

Sen. Elgie R. Sims, Jr.

Filed: 4/1/2022

	10200SB1150sam002 LRB102 04951 HLH 38504 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1150
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 1150, AS AMENDED,
3	by inserting Article 10 in its proper numeric sequence as
4	follows:
5	"ARTICLE 10. GROCERY TAX EXEMPT
6	Section 10-5. The State Finance Act is amended by changing
7	Sections $6z-17$ and $6z-18$ and by adding Sections 5.970 and
8	6z-130 as follows:
9	(30 ILCS 105/5.970 new)
10	Sec. 5.970. The Grocery Tax Replacement Fund. This Section
11	is repealed January 1, 2024.
12	(30 ILCS $105/6z-17$) (from Ch. 127, par. $142z-17$)
13	Sec. 6z-17. State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund.
14	(a) After deducting the amount transferred to the Tax

1	Compliance and Administration Fund under subsection (b), of
2	the money paid into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund:
3	(i) subject to appropriation to the Department of Revenue,
4	Municipalities having 1,000,000 or more inhabitants shall
5	receive 20% and may expend such amount to fund and establish a
6	program for developing and coordinating public and private
7	resources targeted to meet the affordable housing needs of
8	low-income and very low-income households within such
9	municipality, (ii) 10% shall be transferred into the Regional
10	Transportation Authority Occupation and Use Tax Replacement
11	Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby
12	created, (iii) until July 1, 2013, subject to appropriation to
13	the Department of Transportation, the Madison County Mass
14	Transit District shall receive .6%, and beginning on July 1,
15	2013, subject to appropriation to the Department of Revenue,
16	0.6% shall be distributed each month out of the Fund to the
17	Madison County Mass Transit District, (iv) the following
18	amounts, plus any cumulative deficiency in such transfers for
19	prior months, shall be transferred monthly into the Build
20	Illinois Fund and credited to the Build Illinois Bond Account
21	therein:
22	Fiscal Year Amount
23	1990 \$2,700,000
24	1,850,000
25	1992 2,750,000
26	1993 2,950,000

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From Fiscal Year 1994 through Fiscal Year 2025 the transfer shall total \$3,150,000 monthly, plus any cumulative deficiency in such transfers for prior months, and (v) the remainder of the money paid into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be transferred into the Local Government Distributive Fund and, except for municipalities with 1,000,000 or more inhabitants which shall receive no portion remainder, shall be distributed, subject appropriation, in the manner provided by Section 2 of "An Act in relation to State revenue sharing with local government entities", approved July 31, 1969, as now or hereafter amended. Municipalities with more than 50,000 inhabitants according to the 1980 U.S. Census and located within the Metro East Mass Transit District receiving funds pursuant to provision (v) of this paragraph may expend such amounts to fund and establish a program for developing and coordinating public and private resources targeted to meet the affordable housing needs of low-income and very low-income households within such municipality.

Moneys transferred from the Grocery Tax Replacement Fund to the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund under Section 6z-130 shall be treated under this Section in the same manner as if they had been remitted with the return on which they were reported.

(b) Beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act

1 of the 98th General Assembly, each month the Department of Revenue shall certify to the State Comptroller and the State 3 Treasurer, and the State Comptroller shall order transferred 4 and the State Treasurer shall transfer from the State and 5 Local Sales Tax Reform Fund to the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 20% of 6 the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year 7 8 by the Audit Bureau of the Department of Revenue under the Use 9 Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax 10 Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local 11 occupation and use taxes administered by the Department. The amount distributed under subsection (a) each month shall first 12 13 be reduced by the amount transferred to the Tax Compliance and 14 Administration Fund under this subsection (b). Moneys 15 transferred to the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this subsection (b) 16 shall be used, subject 17 appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 98-44, eff. 6-28-13; 98-1098, eff. 8-26-14.)

20 (30 ILCS 105/6z-18) (from Ch. 127, par. 142z-18)

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Sec. 6z-18. Local Government Tax Fund. A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund from sales of tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act, which occurred in municipalities, shall be distributed to

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1 each municipality based upon the sales which occurred in that

municipality. The remainder shall be distributed to each

in county based upon the sales which occurred the

unincorporated area of that county.

Moneys transferred from the Grocery Tax Replacement Fund to the Local Government Tax Fund under Section 6z-130 shall be treated under this Section in the same manner as if they had been remitted with the return on which they were reported.

A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund from the 6.25% general use tax rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by any agency of this State's government shall be distributed to municipalities as provided in this paragraph. Each municipality shall receive the amount attributable to sales for which Illinois addresses for titling or registration purposes are given as being in such municipality. remainder of the money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund from such sales shall be distributed to counties. Each county shall receive the amount attributable to sales for which Illinois addresses for titling or registration purposes are given as being located in the unincorporated area of such county.

A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund from the 6.25% general rate (and, beginning July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel and

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gasohol, and beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, the 1.25% rate on sales tax holiday items) on sales subject to taxation under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act, which occurred in municipalities, shall be distributed to each municipality, based upon the sales which occurred in that municipality. The remainder shall be distributed to each county, based upon the sales which occurred in the unincorporated area of such county.

For the purpose of determining allocation to the local government unit, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund of money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund should be made to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in such notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the Local Government Tax Fund.

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As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district and deposited into the Local Government Tax Fund, less 3% of that amount, which shall be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund and shall be used by the Department, subject to appropriation, to cover the costs of the Department in administering the Innovation Development and Economy Act.

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities and counties, the municipalities and counties to be those entitled to distribution of taxes or penalties paid to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality or county shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda) collected during the second preceding calendar month by the Department and paid into the Local Government Tax Fund, plus an amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not

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including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, and not including any amount which the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts which are payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the municipality or county, and not including any amounts that are transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the municipalities and counties, provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in such certification.

When certifying the amount of monthly disbursement to a municipality or county under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease that amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the 6 months preceding the time a misallocation is discovered.

The provisions directing the distributions from the special fund in the State Treasury provided for in this Section shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation of all amounts as provided herein. The State Treasurer and State Comptroller are hereby authorized to make distributions as provided in this Section.

In construing any development, redevelopment, annexation,

- 1 preannexation or other lawful agreement in effect prior to
- September 1, 1990, which describes or refers to receipts from 2
- a county or municipal retailers' occupation tax, use tax or 3
- 4 service occupation tax which now cannot be imposed, such
- 5 description or reference shall be deemed to include the
- 6 replacement revenue for such abolished taxes, distributed from
- the Local Government Tax Fund. 7
- As soon as possible after the effective date of this 8
- 9 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, the State
- 10 Comptroller shall order and the State Treasurer shall transfer
- 11 \$6,600,000 from the Local Government Tax Fund to the Illinois
- State Medical Disciplinary Fund. 12
- 13 (Source: P.A. 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19.)
- 14 (30 ILCS 105/6z-130 new)
- 15 Sec. 6z-130. Grocery Tax Replacement Fund.
- (a) The Grocery Tax Replacement Fund is hereby created as 16
- 17 a special fund in the State Treasury.
- 18 (b) On the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
- 19 102nd General Assembly, or as soon thereafter as practical,
- but no later than June 30, 2022, the State Comptroller shall 20
- 21 direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer the sum of
- \$200,000,000 from the General Revenue Fund to the Grocery Tax 22
- 23 Replacement Fund.
- 24 (c) In addition to any other transfers that may be
- provided for by law, beginning on July 1, 2022 and until June 25

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30, 2023, at the direction of the Department of Revenue, the State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer from the Grocery Tax Replacement Fund to the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund any amounts needed to equal the net revenue that, but for the reduction of the rate to 0% in the Use Tax Act and Service Use Tax Act under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, would have been deposited into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund if the items that are subject to the rate reduction had been taxed at the 1% rate during the period of the reduction.

(d) In addition to any other transfers that may be provided for by law, beginning on July 1, 2022 and until June 30, 2023, at the direction of the Department of Revenue, the State Comptroller shall <u>direct and the State Treasurer shall</u> transfer from the Grocery Tax Replacement Fund to the Local Government Tax Fund any amounts needed to equal the net revenue that, but for the reduction of the rate to 0% in the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, would have been deposited into the Local Government Tax Fund if the items that are subject to the rate reduction had been taxed at the 1% rate during the period of the reduction.

(e) The State Comptroller shall direct and the State Treasurer shall transfer the remaining balance in the Grocery Tax Replacement Fund to the General Revenue Fund on June 30, 2023, or as soon thereafter as practical. Upon completion of

1 the transfer, the Grocery Tax Replacement Fund is dissolved.

2 (f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2024.

3 Section 10-10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing 4 Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

5 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

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Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of the tangible personal property. In all cases where property functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling price of the property. In all cases where functionally used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the price at which property would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that functionally used or consumed, or if there

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1 are no such sales by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of like kind and character in Illinois. 2

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1,

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2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the 1 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, 2 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no 3 4 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the 5 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 6 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time. 7

With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again January 1, 2023, with With respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until January 1, 2023, with respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption), the tax is imposed at the rate of 0%.

With respect to and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as

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Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability, and insulin, blood sugar testing materials, syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other

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provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan

- 1 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 2 3 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 4 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 5 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
- label includes: 7

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- (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or
- (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a 9 10 list of those ingredients contained in the compound, 11 substance or preparation.
 - Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
 - As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
 - If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a

- 1 reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior
- 2 out-of-state use.
- (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19; 3
- 4 102-4, eff. 4-27-21.)
- 5 (35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)
- Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, 6 7 and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency 8 of this State, each retailer required or authorized to collect 9 the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the 10 amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he is required to file his return for the period during 11 which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to 12 13 January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 14 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to 15 reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting 16 the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. The 17 discount under this Section is not allowed for the 1.25% 18 19 portion of taxes paid on aviation fuel that is subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 20 21 When determining the discount allowed under this Section retailers shall include the amount of tax that would 22 23 have been due at the 1% rate but for the 0% rate imposed under 24 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. In the case 25 of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by

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transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when such retailer files his periodic return. The discount allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of registration has become final. A retailer need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required to remit and does remit the tax imposed by the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the sale of the same property.

Where such tangible personal property is sold under a conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of the selling price actually received during such tax return period.

Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall

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be filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish such information as the Department may reasonably require. Such return shall include the gross receipts on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) which were received during the preceding calendar month, quarter, or year, as appropriate, and upon which tax would have been due but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. Such return shall also include the amount of tax that would have been due on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

On and after January 1, 2018, except for returns for motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, with respect to retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the

- 1 electronic filing requirement.
- 2 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
- 3 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
- 4 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
- 5 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
- taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 6
- of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before 7
- 8 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:
- 9 1. The name of the seller;
- 10 2. The address of the principal place of business from
- 11 which he engages in the business of selling tangible
- personal property at retail in this State; 12
- 13 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by
- 14 him during the preceding calendar month from sales of
- 15 tangible personal property by him during such preceding
- 16 calendar month, including receipts from charge and time
- sales, but less all deductions allowed by law; 17
- 18 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
- 19 Act;
- 20 5. The amount of tax due;
- 2.1 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 22 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
- 23 may require.
- 24 Each retailer required or authorized to collect the tax
- 25 imposed by this Act on aviation fuel sold at retail in this
- 26 State during the preceding calendar month shall, instead of

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reporting and paying tax on aviation fuel as otherwise required by this Section, report and pay such tax on a separate aviation fuel tax return. The requirements related to the return shall be as otherwise provided in this Section. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, retailers collecting tax on aviation fuel shall file all aviation fuel tax returns and shall make all aviation fuel tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the Department. For purposes of this Section, "aviation fuel" means jet fuel and aviation gasoline.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, retailers subject to tax on cannabis shall file all cannabis tax returns and shall make all cannabis tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the Department.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a

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taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

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All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred.

1 If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall be in an amount 2 equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month 3 4 or an amount set by the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the 5 average monthly liability of the taxpayer to the Department 6 for the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability 7 in such 4 quarter period). If the month during which such tax 8 9 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985, and 10 prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount 11 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 12 13 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 14 15 January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment 16 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability 17 for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month 18 during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 19 20 January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or 21 after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal 22 to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 23 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of 24 the preceding year. If the month during which such tax 25 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount 26

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equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the

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month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis.

If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds

the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers'

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Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return, the Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the Department in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued, unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly

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return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February, and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

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In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, except as otherwise provided in this Section, every retailer selling this kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible personal property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard motor.

In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, every person who is engaged in the

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business of leasing or renting such items and who, in connection with such business, sells any such item to a retailer for the purpose of resale is, notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, authorized to meet the return-filing requirement of this Act by reporting the transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transferred for resale during a month to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form on or before the 20th of the month following the month in which the transfer takes place. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, all returns filed under this paragraph must be filed by electronic means in the manner and form as required by the Department.

The transaction reporting return in the case of motor vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to

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such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later

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than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or State officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) if the Department and such agency or State officer determine this procedure will expedite the processing of applications for title or registration.

With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the

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retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and

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the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer, but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected from the retailer filing such return, and such retailer shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable retailers, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax

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1 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both Acts on the one form. 2

Where the retailer has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration under this Act, such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax imposed under this Act.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property, other than (i) tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an

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1 agency of this State's government and (ii) aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. This exception for aviation fuel 2 3 only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 4 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

For aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, each month the Department shall pay into the State Aviation Program Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of aviation fuel, less an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 20% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act, which amount shall be deposited into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the State Aviation Program Fund and the Aviation Fuels Sales Tax Refund Fund under this Act for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of sales tax holiday items.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue

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1 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is 2 3 purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which 4 is titled or registered by an agency of this State's 5 government.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground

Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called

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the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture

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securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited

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1 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim 2 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act. 3

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

16	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
17	1993	\$0
18	1994	53,000,000
19	1995	58,000,000
20	1996	61,000,000
21	1997	64,000,000
22	1998	68,000,000
23	1999	71,000,000
24	2000	75,000,000
25	2001	80,000,000
26	2002	93,000,000

1	2003	99,000,000
2	2004	103,000,000
3	2005	108,000,000
4	2006	113,000,000
5	2007	119,000,000
6	2008	126,000,000
7	2009	132,000,000
8	2010	139,000,000
9	2011	146,000,000
10	2012	153,000,000
11	2013	161,000,000
12	2014	170,000,000
13	2015	179,000,000
14	2016	189,000,000
15	2017	199,000,000
16	2018	210,000,000
17	2019	221,000,000
18	2020	233,000,000
19	2021	300,000,000
20	2022	300,000,000
21	2023	300,000,000
22	2024	300,000,000
23	2025	300,000,000
24	2026	300,000,000
25	2027	375,000,000
26	2028	375,000,000

1	2029	375,000,000
2	2030	375,000,000
3	2031	375,000,000
4	2032	375,000,000
5	2033	375,000,000
6	2034	375,000,000
7	2035	375,000,000
8	2036	450,000,000
9	and	
10	each fiscal year	
11	thereafter that bonds	
12	are outstanding under	
13	Section 13.2 of the	
14	Metropolitan Pier and	
15	Exposition Authority Act,	
16	but not after fiscal year 2060.	

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project

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1 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but

not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total

3 Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Capital Projects Fund, the Clean Air Act Permit Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, for aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, the Department shall each month deposit into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 80% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act. The Department shall only deposit moneys into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this paragraph for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the

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preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year

- 1 by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act,
- 2 the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
- 3 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation
- 4 and use taxes administered by the Department.
- 5 Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois
- 6 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois
- 7 Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the
- 8 Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this
- 9 Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay
- 10 each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the
- 11 moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the
- 12 Downstate Public Transportation Act.
- 13 Subject to successful execution and delivery of
- 14 public-private agreement between the public agency and private
- 15 entity and completion of the civic build, beginning on July 1,
- 16 2023, of the remainder of the moneys received by the
- 17 Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the
- 18 Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, the Department shall
- deposit the following specified deposits in the aggregate from
- 20 collections under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the
- 21 Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax
- 22 Act, as required under Section 8.25g of the State Finance Act
- 23 for distribution consistent with the Public-Private
- 24 Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
- 25 The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and
- 26 required to be deposited into the Civic and Transit

1	Infrastructure Fund are subject to the pledge, claim, and
2	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private
3	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
4	As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity",
5	"public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the
6	meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private
7	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
8	Fiscal Year Total Deposit
9	2024 \$200,000,000
10	2025 \$206,000,000
11	2026 \$212,200,000
12	2027 \$218,500,000
13	2028 \$225,100,000
14	2029 \$288,700,000
15	2030 \$298,900,000
16	2031 \$309,300,000
17	2032 \$320,100,000
18	2033 \$331,200,000
19	2034 \$341,200,000
20	2035 \$351,400,000
21	2036 \$361,900,000
22	2037 \$372,800,000
23	2038 \$384,000,000
24	2039 \$395,500,000
25	2040 \$407,400,000
26	2041 \$419,600,000

1	2042 \$432,200,000
2	2043 \$445,100,000
3	Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to
4	the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax
5	Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place
6	Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the
7	Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and
8	Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the
9	Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount
10	estimated to represent 16% of the net revenue realized from
11	the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1,
12	2022 and until July 1, 2023, subject to the payment of amounts
13	into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build
14	Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the
15	Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund,
16	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in
17	this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the
18	Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 32% of the net
19	revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and
20	gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2023 and until July 1, 2024,
21	subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local
22	Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick
23	Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund,
24	the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and
25	Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the
26	Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount

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estimated to represent 48% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2024 and until July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 64% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning on July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Illinois the Tax Increment Fund, the Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 80% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph "motor fuel" has the meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Act, and "gasohol" has the meaning given to that term in Section 3-40 of this Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of

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1 the monthly transfer from the General Revenue accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act. 2

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

- (Source: P.A. 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 7-1-18; 2.1
- 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, Article 22
- 15, Section 15-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-10, Article 25, Section 23
- 25-105, eff. 6-5-19; 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-32, eff. 24
- 25 6-28-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19; 101-636, eff. 6-10-20.)

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Section 10-15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by 1 changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows: 2

(35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined

thereafter.

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in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply 1 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 2 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 3 4 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

At the election of any registered serviceman made for each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual

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cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of those services.

Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again January 1, 2023, the The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again January 1, 2023, the The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph).

Beginning July 1, 2022 and until January 1, 2023, the tax

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shall be imposed at the rate of 0% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until January 1, 2023, the tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 0% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph).

The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability, and insulin, blood sugar testing materials, syringes, and needles used by human diabetics. For the purposes of this Section, until September

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1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold

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through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

- 1 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
- list of those ingredients contained in the compound, 2
- 3 substance or preparation.
- Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public 4
- 5 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
- drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered 6
- dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical 7
- 8 Cannabis Program Act.
- 9 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
- 10 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
- 11 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
- and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the 12
- 13 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
- 14 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is
- 15 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before
- 16 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under
- this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed 17
- 18 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable
- 19 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior
- 20 out-of-state use.
- (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19; 2.1
- 102-4, eff. 4-27-21; 102-16, eff. 6-17-21.) 22
- 23 (35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)
- 24 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect
- 25 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount

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of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he is required to file his return for the period during which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. When determining the discount allowed under this Section servicemen shall include the amount of tax that would have been due at the 1% rate but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. The discount under this Section is not allowed for the 1.25% portion of taxes paid on aviation fuel that is subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133. The discount allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of registration has become final. A serviceman need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service involving the incidental transfer by him of the same property.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or

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before the twentieth day of each calendar month, serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require. Such return shall include the gross receipts which were received during the preceding calendar month or quarter on the following items upon which tax would have been due but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly: (i) food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption); and (ii) food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. Such return shall also include the amount of tax that would have been due on the items listed in the previous sentence but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

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On and after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

- 1. The name of the seller;
- 2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;
- 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;
- 23 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this 24 Act;
- 25 5. The amount of tax due;
- 26 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

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1 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department 2 may require.

Each serviceman required or authorized to collect the tax imposed by this Act on aviation fuel transferred as an incident of a sale of service in this State during the preceding calendar month shall, instead of reporting and paying tax on aviation fuel as otherwise required by this Section, report and pay such tax on a separate aviation fuel tax return. The requirements related to the return shall be as otherwise provided in this Section. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, servicemen collecting tax on aviation fuel shall file all aviation fuel tax returns and shall make all aviation fuel tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the Department. For purposes of this Section, "aviation fuel" means jet fuel and aviation gasoline.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, servicemen subject to tax on cannabis shall file all cannabis tax returns and shall make all cannabis tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the Department.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average

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monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the

Department shall notify all taxpayers required to

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- payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those
- 3 payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly

- 1 tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the
- Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual 2
- 3 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20
- 4 of the following year.
- 5 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
- substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as 6
- 7 monthly returns.
- 8 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
- the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the 9
- 10 case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of
- 11 business which makes him responsible for filing returns under
- this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this 12
- 13 Act with the Department not more than 1 month after
- 14 discontinuing such business.
- 15 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the
- 16 selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser
- thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds 17
- the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman 18
- 19 shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from
- 20 the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which
- 2.1 he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may
- deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the 22
- 23 purchaser from any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation
- 24 Tax, retailers' occupation tax or use tax which
- 25 serviceman may be required to pay or remit to the Department,
- 26 as shown by such return, provided that the amount of the tax to

- 1 be deducted shall previously have been remitted to the
- Department by such serviceman. If the serviceman shall not 2
- previously have remitted the amount of such tax to the 3
- 4 Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder
- 5 upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.
- Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also 6
- include the total tax upon the selling price of tangible 7
- 8 personal property purchased for use by him as an incident to a
- 9 sale of service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of
- 10 such tax to the Department when filing such return.
- 11 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the
- Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint 12
- 13 return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file
- returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax 14
- 15 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both
- 16 Acts on the one form.
- Where the serviceman has more than one business registered 17
- 18 with the Department under separate registration hereunder,
- such serviceman shall not file each return that is due as a 19
- 20 single return covering all such registered businesses, but
- 2.1 shall file separate returns for each such registered business.
- Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 22
- 23 pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in
- 24 the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the preceding
- 25 month from the 1% tax imposed under this Act.
- Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 26

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pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other than (i) tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government and (ii) aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

For aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, each month the Department shall pay into the State Aviation Program Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of aviation fuel, less an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 20% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act, which amount shall be deposited into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the State Aviation Program Fund and the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this Act for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

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Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, this Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the

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State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less

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than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from

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the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place

Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years. 1

2	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
3	1993	\$0
4	1994	53,000,000
5	1995	58,000,000
6	1996	61,000,000
7	1997	64,000,000
8	1998	68,000,000
9	1999	71,000,000
10	2000	75,000,000
11	2001	80,000,000
12	2002	93,000,000
13	2003	99,000,000
14	2004	103,000,000
15	2005	108,000,000
16	2006	113,000,000
17	2007	119,000,000
18	2008	126,000,000
19	2009	132,000,000
20	2010	139,000,000
21	2011	146,000,000
22	2012	153,000,000
23	2013	161,000,000
24	2014	170,000,000
25	2015	179,000,000

1	2016	189,000,000
2	2017	199,000,000
3	2018	210,000,000
4	2019	221,000,000
5	2020	233,000,000
6	2021	300,000,000
7	2022	300,000,000
8	2023	300,000,000
9	2024	300,000,000
10	2025	300,000,000
11	2026	300,000,000
12	2027	375,000,000
13	2028	375,000,000
14	2029	375,000,000
15	2030	375,000,000
16	2031	375,000,000
17	2032	375,000,000
18	2033	375,000,000
19	2034	375,000,000
20	2035	375,000,000
21	2036	450,000,000
22	and	
23	each fiscal year	
24	thereafter that bonds	
25	are outstanding under	
26	Section 13.2 of the	

1 Metropolitan Pier and

Exposition Authority Act,

but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Capital Projects Fund, the Clean Air Act Permit Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, for aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, the Department shall each month deposit into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 80% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act. The Department shall only deposit moneys into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund

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under this paragraph for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois

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Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate Public Transportation Act.

Subject to successful execution and delivery of a

1	public-private agreement between the public agency and private
2	entity and completion of the civic build, beginning on July 1,
3	2023, of the remainder of the moneys received by the
4	Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the
5	Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, the Department shall
6	deposit the following specified deposits in the aggregate from
7	collections under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the
8	Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax
9	Act, as required under Section 8.25g of the State Finance Act
10	for distribution consistent with the Public-Private
11	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
12	The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and
13	required to be deposited into the Civic and Transit
14	Infrastructure Fund are subject to the pledge, claim, and
14 15	Infrastructure Fund are subject to the pledge, claim, and charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private
15	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private
15 16	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
15 16 17	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity",
15 16 17 18	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity", "public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the
15 16 17 18 19	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity", "public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private
15 16 17 18 19 20	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity", "public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity", "public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. Fiscal Year
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity", "public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. Fiscal Year
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity", "public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. Fiscal Year

1	2029\$288,700,000
2	2030 \$298,900,000
3	2031 \$309,300,000
4	2032 \$320,100,000
5	2033 \$331,200,000
6	2034\$341,200,000
7	2035\$351,400,000
8	2036\$361,900,000
9	2037 \$372,800,000
10	2038 \$384,000,000
11	2039 \$395,500,000
12	2040 \$407,400,000
13	2041 \$419,600,000
14	2042 \$432,200,000
15	2043 \$445,100,000
16	Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to
17	the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax
18	Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place
19	Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the
20	Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and
21	Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the
22	Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount
23	estimated to represent 16% of the net revenue realized from
24	the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1,
25	2022 and until July 1, 2023, subject to the payment of amounts
26	into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build

1 Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, 2 3 and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in 4 this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the 5 Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 32% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and 6 gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2023 and until July 1, 2024, 7 8 subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local 9 Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick 10 Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, 11 the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund provided Section, 12 as in this 13 Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 48% of the net revenue realized from 14 15 the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 16 2024 and until July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build 17 18 Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, 19 20 and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in 2.1 this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the 22 Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 64% of the net 23 revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and 24 gasohol. Beginning on July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of 25 amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project 26

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Illinois Tax Increment Fund, Fund, the the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 80% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph "motor fuel" has the meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Act, and "gasohol" has the meaning given to that term in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for

- 1 overpayment of liability.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 7-1-18;
- 3 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, Article
- 4 15, Section 15-15, eff. 6-5-19; 101-10, Article 25, Section
- 5 25-110, eff. 6-5-19; 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-32, eff.
- 6 6-28-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19; 101-636, eff. 6-10-20.)
- 7 Section 10-20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended
- 8 by changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:
- 9 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)
- 10 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
- 11 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
- the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use
- 13 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of
- 14 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be
- 15 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible
- 16 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item
- of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a
- sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on
- 19 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the
- 20 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the
- 21 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the
- 22 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,
- 23 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and
- 24 produce special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed

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1 by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of

the tangible personal property transferred incident to the

3 completion of the contract.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of

the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the cost price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel,

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the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

At the election of any registered serviceman made for each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the

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1 serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to the sale of those services. 2

Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again January 1, 2023, the The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Use Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again January 1, 2023, the $\frac{1}{2}$ tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph).

Beginning July 1, 2022 and until January 1, 2023, the tax shall be imposed at the rate of 0% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Use Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized

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Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until January 1, 2023, the tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 0% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph).

The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to a prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability, and insulin, blood sugar testing materials, syringes, and needles used by human diabetics. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or

- 1 container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not
- include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, 2
- milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized 3
- 4 Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more
- 5 natural fruit or vegetable juice.
- 6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this
- beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic 7
- beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft 8
- 9 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
- 10 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
- 11 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.
- Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 12
- 13 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
- be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 14
- 15 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
- 16 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
- regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 17
- August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 18
- this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 19
- 20 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
- 2.1 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
- 22 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
- 23 regardless of the location of the vending machine.
- 24 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this
- 25 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
- 26 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not

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include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

- (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or
- 21 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a 22 list of those ingredients contained in the compound, 23 substance or preparation.

Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered

- 1 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
- 2 Cannabis Program Act.
- 3 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
- 4 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
- 5 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
- 6 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
- Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act. 7
- (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19; 8
- 9 102-4, eff. 4-27-21; 102-16, eff. 6-17-21.)
- 10 (35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)
- Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect 11
- 12 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount
- of such tax at the time when he is required to file his return 13
- 14 for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a
- 15 discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and
- after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is 16
- greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for 17
- expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, 18
- 19 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying
- 20 data to the Department on request. When determining the
- 21 discount allowed under this Section servicemen shall include
- 22 the amount of tax that would have been due at the 1% rate but
- 23 for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd
- 24 General Assembly. The discount under this Section is not
- 25 allowed for the 1.25% portion of taxes paid on aviation fuel

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1 that is subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C.

2 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133. The discount allowed under this

Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the

manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the

discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration is

6 revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the

7 Department's decision to revoke the certificate of

registration has become final.

Where such tangible personal property is sold under a conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may collect, for each tax return period, only the tax applicable to the part of the selling price actually received during such tax return period.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require. Such return shall include the gross receipts which were received during the preceding calendar month or quarter on the following items upon which tax would have been due but

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for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly: (i) food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption); and (ii) food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. Such return shall also include the amount of tax that would have been due on the items listed in the previous sentence but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

On and after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar

- 1 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the
- calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The 2
- 3 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
- 4 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
- 5 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:
 - 1. The name of the seller;
- 2. The address of the principal place of business from 7
- 8 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this
- 9 State:

- 10 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by
- him during the preceding calendar month, 11 including
- receipts from charge and time sales, but less all 12
- 13 deductions allowed by law;
- 14 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
- 15 Act;
- 16 5. The amount of tax due;
- 17 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department 18
- 19 may require.
- 20 Each serviceman required or authorized to collect the tax
- 2.1 herein imposed on aviation fuel acquired as an incident to the
- 22 purchase of a service in this State during the preceding
- 23 calendar month shall, instead of reporting and paying tax as
- 24 otherwise required by this Section, report and pay such tax on
- 25 a separate aviation fuel tax return. The requirements related
- 26 to the return shall be as otherwise provided in this Section.

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1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, servicemen transferring aviation fuel incident to 2 sales of service shall file all aviation fuel tax returns and 3 4 shall make all aviation fuel tax payments by electronic means 5 in the manner and form required by the Department. For purposes of this Section, "aviation fuel" means jet fuel and 6 7 aviation gasoline.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, servicemen subject to tax on cannabis shall file all cannabis tax returns and shall make all cannabis tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the Department.

Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 2004 a serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted prior to October 1, 2003 or on or after September 1, 2004 by a serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service

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Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

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Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the

immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and

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the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all the return information required by all said Acts on the one form.

Where the serviceman has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registrations hereunder, such serviceman shall file separate returns for each registered business.

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Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax imposed under this Act.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on sales of tangible personal property other than aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property other than aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. This exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

For aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, each month the Department shall pay into the State Aviation Program Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month

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1 from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of aviation fuel, less an amount estimated by the Department to be 2 required for refunds of the 20% portion of the tax on aviation 3 4 fuel under this Act, which amount shall be deposited into the 5 Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the State Aviation Program Fund and the 6 Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this Act for so long 7 as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 8 9 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, this Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case

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may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build

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Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim

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and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 1 2 Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

15	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
16	1993	\$0
17	1994	53,000,000
18	1995	58,000,000
19	1996	61,000,000
20	1997	64,000,000
21	1998	68,000,000
22	1999	71,000,000
23	2000	75,000,000
24	2001	80,000,000
25	2002	93,000,000

1	2003	99,000,000
2	2004	103,000,000
3	2005	108,000,000
4	2006	113,000,000
5	2007	119,000,000
6	2008	126,000,000
7	2009	132,000,000
8	2010	139,000,000
9	2011	146,000,000
10	2012	153,000,000
11	2013	161,000,000
12	2014	170,000,000
13	2015	179,000,000
14	2016	189,000,000
15	2017	199,000,000
16	2018	210,000,000
17	2019	221,000,000
18	2020	233,000,000
19	2021	300,000,000
20	2022	300,000,000
21	2023	300,000,000
22	2024	300,000,000
23	2025	300,000,000
24	2026	300,000,000
25	2027	375,000,000
26	2028	375,000,000

1	2029	375,000,000
2	2030	375,000,000
3	2031	375,000,000
4	2032	375,000,000
5	2033	375,000,000
6	2034	375,000,000
7	2035	375,000,000
8	2036	450,000,000
9	and	
10	each fiscal year	
11	thereafter that bonds	
12	are outstanding under	
13	Section 13.2 of the	
14	Metropolitan Pier and	
15	Exposition Authority Act,	
16	but not after fiscal year 2060.	

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project

1 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but

2 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total

3 Deposit", has been deposited.

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Subject to payment of amounts into the Capital Projects Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, for aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, the Department shall each month deposit into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 80% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act. The Department shall only deposit moneys into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this paragraph for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter

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enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act,

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1 the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the

Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation

3 and use taxes administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate Public Transportation Act.

Subject to successful execution and delivery of public-private agreement between the public agency and private entity and completion of the civic build, beginning on July 1, 2023, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, the Department shall deposit the following specified deposits in the aggregate from collections under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, as required under Section 8.25g of the State Finance Act Public-Private distribution consistent with the Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Civic and Transit Infrastructure Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and

1	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private
2	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
3	As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity",
4	"public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the
5	meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private
6	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
7	Fiscal Year Total Deposit
8	2024 \$200,000,000
9	2025 \$206,000,000
10	2026 \$212,200,000
11	2027 \$218,500,000
12	2028 \$225,100,000
13	2029 \$288,700,000
14	2030 \$298,900,000
15	2031 \$309,300,000
16	2032 \$320,100,000
17	2033 \$331,200,000
18	2034 \$341,200,000
19	2035 \$351,400,000
20	2036 \$361,900,000
21	2037 \$372,800,000
22	2038 \$384,000,000
23	2039 \$395,500,000
24	2040 \$407,400,000
25	2041 \$419,600,000
26	2042 \$432,200,000

1 2043 \$445,100,000 Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to 2 the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit 3 4 District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build 5 Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the 6 Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in 7 8 this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the 9 Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the net 10 revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, 11 subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass 12 13 Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the 14 Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project 15 the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the 16 Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay 17 each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to 18 represent 32% of the net revenue realized from the taxes 19 20 imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2023 and 2.1 until July 1, 2024, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government 22 Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place 23 24 Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the 25 Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance 26 Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the

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1 Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 48% of the net revenue realized from 2 3 the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 4 2024 and until July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts 5 into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick 6 Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, 7 the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and 8 9 Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the 10 Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount 11 estimated to represent 64% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning on July 12 13 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and 14 Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the 15 Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project 16 Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the the 17 Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay 18 each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to 19 20 represent 80% of the net revenue realized from the taxes 21 imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph 22 "motor fuel" has the meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Act, and "gasohol" has the meaning given 23 24 to that term in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department

pursuant to this Act, 75% shall be paid into the General

Finance Act.

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Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and closing inventories of such goods for such year, cost of goods used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the taxpayer's business during such year and any additional reasonable information which the Department deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly

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- 1 or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore provided for in this Section.
- If the annual information return required by this Section 3 4 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable 5 as follows:
 - (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by the annual return for each month or fraction of a month until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other penalty provided for in this Act.
 - (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the Department shall include a warning that the person signing the return may be liable for perjury.

The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman who is not required to file an income tax return

1 with the United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, and who wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

- 21 (Source: P.A. 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 7-1-18;
- 22 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, Article
- 23 15, Section 15-20, eff. 6-5-19; 101-10, Article 25, Section
- 24 25-115, eff. 6-5-19; 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-32, eff.
- 25 6-28-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19; 101-636, eff. 6-10-20.)

- Section 10-25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 2-10 and 3 as follows:
- 3 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

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- Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this

 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of

 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made

 in the course of business.
- Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.
- Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.
 - Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to

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customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each

retail premises where a violation occurs.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with

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no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

Until July 1, 2022 and beginning again January 1, 2023, with With respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until January 1, 2023, with respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption), the tax is imposed at the rate of 0%.

With respect to and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to

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a prescription, as well as any accessories and components related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a disability, and insulin, blood sugar testing materials, syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all

food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the

- definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
- this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
- 3 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
- 4 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
- 5 label includes:
- 6 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or
- 7 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
- 8 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
- 9 substance or preparation.
- 10 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
- 11 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
- 12 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from
- 13 a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate
- 14 Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
- 15 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
- 16 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
- 17 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
- 18 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
- 19 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 101-363, eff. 8-9-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19;
- 21 102-4, eff. 4-27-21.)
- 22 (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)
- Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before
- the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged
- 25 in the business of selling tangible personal property at

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- retail in this State during the preceding calendar month shall 1 file a return with the Department, stating: 2
 - 1. The name of the seller;
 - 2. His residence address and the address of principal place of business and the address of principal place of business (if that is a different address) from which he engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State;
 - 3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be, from sales of tangible personal property, and from services furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or quarter;
 - 4. Total amount received by him during the preceding calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of tangible personal property, and from services furnished, by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return is filed;
 - 5. Deductions allowed by law;
 - 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of which the tax is imposed, including gross receipts on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate

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1	consumption)	which	were	receive	ed during	the	prece	eding
2	calendar mont	th or g	uarter	and up	oon which	tax	would	have
3	been due but	for the	0% rat	te impos	sed under	this	amenda	atory
1	Act of the 10	2nd Gene	eral As	sembly;				

- 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this Act;
- 8. The amount of tax due, including the amount of tax that would have been due on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly;
 - 9. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 16 10. Such other reasonable information as the
 17 Department may require.

On and after January 1, 2018, except for returns for motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, with respect to retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

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1 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 2 3 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 4 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is claimed.

Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase Purchaser Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to

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- 1 satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including 2 any audit liability.
 - The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:
 - 1. The name of the seller;
 - 2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State;
 - 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;
- 19 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this 20 Act;
 - 5. The amount of tax due; and
- 22 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department 23 may require.
- 24 Every person engaged in the business of selling aviation 25 fuel at retail in this State during the preceding calendar 26 month shall, instead of reporting and paying tax as otherwise

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required by this Section, report and pay such tax on a separate aviation fuel tax return. The requirements related to the return shall be as otherwise provided in this Section. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to contrary, retailers selling aviation fuel shall file all aviation fuel tax returns and shall make all aviation fuel tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the Department. For purposes of this Section, "aviation fuel" means jet fuel and aviation gasoline.

Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer, as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month and such other information as is reasonably required by the Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the Liquor Control Act of 1934.

Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with

1 the Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month for the preceding month during which transactions 2 occurred, by electronic means, showing the total amount of 3 4 gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or 5 distributed during the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to whom it was sold or distributed; 6 the purchaser's tax registration number; and such other 7 8 information reasonably required by the Department. 9 distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer 10 alcoholic liquor must personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to each retailer listed on the monthly 11 statement a report containing a cumulative total of that 12 13 distributor's, importing distributor's, or manufacturer's 14 total sales of alcoholic liquor to that retailer no later than 15 the 10th day of the month for the preceding month during which 16 transaction occurred. The distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall notify the retailer as to 17 the method by which the distributor, importing distributor, or 18 19 manufacturer will provide the sales information. If 20 retailer is unable to receive the sales information by 2.1 electronic means, the distributor, importing distributor, or 22 manufacturer shall furnish the sales information by personal 23 delivery or by mail. For purposes of this paragraph, the term 24 "electronic means" includes, but is not limited to, the use of 25 a secure Internet website, e-mail, or facsimile.

26 If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or 1 creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less

than 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or

3 more.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, retailers subject to tax on cannabis shall file all cannabis tax returns and shall make all cannabis tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the Department.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities

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1 under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the 2 immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning 3 4 on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the 5 amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the 6 Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. 7

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a

- 1 dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest
- whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is 2
- less than 50 cents. 3
- 4 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly
- 5 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to
- the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 6
- authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 7
- 8 with the return for January, February and March of a given year
- 9 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April,
- 10 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year;
- 11 with the return for July, August and September of a given year
- being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for 12
- 13 October, November and December of a given year being due by
- 14 January 20 of the following year.
- 15 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or
- 16 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax
- 17 liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the
- 18 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual
- 19 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20
- 20 of the following year.
- Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 2.1
- 22 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as
- 23 monthly returns.
- 24 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
- 25 the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the
- 26 case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business

- which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act,
- 2 such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the
- 3 Department not more than one month after discontinuing such
- 4 business.
- 5 Where the same person has more than one business
- 6 registered with the Department under separate registrations
- 7 under this Act, such person may not file each return that is
- 8 due as a single return covering all such registered
- 9 businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such
- 10 registered business.
- In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft,
- 12 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with
- an agency of this State, except as otherwise provided in this
- 14 Section, every retailer selling this kind of tangible personal
- 15 property shall file, with the Department, upon a form to be
- 16 prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return
- for each such item of tangible personal property which the
- 18 retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a
- 19 retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers
- transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or
- 21 trailer to another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle
- retailer or trailer retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii)
- 23 a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or
- 24 trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor
- vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as a qualifying
- 26 rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this Act, then that

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seller may report the transfer of all aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard motor.

In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, every person who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such items and who, in connection with such business, sells any such item to a retailer for the purpose of resale is, notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, authorized to meet the return-filing requirement of this Act by reporting the transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transferred for resale during a month to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form on or before the 20th of the month following the month in which the transfer takes place. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, all returns filed under this paragraph must be filed by electronic means in the manner and form as required by the Department.

Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax

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liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall

be required to file returns on an annual basis.

The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

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The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) if the Department and such agency or State officer determine that this procedure will expedite the processing of applications for title or

3 registration.

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With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of title registration to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment

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of the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act with respect to such receipts.

Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president,

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1 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly accredited agent of such corporation. 2

Where the seller is a limited liability company, return filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of the limited liability company.

Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. On and after January 1, 2021, a certified service provider, as defined in the Leveling the Playing Field for Illinois Retail Act, filing the return under this Section on behalf of a remote retailer shall, at the time of such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act less a discount of 1.75%. A remote retailer using a certified service provider to file a return on its behalf, as provided in the Leveling the Playing Field for Illinois Retail Act, is not eligible for the discount. When determining the discount allowed under this Section retailers shall include the amount of tax that would have been due at the 1% rate but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act

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of the 102nd General Assembly. The discount under this Section is not allowed for the 1.25% portion of taxes paid on aviation fuel that is subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133. Any prepayment made pursuant to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when such retailer files his periodic return. The discount allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of registration has become final.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and

1 last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average 2 monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the 3 4 Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service 5 Use Tax Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was 6 \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar 7 quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each 8 9 month by the 20th day of the month next following the month 10 during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make 11 payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. 12 13 If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began 14 prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall be in an amount 15 equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month 16 or an amount set by the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability of the taxpayer to the Department 17 for the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the 18 month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability 19 20 in such 4 quarter period). If the month during which such tax 21 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount 22 23 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the 24 month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 25 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during 26 which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after

1 January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment 2 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability 3 4 for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month 5 during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 6 January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal 7 to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 8 9 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of 10 the preceding year. If the month during which such tax 11 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount 12 13 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar 14 15 month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual 16 liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the 17 final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. 18 Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of 19 20 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$10,000 21 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall 22 23 continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to 24 the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar 25 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such 26

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taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status.

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The Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis.

The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to September 1, 1985 (the effective date of Public Act 84-221),

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1 each payment shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the 2 taxpayer's actual liability under Section 2d. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 3 4 January 1, 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 5 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 6 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding calendar year. If the month during which such 7 8 tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, 9 each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the 10 taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the 11 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of such quarter monthly payments 12 13 shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month filed under this Section or 14 15 Section 2f, as the case may be. Once applicable, the 16 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until 17 such taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax collections during 18 the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. 19 20 If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the taxpayer shall be liable for 2.1 penalties and interest on such difference, except insofar as 22 23 the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month in 24 excess of the minimum payments previously due.

The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after

October 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is

1 required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, 2 any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid 3 4 taxes that average in excess of \$20,000 per month during the 5 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters shall file a return 6 with the Department as required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and 7 8 last day of the month during which the liability is incurred. Each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the 9 10 taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of 11 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of preceding year. The amount of the quarter monthly payments 12 shall be credited against the final tax liability of the 13 taxpayer's return for that month filed under this Section or 14 15 Section 2f, as the case may be. Once applicable, the 16 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until the 17 taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax collections during the 18 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of 19 20 highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly 2.1 22 liability to the Department as computed for each calendar 23 quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarters is less 24 than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid 25 at the time or in the amount required, the taxpayer shall be 26 liable for penalties and interest on such difference, except

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1 insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments previously due. 2

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability 1 to the Department under this Act for the month for which the

taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the

taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 4

5 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the

State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue 6

realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax imposed under

8 this Act.

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Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate other than aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. This exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of sales tax holiday items.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue

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realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate 1 on the selling price of tangible personal property other than 2 aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. 3 4 exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the 5 revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C.

47133 are binding on the State.

For aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, each month the Department shall pay into the State Aviation Program Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of aviation fuel, less an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 20% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act, which amount shall be deposited into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the State Aviation Program Fund and the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this Act for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of sales tax holiday items.

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Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As

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1 used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for 2 3 payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited 4 into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this 5 paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall

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be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other 1 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; 2 3 the "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified

5	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
6	1986	\$54,800,000
7	1987	\$76,650,000
8	1988	\$80,480,000
9	1989	\$88,510,000
10	1990	\$115,330,000
11	1991	\$145,470,000
12	1992	\$182,730,000
13	1993	\$206,520,000;

below for fiscal years 1986 through 1993:

and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the

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payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the

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Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

Total Deposit	Fiscal Year	23
\$0	1993	24
53,000,000	1994	25
58,000,000	1995	26

1	1996	61,000,000
2	1997	64,000,000
3	1998	68,000,000
4	1999	71,000,000
5	2000	75,000,000
6	2001	80,000,000
7	2002	93,000,000
8	2003	99,000,000
9	2004	103,000,000
10	2005	108,000,000
11	2006	113,000,000
12	2007	119,000,000
13	2008	126,000,000
14	2009	132,000,000
15	2010	139,000,000
16	2011	146,000,000
17	2012	153,000,000
18	2013	161,000,000
19	2014	170,000,000
20	2015	179,000,000
21	2016	189,000,000
22	2017	199,000,000
23	2018	210,000,000
24	2019	221,000,000
25	2020	233,000,000
26	2021	300,000,000

1	2022 300,000,000
2	2023 300,000,000
3	2024 300,000,000
4	2025 300,000,000
5	2026 300,000,000
6	2027 375,000,000
7	2028 375,000,000
8	2029 375,000,000
9	2030 375,000,000
10	2031 375,000,000
11	2032 375,000,000
12	2033 375,000,000
13	2034 375,000,000
14	2035 375,000,000
15	2036 450,000,000
16	and
17	each fiscal year
18	thereafter that bonds
19	are outstanding under
20	Section 13.2 of the
21	Metropolitan Pier and
22	Exposition Authority Act,
23	but not after fiscal year 2060.
24	Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
25	year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
26	certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and

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Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Capital Projects Fund, the Clean Air Act Permit Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, for aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, the Department shall each month deposit into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 80% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act. The Department shall only deposit moneys into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this paragraph for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter

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enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling

price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act,

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Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate Public Transportation Act.

Subject to successful execution and delivery of a public-private agreement between the public agency and private entity and completion of the civic build, beginning on July 1, 2023, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, the Department shall deposit the following specified deposits in the aggregate from

1	collections under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the
2	Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax
3	Act, as required under Section 8.25g of the State Finance Act
4	for distribution consistent with the Public-Private
5	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
6	The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and
7	required to be deposited into the Civic and Transit
8	Infrastructure Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and
9	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private
10	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
11	As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity",
12	"public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the
13	meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private
14	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
14 15	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. Fiscal Year
15	Fiscal Year Total Deposit
15 16	Fiscal Year
15 16 17	Fiscal Year Total Deposit 2024
15 16 17 18	Fiscal Year
15 16 17 18 19	Fiscal Year
15 16 17 18 19 20	Fiscal Year
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Fiscal Year Total Deposit 2024 \$200,000,000 2025 \$206,000,000 2026 \$212,200,000 2027 \$218,500,000 2028 \$225,100,000 2029 \$288,700,000
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Fiscal Year Total Deposit 2024 \$200,000,000 2025 \$206,000,000 2026 \$212,200,000 2027 \$218,500,000 2028 \$225,100,000 2029 \$288,700,000 2030 \$298,900,000
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Fiscal Year Total Deposit 2024 \$200,000,000 2025 \$206,000,000 2026 \$212,200,000 2027 \$218,500,000 2028 \$225,100,000 2029 \$288,700,000 2030 \$298,900,000 2031 \$309,300,000

1	2035\$351,400,000
2	2036 \$361,900,000
3	2037 \$372,800,000
4	2038 \$384,000,000
5	2039 \$395,500,000
6	2040 \$407,400,000
7	2041 \$419,600,000
8	2042 \$432,200,000
9	2043 \$445,100,000
10	Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to
11	the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit
12	District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build
13	Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the
14	Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund,
14 15	Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in
15	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in
15 16	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the
15 16 17	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the net
15 16 17 18	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and
15 16 17 18 19	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023,
15 16 17 18 19 20	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy

1 represent 32% of the net revenue realized from the taxes 2 imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2023 and 3 until July 1, 2024, subject to the payment of amounts into the 4 County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government 5 Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place 6 Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance 7 8 Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 9 Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount 10 estimated to represent 48% of the net revenue realized from 11 the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2024 and until July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts 12 13 into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local 14 Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick 15 Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, 16 the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and 17 Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 18 Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 64% of the net revenue realized from 19 20 the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning on July 2.1 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the 22 23 Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project 24 Illinois Tax the Increment Fund, the 25 Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration 26 Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay

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each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 80% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph "motor fuel" has the meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Act, and "gasohol" has the meaning given to that term in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by

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the retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the retailer during such year, payroll information of the retailer's business during such year and any additional reasonable information which the Department deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in this Section.

If the annual information return required by this Section is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable as follows:

- (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by the annual return for each month or fraction of a month until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other penalty provided for in this Act.
- (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false or

- 1 inaccurate information shall be quilty of perjury and punished
- accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the 2
- Department shall include a warning that the person signing the 3
- 4 return may be liable for perjury.
- 5 The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an
- 6 annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not
- required to file an income tax return with the United States 7
- 8 Government.
- 9 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
- 10 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
- 11 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
- the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount 12
- 13 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
- 14 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
- 15 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.
- 16 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
- collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 17
- paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 18
- 19 overpayment of liability.
- 20 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers,
- 2.1 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in
- 22 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may
- 23 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the
- 24 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to
- 25 such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make
- 26 written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

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Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's business, the name of the person or persons engaged in merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant, the dates and location of the event and other reasonable information that the Department may require. The report must be filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following the month during which the event with retail sales was held. Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section commits a business offense and is subject to a fine not to exceed \$250.

Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall impose this requirement when it finds that there is a

- 1 significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an
- 2 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence
- 3 that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers
- 4 who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the
- 5 business of selling tangible personal property at retail at
- 6 the exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant
- 7 risk of loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall
- 8 notify concessionaires and other sellers affected by the
- 9 imposition of this requirement. In the absence of notification
- 10 by the Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall
- 11 file their returns as otherwise required in this Section.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 101-10, Article 15, Section 15-25, eff. 6-5-19;
- 13 101-10, Article 25, Section 25-120, eff. 6-5-19; 101-27, eff.
- 14 6-25-19; 101-32, eff. 6-28-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19;
- 15 101-636, eff. 6-10-20; 102-634, eff. 8-27-21; revised
- 16 12-7-21.)
- 17 Section 10-30. The Innovation Development and Economy Act
- is amended by changing Sections 10 and 31 as follows:
- 19 (50 ILCS 470/10)
- Sec. 10. Definitions. As used in this Act, the following
- 21 words and phrases shall have the following meanings unless a
- 22 different meaning clearly appears from the context:
- "Base year" means the calendar year immediately prior to
- 24 the calendar year in which the STAR bond district is

1 established.

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"Commence work" means the manifest commencement of actual operations on the development site, such as, erecting a building, general on-site and off-site grading and utility installations, commencing design and construction documentation, ordering lead-time materials, excavating the ground to lay a foundation or a basement, or work of like description which a reasonable person would recognize as being done with the intention and purpose to continue work until the project is completed.

11 "County" means the county in which a proposed STAR bond district is located. 12

"De minimis" means an amount less than 15% of the land area 13 within a STAR bond district. 14

15 "Department of Revenue" means the Department of Revenue of 16 the State of Illinois.

"Destination user" means an owner, operator, licensee, co-developer, subdeveloper, or tenant (i) that operates a business within a STAR bond district that is a retail store having at least 150,000 square feet of sales floor area; (ii) that at the time of opening does not have another Illinois location within a 70 mile radius; (iii) that has an annual average of not less than 30% of customers who travel from at least 75 miles away or from out-of-state, as demonstrated by data from a comparable existing store or stores, or, if there is no comparable existing store, as demonstrated by an

- 1 economic analysis that shows that the proposed retailer will
- have an annual average of not less than 30% of customers who 2
- travel from at least 75 miles away or from out-of-state; and 3
- 4 (iv) that makes an initial capital investment, including
- 5 project costs and other direct costs, of not less than
- 6 \$30,000,000 for such retail store.
- "Destination hotel" means a hotel (as that term is defined 7
- 8 in Section 2 of the Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act)
- 9 complex having at least 150 guest rooms and which also
- 10 includes a venue for entertainment attractions, rides, or
- 11 other activities oriented toward the entertainment and
- 12 amusement of its quests and other patrons.
- "Developer" means any individual, corporation, trust, 13
- 14 estate, partnership, limited liability partnership, limited
- 15 liability company, or other entity. The term does not include
- 16 a not-for-profit entity, political subdivision, or other
- agency or instrumentality of the State. 17
- "Director" means the Director of Revenue, who shall 18
- consult with the Director of Commerce and Economic Opportunity 19
- 20 in any approvals or decisions required by the Director under
- this Act. 2.1
- 22 "Economic impact study" means a study conducted by an
- 23 independent economist to project the financial benefit of the
- 24 proposed STAR bond project to the local, regional, and State
- 25 economies, consider the proposed adverse impacts on similar
- 26 projects and businesses, as well as municipalities within the

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1 projected market area, and draw conclusions about the net effect of the proposed STAR bond project on the local, 2 regional, and State economies. A copy of the economic impact 3 4 study shall be provided to the Director for review.

"Eligible area" means any improved or vacant area that (i) is contiguous and is not, in the aggregate, less than 250 acres nor more than 500 acres which must include only parcels of real property directly and substantially benefited by the proposed STAR bond district plan, (ii) is adjacent to a federal interstate highway, (iii) is within one mile of 2 State highways, (iv) is within one mile of an entertainment user, or a major or minor league sports stadium or other similar entertainment venue that had an initial capital investment of least \$20,000,000, and (v) includes land that previously surface or strip mined. The area may be bisected by streets, highways, roads, alleys, railways, bike paths, streams, rivers, and other waterways and still be deemed contiguous. In addition, in order to constitute an eligible area one of the following requirements must be satisfied and all of which are subject to the review and approval of the Director as provided in subsection (d) of Section 15:

- (a) the governing body of the political subdivision shall have determined that the area meets the requirements of a "blighted area" as defined under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act; or
 - (b) the governing body of the political subdivision

1	shall have determined that the area is a blighted area as
2	determined under the provisions of Section 11-74.3-5 of
3	the Illinois Municipal Code; or
4	(c) the governing body of the political subdivision
5	shall make the following findings:
6	(i) that the vacant portions of the area have
7	remained vacant for at least one year, or that any
8	building located on a vacant portion of the property
9	was demolished within the last year and that the
10	building would have qualified under item (ii) of this
11	subsection;
12	(ii) if portions of the area are currently
13	developed, that the use, condition, and character of
14	the buildings on the property are not consistent with
15	the purposes set forth in Section 5;
16	(iii) that the STAR bond district is expected to
17	create or retain job opportunities within the
18	political subdivision;
19	(iv) that the STAR bond district will serve to
20	further the development of adjacent areas;
21	(v) that without the availability of STAR bonds,
22	the projects described in the STAR bond district plan
23	would not be possible;
24	(vi) that the master developer meets high
25	standards of creditworthiness and financial strength

as demonstrated by one or more of the following: (i)

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corporate debenture ratings of BBB or higher by Standard & Poor's Corporation or Baa or higher by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; (ii) a letter from a financial institution with assets of \$10,000,000 or more attesting to the financial strength of the master developer; or (iii) specific evidence of equity financing for not less than 10% of the estimated total STAR bond project costs;

(vii) that the STAR bond district will strengthen the commercial sector of the political subdivision;

(viii) that the STAR bond district will enhance the tax base of the political subdivision; and

(ix) that the formation of a STAR bond district is in the best interest of the political subdivision.

"Entertainment user" means an owner, operator, licensee, co-developer, subdeveloper, or tenant that operates a business within a STAR bond district that has a primary use of providing a venue for entertainment attractions, rides, or other activities oriented toward the entertainment and amusement of its patrons, occupies at least 20 acres of land in the STAR bond district, and makes an initial capital investment, including project costs and other direct and indirect costs, of not less than \$25,000,000 for that venue.

24 "Feasibility study" means a feasibility study as defined 25 in subsection (b) of Section 20.

"Infrastructure" means the public improvements and private

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improvements that serve the public purposes set forth in Section 5 of this Act and that benefit the STAR bond district or any STAR bond projects, including, but not limited to, streets, drives and driveways, traffic and directional signs signals, parking lots and parking facilities, interchanges, highways, sidewalks, bridges, underpasses and overpasses, bike and walking trails, sanitary storm sewers and lift stations, drainage conduits, channels, levees, canals, storm water detention and retention facilities, utilities and utility connections, water mains and extensions, and street and parking lot lighting and connections.

"Local sales taxes" means any locally-imposed taxes received by a municipality, county, or other local governmental entity arising from sales by retailers servicemen within a STAR bond district, including business district sales taxes and STAR bond occupation taxes, and that portion of the net revenue realized, plus that portion of the net revenue that would have been realized but for the reduction of the rate to 0% under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act from transactions at places of business located within a STAR bond district that is deposited or, under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, transferred into the Local Government Tax Fund and the County and Mass Transit District Fund. For the purpose of this Act,

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"local sales taxes" does not include (i) any taxes authorized pursuant to the Local Mass Transit District Act or the Metro-East Park and Recreation District Act for so long as the applicable taxing district does not impose a tax on real property, (ii) county school facility and resources occupation taxes imposed pursuant to Section 5-1006.7 of the Counties Code, or (iii) any taxes authorized under the Flood Prevention District Act.

"Local sales tax increment" means, except as otherwise provided in this Section, with respect to local sales taxes administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, (i) all of the local sales tax paid (plus all of the local sales tax that would have been paid but for the reduction of the rate to 0% under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly) by destination users, destination hotels, and entertainment users that is in excess of the local sales tax paid (plus all of the local sales tax that would have been paid but for the reduction of the rate to 0% under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly) by destination users, destination hotels, and entertainment users for the same month in the base year, as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue, (ii) in the case of a municipality forming a STAR bond district that is wholly within the corporate boundaries of the municipality and in the case of a municipality and county forming a STAR bond district that is only partially within such municipality, that portion of the local sales tax paid (plus that portion of the

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local sales tax that would have been paid but for the reduction of the rate to 0% under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly) by taxpayers that are not destination users, destination hotels, or entertainment users that is in excess of the local sales tax paid (plus the local sales tax that would have been paid but for the reduction of the rate to 0% under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly) by taxpayers that are not destination users, destination hotels, or entertainment users for the same month in the base year, as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue, and (iii) in the case of a county in which a STAR bond district is formed that is wholly within a municipality, that portion of the local sales tax paid by taxpayers that are not destination users, destination hotels, or entertainment users that is in excess of the local sales tax paid by taxpayers that are not destination users, destination hotels, or entertainment users for the same month in the base year, as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue, but only if the corporate authorities of the county adopts an ordinance, and files a copy with the Department within the same time frames as required for STAR bond occupation taxes under Section 31, that designates the taxes referenced in this clause (iii) as part of the local sales tax increment under this Act. "Local sales tax increment" means, with respect to local sales taxes administered by a municipality, county, or other unit of local government, that portion of the local sales tax that is in

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excess of the local sales tax for the same month in the base year, as determined by the respective municipality, county, or other unit of local government. If any portion of local sales taxes are, at the time of formation of a STAR bond district, already subject to tax increment financing under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, then the local sales tax increment for such portion shall be frozen at the base year established in accordance with this Act, and all future incremental increases shall be included in the "local sales tax increment" under this Act. Any party otherwise entitled to receipt of incremental local sales tax revenues through an existing tax increment financing district shall be entitled to continue to receive such revenues up to the amount frozen in the base year. Nothing in this Act shall affect the prior qualification of existing redevelopment project costs incurred that are eligible for reimbursement under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act. In such event, prior to approving a STAR bond district, the political subdivision forming the STAR bond district shall take such action as is necessary, including amending the existing tax increment financing district redevelopment plan, to carry out the provisions of this Act. The Illinois Department of Revenue shall allocate the local sales tax increment only if the local sales tax is administered by the Department. "Local sales tax increment" does not include taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel, as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers'

- 1 Occupation Tax, sold on or after December 1, 2019 and through
- December 31, 2020. 2
- "Market study" means a study to determine the ability of 3
- 4 the proposed STAR bond project to gain market share locally
- 5 and regionally and to remain profitable past the term of
- repayment of STAR bonds. 6
- "Master developer" means a developer cooperating with a 7
- political subdivision to plan, develop, and implement a STAR 8
- 9 bond project plan for a STAR bond district. Subject to the
- 10 limitations of Section 25, the master developer may work with
- 11 and transfer certain development rights to other developers
- for the purpose of implementing STAR bond project plans and 12
- achieving the purposes of this Act. A master developer for a 13
- 14 STAR bond district shall be appointed by a political
- 15 subdivision in the resolution establishing the STAR bond
- 16 district, and the master developer must, at the time of
- appointment, own or have control of, through purchase 17
- agreements, option contracts, or other means, not less than 18
- 50% of the acreage within the STAR bond district and the master 19
- 20 developer or its affiliate must have ownership or control on
- June 1, 2010. 2.1
- 22 "Master development agreement" means an agreement between
- 23 the master developer and the political subdivision to govern a
- 24 STAR bond district and any STAR bond projects.
- 25 "Municipality" means the city, village, or incorporated
- 26 town in which a proposed STAR bond district is located.

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"Pledged STAR revenues" means those sales tax and revenues and other sources of funds pledged to pay debt service on STAR bonds or to pay project costs pursuant to Section Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the following revenues shall not constitute pledged STAR revenues or be available to pay principal and interest on STAR bonds: any State sales tax increment or local sales tax increment from a retail entity initiating operations in a STAR bond district while terminating operations at another Illinois location within 25 miles of the STAR bond district. For purposes of this paragraph, "terminating operations" means a closing of a retail operation that is directly related to the opening of the same operation or like retail entity owned or operated by more than 50% of the original ownership in a STAR bond district within one year before or after initiating operations in the STAR bond district, but it does not mean closing an operation for reasons beyond the control of the retail entity, as documented by the retail entity, subject to a reasonable finding by the municipality (or county if such retail operation is not located within a municipality) in which the terminated operations were located that the closed location contained inadequate space, had become economically obsolete, or was no longer a viable location for the retailer or serviceman.

"Political subdivision" means a municipality or county which undertakes to establish a STAR bond district pursuant to

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1 the provisions of this Act.

"Project costs" means and includes the sum total of all costs incurred or estimated to be incurred on or following the date of establishment of a STAR bond district that are reasonable or necessary to implement a STAR bond district plan or any STAR bond project plans, or both, including costs incurred for public improvements and private improvements that serve the public purposes set forth in Section 5 of this Act. Such costs include without limitation the following:

- (a) costs of studies, surveys, development of plans specifications, formation, implementation, and administration of a STAR bond district, STAR bond district plan, any STAR bond projects, or any STAR bond project plans, including, but not limited to, staff professional service costs for architectural, engineering, legal, financial, planning, or other services, provided however that no charges for professional services may be based on a percentage of the tax increment collected and contracts for professional services, excluding no architectural and engineering services, may be entered into if the terms of the contract extend beyond a period of 3 years;
- (b) property assembly costs, including, but not limited to, acquisition of land and other real property or rights or interests therein, located within the boundaries of a STAR bond district, demolition of buildings, site

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preparation, site improvements that serve as an engineered barrier addressing ground level orbelow around environmental contamination, including, but not limited to, parking lots and other concrete or asphalt barriers, the clearing and grading of land, and importing additional soil and fill materials, or removal of soil and fill materials from the site:

- (c) subject to paragraph (d), costs of buildings and other vertical improvements that are located within the boundaries of a STAR bond district and owned by a political subdivision or other public entity, including without limitation police and fire stations, educational facilities, and public restrooms and rest areas;
- (c-1) costs of buildings and other vertical improvements that are located within the boundaries of a STAR bond district and owned by a destination user or destination hotel; except that only 2 destination users in a STAR bond district and one destination hotel are eligible to include the cost of those vertical improvements as project costs;
- (c-5) costs of buildings; rides and attractions, which include carousels, slides, roller coasters, displays, models, towers, works of art, and similar theme and amusement park improvements; and other vertical improvements that are located within the boundaries of a STAR bond district and owned by an entertainment user;

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except that only one entertainment user in a STAR bond district is eligible to include the cost of those vertical improvements as project costs;

- of the design and construction of and public works infrastructure located within boundaries of a STAR bond district that are reasonable or necessary to implement a STAR bond district plan or any STAR bond project plans, or both, except that project costs shall not include the cost of constructing a new municipal public building principally used to provide offices, storage space, or conference facilities or vehicle storage, maintenance, or repair for administrative, public safety, or public works personnel and that is not intended to replace an existing public building unless the political subdivision makes reasonable determination in a STAR bond district plan or any STAR bond project plans, supported by information that provides the basis for that determination, that the new municipal building is required to meet an increase in the need for public safety purposes anticipated to result from the implementation of the STAR bond district plan or any STAR bond project plans;
- (e) costs of the design and construction of the following improvements located outside the boundaries of a STAR bond district, provided that the costs are essential to further the purpose and development of a STAR bond

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district plan and either (i) part of and connected to sewer, water, or utility service lines that physically connect to the STAR bond district or (ii) significant improvements for adjacent offsite highways, streets, roadways, and interchanges that are approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation. No other cost of infrastructure and public works improvements located outside the boundaries of a STAR bond district may be deemed project costs;

- (f) costs of job training and retraining projects, including the cost of "welfare to work" programs implemented by businesses located within a STAR bond district;
- (q) financing costs, including, but not limited to, all necessary and incidental expenses related to the issuance of obligations and which may include payment of interest on any obligations issued hereunder including interest accruing during the estimated period construction of any improvements in a STAR bond district or any STAR bond projects for which such obligations are issued and for not exceeding 36 months thereafter and including reasonable reserves related thereto;
- (h) to the extent the political subdivision by written agreement accepts and approves the same, all or a portion of a taxing district's capital costs resulting from a STAR bond district or STAR bond projects necessarily incurred

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or to be incurred within a taxing district in furtherance of the objectives of a STAR bond district plan or STAR bond project plans;

- (i) interest cost incurred by a developer for project acquisition, related to the formation, implementation, development, construction, administration of a STAR bond district, STAR bond district plan, STAR bond projects, or any STAR bond project plans provided that:
 - (i) payment of such costs in any one year may not exceed 30% of the annual interest costs incurred by the developer with regard to the STAR bond district or any STAR bond projects during that year; and
 - (ii) the total of such interest payments paid pursuant to this Act may not exceed 30% of the total cost paid or incurred by the developer for a STAR bond district or STAR bond projects, plus project costs, excluding any property assembly costs incurred by a political subdivision pursuant to this Act;
- common areas located within the (i) costs of boundaries of a STAR bond district;
- (k) costs of landscaping and plantings, retaining walls and fences, man-made lakes and ponds, shelters, benches, lighting, and similar amenities located within the boundaries of a STAR bond district;
 - (1) costs of mounted building signs, site monument,

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1 and pylon signs located within the boundaries of a STAR bond district: or 2

- (m) if included in the STAR bond district plan and approved in writing by the Director, salaries or a portion of salaries for local government employees to the extent the same are directly attributable to the work of such employees on the establishment and management of a STAR bond district or any STAR bond projects.
- Except as specified in items (a) through (m), "project costs" shall not include:
 - (i) the cost of construction of buildings that are privately owned or owned by a municipality and leased to a developer or retail user for non-entertainment retail uses;
 - (ii) moving expenses for employees of the businesses locating within the STAR bond district;
 - (iii) property taxes for property located in the STAR bond district;
 - (iv) lobbying costs; and
 - (v) general overhead or administrative costs of the political subdivision that would still have been incurred by the political subdivision if the political subdivision had not established a STAR bond district.

24 "Project development agreement" means any one or more agreements, including any amendments thereto, between a master 25 26 developer and any co-developer or subdeveloper in connection

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- with a STAR bond project, which project development agreement may include the political subdivision as a party.
- "Projected market area" means any area within the State in which a STAR bond district or STAR bond project is projected to have a significant fiscal or market impact as determined by the Director.
 - "Resolution" means a resolution, order, ordinance, or other appropriate form of legislative action of a political subdivision or other applicable public entity approved by a vote of a majority of a quorum at a meeting of the governing body of the political subdivision or applicable public entity.
- "STAR bond" means a sales tax and revenue bond, note, or other obligation payable from pledged STAR revenues and issued by a political subdivision, the proceeds of which shall be used only to pay project costs as defined in this Act.
 - "STAR bond district" means the specific area declared to be an eligible area as determined by the political subdivision, and approved by the Director, in which the political subdivision may develop one or more STAR bond projects.
 - "STAR bond district plan" means the preliminary or conceptual plan that generally identifies the proposed STAR bond project areas and identifies in a general manner the buildings, facilities, and improvements to be constructed or improved in each STAR bond project area.
- 26 "STAR bond project" means a project within a STAR bond

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district which is approved pursuant to Section 20.

"STAR bond project area" means the geographic area within

a STAR bond district in which there may be one or more STAR

bond projects.

"STAR bond project plan" means the written plan adopted by a political subdivision for the development of a STAR bond project in a STAR bond district; the plan may include, but is not limited to, (i) project costs incurred prior to the date of the STAR bond project plan and estimated future STAR bond project costs, (ii) proposed sources of funds to pay those costs, (iii) the nature and estimated term of any obligations to be issued by the political subdivision to pay those costs, (iv) the most recent equalized assessed valuation of the STAR bond project area, (v) an estimate of the equalized assessed valuation of the STAR bond district or applicable project area after completion of a STAR bond project, (vi) a general description of the types of any known or proposed developers, users, or tenants of the STAR bond project or projects included in the plan, (vii) a general description of the type, structure, and character of the property or facilities to be developed or improved, (viii) a description of the general land uses to apply to the STAR bond project, and (ix) a general description or an estimate of the type, class, and number of employees to be employed in the operation of the STAR bond project.

"State sales tax" means all of the net revenue realized

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under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act from transactions at places of business located within a STAR bond district, excluding that portion of the net revenue realized under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act from transactions at places of business located within a STAR bond district that is deposited into the Local Government Tax Fund and the County and Mass Transit District Fund.

"State sales tax increment" means (i) 100% of that portion of the State sales tax that is in excess of the State sales tax for the same month in the base year, as determined by the Department of Revenue, from transactions at up to destination users, one destination hotel, and entertainment user located within a STAR bond district, which destination users, destination hotel, and entertainment user shall be designated by the master developer and approved by the political subdivision and the Director in conjunction with the applicable STAR bond project approval, and (ii) 25% of that portion of the State sales tax that is in excess of the State sales tax for the same month in the base year, as determined by the Department of Revenue, from all other transactions within a STAR bond district. If any portion of State sales taxes are, at the time of formation of a STAR bond district, already subject to tax increment financing under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, then the State

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sales tax increment for such portion shall be frozen at the base year established in accordance with this Act, and all future incremental increases shall be included in the State sales tax increment under this Act. Any party otherwise entitled to receipt of incremental State sales tax revenues through an existing tax increment financing district shall be entitled to continue to receive such revenues up to the amount frozen in the base year. Nothing in this Act shall affect the prior qualification of existing redevelopment project costs incurred that are eligible for reimbursement under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act. In such event, prior to approving a STAR bond district, the political subdivision forming the STAR bond district shall take such action as is necessary, including amending the existing tax increment financing district redevelopment plan, to carry out the provisions of this Act.

"Substantial change" means a change wherein the proposed STAR bond project plan differs substantially in size, scope, or use from the approved STAR bond district plan or STAR bond project plan.

"Taxpayer" means an individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, trust, estate, or other entity that is subject to the Illinois Income Tax Act.

"Total development costs" means the aggregate public and private investment in a STAR bond district, including project costs and other direct and indirect costs related to the

- 1 development of the STAR bond district.
- 2 "Traditional retail use" means the operation of a business
- that derives at least 90% of its annual gross revenue from 3
- 4 sales at retail, as that phrase is defined by Section 1 of the
- 5 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, but does not include the
- destination users, entertainment users, 6 operations of
- restaurants, hotels, retail uses within hotels, or any other 7
- 8 non-retail uses.
- 9 "Vacant" means that portion of the land in a proposed STAR
- 10 bond district that is not occupied by a building, facility, or
- 11 other vertical improvement.
- (Source: P.A. 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-455, eff. 8-23-19; 12
- 13 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.)
- 14 (50 ILCS 470/31)
- 15 Sec. 31. STAR bond occupation taxes.
- 16 Ιf the corporate authorities of a political
- subdivision have established a STAR bond district and have 17
- elected to impose a tax by ordinance pursuant to subsection 18
- 19 (b) or (c) of this Section, each year after the date of the
- 20 adoption of the ordinance and until all STAR bond project
- 21 costs and all political subdivision obligations financing the
- 22 STAR bond project costs, if any, have been paid in accordance
- 23 with the STAR bond project plans, but in no event longer than
- 24 the maximum maturity date of the last of the STAR bonds issued
- 25 for projects in the STAR bond district, all amounts generated

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by the retailers' occupation tax and service occupation tax shall be collected and the tax shall be enforced by the Department of Revenue in the same manner as all retailers' occupation taxes and service occupation taxes imposed in the political subdivision imposing the tax. The corporate authorities of the political subdivision shall deposit the proceeds of the taxes imposed under subsections (b) and (c) into either (i) a special fund held by the corporate authorities of the political subdivision called the STAR Bonds Tax Allocation Fund for the purpose of paying STAR bond project costs and obligations incurred in the payment of those costs if such taxes are designated as pledged STAR revenues by resolution or ordinance of the political subdivision or (ii) the political subdivision's general corporate fund if such taxes are not designated as pledged STAR revenues resolution or ordinance.

The tax imposed under this Section by a municipality may be imposed only on the portion of a STAR bond district that is within the boundaries of the municipality. For any part of a STAR bond district that lies outside of the boundaries of that municipality, the municipality in which the other part of the STAR bond district lies (or the county, in cases where a portion of the STAR bond district lies in the unincorporated area of a county) is authorized to impose the tax under this Section on that part of the STAR bond district.

(b) The corporate authorities of a political subdivision

1 that has established a STAR bond district under this Act may, by ordinance or resolution, impose a STAR Bond Retailers' 2 3 Occupation Tax upon all persons engaged in the business of 4 selling tangible personal property, other than an item of 5 tangible personal property titled or registered with an agency 6 of this State's government, at retail in the STAR bond district at a rate not to exceed 1% of the gross receipts from 7 8 the sales made in the course of that business, to be imposed 9 only in 0.25% increments. The tax may not be imposed on 10 tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the 11 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). 12 Beginning December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, this 13 14 tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax 15 revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If the 16 District does not have an airport-related purpose to which aviation fuel tax revenue is dedicated, then aviation fuel is 17 18 excluded from the tax. The municipality must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under 19 20 Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For purposes of this Act, "airport-related purposes" has the 2.1 meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. 22 23 Beginning January 1, 2021, this tax is not imposed on sales of 24 aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 25 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the 26 District.

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The tax imposed under this subsection and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the Department of Revenue. certificate of registration that is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall permit the retailer to engage in a business that is taxable under any ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to this subsection without registering separately with the Department under such ordinance or resolution or under this subsection. The Department of Revenue shall have full power to administer and enforce this subsection, to collect all taxes and penalties due under this subsection in the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty under this subsection. In the administration of, compliance with, this subsection, the Department and persons who are subject to this subsection shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions, and definitions of terms and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a through 1o, 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 2c through 2h, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject

- 1 to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49
- 2 U.S.C. 47133), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 5k,
- 3 51, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 of the
- 4 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and all provisions of the
- 5 Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those
- 6 provisions were set forth herein.
- 7 If a tax is imposed under this subsection (b), a tax shall
- 8 also be imposed under subsection (c) of this Section.
- 9 (c) If a tax has been imposed under subsection (b), a STAR
- 10 Bond Service Occupation Tax shall also be imposed upon all
- 11 persons engaged, in the STAR bond district, in the business of
- making sales of service, who, as an incident to making those
- sales of service, transfer tangible personal property within
- 14 the STAR bond district, either in the form of tangible
- 15 personal property or in the form of real estate as an incident
- to a sale of service. The tax shall be imposed at the same rate
- as the tax imposed in subsection (b) and shall not exceed 1% of
- 18 the selling price of tangible personal property so transferred
- within the STAR bond district, to be imposed only in 0.25%
- increments. The tax may not be imposed on tangible personal
- 21 property taxed at the 1% rate under the Service Occupation Tax
- 22 Act. Beginning December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020,
- 23 this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the
- tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If the
- 25 District does not have an airport-related purpose to which
- 26 aviation fuel tax revenue is dedicated, then aviation fuel is

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excluded from the tax. The municipality must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). For purposes of this Act, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. Beginning January 1, 2021, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the District.

The tax imposed under this subsection and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the Department of Revenue. The certificate of registration that is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under the Service Occupation Tax Act shall permit the registrant to engage in a business that is taxable under any ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to this subsection without registering separately with the Department under ordinance or resolution or under this subsection. Department of Revenue shall have full power to administer and enforce this subsection, to collect all taxes and penalties due under this subsection, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty under this subsection.

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In the administration of, and compliance with this subsection, the Department and persons who are subject to this subsection shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions, and definitions of terms and employ the same modes of procedure as are prescribed in Sections 2, 2a through 2d, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the STAR bond district), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent Section 8 indicated in that shall be the political subdivision), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the returned merchandise credit for this tax may not be taken against any State tax, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean the political subdivision), the first paragraph of Section 15, and Sections 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and all provisions of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

If a tax is imposed under this subsection (c), a tax shall

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also be imposed under subsection (b) of this Section. 1

(d) Persons subject to any tax imposed under this Section may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability under this Section by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State taxes that sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, in accordance with such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified and to the person named in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the STAR Bond Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes, penalties, and interest collected under this Section for deposit into the STAR Bond Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under

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this Section for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the District. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named political subdivisions from the STAR Bond Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund, the political subdivisions to be those from which retailers have paid taxes or penalties under this Section to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each political subdivision shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019) collected under this Section during the second preceding calendar month by the Department plus an amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, less 3% of that amount, which shall be deposited into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund and shall be used by the Department, subject to appropriation, to cover the costs of the Department in administering and enforcing the provisions of this Section, on behalf of such political subdivision, and not including any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the

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political subdivision. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement certification to the political subdivisions provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in the certification. The proceeds of the tax paid to political subdivisions under this Section shall be deposited into either (i) the STAR Bonds Tax Allocation Fund by the political subdivision if the political subdivision has designated them as pledged STAR revenues by resolution or ordinance or (ii) the political subdivision has not designated them as pledged STAR revenues.

An ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax under this Section or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall either (i) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department, if all other requirements of this Section are met, shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon, if all other requirements of this Section are met, the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing.

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The Department of Revenue shall not administer or enforce an ordinance imposing, discontinuing, or changing the rate of the tax under this Section until the political subdivision also provides, in the manner prescribed by the Department, the boundaries of the STAR bond district and each address in the STAR bond district in such a way that the Department can determine by its address whether a business is located in the STAR bond district. The political subdivision must provide this boundary and address information to the Department on or before April 1 for administration and enforcement of the tax under this Section by the Department beginning on the following July 1 and on or before October 1 for administration and enforcement of the tax under this Section by Department beginning on the following January 1. The Department of Revenue shall not administer or enforce any change made to the boundaries of a STAR bond district or any address change, addition, or deletion until the political subdivision reports the boundary change or address change, addition, or deletion to the Department in the manner prescribed by the Department. The political subdivision must provide this boundary change or address change, addition, or deletion information to the Department on or before April 1 for administration and enforcement by the Department of the change, addition, or deletion beginning on the following July and on or before October 1 for administration and enforcement by the Department of the change, addition, or

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1 deletion beginning on the following January 1. The retailers in the STAR bond district shall be responsible for charging 2 the tax imposed under this Section. If a retailer is 3 4 incorrectly included or excluded from the list of those 5 required to collect the tax under this Section, both the Department of Revenue and the retailer shall be held harmless 6 if they reasonably relied on information provided by the 7 8 political subdivision.

A political subdivision that imposes the tax under this Section must submit to the Department of Revenue any other information as the Department may require that is necessary for the administration and enforcement of the tax.

When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a political subdivision under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease the amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize the political subdivision to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

(e) When STAR bond project costs, including, without limitation, all political subdivision obligations financing STAR bond project costs, have been paid, any surplus funds

- 1 then remaining in the STAR Bonds Tax Allocation Fund shall be distributed to the treasurer of the political subdivision for 2 deposit into the political subdivision's general corporate 3 4 fund. Upon payment of all STAR bond project costs 5 retirement of obligations, but in no event later than the maximum maturity date of the last of the STAR bonds issued in 6 the STAR bond district, the political subdivision shall adopt 7 8 an ordinance immediately rescinding the taxes imposed pursuant 9 to this Section and file a certified copy of the ordinance with 10 the Department in the form and manner as described in this
- (Source: P.A. 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 12
- 13 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.)

Section.

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- 14 Section 10-35. The Counties Code is amended by changing Sections 5-1006, 5-1006.5, 5-1006.7, and 5-1007 as follows: 15
- (55 ILCS 5/5-1006) (from Ch. 34, par. 5-1006) 16
- Sec. 5-1006. Home Rule County Retailers' Occupation Tax 17 18 Law. Any county that is a home rule unit may impose a tax upon 19 all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible 20 personal property, other than an item of tangible personal 21 property titled or registered with an agency of this State's 22 government, at retail in the county on the gross receipts from 23 such sales made in the course of their business. If imposed, 24 this tax shall only be imposed in 1/4% increments. On and after

1 September 1, 1991, this additional tax may not be imposed on 2 tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the 3 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance 4 with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). 5 Beginning December 1, 2019, this tax is not imposed on sales of 6 aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If the county does not have an 7 8 airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel 9 tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. The 10 county must comply with the certification requirements for 11 airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' 12 Occupation Tax Act. For purposes of this "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 13 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. This exclusion for aviation 14 15 fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements 16 of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the county. The changes made to this Section by this amendatory 17 18 Act of the 101st General Assembly are a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (g) of 19 20 Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. The tax 2.1 imposed by a home rule county pursuant to this Section and all 22 civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof 23 shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of 24 Revenue. The certificate of registration that is issued by the 25 Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 26 Act shall permit the retailer to engage in a business that is

1 taxable under any ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to 2 Section without registering separately with Department under such ordinance or resolution or under this 3 4 Section. The Department shall have full power to administer 5 and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected 6 in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all 7 8 rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous 9 payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, 10 and compliance with, this Section, the Department and persons 11 who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be 12 13 subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes 14 15 of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1d, 16 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 1k, 1m, 1n, 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 3 17 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties 18 collected, and except that the retailer's discount is not 19 20 allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 21 22 47133), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 23 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 of the Retailers' 24 Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and 25 Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were set forth 26 herein.

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1 No tax may be imposed by a home rule county pursuant to this Section unless the county also imposes a tax at the same 2 3 rate pursuant to Section 5-1007.

Persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified and to the person named in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the home rule county retailers' occupation tax fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder for deposit into the Home Rule County Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the State Treasurer, ex

- 1 officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government
- Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into 2
- the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under this Section 3
- 4 for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C.
- 5 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the county.
- As soon as possible after the first day of each month, 6
- beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of 7
- Department of 8 Revenue, the Comptroller shall
- transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR 9
- 10 Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined
- 11 in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under
- this Section during the second preceding calendar month for 12
- 13 sales within a STAR bond district.
- 14 After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund,
- 15 on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the
- 16 Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the
- disbursement of stated sums of money to named counties, the 17
- counties to be those from which retailers have paid taxes or 18
- penalties hereunder to the Department during the second 19
- 20 preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each county
- 2.1 shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda and not
- including taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold 22
- on or after December 1, 2019) collected hereunder during the 23
- 24 second preceding calendar month by the Department plus an
- 25 amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any
- 26 amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body,

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and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such county, and not including any amount which the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the county, and not including any amounts that are transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, less 1.5% of the remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the counties, shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this Section. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the counties and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in the certification.

In addition to the disbursement required by the preceding paragraph, an allocation shall be made in March of each year to each county that received more than \$500,000 in disbursements under the preceding paragraph in the preceding calendar year. The allocation shall be in an amount equal to the average monthly distribution made to each such county under the preceding paragraph during the preceding calendar year

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(excluding the 2 months of highest receipts). The distribution made in March of each year subsequent to the year in which an allocation was made pursuant to this paragraph and the preceding paragraph shall be reduced by the amount allocated and disbursed under this paragraph in the preceding calendar year. The Department shall prepare and certify to the allocations made Comptroller for disbursement in accordance with this paragraph.

For the purpose of determining the local governmental unit whose tax is applicable, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a county to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

An ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing a tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of June, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the

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first day of September next following such adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1992, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of July, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of October next following such adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1993, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following such adoption and filing. Beginning April 1, 1998, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall either (i) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing.

- 1 When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a
- county under this Section, the Department shall increase or 2
- decrease such amount by an amount necessary to offset any 3
- 4 misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount
- 5 shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous
- 6 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered.
- This Section shall be known and may be cited as the Home 7
- 8 Rule County Retailers' Occupation Tax Law.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;
- 10 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff.
- 7-12-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.) 11
- 12 (55 ILCS 5/5-1006.5)
- Sec. 5-1006.5. Special County Retailers' Occupation Tax 13
- 14 For Public Safety, Public Facilities, Mental Health, Substance
- 15 Abuse, or Transportation.
- (a) The county board of any county may impose a tax upon 16
- all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible 17
- 18 personal property, other than personal property titled or
- 19 registered with an agency of this State's government, at
- 20 retail in the county on the gross receipts from the sales made
- 21 in the course of business to provide revenue to be used
- exclusively for public safety, public facility, mental health, 22
- 23 substance abuse, or transportation purposes in that county
- 24 (except as otherwise provided in this Section), if
- 25 proposition for the tax has been submitted to the electors of

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that county and approved by a majority of those voting on the question. If imposed, this tax shall be imposed only in one-quarter percent increments. By resolution, the county board may order the proposition to be submitted at any election. If the tax is imposed for transportation purposes for expenditures for public highways or as authorized under the Illinois Highway Code, the county board must publish notice of the existence of its long-range transportation plan as required or described in Section 5-301 of the Illinois Highway Code and must make the plan publicly available prior to approval of the ordinance or resolution imposing the tax. If the tax is imposed for transportation purposes for expenditures for passenger rail transportation, the county board must publish notice of the existence of its long-range passenger rail transportation plan and must make the plan publicly available prior to approval of the ordinance or resolution imposing the tax.

If a tax is imposed for public facilities purposes, then the name of the project may be included in the proposition at the discretion of the county board as determined in the enabling resolution. For example, the "XXX Nursing Home" or the "YYY Museum".

The county clerk shall certify the question to the proper election authority, who shall submit the proposition at an election in accordance with the general election law.

(1) The proposition for public safety purposes shall

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be in substantially the following form: 1

> "To pay for public safety purposes, shall (name of county) be authorized to impose an increase on its share of local sales taxes by (insert rate)?"

> As additional information on the ballot below the question shall appear the following:

> "This would mean that a consumer would pay an additional (insert amount) in sales tax for every \$100 of tangible personal property bought at retail."

> The county board may also opt to establish a sunset provision at which time the additional sales tax would cease being collected, if not terminated earlier by a vote of the county board. If the county board votes to include a sunset provision, the proposition for public safety purposes shall be in substantially the following form:

> "To pay for public safety purposes, shall (name of county) be authorized to impose an increase on its share of local sales taxes by (insert rate) for a period not to exceed (insert number of years)?"

> As additional information on the ballot below the question shall appear the following:

> "This would mean that a consumer would pay additional (insert amount) in sales tax for every \$100 of tangible personal property bought at retail. If imposed, the additional tax would cease being collected at the end of (insert number of years), if not terminated earlier by

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1 a vote of the county board."

For the purposes of the paragraph, "public safety purposes" means crime prevention, detention, fire fighting, police, medical, ambulance, or other emergency services.

Votes shall be recorded as "Yes" or "No".

Beginning on the January 1 or July 1, whichever is first, that occurs not less than 30 days after May 31, 2015 (the effective date of Public Act 99-4), Adams County may impose a public safety retailers' occupation tax and service occupation tax at the rate of 0.25%, as provided in the referendum approved by the voters on April 7, 2015, notwithstanding the omission of the additional information that is otherwise required to be printed on the ballot below the question pursuant to this item (1).

(2) The proposition for transportation purposes shall be in substantially the following form:

"To pay for improvements to roads and other transportation purposes, shall (name of county) be authorized to impose an increase on its share of local sales taxes by (insert rate)?"

As additional information on the ballot below the question shall appear the following:

"This would mean that a consumer would pay an additional (insert amount) in sales tax for every \$100 of tangible personal property bought at retail."

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The county board may also opt to establish a sunset provision at which time the additional sales tax would cease being collected, if not terminated earlier by a vote of the county board. If the county board votes to include a sunset provision, the proposition for transportation purposes shall be in substantially the following form:

"To pay for road improvements and other transportation purposes, shall (name of county) be authorized to impose an increase on its share of local sales taxes by (insert rate) for a period not to exceed (insert number of vears)?"

As additional information on the ballot below the question shall appear the following:

"This would mean that a consumer would pay an additional (insert amount) in sales tax for every \$100 of tangible personal property bought at retail. If imposed, the additional tax would cease being collected at the end of (insert number of years), if not terminated earlier by a vote of the county board."

For the purposes of this paragraph, transportation purposes means construction, maintenance, operation, and improvement of public highways, any other purpose for which a county may expend funds under the Illinois Highway Code, and passenger rail transportation.

The votes shall be recorded as "Yes" or "No".

(3) The proposition for public facilities purposes

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shall be in substantially the following form:

"To pay for public facilities purposes, shall (name of county) be authorized to impose an increase on its share of local sales taxes by (insert rate)?"

As additional information on the ballot below the question shall appear the following:

"This would mean that a consumer would pay an additional (insert amount) in sales tax for every \$100 of tangible personal property bought at retail."

The county board may also opt to establish a sunset provision at which time the additional sales tax would cease being collected, if not terminated earlier by a vote of the county board. If the county board votes to include a sunset provision, the proposition for public facilities purposes shall be in substantially the following form:

"To pay for public facilities purposes, shall (name of county) be authorized to impose an increase on its share of local sales taxes by (insert rate) for a period not to exceed (insert number of years)?"

As additional information on the ballot below the question shall appear the following:

"This would mean that a consumer would pay an additional (insert amount) in sales tax for every \$100 of tangible personal property bought at retail. If imposed, the additional tax would cease being collected at the end of (insert number of years), if not terminated earlier by

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1 a vote of the county board."

For purposes of this Section, "public facilities purposes" means the acquisition, development, construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, improvement, financing, architectural planning, capital installation of facilities consisting buildings, structures, and durable equipment and for the acquisition and improvement of real property and interest in real property required, or expected to be required, in connection with the public facilities, for use by the county for the furnishing of governmental services to its citizens, including, but not limited to, museums and nursing homes.

The votes shall be recorded as "Yes" or "No".

(4) The proposition for mental health purposes shall be in substantially the following form:

"To pay for mental health purposes, shall (name of county) be authorized to impose an increase on its share of local sales taxes by (insert rate)?"

As additional information on the ballot below the question shall appear the following:

"This would mean that a consumer would pay an additional (insert amount) in sales tax for every \$100 of tangible personal property bought at retail."

The county board may also opt to establish a sunset provision at which time the additional sales tax would

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cease being collected, if not terminated earlier by a vote of the county board. If the county board votes to include a sunset provision, the proposition for public facilities purposes shall be in substantially the following form:

"To pay for mental health purposes, shall (name of county) be authorized to impose an increase on its share of local sales taxes by (insert rate) for a period not to exceed (insert number of years)?"

As additional information on the ballot below the question shall appear the following:

"This would mean that a consumer would pay an additional (insert amount) in sales tax for every \$100 of tangible personal property bought at retail. If imposed, the additional tax would cease being collected at the end of (insert number of years), if not terminated earlier by a vote of the county board."

The votes shall be recorded as "Yes" or "No".

(5) The proposition for substance abuse purposes shall be in substantially the following form:

"To pay for substance abuse purposes, shall (name of county) be authorized to impose an increase on its share of local sales taxes by (insert rate)?"

As additional information on the ballot below the question shall appear the following:

"This would mean that a consumer would pay an additional (insert amount) in sales tax for every \$100 of

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1 tangible personal property bought at retail."

> The county board may also opt to establish a sunset provision at which time the additional sales tax would cease being collected, if not terminated earlier by a vote of the county board. If the county board votes to include a sunset provision, the proposition for public facilities purposes shall be in substantially the following form:

> "To pay for substance abuse purposes, shall (name of county) be authorized to impose an increase on its share of local sales taxes by (insert rate) for a period not to exceed (insert number of years)?"

> As additional information on the ballot below the question shall appear the following:

> "This would mean that a consumer would pay additional (insert amount) in sales tax for every \$100 of tangible personal property bought at retail. If imposed, the additional tax would cease being collected at the end of (insert number of years), if not terminated earlier by a vote of the county board."

The votes shall be recorded as "Yes" or "No".

If a majority of the electors voting on the proposition vote in favor of it, the county may impose the tax. A county may not submit more than one proposition authorized by this Section to the electors at any one time.

This additional tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Retailers'

1 Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). Beginning 2 3 December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, this tax is not 4 imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is 5 expended for airport-related purposes. If the county does not 6 have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. 7 8 The county must comply with the certification requirements for 9 airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' 10 Occupation Tax Act. For purposes of this Section, 11 "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. Beginning January 1, 2021, 12 13 this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 14 15 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the county. The tax imposed by a 16 county under this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident of the tax shall be collected and 17 18 enforced by the Illinois Department of Revenue and deposited into a special fund created for that purpose. The certificate 19 20 of registration that is issued by the Department to a retailer 2.1 under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall permit the retailer to engage in a business that is taxable without 22 23 registering separately with the Department under an ordinance 24 or resolution under this Section. The Department has full 25 power to administer and enforce this Section, to collect all 26 taxes and penalties due under this Section, to dispose of

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taxes and penalties so collected in the manner provided in this Section, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of a tax or penalty under this Section. In the administration of and compliance with this Section, the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall (i) have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, (ii) be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, and definitions of terms, and (iii) employ the same modes of procedure as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 1k, 1m, 1n, 2 through 2-70 (in respect to all provisions contained in those Sections other than the State rate of tax), 2a, 2b, 2c, 3 (except provisions relating to transaction returns and quarter monthly payments, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are deposited into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11a, 12, and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act as if those provisions were set forth in this Section.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their sellers' tax liability by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which sellers are required

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1 to collect under the Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracketed 2 schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified and to the person named in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the County Public Safety, Public Facilities, Mental Health, Substance Abuse, or Transportation Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

(b) If a tax has been imposed under subsection (a), a service occupation tax shall also be imposed at the same rate upon all persons engaged, in the county, in the business of making sales of service, who, as an incident to making those sales of service, transfer tangible personal property within the county as an incident to a sale of service. This tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Service Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). Beginning December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If the county does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is

1 excluded from the tax. The county must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under 2 Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For 3 4 purposes of this Section, "airport-related purposes" has the 5 meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. 6 Beginning January 1, 2021, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 7 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the county. 8 9 The tax imposed under this subsection and all civil penalties 10 that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected 11 and enforced by the Department of Revenue. The Department has full power to administer and enforce this subsection; to 12 13 collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter 14 15 provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda 16 arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of and compliance with this 17 18 subsection, the Department and persons who are subject to this 19 paragraph shall (i) have the same rights, remedies, 20 privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, (ii) be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, 2.1 22 exclusions, exemptions, and definitions of terms, and (iii) employ the same modes of procedure as are prescribed in 23 24 Sections 2 (except that the reference to State in the 25 definition of supplier maintaining a place of business in this State shall mean the county), 2a, 2b, 2c, 3 through 3-50 (in 26

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respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the county), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in that Section 8 shall be the county), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are deposited into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean the county), Section 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this subsection may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax that servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this subsection to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the warrant to be drawn for the

- 1 amount specified, and to the person named, in the notification
- from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State
- 3 Treasurer out of the County Public Safety, Public Facilities,
- 4 Mental Health, Substance Abuse, or Transportation Retailers'
- 5 Occupation Fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund,
- 6 as appropriate.
- 7 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize
- 8 the county to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in
- 9 any business which under the Constitution of the United States
- 10 may not be made the subject of taxation by the State.
- 11 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the
- 12 Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer,
- 13 ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected
- 14 under this Section to be deposited into the County Public
- 15 Safety, Public Facilities, Mental Health, Substance Abuse, or
- 16 Transportation Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund, which shall be
- 17 an unappropriated trust fund held outside of the State
- 18 treasury. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold
- on or after December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020,
- shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the State
- 21 Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local
- 22 Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay
- 23 moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under
- 24 this Act for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49
- 25 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the county.
- As soon as possible after the first day of each month,

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1 beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of 2 Comptroller Department of Revenue, the shall transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR 3 4 Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined 5 in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under 6 this Section during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district. 7

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to the counties from which retailers have paid taxes or penalties to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each county, and deposited by the county into its special fund created for the purposes of this Section, shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020) collected under this Section during the second preceding calendar month by the Department plus an amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including (i) an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of the county, (ii) any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a

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different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the county, (iii) any amounts that are transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, and (iv) 1.5% of the remainder, which shall be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the counties, shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the amount to be transferred into Compliance and Administration Fund under this subsection. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of disbursement certification to the counties and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with directions contained in the certification.

In addition to the disbursement required by the preceding paragraph, an allocation shall be made in March of each year to each county that received more than \$500,000 in disbursements under the preceding paragraph in the preceding calendar year. The allocation shall be in an amount equal to the average monthly distribution made to each such county under the preceding paragraph during the preceding calendar year (excluding the 2 months of highest receipts). The distribution made in March of each year subsequent to the year in which an allocation was made pursuant to this paragraph and the preceding paragraph shall be reduced by the amount allocated

- 1 and disbursed under this paragraph in the preceding calendar
- year. The Department shall prepare and certify to 2
- 3 Comptroller for disbursement the allocations made in
- 4 accordance with this paragraph.
- 5 (d) For the purpose of determining the local governmental
- unit whose tax is applicable, a retail sale by a producer of 6
- coal or another mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail 7
- at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois 8
- 9 is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to
- 10 coal or another mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the
- 11 seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the
- sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale 12
- 13 in interstate or foreign commerce.
- Nothing in this Section shall be construed to 14
- 15 authorize a county to impose a tax upon the privilege of
- 16 engaging in any business that under the Constitution of the
- United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this 17
- 18 State.
- (e-5) If a county imposes a tax under this Section, the 19
- 20 county board may, by ordinance, discontinue or lower the rate
- of the tax. If the county board lowers the tax rate or 2.1
- 22 discontinues the tax, a referendum must be held in accordance
- 23 with subsection (a) of this Section in order to increase the
- 24 rate of the tax or to reimpose the discontinued tax.
- 25 (f) Beginning April 1, 1998 and through December 31, 2013,
- 26 the results of any election authorizing a proposition to

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impose a tax under this Section or effecting a change in the rate of tax, or any ordinance lowering the rate or discontinuing the tax, shall be certified by the county clerk and filed with the Illinois Department of Revenue either (i) on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce the tax as of the first day of July next following the filing; or (ii) on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce the tax as of the first day of January next following the filing.

Beginning January 1, 2014, the results of any election authorizing a proposition to impose a tax under this Section or effecting an increase in the rate of tax, along with the ordinance adopted to impose the tax or increase the rate of the tax, or any ordinance adopted to lower the rate or discontinue the tax, shall be certified by the county clerk and filed with the Illinois Department of Revenue either (i) on or before the first day of May, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce the tax as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce the tax as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing.

(g) When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a county under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease the amounts by an amount necessary to offset any

- 1 miscalculation of previous disbursements. The offset amount
- shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous 2
- 6 months from the time a miscalculation is discovered. 3
- 4 (g-5) Every county authorized to levy a tax under this
- 5 Section shall, before it levies such tax, establish a 7-member
- mental health board, which shall have the same powers and 6
- duties and be constituted in the same manner as a community 7
- mental health board established under the Community Mental 8
- 9 Health Act. Proceeds of the tax under this Section that are
- 10 earmarked for mental health or substance abuse purposes shall
- 11 be deposited into a special county occupation tax fund for
- mental health and substance abuse. The 7-member mental health 12
- 13 board established under this subsection shall administer the
- 14 special county occupation tax fund for mental health and
- 15 substance abuse in the same manner as the community mental
- 16 health board administers the community mental health fund
- 17 under the Community Mental Health Act.
- 18 (h) This Section may be cited as the "Special County
- Occupation Tax For Public Safety, Public Facilities, Mental 19
- 20 Health, Substance Abuse, or Transportation Law".
- For purposes of this Section, "public safety" 2.1 (i)
- 22 includes, but is not limited to, crime prevention, detention,
- 23 fire fighting, police, medical, ambulance, or other emergency
- 24 services. The county may share tax proceeds received under
- 25 this Section for public safety purposes, including proceeds
- received before August 4, 2009 (the effective date of Public 26

- 1 Act 96-124), with any fire protection district located in the 2 county. For the purposes of this Section, "transportation" 3 includes, but is not limited to, the construction, 4 maintenance, operation, and improvement of public highways, 5 any other purpose for which a county may expend funds under the 6 Illinois Highway Code, and passenger rail transportation. For the purposes of this Section, "public facilities purposes" 7 includes, but is not limited to, the acquisition, development, 8 9 construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, improvement, 10 financing, architectural planning, and installation of capital 11 facilities consisting of buildings, structures, and durable equipment and for the acquisition and improvement of real 12 13 property and interest in real property required, or expected to be required, in connection with the public facilities, for 14 15 use by the county for the furnishing of governmental services 16 to its citizens, including, but not limited to, museums and 17 nursing homes.
- 18 (j) The Department may promulgate rules to implement
 19 Public Act 95-1002 only to the extent necessary to apply the
 20 existing rules for the Special County Retailers' Occupation
 21 Tax for Public Safety to this new purpose for public
 22 facilities.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;
- 24 101-275, eff. 8-9-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19; 102-379, eff.
- 25 1-1-22.)

1 (55 ILCS 5/5-1006.7)

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Sec. 5-1006.7. School facility and resources occupation 2 3 taxes.

(a) In any county, a tax shall be imposed upon all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property, other than personal property titled or registered with an agency of this State's government, at retail in the county on the gross receipts from the sales made in the course of business to provide revenue to be used exclusively for (i) school facility purposes (except as otherwise provided in this Section), (ii) school resource officers and mental health professionals, or (iii) school facility purposes, resource officers, and mental health professionals if a proposition for the tax has been submitted to the electors of that county and approved by a majority of those voting on the question as provided in subsection (c). The tax under this imposed only in one-quarter percent shall be increments and may not exceed 1%.

This additional tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). Beginning December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If the county does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation

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fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. The county must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For purposes of this Section, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. Beginning January 1, 2021, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the county. The Department of Revenue has full power to administer and enforce this subsection, to collect all taxes and penalties due under this subsection, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner provided in this subsection, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of a tax or penalty under this subsection. Department shall deposit all taxes and penalties collected under this subsection into a special fund created for that purpose.

In the administration of and compliance with subsection, the Department and persons who are subject to this subsection (i) have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, (ii) are subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, definitions of terms, and (iii) shall employ the same modes of procedure as are set forth in Sections 1 through 10, 2 through 2-70 (in respect to all provisions contained in those Sections

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other than the State rate of tax), 2a through 2h, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5q, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11a, 12, and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and all provisions of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act as if those provisions were set forth in this subsection.

The certificate of registration that is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act permits the retailer to engage in a business that is taxable without registering separately with the Department under an ordinance or resolution under this subsection.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this subsection may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability by separately stating that tax as an additional charge, which may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax that sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, pursuant to any bracketed schedules set forth by the Department.

(b) If a tax has been imposed under subsection (a), then a service occupation tax must also be imposed at the same rate upon all persons engaged, in the county, in the business of making sales of service, who, as an incident to making those

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1 sales of service, transfer tangible personal property within the county as an incident to a sale of service. 2

This tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Service Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). Beginning December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If the county does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. The county must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For purposes of this "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. Beginning January 1, 2021, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the county.

The tax imposed under this subsection and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the Department and deposited into a special fund created for that purpose. The Department has full power to administer and enforce this subsection, to collect all taxes and penalties due under this subsection, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner provided in

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1 this subsection, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of a tax 2 3 or penalty under this subsection.

In the administration of and compliance with this subsection, the Department and persons who are subject to this shall (i) have the same rights, remedies, subsection privileges, immunities, powers and duties, (ii) be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties and definition of terms, and (iii) employ the same modes of procedure as are set forth in Sections 2 (except that that reference to State in the definition of supplier maintaining a place of business in this State means the county), 2a through 2d, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions contained in those Sections other than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the county), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax is a debt to the extent indicated in that Section 8 is the county), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State means the county), Section 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and all provisions of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully

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1 as if those provisions were set forth herein.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this subsection may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax that servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, pursuant to any bracketed schedules set forth by the Department.

(c) The tax under this Section may not be imposed until the question of imposing the tax has been submitted to the electors of the county at a regular election and approved by a majority of the electors voting on the question. For all regular elections held prior to August 23, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 97-542), upon a resolution by the county board or a resolution by school district boards that represent at least 51% of the student enrollment within the county, the county board must certify the question to the proper election authority in accordance with the Election Code.

For all regular elections held prior to August 23, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 97-542), the election authority must submit the question in substantially the following form:

Shall (name of county) be authorized to impose a retailers' occupation tax and a service occupation tax (commonly referred to as a "sales tax") at a rate of (insert rate) to be used exclusively for school facility

- 1 purposes?
- 2 The election authority must record the votes as "Yes" or
- 3 "No".
- 4 If a majority of the electors voting on the question vote
- 5 in the affirmative, then the county may, thereafter, impose
- 6 the tax.
- For all regular elections held on or after August 23, 2011
- 8 (the effective date of Public Act 97-542), the regional
- 9 superintendent of schools for the county must, upon receipt of
- 10 a resolution or resolutions of school district boards that
- 11 represent more than 50% of the student enrollment within the
- 12 county, certify the question to the proper election authority
- for submission to the electors of the county at the next
- 14 regular election at which the question lawfully may be
- 15 submitted to the electors, all in accordance with the Election
- 16 Code.
- 17 For all regular elections held on or after August 23, 2011
- 18 (the effective date of Public Act 97-542) and before August
- 19 23, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-455), the
- 20 election authority must submit the question in substantially
- 21 the following form:
- 22 Shall a retailers' occupation tax and a service
- occupation tax (commonly referred to as a "sales tax") be
- imposed in (name of county) at a rate of (insert rate) to
- 25 be used exclusively for school facility purposes?
- The election authority must record the votes as "Yes" or

1 "No".

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If a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in the affirmative, then the tax shall be imposed at the rate set forth in the question.

For all regular elections held on or after August 23, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-455), the election authority must submit the question as follows:

(1) If the referendum is to expand the use of revenues from a currently imposed tax exclusively for school facility purposes to include school resource officers and mental health professionals, the question shall be in substantially the following form:

In addition to school facility purposes, shall (name of county) school districts be authorized to use revenues from the tax commonly referred to as the school facility sales tax that is currently imposed in (name of county) at a rate of (insert rate) for school resource officers and mental health professionals?

(2) If the referendum is to increase the rate of a tax currently imposed exclusively for school facility purposes at less than 1% and dedicate the additional revenues for school resource officers and mental health professionals, the question shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the tax commonly referred to as the school facility sales tax that is currently imposed in (name of county) at the rate of (insert rate) be increased to

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a	rate	e of	(insert	rate) W	ith	the	additi	ional	rever	nues
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(3) If the referendum is to impose a tax in a county that has not previously imposed a tax under this Section exclusively for school facility purposes, the question shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall a retailers' occupation tax and a service occupation tax (commonly referred to as a sales tax) be imposed in (name of county) at a rate of (insert rate) to be used exclusively for school facility purposes?

(4) If the referendum is to impose a tax in a county that has not previously imposed a tax under this Section exclusively for school resource officers and mental health professionals, the question shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall a retailers' occupation tax and a service occupation tax (commonly referred to as a sales tax) be imposed in (name of county) at a rate of (insert rate) to be used exclusively for school resource officers and mental health professionals?

(5) If the referendum is to impose a tax in a county that has not previously imposed a tax under this Section exclusively for school facility purposes, school resource officers, and mental health professionals, the question

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1 shall be in substantially the following form:

> Shall a retailers' occupation tax and a service occupation tax (commonly referred to as a sales tax) be imposed in (name of county) at a rate of (insert rate) to be used exclusively for school facility purposes, school resource officers, and mental health professionals?

8 The election authority must record the votes as "Yes" or "No". 9

If a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in the affirmative, then the tax shall be imposed at the rate set forth in the question.

For the purposes of this subsection (c), "enrollment" means the head count of the students residing in the county on the last school day of September of each year, which must be reported on the Illinois State Board of Education Public School Fall Enrollment/Housing Report.

(d) Except as otherwise provided, the Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected under this Section to be deposited into the School Facility Occupation Tax Fund, which shall be an unappropriated trust fund held outside the State treasury. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the

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Local Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under this Section for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the county.

On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to the regional superintendents of schools in counties from which retailers or servicemen have paid taxes or penalties to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each regional superintendent of schools and disbursed to him or her in accordance with Section 3-14.31 of the School Code, is equal to the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020) collected from the county under this Section during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, (i) less 2% of that amount (except the amount collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020), which shall be deposited into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund and shall be used by the Department, subject to appropriation, to cover the costs of the Department in administering and enforcing the provisions of this Section, on behalf of the county, (ii) plus an amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that

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were erroneously paid to a different taxing body; (iii) less an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of the county; and (iv) less any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the county. When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a regional superintendent of schools under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease the amounts by an amount necessary to offset any miscalculation of previous disbursements within the previous 6 months from the time a miscalculation is discovered.

Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller from the Department of the disbursement certification to the regional superintendents of the schools provided for in this Section, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with directions contained in the certification.

If the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, then the Department shall notify the Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified and to the person named in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the Treasurer out of School Facility Occupation Tax Fund or the Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

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- (e) For the purposes of determining the local governmental unit whose tax is applicable, a retail sale by a producer of coal or another mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This subsection does not apply to coal or another mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce.
- (f) Nothing in this Section may be construed to authorize a tax to be imposed upon the privilege of engaging in any business that under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.
- (q) If a county board imposes a tax under this Section pursuant to a referendum held before August 23, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 97-542) at a rate below the rate set forth in the question approved by a majority of electors of that county voting on the question as provided in subsection (c), then the county board may, by ordinance, increase the rate of the tax up to the rate set forth in the question approved by a majority of electors of that county voting on the question as provided in subsection (c). If a county board imposes a tax under this Section pursuant to a referendum held before August 23, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 97-542), then the board may, by ordinance, discontinue or reduce the rate of the tax. If a tax is imposed under this

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Section pursuant to a referendum held on or after August 23, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 97-542) and before August 23, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-455), then the county board may reduce or discontinue the tax, but only in accordance with subsection (h-5) of this Section. If a tax is imposed under this Section pursuant to a referendum held on or after August 23, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-455), then the county board may reduce or discontinue the tax, but only in accordance with subsection (h-10). If, however, a school board issues bonds that are secured by the proceeds of the tax under this Section, then the county board may not reduce the tax rate or discontinue the tax if that rate reduction or discontinuance would adversely affect the school board's ability to pay the principal and interest on those bonds as they become due or necessitate the extension of additional property taxes to pay the principal and interest on those bonds. If the county board reduces the tax rate or discontinues the tax, then a referendum must be held in accordance with subsection (c) of this Section in order to increase the rate of the tax or to reimpose the discontinued tax.

Until January 1, 2014, the results of any election that imposes, reduces, or discontinues a tax under this Section must be certified by the election authority, and any ordinance that increases or lowers the rate or discontinues the tax must be certified by the county clerk and, in each case, filed with

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1 the Illinois Department of Revenue either (i) on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department shall proceed to 2 administer and enforce the tax or change in the rate as of the 3 4 first day of July next following the filing; or (ii) on or 5 before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce the tax or change in 6 the rate as of the first day of January next following the 7 8 filing.

Beginning January 1, 2014, the results of any election that imposes, reduces, or discontinues a tax under this Section must be certified by the election authority, and any ordinance that increases or lowers the rate or discontinues the tax must be certified by the county clerk and, in each case, filed with the Illinois Department of Revenue either (i) on or before the first day of May, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce the tax or change in the rate as of the first day of July next following the filing; or (ii) on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce the tax or change in the rate as of the first day of January next following the filing.

(h) For purposes of this Section, "school facility purposes" the acquisition, means (i) development, construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, improvement, financing, architectural planning, and installation of capital facilities consisting of buildings, structures, and durable

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equipment and for the acquisition and improvement of real property and interest in real property required, or expected to be required, in connection with the capital facilities and (ii) the payment of bonds or other obligations heretofore or hereafter issued, including bonds or other obligations heretofore or hereafter issued to refund or to continue to refund bonds or other obligations issued, for school facility purposes, provided that the taxes levied to pay those bonds are abated by the amount of the taxes imposed under this Section that are used to pay those bonds. "School facility purposes" also includes fire prevention, safety, energy conservation, accessibility, school security, and specified repair purposes set forth under Section 17-2.11 of the School Code.

(h-5) A county board in a county where a tax has been imposed under this Section pursuant to a referendum held on or after August 23, 2011 (the effective date of Public Act 97-542) and before August 23, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-455) may, by ordinance or resolution, submit to the voters of the county the question of reducing or discontinuing the tax. In the ordinance or resolution, the county board shall certify the question to the proper election authority in accordance with the Election Code. The election authority must submit the question in substantially the following form:

Shall the school facility retailers' occupation tax

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- and service occupation tax (commonly referred to as the "school facility sales tax") currently imposed in (name of county) at a rate of (insert rate) be (reduced to (insert rate)) (discontinued)?
- If a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in the affirmative, then, subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of this Section, the tax shall be reduced or discontinued as set forth in the question.
 - (h-10) A county board in a county where a tax has been imposed under this Section pursuant to a referendum held on or after August 23, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 101-455) may, by ordinance or resolution, submit to the voters of the county the question of reducing or discontinuing the tax. In the ordinance or resolution, the county board shall certify the question to the proper election authority in accordance with the Election Code. The election authority must submit the question in substantially the following form:
 - Shall the school facility and resources retailers' occupation tax and service occupation tax (commonly referred to as the school facility and resources sales tax) currently imposed in (name of county) at a rate of (insert rate) be (reduced to (insert rate)) (discontinued)?
- The election authority must record the votes as "Yes" or "No".
- 26 If a majority of the electors voting on the question vote

- 1 in the affirmative, then, subject to the provisions of
- subsection (q) of this Section, the tax shall be reduced or 2
- discontinued as set forth in the question. 3
- 4 (i) This Section does not apply to Cook County.
- 5 This Section may be cited as the County School
- 6 Facility and Resources Occupation Tax Law.
- (Source: P.A. 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 7
- 101-455, eff. 8-23-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.) 8
- 9 (55 ILCS 5/5-1007) (from Ch. 34, par. 5-1007)
- 10 Sec. 5-1007. Home Rule County Service Occupation Tax Law.
- The corporate authorities of a home rule county may impose a 11
- 12 tax upon all persons engaged, in such county, in the business
- 13 of making sales of service at the same rate of tax imposed
- 14 pursuant to Section 5-1006 of the selling price of all
- 15 tangible personal property transferred by such servicemen
- either in the form of tangible personal property or in the form 16
- of real estate as an incident to a sale of service. If imposed, 17
- such tax shall only be imposed in 1/4% increments. On and after 18
- 19 September 1, 1991, this additional tax may not be imposed on
- 20 tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the
- 21 Service Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance
- with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). 22
- 23 Beginning December 1, 2019, this tax is not imposed on sales of
- 24 aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for
- 25 airport-related purposes. If the county does not have an

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airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. The county must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Tax Act. For purposes of this Occupation "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. This exclusion for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the county. The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly are a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (q) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. The tax imposed by a home rule county pursuant to this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The certificate of registration which is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under the Service Occupation Tax Act shall permit such registrant to engage in a business which is taxable under any ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to this Section without registering separately with the Department under such ordinance or resolution or under this Section. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter

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provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this Section the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same restrictions, limitations, penalties conditions, and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1a-1, 2, 2a, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the taxing county), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in that Section 8 shall be the taxing county), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the returned merchandise credit for this county tax may not be taken against any State tax, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean the taxing county), the first paragraph of Section 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

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1 No tax may be imposed by a home rule county pursuant to this Section unless such county also imposes a tax at the same 2 3 rate pursuant to Section 5-1006.

Persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately stating such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the and to the specified, person named, in notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the home rule county retailers' occupation tax fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder for deposit into the Home Rule County Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, shall be immediately

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1 paid over by the Department to the State Treasurer, ex

officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government

Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into

the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under this Section

for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C.

6 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the county.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under this Section during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district.

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named counties, the counties to be those from which suppliers and servicemen have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each county shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019) collected hereunder during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during

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the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such county, and not including any amounts that are transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, less 1.5% of the remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the counties, shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this Section. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the counties and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in such certification.

In addition to the disbursement required by the preceding paragraph, an allocation shall be made in each year to each county which received more than \$500,000 in disbursements under the preceding paragraph in the preceding calendar year. The allocation shall be in an amount equal to the average monthly distribution made to each such county under the preceding paragraph during the preceding calendar year (excluding the 2 months of highest receipts). The distribution made in March of each year subsequent to the year in which an allocation was made pursuant to this paragraph and the preceding paragraph shall be reduced by the amount allocated

- 1 and disbursed under this paragraph in the preceding calendar
- 2 year. The Department shall prepare and certify to the
- 3 Comptroller for disbursement the allocations made in
- 4 accordance with this paragraph.
- 5 Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a
- 6 county to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any
- 7 business which under the Constitution of the United States may
- 8 not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

9 An ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing a tax 10 hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be 11 adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of June, whereupon the Department 12 13 shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the 14 first day of September next following such adoption and 15 filing. Beginning January 1, 1992, an ordinance or resolution 16 imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified 17 18 copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first 19 day of July, whereupon the Department shall proceed to 20 administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of October next following such adoption and filing. Beginning 2.1 January 1, 1993, an ordinance or resolution imposing or 22 23 discontinuing the tax hereunder or effecting a change in the 24 rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof 25 filed with the Department on or before the first day of 26 October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer

- 1 and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next
- following such adoption and filing. Beginning April 1, 1998, 2
- an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax 3
- 4 hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall
- 5 either (i) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with
- the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon 6
- the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this 7
- Section as of the first day of July next following the adoption 8
- and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy thereof 9
- 10 filed with the Department on or before the first day of
- 11 October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer
- and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next 12
- 13 following the adoption and filing.
- This Section shall be known and may be cited as the Home 14
- 15 Rule County Service Occupation Tax Law.
- (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 16
- 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 17
- 7-12-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.) 18
- 19 Section 10-40. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by
- changing Sections 8-11-1, 8-11-1.3, 8-11-1.4, 8-11-1.6, 20
- 8-11-1.7, 8-11-5, and 11-74.3-6 as follows: 21
- 22 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1)
- 23 Sec. 8-11-1. Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax
- 24 Act. The corporate authorities of a home rule municipality may

1 impose a tax upon all persons engaged in the business of 2 selling tangible personal property, other than an item of 3 tangible personal property titled or registered with an agency 4 of this State's government, at retail in the municipality on 5 the gross receipts from these sales made in the course of such 6 business. If imposed, the tax shall only be imposed in 1/4% increments. On and after September 1, 1991, this additional 7 8 tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at 9 the 1% rate under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act (or at the 10 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd 11 General Assembly). Beginning December 1, 2019, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is 12 13 expended for airport-related purposes. If a municipality does 14 not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates 15 aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from 16 the tax. Each municipality must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 17 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For purposes of this 18 Section, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed 19 20 in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. This exclusion 2.1 for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are 22 23 binding on the municipality. The changes made to this Section 24 by this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly are a 25 denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (g) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois 26

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Constitution. The tax imposed by a home rule municipality under this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident of the tax shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The certificate of registration that is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall permit the retailer to engage in a business that is taxable under any ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to this Section without registering separately with the Department under such ordinance or resolution or under this Section. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this Section the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions. restrictions, limitations, penalties and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 1k, 1m, 1n, 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 2c, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on

- 1 aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements
- of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 2
- 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 7, 8, 9, 3
- 4 10, 11, 12 and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and
- 5 Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully
- as if those provisions were set forth herein. 6
- No tax may be imposed by a home rule municipality under 7
- 8 this Section unless the municipality also imposes a tax at the
- 9 same rate under Section 8-11-5 of this Act.
- 10 Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority
- 11 granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their
- seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating that 12
- 13 tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in
- 14 combination, in a single amount, with State tax which sellers
- 15 are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, pursuant to such
- 16 bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.
- Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be 17
- made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a 18
- 19 credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State
- 20 Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the
- 2.1 amount specified and to the person named in the notification
- 22 from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State
- 23 Treasurer out of the home rule municipal retailers' occupation
- 24 tax fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as
- 25 appropriate.
- 26 Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the

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1 Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected 2 3 hereunder for deposit into the Home Rule Municipal Retailers' 4 Occupation Tax Fund. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation 5 fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the State Treasurer, ex 6 officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government 7 8 Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into 9 the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under this Section 10 for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 11 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under this Section during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district.

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities, the municipalities to be those from which retailers have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each

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municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019) collected hereunder during the second preceding calendar month by the Department plus an amount the Department determines necessary to offset any amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such municipality, and not including any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the municipality, and not including any amounts that are transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, less 1.5% of the remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the municipalities, shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this Section. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement certification to the municipalities and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in the certification.

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In addition to the disbursement required by the preceding paragraph and in order to mitigate delays caused by distribution procedures, an allocation shall, if requested, be made within 10 days after January 14, 1991, and in November of 1991 and each year thereafter, to each municipality that received more than \$500,000 during the preceding fiscal year, (July 1 through June 30) whether collected by the municipality or disbursed by the Department as required by this Section. Within 10 days after January 14, 1991, participating municipalities shall notify the Department in writing of their intent to participate. In addition, for the initial distribution, participating municipalities shall certify to the Department the amounts collected by the municipality for each month under its home rule occupation and service occupation tax during the period July 1, 1989 through June 30, 1990. The allocation within 10 days after January 14, 1991, shall be in an amount equal to the monthly average of these amounts, excluding the 2 months of highest receipts. The monthly average for the period of July 1, 1990 through June 30, 1991 will be determined as follows: the amounts collected by the municipality under its home rule occupation and service occupation tax during the period of July 1, 1990 through September 30, 1990, plus amounts collected by the Department and paid to such municipality through June 30, 1991, excluding the 2 months of highest receipts. The monthly average for each subsequent period of July 1 through June 30 shall be an amount

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equal to the monthly distribution made to each municipality under the preceding paragraph during this period, excluding the 2 months of highest receipts. The distribution made in November 1991 and each year thereafter under this paragraph and the preceding paragraph shall be reduced by the amount allocated and disbursed under this paragraph in the preceding period of July 1 through June 30. The Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller for disbursement the allocations made in accordance with this paragraph.

For the purpose of determining the local governmental unit whose tax is applicable, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

An ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing a tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of June, whereupon the Department

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shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of September next following the adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1992, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of July, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of October next following such adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1993, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing. However, a municipality located in a county with a population in excess of 3,000,000 that elected to become a home rule unit at the general primary election in 1994 may adopt an ordinance or resolution imposing the tax under this Section and file a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution with the Department on or before July 1, 1994. The Department shall then proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of October 1, 1994. Beginning April 1, 1998, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall either (i) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with

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the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing.

When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a municipality under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease the amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered.

Any unobligated balance remaining in the Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund on December 31, 1989, which fund was abolished by Public Act 85-1135, and all receipts of municipal tax as a result of audits of liability periods prior to January 1, 1990, shall be paid into the Local Government Tax Fund for distribution as provided by this Section prior to the enactment of Public Act 85-1135. All receipts of municipal tax as a result of an assessment not arising from an audit, for liability periods prior to January 1, 1990, shall be paid into the Local Government Tax Fund for distribution before July 1, 1990, as provided by this Section prior to the enactment of Public Act 85-1135; and on and after July 1, 1990, all such

- 1 receipts shall be distributed as provided in Section 6z-18 of
- 2 the State Finance Act.
- As used in this Section, "municipal" and "municipality" 3
- 4 means a city, village or incorporated town, including an
- 5 incorporated town that has superseded a civil township.
- 6 This Section shall be known and may be cited as the Home
- Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. 7
- (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 8
- 9 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff.
- 10 7-12-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.)
- (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.3) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.3) 11
- 12 Sec. 8-11-1.3. Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers'
- 13 Occupation Tax Act. The corporate authorities of a non-home
- 14 rule municipality may impose a tax upon all persons engaged in
- 15 the business of selling tangible personal property, other than
- on an item of tangible personal property which is titled and 16
- registered by an agency of this State's Government, at retail 17
- in the municipality for expenditure on public infrastructure 18
- 19 or for property tax relief or both as defined in Section
- 8-11-1.2 if approved by referendum as provided in Section 20
- 21 8-11-1.1, of the gross receipts from such sales made in the
- 22 course of such business. If the tax is approved by referendum
- 23 on or after July 14, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act
- 24 96-1057), the corporate authorities of a non-home rule
- municipality may, until July 1, 2030, use the proceeds of the 25

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tax for expenditure on municipal operations, in addition to or in lieu of any expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax relief. The tax imposed may not be more than 1% and may be imposed only in 1/4% increments. The tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). Beginning December 1, 2019, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If a municipality does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. Each municipality must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For purposes of this Section, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. This exclusion for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the municipality. The tax imposed by a municipality pursuant to this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The certificate of registration which is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall permit such retailer to engage in a business which is taxable under any ordinance or resolution

1 enacted pursuant to this Section without registering separately with the Department under such ordinance or 2 resolution or under this Section. The Department shall have 3 4 full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect 5 all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and 6 to determine all rights to credit memoranda, arising on 7 8 account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. 9 In the administration of, and compliance with, this Section, 10 the Department and persons who are subject to this Section 11 shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, 12 13 restrictions, limitations, penalties and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in 14 15 Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 2 through 2-65 (in 16 respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 2c, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and 17 penalties collected, and except that the retailer's discount 18 is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject 19 20 to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 5j, 2.1 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 of the 22 23 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform 24 Penalty and Interest Act as fully as if those provisions were 25 set forth herein.

No municipality may impose a tax under this Section unless

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1 the municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate under Section 8-11-1.4 of this Code. 2

Persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to the authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the specified, and to the person named, in notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the non-home rule municipal retailers' occupation tax fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

Except as otherwise provided, the Department forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder for deposit into the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund. The

- 1 Department shall only pay moneys into the Local Government
- Aviation Trust Fund under this Section for so long as the 2
- revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 3
- 4 47133 are binding on the municipality.
- 5 As soon as possible after the first day of each month,
- 6 beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of
- 7 Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall
- 8 transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR
- 9 Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined
- 10 in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under
- 11 this Section during the second preceding calendar month for
- sales within a STAR bond district. 12

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13 After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund,

on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the 14

15 Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the

disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities,

the municipalities to be those from which retailers have paid 17

18 taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the

19 second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each

municipality shall be the amount (not including credit

memoranda and not including taxes and penalties collected on

aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019) collected

hereunder during the second preceding calendar month by the

Department plus an amount the Department determines is

necessary to offset any amounts which were erroneously paid to

26 a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to

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the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of municipality, and not including any amount which Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the municipality, and not including any amounts that are transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, less 1.5% of the remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the municipalities, shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this Section. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to municipalities and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in such certification.

For the purpose of determining the local governmental unit whose tax is applicable, a retail sale, by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois, is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the

- 1 sale is exempt under the Federal Constitution as a sale in
- interstate or foreign commerce. 2
- Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a 3
- 4 municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in
- 5 any business which under the constitution of the United States
- may not be made the subject of taxation by this State. 6
- When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a 7
- 8 municipality under this Section, the Department shall increase
- 9 or decrease such amount by an amount necessary to offset any
- 10 misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount
- 11 shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous
- 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered. 12
- 13 The Department of Revenue shall implement Public Act
- 14 91-649 so as to collect the tax on and after January 1, 2002.
- 15 As used in this Section, "municipal" and "municipality"
- 16 mean a city, village, or incorporated town, including an
- incorporated town which has superseded a civil township. 17
- This Section shall be known and may be cited as the 18
- Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. 19
- 20 (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;
- 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-47, eff. 2.1
- 1-1-20; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.) 22
- 23 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.4) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-1.4)
- 24 Sec. 8-11-1.4. Non-Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation
- 25 Tax Act. The corporate authorities of a non-home

1 municipality may impose a tax upon all persons engaged, in 2 such municipality, in the business of making sales of service for expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax 3 relief or both as defined in Section 8-11-1.2 if approved by 4 5 referendum as provided in Section 8-11-1.1, of the selling price of all tangible personal property transferred by such 6 servicemen either in the form of tangible personal property or 7 in the form of real estate as an incident to a sale of service. 8 9 If the tax is approved by referendum on or after July 14, 2010 10 (the effective date of Public Act 96-1057), the corporate 11 authorities of a non-home rule municipality may, until December 31, 2020, use the proceeds of the tax for expenditure 12 on municipal operations, in addition to or in lieu of any 13 14 expenditure on public infrastructure or for property tax 15 relief. The tax imposed may not be more than 1% and may be 16 imposed only in 1/4% increments. The tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the 17 Service Occupation Tax Act. Beginning December 1, 2019, this 18 tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax 19 20 revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If a 2.1 municipality does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is 22 23 excluded from the tax. Each municipality must comply with the 24 certification requirements for airport-related purposes under 25 Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd 26

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Assembly). General For purposes of this Section, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. This exclusion for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the municipality. The tax imposed by a municipality pursuant to this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The certificate of registration which is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under the Service Occupation Tax Act shall permit such registrant to engage in a business which is taxable under any ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to Section without registering separately with Department under such ordinance or resolution or under this Section. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this Section the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes

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1 of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1a-1, 2, 2a, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions therein other than 2 the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the 3 4 State shall be to the taxing municipality), 5, 7, 8 (except 5 that the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in that Section 8 shall be the taxing 6 municipality), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and 7 8 penalties collected, and except that the returned merchandise 9 credit for this municipal tax may not be taken against any 10 State tax, and except that the retailer's discount is not 11 allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 12 13 47133), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b 14 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any 15 reference to the State shall mean the taxing municipality), 16 the first paragraph of Section 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform 17 Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were 18 19 set forth herein.

No municipality may impose a tax under this Section unless the municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate under Section 8-11-1.3 of this Code.

Persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately stating such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be

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1 stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax

which servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service

Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the

Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the municipal retailers' occupation tax fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder for deposit into the municipal retailers' occupation tax fund. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under this Section for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the municipality.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month,

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1 beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of 2 Comptroller Department of Revenue, the shall transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR 3 4 Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined 5 in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under 6 this Section during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district. 7

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities, the municipalities to be those from which suppliers and servicemen have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to Department during the second preceding calendar month. amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019) collected hereunder during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such municipality, and not including any amounts that transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, less 1.5% of the remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the municipalities, shall

in such certification.

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- 1 prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be 2 transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this Section. Within 10 days after receipt, by the 3 4 Comptroller, of the disbursement certification the 5 municipalities, the General Revenue Fund, and the Tax 6 Compliance and Administration Fund provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the 7 Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the 8
- 11 The Department of Revenue shall implement Public Act 91-649 so as to collect the tax on and after January 1, 2002. 12

respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained

- 13 Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a 14 municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in 15 any business which under the constitution of the United States 16 may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.
- As used in this Section, "municipal" or "municipality" 17 means or refers to a city, village or incorporated town, 18 19 including an incorporated town which has superseded a civil 20 township.
- This Section shall be known and may be cited as the 2.1 "Non-Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act". 22
- (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 23
- 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 24
- 25 7-12-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.)

1 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.6)

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municipal retailers' 8-11-1.6. Non-home rule occupation tax; municipalities between 20,000 and 25,000. The corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality with a population of more than 20,000 but less than 25,000 that has, prior to January 1, 1987, established a Redevelopment Project Area that has been certified as a State Sales Tax Boundary and has issued bonds or otherwise incurred indebtedness to pay for costs in excess of \$5,000,000, which is secured in part by a tax increment allocation fund, in accordance with the provisions of Division 11-74.4 of this Code may, by passage of an ordinance, impose a tax upon all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property, other than on an item of tangible personal property that is titled and registered by an agency of this State's Government, at retail in the municipality. This tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). Beginning December 1, 2019, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If a municipality does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. Each municipality must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax

1 Act. For purposes of this Section, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State 2 Finance Act. This exclusion for aviation fuel only applies for 3 4 so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) 5 and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the municipality. If imposed, the tax shall only be imposed in .25% increments of 6 the gross receipts from such sales made in the course of 7 8 business. Any tax imposed by a municipality under this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident 9 10 thereof shall be collected and enforced by the 11 Department of Revenue. An ordinance imposing a tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and 12 13 a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department 14 15 shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the 16 first day of January next following such adoption and filing. The certificate of registration that is issued by the 17 Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 18 Act shall permit the retailer to engage in a business that is 19 20 taxable under any ordinance or resolution enacted under this 2.1 Section without registering separately with the Department under the ordinance or resolution or under this Section. The 22 23 Department shall have full power to administer and enforce 24 Section, to collect all taxes and penalties 25 hereunder, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in 26 the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights

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to credit memoranda, arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with this Section, the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 2c, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5q, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

A tax may not be imposed by a municipality under this Section unless the municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate under Section 8-11-1.7 of this Act.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which sellers

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1 are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe. 2

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant, instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund, which is hereby created or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder for deposit into the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under this Section for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the municipality.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of

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1 of Revenue, the Comptroller shall Department transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR 2 Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined 3 4 in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under 5 this Section during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district. 6

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities, the municipalities to be those from which retailers have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019) collected hereunder during the second preceding calendar month by the Department plus an amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf municipality, and not including any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the municipality, and not including any amounts that are

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transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, less 1.5% of the remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the municipalities, shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this Section. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement certification to municipalities and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in the certification.

For the purpose of determining the local governmental unit whose tax is applicable, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the federal Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

1 When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a municipality under this Section, the Department shall increase 2 or decrease the amount by an amount necessary to offset any 3 4 misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount 5 shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered. 6

As used in this Section, "municipal" and "municipality" 7 8 means a city, village, or incorporated town, including an incorporated town that has superseded a civil township. 9

- 10 (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;
- 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 11
- 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.) 12

(65 ILCS 5/8-11-1.7) 13

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Sec. 8-11-1.7. Non-home rule municipal service occupation tax; municipalities between 20,000 and 25,000. The corporate authorities of a non-home rule municipality with a population of more than 20,000 but less than 25,000 as determined by the last preceding decennial census that has, prior to January 1, 1987, established a Redevelopment Project Area that has been certified as a State Sales Tax Boundary and has issued bonds or otherwise incurred indebtedness to pay for costs in excess of \$5,000,000, which is secured in part by a tax increment allocation fund, in accordance with the provisions of Division 11-74.4 of this Code may, by passage of an ordinance, impose a tax upon all persons engaged in the municipality in the

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business of making sales of service. If imposed, the tax shall only be imposed in .25% increments of the selling price of all tangible personal property transferred by such servicemen either in the form of tangible personal property or in the form of real estate as an incident to a sale of service. This tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Service Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). Beginning December 1, 2019, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If a municipality does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. Each municipality must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For purposes of this Section, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. This exclusion for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the municipality. The tax imposed by a municipality under this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. An ordinance imposing a tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or

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1 before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following such adoption and filing. The certificate of registration that is issued by Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under the Service Occupation Tax Act shall permit the registrant to engage in a business that is taxable under any ordinance or resolution enacted under this Section without registering separately with the Department under the ordinance or resolution or under this Section. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section, to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in a manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of and compliance with this Section, the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, have the powers, and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1a-1, 2, 2a, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the taxing municipality), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in that Section

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1 8 shall be the taxing municipality), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that 2 3 the returned merchandise credit for this municipal tax may not 4 be taken against any State tax, and except that the retailer's 5 discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 6 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 10, 11, 12, (except the 7 8 reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean 9 10 the taxing municipality), the first paragraph of Sections 15, 11 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully 12 13 as if those provisions were set forth herein.

A tax may not be imposed by a municipality under this Section unless the municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate under Section 8-11-1.6 of this Act.

Person subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their servicemen's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax that servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, under such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing

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1 credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the 2 3 amount specified, and to the person named, in 4 notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by 5 the State Treasurer out of the Non-Home Rule Municipal 6 Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund or the Local Government

Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder for deposit into the Non-Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under this Section for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the Municipality.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of Revenue, the Comptroller shall Department of transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under

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this Section during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district.

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities, the municipalities to be those from which suppliers and servicemen have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019) collected hereunder during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such municipality, and not including any amounts that transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, less 1.5% of the remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the municipalities, shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this Section. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement certification to municipalities, the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund,

- 1 and the General Revenue Fund, provided for in this Section to
- 2 be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller
- 3 shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts
- 4 in accordance with the directions contained in the
- 5 certification.
- 6 When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a
- 7 municipality under this Section, the Department shall increase
- 8 or decrease the amount by an amount necessary to offset any
- 9 misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount
- shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous
- 11 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered.
- Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a
- municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in
- any business which under the constitution of the United States
- may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;
- 17 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff.
- 18 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.)
- 19 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-5) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-5)
- Sec. 8-11-5. Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax
- 21 Act. The corporate authorities of a home rule municipality may
- impose a tax upon all persons engaged, in such municipality,
- in the business of making sales of service at the same rate of
- tax imposed pursuant to Section 8-11-1, of the selling price
- 25 of all tangible personal property transferred by such

1 servicemen either in the form of tangible personal property or in the form of real estate as an incident to a sale of service. 2 3 If imposed, such tax shall only be imposed in 1/4% increments. On and after September 1, 1991, this additional tax may not be 4 5 imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate 6 under the Service Retailers! Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd 7 General Assembly). Beginning December 1, 2019, this tax may 8 9 not be imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue 10 is expended for airport-related purposes. If a municipality 11 does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel shall be 12 13 excluded from tax. Each municipality must comply with the 14 certification requirements for airport-related purposes under 15 Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For 16 purposes of this Section, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. 17 This exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as 18 the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 19 20 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State. The changes made to this 2.1 Section by this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly 22 are a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (g) of Section 6 of Article VII of the 23 24 Illinois Constitution. The tax imposed by a home 25 municipality pursuant to this Section and all civil penalties 26 that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected

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and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. certificate of registration which is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under the Service Occupation Tax Act shall permit such registrant to engage in a business which is taxable under any ordinance or pursuant this Section resolution enacted to without registering separately with the Department under ordinance or resolution or under this Section. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this Section the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same restrictions, limitations, penalties conditions, definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1a-1, 2, 2a, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the taxing municipality), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in that Section 8 shall be the taxing municipality), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except

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1 that the returned merchandise credit for this municipal tax may not be taken against any State tax, and except that the 2 3 retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation 4 fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 5 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation 6 Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean 7 the taxing municipality), the first paragraph of Section 15, 9 16, 17 (except that credit memoranda issued hereunder may not 10 be used to discharge any State tax liability), 18, 19 and 20 of 11 the Service Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were 12 13 set forth herein.

No tax may be imposed by a home rule municipality pursuant to this Section unless such municipality also imposes a tax at the same rate pursuant to Section 8-11-1 of this Act.

Persons subject to any tax imposed pursuant to the authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately stating such tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing

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1 credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the 2 3 amount specified, and to the person named, in 4 notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by 5 the State Treasurer out of the home rule municipal retailers' 6 occupation tax fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust 7 Fund, as appropriate.

Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder for deposit into the Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under this Section for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the municipality.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of the of Revenue, the Comptroller shall transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under this Section during the second preceding calendar month for

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sales within a STAR bond district.

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities, the municipalities to be those from which suppliers and servicemen have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019) collected hereunder during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such not including any amounts that municipality, and transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, less 1.5% of the remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the municipalities, shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this Section. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to municipalities and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by

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the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in such certification.

In addition to the disbursement required by the preceding paragraph and in order to mitigate delays caused distribution procedures, an allocation shall, if requested, be made within 10 days after January 14, 1991, and in November of 1991 and each year thereafter, to each municipality that received more than \$500,000 during the preceding fiscal year, (July 1 through June 30) whether collected by the municipality or disbursed by the Department as required by this Section. days after January 14, 1991, participating 10 municipalities shall notify the Department in writing of their intent to participate. In addition, for the distribution, participating municipalities shall certify to the Department the amounts collected by the municipality for each month under its home rule occupation and service occupation tax during the period July 1, 1989 through June 30, 1990. The allocation within 10 days after January 14, 1991, shall be in an amount equal to the monthly average of these amounts, excluding the 2 months of highest receipts. Monthly average for the period of July 1, 1990 through June 30, 1991 will be determined as follows: the amounts collected by the municipality under its home rule occupation and service occupation tax during the period of July 1, 1990 through September 30, 1990, plus amounts collected by the Department

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and paid to such municipality through June 30, 1991, excluding the 2 months of highest receipts. The monthly average for each subsequent period of July 1 through June 30 shall be an amount equal to the monthly distribution made to each such municipality under the preceding paragraph during this period, excluding the 2 months of highest receipts. The distribution made in November 1991 and each year thereafter under this paragraph and the preceding paragraph shall be reduced by the amount allocated and disbursed under this paragraph in the preceding period of July 1 through June 30. The Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller for disbursement the allocations made in accordance with this paragraph.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

An ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing a tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of June, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of September next following such adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1992, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first

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day of July, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of October next following such adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1993, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following such adoption and filing. However, a municipality located in a county with a population in excess of 3,000,000 that elected to become a home rule unit at the general primary election in 1994 may adopt an ordinance or resolution imposing the tax under this Section and file a certified copy of the ordinance or resolution with the Department on or before July 1, 1994. The Department shall then proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of October 1, 1994. Beginning April 1, 1998, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall either (i) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer

- 1 and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing. 2
- Any unobligated balance remaining in the Municipal 3
- 4 Retailers' Occupation Tax Fund on December 31, 1989, which
- 5 fund was abolished by Public Act 85-1135, and all receipts of
- municipal tax as a result of audits of liability periods prior 6
- to January 1, 1990, shall be paid into the Local Government Tax 7
- 8 Fund, for distribution as provided by this Section prior to
- 9 the enactment of Public Act 85-1135. All receipts of municipal
- 10 tax as a result of an assessment not arising from an audit, for
- 11 liability periods prior to January 1, 1990, shall be paid into
- the Local Government Tax Fund for distribution before July 1, 12
- 13 1990, as provided by this Section prior to the enactment of
- Public Act 85-1135, and on and after July 1, 1990, all such 14
- 15 receipts shall be distributed as provided in Section 6z-18 of
- 16 the State Finance Act.
- As used in this Section, "municipal" and "municipality" 17
- 18 means a city, village or incorporated town, including an
- 19 incorporated town which has superseded a civil township.
- 20 This Section shall be known and may be cited as the Home
- 2.1 Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act.
- (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 22
- 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 23
- 7-12-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.) 24

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Sec. 11-74.3-6. Business district revenue and obligations;
business district tax allocation fund.

(a) If the corporate authorities of a municipality have approved a business district plan, have designated a business district, and have elected to impose a tax by ordinance pursuant to subsection (10) or (11) of Section 11-74.3-3, then each year after the date of the approval of the ordinance but terminating upon the date all business district project costs and all obligations paying or reimbursing business district project costs, if any, have been paid, but in no event later than the dissolution date, all amounts generated by the retailers' occupation tax and service occupation tax shall be collected and the tax shall be enforced by the Department of Revenue in the same manner as all retailers' occupation taxes and service occupation taxes imposed in the municipality imposing the tax and all amounts generated by the hotel operators' occupation tax shall be collected and the tax shall be enforced by the municipality in the same manner as all hotel operators' occupation taxes imposed in the municipality imposing the tax. The corporate authorities of municipality shall deposit the proceeds of the taxes imposed under subsections (10) and (11) of Section 11-74.3-3 into a special fund of the municipality called the "[Name of] Business District Tax Allocation Fund" for the purpose of paying or reimbursing business district project costs and obligations incurred in the payment of those costs.

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(b) The corporate authorities of a municipality that has designated a business district under this Law may, ordinance, impose a Business District Retailers' Occupation Tax upon all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property, other than an item of tangible personal property titled or registered with an agency of this State's government, at retail in the business district at a rate not to exceed 1% of the gross receipts from the sales made in the course of such business, to be imposed only in 0.25% increments. The tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the rate of 1% under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Beginning December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If the District does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. Each municipality must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). For purposes of this Section, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. Beginning January 1, 2021, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the District.

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The tax imposed under this subsection and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the Department of Revenue. certificate of registration that is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall permit the retailer to engage in a business that is taxable under any ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to this subsection without registering separately with the Department under such ordinance or resolution or under this subsection. The Department of Revenue shall have full power to administer and enforce this subsection; to collect all taxes and penalties due under this subsection in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty under this subsection. In the administration of, compliance with, this subsection, the Department and persons who are subject to this subsection shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions, and definitions of terms and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a through 1o, 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 2c through 2h, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject

- 1 to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49
- U.S.C. 47133), 4, 5, 5a, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 2
- 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 of the Retailers' 3
- 4 Occupation Tax Act and all provisions of the Uniform Penalty
- 5 and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were set
- forth herein. 6
- Persons subject to any tax imposed under this subsection 7
- 8 may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability
- 9 under this subsection by separately stating the tax as an
- 10 additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination,
- 11 in a single amount, with State taxes that sellers are required
- to collect under the Use Tax Act, in accordance with such 12
- 13 bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.
- 14 Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be
- 15 made under this subsection to a claimant instead of issuing a
- 16 credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State
- Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the 17
- 18 amount specified and to the person named in the notification
- from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State 19
- 20 Treasurer out of the business district retailers' occupation
- tax fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as 2.1
- 22 appropriate.
- Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, 23
- 24 Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer,
- 25 ex officio, as trustee, all taxes, penalties, and interest
- 26 collected under this subsection for deposit into the business

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1 district retailers' occupation tax fund. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under this Section for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the District.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under this subsection during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district.

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities from the business district retailers' occupation tax fund, the municipalities to be those from which retailers have paid taxes or penalties under this subsection to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including

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credit memoranda and not including taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019) collected under this subsection during the second preceding calendar month by the Department plus an amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, less 2% of that amount (except the amount collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019), which shall be deposited into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund and shall be used by the Department, subject to appropriation, to cover the costs Department in administering and enforcing the provisions of this subsection, on behalf of such municipality, and not including any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the municipality, and not including any amounts that transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement certification to the municipalities provided for in this subsection to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in the certification. The proceeds of the tax paid to municipalities under this subsection shall be deposited into

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the Business District Tax Allocation Fund by the municipality.

An ordinance imposing or discontinuing the tax under this subsection or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall either (i) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department, if all other requirements of this subsection are met, shall proceed to administer and enforce this subsection as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon, if all other requirements of this subsection are met, the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this subsection as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing.

The Department of Revenue shall not administer or enforce an ordinance imposing, discontinuing, or changing the rate of the tax under this subsection, until the municipality also provides, in the manner prescribed by the Department, the boundaries of the business district and each address in the business district in such a way that the Department can determine by its address whether a business is located in the business district. The municipality must provide this boundary and address information to the Department on or before April 1 for administration and enforcement of the tax under this subsection by the Department beginning on the following July 1 and on or before October 1 for administration and enforcement

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of the tax under this subsection by the Department beginning on the following January 1. The Department of Revenue shall not administer or enforce any change made to the boundaries of a business district or address change, addition, or deletion until the municipality reports the boundary change or address change, addition, or deletion to the Department in the manner prescribed by the Department. The municipality must provide this boundary change information or address change, addition, or deletion to the Department on or before April 1 for administration and enforcement by the Department of the change beginning on the following July 1 and on or before October 1 for administration and enforcement by the Department of the change beginning on the following January 1. The retailers in the business district shall be responsible for charging the imposed under this subsection. Ιf a retailer incorrectly included or excluded from the list of those required to collect the tax under this subsection, both the Department of Revenue and the retailer shall be held harmless if they reasonably relied on information provided by the municipality.

A municipality that imposes the tax under this subsection must submit to the Department of Revenue any other information as the Department may require for the administration and enforcement of the tax.

When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a municipality under this subsection, the Department shall

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1 increase or decrease the amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset 2 3 amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the 4 previous 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

If a tax is imposed under this subsection (b), a tax shall also be imposed under subsection (c) of this Section.

(c) If a tax has been imposed under subsection (b), a Business District Service Occupation Tax shall also be imposed upon all persons engaged, in the business district, in the business of making sales of service, who, as an incident to making those sales of service, transfer tangible personal property within the business district, either in the form of tangible personal property or in the form of real estate as an incident to a sale of service. The tax shall be imposed at the same rate as the tax imposed in subsection (b) and shall not exceed 1% of the selling price of tangible personal property so transferred within the business district, to be imposed only in 0.25% increments. The tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Service Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly).

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Beginning December 1, 2019, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If the District does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. Each municipality must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For purposes of this Act, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. Beginning January 1, 2021, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the District.

The tax imposed under this subsection and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the Department of Revenue. The certificate of registration which is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under the Service Occupation Tax Act shall permit such registrant to engage in a business which is taxable under any ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to this subsection without registering separately with the Department under such ordinance or resolution or under this subsection. The Department of Revenue shall have full power to administer and enforce this subsection; to collect all taxes and penalties due under this subsection; to dispose of taxes and penalties

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so collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty under this subsection. In the administration of, and compliance with this subsection, the Department and persons who are subject to this subsection shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions, and definitions of terms and employ the same modes of procedure as are prescribed in Sections 2, 2a through 2d, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the business district), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in that Section 8 shall be the municipality), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the returned merchandise credit for this tax may not be taken against any State tax, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean the municipality), the first paragraph of Section 15, and Sections 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and all provisions of the Uniform Penalty

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1 and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein. 2

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this subsection may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax that servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with such bracket schedules as Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this subsection to a claimant instead of issuing credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the specified, and to the person named, in such notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the business district retailers' occupation tax fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex-officio, as trustee, all taxes, penalties, and interest collected under this subsection for deposit into the business district retailers' occupation tax fund. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the State 1 Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay 2 3 moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under 4

this Section for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49

U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the

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As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under this subsection during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district.

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities from the business district retailers' occupation tax fund, the municipalities to be those from which suppliers and servicemen have paid taxes or penalties under this subsection to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019) collected under this subsection during the second

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preceding calendar month by the Department, less 2% of that amount (except the amount collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019), which shall be deposited into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund and shall be used by the Department, subject to appropriation, to cover the costs Department in administering and enforcing the provisions of this subsection, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of such municipality, and not including any amounts that transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the municipalities, provided for in this subsection to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in such certification. The proceeds of the tax paid to municipalities under this subsection shall be deposited into the Business District Tax Allocation Fund by the municipality.

An ordinance imposing or discontinuing the tax under this subsection or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall either (i) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department, if all other requirements of this subsection are met, shall proceed to administer and enforce this subsection as of the first day of July next following the

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1 adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy 2 thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon, if all other conditions of this subsection 3 4 are met, the Department shall proceed to administer and 5 enforce this subsection as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing. 6

The Department of Revenue shall not administer or enforce an ordinance imposing, discontinuing, or changing the rate of the tax under this subsection, until the municipality also provides, in the manner prescribed by the Department, the boundaries of the business district in such a way that the Department can determine by its address whether a business is located in the business district. The municipality must provide this boundary and address information Department on or before April 1 for administration enforcement of the tax under this subsection by the Department beginning on the following July 1 and on or before October 1 for administration and enforcement of the tax under this subsection by the Department beginning on the following January 1. The Department of Revenue shall not administer or enforce any change made to the boundaries of a business district or address change, addition, or deletion until the municipality reports the boundary change or address change, addition, or deletion to the Department in the manner prescribed by the Department. The municipality must provide this boundary change information or address change, addition,

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or deletion to the Department on or before April 1 for administration and enforcement by the Department of the change beginning on the following July 1 and on or before October 1 for administration and enforcement by the Department of the change beginning on the following January 1. The retailers in the business district shall be responsible for charging the tax imposed under this subsection. If a retailer is incorrectly included or excluded from the list of those required to collect the tax under this subsection, both the Department of Revenue and the retailer shall be held harmless if they reasonably relied on information provided by the municipality.

A municipality that imposes the tax under this subsection must submit to the Department of Revenue any other information as the Department may require for the administration and enforcement of the tax.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by the State.

22 If a tax is imposed under this subsection (c), a tax shall 23 also be imposed under subsection (b) of this Section.

(d) By ordinance, a municipality that has designated a business district under this Law may impose an occupation tax upon all persons engaged in the business district in the

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business of renting, leasing, or letting rooms in a hotel, as defined in the Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act, at a rate not to exceed 1% of the gross rental receipts from the renting, leasing, or letting of hotel rooms within the business district, to be imposed only in 0.25% increments, excluding, however, from gross rental receipts the proceeds of renting, leasing, or letting to permanent residents of a hotel, as defined in the Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act, and proceeds from the tax imposed under subsection (c) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act.

The tax imposed by the municipality under this subsection and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident to that tax shall be collected and enforced by the municipality imposing the tax. The municipality shall have full power to administer and enforce this subsection, to collect all taxes and penalties due under this subsection, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner provided in this subsection, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty under this subsection. In the administration of and compliance with this subsection, the municipality and persons who are subject to this subsection shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, shall be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, and definitions of terms, and shall employ the same modes of procedure as are employed with respect to a tax

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adopted by the municipality under Section 8-3-14 of this Code.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this subsection may reimburse themselves for their tax liability for that tax by separately stating that tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State taxes imposed under the Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act, and with any other tax.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize a municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

The proceeds of the tax imposed under this subsection shall be deposited into the Business District Tax Allocation Fund.

(e) Obligations secured by the Business District Tax Allocation Fund may be issued to provide for the payment or reimbursement of business district project costs. Those obligations, when so issued, shall be retired in the manner provided in the ordinance authorizing the issuance of those obligations by the receipts of taxes imposed pursuant to subsections (10) and (11) of Section 11-74.3-3 and by other revenue designated or pledged by the municipality. A municipality may in the ordinance pledge, for any period of time up to and including the dissolution date, all or any part of the funds in and to be deposited in the Business District Tax Allocation Fund to the payment of business district

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project costs and obligations. Whenever a municipality pledges all of the funds to the credit of a business district tax allocation fund to secure obligations issued or to be issued to pay or reimburse business district project costs, the municipality may specifically provide that funds remaining to the credit of such business district tax allocation fund after the payment of such obligations shall be accounted for annually and shall be deemed to be "surplus" funds, and such "surplus" funds shall be expended by the municipality for any business district project cost as approved in the business district plan. Whenever a municipality pledges less than all of the monies to the credit of a business district tax allocation fund to secure obligations issued or to be issued to pay or reimburse business district project costs, the municipality shall provide that monies to the credit of the business district tax allocation fund and not subject to such pledge or otherwise encumbered or required for payment of contractual obligations for specific business district project costs shall be calculated annually and shall be deemed to be "surplus" funds, and such "surplus" funds shall be expended by the municipality for any business district project cost as approved in the business district plan.

No obligation issued pursuant to this Law and secured by a pledge of all or any portion of any revenues received or to be received by the municipality from the imposition of taxes pursuant to subsection (10) of Section 11-74.3-3, shall be

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deemed to constitute an economic incentive agreement under Section 8-11-20, notwithstanding the fact that such pledge provides for the sharing, rebate, or payment of retailers' occupation taxes or service occupation taxes imposed pursuant to subsection (10) of Section 11-74.3-3 and received or to be received by the municipality from the development or redevelopment of properties in the business district.

Without limiting the foregoing in this Section, the municipality may further secure obligations secured by the business district tax allocation fund with a pledge, for a period not greater than the term of the obligations and in any case not longer than the dissolution date, of any part or any combination of the following: (i) net revenues of all or part of any business district project; (ii) taxes levied or imposed by the municipality on any or all property in the municipality, including, specifically, taxes levied or imposed by the municipality in a special service area pursuant to the Special Service Area Tax Law; (iii) the full faith and credit of the municipality; (iv) a mortgage on part or all of the business district project; or (v) any other taxes or anticipated receipts that the municipality may lawfully pledge.

Such obligations may be issued in one or more series, bear such date or dates, become due at such time or times as therein provided, but in any case not later than (i) 20 years after the date of issue or (ii) the dissolution date, whichever is

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earlier, bear interest payable at such intervals and at such rate or rates as set forth therein, except as may be limited by applicable law, which rate or rates may be fixed or variable, be in such denominations, be in such form, either coupon, registered, or book-entry, carry such conversion, registration and exchange privileges, be subject to defeasance upon such terms, have such rank or priority, be executed in such manner, be payable in such medium or payment at such place or places within or without the State, make provision for a corporate trustee within or without the State with respect to such obligations, prescribe the rights, powers, and duties thereof to be exercised for the benefit of the municipality and the benefit of the owners of such obligations, provide for the holding in trust, investment, and use of moneys, funds, and accounts held under an ordinance, provide for assignment of and direct payment of the moneys to pay such obligations or to be deposited into such funds or accounts directly to such trustee, be subject to such terms of redemption with or without premium, and be sold at such price, all as the corporate authorities shall determine. No referendum approval of the electors shall be required as a condition to the issuance of obligations pursuant to this Law except as provided in this Section.

In the event the municipality authorizes the issuance of obligations pursuant to the authority of this Law secured by the full faith and credit of the municipality, or pledges ad

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valorem taxes pursuant to this subsection, which obligations are other than obligations which may be issued under home rule powers provided by Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution or which ad valorem taxes are other than ad valorem taxes which may be pledged under home rule powers provided by Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution or which are levied in a special service area pursuant to the Special Service Area Tax Law, the ordinance authorizing the issuance of those obligations or pledging those taxes shall be published within 10 days after the ordinance has been adopted, in a newspaper having a general circulation within the municipality. The publication of the ordinance shall be accompanied by a notice of (i) the specific number of voters required to sign a petition requesting the question of the issuance of the obligations or pledging such ad valorem taxes to be submitted to the electors; (ii) the time within which the petition must be filed; and (iii) the date of the prospective referendum. The municipal clerk shall provide a petition form to any individual requesting one.

If no petition is filed with the municipal clerk, as hereinafter provided in this Section, within 21 days after the publication of the ordinance, the ordinance shall be in effect. However, if within that 21-day period a petition is filed with the municipal clerk, signed by electors numbering not less than 15% of the number of electors voting for the mayor or president at the last general municipal election,

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asking that the question of issuing obligations using full faith and credit of the municipality as security for the cost of paying or reimbursing business district project costs, or of pledging such ad valorem taxes for the payment of those obligations, or both, be submitted to the electors of the municipality, the municipality shall not be authorized to issue obligations of the municipality using the full faith and credit of the municipality as security or pledging such ad valorem taxes for the payment of those obligations, or both, until the proposition has been submitted to and approved by a majority of the voters voting on the proposition at a regularly scheduled election. The municipality shall certify the proposition to the proper election authorities for submission in accordance with the general election law.

The ordinance authorizing the obligations may provide that the obligations shall contain a recital that they are issued pursuant to this Law, which recital shall be conclusive evidence of their validity and of the regularity of their issuance.

In the event the municipality authorizes issuance of obligations pursuant to this Law secured by the full faith and credit of the municipality, the ordinance authorizing the obligations may provide for the levy and collection of a direct annual tax upon all taxable property within the municipality sufficient to pay the principal thereof and interest thereon as it matures, which levy may be in addition

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to and exclusive of the maximum of all other taxes authorized 1 to be levied by the municipality, which levy, however, shall be abated to the extent that monies from other sources are 3 4 available for payment of the obligations and the municipality 5 certifies the amount of those monies available to the county clerk. 6

A certified copy of the ordinance shall be filed with the county clerk of each county in which any portion of the municipality is situated, and shall constitute the authority for the extension and collection of the taxes to be deposited in the business district tax allocation fund.

A municipality may also issue its obligations to refund, in whole or in part, obligations theretofore issued by the municipality under the authority of this Law, whether at or prior to maturity. However, the last maturity of the refunding obligations shall not be expressed to mature later than the dissolution date.

In the event a municipality issues obligations under home rule powers or other legislative authority, the proceeds of which are pledged to pay or reimburse business district project costs, the municipality may, if it has followed the procedures in conformance with this Law, retire those obligations from funds in the business district tax allocation fund in amounts and in such manner as if those obligations had been issued pursuant to the provisions of this Law.

No obligations issued pursuant to this Law shall be

- 1 regarded as indebtedness of the municipality issuing those
- 2 obligations or any other taxing district for the purpose of
- 3 any limitation imposed by law.
- 4 Obligations issued pursuant to this Law shall not be
- 5 subject to the provisions of the Bond Authorization Act.
- When business district project costs, including, 6
- without limitation, all obligations paying or reimbursing 7
- 8 business district project costs have been paid, any surplus
- 9 funds then remaining in the Business District Tax Allocation
- 10 Fund shall be distributed to the municipal treasurer for
- 11 deposit into the general corporate fund of the municipality.
- Upon payment of all business district project costs and 12
- 13 retirement of all obligations paying or reimbursing business
- 14 district project costs, but in no event more than 23 years
- 15 after the date of adoption of the ordinance imposing taxes
- 16 pursuant to subsection (10) or (11) of Section 11-74.3-3, the
- municipality shall adopt an ordinance immediately rescinding 17
- the taxes imposed pursuant to subsection (10) or (11) of 18
- Section 11-74.3-3. 19
- 20 (Source: P.A. 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19;
- 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.) 21
- 22 Section 10-45. The Flood Prevention District Act is
- 23 amended by changing Section 25 as follows:
- 24 (70 ILCS 750/25)

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1 Sec. 25. Flood prevention retailers' and service 2 occupation taxes.

(a) If the Board of Commissioners of a flood prevention district determines that an emergency situation regarding levee repair or flood prevention, and upon an ordinance confirming the determination adopted by affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the county board of the county in which the district is situated, the county may impose a flood prevention retailers' occupation tax upon all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail within the territory of the district to provide revenue to pay the costs of providing emergency levee repair and flood prevention and to secure the payment of bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness issued under this Act for a period not to exceed 25 years or as required to repay the bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness issued under this Act. The tax rate shall be 0.25% of the gross receipts from all taxable sales made in the course of that business. Beginning December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If the District does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. The County must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers'

Occupation Tax Act. The tax imposed under this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder.

For purposes of this Act, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. Beginning January 1, 2021, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the District.

In the administration of and compliance with this subsection, the Department and persons who are subject to this subsection (i) have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, (ii) are subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, and definitions of terms, and (iii) shall employ the same modes of procedure as are set forth in Sections 1 through 10, 2 through 2-70 (in respect to all provisions contained in those Sections other than the State rate of tax), 2a through 2h, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use

- requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 4, 5, 1
- 2 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5q, 5h, 5i, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 7,
- 8, 9, 10, 11, 11a, 12, and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 3
- 4 Act and all provisions of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act
- 5 as if those provisions were set forth in this subsection.
- 6 Persons subject to any tax imposed under this Section may
- themselves for their seller's tax 7
- 8 hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional
- 9 charge, which charge may be stated in combination in a single
- 10 amount with State taxes that sellers are required to collect
- 11 under the Use Tax Act, under any bracket schedules the
- Department may prescribe. 12
- 13 If a tax is imposed under this subsection (a), a tax shall
- also be imposed under subsection (b) of this Section. 14
- 15 (b) If a tax has been imposed under subsection (a), a flood
- 16 prevention service occupation tax shall also be imposed upon
- all persons engaged within the territory of the district in 17
- the business of making sales of service, who, as an incident to 18
- making the sales of service, transfer tangible personal 19
- 20 property, either in the form of tangible personal property or
- in the form of real estate as an incident to a sale of service 2.1
- 22 to provide revenue to pay the costs of providing emergency
- 23 levee repair and flood prevention and to secure the payment of
- 24 bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness issued under
- 25 this Act for a period not to exceed 25 years or as required to
- 26 repay the bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness.

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The tax rate shall be 0.25% of the selling price of all tangible personal property transferred. Beginning December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If the District does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel is excluded from the tax. The County must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For purposes of this Act, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. Beginning January 1, 2021, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the District.

The tax imposed under this subsection and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this subsection; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder.

In the administration of and compliance with this subsection, the Department and persons who are subject to this

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subsection shall (i) have the rights, remedies, same privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, (ii) be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, and definitions of terms, and (iii) employ the same modes of procedure as are set forth in Sections 2 (except that the reference to State in the definition of supplier maintaining a place of business in this State means the district), 2a through 2d, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions contained in those Sections other than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the district), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax is a debt to the extent indicated in that Section 8 is the district), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State means the district), Section 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and all provisions of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this subsection may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, that charge may be stated in

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- 1 combination in a single amount with State tax that servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, under 2 3 any bracket schedules the Department may prescribe.
 - (c) The taxes imposed in subsections (a) and (b) may not be imposed on personal property titled or registered with an agency of the State or on personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly).
 - (d) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize the district to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business that under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by the State.
 - (e) The certificate of registration that is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or a serviceman under the Service Occupation Tax Act permits the retailer or serviceman to engage in a business that is taxable without registering separately with the Department under an ordinance or resolution under this Section.
 - (f) Except as otherwise provided, the Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected under this Section to be deposited into the Flood Prevention Occupation Tax Fund, which shall be an unappropriated trust fund held outside the

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1 State treasury. Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2 2020, shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the 3 4 State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the 5 Local Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund 6 under this Act for so long as the revenue use requirements of 7 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the 8 9 District.

On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to the counties from which retailers or servicemen have paid taxes or penalties to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each county is equal to the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020) collected from the county under this Section during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, (i) less 2% of that amount (except the amount collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020), which shall be deposited into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund and shall be used by the Department in administering and enforcing the provisions of this Section on behalf of the county, (ii) plus an amount that the Department determines is necessary to

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offset any amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body; (iii) less an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of the county; and (iv) less any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the county. When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a county under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease the amounts by an amount necessary to offset any miscalculation of previous disbursements within the previous 6 months from the time a miscalculation is discovered.

Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller from the Department of the disbursement certification to the counties provided for in this Section, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with directions contained in the certification.

If the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, then the Department shall notify the Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified and to the person named in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the Treasurer out of the Flood Prevention Occupation Tax Fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

(g) If a county imposes a tax under this Section, then the

- 1 county board shall, by ordinance, discontinue the tax upon the
- payment of all indebtedness of the flood prevention district. 2
- The tax shall not be discontinued until all indebtedness of 3
- 4 the District has been paid.
- 5 (h) Any ordinance imposing the tax under this Section, or
- any ordinance that discontinues the tax, must be certified by 6
- the county clerk and filed with the Illinois Department of 7
- 8 Revenue either (i) on or before the first day of April,
- 9 whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and
- 10 enforce the tax or change in the rate as of the first day of
- 11 July next following the filing; or (ii) on or before the first
- day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to 12
- 13 administer and enforce the tax or change in the rate as of the
- 14 first day of January next following the filing.
- 15 (j) County Flood Prevention Occupation Tax Fund. All
- 16 proceeds received by a county from a tax distribution under
- this Section must be maintained in a special fund known as the 17
- [name of county] flood prevention occupation tax fund. The 18
- 19 county shall, at the direction of the flood prevention
- 20 district, use moneys in the fund to pay the costs of providing
- 2.1 emergency levee repair and flood prevention and to pay bonds,
- 22 notes, and other evidences of indebtedness issued under this
- 23 Act.
- 24 This Section may be cited as the Flood Prevention
- 25 Occupation Tax Law.
- (Source: P.A. 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 26

- 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.) 1
- 2 Section 10-50. The Metro-East Park and Recreation District
- 3 Act is amended by changing Section 30 as follows:
- (70 ILCS 1605/30) 4
- 5 Sec. 30. Taxes.
- 6 (a) The board shall impose a tax upon all persons engaged
- 7 in the business of selling tangible personal property, other
- 8 than personal property titled or registered with an agency of
- 9 this State's government, at retail in the District on the
- gross receipts from the sales made in the course of business. 10
- 11 This tax shall be imposed only at the rate of one-tenth of one
- 12 per cent.
- 13 This additional tax may not be imposed on tangible
- 14 personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Retailers'
- Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this 15
- amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). Beginning 16
- December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, this tax is not 17
- 18 imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is
- 19 expended for airport-related purposes. If the District does
- 20 not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates
- 21 aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel shall be
- 22 The board excluded from tax. must comply with
- 23 certification requirements for airport-related purposes under
- 24 Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For

1 purposes of this Act, "airport-related purposes" has the 2 meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. Beginning January 1, 2021, this tax is not imposed on sales of 3 4 aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 5 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the 6 District. The tax imposed by the Board under this Section and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident of the 7 tax shall be collected and enforced by the Department of 8 9 Revenue. The certificate of registration that is issued by the 10 Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 11 Act shall permit the retailer to engage in a business that is taxable without registering separately with the Department 12 13 under an ordinance or resolution under this Section. 14 Department has full power to administer and enforce this 15 Section, to collect all taxes and penalties due under this 16 Section, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner provided in this Section, and to determine all rights 17 to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous 18 payment of a tax or penalty under this Section. In the 19 20 administration of and compliance with this Section, the 21 Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall (i) have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, 22 powers, and duties, (ii) be subject to the same conditions, 23 24 restrictions, limitations, penalties, and definitions of 25 terms, and (iii) employ the same modes of procedure as are 26 prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 1k, 1m,

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1 1n, 2, 2-5, 2-5.5, 2-10 (in respect to all provisions contained in those Sections other than the State rate of tax), 2-12, 2-15 through 2-70, 2a, 2b, 2c, 3 (except provisions 3 4 relating to transaction returns and quarter monthly payments, 5 and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for 6 taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 4, 5, 7 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8 6d, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11a, 12, and 13 of the Retailers' 9 10 Occupation Tax Act and the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act as 11 if those provisions were set forth in this Section.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their sellers' tax liability by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax which sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, pursuant to such bracketed schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified and to the person named in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the State Metro-East Park and Recreation District Fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as

appropriate.

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(b) If a tax has been imposed under subsection (a), a service occupation tax shall also be imposed at the same rate upon all persons engaged, in the District, in the business of making sales of service, who, as an incident to making those sales of service, transfer tangible personal property within the District as an incident to a sale of service. This tax may not be imposed on tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Service Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly). Beginning December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, this tax may not be imposed on sales of aviation fuel unless the tax revenue is expended for airport-related purposes. If the District does not have an airport-related purpose to which it dedicates aviation fuel tax revenue, then aviation fuel shall be excluded from tax. The board must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. For purposes of this Act, "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. Beginning January 1, 2021, this tax is not imposed on sales of aviation fuel for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the District. The tax imposed under this subsection and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the Department of

1 Revenue. The Department has full power to administer and enforce this subsection; to collect all taxes and penalties 2 3 due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected 4 in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all 5 rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, 6 and compliance with this subsection, the Department and 7 8 persons who are subject to this paragraph shall (i) have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and 9 10 duties, (ii) be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, 11 limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions, and definitions of terms, and (iii) employ the same modes of 12 13 procedure as are prescribed in Sections 2 (except that the reference to State in the definition of supplier maintaining a 14 15 place of business in this State shall mean the District), 2a, 16 2b, 2c, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference 17 to the State shall be to the District), 5, 7, 8 (except that 18 the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent 19 20 indicated in that Section 8 shall be the District), 9 (except 2.1 as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and 22 except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes 23 paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use 24 requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 10, 25 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b of the 26 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference

- 1 to the State shall mean the District), Sections 15, 16, 17, 18,
- 19 and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Uniform 2
- Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were 3
- 4 set forth herein.
- 5 Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority
- granted in this subsection may reimburse themselves for their 6
- serviceman's tax liability by separately stating the tax as an 7
- 8 additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination,
- 9 in a single amount, with State tax that servicemen are
- authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, in 10
- 11 accordance with such bracket schedules as the Department may
- prescribe. 12
- 13 Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be
- 14 made under this subsection to a claimant instead of issuing a
- 15 credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State
- 16 Comptroller, who shall cause the warrant to be drawn for the
- 17 amount specified, and to the person named, in the notification
- from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State 18
- Treasurer out of the State Metro-East Park and Recreation 19
- 20 District Fund or the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as
- 2.1 appropriate.
- Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize 22
- 23 the board to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any
- 24 business which under the Constitution of the United States may
- 25 not be made the subject of taxation by the State.
- 26 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the

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1 Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected 2 3 under this Section to be deposited into the State Metro-East 4 and Recreation District Fund, which shall be 5 unappropriated trust fund held outside of the State treasury. 6 Taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019 and through December 31, 2020, shall be 7 8 immediately paid over by the Department to the 9 Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local 10 Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay 11 moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under this Act for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 12 13 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the 14 District.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under this Section during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district. The Department shall make this certification only if the Metro East Park and Recreation District imposes a tax on real property as provided in the definition of "local sales taxes" under the Innovation Development and Economy Act.

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After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money pursuant to Section 35 of this Act to the District from which retailers have paid taxes or penalties to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to the District shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda and not including taxes and penalties collected on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019 and through December 31, collected under this Section during the second preceding calendar month by the Department plus an amount the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including (i) an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of the District, (ii) any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the District, (iii) any amounts that are transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, and (iv) 1.5% of the remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the District, shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this

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- 1 subsection. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement certification to the District and the Tax 2 3 Compliance and Administration Fund provided for in this 4 Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the 5 Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with directions contained in 6 the certification. 7
 - For the purpose of determining whether a authorized under this Section is applicable, a retail sale by a producer of coal or another mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or another mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize the board to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business that under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.
 - (f) An ordinance imposing a tax under this Section or an ordinance extending the imposition of a tax to an additional county or counties shall be certified by the board and filed with the Department of Revenue either (i) on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department shall proceed to

- 1 administer and enforce the tax as of the first day of July next
- 2 following the filing; or (ii) on or before the first day of
- 3 October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer
- 4 and enforce the tax as of the first day of January next
- 5 following the filing.
- (q) When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement 6
- to the District under this Section, the Department shall 7
- 8 increase or decrease the amounts by an amount necessary to
- offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset 9
- 10 amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the
- 11 previous 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered.
- (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 12
- 13 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff.
- 7-12-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.) 14
- 15 Section 10-55. The Regional Transportation Authority Act
- is amended by changing Section 4.03 as follows: 16
- (70 ILCS 3615/4.03) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 704.03) 17
- 18 Sec. 4.03. Taxes.
- 19 (a) In order to carry out any of the powers or purposes of
- the Authority, the Board may by ordinance adopted with the 20
- 21 concurrence of 12 of the then Directors, impose throughout the
- 22 metropolitan region any or all of the taxes provided in this
- 23 Section. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, taxes
- 24 imposed under this Section and civil penalties imposed

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incident thereto shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The Department shall have the power to administer and enforce the taxes and to determine all rights for refunds for erroneous payments of the taxes. Nothing in Public Act 95-708 is intended to invalidate any taxes currently imposed by the Authority. The increased vote requirements to impose a tax shall only apply to actions taken after January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-708).

(b) The Board may impose a public transportation tax upon all persons engaged in the metropolitan region in the business of selling at retail motor fuel for operation of motor vehicles upon public highways. The tax shall be at a rate not to exceed 5% of the gross receipts from the sales of motor fuel in the course of the business. As used in this Act, the term "motor fuel" shall have the same meaning as in the Motor Fuel Tax Law. The Board may provide for details of the tax. The provisions of any tax shall conform, as closely as may be practicable, to the provisions of the Municipal Retailers Occupation Tax Act, including without limitation, conformity to penalties with respect to the tax imposed and as to the powers of the State Department of Revenue to promulgate and enforce rules and regulations relating to the administration and enforcement of the provisions of the tax imposed, except that reference in the Act to any municipality shall refer to the Authority and the tax shall be imposed only with regard to

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- receipts from sales of motor fuel in the metropolitan region, at rates as limited by this Section.
 - (c) In connection with the tax imposed under paragraph (b) of this Section, the Board may impose a tax upon the privilege of using in the metropolitan region motor fuel for the operation of a motor vehicle upon public highways, the tax to be at a rate not in excess of the rate of tax imposed under paragraph (b) of this Section. The Board may provide for details of the tax.
 - (d) The Board may impose a motor vehicle parking tax upon the privilege of parking motor vehicles at off-street parking facilities in the metropolitan region at which a fee is charged, and may provide for reasonable classifications in and exemptions to the tax, for administration and enforcement thereof and for civil penalties and refunds thereunder and may provide criminal penalties thereunder, the maximum penalties not to exceed the maximum criminal penalties provided in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. The Authority may collect and enforce the tax itself or by contract with any unit of local government. The State Department of Revenue shall have no responsibility for the collection and enforcement unless the Department agrees with the Authority to undertake collection and enforcement. As used in this paragraph, term "parking facility" means a parking area or structure having parking spaces for more than 2 vehicles at which motor vehicles are permitted to park in return for an hourly, daily,

- 1 or other periodic fee, whether publicly or privately owned,
- but does not include parking spaces on a public street, the use 2
- 3 of which is regulated by parking meters.
- 4 The Board may impose a Regional Transportation 5 Authority Retailers' Occupation Tax upon all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at 6 retail in the metropolitan region. In Cook County, the tax 7 rate shall be 1.25% of the gross receipts from sales of 8 9 tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the 10 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance 11 with this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly), and 1% of the gross receipts from other taxable sales made in the 12 13 course of that business. In DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and 14 Will counties, the tax rate shall be 0.75% of the gross 15 receipts from all taxable sales made in the course of that 16 business. The rate of tax imposed in DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will counties under this Section on sales of 17 aviation fuel on or after December 1, 2019 shall, however, be 18 19 0.25% unless the Regional Transportation Authority in DuPage, 20 Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will counties has an "airport-related purpose" and the additional 0.50% of the 0.75% tax on aviation 2.1 22 fuel is expended for airport-related purposes. If there is no 23 airport-related purpose to which aviation fuel tax revenue is 24 dedicated, then aviation fuel is excluded from the additional 25 0.50% of the 0.75% tax. The tax imposed under this Section and 26 all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident

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shall be collected and enforced by the Department of Revenue. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with this Section, the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions, and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1c, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 2c, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

The Board and DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will counties must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers'

- 1 purposes of Occupation Tax Act. For this Section,
- 2 "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section
- 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. This exclusion for aviation 3
- 4 fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements
- 5 of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the
- 6 Authority.
- Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority 7
- granted in this Section may reimburse themselves for their 8
- 9 seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax
- 10 as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in
- 11 combination in a single amount with State taxes that sellers
- are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, under any 12
- 13 bracket schedules the Department may prescribe.
- 14 Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be
- 15 made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a
- 16 credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State
- Comptroller, who shall cause the warrant to be drawn for the 17
- 18 amount specified, and to the person named, in the notification
- from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State 19
- 20 Treasurer out of the Regional Transportation Authority tax
- 2.1 fund established under paragraph (n) of this Section or the
- 22 Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.
- 23 If a tax is imposed under this subsection (e), a tax shall
- 24 also be imposed under subsections (f) and (q) of this Section.
- For the purpose of determining whether a tax authorized 25
- 26 under this Section is applicable, a retail sale by a producer

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1 of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois, is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois 2 is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to 3 4 coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the 5 seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the Federal Constitution as a sale in 6 interstate or foreign commerce. 7

No tax shall be imposed or collected under this subsection on the sale of a motor vehicle in this State to a resident of another state if that motor vehicle will not be titled in this State.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize the Regional Transportation Authority to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business that under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

(f) If a tax has been imposed under paragraph (e), a Regional Transportation Authority Service Occupation Tax shall also be imposed upon all persons engaged, in the metropolitan region in the business of making sales of service, who as an incident to making the sales of service, transfer tangible personal property within the metropolitan region, either in the form of tangible personal property or in the form of real estate as an incident to a sale of service. In Cook County, the tax rate shall be: (1) 1.25% of the serviceman's cost price of food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred

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1 incident to a sale of service subject to the service 2 occupation tax by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized 3 4 Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community 5 Care Act, or the MC/DD Act that is located in the metropolitan 6 region; (2) 1.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property taxed at the 1% rate under the Service Occupation Tax 7 Act (or at the 0% rate in accordance with this amendatory Act 8 9 of the 102nd General Assembly); and (3) 1% of the selling price 10 from other taxable sales of tangible personal property 11 transferred. In DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will counties, the rate shall be 0.75% of the selling price of all 12 13 tangible personal property transferred. The rate of tax 14 imposed in DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will counties 15 under this Section on sales of aviation fuel on or after 16 December 1, 2019 shall, however, be 0.25% unless the Regional Transportation Authority in DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and 17 Will counties has an "airport-related purpose" and the 18 additional 0.50% of the 0.75% tax on aviation fuel is expended 19 20 for airport-related purposes. If there is no airport-related purpose to which aviation fuel tax revenue is dedicated, then 2.1 aviation fuel is excluded from the additional 0.5% of the 22 0.75% tax. 23

The Board and DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will counties must comply with the certification requirements for airport-related purposes under Section 2-22 of the Retailers'

Authority.

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1 Act. purposes of Occupation Tax For this Section, 2 "airport-related purposes" has the meaning ascribed in Section 6z-20.2 of the State Finance Act. This exclusion for aviation 3 4 fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements 5 of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the

The tax imposed under this paragraph and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this paragraph; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of and compliance with this paragraph, the Department and persons who are subject to this paragraph shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions, and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1a-1, 2, 2a, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the Authority), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in that Section 8

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shall be the Authority), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that the returned merchandise credit for this tax may not be taken against any State tax, and except that the retailer's discount is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean the Authority), the first paragraph of Section 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this paragraph may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, that charge may be stated in combination in a single amount with State tax that servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, under any bracket schedules the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this paragraph to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the warrant to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State

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1 Treasurer out of the Regional Transportation Authority tax

fund established under paragraph (n) of this Section or the

3 Local Government Aviation Trust Fund, as appropriate.

Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to authorize the Authority to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business that under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by the State.

(g) If a tax has been imposed under paragraph (e), a tax shall also be imposed upon the privilege of using in the metropolitan region, any item of tangible personal property that is purchased outside the metropolitan region at retail from a retailer, and that is titled or registered with an agency of this State's government. In Cook County, the tax rate shall be 1% of the selling price of the tangible personal property, as "selling price" is defined in the Use Tax Act. In DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will counties, the tax rate shall be 0.75% of the selling price of the tangible personal property, as "selling price" is defined in the Use Tax Act. The tax shall be collected from persons whose Illinois address for titling or registration purposes is given as being in the metropolitan region. The tax shall be collected by the Revenue Department of for the Regional Transportation Authority. The tax must be paid to the State, or an exemption determination must be obtained from the Department of Revenue, before the title or certificate of registration for the property may be issued. The tax or proof of exemption may be

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transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with
which, or the State officer with whom, the tangible personal
property must be titled or registered if the Department and
the State agency or State officer determine that this
procedure will expedite the processing of applications for
title or registration.

The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this paragraph; to collect all taxes, penalties, and interest due hereunder; to dispose of taxes, penalties, and interest collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda or refunds arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax, penalty, or interest hereunder. In the administration of and compliance with this paragraph, the Department and persons who are subject to this paragraph shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions, and definitions of terms and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 2 (except the definition of "retailer maintaining a place of business in this State"), 3 through 3-80 (except provisions pertaining to the State rate of tax, and except provisions concerning collection or refunding of the tax by retailers), 4, 11, 12, 12a, 14, 15, 19 (except the portions pertaining to claims by retailers and except the last paragraph concerning refunds), 20, 21, and 22 of the Use Tax Act, and are not inconsistent

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1 with this paragraph, as fully as if those provisions were set 2 forth herein.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this paragraph to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the Regional Transportation Authority tax fund established under paragraph (n) of this Section.

(h) The Authority may impose a replacement vehicle tax of \$50 on any passenger car as defined in Section 1-157 of the Illinois Vehicle Code purchased within the metropolitan region by or on behalf of an insurance company to replace a passenger car of an insured person in settlement of a total loss claim. The tax imposed may not become effective before the first day of the month following the passage of the ordinance imposing the tax and receipt of a certified copy of the ordinance by the Department of Revenue. The Department of Revenue shall collect the tax for the Authority in accordance with Sections 3-2002 and 3-2003 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

The Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes collected hereunder.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of

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1 of Revenue, the Comptroller shall Department 2 transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined 3 4 in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected under 5 this Section during the second preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district. 6

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to the Authority. The amount to be paid to the Authority shall be the amount collected hereunder during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, less any amount determined by the Department to be necessary for the payment of refunds, and less any amounts that are transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement certification to the Authority provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for that amount in accordance with the directions contained in the certification.

- 22 (i) The Board may not impose any other taxes except as it 23 may from time to time be authorized by law to impose.
 - (j) A certificate of registration issued by the State Department of Revenue to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under the Service Occupation Tax Act

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- shall permit the registrant to engage in a business that is taxed under the tax imposed under paragraphs (b), (e), (f) or (g) of this Section and no additional registration shall be required under the tax. A certificate issued under the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act shall be applicable with regard to any tax imposed under paragraph (c) of this Section.
 - (k) The provisions of any tax imposed under paragraph (c) of this Section shall conform as closely as may be practicable to the provisions of the Use Tax Act, including without limitation conformity as to penalties with respect to the tax imposed and as to the powers of the State Department of Revenue to promulgate and enforce rules and regulations relating to the administration and enforcement of the provisions of the tax imposed. The taxes shall be imposed only on use within the metropolitan region and at rates as provided in the paragraph.
 - (1) The Board in imposing any tax as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this Section, shall, after seeking the advice of the State Department of Revenue, provide means for retailers, users or purchasers of motor fuel for purposes other than those with regard to which the taxes may be imposed as provided in those paragraphs to receive refunds of taxes improperly paid, which provisions may be at variance with the refund provisions as applicable under the Municipal Retailers Occupation Tax Act. The State Department of Revenue may provide for certificates of registration for users or purchasers of motor fuel for purposes other than those with

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1 regard to which taxes may be imposed as provided in paragraphs 2 (b) and (c) of this Section to facilitate the reporting and 3 nontaxability of the exempt sales or uses.

(m) Any ordinance imposing or discontinuing any tax under this Section shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before June 1, whereupon the Department of Revenue shall proceed to administer and enforce Section on behalf of the Regional Transportation Authority as of September 1 next following such adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1992, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of July, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of October next following such adoption and filing. January 1, 1993, an ordinance or resolution Beginning imposing, increasing, decreasing, or discontinuing the tax hereunder shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of the first month to occur not less than 60 days following such adoption and filing. Any ordinance or resolution of the Authority imposing a tax under this Section and in effect on August 1, 2007 shall remain in full force and effect and shall be administered by the Department of Revenue under the terms and conditions and rates of tax established by such ordinance

1 or resolution until the Department begins administering and enforcing an increased tax under this Section as authorized by 2 Public Act 95-708. The tax rates authorized by Public Act 3 4 95-708 are effective only if imposed by ordinance of the

5 Authority.

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(n) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (n), the State Department of Revenue shall, upon collecting any taxes as provided in this Section, pay the taxes over to the State Treasurer as trustee for the Authority. The taxes shall be held in a trust fund outside the State Treasury. If an airport-related purpose has been certified, taxes penalties collected in DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will counties on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019 from the 0.50% of the 0.75% rate shall be immediately paid over by the Department to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, for deposit into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund under this Act for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the Authority. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the State Department of Revenue shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller of the State of Illinois and to the Authority (i) the amount of taxes collected in each county other than Cook County in the metropolitan region, (not including, if an airport-related purpose has been certified, the taxes and penalties collected

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from the 0.50% of the 0.75% rate on aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019 that are deposited into the Local Government Aviation Trust Fund) (ii) the amount of taxes collected within the City of Chicago, and (iii) the amount collected in that portion of Cook County outside of Chicago, each amount less the amount necessary for the payment of refunds to taxpayers located in those areas described in items (i), (ii), and (iii), and less 1.5% of the remainder, which shall be transferred from the trust fund into the Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the Authority, shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this subsection. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the certification of the amounts, Comptroller shall cause an order to be drawn for the transfer amount certified into the Tax Compliance Administration Fund and the payment of two-thirds of amounts certified in item (i) of this subsection to Authority and one-third of the amounts certified in item (i) of this subsection to the respective counties other than Cook County and the amount certified in items (ii) and (iii) of this subsection to the Authority.

In addition to the disbursement required by the preceding paragraph, an allocation shall be made in July 1991 and each year thereafter to the Regional Transportation Authority. The

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allocation shall be made in an amount equal to the average monthly distribution during the preceding calendar year (excluding the 2 months of lowest receipts) and the allocation shall include the amount of average monthly distribution from the Regional Transportation Authority Occupation and Use Tax Replacement Fund. The distribution made in July 1992 and each year thereafter under this paragraph and the preceding paragraph shall be reduced by the amount allocated and disbursed under this paragraph in the preceding calendar year. The Department of Revenue shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller for disbursement the allocations in made accordance with this paragraph.

- (o) Failure to adopt a budget ordinance or otherwise to comply with Section 4.01 of this Act or to adopt a Five-year Capital Program or otherwise to comply with paragraph (b) of Section 2.01 of this Act shall not affect the validity of any tax imposed by the Authority otherwise in conformity with law.
- (p) At no time shall a public transportation tax or motor vehicle parking tax authorized under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this Section be in effect at the same time as any retailers' occupation, use or service occupation tax authorized under paragraphs (e), (f), and (g) of this Section is in effect.

Any taxes imposed under the authority provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) shall remain in effect only until the time as any tax authorized by paragraph (e), (f), or (g) of

- 1 this Section are imposed and becomes effective. Once any tax
- 2 authorized by paragraph (e), (f), or (g) is imposed the Board
- 3 may not reimpose taxes as authorized in paragraphs (b), (c),
- 4 and (d) of the Section unless any tax authorized by paragraph
- 5 (e), (f), or (q) of this Section becomes ineffective by means
- 6 other than an ordinance of the Board.
- 7 (q) Any existing rights, remedies and obligations
- 8 (including enforcement by the Regional Transportation
- 9 Authority) arising under any tax imposed under paragraph (b),
- 10 (c), or (d) of this Section shall not be affected by the
- 11 imposition of a tax under paragraph (e), (f), or (g) of this
- Section. 12
- (Source: P.A. 100-23, eff. 7-6-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 13
- 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 14
- 15 7-12-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.)".