a), or a transfer to an alternative school or 11 program hearing conducted under subsection (b-2) that involves allegations of sexual violence by the student who is subject 12 13 discipline, neither the student nor his or her to representative shall directly question nor have direct contact 14 15 with the alleged victim. The student who is subject to 16 discipline or his or her representative may, at the discretion and direction of the school board or its appointed hearing 17 18 officer, suggest questions to be posed by the school board or its appointed hearing officer to the alleged victim. 19

(c) A school board must invite a representative from a local mental health agency to consult with the board at the meeting whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause of a student's expulsion, or suspension, or disciplinary transfer to an alternative school or program.

25 (c-5) School districts shall make reasonable efforts to 26 provide ongoing professional development to teachers, 10200SB3093sam001 -23- LRB102 22959 NLB 36694 a

1 administrators, school board members, school resource officers, and staff on the adverse consequences of school 2 exclusion and justice-system involvement, effective classroom 3 4 management strategies, culturally responsive discipline, the 5 appropriate and available supportive services for the of student attendance 6 promotion and engagement, and 7 developmentally appropriate disciplinary methods that promote 8 positive and healthy school climates.

9 (d) The board may expel a student for a definite period of 10 time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a 11 case-by-case basis. A student who is determined to have 12 brought one of the following objects to school, any 13 school-sponsored activity or event, or any activity or event 14 that bears a reasonable relationship to school shall be 15 expelled for a period of not less than one year:

16 (1) A firearm. For the purposes of this Section, "firearm" means any gun, rifle, shotgun, weapon as defined 17 by Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, 18 firearm as defined in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners 19 20 Identification Card Act, or firearm as defined in Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012. The expulsion period 21 22 under this subdivision (1) may be modified by the 23 superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may 24 be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

(2) A knife, brass knuckles or other knuckle weapon
 regardless of its composition, a billy club, or any other

object if used or attempted to be used to cause bodily harm, including "look alikes" of any firearm as defined in subdivision (1) of this subsection (d). The expulsion requirement under this subdivision (2) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

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7 Expulsion or suspension shall be construed in a manner 8 consistent with the federal Individuals with Disabilities 9 Education Act. A student who is subject to suspension or 10 expulsion as provided in this Section may be eligible for a 11 transfer to an alternative school program in accordance with 12 Article 13A of the School Code.

(d-5) The board may suspend or by regulation authorize the 13 14 superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant 15 principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend a 16 student for a period not to exceed 10 school days or may expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 17 18 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis, if (i) that student has been determined to have made an explicit 19 20 threat on an Internet website against a school employee, a 21 student, or any school-related personnel, (ii) the Internet website through which the threat was made is a site that was 22 accessible within the school at the time the threat was made or 23 24 was available to third parties who worked or studied within 25 the school grounds at the time the threat was made, and (iii) 26 the threat could be reasonably interpreted as threatening to

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the safety and security of the threatened individual because of his or her duties or employment status or status as a student inside the school.

4 (e) To maintain order and security in the schools, school 5 authorities may inspect and search places and areas such as lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and 6 equipment owned or controlled by the school, as well as 7 8 personal effects left in those places and areas by students, 9 without notice to or the consent of the student, and without a 10 search warrant. As a matter of public policy, the General 11 Assembly finds that students have no reasonable expectation of privacy in these places and areas or in their personal effects 12 13 left in these places and areas. School authorities may request the assistance of law enforcement officials for the purpose of 14 15 conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking 16 lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school for illegal drugs, weapons, or other 17 18 illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. 19 20 If a search conducted in accordance with this Section produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating either 21 22 the law, local ordinance, or the school's policies or rules, 23 such evidence may be seized by school authorities, and 24 disciplinary action may be taken. School authorities may also 25 turn over such evidence to law enforcement authorities.

26 (f) Suspension or expulsion may include suspension or

expulsion from school and all school activities and a
 prohibition from being present on school grounds.

3 (g) A school district may adopt a policy providing that if 4 a student is suspended or expelled for any reason from any 5 public or private school in this or any other state, the student must complete the entire term of the suspension or 6 expulsion in an alternative school program under Article 13A 7 8 of this Code or an alternative learning opportunities program 9 under Article 13B of this Code before being admitted into the 10 school district if there is no threat to the safety of students 11 or staff in the alternative program. A school district that adopts a policy under this subsection (q) must include a 12 13 provision allowing for consideration of any mitigating factors, including, but not limited to, a student's status as 14 15 a parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual 16 violence, as defined in Article 26A.

17 (h) School officials shall not advise or encourage 18 students to drop out voluntarily due to behavioral or academic 19 difficulties.

(i) A student may not be issued a monetary fine or fee as a
disciplinary consequence, though this shall not preclude
requiring a student to provide restitution for lost, stolen,
or damaged property.

(j) Subsections (a) through (i) of this Section shall
apply to elementary and secondary schools, charter schools,
special charter districts, and school districts organized

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1 under Article 34 of this Code.

(k) The expulsion of children enrolled in programs funded
under Section 1C-2 of this Code is subject to the requirements
under paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of Section 2-3.71 of
this Code.

(1) Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, an in-school 6 suspension program provided by a school district for any 7 8 students in kindergarten through grade 12 may focus on 9 promoting non-violent conflict resolution and positive 10 interaction with other students and school personnel. A school 11 district may employ a school social worker or a licensed mental health professional to oversee an in-school suspension 12 13 program in kindergarten through grade 12.

14 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-466, eff. 7-1-25; 15 102-539, eff. 8-20-21; revised 9-23-21.)

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

23 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 24 becoming law.".