

LRB102 04606 CMG 25824 a

#### Sen. Ram Villivalam

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## Filed: 4/28/2021

# AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 818

4 "Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing

Sections 2-3.62, 27A-5, and 34-18.8 and by adding Sections

everything after the enacting clause with the following:

AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 818 by replacing

6 27-9.1a and 27-9.1b as follows:

10200SB0818sam001

- 7 (105 ILCS 5/2-3.62) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.62)
- 8 Sec. 2-3.62. Educational service centers.
- 9 (a) A regional network of educational service centers
  10 shall be established by the State Board of Education to
  11 coordinate and combine existing services in a manner which is
  12 practical and efficient and to provide new services to schools
  13 as provided in this Section. Services to be made available by
  14 such centers shall include the planning, implementation and
- 15 evaluation of:
- 16 (1) (blank);

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- (2) computer technology education;
- 2 (3) mathematics, science and reading resources for 3 teachers including continuing education, inservice 4 training and staff development.

The centers may provide training, technical assistance, coordination and planning in other program areas such as school improvement, school accountability, financial planning, consultation, and services, career guidance, early childhood education, alcohol/drug education and prevention, comprehensive personal health and safety education and comprehensive sexual health family life - sex education, electronic transmission of data from school districts to the State, alternative education and regional special education, and telecommunications systems that provide distance learning. Such telecommunications systems may be obtained through the Department of Central Management Services pursuant to Section 405-270 of the Department of Central Management Services Law 405/405-270). ILCS The programs and services educational service centers may be offered to private school teachers and private school students within each service center area provided public schools have already been afforded adequate access to such programs and services.

Upon the abolition of the office, removal from office, disqualification for office, resignation from office, or expiration of the current term of office of the regional superintendent of schools, whichever is earlier, the chief

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administrative officer of the centers serving that portion of a Class II county school unit outside of a city of 500,000 or more inhabitants shall have and exercise, in and with respect to each educational service region having a population of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants and in and with respect to each school district located in any such educational service all of the rights, powers, duties. responsibilities theretofore vested by law in and exercised and performed by the regional superintendent of schools for that area under the provisions of this Code or any other laws of this State.

The State Board of Education shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to implement this Section. The rules shall include detailed standards which delineate the scope and specific content of programs to be provided by each Educational Service Center, as well as the specific planning, implementation and evaluation services to be provided by each Center relative to its programs. The Board shall also provide the standards by which it will evaluate the programs provided by each Center.

(b) Centers serving Class 1 county school units shall be governed by an 11-member board, 3 members of which shall be public school teachers nominated by the local bargaining representatives to the appropriate regional superintendent for appointment and no more than 3 members of which shall be from each of the following categories, including but not limited to

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- 1 superintendents, regional superintendents, school board 2 members and a representative of an institution of higher 3 education. The members of the board shall be appointed by the 4 regional superintendents whose school districts are served by 5 the educational service center. The composition of the board 6 will reflect the revisions of this amendatory Act of 1989 as the terms of office of current members expire. 7
  - (c) The centers shall be of sufficient size and number to assure delivery of services to all local school districts in the State.
  - (d) From monies appropriated for this program the State Board of Education shall provide grants paid from the Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund to qualifying Educational Service Centers applying for such grants in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education to implement this Section.
  - (e) The governing authority of each of the 18 regional educational service centers shall appoint a comprehensive personal health and safety education and comprehensive sexual health family life - sex education advisory board consisting of 2 parents, 2 teachers, 2 school administrators, 2 school board members, 2 health care professionals, one library system representative, and the director of the regional educational service center who shall serve as chairperson of the advisory board so appointed. Members of the comprehensive personal health and safety education and comprehensive sexual health

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family life - sex education advisory boards shall serve without compensation. Each of the advisory boards appointed pursuant to this subsection shall develop a plan for regional teacher-parent comprehensive personal health and safety education and comprehensive sexual health family life sex education training sessions and shall file a written report of such plan with the governing board of their regional educational service center. The directors of each of the regional educational service centers shall thereupon meet, review each of the reports submitted by the advisory boards and combine those reports into a single written report which they shall file with the Citizens Council on School Problems prior to the end of the regular school term of the 1987-1988 school year.

- (f) The 14 educational service centers serving Class I county school units shall be disbanded on the first Monday of August, 1995, and their statutory responsibilities and programs shall be assumed by the regional offices of education, subject to rules and regulations developed by the State Board of Education. The regional superintendents of schools elected by the voters residing in all Class I counties shall serve as the chief administrators for these programs and services.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 98-24, eff. 6-19-13; 98-647, eff. 6-13-14;
- 25 99-30, eff. 7-10-15.)

and

1 (105 ILCS 5/27-9.1a new)Sec. 27-9.1a. Comprehensive personal health and safety and 2 3 comprehensive sexual health education. 4 (a) In this Section: 5 "Adapt" means to modify an evidence-based or evidence-informed program model for use with a particular 6 demographic, ethnic, linguistic, or cultural group. 7 "Age and developmentally appropriate" means suitable to 8 9 particular ages or age groups of children and adolescents, 10 based on the developing cognitive, emotional, and behavioral capacity typical for the age or age group. 11 "Characteristics of effective programs" includes 12 13 development, content, and implementation of such programs that 14 (i) have been shown to be effective in terms of increasing 15 knowledge, clarifying values and attitudes, increasing skills, and impacting behavior, (ii) are widely recognized by leading 16 medical and public health agencies to be effective in changing 17 sexual behaviors that lead to sexually transmitted infections, 18 including HIV, unintended pregnancy, interpersonal violence, 19 and sexual violence among young people, and (iii) are taught 20 2.1 by professionals who provide a safe learning space, free from 22 shame, stigma, and ideology and are trained in trauma-informed 23 teaching methodologies. 24 "Complete" means aligns with the National Sex Education 25 Standards.

"Comprehensive personal health and safety

1	comprehensive sexual health education" means age and
2	developmentally appropriate education that aligns with the
3	National Sex Education Standards.
4	"Consent" means an affirmative, knowing, conscious,
5	ongoing, and voluntary agreement to engage in interpersonal,
6	physical, or sexual activity, which can be revoked at any
7	point, including during the course of interpersonal, physical,
8	or sexual activity.
9	"Culturally appropriate" means affirming culturally
10	diverse individuals, families, and communities in an
11	inclusive, respectful, and effective manner, including
12	materials and instruction that are inclusive of race,
13	ethnicity, language, cultural background, immigration status,
14	religion, disability, gender, gender identity, gender
15	expression, sexual orientation, and sexual behavior.
16	"Evidence-based program" means a program for which
17	systematic, empirical research or evaluation has provided
18	evidence of effectiveness.
19	"Evidence-informed program" means a program that uses the
20	best available research and practice knowledge to guide
21	program design and implementation.
22	"Gender stereotype" means a generalized view or
23	preconception about what attributes, characteristics, or roles
24	are or ought to be taught, possessed by, or performed by people
25	based on their gender identity.

"Healthy relationships" means relationships between

- 1 individuals that consist of mutual respect, trust, honesty,
- support, fairness, equity, separate identities, physical and 2
- emotional safety, and good communication. 3
- 4 "Identity" means people's understanding of how they
- 5 identify their sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, or
- gender expression without stereotypes, shame, or stigma. 6
- "Inclusive" means inclusion of marginalized communities 7
- that include, but are not limited to, people of color, 8
- 9 immigrants, people of diverse sexual orientations, gender
- 10 identities, and gender expressions, people who are intersex,
- 11 people with disabilities, people who have experienced
- interpersonal or sexual violence, and others. 12
- 13 "Interpersonal violence" means violent behavior used to
- 14 establish power and control over another person.
- 15 "Medically accurate" means verified or supported by the
- 16 weight of research conducted in compliance with accepted
- scientific methods and published in peer-reviewed journals, if 17
- applicable, or comprising information recognized as accurate 18
- 19 and objective.
- "Pre-exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP)" means medications 20
- 2.1 approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and
- 22 recommended by the United States Public Health Service or the
- federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for HIV 23
- 24 pre-exposure prophylaxis and related pre-exposure prophylaxis
- 25 services, including, but not limited to, HIV and sexually
- transmitted infection screening, treatment for sexually 26

1	transmitted infections, medical monitoring, laboratory
2	services, and sexual health counseling, to reduce the
3	likelihood of HIV infection for individuals who are not living
4	with HIV but are vulnerable to HIV exposure.
5	"Post-exposure Prophylaxis (PeP)" means the medications
6	that are recommended by the federal Centers for Disease
7	Control and Prevention and other public health authorities to
8	help prevent HIV infection after potential occupational or
9	non-occupational HIV exposure.
10	"Sexual violence" means discrimination, bullying,
11	harassment, including sexual harassment, sexual abuse, sexual
12	assault, intimate partner violence, incest, rape, and human
13	trafficking.
14	"Trauma informed" means to address vital information about
15	sexuality and well-being that takes into consideration how
16	adverse life experiences may potentially influence a person's
17	well-being and decision making.
18	(b) All classes that teach comprehensive personal health
19	and safety and comprehensive sexual health education shall
20	satisfy the following criteria:
21	(1) Course material and instruction shall be age and
22	developmentally appropriate, medically accurate,
23	complete, culturally appropriate, inclusive, and trauma
24	informed.
25	(2) Course material and instruction shall replicate
26	evidence-based or evidence-informed programs or

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1	substantially incorporate elements of evidence-based
2	programs or evidence-informed programs or characteristics
3	of effective programs.
4	(3) Course material and instruction shall be inclusive
5	and sensitive to the needs of students based on their
6	status as pregnant or parenting, living with STIs,
7	including HIV, sexually active, asexual, or intersex or
8	based on their gender, gender identity, gender expression,
9	sexual orientation, sexual behavior, or disability.
10	(4) Course material and instruction shall be
11	accessible to students with disabilities, which may
12	include the use of a modified curriculum, materials,
13	instruction in alternative formats, assistive technology,
14	and auxiliary aids.
15	(5) Course material and instruction shall help
16	students develop self-advocacy skills for effective
17	communication with parents or guardians, health and social
18	service professionals, other trusted adults, and peers
19	about sexual health and relationships.
20	(6) Course material and instruction shall provide
21	information to help students develop skills for developing
22	healthy relationships and preventing and dealing with
23	interpersonal violence and sexual violence.

(7) Course material and instruction shall provide

information to help students safely use the Internet,

including social media, dating or relationship websites or

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applications, and texting.

- (8) Course material and instruction shall provide information about local resources where students can obtain additional information and confidential services related to parenting, bullying, interpersonal violence, sexual violence, suicide prevention, sexual and reproductive health, mental health, substance abuse, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, and other related issues.
- (9) Course material and instruction shall include information about State laws related to minor confidentiality and minor consent, including exceptions, consent education, mandated reporting of child abuse and neglect, the safe relinquishment of a newborn child, minors' access to confidential health care and related services, school policies addressing the prevention of and response to interpersonal and sexual violence, school breastfeeding accommodations, and school policies addressing the prevention of and response to sexual harassment.
- (10) Course material and instruction may not reflect or promote bias against any person on the basis of the person's race, ethnicity, language, cultural background, citizenship, religion, HIV status, family structures, disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, or sexual behavior.

1	(11) Course material and instruction may not employ
2	gender stereotypes.
3	(12) Course material and instruction shall be
4	inclusive of and may not be insensitive or unresponsive to
5	the needs of survivors of interpersonal violence and
6	sexual violence.
7	(13) Course material and instruction may not
8	proselytize any religious doctrine.
9	(14) Course material and instruction may not
10	deliberately withhold health-promoting or life-saving
11	information about culturally appropriate health care and
12	services, including reproductive health services, hormone
13	therapy, and FDA-approved treatments and options,
14	including, but not limited to, Pre-exposure Prophylaxis
15	(PrEP) and Post-exposure Prophylaxis (PeP).
16	(15) Course material and instruction may not be
17	inconsistent with the ethical imperatives of medicine and
18	<pre>public health.</pre>
19	(c) A school may utilize quest lecturers or resource
20	persons to provide instruction or presentations in accordance
21	with Section 10-22.34b. Comprehensive personal health and
22	safety and comprehensive sexual health education instruction
23	and materials provided by guest lecturers or resource persons
24	may not conflict with the provisions of this Section.
25	(d) No student shall be required to take or participate in
26	any class or course in comprehensive personal health and

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safety and comprehensive sexual health education. A student's parent or guardian may opt the student out of comprehensive personal health and safety and comprehensive sexual health education by submitting the request in writing. Refusal to take or participate in such a course or program may not be a reason for disciplinary action, academic penalty, suspension, or expulsion or any other sanction of a student. A school district may not require active parental consent for comprehensive personal health and safety and comprehensive sexual health education.

(e) An opportunity shall be afforded to individuals, including parents or guardians, to review the scope and sequence of instructional materials to be used in a class or course under this Section, either electronically or in person. A school district shall annually post, on its Internet website if one exists, which curriculum is used to provide comprehensive personal health and safety and comprehensive sexual health education and the name and contact information, including an email address, of school personnel who can respond to inquiries about instruction and materials.

(f) On or before August 1, 2022, the State Board of Education, in consultation with youth, parents, sexual health and violence prevention experts, health care providers, and advocates and education practitioners, including, but not limited to, administrators, regional superintendents of schools, teachers, and school support personnel, shall develop

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- 1 and adopt rigorous learning standards in the area of comprehensive personal health and safety and comprehensive 2 sexual health education, including, but not limited to, all of 3 4 the National Sex Education Standards, as authored by the 5 Future of Sex Education Initiative. As the National Sex 6 Education Standards are updated, the State Board of Education 7 shall update these learning standards.
- (g) By no later than August 1, 2022, the State Board of 8 9 Education shall make available resource materials developed in 10 consultation with stakeholders, with the cooperation and input 11 of experts that provide and entities that promote age and developmentally appropriate, medically accurate, complete, 12 culturally appropriate, inclusive, and trauma-informed 13 14 comprehensive personal health and safety and comprehensive 15 sexual health education policy. Materials may include, without 16 limitation, model comprehensive personal health and safety and comprehensive sexual health education resources and programs. 17 The State Board of Education shall make these resource 18 19 materials available on its Internet website, in a clearly 20 identified and easily accessible place.
- 2.1 (h) Beginning no later than July 1, 2023, a school district shall provide: 22
  - (1) age and developmentally appropriate, medically accurate, complete, culturally appropriate, inclusive, and trauma-informed comprehensive personal health and safety education in kindergarten through the 5th grade in all

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### public schools; and

- (2) age and developmentally appropriate, medically accurate, complete, culturally appropriate, inclusive, and trauma-informed comprehensive sexual health education in the 6th through 12th grades in all public schools.
- (i) Schools may choose and adapt the age and developmentally appropriate, medically accurate, complete, culturally appropriate, inclusive, and trauma-informed comprehensive personal health and safety and comprehensive sexual health education curriculum that meets the specific needs of their community. All instruction and materials, including materials provided or presented by outside consultants, community groups, or organizations, may not conflict with the provisions of this Section.
- (j) The State Board of Education shall, through existing reporting mechanisms if available, direct each school district to identify, if instruction on comprehensive personal health and safety and comprehensive sexual health education is provided, whether the instruction was provided by a teacher in the school, a consultant, or a community group or organization and specify the name of the outside consultant, community group, or organization; the number of students receiving instruction; the number of students excused from instruction; and the duration of instruction and shall report the results of this inquiry to the General Assembly annually, for a period of 5 years beginning one year after the effective date of this

amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.
(105 ILCS 5/27-9.1b new)
Sec. 27-9.1b. Consent education.
(a) In this Section:
"Age and developmentally appropriate" has the meaning
ascribed to that term in Section 27-9.1a.
"Consent" has the meaning ascribed to that term in Section
<u>27-9.1a.</u>
(b) A school district shall provide age and
developmentally appropriate consent education in the 3rd
through 12th grades.
(1) In the 3rd through 5th grades, instruction and
materials shall include age and developmentally
appropriate instruction on consent and how to give and
receive consent, including a discussion that includes, but
is not limited to, all of the following:
(A) Setting appropriate physical boundaries with
others.
(B) Respecting the physical boundaries of others.
(C) The right to refuse to engage in behaviors or
activities that are uncomfortable or unsafe.
(D) Dealing with unwanted physical contact.
(E) Helping a peer deal with unwanted physical
contact.

(2) In the 6th through 12th grades, instruction and

Τ	materials shall include age and developmentally
2	appropriate instruction on consent and how to give and
3	receive consent, including a discussion that includes, but
4	is not limited to, all of the following:
5	(A) That consent is a freely given agreement to
6	sexual activity.
7	(B) That consent to one particular sexual activity
8	does not constitute consent to other types of sexual
9	activities.
10	(C) That a person's lack of verbal or physical
11	resistance or submission resulting from the use or
12	threat of force does not constitute consent.
13	(D) That a person's manner of dress does not
14	constitute consent.
15	(E) That a person's consent to past sexual
16	activity does not constitute consent to future sexual
17	activity.
18	(F) That a person's consent to engage in sexual
19	activity with one person does not constitute consent
20	to engage in sexual activity with another person.
21	(G) That a person can withdraw consent at any
22	time.
23	(H) That a person cannot consent to sexual
24	activity if that person is unable to understand the
25	nature of the activity or give knowing consent due to
26	certain circumstances that include, but are not

1	<pre>limited to:</pre>
2	(i) the person is incapacitated due to the use
3	or influence of alcohol or drugs;
4	(ii) the person is asleep or unconscious;
5	(iii) the person is a minor; or
6	(iv) the person is incapacitated due to a
7	mental disability.
8	(I) The legal age of consent in this State.
9	(105 ILCS 5/27A-5)
10	Sec. 27A-5. Charter school; legal entity; requirements.
11	(a) A charter school shall be a public, nonsectarian,

(a) A charter school shall be a public, nonsectarian, nonreligious, non-home based, and non-profit school. A charter school shall be organized and operated as a nonprofit corporation or other discrete, legal, nonprofit entity authorized under the laws of the State of Illinois.

(b) A charter school may be established under this Article by creating a new school or by converting an existing public school or attendance center to charter school status. Beginning on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3), in all new applications to establish a charter school in a city having a population exceeding 500,000, operation of the charter school shall be limited to one campus. The changes made to this Section by Public Act 93-3 do not apply to charter schools existing or approved on or before April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3).

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(b-5) In this subsection (b-5), "virtual-schooling" means a cyber school where students engage in online curriculum and instruction via the Internet and electronic communication with their teachers at remote locations and with students participating at different times.

From April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, there is a moratorium on the establishment of charter schools with virtual-schooling components in school districts other than a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code. This moratorium does not apply to a charter school virtual-schooling components existing or approved prior to April 1, 2013 or to the renewal of the charter of a charter school with virtual-schooling components already approved prior to April 1, 2013.

(c) A charter school shall be administered and governed by its board of directors or other governing body in the manner provided in its charter. The governing body of a charter school shall be subject to the Freedom of Information Act and the Open Meetings Act. No later than January 1, 2021 (one year after the effective date of Public Act 101-291), a charter school's board of directors or other governing body must include at least one parent or quardian of a pupil currently enrolled in the charter school who may be selected through the charter school or a charter network election, appointment by the charter school's board of directors or other governing body, or by the charter school's Parent Teacher Organization

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- (c-5) No later than January 1, 2021 (one year after the effective date of Public Act 101-291) or within the first year of his or her first term, every voting member of a charter school's board of directors or other governing body shall complete a minimum of 4 hours of professional development leadership training to ensure that each member has sufficient familiarity with the board's or governing body's role and responsibilities, including financial oversight and accountability of the school, evaluating the principal's and school's performance, adherence to the Freedom of Information Act and the Open Meetings Act, and compliance with education and labor law. In each subsequent year of his or her term, a voting member of a charter school's board of directors or other governing body shall complete a minimum of 2 hours of professional development training in these same areas. The training under this subsection may be provided or certified by a statewide charter school membership association or may be provided or certified by other qualified providers approved by the State Board of Education.
- (d) For purposes of this subsection (d), "non-curricular health and safety requirement" means any health and safety requirement created by statute or rule to provide, maintain, preserve, or safeguard safe or healthful conditions for students and school personnel or to eliminate, reduce, or prevent threats to the health and safety of students and

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school personnel. "Non-curricular health and safety requirement" does not include any course of study or specialized instructional requirement for which the State Board has established goals and learning standards or which is designed primarily to impart knowledge and skills for students to master and apply as an outcome of their education.

A charter school shall comply with all non-curricular health and safety requirements applicable to public schools under the laws of the State of Illinois. On or before September 1, 2015, the State Board shall promulgate and post on its Internet website a list of non-curricular health and safety requirements that a charter school must meet. The list shall be updated annually no later than September 1. Any charter contract between a charter school and its authorizer must contain a provision that requires the charter school to follow the list of all non-curricular health and safety requirements promulgated by the State Board and any non-curricular health and safety requirements added by the State Board to such list during the term of the charter. Nothing in this subsection (d) precludes an authorizer from including non-curricular health and safety requirements in a charter school contract that are not contained in the list promulgated by the State Board, including non-curricular health and safety requirements of the authorizing local school board.

(e) Except as otherwise provided in the School Code, a charter school shall not charge tuition; provided that a

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- 1 charter school may charge reasonable fees for textbooks, instructional materials, and student activities. 2
  - (f) A charter school shall be responsible for management and operation of its fiscal affairs including, but not limited to, the preparation of its budget. An audit of each charter school's finances shall be conducted annually by an outside, independent contractor retained by the charter school. To ensure financial accountability for the use of public funds, on or before December 1 of every year of operation, each charter school shall submit to its authorizer and the State Board a copy of its audit and a copy of the Form 990 the charter school filed that year with the federal Internal Revenue Service. In addition, if deemed necessary for proper financial oversight of the charter school, authorizer may require quarterly financial statements from each charter school.
    - (g) A charter school shall comply with all provisions of this Article, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act, all federal and State laws and rules applicable to public schools that pertain to special education and the instruction of English learners, and its charter. A charter school is exempt from all other State laws and regulations in this Code governing public schools and local school board policies; however, a charter school is not exempt from the following:
- 25 (1) Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of this Code 26 regarding criminal history records checks and checks of

1	the Statewide Sex Offender Database and Statewide Murderer
2	and Violent Offender Against Youth Database of applicants
3	<pre>for employment;</pre>
4	(2) Sections 10-20.14, 10-22.6, 24-24, 34-19, and
5	34-84a of this Code regarding discipline of students;
6	(3) the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees
7	Tort Immunity Act;
8	(4) Section 108.75 of the General Not For Profit
9	Corporation Act of 1986 regarding indemnification of
10	officers, directors, employees, and agents;
11	(5) the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
12	(5.5) subsection $(b)$ of Section $10-23.12$ and
13	subsection (b) of Section 34-18.6 of this Code;
14	(6) the Illinois School Student Records Act;
15	(7) Section 10-17a of this Code regarding school
16	report cards;
17	(8) the P-20 Longitudinal Education Data System Act;
18	(9) Section 27-23.7 of this Code regarding bullying
19	prevention;
20	(10) Section 2-3.162 of this Code regarding student
21	discipline reporting;
22	(11) Sections 22-80 and 27-8.1 of this Code;
23	(12) Sections 10-20.60 and 34-18.53 of this Code;
24	(13) Sections 10-20.63 and 34-18.56 of this Code;
25	(14) Section 26-18 of this Code;
26	(15) Section 22-30 of this Code;

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- 1 (16) Sections 24-12 and 34-85 of this Code;
- 2 (17) the Seizure Smart School Act; and
- 3 (18) Section 2-3.64a-10 of this Code; -
- 4 (19) Section 27-9.1a of this Code;
- 5 (20) Section 27-9.1b of this Code; and
- 6 (21) Section 34-18.8 of this Code.

The change made by Public Act 96-104 to this subsection (g) is declaratory of existing law.

(h) A charter school may negotiate and contract with a school district, the governing body of a State college or university or public community college, or any other public or for-profit or nonprofit private entity for: (i) the use of a school building and grounds or any other real property or facilities that the charter school desires to use or convert for use as a charter school site, (ii) the operation and maintenance thereof, and (iii) the provision of any service, activity, or undertaking that the charter school is required to perform in order to carry out the terms of its charter. However, a charter school that is established on or after April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and that operates in a city having a population exceeding 500,000 may not contract with a for-profit entity to manage or operate the school during the period that commences on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) and concludes at the end of the 2004-2005 school year. Except as provided in subsection (i) of this Section, a school district may charge a charter

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- 1 school reasonable rent for the use of the district's buildings, grounds, and facilities. Any services for which a 2 charter school contracts with a school district shall be 3 4 provided by the district at cost. Any services for which a 5 charter school contracts with a local school board or with the governing body of a State college or university or public 6 community college shall be provided by the public entity at 7
- 9 (i) In no event shall a charter school that is established 10 by converting an existing school or attendance center to 11 charter school status be required to pay rent for space that is deemed available, as negotiated and provided in the charter 12 13 agreement, in school district facilities. However, all other 14 costs for the operation and maintenance of school district 15 facilities that are used by the charter school shall be 16 subject to negotiation between the charter school and the local school board and shall be set forth in the charter. 17
  - (j) A charter school may limit student enrollment by age or grade level.
- 20 (k) If the charter school is approved by the State Board or Commission, then the charter school is its own local education 2.1 22 agency.
- (Source: P.A. 100-29, eff. 1-1-18; 100-156, eff. 1-1-18; 23
- 24 100-163, eff. 1-1-18; 100-413, eff. 1-1-18; 100-468, eff.
- 25 6-1-18; 100-726, eff. 1-1-19; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 101-50,
- eff. 7-1-20; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-291, eff. 1-1-20; 26

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101-531, eff. 8-23-19; 101-543, eff. 8-23-19; 101-654, eff.
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         (105 ILCS 5/34-18.8) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-18.8)
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Sec. 34-18.8. HIV AIDS training. School guidance counselors, nurses, teachers, school social workers, and other school personnel who work with students shall pupils may be trained to have a basic knowledge of matters relating to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS), including the nature of the infection disease, its causes and effects, the means of detecting it and preventing its transmission, the availability of appropriate sources of counseling and referral, and any other medically accurate information that is age and developmentally appropriate for may be appropriate considering the age and grade level of such students pupils. The Board of Education shall supervise such training. The State Board of Education and the Department of Public Health shall jointly develop standards for such training.

19 (Source: P.A. 86-900.)

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           (105 ILCS 5/27-9.1 rep.)
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- 21 (105 ILCS 5/27-9.2 rep.)
- 22 (105 ILCS 5/27-11 rep.)
- 23 Section 10. The School Code is amended by repealing
- 24 Sections 27-9.1, 27-9.2, and 27-11.

Section 15. The Critical Health Problems and Comprehensive
Health Education Act is amended by changing Section 3 as
follows:

### (105 ILCS 110/3)

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Sec. 3. Comprehensive Health Education Program. program established under this Act shall include, but not be limited to, the following major educational areas as a basis for curricula in all elementary and secondary schools in this State: human ecology and health, human growth and development, the emotional, psychological, physiological, hygienic, and social responsibilities of family life, culturally, developmentally, and age-appropriate, medically accurate, and evidence-based or evidence-informed information regarding including sexual abstinence until marriage, prevention and control of disease, including instruction in grades 6 through 12 on the prevention, transmission, and treatment of sexually transmitted infections, including HIV/AIDS spread of AIDS, age-appropriate sexual abuse and assault awareness prevention education in grades pre-kindergarten through 12, public and environmental health, consumer health, safety education and disaster survival, mental health and illness, personal health habits, alcohol and  $\tau$  drug use  $\tau$  and abuse, including the medical and legal ramifications of alcohol, drug, and tobacco use, abuse during pregnancy, evidence based

1 and medically accurate information regarding abstinence, tobacco, nutrition, and dental health. The instruction on mental health and illness must evaluate the 3 multiple dimensions of health by reviewing the relationship 4 5 between physical and mental health so as to enhance student 6 understanding, attitudes, and behaviors that promote health, well-being, and human dignity. The program shall also provide 7 8 course material and instruction to advise students pupils of 9 the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act. The program shall 10 medically accurate information about include cancer, 11 including, without limitation, types of cancer, signs and symptoms, risk factors, the importance of early prevention and 12 13 detection, and information on where to go for help. 14 Notwithstanding the above educational areas, the following 15 areas may also be included as a basis for curricula in all 16 elementary and secondary schools in this State: basic first limited to, cardiopulmonary 17 (including, but not 18 resuscitation and the Heimlich maneuver), heart disease, diabetes, stroke, the prevention of child abuse, neglect, and 19 20 suicide, and teen dating violence in grades 7 through 12. Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, training on how to 2.1 22 properly administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation 23 training must be in accordance with standards of the American 24 Red Cross, the American Heart Association, or 25 nationally recognized certifying organization) and how to use 26 an automated external defibrillator shall be included as a

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basis for curricula in all secondary schools in this State.

The school board of each public elementary and secondary school in the State shall encourage all teachers and other school personnel to acquire, develop, and maintain the and skills necessary to properly administer knowledge life-saving techniques, including, without limitation, the Heimlich maneuver and rescue breathing. The training shall be in accordance with standards of the American Red Cross, the American Heart Association, or another nationally recognized certifying organization. A school board may use the services of non-governmental entities whose personnel have expertise in life-saving techniques to instruct teachers and other school personnel in these techniques. Each school board is encouraged to have in its employ, or on its volunteer staff, at least one person who is certified, by the American Red Cross or by another qualified certifying agency, as qualified administer first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation. In addition, each school board is authorized to allocate appropriate portions of its institute or inservice days to conduct training programs for teachers and other school personnel who have expressed an interest in becoming qualified administer emergency first aid or cardiopulmonary resuscitation. School boards are urged to encourage their teachers and other school personnel who coach school athletic programs and other extracurricular school activities to acquire, develop, and maintain the knowledge and skills

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necessary to properly administer first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation in accordance with standards and requirements established by the American Red Cross or another qualified certifying agency. Subject to appropriation, the State Board of Education shall establish and administer a matching grant program to pay for half of the cost that a school district incurs in training those teachers and other school personnel who express an interest in becoming qualified to administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation (which training must be in accordance with standards of the American Red Cross, the American Heart Association, or another nationally recognized certifying organization) or in learning how to use an automated external defibrillator. A school district that applies for a grant must demonstrate that it has funds to pay half of the cost of the training for which matching grant money is sought. The State Board of Education shall award the grants on a first-come, first-serve basis.

No <u>student</u> pupil shall be required to take or participate in any class or course on HIV/AIDS AIDS or family life instruction or to receive training on how to properly administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation or how to use an automated external defibrillator if the student's his or her parent or quardian submits written objection thereto, and refusal to take or participate in the course or program or the training shall not be reason for suspension or expulsion of the student pupil.

1 Curricula developed under programs established accordance with this Act in the major educational area of 2 alcohol and drug use and abuse shall include classroom 3 instruction in grades 5 through 12. The instruction, which 4 5 shall include matters relating to both the physical and legal 6 effects and ramifications of drug and substance abuse, shall be integrated into existing curricula; and the State Board of 7 8 Education shall develop and make available to all elementary 9 and secondary schools in this State instructional materials 10 and guidelines which will assist the schools in incorporating 11 the instruction into their existing curricula. In addition, school districts may offer, as part of existing curricula 12 13 during the school day or as part of an after school program, 14 support services and instruction for students pupils or 15 students pupils whose parent, parents, or quardians are 16 chemically dependent.

(Source: P.A. 101-305, eff. 1-1-20; revised 8-21-20.)

18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 19 becoming law.".