

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 SB2070

Introduced 2/26/2021, by Sen. Cristina Castro

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

230 ILCS 10/13 230 ILCS 45/25-15 230 ILCS 45/25-90 from Ch. 120, par. 2413

Amends the Illinois Gambling Act. In provisions concerning an owner licensee's calculation of adjusted gross receipts, provides for monthly and annual reconciliation calculations between promotional costs and total adjusted gross receipts. Amends the Sports Wagering Act. Provides that occupational licenses issued under the Illinois Gambling Act for employees of an owners licensee or organization gaming licensee, once granted, are considered equivalent licenses to work in sports wagering positions located at the same gaming facility. Provides that adjusted gross sports wagering receipts shall not include the dollar amount of certain promotions redeemed by wagerers. Provides for monthly and annual reconciliation calculations between promotional costs and total adjusted gross sports wagering receipts. Requires the Illinois Gaming Board to submit to the General Assembly no later than March 31, 2025 a comprehensive report that includes the effect of removing promotional costs from the calculation for adjusted gross sports wagering receipts and the tax rates imposed on sports wagering.

LRB102 12936 SMS 18279 b

1 AN ACT concerning gaming.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Gambling Act is amended by changing Sections 4, 5, and 13 as follows:
- 6 (230 ILCS 10/13) (from Ch. 120, par. 2413)
- 7 Sec. 13. Wagering tax; rate; distribution.
- 8 (a) Until January 1, 1998, a tax is imposed on the adjusted 9 gross receipts received from gambling games authorized under
- this Act at the rate of 20%.
- 11 (a-1) From January 1, 1998 until July 1, 2002, a privilege
- 12 tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of
- 13 conducting riverboat gambling operations, based on the
- 14 adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from
- 15 gambling games authorized under this Act at the following
- 16 rates:
- 18 including \$25,000,000;
- 19 20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 20 \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
- 21 25% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
- 23 30% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of

- 1 \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
- 2 35% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 3 \$100,000,000.
- 4 (a-2) From July 1, 2002 until July 1, 2003, a privilege tax
- 5 is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting
- 6 riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers
- 7 conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the
- 8 State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a
- 9 licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act
- 10 at the following rates:
- 11 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
- 12 including \$25,000,000;
- 13 22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
- 15 27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
- 17 32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 18 \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
- 19 37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 20 \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
- 21 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
- 23 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- \$200,000,000.
- 25 (a-3) Beginning July 1, 2003, a privilege tax is imposed
- on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat

- 1 gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting
- 2 riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on
- 3 the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from
- 4 gambling games authorized under this Act at the following
- 5 rates:
- 6 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
- 7 including \$25,000,000;
- 8 27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 9 \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$37,500,000;
- 32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 11 \$37,500,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
- 12 37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
- 14 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 15 \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
- 16 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 17 \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$250,000,000;
- 18 70% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 19 \$250,000,000.
- 20 An amount equal to the amount of wagering taxes collected
- 21 under this subsection (a-3) that are in addition to the amount
- of wagering taxes that would have been collected if the
- 23 wagering tax rates under subsection (a-2) were in effect shall
- 24 be paid into the Common School Fund.
- 25 The privilege tax imposed under this subsection (a-3)
- 26 shall no longer be imposed beginning on the earlier of (i) July

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- 1, 2005; (ii) the first date after June 20, 2003 that riverboat 1 2 gambling operations are conducted pursuant to a dormant 3 license; or (iii) the first day that riverboat gambling operations are conducted under the authority of an owners 5 license that is in addition to the 10 owners licenses initially authorized under this Act. For the purposes of this 6 subsection (a-3), the term "dormant license" means an owners 7 8 license that is authorized by this Act under which no 9 riverboat gambling operations are being conducted on June 20, 10 2003.
 - (a-4) Beginning on the first day on which the tax imposed under subsection (a-3) is no longer imposed and ending upon the imposition of the privilege tax under subsection (a-5) of this Section, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:
- 20 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000;
- 22 22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
- 27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
- 26 32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of

- 1 \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
- 2 37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 3 \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
- 4 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 5 \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
- 6 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 7 \$200,000,000.
- 8 For the imposition of the privilege tax in this subsection
- 9 (a-4), amounts paid pursuant to item (1) of subsection (b) of
- 10 Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 shall not
- 11 be included in the determination of adjusted gross receipts.
- 12 (a-5)(1) Beginning on July 1, 2020, a privilege tax is
- imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting
- 14 gambling operations, other than the owners licensee under
- paragraph (1) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 and licensed
- 16 managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of
- 17 the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by
- 18 such licensee from the gambling games authorized under this
- 19 Act. The privilege tax for all gambling games other than table
- 20 games, including, but not limited to, slot machines, video
- 21 game of chance gambling, and electronic gambling games shall
- 22 be at the following rates:
- 23 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and
- 24 including \$25,000,000;
- 25 22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of
- 26 \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;

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1	27.5%	of a	nnual	adjusted	gross	receipts	in	excess	of
2	\$50,000,00	00 but	not	exceeding	\$75,00	0,000;			

- 3 32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
- 5 37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
- 7 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
- 9 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$200,000,000.
- The privilege tax for table games shall be at the following rates:
- 13 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000;
- 20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000.
 - For the imposition of the privilege tax in this subsection (a-5), amounts paid pursuant to item (1) of subsection (b) of Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 shall not be included in the determination of adjusted gross receipts.
 - (2) Beginning on the first day that an owners licensee under paragraph (1) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 conducts gambling operations, either in a temporary facility or a permanent facility, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting gambling operations under paragraph (1) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7, other

than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by such licensee from the gambling games authorized under this Act. The privilege tax for all gambling games other than table games, including, but not limited to, slot machines, video game of chance gambling, and electronic gambling games shall be at the following rates:

12% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000 to the State and 10.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

16% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000 to the State and 14% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

20.1% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000 to the State and 17.4% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

21.4% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000 to the State and 18.6% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

22.7% of	annual	adjusted	gross	receipts	in	excess	of
\$100,000,000	but not	exceedir	ng \$150	0,000,000	to	the St	ate
and 19.8% of	annual	adjusted	gross	receipts	in	excess	of
\$100,000,000	but not	exceeding	g \$150 ,	000,000 1	to t	he City	of
Chicago;							

24.1% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$225,000,000 to the State and 20.9% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$225,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

26.8% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$225,000,000 but not exceeding \$1,000,000,000 to the State and 23.2% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$225,000,000 but not exceeding \$1,000,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

40% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$1,000,000,000 to the State and 34.7% of annual gross receipts in excess of \$1,000,000,000 to the City of Chicago.

The privilege tax for table games shall be at the following rates:

8.1% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000 to the State and 6.9% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

10.7% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of

\$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000 to the State and 9.3% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

11.2% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$175,000,000 to the State and 9.8% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$175,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

13.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$175,000,000 but not exceeding \$225,000,000 to the State and 11.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$175,000,000 but not exceeding \$225,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

15.1% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$225,000,000 but not exceeding \$275,000,000 to the State and 12.9% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$225,000,000 but not exceeding \$275,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

16.2% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$275,000,000 but not exceeding \$375,000,000 to the State and 13.8% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$275,000,000 but not exceeding \$375,000,000 to the City of Chicago;

18.9% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$375,000,000 to the State and 16.1% of annual gross

1 receipts in excess of \$375,000,000 to the City of Chicago.

For the imposition of the privilege tax in this subsection (a-5), amounts paid pursuant to item (1) of subsection (b) of Section 56 of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 shall not be included in the determination of adjusted gross receipts.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection (a-5), for the first 10 years that the privilege tax is imposed under this subsection (a-5), the privilege tax shall be imposed on the modified annual adjusted gross receipts of a riverboat or casino conducting gambling operations in the City of East St. Louis, unless:

- (1) the riverboat or casino fails to employ at least 450 people;
 - (2) the riverboat or casino fails to maintain operations in a manner consistent with this Act or is not a viable riverboat or casino subject to the approval of the Board; or
 - (3) the owners licensee is not an entity in which employees participate in an employee stock ownership plan.
- As used in this subsection (a-5), "modified annual adjusted gross receipts" means:
 - (A) for calendar year 2020, the annual adjusted gross receipts for the current year minus the difference between an amount equal to the average annual adjusted gross receipts from a riverboat or casino conducting gambling operations in the City of East St. Louis for 2014, 2015,

2016, 2017, and 2018 and the annual adjusted gross receipts for 2018;

- (B) for calendar year 2021, the annual adjusted gross receipts for the current year minus the difference between an amount equal to the average annual adjusted gross receipts from a riverboat or casino conducting gambling operations in the City of East St. Louis for 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018 and the annual adjusted gross receipts for 2019; and
- (C) for calendar years 2022 through 2029, the annual adjusted gross receipts for the current year minus the difference between an amount equal to the average annual adjusted gross receipts from a riverboat or casino conducting gambling operations in the City of East St. Louis for 3 years preceding the current year and the annual adjusted gross receipts for the immediately preceding year.
- (a-6) From June 28, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-31) until June 30, 2023, an owners licensee that conducted gambling operations prior to January 1, 2011 shall receive a dollar-for-dollar credit against the tax imposed under this Section for any renovation or construction costs paid by the owners licensee, but in no event shall the credit exceed \$2,000,000.
- Additionally, from June 28, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-31) until December 31, 2022, an owners licensee

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that (i) is located within 15 miles of the Missouri border, and (ii) has at least 3 riverboats, casinos, or their equivalent within a 45-mile radius, may be authorized to relocate to a new location with the approval of both the unit of local government designated as the home dock and the Board, so long as the new location is within the same unit of local government and no more than 3 miles away from its original location. Such owners licensee shall receive a credit against the tax imposed under this Section equal to 8% of the total project costs, as approved by the Board, for any renovation or construction costs paid by the owners licensee for the construction of the new facility, provided that the new facility is operational by July 1, 2022. In determining whether or not to approve a relocation, the Board must consider the extent to which the relocation will diminish the gaming revenues received by other Illinois gaming facilities.

(a-7) Beginning in the initial adjustment year and through the final adjustment year, if the total obligation imposed pursuant to either subsection (a-5) or (a-6) will result in an owners licensee receiving less after-tax adjusted gross receipts than it received in calendar year 2018, then the total amount of privilege taxes that the owners licensee is required to pay for that calendar year shall be reduced to the extent necessary so that the after-tax adjusted gross receipts in that calendar year equals the after-tax adjusted gross receipts in calendar year 2018, but the privilege tax

reduction shall not exceed the annual adjustment cap. If pursuant to this subsection (a-7), the total obligation imposed pursuant to either subsection (a-5) or (a-6) shall be reduced, then the owners licensee shall not receive a refund from the State at the end of the subject calendar year but instead shall be able to apply that amount as a credit against any payments it owes to the State in the following calendar year to satisfy its total obligation under either subsection (a-5) or (a-6). The credit for the final adjustment year shall occur in the calendar year following the final adjustment year.

If an owners licensee that conducted gambling operations prior to January 1, 2019 expands its riverboat or casino, including, but not limited to, with respect to its gaming floor, additional non-gaming amenities such as restaurants, bars, and hotels and other additional facilities, and incurs construction and other costs related to such expansion from June 28, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-31) until June 28, 2024 (the 5th anniversary of the effective date of Public Act 101-31), then for each \$15,000,000 spent for any such construction or other costs related to expansion paid by the owners licensee, the final adjustment year shall be extended by one year and the annual adjustment cap shall increase by 0.2% of adjusted gross receipts during each calendar year until and including the final adjustment year. No further modifications to the final adjustment year or

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annual adjustment cap shall be made after \$75,000,000 is incurred in construction or other costs related to expansion so that the final adjustment year shall not extend beyond the 9th calendar year after the initial adjustment year, not the initial adjustment year, and the annual adjustment cap shall not exceed 4% of adjusted gross receipts in a particular calendar year. Construction and other costs related to expansion shall include all project related costs, including, but not limited to, all hard and soft costs, financing costs, on or off-site ground, road or utility work, cost of gaming equipment and all other personal property, initial fees assessed for each incremental gaming position, and the cost of incremental land acquired for such expansion. Soft costs shall include, but not be limited to, legal fees, architect, engineering and design costs, other consultant costs, insurance cost, permitting costs, and pre-opening costs related to the expansion, including, but not limited to, any of the following: marketing, real estate taxes, personnel, training, travel and out-of-pocket expenses, supply, inventory, and other costs, and any other project related soft costs.

To be eligible for the tax credits in subsection (a-6), all construction contracts shall include a requirement that the contractor enter into a project labor agreement with the building and construction trades council with geographic jurisdiction of the location of the proposed gaming facility.

- Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection (a-7), this subsection (a-7) does not apply to an owners licensee unless such owners licensee spends at least \$15,000,000 on construction and other costs related to its expansion, excluding the initial fees assessed for each
- b expansion, excluding the initial fees assessed for each
- 6 incremental gaming position.
- 7 This subsection (a-7) does not apply to owners licensees 8 authorized pursuant to subsection (e-5) of Section 7 of this 9 Act.
- 10 For purposes of this subsection (a-7):
- "Building and construction trades council" means any organization representing multiple construction entities that are monitoring or attentive to compliance with public or workers' safety laws, wage and hour requirements, or other statutory requirements or that are making or maintaining collective bargaining agreements.
- "Initial adjustment year" means the year commencing on January 1 of the calendar year immediately following the earlier of the following:
- 20 (1) the commencement of gambling operations, either in 21 a temporary or permanent facility, with respect to the 22 owners license authorized under paragraph (1) of 23 subsection (e-5) of Section 7 of this Act; or
- 24 (2) June 28, 2021 (24 months after the effective date of Public Act 101-31);
- 26 provided the initial adjustment year shall not commence

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- earlier than June 28, 2020 (12 months after the effective date of Public Act 101-31).
- "Final adjustment year" means the 2nd calendar year after the initial adjustment year, not including the initial adjustment year, and as may be extended further as described in this subsection (a-7).
- 7 "Annual adjustment cap" means 3% of adjusted gross 8 receipts in a particular calendar year, and as may be 9 increased further as otherwise described in this subsection 10 (a-7).
- 11 (a-8) Riverboat gambling operations conducted by a 12 licensed manager on behalf of the State are not subject to the 13 tax imposed under this Section.
 - (a-9) Beginning on January 1, 2020, the calculation of gross receipts or adjusted gross receipts, for the purposes of this Section, for a riverboat, a casino, or an organization gaming facility shall not include the dollar amount of non-cashable vouchers, coupons, and electronic promotions redeemed by wagerers upon the riverboat, in the casino, or in the organization gaming facility up to and including an amount not to exceed 20% of a riverboat's, a casino's, or an organization gaming facility's adjusted gross receipts. At the end of each month there shall be a reconciliation calculation dividing the total daily promotional costs by the total daily adjusted gross receipts to determine any adjustment to the daily credits not to exceed 20% of the monthly adjusted gross

receipts for each riverboat, casino, or organization gaming facility. Additionally, at the end of each calendar year there shall be a reconciliation calculation dividing the total annual promotional costs by the total annual adjusted gross receipts to determine any adjustment to the credits not to exceed 20% of the annual adjusted gross receipts for each riverboat, casino, or organization gaming facility. Any additional credits due shall be deducted from the next tax payments until all credits have been taken.

The Illinois Gaming Board shall submit to the General Assembly a comprehensive report no later than March 31, 2023 detailing, at a minimum, the effect of removing non-cashable vouchers, coupons, and electronic promotions from this calculation on net gaming revenues to the State in calendar years 2020 through 2022, the increase or reduction in wagerers as a result of removing non-cashable vouchers, coupons, and electronic promotions from this calculation, the effect of the tax rates in subsection (a-5) on net gaming revenues to this State, and proposed modifications to the calculation.

(a-10) The taxes imposed by this Section shall be paid by the licensed owner or the organization gaming licensee to the Board not later than 5:00 o'clock p.m. of the day after the day when the wagers were made.

(a-15) If the privilege tax imposed under subsection (a-3) is no longer imposed pursuant to item (i) of the last paragraph of subsection (a-3), then by June 15 of each year, each owners

licensee 1 licensee, other than an owners that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in calendar year 2004, must, in 2 3 addition to the payment of all amounts otherwise due under this Section, pay to the Board a reconciliation payment in the 5 amount, if any, by which the licensed owner's base amount exceeds the amount of net privilege tax paid by the licensed 6 7 owner to the Board in the then current State fiscal year. A 8 licensed owner's net privilege tax obligation due for the 9 balance of the State fiscal year shall be reduced up to the 10 total of the amount paid by the licensed owner in its June 15 11 reconciliation payment. The obligation imposed by this 12 subsection (a-15) is binding on any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that acquires an ownership interest in any 13 14 such owners license. The obligation imposed under this 15 subsection (a-15) terminates on the earliest of: (i) July 1, 16 2007, (ii) the first day after the effective date of this 17 amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly that riverboat gambling operations are conducted pursuant to a dormant 18 19 license, (iii) the first day that riverboat gambling 20 operations are conducted under the authority of an owners license that is in addition to the 10 owners licenses 21 22 initially authorized under this Act, or (iv) the first day 23 that a licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 conducts gaming operations with slot machines or other 24 gaming devices. 25 electronic The Board must reduce 26 obligation imposed under this subsection (a-15) by an amount

- 1 the Board deems reasonable for any of the following reasons:
- 2 (A) an act or acts of God, (B) an act of bioterrorism or
- 3 terrorism or a bioterrorism or terrorism threat that was
- 4 investigated by a law enforcement agency, or (C) a condition
- 5 beyond the control of the owners licensee that does not result
- 6 from any act or omission by the owners licensee or any of its
- 7 agents and that poses a hazardous threat to the health and
- 8 safety of patrons. If an owners licensee pays an amount in
- 9 excess of its liability under this Section, the Board shall
- 10 apply the overpayment to future payments required under this
- 11 Section.
- 12 For purposes of this subsection (a-15):
- "Act of God" means an incident caused by the operation of
- 14 an extraordinary force that cannot be foreseen, that cannot be
- avoided by the exercise of due care, and for which no person
- 16 can be held liable.
- "Base amount" means the following:
- 18 For a riverboat in Alton, \$31,000,000.
- 19 For a riverboat in East Peoria, \$43,000,000.
- For the Empress riverboat in Joliet, \$86,000,000.
- 21 For a riverboat in Metropolis, \$45,000,000.
- For the Harrah's riverboat in Joliet, \$114,000,000.
- 23 For a riverboat in Aurora, \$86,000,000.
- For a riverboat in East St. Louis, \$48,500,000.
- 25 For a riverboat in Elgin, \$198,000,000.
- 26 "Dormant license" has the meaning ascribed to it in

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1 subsection (a-3).

"Net privilege tax" means all privilege taxes paid by a licensed owner to the Board under this Section, less all payments made from the State Gaming Fund pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section.

The changes made to this subsection (a-15) by Public Act 94-839 are intended to restate and clarify the intent of Public Act 94-673 with respect to the amount of the payments required to be made under this subsection by an owners licensee to the Board.

(b) From the tax revenue from riverboat or casino gambling deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated by a riverboat or a casino, other than a riverboat or casino designated in paragraph (1), (3), or (4) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7, shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government in which the casino is located or that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, beginning on the first day that an owners licensee under paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 conducts gambling operations, either in a temporary facility or a permanent facility, and for 2 years thereafter, a unit of local government designated as the home dock of a riverboat whose license was issued before January 1, 2019, other than a riverboat conducting gambling operations in

the City of East St. Louis, shall not receive less under this subsection (b) than the amount the unit of local government received under this subsection (b) in calendar year 2018. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary and because the City of East St. Louis is a financially distressed city, beginning on the first day that an owners licensee under paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 conducts gambling operations, either in a temporary facility or a permanent facility, and for 10 years thereafter, a unit of local government designated as the home dock of a riverboat conducting gambling operations in the City of East St. Louis shall not receive less under this subsection (b) than the amount the unit of local government received under this subsection (b) in calendar year 2018.

From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund pursuant to riverboat or casino gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated pursuant to those riverboat or casino gambling operations shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat upon which those riverboat gambling operations are conducted or in which the casino is located.

From the tax revenue from riverboat or casino gambling deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of the adjusted gross receipts generated by

a riverboat designated in paragraph (3) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 shall be divided and remitted monthly, subject to appropriation, as follows: 70% to Waukegan, 10% to Park City,

15% to North Chicago, and 5% to Lake County.

From the tax revenue from riverboat or casino gambling deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of the adjusted gross receipts generated by a riverboat designated in paragraph (4) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 shall be remitted monthly, subject to appropriation, as follows: 70% to the City of Rockford, 5% to the City of Loves Park, 5% to the Village of Machesney, and 20% to Winnebago County.

From the tax revenue from riverboat or casino gambling deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of the adjusted gross receipts generated by a riverboat designated in paragraph (5) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 shall be remitted monthly, subject to appropriation, as follows: 2% to the unit of local government in which the riverboat or casino is located, and 3% shall be distributed: (A) in accordance with a regional capital development plan entered into by the following communities: Village of Beecher, City of Blue Island, Village of Burnham, City of Calumet City, Village of Calumet Park, City of Chicago Heights, City of Country Club Hills, Village of Crestwood, Village of Crete, Village of Dixmoor, Village of Dolton, Village of East Hazel Crest, Village of Flossmoor, Village of Ford Heights, Village

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of Glenwood, City of Harvey, Village of Hazel Crest, Village 1 2 of Homewood, Village of Lansing, Village of Lynwood, City of Markham, Village of Matteson, Village of Midlothian, Village 3 of Monee, City of Oak Forest, Village of Olympia Fields, 4 5 Village of Orland Hills, Village of Orland Park, City of Palos 6 Heights, Village of Park Forest, Village of Phoenix, Village of Posen, Village of Richton Park, Village of Riverdale, 7 8 Village of Robbins, Village of Sauk Village, Village of South 9 Chicago Heights, Village of South Holland, Village of Steger, 10 Village of Thornton, Village of Tinley Park, Village of 11 University Park and Village of Worth; or (B) if no regional 12 capital development plan exists, equally among the communities 13 listed in item (A) to be used for capital expenditures or public pension payments, or both. 14

Units of local government may refund any portion of the payment that they receive pursuant to this subsection (b) to the riverboat or casino.

(b-4) Beginning on the first day the licensee under paragraph (5) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 conducts gambling operations, either in a temporary facility or a permanent facility, and ending on July 31, 2042, from the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, \$5,000,000 shall be paid annually, subject to appropriation, to the host municipality of that owners licensee of a license issued or re-issued pursuant to Section 7.1 of this Act before January 1, 2012. Payments received by the host municipality

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pursuant to this subsection (b-4) may not be shared with any other unit of local government.

(b-5) Beginning on June 28, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-31), from the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 3% of adjusted gross receipts generated by each organization gaming facility located outside Madison County shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to a municipality other than the Village of Stickney in which each organization gaming facility is located or, if organization gaming facility is not located within municipality, to the county in which the organization gaming facility is located, except as otherwise provided in this Section. From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 3% of adjusted gross receipts generated by an organization gaming facility located in the Village of Stickney shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, as follows: 25% to the Village of Stickney, 5% to the City of Berwyn, 50% to the Town of Cicero, and 20% to the Stickney Public Health District.

From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated by an organization gaming facility located in the City of Collinsville shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, as follows: 30% to the

- City of Alton, 30% to the City of East St. Louis, and 40% to the City of Collinsville.
- Municipalities and counties may refund any portion of the payment that they receive pursuant to this subsection (b-5) to the organization gaming facility.
- 6 (b-6) Beginning on June 28, 2019 (the effective date of 7 Public Act 101-31), from the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 2% of 8 9 adjusted gross receipts generated by an organization gaming 10 facility located outside Madison County shall be paid monthly, 11 subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the 12 county in which the organization gaming facility is located 13 for the purposes of its criminal justice system or health care 14 system.
- 15 Counties may refund any portion of the payment that they
 16 receive pursuant to this subsection (b-6) to the organization
 17 gaming facility.
- (b-7) From the tax revenue from the organization gaming 18 licensee located in one of the following townships of Cook 19 20 County: Bloom, Bremen, Calumet, Orland, Rich, Thornton, or Worth, an amount equal to 5% of the adjusted gross receipts 21 22 generated by that organization gaming licensee shall be 23 remitted monthly, subject to appropriation, as follows: 2% to the unit of local government in which the organization gaming 24 25 licensee is located, and 3% shall be distributed: (A) in 26 accordance with a regional capital development plan entered

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into by the following communities: Village of Beecher, City of Blue Island, Village of Burnham, City of Calumet City, Village of Calumet Park, City of Chicago Heights, City of Country Club Hills, Village of Crestwood, Village of Crete, Village of Dixmoor, Village of Dolton, Village of East Hazel Crest, Village of Flossmoor, Village of Ford Heights, Village of Glenwood, City of Harvey, Village of Hazel Crest, Village of Homewood, Village of Lansing, Village of Lynwood, City of Markham, Village of Matteson, Village of Midlothian, Village of Monee, City of Oak Forest, Village of Olympia Fields, Village of Orland Hills, Village of Orland Park, City of Palos Heights, Village of Park Forest, Village of Phoenix, Village of Posen, Village of Richton Park, Village of Riverdale, Village of Robbins, Village of Sauk Village, Village of South Chicago Heights, Village of South Holland, Village of Steger, Village of Thornton, Village of Tinley Park, Village of University Park, and Village of Worth; or (B) if no regional capital development plan exists, equally among the communities listed in item (A) to be used for capital expenditures or public pension payments, or both.

(b-8) In lieu of the payments under subsection (b) of this Section, from the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund pursuant to riverboat or casino gambling operations conducted by an owners licensee under paragraph (1) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7, an amount equal to the tax revenue generated from the privilege tax imposed by paragraph

- (2) of subsection (a-5) that is to be paid to the City of Chicago shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, as follows: (1) an amount equal to 0.5% of the annual adjusted gross receipts generated by the owners licensee under paragraph (1) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 to the home rule county in which the owners licensee is located for the purpose of enhancing the county's criminal justice system; and (2) the balance to the City of Chicago and shall be expended or obligated by the City of Chicago for pension payments in accordance with Public Act 99-506.
 - (c) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly, may be made from the State Gaming Fund to the Board (i) for the administration and enforcement of this Act and the Video Gaming Act, (ii) for distribution to the Department of State Police and to the Department of Revenue for the enforcement of this Act and the Video Gaming Act, and (iii) to the Department of Human Services for the administration of programs to treat problem gambling, including problem gambling from sports wagering. The Board's annual appropriations request must separately state its funding needs for the regulation of gaming authorized under Section 7.7, riverboat gaming, casino gaming, video gaming, and sports wagering.
 - (c-2) An amount equal to 2% of the adjusted gross receipts generated by an organization gaming facility located within a home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants shall be paid, subject to appropriation from the

- 1 General Assembly, from the State Gaming Fund to the home rule
- 2 county in which the organization gaming licensee is located
- 3 for the purpose of enhancing the county's criminal justice
- 4 system.
- 5 (c-3) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly,
- 6 may be made from the tax revenue deposited into the State
- 7 Gaming Fund from organization gaming licensees pursuant to
- 8 this Section for the administration and enforcement of this
- 9 Act.
- 10 (c-4) After payments required under subsections (b),
- (b-5), (b-6), (b-7), (c), (c-2), and (c-3) have been made from
- 12 the tax revenue from organization gaming licensees deposited
- into the State Gaming Fund under this Section, all remaining
- 14 amounts from organization gaming licensees shall be
- transferred into the Capital Projects Fund.
- 16 (c-5) (Blank).
- 17 (c-10) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate
- 18 from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund
- an amount equal to the amount paid into the Horse Racing Equity
- 20 Fund pursuant to subsection (c-5) in the prior calendar year.
- 21 (c-15) After the payments required under subsections (b),
- (c), and (c-5) have been made, an amount equal to 2% of the
- 23 adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that
- relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners licensee
- 25 conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners
- license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3)

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- the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3, whichever comes first, shall be paid, subject to appropriation from the General Assembly, from the State Gaming Fund to each home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants for the purpose of enhancing the gounty a griminal
- 6 inhabitants for the purpose of enhancing the county's criminal justice system.
- 8 (c-20) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate 9 from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund 10 an amount equal to the amount paid to each home rule county 11 with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants pursuant to 12 subsection (c-15) in the prior calendar year.
 - (c-21) After the payments required under subsections (b), (b-4), (b-5), (b-6), (b-7), (b-8), (c), (c-3), and (c-4) have been made, an amount equal to 0.5% of the adjusted gross receipts generated by the owners licensee under paragraph (1) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation from the General Assembly, from the State Gaming Fund to the home rule county in which the owners licensee is located for the purpose of enhancing the county's criminal justice system.
- (c-22) After the payments required under subsections (b),

 (b-4), (b-5), (b-6), (b-7), (b-8), (c), (c-3), (c-4), and

 (c-21) have been made, an amount equal to 2% of the adjusted

 gross receipts generated by the owners licensee under

 paragraph (5) of subsection (e-5) of Section 7 shall be paid,

- 1 subject to appropriation from the General Assembly, from the
- 2 State Gaming Fund to the home rule county in which the owners
- 3 licensee is located for the purpose of enhancing the county's
- 4 criminal justice system.
- 5 (c-25) From July 1, 2013 and each July 1 thereafter
- 6 through July 1, 2019, \$1,600,000 shall be transferred from the
- 7 State Gaming Fund to the Chicago State University Education
- 8 Improvement Fund.
- 9 On July 1, 2020 and each July 1 thereafter, \$3,000,000
- shall be transferred from the State Gaming Fund to the Chicago
- 11 State University Education Improvement Fund.
- 12 (c-30) On July 1, 2013 or as soon as possible thereafter,
- \$92,000,000 shall be transferred from the State Gaming Fund to
- 14 the School Infrastructure Fund and \$23,000,000 shall be
- 15 transferred from the State Gaming Fund to the Horse Racing
- 16 Equity Fund.
- 17 (c-35) Beginning on July 1, 2013, in addition to any
- 18 amount transferred under subsection (c-30) of this Section,
- 19 \$5,530,000 shall be transferred monthly from the State Gaming
- 20 Fund to the School Infrastructure Fund.
- 21 (d) From time to time, the Board shall transfer the
- 22 remainder of the funds generated by this Act into the
- 23 Education Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of
- 24 the State of Illinois.
- 25 (e) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the unit of local
- 26 government designated as the home dock of the riverboat from

- 1 entering into agreements with other units of local government
- 2 in this State or in other states to share its portion of the
- 3 tax revenue.
- 4 (f) To the extent practicable, the Board shall administer
- 5 and collect the wagering taxes imposed by this Section in a
- 6 manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a,
- 7 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9, and 10 of
- 8 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the
- 9 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 101-31, Article 25, Section 25-910, eff.
- 11 6-28-19; 101-31, Article 35, Section 35-55, eff. 6-28-19;
- 12 101-648, eff. 6-30-20.)
- 13 Section 10. The Sports Wagering Act is amended by changing
- 14 Sections 25-15 and 25-90 as follows:
- 15 (230 ILCS 45/25-15)
- 16 Sec. 25-15. Board duties and powers.
- 17 (a) Except for sports wagering conducted under Section
- 18 25-70, the Board shall have the authority to regulate the
- 19 conduct of sports wagering under this Act.
- 20 (b) The Board may adopt any rules the Board considers
- 21 necessary for the successful implementation, administration,
- 22 and enforcement of this Act, except for Section 25-70. Rules
- 23 proposed by the Board may be adopted as emergency rules
- 24 pursuant to Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative

- 1 Procedure Act.
- (c) The Board shall levy and collect all fees, surcharges, civil penalties, and monthly taxes on adjusted gross sports wagering receipts imposed by this Act and deposit all moneys into the Sports Wagering Fund, except as otherwise provided under this Act.
 - (d) The Board may exercise any other powers necessary to enforce the provisions of this Act that it regulates and the rules of the Board.
 - (e) The Board shall adopt rules for a license to be employed by a master sports wagering licensee when the employee works in a designated gaming area that has sports wagering or performs duties in furtherance of or associated with the operation of sports wagering by the master sports wagering licensee (occupational license), which shall require an annual license fee of \$250. However, occupational licenses issued under the Illinois Gambling Act for employees of an owners license or organization gaming licensee, once granted, are considered equivalent licenses to work in sports wagering positions located at the same gaming facility. License fees shall be deposited into the State Gaming Fund and used for the administration of this Act.
 - (f) The Board may require that licensees share, in real time and at the sports wagering account level, information regarding a wagerer, amount and type of wager, the time the wager was placed, the location of the wager, including the

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Internet protocol address, if applicable, the outcome of the wager, and records of abnormal wagering activity. Information shared under this subsection (f) must be submitted in the form and manner as required by rule. If a sports governing body has notified the Board that real-time information sharing for wagers placed on its sports events is necessary and desirable, licensees may share the same information in the form and manner required by the Board by rule with the sports governing body or its designee with respect to wagers on its sports events subject to applicable federal, State, or local laws or regulations, including, without limitation, privacy laws and regulations. Such information may be provided in anonymized form and may be used by a sports governing body solely for integrity purposes. For purposes of this subsection (f), "real-time" means a commercially reasonable periodic interval.

(g) A master sports wagering licensee, professional sports league, or association, sports governing body, or institution of higher education may submit to the Board in writing a request to prohibit a type or form of wagering if the master sports wagering licensee, professional sports team, league, or association, sports governing body, or institution of higher education believes that such wagering by type or form is contrary to public policy, unfair to consumers, or affects the integrity of a particular sport or the sports betting industry. The Board shall grant the request upon a demonstration of good cause from the requester and

- consultation with licensees. The Board shall respond to a request pursuant to this subsection (g) concerning a particular event before the start of the event or, if it is not feasible to respond before the start of the event, as soon as
- 5 practicable.

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- (h) The Board and master sports wagering licensees may cooperate with investigations conducted by sports governing bodies or law enforcement agencies, including, but not limited to, providing and facilitating the provision of account-level betting information and audio or video files relating to persons placing wagers.
- 12 (i) A master sports wagering licensee shall make 13 commercially reasonable efforts to promptly notify the Board 14 any information relating to:
 - (1) criminal or disciplinary proceedings commenced against the master sports wagering licensee in connection with its operations;
 - (2) abnormal wagering activity or patterns that may indicate a concern with the integrity of a sports event or sports events;
 - (3) any potential breach of the relevant sports governing body's internal rules and codes of conduct pertaining to sports wagering that a licensee has knowledge of;
 - (4) any other conduct that corrupts a wagering outcome of a sports event or sports events for purposes of

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financial gain, including match fixing; and

2 (5) suspicious or illegal wagering activities,
3 including use of funds derived from illegal activity,
4 wagers to conceal or launder funds derived from illegal
5 activity, using agents to place wagers, and using false
6 identification.

A master sports wagering licensee shall also make commercially reasonable efforts to promptly report information relating to conduct described in paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection (i) to the relevant sports governing body.

- 11 (Source: P.A. 101-31, eff. 6-28-19.)
- 12 (230 ILCS 45/25-90)
- 13 Sec. 25-90. Tax; Sports Wagering Fund.
 - (a) For the privilege of holding a license to operate sports wagering under this Act, this State shall impose and collect 15% of a master sports wagering licensee's adjusted gross sports wagering receipts from sports wagering. The accrual method of accounting shall be used for purposes of calculating the amount of the tax owed by the licensee.
- The taxes levied and collected pursuant to this subsection

 (a) are due and payable to the Board no later than the last day

 of the month following the calendar month in which the

 adjusted gross sports wagering receipts were received and the

 tax obligation was accrued.
- 25 (a-5) In addition to the tax imposed under subsection (a)

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of this Section, for the privilege of holding a license to operate sports wagering under this Act, the State shall impose and collect 2% of the adjusted gross receipts from sports wagers that are placed within a home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants, which shall be paid, subject to appropriation from the General Assembly, from the Sports Wagering Fund to that home rule county for the purpose of enhancing the county's criminal justice system.

(a-10) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, the calculation of adjusted gross sports wagering receipts, for the purposes of this Section, for a master sports wagering licensee shall not include the dollar amount of non-cashable vouchers, coupons, and electronic promotions redeemed by wagerers upon the master sports wagering licensee up to and including an amount not to exceed 20% of a master sports wagering licensee's adjusted gross sports wagering receipts. At the end of each month there shall be a reconciliation calculation dividing the total daily promotional costs by the total daily adjusted gross sports wagering receipts to determine any adjustment to the daily credits not to exceed 20% of the monthly adjusted gross sports wagering receipts for each master sports wagering licensee. Additionally, at the end of each calendar year there shall be a reconciliation calculation dividing the total annual promotional costs by the total annual adjusted gross sports wagering receipts to determine any adjustment to the credits

- 1 not to exceed 20% of the annual adjusted gross sports wagering
- 2 receipts for each master sports wagering licensee. Any
- 3 <u>additional credits due shall be deducted from the next tax</u>
- 4 payments until all credits have been taken.
- 5 The Illinois Gaming Board shall submit to the General
- 6 Assembly a comprehensive report no later than March 31, 2025
- 7 detailing, at a minimum, the effect of removing non-cashable
- 8 vouchers, coupons, and electronic promotions from this
- 9 <u>calculation on net sports wagering revenues to the State in</u>
- 10 calendar years 2022 through 2024, the increase or reduction in
- 11 wagerers as a result of removing non-cashable vouchers,
- 12 coupons, and electronic promotions from this calculation, the
- 13 effect of the tax rates in subsection (a-5) on net sports
- 14 wagering revenues to this State, and proposed modifications to
- 15 the calculation.
- 16 (b) The Sports Wagering Fund is hereby created as special
- fund in the State treasury. Except as otherwise provided in
- 18 this Act, all moneys collected under this Act by the Board
- shall be deposited into the Sports Wagering Fund. On the 25th
- 20 of each month, any moneys remaining in the Sports Wagering
- 21 Fund shall be transferred to the Capital Projects Fund.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 101-31, eff. 6-28-19.)