

Sen. Julie A. Morrison

Filed: 4/9/2021

10200SB1904sam001

LRB102 11580 KTG 24979 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1904

2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend Senate Bill 1904 by replacing

3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act

is amended by changing Sections 7.8 and 7.14 as follows:

6 (325 ILCS 5/7.8)

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Sec. 7.8. Upon receiving an oral or written report of suspected child abuse or neglect, the Department shall immediately notify, either orally or electronically, the Child Protective Service Unit of a previous report concerning a subject of the present report or other pertinent information. In addition, upon satisfactory identification procedures, to be established by Department regulation, any person authorized to have access to records under Section 11.1 relating to child abuse and neglect may request and shall be immediately provided the information requested in accordance with this

- 1 Act. However, no information shall be released unless it
- 2 prominently states the report is "indicated", and only
- 3 information from "indicated" reports shall be released, except
- 4 that:
- 5 (1) Information information concerning pending reports may
- 6 be released pursuant to Sections 7.14 and 7.22 of this Act to
- 7 the attorney or guardian ad litem appointed under Section 2-17
- 8 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and to any person authorized
- 9 under paragraphs (1), (2), (3) and (11) of Section 11.1.
- 10 <u>(2)</u> In addition, State's Attorneys are authorized to
- 11 receive unfounded reports:
- 12  $\underline{\text{(A)}}$  for prosecution purposes related to the
- transmission of false reports of child abuse or neglect in
- violation of subsection (a), paragraph (7) of Section 26-1
- of the Criminal Code of 2012; or
- 16 (B) (ii) for the purposes of screening and prosecuting
- 17 a petition filed under Article II of the Juvenile Court
- 18 Act of 1987 alleging a subsequent allegation of abuse or
- 19 neglect relating to the same child, a sibling of the
- 20 child, <del>or</del> the same perpetrator, or a child or perpetrator
- in the same household as the child for whom the petition is
- 22 being filed. +
- 23 (3) The the parties to the proceedings filed under Article
- 24 II of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 are entitled to receive
- 25 copies of <del>previously</del> unfounded reports regarding the same
- 26 child, a sibling of the child, <del>or</del> the same perpetrator, or a

- 1 <u>child or perpetrator in the same household as the child</u> for
- 2 purposes of hearings under Sections 2-10 and 2-21 of the
- 3 Juvenile Court Act of 1987. 7
- 4 (4) Attorneys and attorneys and guardians ad litem
- 5 appointed under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987
- 6 shall receive the reports set forth in Section 7.14 of this Act
- 7 in conformance with paragraph (19) of Section 11.1 and Section
- 8 7.14 of this Act.
- 9 <u>(5)</u> The Department of Public Health shall receive
- 10 information from unfounded reports involving children alleged
- 11 to have been abused or neglected while hospitalized, including
- 12 while hospitalized in freestanding psychiatric hospitals
- 13 licensed by the Department of Public Health, as necessary for
- 14 the Department of Public Health to conduct its licensing
- 15 investigation.
- 16 <u>(6)</u> The Department is authorized and required to release
- information from unfounded reports, upon request by a person
- 18 who has access to the unfounded report as provided in this Act,
- 19 as necessary in its determination to protect children and
- 20 adult residents who are in child care facilities licensed by
- 21 the Department under the Child Care Act of 1969. The names and
- 22 other identifying data and the dates and the circumstances of
- 23 any persons requesting or receiving information from the
- 24 central register shall be entered in the register record.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 101-43, eff. 1-1-20.)

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1 (325 ILCS 5/7.14) (from Ch. 23, par. 2057.14)

Sec. 7.14. All reports in the central register shall be classified in one of three categories: "indicated", "unfounded" or "undetermined", as the case may be. Prior to classifying the report, the Department shall determine whether the report is subject to Department review under Section 7.22a. If the report is subject to Department review, the report shall not be classified as unfounded until the review is completed. Prior to classifying the report, the person making the classification shall determine whether the child named in the report is the subject of an action under Article V of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 who is in the custody or guardianship of the Department or who has an open intact family services case with the Department or is the subject of an action under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. If the child either is the subject of an action under Article V of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and is in the custody or guardianship of the Department or has an open intact family services case with the Department or is the subject of an action under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and the Department intends to classify the report as indicated, the Department shall, within 45 days of classification of the report, transmit a copy of the report to the attorney or quardian ad litem appointed for the child under Section 2-17 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or to a quardian ad litem appointed under Section 5-610 of the Juvenile Court Act of

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1987. If the child either is the subject of an action under Article V of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and is in the custody or quardianship of the Department or has an open intact family services case with the Department or is the subject of an action under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and the Department intends to classify the report as unfounded, the Department shall, within 45 days of deciding its intent to classify the report as unfounded, transmit a copy of the report and written notice of the Department's intent to the attorney or quardian ad litem appointed for the child under Section 2-17 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, or to a quardian ad litem appointed under Section 5-610 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. The Department's obligation under this Section to provide reports to a quardian ad litem appointed under Section 5-610 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for a minor with an open intact family services case applies only if the guardian ad litem notified the Department in writing of the representation. All information identifying the subjects of an unfounded report shall be expunded from the register forthwith, except as provided in Section 7.7. Unfounded reports may only be made available to the Child Protective Service Unit when investigating a subsequent report of suspected abuse or maltreatment involving a child named in the unfounded report; and to the subject of the report, provided the Department has not expunded the file accordance with Section 7.7. The Child Protective Service Unit

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shall not indicate the subsequent report solely based upon the the prior unfounded report or existence of reports. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, an unfounded report shall not be admissible in any judicial or administrative proceeding or action except for proceedings under Sections 2-10 and 2-21 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 involving a petition filed under Section 2-13 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 alleging abuse or neglect to the same child, a sibling of the child, or the same perpetrator, or a member of the child's household. Identifying information on all other records shall be removed from the register no later than 5 years after the report is indicated. However, if another report is received involving the same child, his sibling or offspring, or a child in the care of the persons responsible for the child's welfare, or involving the same alleged offender, the identifying information may be maintained in the register until 5 years after the subsequent case or report is closed.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, identifying information in indicated reports involving serious physical injury to a child as defined by the Department in rules, may be retained longer than 5 years after the report is indicated or after the subsequent case or report is closed, and may not be removed from the register except as provided by the Department in rules. Identifying information in indicated reports involving sexual penetration of a child, sexual

- 1 molestation of a child, sexual exploitation of a child,
- torture of a child, or the death of a child, as defined by the 2
- 3 Department in rules, shall be retained for a period of not less
- 4 than 50 years after the report is indicated or after the
- 5 subsequent case or report is closed.
- 6 For purposes of this Section, "child" includes an adult
- resident as defined in this Act. 7
- (Source: P.A. 100-158, eff. 1-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 8
- 9 101-528, eff. 8-23-19.)
- 10 Section 10. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- adding Section 2-8.1 as follows: 11
- 12 (705 ILCS 405/2-8.1 new)
- 13 Sec. 2-8.1. Notification of final finding on alleged abuse
- 14 or neglect. If, at the time the petition is filed, there is a
- report pending in accordance with the Abused and Neglected 15
- Child Reporting Act, involving the minor, a sibling of the 16
- 17 minor, a respondent to the petition, or a member of the minor's
- 18 household where the alleged abuse or neglect occurred, within
- 19 10 days after the report is classified the Department of
- 20 Children and Family Services shall notify the parties of the
- 21 final finding.
- 2.2 Section 15. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- 23 changing Section 2-31 as follows:

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- 1 (705 ILCS 405/2-31) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-31)
- 2 Sec. 2-31. Duration of wardship and discharge of proceedings.
  - (1) All proceedings under Article II of this Act in respect of any minor automatically terminate upon his or her attaining the age of 21 years.
  - (2) Whenever the court determines, and makes written factual findings, that health, safety, and the best interests of the minor and the public no longer require the wardship of the court, the court shall order the wardship terminated and all proceedings under this Act respecting that minor finally closed and discharged. <u>To terminate</u> wardship in accordance with this paragraph, the court shall consider a pending investigation in accordance with the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, if any, involving any person acting in a caretaker role in the minor's household, and make written factual findings that, despite the pending investigation, there is no risk of abuse or neglect to the minor, and it is in the minor's best interest to terminate wardship. The court may at the same time continue or terminate any custodianship or guardianship theretofore ordered but the termination must be made in compliance with Section 2-28. When terminating wardship under this Section, if the minor is over  $18_{7}$  or if wardship is terminated in conjunction with an order partially or completely emancipating the minor in accordance with the

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Emancipation of Minors Act, the court shall also consider the following factors, in addition to the health, safety, and best interest of the minor and the public: (A) the minor's wishes regarding case closure; (B) the manner in which the minor will maintain independence without services from the Department; (C) the minor's engagement in services including placement offered by the Department; (D) if the minor is not engaged, the Department's efforts to engage the minor; (E) the nature of communication between the minor and the Department; (F) the minor's involvement in other State systems or services; (G) the minor's connections with family and other community support; and (H) any other factor the court deems relevant. The minor's lack of cooperation with services provided by the Department of Children and Family Services shall not by itself be considered sufficient evidence that the minor is prepared to live independently and that it is in the best interest of the minor to terminate wardship. It shall not be in the minor's best interest to terminate wardship of a minor over the age of 18 who is in the quardianship of the Department of Children and Family Services if the Department has not made reasonable efforts to ensure that the minor has documents necessary for adult living as provided in Section 35.10 of the Children and Family Services Act.

(3) The wardship of the minor and any custodianship or guardianship respecting the minor for whom a petition was filed after July 24, 1991 (the effective date of Public Act

of the 101st General Assembly.

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- 1 87-14) this amendatory Act of 1991 automatically terminates 2 when he attains the age of 19 years, except as set forth in subsection (1) of this Section. The clerk of the court shall at 3 4 that time record all proceedings under this Act as finally 5 closed and discharged for that reason. The provisions of this 6 subsection (3) become inoperative on and after July 12, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-78) this amendatory Act 7
- 9 (4) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, 10 the changes made by Public Act 101-78 this amendatory Act of 11 the 101st General Assembly apply to all cases that are pending on or after July 12, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 12 101-78) this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly. 13
- (Source: P.A. 100-680, eff. 1-1-19; 101-78, eff. 7-12-19; 14 15 revised 9-12-19.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 16 17 becoming law, except that Section 10 takes effect on January 18 1, 2022.".