

1 AN ACT concerning State government.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Governmental Ethics Act is amended
5 by changing Sections 1-109, 1-110, 2-101, 4A-102, 4A-103,
6 4A-107, and 4A-108 and by adding Sections 1-102.5, 1-104.3,
7 1-104.4, 1-104.5, 1-105.2, 1-105.3, 1-105.5, 1-105.6, 1-105.7,
8 1-112.5, 1-113.6, 1-113.7, and 3A-50 as follows:

9 (5 ILCS 420/1-102.5 new)

10 Sec. 1-102.5. "Asset" means, for the purposes of Sections
11 4A-102 and 4A-103, an item that is owned and has monetary
12 value. For the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, assets
13 include, but are not limited to: stocks, bonds, sector mutual
14 funds, sector exchange traded funds, commodity futures,
15 investment real estate, beneficial interests in trusts,
16 business interests, and partnership interests. For the
17 purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, assets do not include:
18 personal residences; personal vehicles; savings or checking
19 accounts; bonds, notes, or securities issued by any branch of
20 federal, state, or local government; Medicare benefits;
21 inheritances or bequests, other than beneficial interests in
22 trusts; diversified funds; annuities; pensions (including
23 government pensions); retirement accounts; college savings

1 plans that are qualified tuition plans; qualified
2 tax-advantaged savings programs that allow individuals to save
3 for disability-related expenses; or tangible personal
4 property.

5 (5 ILCS 420/1-104.3 new)

6 Sec. 1-104.3. "Creditor" means, for the purposes of
7 Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, an individual, organization, or
8 other business entity to whom money or its equivalent is owed,
9 no matter whether that obligation is secured or unsecured,
10 except that if a filer makes a loan to members of his or her
11 family, then that filer does not, by making such a loan, become
12 a creditor of that individual for the purposes of Sections
13 4A-102 and 4A-103 of this Act.

14 (5 ILCS 420/1-104.4 new)

15 Sec. 1-104.4. "Debt" means, for the purposes of Sections
16 4A-102 and 4A-103, any money or monetary obligation owed at
17 any time during the preceding calendar year to an individual,
18 company, or other organization, other than a loan that is from
19 a financial institution, government agency, or business entity
20 and that is granted on terms made available to the general
21 public. For the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, "debt"
22 includes, but is not limited to: personal loans from friends
23 or business associates, business loans made outside the
24 lender's regular course of business, and loans made at below

1 market rates. For the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103,
2 "debt" does not include: (i) debts to or from financial
3 institutions or government entities, such as mortgages,
4 student loans, credit card debts, or loans secured by
5 automobiles, household furniture, or appliances, as long as
6 those loans were made on terms available to the general public
7 and do not exceed the purchase price of the items securing
8 them; (ii) debts to or from a political committee registered
9 with the Illinois State Board of Elections or political
10 committees, principal campaign committees, or authorized
11 committees registered with the Federal Election Commission; or
12 (iii) a loan from a member of the filer's family not known by
13 the filer to be registered to lobby under the Lobbyist
14 Registration Act.

15 (5 ILCS 420/1-104.5 new)

16 Sec. 1-104.5. "Diversified funds" means investment
17 products, such as mutual funds, exchange traded funds, or unit
18 investment trusts, that invest in a wide variety of securities
19 across multiple sectors or asset classes. "Diversified funds"
20 does not include sector funds.

21 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.2 new)

22 Sec. 1-105.2. "Economic relationship" means, for the
23 purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, any joint or shared
24 ownership interests in businesses and creditor-debtor

1 relationships with third parties, other than commercial
2 lending institutions, where: (a) the filer is entitled to
3 receive (i) more than 7.5% of the total distributable income,
4 or (ii) an amount in excess of the salary of the Governor; or
5 (b) the filer together with his or her spouse or minor children
6 is entitled to receive (i) more than 15%, in the aggregate, of
7 the total distributable income, or (ii) an amount in excess of
8 2 times the salary of the Governor.

9 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.3 new)

10 Sec. 1-105.3. "Family" means, for the purposes of Sections
11 4A-102 and 4A-103, a filer's spouse, children, step-children,
12 parents, step-parents, siblings, step-siblings,
13 half-siblings, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, grandparents,
14 and grandchildren, as well as the parents and grandparents of
15 the filer's spouse, and any person living with the filer.

16 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.5 new)

17 Sec. 1-105.5. "Filer" means, for the purposes of Sections
18 4A-102 and 4A-103, a person required to file a statement of
19 economic interests pursuant to this Act.

20 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.6 new)

21 Sec. 1-105.6. "Income" means, for the purposes of Sections
22 4A-102 and 4A-103, pension income and any income from whatever
23 source derived, required to be reported on the filer's federal

1 income tax return, including, but not limited to: compensation
2 received for services rendered or to be rendered (as required
3 to be reported on any Internal Revenue Service forms,
4 including, but not limited to, Forms W-2, 1099, or K-1);
5 earnings or capital gains from the sale of assets; profit;
6 interest or dividend income from all assets; revenue from
7 leases and rentals, royalties, prizes, awards, or barter;
8 forgiveness of debt; and earnings derived from annuities or
9 trusts other than testamentary trusts. "Income" does not
10 include compensation earned for service in the position that
11 necessitates the filing of the statement of economic
12 interests, or investment or interest returns on items excluded
13 from the definition of "asset", or income from the sale of a
14 personal residence or personal vehicle.

15 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.7 new)

16 Sec. 1-105.7. "Investment real estate" means any real
17 property, other than a filer's personal residences, purchased
18 to produce a profit, whether from income or resale. Investment
19 real estate may be described by the city and state where the
20 real estate is located.

21 (5 ILCS 420/1-109) (from Ch. 127, par. 601-109)

22 Sec. 1-109. "Lobbying" means engaging in activities that
23 require registration under the Lobbyist Registration
24 Act~~promoting or opposing in any manner the passage by the~~

1 ~~General Assembly of any legislative matter affecting the~~
2 ~~interests of any individual, association or corporation as~~
3 ~~distinct from those of the people of the State as a whole.~~

4 (Source: Laws 1967, p. 3401.)

5 (5 ILCS 420/1-110) (from Ch. 127, par. 601-110)

6 Sec. 1-110. "Lobbyist" means an individual who is required
7 to be registered to engage in lobbying activities pursuant to
8 the Lobbyist Registration Act ~~any person required to be~~
9 ~~registered under "An Act concerning lobbying and providing a~~
10 ~~penalty for violation thereof", approved July 10, 1957, as~~
11 ~~amended.~~

12 (Source: Laws 1967, p. 3401.)

13 (5 ILCS 420/1-112.5 new)

14 Sec. 1-112.5. "Personal residence" means, for the purposes
15 of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, a filer's primary home
16 residence and any residential real property held by the filer
17 and used by the filer for residential rather than commercial
18 or income generating purposes.

19 (5 ILCS 420/1-113.6 new)

20 Sec. 1-113.6. "Sector funds" means mutual funds or
21 exchange traded funds invested in a particular industry or
22 business.

1 (5 ILCS 420/1-113.7 new)

2 Sec. 1-113.7. "Spouse" means a party to a marriage, a
3 party to a civil union, or a registered domestic partner.

4 (5 ILCS 420/2-101) (from Ch. 127, par. 602-101)

5 Sec. 2-101. Government official lobbying.

6 (a) No legislator may engage in promoting or opposing in
7 any manner the passage by the General Assembly of any
8 legislative matter affecting the interests of any individual,
9 association, or corporation as distinct from those of the
10 people of the State as a whole lobbying, as that term is
11 defined in Section 1-109, if he or she accepts compensation
12 specifically attributable to such lobbying, other than that
13 provided by law for members of the General Assembly. Nothing
14 in this Section prohibits a legislator from lobbying without
15 compensation.

16 No legislator or executive branch constitutional officer
17 shall engage in compensated lobbying of the governing body of
18 a municipality, county, or township, or an official thereof,
19 on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying entity that is
20 registered to lobby the General Assembly or the executive
21 branch of the State of Illinois.

22 (b) No elected or appointed county executive or
23 legislative official shall engage in compensated lobbying of
24 the governing body of a county, municipality, township, the
25 General Assembly, a State executive branch office or agency,

1 or an official thereof, on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying
2 entity that is registered to lobby the county in which the
3 official is elected or appointed.

4 (c) No elected or appointed municipal executive or
5 legislative official shall engage in compensated lobbying of
6 the governing body of a county, municipality, township, the
7 General Assembly, a State executive branch office or agency,
8 or an official thereof, on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying
9 entity that is registered to lobby the municipality in which
10 the official is elected or appointed.

11 (d) No elected or appointed township executive or
12 legislative official shall engage in compensated lobbying of
13 the governing body of a county, municipality, township, the
14 General Assembly, a State executive branch office or agency,
15 or an official thereof, on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying
16 entity that is registered to lobby the township in which the
17 official is elected or appointed.

18 (e) No elected or appointed municipal executive or
19 legislative official shall engage in compensated lobbying of
20 the governing body of a county, municipality, or township, the
21 General Assembly, a State executive branch office or agency,
22 or an official thereof, on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying
23 entity if the person is an elected or appointed municipal
24 executive or legislative official from a municipality exempted
25 by the preemption provision of Section 11.2 of the Lobbyist
26 Registration Act.

1 (f) A violation of this Section shall constitute a Class A
2 misdemeanor.

3 (Source: P.A. 77-2830.)

4 (5 ILCS 420/3A-50 new)

5 Sec. 3A-50. Appointee political activity.

6 (a) No person who is appointed to an affected office
7 shall: (i) serve as an officer of a candidate political
8 committee; or (ii) be a candidate who is designated as the
9 candidate to be supported by a candidate political committee.

10 (b) A person appointed to an affected office who is either
11 an officer of a candidate political committee or a candidate
12 who is designated as the candidate to be supported by a
13 candidate political committee shall within 30 days after
14 confirmation by the Senate: (i) resign as an officer of the
15 candidate political committee; (ii) have his or her name
16 removed as the candidate to be supported by a candidate
17 political committee; (iii) notify the State Board of Elections
18 of the person's intent to convert the candidate political
19 committee to a limited activity committee under Section 9-1.8
20 of the Election Code and complete the transition to a limited
21 activity committee within 60 days after confirmation; or (iv)
22 dissolve the candidate political committee. A person appointed
23 to an affected office who is in violation of this subsection
24 (b) on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd
25 General Assembly must come into compliance within 30 days

1 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd
2 General Assembly.

3 (c) As used in this Section:

4 "Affected office" means any office in which the appointee
5 receives any form of compensation, other than the
6 reimbursement of expenses, and whose appointment requires
7 advice and consent of the Senate.

8 "Candidate political committee" has the meaning given to
9 that term in Section 9-1.8 of the Election Code in which the
10 person subject to confirmation by the Senate is designated as
11 the candidate to be supported by the candidate political
12 committee under Section 9-2 of the Code.

13 (5 ILCS 420/4A-102) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-102)

14 Sec. 4A-102. The statement of economic interests required
15 by this Article shall include the economic interests of the
16 person making the statement as provided in this Section.

17 (a) The interest (if constructively controlled by the
18 person making the statement) of a spouse or any other party,
19 shall be considered to be the same as the interest of the
20 person making the statement. Campaign receipts shall not be
21 included in this statement. The following interests shall be
22 listed by all persons required to file:

23 (1) each asset that has a value of more than \$10,000 as
24 of the end of the preceding calendar year and is: (i) held
25 in the filer's name, (ii) held jointly by the filer with

1 his or her spouse, or (iii) held jointly by the filer with
2 his or her minor child or children. For a beneficial
3 interest in a trust, the value is based on the total value
4 of the assets either subject to the beneficial interest,
5 or from which income is to be derived for the benefit of
6 the beneficial interest, regardless of whether any
7 distributions have been made for the benefit of the
8 beneficial interest;

9 (2) excluding the income from the position that
10 requires the filing of a statement of economic interests
11 under this Act, each source of income in excess of \$7,500
12 during the preceding calendar year (as required to be
13 reported on the filer's federal income tax return covering
14 the preceding calendar year) for the filer and his or her
15 spouse and, if the sale or transfer of an asset produced
16 more than \$7,500 in capital gains during the preceding
17 calendar year, the transaction date on which that asset
18 was sold or transferred;

19 (3) each creditor of a debt in excess of \$10,000 that,
20 during the preceding calendar year, was: (i) owed by the
21 filer, (ii) owed jointly by the filer with his or her
22 spouse or (iii) owed jointly by the filer with his or her
23 minor child or children;

24 (4) the name of each unit of government of which the
25 filer or his or her spouse was an employee, contractor, or
26 office holder during the preceding calendar year other

1 than the unit or units of government in relation to which
2 the person is required to file and the title of the
3 position or nature of the contractual services;

4 (5) each person known to the filer to be registered as
5 a lobbyist with any unit of government in the State of
6 Illinois: (i) with whom the filer maintains an economic
7 relationship, or (ii) who is a member of the filer's
8 family; and

9 (6) each source and type of gift or gifts, or
10 honorarium or honoraria, valued singly or in the aggregate
11 in excess of \$500 that was received during the preceding
12 calendar year, excluding any gift or gifts from a member
13 of the filer's family that was not known to the filer to be
14 registered as a lobbyist with any unit of government in
15 the State of Illinois.

16 For the purposes of this Section, the unit of local
17 government in relation to which a person is required to file
18 under item (e) of Section 4A-101.5 shall be the unit of local
19 government that contributes to the pension fund of which such
20 person is a member of the board.

21 (b) Beginning December 1, 2025, and for every 5 years
22 thereafter, the Secretary of State shall adjust the amounts
23 specified under this Section that prompt disclosure under this
24 Act for purposes of inflation as determined by the Consumer
25 Price Index for All Urban Consumers as issued by the United
26 States Department of Labor and rounded to the nearest \$100.

1 The Secretary shall publish this information on the official
2 website of the Secretary of State, and make changes to the
3 statement of economic interests form to be completed for the
4 following year.

5 (c) The Secretary of State shall develop and make publicly
6 available on his or her website written guidance relating to
7 the completion and filing of the statement of economic
8 interests upon which a filer may reasonably and in good faith
9 rely.

10 ~~The interest (if constructively controlled by the person~~
11 ~~making the statement) of a spouse or any other party, shall be~~
12 ~~considered to be the same as the interest of the person making~~
13 ~~the statement. Campaign receipts shall not be included in this~~
14 ~~statement.~~

15 ~~(a) The following interests shall be listed by all~~
16 ~~persons required to file:~~

17 ~~(1) The name, address and type of practice of any~~
18 ~~professional organization or individual professional~~
19 ~~practice in which the person making the statement was~~
20 ~~an officer, director, associate, partner or~~
21 ~~proprietor, or served in any advisory capacity, from~~
22 ~~which income in excess of \$1200 was derived during the~~
23 ~~preceding calendar year;~~

24 ~~(2) The nature of professional services (other~~
25 ~~than services rendered to the unit or units of~~
26 ~~government in relation to which the person is required~~

1 ~~to file) and the nature of the entity to which they~~
2 ~~were rendered if fees exceeding \$5,000 were received~~
3 ~~during the preceding calendar year from the entity for~~
4 ~~professional services rendered by the person making~~
5 ~~the statement.~~

6 ~~(3) The identity (including the address or legal~~
7 ~~description of real estate) of any capital asset from~~
8 ~~which a capital gain of \$5,000 or more was realized in~~
9 ~~the preceding calendar year.~~

10 ~~(4) The name of any unit of government which has~~
11 ~~employed the person making the statement during the~~
12 ~~preceding calendar year other than the unit or units~~
13 ~~of government in relation to which the person is~~
14 ~~required to file.~~

15 ~~(5) The name of any entity from which a gift or~~
16 ~~gifts, or honorarium or honoraria, valued singly or in~~
17 ~~the aggregate in excess of \$500, was received during~~
18 ~~the preceding calendar year.~~

19 ~~(b) The following interests shall also be listed by~~
20 ~~persons listed in items (a) through (f), item (l), item~~
21 ~~(n), and item (p) of Section 4A-101:~~

22 ~~(1) The name and instrument of ownership in any~~
23 ~~entity doing business in the State of Illinois, in~~
24 ~~which an ownership interest held by the person at the~~
25 ~~date of filing is in excess of \$5,000 fair market value~~
26 ~~or from which dividends of in excess of \$1,200 were~~

1 ~~derived during the preceding calendar year. (In the~~
2 ~~case of real estate, location thereof shall be listed~~
3 ~~by street address, or if none, then by legal~~
4 ~~description). No time or demand deposit in a financial~~
5 ~~institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed;~~

6 ~~(2) Except for professional service entities, the~~
7 ~~name of any entity and any position held therein from~~
8 ~~which income of in excess of \$1,200 was derived during~~
9 ~~the preceding calendar year, if the entity does~~
10 ~~business in the State of Illinois. No time or demand~~
11 ~~deposit in a financial institution, nor any debt~~
12 ~~instrument need be listed.~~

13 ~~(3) The identity of any compensated lobbyist with~~
14 ~~whom the person making the statement maintains a close~~
15 ~~economic association, including the name of the~~
16 ~~lobbyist and specifying the legislative matter or~~
17 ~~matters which are the object of the lobbying activity,~~
18 ~~and describing the general type of economic activity~~
19 ~~of the client or principal on whose behalf that person~~
20 ~~is lobbying.~~

21 ~~(c) The following interests shall also be listed by~~
22 ~~persons listed in items (a) through (c) and item (c) of~~
23 ~~Section 4A-101.5:~~

24 ~~(1) The name and instrument of ownership in any~~
25 ~~entity doing business with a unit of local government~~
26 ~~in relation to which the person is required to file if~~

1 ~~the ownership interest of the person filing is greater~~
2 ~~than \$5,000 fair market value as of the date of filing~~
3 ~~or if dividends in excess of \$1,200 were received from~~
4 ~~the entity during the preceding calendar year. (In the~~
5 ~~case of real estate, location thereof shall be listed~~
6 ~~by street address, or if none, then by legal~~
7 ~~description). No time or demand deposit in a financial~~
8 ~~institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed.~~

9 ~~(2) Except for professional service entities, the~~
10 ~~name of any entity and any position held therein from~~
11 ~~which income in excess of \$1,200 was derived during~~
12 ~~the preceding calendar year if the entity does~~
13 ~~business with a unit of local government in relation~~
14 ~~to which the person is required to file. No time or~~
15 ~~demand deposit in a financial institution, nor any~~
16 ~~debt instrument need be listed.~~

17 ~~(3) The name of any entity and the nature of the~~
18 ~~governmental action requested by any entity which has~~
19 ~~applied to a unit of local government in relation to~~
20 ~~which the person must file for any license, franchise~~
21 ~~or permit for annexation, zoning or rezoning of real~~
22 ~~estate during the preceding calendar year if the~~
23 ~~ownership interest of the person filing is in excess~~
24 ~~of \$5,000 fair market value at the time of filing or if~~
25 ~~income or dividends in excess of \$1,200 were received~~
26 ~~by the person filing from the entity during the~~

1 ~~preceding calendar year.~~

2 ~~For the purposes of this Section, the unit of local~~
3 ~~government in relation to which a person required to file~~
4 ~~under item (c) of Section 4A-101.5 shall be the unit of local~~
5 ~~government that contributes to the pension fund of which such~~
6 ~~person is a member of the board.~~

7 (Source: P.A. 101-221, eff. 8-9-19.)

8 (5 ILCS 420/4A-103) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-103)

9 Sec. 4A-103. The statement of economic interests required
10 by this Article to be filed with the Secretary of State or
11 county clerk shall be ~~filled in by typewriting or hand~~
12 ~~printing, shall be~~ verified, dated, and signed by the person
13 making the statement and shall contain substantially the
14 following:

15 STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS

16 INSTRUCTIONS:

17 You may find the following documents helpful to you in
18 completing this form:

19 (1) federal income tax returns, including any related
20 schedules, attachments, and forms; and

21 (2) investment and brokerage statements.

22 To complete this form, you do not need to disclose
23 specific amounts or values or report interests relating either

1 to political committees registered with the Illinois State
2 Board of Elections or to political committees, principal
3 campaign committees, or authorized committees registered with
4 the Federal Election Commission.

5 The information you disclose will be available to the
6 public.

7 You must answer all 6 questions. Certain questions will
8 ask you to report any applicable assets or debts held in, or
9 payable to, your name; held jointly by, or payable to, you with
10 your spouse; or held jointly by, or payable to, you with your
11 minor child. If you have any concerns about whether an
12 interest should be reported, please consult your department's
13 ethics officer, if applicable.

14 Please ensure that the information you provide is complete
15 and accurate. If you need more space than the form allows,
16 please attach additional pages for your response. If you are
17 subject to the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, your
18 ethics officer must review your statement of economic
19 interests before you file it. Failure to complete the
20 statement in good faith and within the prescribed deadline may
21 subject you to fines, imprisonment, or both.

22 BASIC INFORMATION:

23 Name:.....

24 Job title:

25 Office, department, or agency that requires you to file this

1 form:.....
 2 Other offices, departments, or agencies that require you to
 3 file a Statement of Economic Interests form:
 4 Full mailing address:.....
 5 Preferred e-mail address (optional):

6 QUESTIONS:

7 1. If you have any single asset that was worth more than
 8 \$10,000 as of the end of the preceding calendar year and is
 9 held in, or payable to, your name, held jointly by, or payable
 10 to, you with your spouse, or held jointly by, or payable to,
 11 you with your minor child, list such assets below. In the case
 12 of investment real estate, list the city and state where the
 13 investment real estate is located. If you do not have any such
 14 assets, list "none" below.

15
 16
 17
 18
 19

20 2. Excluding the position for which you are required to
 21 file this form, list the source of any income in excess of
 22 \$7,500 required to be reported during the preceding calendar
 23 year. If you sold an asset that produced more than \$7,500 in
 24 capital gains in the preceding calendar year, list the name of
 25 the asset and the transaction date on which the sale or

1 transfer took place. If you had no such sources of income or
2 assets, list "none" below.

3 <u>Source of Income / Name of</u>	<u>Date Sold (if applicable)</u>
4 <u>Asset</u>	
5
6
7

8 3. Excluding debts incurred on terms available to the
9 general public, such as mortgages, student loans, and credit
10 card debts, if you owed any single debt in the preceding
11 calendar year exceeding \$10,000, list the creditor of the debt
12 below. If you had no such debts, list "none" below.

13 List the creditor for all applicable debts owed by you,
14 owed jointly by you with your spouse, or owed jointly by you
15 with your minor child. In addition to the types of debts listed
16 above, you do not need to report any debts to or from financial
17 institutions or government agencies, such as debts secured by
18 automobiles, household furniture or appliances, as long as the
19 debt was made on terms available to the general public, debts
20 to members of your family, or debts to or from a political
21 committee registered with the Illinois State Board of
22 Elections or any political committee, principal campaign
23 committee, or authorized committee registered with the Federal
24 Election Commission.

25

1
 2
 3

4 4. List the name of each unit of government of which you or
 5 your spouse were an employee, contractor, or office holder
 6 during the preceding calendar year other than the unit or
 7 units of government in relation to which the person is
 8 required to file and the title of the position or nature of the
 9 contractual services.

<u>Name of Unit of Government</u>	<u>Title or Nature of Services</u>
<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>
<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>
<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>

14 5. If you maintain an economic relationship with a
 15 lobbyist or if a member of your family is known to you to be a
 16 lobbyist registered with any unit of government in the State
 17 of Illinois, list the name of the lobbyist below and identify
 18 the nature of your relationship with the lobbyist. If you do
 19 not have an economic relationship with a lobbyist or a family
 20 member known to you to be a lobbyist registered with any unit
 21 of government in the State of Illinois, list "none" below.

<u>Name of Lobbyist</u>	<u>Relationship to Filer</u>
<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>
<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>

1

2 6. List the name of each person, organization, or entity
3 that was the source of a gift or gifts, or honorarium or
4 honoraria, valued singly or in the aggregate in excess of \$500
5 received during the preceding calendar year and the type of
6 gift or gifts, or honorarium or honoraria, excluding any gift
7 or gifts from a member of your family that was not known to be
8 a lobbyist registered with any unit of government in the State
9 of Illinois. If you had no such gifts, list "none" below.

10

11

12

13 VERIFICATION:

14 "I declare that this statement of economic interests
15 (including any attachments) has been examined by me and to the
16 best of my knowledge and belief is a true, correct and complete
17 statement of my economic interests as required by the Illinois
18 Governmental Ethics Act. I understand that the penalty for
19 willfully filing a false or incomplete statement is a fine not
20 to exceed \$2,500 or imprisonment in a penal institution other
21 than the penitentiary not to exceed one year, or both fine and
22 imprisonment."

23 Printed Name of Filer:

24 Date:.....

25 Signature:

1 If this statement of economic interests requires ethics
2 officer review prior to filing, the applicable ethics officer
3 must complete the following:

4 CERTIFICATION OF ETHICS OFFICER REVIEW:

5 "In accordance with law, as Ethics Officer, I reviewed
6 this statement of economic interests prior to its filing."

7 Printed Name of Ethics Officer:

8 Date:.....

9 Signature:

10 Preferred e-mail address (optional):

11 ~~STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTEREST~~

12 ~~(TYPE OR HAND PRINT)~~

13 ~~.....~~

14 ~~(name)~~

15 ~~.....~~

16 ~~(each office or position of employment for which this~~
17 ~~statement is filed)~~

18 ~~.....~~

19 ~~(full mailing address)~~

20 ~~GENERAL DIRECTIONS:~~

21 ~~The interest (if constructively controlled by the person~~
22 ~~making the statement) of a spouse or any other party, shall be~~
23 ~~considered to be the same as the interest of the person making~~

1 ~~the statement.~~

2 ~~Campaign receipts shall not be included in this statement.~~

3 ~~If additional space is needed, please attach supplemental~~
4 ~~listing.~~

5 ~~1. List the name and instrument of ownership in any entity~~
6 ~~doing business in the State of Illinois, in which the~~
7 ~~ownership interest held by the person at the date of filing is~~
8 ~~in excess of \$5,000 fair market value or from which dividends~~
9 ~~in excess of \$1,200 were derived during the preceding calendar~~
10 ~~year. (In the case of real estate, location thereof shall be~~
11 ~~listed by street address, or if none, then by legal~~
12 ~~description.) No time or demand deposit in a financial~~
13 ~~institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed.~~

14 Business Entity	Instrument of Ownership
15
16
17
18

19 ~~2. List the name, address and type of practice of any~~
20 ~~professional organization in which the person making the~~
21 ~~statement was an officer, director, associate, partner or~~
22 ~~proprietor or served in any advisory capacity, from which~~
23 ~~income in excess of \$1,200 was derived during the preceding~~
24 ~~calendar year.~~

25 Name	Address	Type of Practice
26

1
.....

2
.....

3 ~~3. List the nature of professional services rendered~~
4 ~~(other than to the State of Illinois) to each entity from which~~
5 ~~income exceeding \$5,000 was received for professional services~~
6 ~~rendered during the preceding calendar year by the person~~
7 ~~making the statement.~~

8
.....

9
.....

10 ~~4. List the identity (including the address or legal~~
11 ~~description of real estate) of any capital asset from which a~~
12 ~~capital gain of \$5,000 or more was realized during the~~
13 ~~preceding calendar year.~~

14
.....

15
.....

16 ~~5. List the identity of any compensated lobbyist with whom~~
17 ~~the person making the statement maintains a close economic~~
18 ~~association, including the name of the lobbyist and specifying~~
19 ~~the legislative matter or matters which are the object of the~~
20 ~~lobbying activity, and describing the general type of economic~~
21 ~~activity of the client or principal on whose behalf that~~
22 ~~person is lobbying.~~

23 Lobbyist Legislative Matter Client or Principal
24
.....

25
.....

26 ~~6. List the name of any entity doing business in the State~~

1 ~~of Illinois from which income in excess of \$1,200 was derived~~
 2 ~~during the preceding calendar year other than for professional~~
 3 ~~services and the title or description of any position held in~~
 4 ~~that entity. (In the case of real estate, location thereof~~
 5 ~~shall be listed by street address, or if none, then by legal~~
 6 ~~description). No time or demand deposit in a financial~~
 7 ~~institution nor any debt instrument need be listed.~~

8 Entity	Position Held
9
10
11

12 ~~7. List the name of any unit of government which employed~~
 13 ~~the person making the statement during the preceding calendar~~
 14 ~~year other than the unit or units of government in relation to~~
 15 ~~which the person is required to file.~~

16

17

18 ~~8. List the name of any entity from which a gift or gifts,~~
 19 ~~or honorarium or honoraria, valued singly or in the aggregate~~
 20 ~~in excess of \$500, was received during the preceding calendar~~
 21 ~~year.~~

22

23 VERIFICATION:

24 ~~"I declare that this statement of economic interests~~
 25 ~~(including any accompanying schedules and statements) has been~~
 26 ~~examined by me and to the best of my knowledge and belief is a~~

1 ~~true, correct and complete statement of my economic interests~~
 2 ~~as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act. I~~
 3 ~~understand that the penalty for willfully filing a false or~~
 4 ~~incomplete statement shall be a fine not to exceed \$1,000 or~~
 5 ~~imprisonment in a penal institution other than the~~
 6 ~~penitentiary not to exceed one year, or both fine and~~
 7 ~~imprisonment."~~

8
 9 ~~(date of filing) (signature of person making the statement)~~

10 (Source: P.A. 95-173, eff. 1-1-08.)

11 (5 ILCS 420/4A-107) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-107)

12 Sec. 4A-107. Any person required to file a statement of
 13 economic interests under this Article who willfully files a
 14 false or incomplete statement shall be guilty of a Class A
 15 misdemeanor; provided, a filer's statement made in reasonable,
 16 good faith reliance on the guidance provided by the Secretary
 17 of State pursuant to Section 4A-102 or his or her ethics
 18 officer shall not constitute a willful false or incomplete
 19 statement.

20 Except when the fees and penalties for late filing have
 21 been waived under Section 4A-105, failure to file a statement
 22 within the time prescribed shall result in ineligibility for,
 23 or forfeiture of, office or position of employment, as the
 24 case may be; provided, however, that if the notice of failure
 25 to file a statement of economic interests provided in Section

1 4A-105 of this Act is not given by the Secretary of State or
2 the county clerk, as the case may be, no forfeiture shall
3 result if a statement is filed within 30 days of actual notice
4 of the failure to file. The Secretary of State shall provide
5 the Attorney General with the names of persons who failed to
6 file a statement. The county clerk shall provide the State's
7 Attorney of the county of the entity for which the filing of
8 statement of economic interest is required with the name of
9 persons who failed to file a statement.

10 The Attorney General, with respect to offices or positions
11 described in items (a) through (f) and items (j), (l), (n), and
12 (p) of Section 4A-101 of this Act, or the State's Attorney of
13 the county of the entity for which the filing of statements of
14 economic interests is required, with respect to offices or
15 positions described in items (a) through (e) of Section
16 4A-101.5, shall bring an action in quo warranto against any
17 person who has failed to file by either May 31 or June 30 of
18 any given year and for whom the fees and penalties for late
19 filing have not been waived under Section 4A-105.

20 (Source: P.A. 101-221, eff. 8-9-19.)

21 (5 ILCS 420/4A-108)

22 Sec. 4A-108. Internet-based systems of filing.

23 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any
24 other law, the Secretary of State and county clerks are
25 authorized to institute an Internet-based system for the

1 filing of statements of economic interests in their offices.
2 With respect to county clerk systems, the determination to
3 institute such a system shall be in the sole discretion of the
4 county clerk and shall meet the requirements set out in this
5 Section. With respect to a Secretary of State system, the
6 determination to institute such a system shall be in the sole
7 discretion of the Secretary of State and shall meet the
8 requirements set out in this Section and those Sections of the
9 State Officials and Employees Ethics Act requiring ethics
10 officer review prior to filing. The system shall be capable of
11 allowing an ethics officer to approve a statement of economic
12 interests and shall include a means to amend a statement of
13 economic interests. When this Section does not modify or
14 remove the requirements set forth elsewhere in this Article,
15 those requirements shall apply to any system of Internet-based
16 filing authorized by this Section. When this Section does
17 modify or remove the requirements set forth elsewhere in this
18 Article, the provisions of this Section shall apply to any
19 system of Internet-based filing authorized by this Section.

20 (b) In any system of Internet-based filing of statements
21 of economic interests instituted by the Secretary of State or
22 a county clerk:

23 (1) Any filing of an Internet-based statement of
24 economic interests shall be the equivalent of the filing
25 of a verified, written statement of economic interests as
26 required by Section 4A-101 or 4A-101.5 and the equivalent

1 of the filing of a verified, dated, and signed statement
2 of economic interests as required by Section 4A-103
3 ~~4A-104~~.

4 (2) The Secretary of State and county clerks who
5 institute a system of Internet-based filing of statements
6 of economic interests shall establish a password-protected
7 website to receive the filings of such statements. A
8 website established under this Section shall set forth and
9 provide a means of responding to the items set forth in
10 Section 4A-103 ~~4A-102~~ that are required of a person who
11 files a statement of economic interests with that officer.
12 A website established under this Section shall set forth
13 and provide a means of generating a printable receipt page
14 acknowledging filing.

15 (3) The times for the filing of statements of economic
16 interests set forth in Section 4A-105 shall be followed in
17 any system of Internet-based filing of statements of
18 economic interests; provided that a candidate for elective
19 office who is required to file a statement of economic
20 interests in relation to his or her candidacy pursuant to
21 Section 4A-105(a) shall receive a written or printed
22 receipt for his or her filing.

23 A candidate filing for Governor, Lieutenant Governor,
24 Attorney General, Secretary of State, Treasurer,
25 Comptroller, State Senate, ~~or~~ State House of
26 Representatives, Supreme Court Justice, appellate court

1 judge, circuit court judge, or judicial retention shall
2 not use the Internet to file his or her statement of
3 economic interests, but shall file his or her statement of
4 economic interests in a written or printed form and shall
5 receive a written or printed receipt for his or her
6 filing. Annually, the duly appointed ethics officer for
7 each legislative caucus shall certify to the Secretary of
8 State whether his or her caucus members will file their
9 statements of economic interests electronically or in a
10 written or printed format for that year. If the ethics
11 officer for a caucus certifies that the statements of
12 economic interests shall be written or printed, then
13 members of the General Assembly of that caucus shall not
14 use the Internet to file his or her statement of economic
15 interests, but shall file his or her statement of economic
16 interests in a written or printed form and shall receive a
17 written or printed receipt for his or her filing. If no
18 certification is made by an ethics officer for a
19 legislative caucus, or if a member of the General Assembly
20 is not affiliated with a legislative caucus, then the
21 affected member or members of the General Assembly may
22 file their statements of economic interests using the
23 Internet.

24 (4) In the first year of the implementation of a
25 system of Internet-based filing of statements of economic
26 interests, each person required to file such a statement

1 is to be notified in writing of his or her obligation to
2 file his or her statement of economic interests by way of
3 the Internet-based system. If access to the website ~~web~~
4 ~~site~~ requires a code or password, this information shall
5 be included in the notice prescribed by this paragraph.

6 (5) When a person required to file a statement of
7 economic interests has supplied the Secretary of State or
8 a county clerk, as applicable, with an email address for
9 the purpose of receiving notices under this Article by
10 email, a notice sent by email to the supplied email
11 address shall be the equivalent of a notice sent by first
12 class mail, as set forth in Section 4A-106 or 4A-106.5. A
13 person who has supplied such an email address shall notify
14 the Secretary of State or county clerk, as applicable,
15 when his or her email address changes or if he or she no
16 longer wishes to receive notices by email.

17 (6) If any person who is required to file a statement
18 of economic interests and who has chosen to receive
19 notices by email fails to file his or her statement by May
20 10, then the Secretary of State or county clerk, as
21 applicable, shall send an additional email notice on that
22 date, informing the person that he or she has not filed and
23 describing the penalties for late filing and failing to
24 file. This notice shall be in addition to other notices
25 provided for in this Article.

26 (7) The Secretary of State and each county clerk who

1 institutes a system of Internet-based filing of statements
2 of economic interests may also institute an Internet-based
3 process for the filing of the list of names and addresses
4 of persons required to file statements of economic
5 interests by the chief administrative officers that must
6 file such information with the Secretary of State or
7 county clerk, as applicable, pursuant to Section 4A-106 or
8 4A-106.5. Whenever the Secretary of State or a county
9 clerk institutes such a system under this paragraph, every
10 chief administrative officer must use the system to file
11 this information.

12 (8) The Secretary of State and any county clerk who
13 institutes a system of Internet-based filing of statements
14 of economic interests shall post the contents of such
15 statements filed with him or her available for inspection
16 and copying on a publicly accessible website. Such
17 postings shall not include the addresses or signatures of
18 the filers.

19 (Source: P.A. 100-1041, eff. 1-1-19; 101-221, eff. 8-9-19;
20 revised 9-12-19.)

21 (5 ILCS 420/4A-104 rep.)

22 Section 10. The Illinois Governmental Ethics Act is
23 amended by repealing Section 4A-104 on January 1, 2022.

24 Section 15. The State Officials and Employees Ethics Act

1 is amended by changing Sections 5-40, 5-45, 20-20, 20-95,
2 25-5, 25-10, 25-15, 25-20, and 25-85 as follows:

3 (5 ILCS 430/5-40)

4 Sec. 5-40. Fundraising during session ~~in Sangamon County~~.

5 Except as provided in this Section, any executive branch
6 constitutional officer, any candidate for an executive branch
7 constitutional office, any member of the General Assembly, any
8 candidate for the General Assembly, any political caucus of
9 the General Assembly, or any political committee on behalf of
10 any of the foregoing may not hold a political fundraising
11 function ~~in Sangamon County~~ on any day the legislature is in
12 session or the day immediately prior to such day. This Section
13 does not apply to a political fundraising function scheduled
14 at least 14 days in advance of a day the legislature is in
15 special session or the day immediately prior to such day ~~(i)~~
16 ~~during the period beginning February 1 and ending on the later~~
17 ~~of the actual adjournment dates of either house of the spring~~
18 ~~session and (ii) during fall veto session~~. For purposes of
19 this Section, the legislature is not considered to be in
20 session on a day that is solely a perfunctory session day or on
21 a day when only a committee is meeting.

22 ~~During the period beginning June 1 and ending on the first~~
23 ~~day of fall veto session each year, this Section does not apply~~
24 ~~to (i) a member of the General Assembly whose legislative or~~
25 ~~representative district is entirely within Sangamon County or~~

1 ~~(ii) a candidate for the General Assembly from that~~
2 ~~legislative or representative district.~~

3 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 8-18-09.)

4 (5 ILCS 430/5-45)

5 Sec. 5-45. Procurement; revolving door prohibition.

6 (a) No former officer, member, or State employee, or
7 spouse or immediate family member living with such person,
8 shall, within a period of one year immediately after
9 termination of State employment, knowingly accept employment
10 or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or
11 entity if the officer, member, or State employee, during the
12 year immediately preceding termination of State employment,
13 participated personally and substantially in the award or
14 fiscal administration of State contracts, or the issuance of
15 State contract change orders, with a cumulative value of
16 \$25,000 or more to the person or entity, or its parent or
17 subsidiary.

18 (a-5) No officer, member, or spouse or immediate family
19 member living with such person shall, during the officer or
20 member's term in office or within a period of 2 years
21 immediately leaving office, hold an ownership interest, other
22 than a passive interest in a publicly traded company, in any
23 gaming license under the Illinois Gambling Act, the Video
24 Gaming Act, the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, or the
25 Sports Wagering Act. Any member of the General Assembly or

1 spouse or immediate family member living with such person who
2 has an ownership interest, other than a passive interest in a
3 publicly traded company, in any gaming license under the
4 Illinois Gambling Act, the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975,
5 the Video Gaming Act, or the Sports Wagering Act at the time of
6 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General
7 Assembly shall divest himself or herself of such ownership
8 within one year after the effective date of this amendatory
9 Act of the 101st General Assembly. No State employee who works
10 for the Illinois Gaming Board or Illinois Racing Board or
11 spouse or immediate family member living with such person
12 shall, during State employment or within a period of 2 years
13 immediately after termination of State employment, hold an
14 ownership interest, other than a passive interest in a
15 publicly traded company, in any gaming license under the
16 Illinois Gambling Act, the Video Gaming Act, the Illinois
17 Horse Racing Act of 1975, or the Sports Wagering Act.

18 (a-10) This subsection (a-10) applies on and after June
19 25, 2021. No officer, member, or spouse or immediate family
20 member living with such person, shall, during the officer or
21 member's term in office or within a period of 2 years
22 immediately after leaving office, hold an ownership interest,
23 other than a passive interest in a publicly traded company, in
24 any cannabis business establishment which is licensed under
25 the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act. Any member of the General
26 Assembly or spouse or immediate family member living with such

1 person who has an ownership interest, other than a passive
2 interest in a publicly traded company, in any cannabis
3 business establishment which is licensed under the Cannabis
4 Regulation and Tax Act at the time of the effective date of
5 this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall divest
6 himself or herself of such ownership within one year after the
7 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General
8 Assembly.

9 No State employee who works for any State agency that
10 regulates cannabis business establishment license holders who
11 participated personally and substantially in the award of
12 licenses under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or a spouse
13 or immediate family member living with such person shall,
14 during State employment or within a period of 2 years
15 immediately after termination of State employment, hold an
16 ownership interest, other than a passive interest in a
17 publicly traded company, in any cannabis license under the
18 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.

19 (b) No former officer of the executive branch or State
20 employee of the executive branch with regulatory or licensing
21 authority, or spouse or immediate family member living with
22 such person, shall, within a period of one year immediately
23 after termination of State employment, knowingly accept
24 employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a
25 person or entity if the officer or State employee, during the
26 year immediately preceding termination of State employment,

1 participated personally and substantially in making a
2 regulatory or licensing decision that directly applied to the
3 person or entity, or its parent or subsidiary.

4 (b-5) Beginning January 1, 2022, no former officer of the
5 executive branch shall engage in activities at the State level
6 that require registration under the Lobbyist Registration Act
7 during the term of which he or she was elected or appointed
8 until 6 months after leaving office.

9 (b-7) Beginning the second Wednesday in January of 2023,
10 no former member shall engage in activities at the State level
11 that require registration under the Lobbyist Registration Act
12 in a General Assembly of which he or she was a member until 6
13 months after leaving office.

14 (c) Within 6 months after the effective date of this
15 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, each executive
16 branch constitutional officer and legislative leader, the
17 Auditor General, and the Joint Committee on Legislative
18 Support Services shall adopt a policy delineating which State
19 positions under his or her jurisdiction and control, by the
20 nature of their duties, may have the authority to participate
21 personally and substantially in the award or fiscal
22 administration of State contracts or in regulatory or
23 licensing decisions. The Governor shall adopt such a policy
24 for all State employees of the executive branch not under the
25 jurisdiction and control of any other executive branch
26 constitutional officer.

1 The policies required under subsection (c) of this Section
2 shall be filed with the appropriate ethics commission
3 established under this Act or, for the Auditor General, with
4 the Office of the Auditor General.

5 (d) Each Inspector General shall have the authority to
6 determine that additional State positions under his or her
7 jurisdiction, not otherwise subject to the policies required
8 by subsection (c) of this Section, are nonetheless subject to
9 the notification requirement of subsection (f) below due to
10 their involvement in the award or fiscal administration of
11 State contracts or in regulatory or licensing decisions.

12 (e) The Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services,
13 the Auditor General, and each of the executive branch
14 constitutional officers and legislative leaders subject to
15 subsection (c) of this Section shall provide written
16 notification to all employees in positions subject to the
17 policies required by subsection (c) or a determination made
18 under subsection (d): (1) upon hiring, promotion, or transfer
19 into the relevant position; and (2) at the time the employee's
20 duties are changed in such a way as to qualify that employee.
21 An employee receiving notification must certify in writing
22 that the person was advised of the prohibition and the
23 requirement to notify the appropriate Inspector General in
24 subsection (f).

25 (f) Any State employee in a position subject to the
26 policies required by subsection (c) or to a determination

1 under subsection (d), but who does not fall within the
2 prohibition of subsection (h) below, who is offered non-State
3 employment during State employment or within a period of one
4 year immediately after termination of State employment shall,
5 prior to accepting such non-State employment, notify the
6 appropriate Inspector General. Within 10 calendar days after
7 receiving notification from an employee in a position subject
8 to the policies required by subsection (c), such Inspector
9 General shall make a determination as to whether the State
10 employee is restricted from accepting such employment by
11 subsection (a) or (b). In making a determination, in addition
12 to any other relevant information, an Inspector General shall
13 assess the effect of the prospective employment or
14 relationship upon decisions referred to in subsections (a) and
15 (b), based on the totality of the participation by the former
16 officer, member, or State employee in those decisions. A
17 determination by an Inspector General must be in writing,
18 signed and dated by the Inspector General, and delivered to
19 the subject of the determination within 10 calendar days or
20 the person is deemed eligible for the employment opportunity.
21 For purposes of this subsection, "appropriate Inspector
22 General" means (i) for members and employees of the
23 legislative branch, the Legislative Inspector General; (ii)
24 for the Auditor General and employees of the Office of the
25 Auditor General, the Inspector General provided for in Section
26 30-5 of this Act; and (iii) for executive branch officers and

1 employees, the Inspector General having jurisdiction over the
2 officer or employee. Notice of any determination of an
3 Inspector General and of any such appeal shall be given to the
4 ultimate jurisdictional authority, the Attorney General, and
5 the Executive Ethics Commission.

6 (g) An Inspector General's determination regarding
7 restrictions under subsection (a) or (b) may be appealed to
8 the appropriate Ethics Commission by the person subject to the
9 decision or the Attorney General no later than the 10th
10 calendar day after the date of the determination.

11 On appeal, the Ethics Commission or Auditor General shall
12 seek, accept, and consider written public comments regarding a
13 determination. In deciding whether to uphold an Inspector
14 General's determination, the appropriate Ethics Commission or
15 Auditor General shall assess, in addition to any other
16 relevant information, the effect of the prospective employment
17 or relationship upon the decisions referred to in subsections
18 (a) and (b), based on the totality of the participation by the
19 former officer, member, or State employee in those decisions.
20 The Ethics Commission shall decide whether to uphold an
21 Inspector General's determination within 10 calendar days or
22 the person is deemed eligible for the employment opportunity.

23 (h) The following officers, members, or State employees
24 shall not, within a period of one year immediately after
25 termination of office or State employment, knowingly accept
26 employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a

1 person or entity if the person or entity or its parent or
2 subsidiary, during the year immediately preceding termination
3 of State employment, was a party to a State contract or
4 contracts with a cumulative value of \$25,000 or more involving
5 the officer, member, or State employee's State agency, or was
6 the subject of a regulatory or licensing decision involving
7 the officer, member, or State employee's State agency,
8 regardless of whether he or she participated personally and
9 substantially in the award or fiscal administration of the
10 State contract or contracts or the making of the regulatory or
11 licensing decision in question:

12 (1) members or officers;

13 (2) members of a commission or board created by the
14 Illinois Constitution;

15 (3) persons whose appointment to office is subject to
16 the advice and consent of the Senate;

17 (4) the head of a department, commission, board,
18 division, bureau, authority, or other administrative unit
19 within the government of this State;

20 (5) chief procurement officers, State purchasing
21 officers, and their designees whose duties are directly
22 related to State procurement;

23 (6) chiefs of staff, deputy chiefs of staff, associate
24 chiefs of staff, assistant chiefs of staff, and deputy
25 governors, or any other position that holds an equivalent
26 level of managerial oversight;

1 (7) employees of the Illinois Racing Board; and

2 (8) employees of the Illinois Gaming Board.

3 (i) For the purposes of this Section, with respect to
4 officers or employees of a regional transit board, as defined
5 in this Act, the phrase "person or entity" does not include:

6 (i) the United States government, (ii) the State, (iii)
7 municipalities, as defined under Article VII, Section 1 of the
8 Illinois Constitution, (iv) units of local government, as
9 defined under Article VII, Section 1 of the Illinois
10 Constitution, or (v) school districts.

11 (Source: P.A. 101-31, eff. 6-28-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

12 (5 ILCS 430/20-20)

13 Sec. 20-20. Duties of the Executive Inspectors General. In
14 addition to duties otherwise assigned by law, each Executive
15 Inspector General shall have the following duties:

16 (1) To receive and investigate allegations of
17 violations of this Act. An investigation may not be
18 initiated more than one year after the most recent act of
19 the alleged violation or of a series of alleged violations
20 except where there is reasonable cause to believe that
21 fraudulent concealment has occurred. To constitute
22 fraudulent concealment sufficient to toll this limitations
23 period, there must be an affirmative act or representation
24 calculated to prevent discovery of the fact that a
25 violation or other wrongful act has occurred. The

1 Executive Inspector General shall have the discretion to
2 determine the appropriate means of investigation as
3 permitted by law.

4 (2) To request information relating to an
5 investigation from any person when the Executive Inspector
6 General deems that information necessary in conducting an
7 investigation.

8 (3) To issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of
9 witnesses for the purposes of testimony and production of
10 documents and other items for inspection and copying and
11 to make service of those subpoenas and subpoenas issued
12 under item (7) of Section 20-15.

13 (4) To submit reports as required by this Act.

14 (5) To file pleadings in the name of the Executive
15 Inspector General with the Executive Ethics Commission,
16 through the Attorney General, as provided in this Article
17 if the Attorney General finds that reasonable cause exists
18 to believe that a violation has occurred.

19 (6) To assist and coordinate the ethics officers for
20 State agencies under the jurisdiction of the Executive
21 Inspector General and to work with those ethics officers.

22 (7) To participate in or conduct, when appropriate,
23 multi-jurisdictional investigations.

24 (8) To request, as the Executive Inspector General
25 deems appropriate, from ethics officers of State agencies
26 under his or her jurisdiction, reports or information on

1 (i) the content of a State agency's ethics training
2 program and (ii) the percentage of new officers and
3 employees who have completed ethics training.

4 (9) To review hiring and employment files of each
5 State agency within the Executive Inspector General's
6 jurisdiction to ensure compliance with *Rutan v. Republican*
7 *Party of Illinois*, 497 U.S. 62 (1990), and with all
8 applicable employment laws.

9 (10) To establish a policy that ensures the
10 appropriate handling and correct recording of all
11 investigations conducted by the Office, and to ensure that
12 the policy is accessible via the Internet in order that
13 those seeking to report those allegations are familiar
14 with the process and that the subjects of those
15 allegations are treated fairly.

16 (11) To post information to the Executive Inspector
17 General's website explaining to complainants and subjects
18 of an investigation the legal limitations on the Executive
19 Inspector General's ability to provide information to them
20 and a general overview of the investigation process.

21 (Source: P.A. 100-588, eff. 6-8-18.)

22 (5 ILCS 430/20-95)

23 Sec. 20-95. Exemptions.

24 (a) Documents generated by an ethics officer under this
25 Act, except Section 5-50, are exempt from the provisions of

1 the Freedom of Information Act.

2 (b) Any allegations and related documents submitted to an
3 Executive Inspector General and any pleadings and related
4 documents brought before the Executive Ethics Commission are
5 exempt from the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act
6 so long as the Executive Ethics Commission does not make a
7 finding of a violation of this Act. If the Executive Ethics
8 Commission finds that a violation has occurred, the entire
9 record of proceedings before the Commission, the decision and
10 recommendation, and the response from the agency head or
11 ultimate jurisdictional authority to the Executive Ethics
12 Commission are not exempt from the provisions of the Freedom
13 of Information Act but information contained therein that is
14 otherwise exempt from the Freedom of Information Act must be
15 redacted before disclosure as provided in the Freedom of
16 Information Act. A summary report released by the Executive
17 Ethics Commission under Section 20-52 is a public record, but
18 information redacted by the Executive Ethics Commission shall
19 not be part of the public record.

20 (c) Meetings of the Commission are exempt from the
21 provisions of the Open Meetings Act.

22 (d) Unless otherwise provided in this Act, all
23 investigatory files and reports of the Office of an Executive
24 Inspector General, other than monthly reports required under
25 Section 20-85, are confidential and privileged, are exempt
26 from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, and

1 shall not be divulged to any person or agency, except as
2 necessary (i) to a law enforcement authority, (ii) to the
3 ultimate jurisdictional authority, (iii) to the Executive
4 Ethics Commission, (iv) to another Inspector General appointed
5 pursuant to this Act, or (v) to an Inspector General appointed
6 or employed by a Regional Transit Board in accordance with
7 Section 75-10.

8 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 8-18-09; 96-1528, eff. 7-1-11.)

9 (5 ILCS 430/25-5)

10 Sec. 25-5. Legislative Ethics Commission.

11 (a) The Legislative Ethics Commission is created.

12 (b) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall consist of 8
13 commissioners appointed 2 each by the President and Minority
14 Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the
15 House of Representatives.

16 The terms of the initial commissioners shall commence upon
17 qualification. Each appointing authority shall designate one
18 appointee who shall serve for a 2-year term running through
19 June 30, 2005. Each appointing authority shall designate one
20 appointee who shall serve for a 4-year term running through
21 June 30, 2007. The initial appointments shall be made within
22 60 days after the effective date of this Act.

23 After the initial terms, commissioners shall serve for
24 4-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment
25 and running through June 30 of the fourth following year.

1 Commissioners may be reappointed to one or more subsequent
2 terms.

3 A vacancy shall occur upon a commissioner's death,
4 resignation, removal, disqualification, termination of
5 legislative service in the house or caucus of the appointing
6 authority, or other inability to act. Vacancies occurring
7 other than at the end of a term shall be filled by the
8 appointing authority only for the balance of the term of the
9 commissioner whose office is vacant.

10 Terms shall run regardless of whether the position is
11 filled.

12 (c) The appointing authorities shall appoint commissioners
13 who have experience holding governmental office or employment
14 and may appoint commissioners who are members of the General
15 Assembly as well as commissioners from the general public. A
16 commissioner who is a member of the General Assembly must
17 recuse himself or herself from participating in any matter
18 relating to any investigation or proceeding in which he or she
19 is the subject or is a complainant. A person is not eligible to
20 serve as a commissioner if that person (i) has been convicted
21 of a felony or a crime of dishonesty or moral turpitude, (ii)
22 is, or was within the preceding 12 months, engaged in
23 activities that require registration under the Lobbyist
24 Registration Act, (iii) is a relative of the appointing
25 authority, (iv) is a State officer or employee other than a
26 member of the General Assembly, or (v) is a candidate for

1 statewide ~~office~~, federal ~~office~~, or judicial office.

2 (c-5) If a commissioner is required to recuse himself or
3 herself from participating in a matter as provided in
4 subsection (c), the recusal shall create a temporary vacancy
5 for the limited purpose of consideration of the matter for
6 which the commissioner recused himself or herself, and the
7 appointing authority for the recusing commissioner shall make
8 a temporary appointment to fill the vacancy for consideration
9 of the matter for which the commissioner recused himself or
10 herself.

11 (d) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall have
12 jurisdiction over current and former members of the General
13 Assembly regarding events occurring during a member's term of
14 office and current and former State employees regarding events
15 occurring during any period of employment where the State
16 employee's ultimate jurisdictional authority is (i) a
17 legislative leader, (ii) the Senate Operations Commission, or
18 (iii) the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services. The
19 Legislative Ethics Commission shall have jurisdiction over
20 complainants and respondents in violation of subsection (d) of
21 Section 25-90. The jurisdiction of the Commission is limited
22 to matters arising under this Act.

23 An officer or executive branch State employee serving on a
24 legislative branch board or commission remains subject to the
25 jurisdiction of the Executive Ethics Commission and is not
26 subject to the jurisdiction of the Legislative Ethics

1 Commission.

2 (e) The Legislative Ethics Commission must meet, either in
3 person or by other technological means, monthly or as often as
4 necessary. At the first meeting of the Legislative Ethics
5 Commission, the commissioners shall choose from their number a
6 chairperson and other officers that they deem appropriate. The
7 terms of officers shall be for 2 years commencing July 1 and
8 running through June 30 of the second following year. Meetings
9 shall be held at the call of the chairperson or any 3
10 commissioners. Official action by the Commission shall require
11 the affirmative vote of 5 commissioners, and a quorum shall
12 consist of 5 commissioners. Commissioners shall receive no
13 compensation but may be reimbursed for their reasonable
14 expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties.

15 (f) No commissioner, other than a commissioner who is a
16 member of the General Assembly, or employee of the Legislative
17 Ethics Commission may during his or her term of appointment or
18 employment:

19 (1) become a candidate for any elective office;

20 (2) hold any other elected or appointed public office
21 except for appointments on governmental advisory boards or
22 study commissions or as otherwise expressly authorized by
23 law;

24 (3) be actively involved in the affairs of any
25 political party or political organization; or

26 (4) advocate for the appointment of another person to

1 an appointed or elected office or position or actively
2 participate in any campaign for any elective office.

3 (f-5) No commissioner who is a member of the General
4 Assembly may be a candidate for statewide ~~office~~, federal
5 ~~office~~, or judicial office. If a commissioner who is a member
6 of the General Assembly files petitions to be a candidate for a
7 statewide ~~office~~, federal ~~office~~, or judicial office, he or
8 she shall be deemed to have resigned from his or her position
9 as a commissioner on the date his or her name is certified for
10 the ballot by the State Board of Elections or local election
11 authority and his or her position as a commissioner shall be
12 deemed vacant. Such person may not be reappointed to the
13 Commission during any time he or she is a candidate for
14 statewide ~~office~~, federal ~~office~~, or judicial office.

15 (g) An appointing authority may remove a commissioner only
16 for cause.

17 (h) The Legislative Ethics Commission shall appoint an
18 Executive Director subject to the approval of at least 3 of the
19 4 legislative leaders. The compensation of the Executive
20 Director shall be as determined by the Commission. The
21 Executive Director of the Legislative Ethics Commission may
22 employ, subject to the approval of at least 3 of the 4
23 legislative leaders, and determine the compensation of staff,
24 as appropriations permit.

25 (i) In consultation with the Legislative Inspector
26 General, the Legislative Ethics Commission may develop

1 comprehensive training for members and employees under its
2 jurisdiction that includes, but is not limited to, sexual
3 harassment, employment discrimination, and workplace civility.
4 The training may be recommended to the ultimate jurisdictional
5 authorities and may be approved by the Commission to satisfy
6 the sexual harassment training required under Section 5-10.5
7 or be provided in addition to the annual sexual harassment
8 training required under Section 5-10.5. The Commission may
9 seek input from governmental agencies or private entities for
10 guidance in developing such training.

11 (Source: P.A. 100-588, eff. 6-8-18; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;
12 101-221, eff. 8-9-19; 101-617, eff. 12-20-19.)

13 (5 ILCS 430/25-10)

14 Sec. 25-10. Office of Legislative Inspector General.

15 (a) The independent Office of the Legislative Inspector
16 General is created. The Office shall be under the direction
17 and supervision of the Legislative Inspector General and shall
18 be a fully independent office with its own appropriation.

19 (b) The Legislative Inspector General shall be appointed
20 without regard to political affiliation and solely on the
21 basis of integrity and demonstrated ability. The Legislative
22 Ethics Commission shall diligently search out qualified
23 candidates for Legislative Inspector General and shall make
24 recommendations to the General Assembly. The Legislative
25 Inspector General may serve in a full-time, part-time, or

1 contractual capacity.

2 The Legislative Inspector General shall be appointed by a
3 joint resolution of the Senate and the House of
4 Representatives, which may specify the date on which the
5 appointment takes effect. A joint resolution, or other
6 document as may be specified by the Joint Rules of the General
7 Assembly, appointing the Legislative Inspector General must be
8 certified by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and
9 the President of the Senate as having been adopted by the
10 affirmative vote of three-fifths of the members elected to
11 each house, respectively, and be filed with the Secretary of
12 State. The appointment of the Legislative Inspector General
13 takes effect on the day the appointment is completed by the
14 General Assembly, unless the appointment specifies a later
15 date on which it is to become effective.

16 The Legislative Inspector General shall have the following
17 qualifications:

18 (1) has not been convicted of any felony under the
19 laws of this State, another state, or the United States;

20 (2) has earned a baccalaureate degree from an
21 institution of higher education; and

22 (3) has 5 or more years of cumulative service (A) with
23 a federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, at
24 least 2 years of which have been in a progressive
25 investigatory capacity; (B) as a federal, State, or local
26 prosecutor; (C) as a senior manager or executive of a

1 federal, State, or local agency; (D) as a member, an
2 officer, or a State or federal judge; or (E) representing
3 any combination of items (A) through (D).

4 The Legislative Inspector General may not be a relative of
5 a commissioner.

6 The term of the initial Legislative Inspector General
7 shall commence upon qualification and shall run through June
8 30, 2008.

9 After the initial term, the Legislative Inspector General
10 shall serve for 5-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year
11 of appointment and running through June 30 of the fifth
12 following year. The Legislative Inspector General may be
13 reappointed to one or more subsequent terms. Terms shall run
14 regardless of whether the position is filled.

15 (b-5) A vacancy occurring other than at the end of a term
16 shall be filled in the same manner as an appointment only for
17 the balance of the term of the Legislative Inspector General
18 whose office is vacant. Within 7 days of the Office becoming
19 vacant or receipt of a Legislative Inspector General's
20 prospective resignation, the vacancy shall be publicly posted
21 on the Commission's website, along with a description of the
22 requirements for the position and where applicants may apply.

23 Within 45 days of the vacancy, the Commission shall
24 designate an Acting Legislative Inspector General who shall
25 serve until the vacancy is filled. The Commission shall file
26 the designation in writing with the Secretary of State.

1 Within 60 days prior to the end of the term of the
2 Legislative Inspector General or within 30 days of the
3 occurrence of a vacancy in the Office of the Legislative
4 Inspector General, the Legislative Ethics Commission shall
5 establish a four-member search committee within the Commission
6 for the purpose of conducting a search for qualified
7 candidates to serve as Legislative Inspector General. The
8 Speaker of the House of Representatives, Minority Leader of
9 the House, Senate President, and Minority Leader of the Senate
10 shall each appoint one member to the search committee. A
11 member of the search committee shall be either a retired judge
12 or former prosecutor and may not be a member or employee of the
13 General Assembly or a registered lobbyist. If the Legislative
14 Ethics Commission wishes to recommend that the Legislative
15 Inspector General be re-appointed, a search committee does not
16 need to be appointed.

17 The search committee shall conduct a search for qualified
18 candidates, accept applications, and conduct interviews. The
19 search committee shall recommend up to 3 candidates for
20 Legislative Inspector General to the Legislative Ethics
21 Commission. The search committee shall be disbanded upon an
22 appointment of the Legislative Inspector General. Members of
23 the search committee are not entitled to compensation but
24 shall be entitled to reimbursement of reasonable expenses
25 incurred in connection with the performance of their duties.

26 Within 30 days after June 8, 2018 (the effective date of

1 Public Act 100-588) ~~this amendatory Act of the 100th General~~
2 ~~Assembly,~~ the Legislative Ethics Commission shall create a
3 search committee in the manner provided for in this subsection
4 to recommend up to 3 candidates for Legislative Inspector
5 General to the Legislative Ethics Commission by October 31,
6 2018.

7 If a vacancy exists and the Commission has not appointed
8 an Acting Legislative Inspector General, either the staff of
9 the Office of the Legislative Inspector General, or if there
10 is no staff, the Executive Director, shall advise the
11 Commission of all open investigations and any new allegations
12 or complaints received in the Office of the Inspector General.
13 These reports shall not include the name of any person
14 identified in the allegation or complaint, including, but not
15 limited to, the subject of and the person filing the
16 allegation or complaint. Notification shall be made to the
17 Commission on a weekly basis unless the Commission approves of
18 a different reporting schedule.

19 If the Office of the Inspector General is vacant for 6
20 months or more beginning on or after January 1, 2019, and the
21 Legislative Ethics Commission has not appointed an Acting
22 Legislative Inspector General, all complaints made to the
23 Legislative Inspector General or the Legislative Ethics
24 Commission shall be directed to the Inspector General for the
25 Auditor General, and he or she shall have the authority to act
26 as provided in subsection (c) of this Section and Section

1 25-20 of this Act, and shall be subject to all laws and rules
2 governing a Legislative Inspector General or Acting
3 Legislative Inspector General. The authority for the Inspector
4 General of the Auditor General under this paragraph shall
5 terminate upon appointment of a Legislative Inspector General
6 or an Acting Legislative Inspector General.

7 (c) The Legislative Inspector General shall have
8 jurisdiction over the current and former members of the
9 General Assembly regarding events occurring during a member's
10 term of office and current and former State employees
11 regarding events occurring during any period of employment
12 where the State employee's ultimate jurisdictional authority
13 is (i) a legislative leader, (ii) the Senate Operations
14 Commission, or (iii) the Joint Committee on Legislative
15 Support Services.

16 The jurisdiction of each Legislative Inspector General is
17 to investigate allegations of violations of this Act,
18 violations of other related laws and rules regarding events
19 related to the member's or employee's public duties or use of
20 State office, employment, or resources, or fraud, waste,
21 abuse, mismanagement, misconduct, nonfeasance, misfeasance, or
22 malfeasance related to the member's or employee's public
23 duties or use of State office, employment, or resources. The
24 jurisdiction shall not include violations of the Rules of the
25 House of Representatives or the Senate, or violations of this
26 Act or violations of other related laws and rules.

1 The Legislative Inspector General shall have jurisdiction
2 over complainants in violation of subsection (e) of Section
3 25-63 of this Act.

4 (d) The compensation of the Legislative Inspector General
5 shall be the greater of an amount (i) determined by the
6 Commission or (ii) by joint resolution of the General Assembly
7 passed by a majority of members elected in each chamber.
8 Subject to Section 25-45 of this Act, the Legislative
9 Inspector General has full authority to organize the Office of
10 the Legislative Inspector General, including the employment
11 and determination of the compensation of staff, such as
12 deputies, assistants, and other employees, as appropriations
13 permit. Employment of staff is subject to the approval of at
14 least 3 of the 4 legislative leaders.

15 (e) No Legislative Inspector General or employee of the
16 Office of the Legislative Inspector General may, during his or
17 her term of appointment or employment:

18 (1) become a candidate for any elective office;

19 (2) hold any other elected or appointed public office
20 except for appointments on governmental advisory boards or
21 study commissions or as otherwise expressly authorized by
22 law;

23 (3) be actively involved in the affairs of any
24 political party or political organization; or

25 (4) actively participate in any campaign for any
26 elective office.

1 A full-time Legislative Inspector General shall not engage
2 in the practice of law or any other business, employment, or
3 vocation.

4 In this subsection an appointed public office means a
5 position authorized by law that is filled by an appointing
6 authority as provided by law and does not include employment
7 by hiring in the ordinary course of business.

8 (e-1) No Legislative Inspector General or employee of the
9 Office of the Legislative Inspector General may, for one year
10 after the termination of his or her appointment or employment:

11 (1) become a candidate for any elective office;

12 (2) hold any elected public office; or

13 (3) hold any appointed State, county, or local
14 judicial office.

15 (e-2) The requirements of item (3) of subsection (e-1) may
16 be waived by the Legislative Ethics Commission.

17 (f) The Commission may remove the Legislative Inspector
18 General only for cause. At the time of the removal, the
19 Commission must report to the General Assembly the
20 justification for the removal.

21 (Source: P.A. 100-588, eff. 6-8-18; 101-221, eff. 8-9-19;
22 revised 9-12-19.)

23 (5 ILCS 430/25-15)

24 Sec. 25-15. Duties of the Legislative Ethics Commission.

25 In addition to duties otherwise assigned by law, the

1 Legislative Ethics Commission shall have the following duties:

2 (1) To promulgate rules governing the performance of
3 its duties and the exercise of its powers and governing
4 the investigations of the Legislative Inspector General;
5 except that, the Legislative Ethics Commission shall adopt
6 no rule requiring the Legislative Inspector General to
7 seek the Commission's advance approval before commencing
8 any investigation authorized under this Article. Any
9 existing rule, as of the effective date of this amendatory
10 Act of the 102nd General Assembly, requiring the
11 Legislative Inspector General to seek the Commission's
12 advance approval before commencing any investigation is
13 void. The rules shall be available on the Commission's
14 website and any proposed changes to the rules must be made
15 available to the public on the Commission's website no
16 less than 7 days before the adoption of the changes. Any
17 person shall be given an opportunity to provide written or
18 oral testimony before the Commission in support of or
19 opposition to proposed rules.

20 (2) To conduct administrative hearings and rule on
21 matters brought before the Commission only upon the
22 receipt of pleadings filed by the Legislative Inspector
23 General and not upon its own prerogative, but may appoint
24 special Legislative Inspectors General as provided in
25 Section 25-21. Any other allegations of misconduct
26 received by the Commission from a person other than the

1 Legislative Inspector General shall be referred to the
2 Office of the Legislative Inspector General.

3 (3) To prepare and publish manuals and guides and,
4 working with the Office of the Attorney General, oversee
5 training of employees under its jurisdiction that explains
6 their duties.

7 (4) To prepare public information materials to
8 facilitate compliance, implementation, and enforcement of
9 this Act.

10 (5) To submit reports as required by this Act.

11 (6) To the extent authorized by this Act, to make
12 rulings, issue recommendations, and impose administrative
13 fines, if appropriate, in connection with the
14 implementation and interpretation of this Act. The powers
15 and duties of the Commission are limited to matters
16 clearly within the purview of this Act.

17 (7) To issue subpoenas with respect to matters pending
18 before the Commission, subject to the provisions of this
19 Article and in the discretion of the Commission, to compel
20 the attendance of witnesses for purposes of testimony and
21 the production of documents and other items for inspection
22 and copying.

23 (8) To appoint special Legislative Inspectors General
24 as provided in Section 25-21.

25 (9) To conspicuously display on the Commission's
26 website the procedures for reporting a violation of this

1 Act, including how to report violations via email or
2 online.

3 (10) To conspicuously display on the Commission's
4 website any vacancies within the Office of the Legislative
5 Inspector General.

6 (11) To appoint an Acting Legislative Inspector
7 General in the event of a vacancy in the Office of the
8 Legislative Inspector General.

9 (Source: P.A. 100-554, eff. 11-16-17; 100-588, eff. 6-8-18.)

10 (5 ILCS 430/25-20)

11 Sec. 25-20. Duties of the Legislative Inspector General.
12 In addition to duties otherwise assigned by law, the
13 Legislative Inspector General shall have the following duties:

14 (1) To receive and investigate, without advance
15 approval of the Legislative Ethics Commission, allegations
16 of violations of this Act and other wrongful acts within
17 his or her jurisdiction based on a complaint. Except as
18 otherwise provided in paragraph (1.5), an investigation
19 may not be initiated more than one year after the alleged
20 wrongful act or the most recent act of a series of alleged
21 wrongful acts based on the same wrongful conduct except if
22 there is reasonable cause to believe that fraudulent
23 concealment has occurred ~~allegations of violations of this~~
24 ~~Act. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1.5), an~~
25 ~~investigation may not be initiated more than one year~~

1 ~~after the most recent act of the alleged violation or of a~~
2 ~~series of alleged violations except where there is~~
3 ~~reasonable cause to believe that fraudulent concealment~~
4 ~~has occurred.~~ To constitute fraudulent concealment
5 sufficient to toll this limitations period, there must be
6 an affirmative act or representation calculated to prevent
7 discovery of the fact that a violation or other wrongful
8 act has occurred. The Legislative Inspector General shall
9 have the discretion to determine the appropriate means of
10 investigation as permitted by law.

11 (1.5) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the
12 contrary, the Legislative Inspector General, whether
13 appointed by the Legislative Ethics Commission or the
14 General Assembly, may initiate an investigation based on
15 information provided to the Office of the Legislative
16 Inspector General or the Legislative Ethics Commission
17 during the period from December 1, 2014 through November
18 3, 2017. Any investigation initiated under this paragraph
19 (1.5) must be initiated within one year after the
20 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General
21 Assembly.

22 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,
23 the Legislative Inspector General, through the Attorney
24 General, shall have the authority to file a complaint
25 related to any founded violations that occurred during the
26 period December 1, 2014 through November 3, 2017 to the

1 Legislative Ethics Commission, and the Commission shall
2 have jurisdiction to conduct administrative hearings
3 related to any pleadings filed by the Legislative
4 Inspector General, provided the complaint is filed with
5 the Commission no later than 6 months after the summary
6 report is provided to the Attorney General in accordance
7 with subsection (c) of Section 25-50.

8 (2) To request information relating to an
9 investigation from any person when the Legislative
10 Inspector General deems that information necessary in
11 conducting an investigation.

12 (3) To issue subpoenas, with the advance approval of
13 the Commission, to compel the attendance of witnesses for
14 the purposes of testimony and production of documents and
15 other items for inspection and copying and to make service
16 of those subpoenas and subpoenas issued under item (7) of
17 Section 25-15.

18 (4) To submit reports as required by this Act.

19 (5) To file pleadings in the name of the Legislative
20 Inspector General with the Legislative Ethics Commission,
21 through the Attorney General, as provided in this Article
22 if the Attorney General finds that reasonable cause exists
23 to believe that a violation has occurred.

24 (6) To assist and coordinate the ethics officers for
25 State agencies under the jurisdiction of the Legislative
26 Inspector General and to work with those ethics officers.

1 (7) To participate in or conduct, when appropriate,
2 multi-jurisdictional investigations.

3 (8) To request, as the Legislative Inspector General
4 deems appropriate, from ethics officers of State agencies
5 under his or her jurisdiction, reports or information on
6 (i) the content of a State agency's ethics training
7 program and (ii) the percentage of new officers and
8 employees who have completed ethics training.

9 (9) To establish a policy that ensures the appropriate
10 handling and correct recording of all investigations of
11 allegations and to ensure that the policy is accessible
12 via the Internet in order that those seeking to report
13 those allegations are familiar with the process and that
14 the subjects of those allegations are treated fairly.

15 (10) To post information to the Legislative Inspector
16 General's website explaining to complainants and subjects
17 of an investigation the legal limitations on the
18 Legislative Inspector General's ability to provide
19 information to them and a general overview of the
20 investigation process.

21 (Source: P.A. 100-553, eff. 11-16-17; 100-588, eff. 6-8-18.)

22 (5 ILCS 430/25-85)

23 Sec. 25-85. Quarterly reports by the Legislative Inspector
24 General. The Legislative Inspector General shall submit
25 quarterly reports of claims within his or her jurisdiction

1 filed with the Office of the Legislative Inspector General to
2 the General Assembly and the Legislative Ethics Commission, on
3 dates determined by the Legislative Ethics Commission,
4 indicating:

5 (1) the total number of allegations received since the
6 date of the last report and the total number of
7 allegations received since the date of the last report by
8 category of claim;

9 (2) the total number of investigations initiated since
10 the date of the last report and the total number of
11 investigations initiated since the date of the last report
12 by category of claim;

13 (3) the total number of investigations concluded since
14 the date of the last report and the total number of
15 investigations concluded since the date of the last report
16 by category of claim;

17 (4) the total number of investigations pending as of
18 the reporting date and the total number of investigations
19 pending as of the reporting date by category of claim;

20 (5) the total number of summary reports ~~complaints~~
21 forwarded to the Attorney General pursuant to subsection
22 (c) of Section 25-50 since the date of the last report;

23 (6) the total number of actions filed with the
24 Legislative Ethics Commission since the date of the last
25 report, the total number of actions pending before the
26 Legislative Ethics Commission as of the reporting date,

1 the total number of actions filed with the Legislative
2 Ethics Commission since the date of the last report by
3 category of claim, and the total number of actions pending
4 before the Legislative Ethics Commission as of the
5 reporting date by category of claim;

6 (7) the number of allegations referred to any law
7 enforcement agency since the date of the last report;

8 (8) the total number of allegations referred to
9 another investigatory body since the date of the last
10 report; and

11 (9) the cumulative number of each of the foregoing for
12 the current calendar year.

13 For the purposes of this Section, "category of claim"
14 shall include discrimination claims, harassment claims, sexual
15 harassment claims, retaliation claims, gift ban claims,
16 prohibited political activity claims, revolving door
17 prohibition claims, and other, miscellaneous, or
18 uncharacterized claims.

19 The quarterly report shall be available on the website of
20 the Legislative Inspector General.

21 (Source: P.A. 100-588, eff. 6-8-18.)

22 Section 20. The Election Code is amended by changing
23 Sections 1A-14, 9-1.8, and 9-8.5 and by adding Section 9-3.5
24 as follows:

1 (10 ILCS 5/1A-14) (from Ch. 46, par. 1A-14)

2 Sec. 1A-14. Political activity by members of the State
3 Board of Elections.

4 (a) No member of the State Board of Elections may become a
5 candidate for nomination for, or election to, or accept
6 appointment to or hold any other remunerative public office or
7 public employment or any office in a political party. No
8 member of the State Board of Elections shall: (i) contribute,
9 either financially or in services or goods or any other way, to
10 any political committee; (ii) serve as an officer of any
11 political committee; or (iii) be a candidate who is designated
12 as the candidate to be supported by a candidate political
13 committee.

14 (b) A member of the State Board of Elections who is either
15 an officer of a political committee or a candidate who is
16 designated as the candidate to be supported by a candidate
17 political committee shall within 30 days after confirmation by
18 the Senate: (i) resign as an officer of the political
19 committee; (ii) have his or her name removed as the candidate
20 to be supported by a political committee; (iii) notify the
21 Board of the member's intent to convert the political
22 committee to a limited activity committee under Section 9-1.8,
23 and complete the transition to a limited activity committee
24 within 60 days after confirmation; or (iv) dissolve the
25 committee. A member of the State Board of Elections who is in
26 violation of this subsection (b) on the effective date of this

1 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly must come into
2 compliance within 30 days after the effective date of this
3 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

4 (c) Violation of any prohibition in this Section shall
5 disqualify a member of the Board and a vacancy is thereby
6 created. A vacancy also exists upon the occurrence of any of
7 the events enumerated in Section 25-2 of this Act as in the
8 case of an elective office.

9 (d) As used in this Section, "political committee"
10 includes both the meaning provided in Section 9-1.8 of this
11 Code and the meaning provided in 52 U.S.C. 30101.

12 (Source: P.A. 80-1178.)

13 (10 ILCS 5/9-1.8) (from Ch. 46, par. 9-1.8)

14 Sec. 9-1.8. Political committees.

15 (a) "Political committee" includes a candidate political
16 committee, a political party committee, a political action
17 committee, a ballot initiative committee, and an independent
18 expenditure committee.

19 (b) "Candidate political committee" means the candidate
20 himself or herself or any natural person, trust, partnership,
21 corporation, or other organization or group of persons
22 designated by the candidate that accepts contributions or
23 makes expenditures during any 12-month period in an aggregate
24 amount exceeding \$5,000 on behalf of the candidate.

25 (c) "Political party committee" means the State central

1 committee of a political party, a county central committee of
2 a political party, a legislative caucus committee, or a
3 committee formed by a ward or township committee person of a
4 political party. For purposes of this Article, a "legislative
5 caucus committee" means a committee established for the
6 purpose of electing candidates to the General Assembly by the
7 person elected President of the Senate, Minority Leader of the
8 Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Minority
9 Leader of the House of Representatives, or a committee
10 established by 5 or more members of the same caucus of the
11 Senate or 10 or more members of the same caucus of the House of
12 Representatives.

13 (d) "Political action committee" means any natural person,
14 trust, partnership, committee, association, corporation, or
15 other organization or group of persons, other than a
16 candidate, political party, candidate political committee, or
17 political party committee, that accepts contributions or makes
18 expenditures during any 12-month period in an aggregate amount
19 exceeding \$5,000 on behalf of or in opposition to a candidate
20 or candidates for public office. "Political action committee"
21 includes any natural person, trust, partnership, committee,
22 association, corporation, or other organization or group of
23 persons, other than a candidate, political party, candidate
24 political committee, or political party committee, that makes
25 electioneering communications during any 12-month period in an
26 aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 related to any candidate or

1 candidates for public office.

2 (e) "Ballot initiative committee" means any natural
3 person, trust, partnership, committee, association,
4 corporation, or other organization or group of persons that
5 accepts contributions or makes expenditures during any
6 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 in
7 support of or in opposition to any question of public policy to
8 be submitted to the electors. "Ballot initiative committee"
9 includes any natural person, trust, partnership, committee,
10 association, corporation, or other organization or group of
11 persons that makes electioneering communications during any
12 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000
13 related to any question of public policy to be submitted to the
14 voters. The \$5,000 threshold applies to any contributions or
15 expenditures received or made with the purpose of securing a
16 place on the ballot for, advocating the defeat or passage of,
17 or engaging in electioneering communication regarding the
18 question of public policy, regardless of the method of
19 initiation of the question of public policy and regardless of
20 whether petitions have been circulated or filed with the
21 appropriate office or whether the question has been adopted
22 and certified by the governing body.

23 (f) "Independent expenditure committee" means any trust,
24 partnership, committee, association, corporation, or other
25 organization or group of persons formed for the exclusive
26 purpose of making independent expenditures during any 12-month

1 period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 in support of
2 or in opposition to (i) the nomination for election, election,
3 retention, or defeat of any public official or candidate or
4 (ii) any question of public policy to be submitted to the
5 electors. "Independent expenditure committee" also includes
6 any trust, partnership, committee, association, corporation,
7 or other organization or group of persons that makes
8 electioneering communications that are not made in connection,
9 consultation, or concert with or at the request or suggestion
10 of a public official or candidate, a public official's or
11 candidate's designated political committee or campaign, or an
12 agent or agents of the public official, candidate, or
13 political committee or campaign during any 12-month period in
14 an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 related to (i) the
15 nomination for election, election, retention, or defeat of any
16 public official or candidate or (ii) any question of public
17 policy to be submitted to the voters.

18 (g) "Limited activity committee" means a political
19 committee for which a person who is nominated to a position
20 that is subject to confirmation by the Senate, including a
21 member of the State Board of Elections, is either an officer or
22 a candidate the committee has designated to support.

23 (Source: P.A. 100-1027, eff. 1-1-19.)

24 (10 ILCS 5/9-3.5 new)

25 Sec. 9-3.5. Candidate political committee restrictions.

1 (a) A person who is nominated to an affected office shall
2 not: (i) serve as an officer of a candidate political
3 committee that is designated to support or oppose that person
4 as a candidate; or (ii) be a candidate who is designated as the
5 candidate to be supported by a candidate political committee.

6 (b) Within 30 days after appointment, the person shall:
7 (i) dissolve the candidate political committee; (ii) resign as
8 an officer of the candidate political committee; (iii) have
9 his or her name removed as the candidate to be supported by the
10 candidate political committee; or (iv) notify the Board of the
11 person's intent to convert the candidate political committee
12 to a limited activity candidate political committee.

13 (c) As used in this Section, "affected office" has the
14 meaning provided in subsection (c) of Section 3A-50 of the
15 Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

16 (10 ILCS 5/9-8.5)

17 Sec. 9-8.5. Limitations on campaign contributions.

18 (a) It is unlawful for a political committee to accept
19 contributions except as provided in this Section.

20 (b) During an election cycle, a candidate political
21 committee may not accept contributions with an aggregate value
22 over the following: (i) \$5,000 from any individual, (ii)
23 \$10,000 from any corporation, labor organization, or
24 association, or (iii) \$50,000 from a candidate political
25 committee or political action committee. A candidate political

1 committee may accept contributions in any amount from a
2 political party committee except during an election cycle in
3 which the candidate seeks nomination at a primary election.
4 During an election cycle in which the candidate seeks
5 nomination at a primary election, a candidate political
6 committee may not accept contributions from political party
7 committees with an aggregate value over the following: (i)
8 \$200,000 for a candidate political committee established to
9 support a candidate seeking nomination to statewide office,
10 (ii) \$125,000 for a candidate political committee established
11 to support a candidate seeking nomination to the Senate, the
12 Supreme Court or Appellate Court in the First Judicial
13 District, or an office elected by all voters in a county with
14 1,000,000 or more residents, (iii) \$75,000 for a candidate
15 political committee established to support a candidate seeking
16 nomination to the House of Representatives, the Supreme Court
17 or Appellate Court for a Judicial District other than the
18 First Judicial District, an office elected by all voters of a
19 county of fewer than 1,000,000 residents, and municipal and
20 county offices in Cook County other than those elected by all
21 voters of Cook County, and (iv) \$50,000 for a candidate
22 political committee established to support the nomination of a
23 candidate to any other office. A candidate political committee
24 established to elect a candidate to the General Assembly may
25 accept contributions from only one legislative caucus
26 committee. A candidate political committee may not accept

1 contributions from a ballot initiative committee or from an
2 independent expenditure committee.

3 (c) During an election cycle, a political party committee
4 may not accept contributions with an aggregate value over the
5 following: (i) \$10,000 from any individual, (ii) \$20,000 from
6 any corporation, labor organization, or association, or (iii)
7 \$50,000 from a political action committee. A political party
8 committee may accept contributions in any amount from another
9 political party committee or a candidate political committee,
10 except as provided in subsection (c-5). Nothing in this
11 Section shall limit the amounts that may be transferred
12 between a political party committee established under
13 subsection (a) of Section 7-8 of this Code and an affiliated
14 federal political committee established under the Federal
15 Election Code by the same political party. A political party
16 committee may not accept contributions from a ballot
17 initiative committee or from an independent expenditure
18 committee. A political party committee established by a
19 legislative caucus may not accept contributions from another
20 political party committee established by a legislative caucus.

21 (c-5) During the period beginning on the date candidates
22 may begin circulating petitions for a primary election and
23 ending on the day of the primary election, a political party
24 committee may not accept contributions with an aggregate value
25 over \$50,000 from a candidate political committee or political
26 party committee. A political party committee may accept

1 contributions in any amount from a candidate political
2 committee or political party committee if the political party
3 committee receiving the contribution filed a statement of
4 nonparticipation in the primary as provided in subsection
5 (c-10). The Task Force on Campaign Finance Reform shall study
6 and make recommendations on the provisions of this subsection
7 to the Governor and General Assembly by September 30, 2012.
8 This subsection becomes inoperative on July 1, 2013 and
9 thereafter no longer applies.

10 (c-10) A political party committee that does not intend to
11 make contributions to candidates to be nominated at a general
12 primary election or consolidated primary election may file a
13 Statement of Nonparticipation in a Primary Election with the
14 Board. The Statement of Nonparticipation shall include a
15 verification signed by the chairperson and treasurer of the
16 committee that (i) the committee will not make contributions
17 or coordinated expenditures in support of or opposition to a
18 candidate or candidates to be nominated at the general primary
19 election or consolidated primary election (select one) to be
20 held on (insert date), (ii) the political party committee may
21 accept unlimited contributions from candidate political
22 committees and political party committees, provided that the
23 political party committee does not make contributions to a
24 candidate or candidates to be nominated at the primary
25 election, and (iii) failure to abide by these requirements
26 shall deem the political party committee in violation of this

1 Article and subject the committee to a fine of no more than
2 150% of the total contributions or coordinated expenditures
3 made by the committee in violation of this Article. This
4 subsection becomes inoperative on July 1, 2013 and thereafter
5 no longer applies.

6 (d) During an election cycle, a political action committee
7 may not accept contributions with an aggregate value over the
8 following: (i) \$10,000 from any individual, (ii) \$20,000 from
9 any corporation, labor organization, political party
10 committee, or association, or (iii) \$50,000 from a political
11 action committee or candidate political committee. A political
12 action committee may not accept contributions from a ballot
13 initiative committee or from an independent expenditure
14 committee.

15 (e) A ballot initiative committee may accept contributions
16 in any amount from any source, provided that the committee
17 files the document required by Section 9-3 of this Article and
18 files the disclosure reports required by the provisions of
19 this Article.

20 (e-5) An independent expenditure committee may accept
21 contributions in any amount from any source, provided that the
22 committee files the document required by Section 9-3 of this
23 Article and files the disclosure reports required by the
24 provisions of this Article.

25 (e-10) A limited activity committee shall not accept
26 contributions, except that the officer or a candidate the

1 committee has designated to support may contribute personal
2 funds in order to pay for maintenance expenses. A limited
3 activity committee may only make expenditures that are: (i)
4 necessary for maintenance of the committee; (ii) for rent or
5 lease payments until the end of the lease in effect at the time
6 the officer or candidate is confirmed by the Senate; (iii)
7 contributions to 501(c)(3) charities; or (iv) returning
8 contributions to original contributors.

9 (f) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a political
10 committee from dividing the proceeds of joint fundraising
11 efforts; provided that no political committee may receive more
12 than the limit from any one contributor, and provided that an
13 independent expenditure committee may not conduct joint
14 fundraising efforts with a candidate political committee or a
15 political party committee.

16 (g) On January 1 of each odd-numbered year, the State
17 Board of Elections shall adjust the amounts of the
18 contribution limitations established in this Section for
19 inflation as determined by the Consumer Price Index for All
20 Urban Consumers as issued by the United States Department of
21 Labor and rounded to the nearest \$100. The State Board shall
22 publish this information on its official website.

23 (h) Self-funding candidates. If a public official, a
24 candidate, or the public official's or candidate's immediate
25 family contributes or loans to the public official's or
26 candidate's political committee or to other political

1 committees that transfer funds to the public official's or
2 candidate's political committee or makes independent
3 expenditures for the benefit of the public official's or
4 candidate's campaign during the 12 months prior to an election
5 in an aggregate amount of more than (i) \$250,000 for statewide
6 office or (ii) \$100,000 for all other elective offices, then
7 the public official or candidate shall file with the State
8 Board of Elections, within one day, a Notification of
9 Self-funding that shall detail each contribution or loan made
10 by the public official, the candidate, or the public
11 official's or candidate's immediate family. Within 2 business
12 days after the filing of a Notification of Self-funding, the
13 notification shall be posted on the Board's website and the
14 Board shall give official notice of the filing to each
15 candidate for the same office as the public official or
16 candidate making the filing, including the public official or
17 candidate filing the Notification of Self-funding. Notice
18 shall be sent via first class mail to the candidate and the
19 treasurer of the candidate's committee. Notice shall also be
20 sent by e-mail to the candidate and the treasurer of the
21 candidate's committee if the candidate and the treasurer, as
22 applicable, have provided the Board with an e-mail address.
23 Upon posting of the notice on the Board's website, all
24 candidates for that office, including the public official or
25 candidate who filed a Notification of Self-funding, shall be
26 permitted to accept contributions in excess of any

1 contribution limits imposed by subsection (b). If a public
2 official or candidate filed a Notification of Self-funding
3 during an election cycle that includes a general primary
4 election or consolidated primary election and that public
5 official or candidate is nominated, all candidates for that
6 office, including the nominee who filed the notification of
7 self-funding, shall be permitted to accept contributions in
8 excess of any contribution limit imposed by subsection (b) for
9 the subsequent election cycle. For the purposes of this
10 subsection, "immediate family" means the spouse, parent, or
11 child of a public official or candidate.

12 (h-5) If a natural person or independent expenditure
13 committee makes independent expenditures in support of or in
14 opposition to the campaign of a particular public official or
15 candidate in an aggregate amount of more than (i) \$250,000 for
16 statewide office or (ii) \$100,000 for all other elective
17 offices in an election cycle, as reported in a written
18 disclosure filed under subsection (a) of Section 9-8.6 or
19 subsection (e-5) of Section 9-10, then the State Board of
20 Elections shall, within 2 business days after the filing of
21 the disclosure, post the disclosure on the Board's website and
22 give official notice of the disclosure to each candidate for
23 the same office as the public official or candidate for whose
24 benefit or detriment the natural person or independent
25 expenditure committee made independent expenditures. Upon
26 posting of the notice on the Board's website, all candidates

1 for that office in that election, including the public
2 official or candidate for whose benefit or detriment the
3 natural person or independent expenditure committee made
4 independent expenditures, shall be permitted to accept
5 contributions in excess of any contribution limits imposed by
6 subsection (b).

7 (h-10) If the State Board of Elections receives
8 notification or determines that a natural person or persons,
9 an independent expenditure committee or committees, or
10 combination thereof has made independent expenditures in
11 support of or in opposition to the campaign of a particular
12 public official or candidate in an aggregate amount of more
13 than (i) \$250,000 for statewide office or (ii) \$100,000 for
14 all other elective offices in an election cycle, then the
15 Board shall, within 2 business days after discovering the
16 independent expenditures that, in the aggregate, exceed the
17 threshold set forth in (i) and (ii) of this subsection, post
18 notice of this fact on the Board's website and give official
19 notice to each candidate for the same office as the public
20 official or candidate for whose benefit or detriment the
21 independent expenditures were made. Notice shall be sent via
22 first class mail to the candidate and the treasurer of the
23 candidate's committee. Notice shall also be sent by e-mail to
24 the candidate and the treasurer of the candidate's committee
25 if the candidate and the treasurer, as applicable, have
26 provided the Board with an e-mail address. Upon posting of the

1 notice on the Board's website, all candidates of that office
2 in that election, including the public official or candidate
3 for whose benefit or detriment the independent expenditures
4 were made, may accept contributions in excess of any
5 contribution limits imposed by subsection (b).

6 (i) For the purposes of this Section, a corporation, labor
7 organization, association, or a political action committee
8 established by a corporation, labor organization, or
9 association may act as a conduit in facilitating the delivery
10 to a political action committee of contributions made through
11 dues, levies, or similar assessments and the political action
12 committee may report the contributions in the aggregate,
13 provided that: (i) contributions made through dues, levies, or
14 similar assessments paid by any natural person, corporation,
15 labor organization, or association in a calendar year may not
16 exceed the limits set forth in this Section; (ii) the
17 corporation, labor organization, association, or a political
18 action committee established by a corporation, labor
19 organization, or association facilitating the delivery of
20 contributions maintains a list of natural persons,
21 corporations, labor organizations, and associations that paid
22 the dues, levies, or similar assessments from which the
23 contributions comprising the aggregate amount derive; and
24 (iii) contributions made through dues, levies, or similar
25 assessments paid by any natural person, corporation, labor
26 organization, or association that exceed \$500 in a quarterly

1 reporting period shall be itemized on the committee's
2 quarterly report and may not be reported in the aggregate. A
3 political action committee facilitating the delivery of
4 contributions or receiving contributions shall disclose the
5 amount of contributions made through dues delivered or
6 received and the name of the corporation, labor organization,
7 association, or political action committee delivering the
8 contributions, if applicable. On January 1 of each
9 odd-numbered year, the State Board of Elections shall adjust
10 the amounts of the contribution limitations established in
11 this subsection for inflation as determined by the Consumer
12 Price Index for All Urban Consumers as issued by the United
13 States Department of Labor and rounded to the nearest \$100.
14 The State Board shall publish this information on its official
15 website.

16 (j) A political committee that receives a contribution or
17 transfer in violation of this Section shall dispose of the
18 contribution or transfer by returning the contribution or
19 transfer, or an amount equal to the contribution or transfer,
20 to the contributor or transferor or donating the contribution
21 or transfer, or an amount equal to the contribution or
22 transfer, to a charity. A contribution or transfer received in
23 violation of this Section that is not disposed of as provided
24 in this subsection within 30 days after the Board sends
25 notification to the political committee of the excess
26 contribution by certified mail shall escheat to the General

1 Revenue Fund and the political committee shall be deemed in
2 violation of this Section and subject to a civil penalty not to
3 exceed 150% of the total amount of the contribution.

4 (k) For the purposes of this Section, "statewide office"
5 means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General,
6 Secretary of State, Comptroller, and Treasurer.

7 (l) This Section is repealed if and when the United States
8 Supreme Court invalidates contribution limits on committees
9 formed to assist candidates, political parties, corporations,
10 associations, or labor organizations established by or
11 pursuant to federal law.

12 (Source: P.A. 97-766, eff. 7-6-12; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.)

13 Section 25. The General Assembly Compensation Act is
14 amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

15 (25 ILCS 115/1) (from Ch. 63, par. 14)

16 Sec. 1. Each member of the General Assembly shall receive
17 an annual salary of \$28,000 or as set by the Compensation
18 Review Board, whichever is greater. The following named
19 officers, committee chairmen and committee minority spokesmen
20 shall receive additional amounts per year for their services
21 as such officers, committee chairmen and committee minority
22 spokesmen respectively, as set by the Compensation Review
23 Board or, as follows, whichever is greater: Beginning the
24 second Wednesday in January 1989, the Speaker and the minority

1 leader of the House of Representatives and the President and
2 the minority leader of the Senate, \$16,000 each; the majority
3 leader in the House of Representatives \$13,500; 5 assistant
4 majority leaders and 5 assistant minority leaders in the
5 Senate, \$12,000 each; 6 assistant majority leaders and 6
6 assistant minority leaders in the House of Representatives,
7 \$10,500 each; 2 Deputy Majority leaders in the House of
8 Representatives \$11,500 each; and 2 Deputy Minority leaders in
9 the House of Representatives, \$11,500 each; the majority
10 caucus chairman and minority caucus chairman in the Senate,
11 \$12,000 each; and beginning the second Wednesday in January,
12 1989, the majority conference chairman and the minority
13 conference chairman in the House of Representatives, \$10,500
14 each; beginning the second Wednesday in January, 1989, the
15 chairman and minority spokesman of each standing committee of
16 the Senate, except the Rules Committee, the Committee on
17 Committees, and the Committee on Assignment of Bills, \$6,000
18 each; and beginning the second Wednesday in January, 1989, the
19 chairman and minority spokesman of each standing and select
20 committee of the House of Representatives, \$6,000 each; and
21 beginning fiscal year 2020, the majority leader in the Senate,
22 an amount equal to the majority leader in the House. A member
23 who serves in more than one position as an officer, committee
24 chairman, or committee minority spokesman shall receive only
25 one additional amount based on the position paying the highest
26 additional amount. Prior to the 103rd General Assembly, the

1 ~~The~~ compensation provided for in this Section to be paid per
2 year to members of the General Assembly, including the
3 additional sums payable per year to officers of the General
4 Assembly shall be paid in 12 equal monthly installments. The
5 first such installment is payable on January 31, 1977. All
6 subsequent equal monthly installments are payable on the last
7 working day of the month. Prior to the 103rd General Assembly,
8 a ~~A~~ member who has held office any part of a month is entitled
9 to compensation for an entire month.

10 Beginning with the 103rd General Assembly, the
11 compensation provided for in this Section to be paid per year
12 to members of the General Assembly, including additional sums
13 payable per year to officers of the General Assembly, shall be
14 paid bi-monthly. Members who resign before completing the
15 entire term in office shall be compensated on a prorated
16 basis. Members completing the term of a vacancy shall be
17 compensated on a prorated basis.

18 Mileage shall be paid at the rate of 20 cents per mile
19 before January 9, 1985, and at the mileage allowance rate in
20 effect under regulations promulgated pursuant to 5 U.S.C.
21 5707(b)(2) beginning January 9, 1985, for the number of actual
22 highway miles necessarily and conveniently traveled by the
23 most feasible route to be present upon convening of the
24 sessions of the General Assembly by such member in each and
25 every trip during each session in going to and returning from
26 the seat of government, to be computed by the Comptroller. A

1 member traveling by public transportation for such purposes,
2 however, shall be paid his actual cost of that transportation
3 instead of on the mileage rate if his cost of public
4 transportation exceeds the amount to which he would be
5 entitled on a mileage basis. No member may be paid, whether on
6 a mileage basis or for actual costs of public transportation,
7 for more than one such trip for each week the General Assembly
8 is actually in session. Each member shall also receive an
9 allowance of \$36 per day for lodging and meals while in
10 attendance at sessions of the General Assembly before January
11 9, 1985; beginning January 9, 1985, such food and lodging
12 allowance shall be equal to the amount per day permitted to be
13 deducted for such expenses under the Internal Revenue Code;
14 however, beginning May 31, 1995, no allowance for food and
15 lodging while in attendance at sessions is authorized for
16 periods of time after the last day in May of each calendar
17 year, except (i) if the General Assembly is convened in
18 special session by either the Governor or the presiding
19 officers of both houses, as provided by subsection (b) of
20 Section 5 of Article IV of the Illinois Constitution or (ii) if
21 the General Assembly is convened to consider bills vetoed,
22 item vetoed, reduced, or returned with specific
23 recommendations for change by the Governor as provided in
24 Section 9 of Article IV of the Illinois Constitution. For
25 fiscal year 2011 and for session days in fiscal years 2012,
26 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019 only (i) the

1 allowance for lodging and meals is \$111 per day and (ii)
2 mileage for automobile travel shall be reimbursed at a rate of
3 \$0.39 per mile.

4 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
5 contrary, beginning in fiscal year 2012, travel reimbursement
6 for General Assembly members on non-session days shall be
7 calculated using the guidelines set forth by the Legislative
8 Travel Control Board, except that fiscal year 2012, 2013,
9 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019 mileage reimbursement
10 is set at a rate of \$0.39 per mile.

11 If a member dies having received only a portion of the
12 amount payable as compensation, the unpaid balance shall be
13 paid to the surviving spouse of such member, or, if there be
14 none, to the estate of such member.

15 (Source: P.A. 100-25, eff. 7-26-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;
16 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; revised 7-17-19.)

17 Section 30. The Lobbyist Registration Act is amended by
18 changing Sections 2, 3, 4.5, 4.7, 5, 6, 8, and 11.2 as follows:

19 (25 ILCS 170/2) (from Ch. 63, par. 172)

20 Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
21 context otherwise requires:

22 (a) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership,
23 committee, association, corporation, or any other organization
24 or group of persons.

1 (b) "Expenditure" means a payment, distribution, loan,
2 advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and
3 includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not
4 legally enforceable, to make an expenditure, for the ultimate
5 purpose of influencing executive, legislative, or
6 administrative action, other than compensation as defined in
7 subsection (d).

8 (c) "Official" means:

9 (1) the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of
10 State, Attorney General, State Treasurer, and State
11 Comptroller;

12 (2) Chiefs of Staff for officials described in item
13 (1), the Deputy Governor, the Deputy Secretary of State,
14 the Deputy Attorney General, the Deputy Treasurer, and the
15 Deputy Comptroller;

16 (3) Cabinet members of any elected constitutional
17 officer, including Directors, Assistant Directors and
18 Chief Legal Counsel or General Counsel;

19 (4) Members of the General Assembly; ~~and~~

20 (5) Members of any board, commission, authority, or
21 task force of the State authorized or created by State law
22 or by executive order of the Governor; ~~and~~

23 (6) Mayors, presidents, aldermen, commissioners, and
24 trustees of a city, village, or town;

25 (7) County board members and countywide elected
26 officials;

1 (8) Township board members and township elected
2 officials; and

3 (9) Members of any board, commission, authority, or
4 task force created by a local ordinance or order of a mayor
5 or village or town president.

6 (d) "Compensation" means any money, thing of value or
7 financial benefits received or to be received in return for
8 services rendered or to be rendered, for lobbying or as a
9 consultant ~~as defined in subsection (e).~~

10 Monies paid to members of the General Assembly by the
11 State as remuneration for performance of their Constitutional
12 and statutory duties as members of the General Assembly shall
13 not constitute compensation as defined by this Act.

14 (e) "Lobby" and "lobbying" means to communicate, including
15 the soliciting of others to communicate, any communication
16 with an official ~~of the executive or legislative branch of~~
17 ~~State government~~ as defined in subsection (c) for the ultimate
18 purpose of influencing any executive, legislative, or
19 administrative action at the State, municipal, county, or
20 township government level. Soliciting of others to communicate
21 shall not include (i) the making of a grant by an organization
22 recognized as tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code made in accordance with Section 4945 and
24 the regulations thereunder or (ii) a communication by an
25 organization recognized as tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3)
26 or 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code to the public or a

1 segment thereof or to its members to communicate with
2 legislators, executives, or administrators with respect to a
3 proposed action by the legislature, executive, or
4 administrator.

5 (f) "Influencing" means any communication, action,
6 reportable expenditure as prescribed in Section 6 or other
7 means used to promote, support, affect, modify, oppose or
8 delay any executive, legislative or administrative action or
9 to promote goodwill with officials as defined in subsection
10 (c).

11 (g) "Executive action" means the proposal, drafting,
12 development, consideration, amendment, adoption, approval,
13 promulgation, issuance, modification, rejection or
14 postponement by a State, municipal, county, or township
15 government entity of a rule, regulation, order, decision,
16 determination, contractual arrangement, purchasing agreement
17 or other quasi-legislative or quasi-judicial action or
18 proceeding.

19 (h) "Legislative action" means the development, drafting,
20 introduction, consideration, modification, adoption,
21 rejection, review, enactment, or passage or defeat of any
22 bill, amendment, resolution, ordinance, report, nomination,
23 administrative rule or other matter by either house of the
24 General Assembly or a committee thereof, ~~or~~ by a legislator,
25 by the legislative body of a municipality, county, or
26 township, or by an alderman, trustee, or township board

1 member. Legislative action also means the action of the
2 Governor, mayor, or village or township board president, or
3 county executive in approving or vetoing any bill, ordinance,
4 or resolution or portion thereof, and the action of such
5 officials ~~the Governor~~ or any agency under their jurisdiction
6 in the development of a legislative proposal ~~for introduction~~
7 ~~in the legislature~~.

8 (i) "Administrative action" means the execution or
9 rejection of any rule, regulation, legislative rule, standard,
10 fee, rate, contractual arrangement, purchasing agreement or
11 other delegated legislative or quasi-legislative action to be
12 taken or withheld by any executive agency, department, board
13 or commission of the State, municipal, county, or township.

14 (j) "Lobbyist" means any natural person who undertakes to
15 lobby State, municipal, county, or township government as
16 provided in subsection (e).

17 (k) "Lobbying entity" means any entity that hires,
18 retains, employs, or compensates a natural person to lobby
19 State, municipal, county, or township government as provided
20 in subsection (e).

21 (l) "Authorized agent" means the person designated by an
22 entity or lobbyist registered under this Act as the person
23 responsible for submission and retention of reports required
24 under this Act.

25 (m) "Client" means any person or entity that provides
26 compensation to a lobbyist to lobby State, municipal, county,

1 or township government as provided in subsection (e) of this
2 Section.

3 (n) "Client registrant" means a client who is required to
4 register under this Act.

5 (o) "Unit of local government" has the meaning ascribed to
6 it in Section 1 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution and
7 also includes school districts and community college
8 districts.

9 (p) "Consultant" means any natural person or entity who,
10 for compensation, provides advisory services, including but
11 not limited to, rendering opinions on or developing strategies
12 for lobbying or influencing, to a lobbyist or lobbying entity
13 for the ultimate purpose of influencing any executive,
14 legislative, or administrative action. "Consultant" does not
15 include (i) an employee of the lobbyist or lobbying entity or
16 (ii) an attorney or law firm providing legal services,
17 including drafting legislation or advising and rendering
18 opinions to clients as to the construction and legal effect of
19 proposed or pending legislation or any executive, legislative,
20 or administrative action.

21 (Source: P.A. 101-595, eff. 12-5-19.)

22 (25 ILCS 170/3) (from Ch. 63, par. 173)

23 Sec. 3. Persons required to register.

24 (a) Except as provided in Section 9, any natural person
25 who, for compensation or otherwise, undertakes to lobby, or

1 any person or entity who employs or compensates another person
2 for the purposes of lobbying, shall register with the
3 Secretary of State as provided in this Act, unless that person
4 or entity qualifies for one or more of the following
5 exemptions.

6 (1) Persons or entities who, for the purpose of
7 influencing any executive, legislative, or administrative
8 action and who do not make expenditures that are
9 reportable pursuant to Section 6, appear without
10 compensation or promise thereof only as witnesses before a
11 legislative committee ~~committees of the House and Senate~~
12 for the purpose of explaining or arguing for or against
13 the passage of or action upon any legislation, ordinance,
14 or regulation then pending before the committee ~~those~~
15 ~~committees~~, or who seek without compensation or promise
16 thereof the approval or veto of any legislation or
17 ordinance ~~by the Governor~~.

18 (1.4) A unit of local government, State government, or
19 agencies, departments, commissions, boards, or task forces
20 thereof ~~or a school district~~.

21 (1.5) An elected or appointed official or an employee
22 of a unit of local government ~~or school district~~ who, in
23 the scope of his or her public office or employment, seeks
24 to influence executive, legislative, or administrative
25 action exclusively on behalf of that unit of local
26 government ~~or school district~~.

1 (2) Persons or entities who own, publish, or are
2 employed by a newspaper or other regularly published
3 periodical, or who own or are employed by a radio station,
4 television station, or other bona fide news medium that in
5 the ordinary course of business disseminates news,
6 editorial or other comment, or paid advertisements that
7 directly urge the passage or defeat of legislation. This
8 exemption is not applicable to such an individual insofar
9 as he or she receives additional compensation or expenses
10 from some source other than the bona fide news medium for
11 the purpose of influencing executive, legislative, or
12 administrative action. This exemption does not apply to
13 newspapers and periodicals owned by or published by trade
14 associations and not-for-profit corporations engaged
15 primarily in endeavors other than dissemination of news.

16 (3) Persons or entities performing professional
17 services in drafting bills or in advising and rendering
18 opinions to clients as to the construction and effect of
19 proposed or pending legislation when those professional
20 services are not otherwise, directly or indirectly,
21 connected with executive, legislative, or administrative
22 action.

23 (4) Persons or entities who are employees of
24 departments, divisions, or agencies of State or local
25 government ~~and who appear before committees of the House~~
26 ~~and Senate~~ for the purpose of explaining how the

1 executive, legislative, or administrative action ~~passage~~
2 ~~of or action upon any legislation then pending before~~
3 ~~those committees~~ will affect those departments, divisions,
4 or agencies of State or local government.

5 (5) Employees of the General Assembly, legislators,
6 legislative agencies, and legislative commissions who, in
7 the course of their official duties only, engage in
8 activities that otherwise qualify as lobbying. Legislators
9 whose activities are limited to occasional communications
10 with an official of a unit of local government on behalf of
11 their employer in the ordinary course of their non-public
12 employment where (1) the primary duties of the employment
13 are not to influence executive, legislative, or
14 administrative action and (2) the legislator does not make
15 any expenditures that are reportable pursuant to Section
16 6.

17 (6) Persons or entities in possession of technical
18 skills and knowledge relevant to certain areas of
19 executive, legislative, or administrative actions, whose
20 skills and knowledge would be helpful to officials when
21 considering those actions, whose activities are limited to
22 making occasional appearances for or communicating on
23 behalf of a registrant, and who do not make expenditures
24 that are reportable pursuant to Section 6 even though
25 receiving expense reimbursement for those occasional
26 appearances.

1 (7) Any full-time employee of a bona fide church or
2 religious organization who represents that organization
3 solely for the purpose of protecting the right of the
4 members thereof to practice the religious doctrines of
5 that church or religious organization, or any such bona
6 fide church or religious organization.

7 (8) Persons or entities that receive no compensation
8 other than reimbursement for expenses of up to \$500 per
9 year while engaged in lobbying ~~State government~~, unless
10 those persons make expenditures that are reportable under
11 Section 6.

12 (9) Any attorney or group or firm of attorneys (1) in
13 connection with the practice of law or (2) in the course of
14 representing a client in relation to any administrative,
15 ~~or~~ judicial, quasi-judicial proceeding, or any witness
16 providing testimony in any administrative, ~~or~~ judicial, or
17 quasi-judicial proceeding, ~~in which ex parte~~
18 ~~communications are not allowed~~ and who does not make
19 expenditures that are reportable pursuant to Section 6.

20 (9.5) Any attorney or group or firm of attorneys in
21 the course of representing a client in an administrative
22 or executive action involving a contractual or purchasing
23 arrangement and who does not make expenditures that are
24 reportable pursuant to Section 6.

25 (10) Persons or entities who, in the scope of their
26 employment as a vendor, offer or solicit an official for

1 the purchase of any goods or services when (1) the
2 solicitation is limited to either an oral inquiry or
3 written advertisements and informative literature; or (2)
4 the goods and services are subject to competitive bidding
5 requirements ~~of the Illinois Procurement Code~~; or (3) the
6 goods and services are for sale at a cost not to exceed
7 \$5,000; and (4) the persons or entities do not make
8 expenditures that are reportable under Section 6.

9 (a-5) If, in the course of providing services as a
10 consultant, the consultant communicates with an official on
11 behalf of the lobbyist or lobbying entity for the ultimate
12 purpose of influencing any executive, legislative, or
13 administrative action, or makes an expenditure on behalf of or
14 benefiting an official, the consultant shall register as a
15 lobbyist within 2 business days of engaging in the
16 communication with the official or making the expenditure
17 benefiting the official.

18 (b) It is a violation of this Act to engage in lobbying or
19 to employ any person for the purpose of lobbying who is not
20 registered with the Office of the Secretary of State, except
21 upon condition that the person register and the person does in
22 fact register within 2 business days after being employed or
23 retained for lobbying services.

24 (c) The Secretary shall promulgate a rule establishing a
25 list of the entities required to register under this Act,
26 including the name of each board, commission, authority, or

1 task force. The Secretary may require a person or entity
2 claiming an exemption under this Section to certify the person
3 or entity is not required to register under this Act. Nothing
4 prohibits the Secretary from rejecting a certification and
5 requiring a person or entity to register.

6 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1358, eff. 7-28-10.)

7 (25 ILCS 170/4.5)

8 Sec. 4.5. Ethics training. Each natural person required to
9 register as a lobbyist under this Act must complete a program
10 of ethics training provided by the Secretary of State. A
11 natural person registered under this Act must complete the
12 training program before ~~no later than 30 days after~~
13 registration or renewal is deemed complete under this Act. If
14 the Secretary of State uses the ethics training developed in
15 accordance with Section 5-10 of the State Officials and
16 Employees Ethics Act, that training must be expanded to
17 include appropriate information about the requirements,
18 responsibilities, and opportunities imposed by or arising
19 under this Act, including reporting requirements.

20 The Secretary of State shall adopt rules for the
21 implementation of this Section.

22 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1358, eff. 7-28-10.)

23 (25 ILCS 170/4.7)

24 Sec. 4.7. Prohibition on sexual harassment.

1 (a) All persons have the right to work in an environment
2 free from sexual harassment. All persons subject to this Act
3 shall refrain from sexual harassment of any person.

4 (b) (Blank). ~~Until January 1, 2020, each natural person~~
5 ~~required to register as a lobbyist under this Act must~~
6 ~~complete, at least annually, a sexual harassment training~~
7 ~~program provided by the Secretary of State. A natural person~~
8 ~~registered under this Act must complete the training program~~
9 ~~no later than 30 days after registration or renewal under this~~
10 ~~Act. This requirement does not apply to a lobbying entity or a~~
11 ~~client that hires a lobbyist that (i) does not have employees~~
12 ~~of the lobbying entity or client registered as lobbyists, or~~
13 ~~(ii) does not have an actual presence in Illinois.~~

14 (b-5) Each ~~Beginning January 1, 2020, each~~ natural person
15 required to register as a lobbyist under this Act must
16 complete, at least annually, a harassment and discrimination
17 prevention training program provided by the Secretary of
18 State. A natural person registered under this Act must
19 complete the training program before ~~no later than 30 days~~
20 ~~after~~ registration or renewal is deemed complete under this
21 Act. This requirement does not apply to a lobbying entity or a
22 client that hires a lobbyist that (i) does not have employees
23 of the lobbying entity or client registered as lobbyists, or
24 (ii) does not have an actual presence in Illinois. For the
25 purposes of this subsection, "unlawful discrimination" and
26 "harassment" mean unlawful discrimination and harassment

1 prohibited under Section 2-102 of the Illinois Human Rights
2 Act.

3 (c) Before registration or renewal is deemed complete
4 under this Act ~~No later than January 1, 2018,~~ each natural
5 person and any entity required to register under this Act
6 shall have a written sexual harassment policy that shall
7 include, at a minimum: (i) a prohibition on sexual harassment;
8 (ii) details on how an individual can report an allegation of
9 sexual harassment, including options for making a confidential
10 report to a supervisor, ethics officer, Inspector General, or
11 the Department of Human Rights; (iii) a prohibition on
12 retaliation for reporting sexual harassment allegations,
13 including availability of whistleblower protections under the
14 State Officials and Employee Ethics Act, the Whistleblower
15 Act, and the Illinois Human Rights Act; and (iv) the
16 consequences of a violation of the prohibition on sexual
17 harassment and the consequences for knowingly making a false
18 report.

19 (d) For purposes of this Act, "sexual harassment" means
20 any unwelcome sexual advances or requests for sexual favors or
21 any conduct of a sexual nature when: (i) submission to such
22 conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or
23 condition of an individual's employment; (ii) submission to or
24 rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis
25 for employment decisions affecting such individual; or (iii)
26 such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially

1 interfering with an individual's work performance or creating
2 an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment.
3 For the purposes of this definition, the phrase "working
4 environment" is not limited to a physical location an employee
5 is assigned to perform his or her duties and does not require
6 an employment relationship.

7 (e) The Secretary of State shall adopt rules for the
8 implementation of this Section. In order to provide for the
9 expeditious and timely implementation of this Section, the
10 Secretary of State shall adopt emergency rules under
11 subsection (z) of Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative
12 Procedure Act for the implementation of this Section no later
13 than 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of
14 the 100th General Assembly.

15 (Source: P.A. 100-554, eff. 11-16-17; 101-221, eff. 8-9-19.)

16 (25 ILCS 170/5)

17 Sec. 5. Lobbyist registration and disclosure. Every
18 natural person and every entity required to register under
19 this Act shall before any service is performed which requires
20 the natural person or entity to register, but in any event not
21 later than 2 business days after being employed or retained,
22 file in the Office of the Secretary of State a statement in a
23 format prescribed by the Secretary of State containing the
24 following information with respect to each person or entity
25 employing, retaining, or benefitting from the services of the

1 natural person or entity required to register:

2 (a) The registrant's name, permanent address, e-mail
3 address, if any, fax number, if any, business telephone
4 number, and temporary address, if the registrant has a
5 temporary address while lobbying.

6 (a-5) If the registrant is an entity, the information
7 required under subsection (a) for each natural person
8 associated with the registrant who will be lobbying,
9 regardless of whether lobbying is a significant part of
10 his or her duties.

11 (b) The name and address of the client or clients
12 employing or retaining the registrant to perform such
13 services or on whose behalf the registrant appears. If the
14 client employing or retaining the registrant is a client
15 registrant, the statement shall also include the name and
16 address of the client or clients of the client registrant
17 on whose behalf the registrant will be or anticipates
18 performing services.

19 (b-5) If the registrant employs or retains a
20 sub-registrant, the statement shall include the name and
21 address of the sub-registrant and identify the client or
22 clients of the registrant on whose behalf the
23 sub-registrant will be or is anticipated to be performing
24 services.

25 (b-7) If the registrant retains a consultant, the
26 statement shall include the name and address of the

1 consultant and identify the client or clients and each
2 executive and legislative branch agency for which the
3 consultant is to provide advisory services.

4 (c) For those identified under subsections (b), (b-5),
5 and (b-7), a ~~A~~ brief description of the executive,
6 legislative, or administrative action in reference to
7 which such service is to be rendered.

8 (c-5) Each executive and legislative branch agency of
9 the State and each unit of local government the registrant
10 expects to lobby during the registration period.

11 (c-6) The nature of the client's business, by
12 indicating all of the following categories that apply: (1)
13 banking and financial services, (2) manufacturing, (3)
14 education, (4) environment, (5) healthcare, (6) insurance,
15 (7) community interests, (8) labor, (9) public relations
16 or advertising, (10) marketing or sales, (11) hospitality,
17 (12) engineering, (13) information or technology products
18 or services, (14) social services, (15) public utilities,
19 (16) racing or wagering, (17) real estate or construction,
20 (18) telecommunications, (19) trade or professional
21 association, (20) travel or tourism, (21) transportation,
22 (22) agriculture, and (23) other (setting forth the nature
23 of that other business).

24 (d) A confirmation that the registrant has a sexual
25 harassment policy as required by Section 4.7, that such
26 policy shall be made available to any individual within 2

1 business days upon written request (including electronic
2 requests), that any person may contact the authorized
3 agent of the registrant to report allegations of sexual
4 harassment, and that the registrant recognizes the
5 Inspector General has jurisdiction to review any
6 allegations of sexual harassment alleged against the
7 registrant or lobbyists hired by the registrant.

8 (e) (Blank). ~~Each unit of local government in this~~
9 ~~State for which the registrant is or expects to be~~
10 ~~required to register to lobby the local government during~~
11 ~~the registration period. "Lobby" shall have the meaning~~
12 ~~ascribed to it by the relevant unit of local government.~~

13 (f) Each elected or appointed public office in this
14 State to be held by the registrant at any time during the
15 registration period.

16 Every natural person and every entity required to register
17 under this Act shall annually submit the registration required
18 by this Section on or before each January 31. The registrant
19 has a continuing duty to report any substantial change or
20 addition to the information contained in the registration. A
21 registrant who retains a consultant shall file an amended
22 registration before any consulting services are performed, but
23 in any event not later than 2 business days after the
24 consultant is retained, setting forth the information required
25 in subsections (b-7) and (c) of this Section. ~~Registrants~~
26 ~~registered as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of~~

1 ~~the 101st General Assembly shall update their registration to~~
2 ~~add the information required under subsections (b-5), (c), and~~
3 ~~(f), if applicable, within 30 days after the effective date of~~
4 ~~this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.~~

5 The Secretary of State shall make all filed statements and
6 amendments to statements publicly available by means of a
7 searchable database that is accessible through the World Wide
8 Web. The Secretary of State shall provide all software
9 necessary to comply with this provision to all natural persons
10 and entities required to file. The Secretary of State shall
11 implement a plan to provide computer access and assistance to
12 natural persons and entities required to file electronically.

13 All natural persons and entities required to register
14 under this Act shall remit a single, annual, and nonrefundable
15 \$300 registration fee. Each natural person required to
16 register under this Act shall submit, on an annual basis, a
17 picture of the registrant. A registrant may, in lieu of
18 submitting a picture on an annual basis, authorize the
19 Secretary of State to use any photo identification available
20 in any database maintained by the Secretary of State for other
21 purposes. Each registration fee collected for registrations ~~on~~
22 ~~or after January 1, 2010~~ shall be deposited into the Lobbyist
23 Registration Administration Fund for administration and
24 enforcement of this Act.

25 (Source: P.A. 100-554, eff. 11-16-17; 101-595, eff. 12-5-19.)

1 (25 ILCS 170/6) (from Ch. 63, par. 176)

2 Sec. 6. Reports.

3 (a) Lobbyist reports. Except as otherwise provided in this
4 Section, every lobbyist registered under this Act who is
5 solely employed by a lobbying entity shall file an
6 affirmation, verified under oath pursuant to Section 1-109 of
7 the Code of Civil Procedure, with the Secretary of State
8 attesting to the accuracy of any reports filed pursuant to
9 subsection (b) as those reports pertain to work performed by
10 the lobbyist. Any lobbyist registered under this Act who is
11 not solely employed by a lobbying entity shall personally file
12 reports required of lobbying entities pursuant to subsection
13 (b). A lobbyist may, if authorized so to do by a lobbying
14 entity by whom he or she is employed or retained, file lobbying
15 entity reports pursuant to subsection (b) provided that the
16 lobbying entity may delegate the filing of the lobbying entity
17 report to only one lobbyist in any reporting period.

18 (b) Lobbying entity reports. Every lobbying entity
19 registered under this Act shall report expenditures related to
20 lobbying, including any expenditures made by a consultant in
21 performing services for the lobbying entity. The report shall
22 itemize each individual expenditure or transaction and shall
23 include the name of the official on whose behalf the
24 expenditure was made, the name of the client if the
25 expenditure was made on behalf of a client, the total amount of
26 the expenditure, a description of the expenditure, the vendor

1 or purveyor to whom the expenditure was made (including the
2 address or location of the expenditure), the date on which the
3 expenditure occurred and the subject matter of the lobbying
4 activity, if any. For those expenditures made on behalf of a
5 client, if the client is a client registrant, the report shall
6 also include the name and address of the client or clients of
7 the client registrant or the official or officials on whose
8 behalf the expenditure ultimately was made. Each expenditure
9 required to be reported shall include all expenses made for or
10 on behalf of an official or his or her immediate family member
11 living with the official.

12 (b-1) The report shall include any change or addition to
13 the client list information, required in Section 5 for
14 registration, since the last report, including the names and
15 addresses of all clients who retained the lobbying entity
16 together with an itemized description for each client of the
17 following: (1) lobbying regarding executive action, including
18 the name of any executive agency lobbied and the subject
19 matter; (2) lobbying regarding legislative action, including
20 the General Assembly and any other agencies lobbied and the
21 subject matter; and (3) lobbying regarding administrative
22 action, including the agency lobbied and the subject matter.
23 Registrants who made no reportable expenditures during a
24 reporting period shall file a report stating that no
25 expenditures were incurred.

26 (b-2) Expenditures attributable to lobbying officials

1 shall be listed and reported according to the following
2 categories:

3 (1) Travel and lodging on behalf of others, including,
4 but not limited to, all travel and living accommodations
5 made for or on behalf of State officials during sessions
6 of the General Assembly.

7 (2) Meals, beverages and other entertainment.

8 (3) Gifts (indicating which, if any, are on the basis
9 of personal friendship).

10 (4) Honoraria.

11 (5) Any other thing or service of value not listed
12 under categories (1) through (4), setting forth a
13 description of the expenditure. The category travel and
14 lodging includes, but is not limited to, all travel and
15 living accommodations made for or on behalf of State
16 officials in the State capital during sessions of the
17 General Assembly.

18 (b-3) Expenditures incurred for hosting receptions,
19 benefits and other large gatherings held for purposes of
20 goodwill or otherwise to influence executive, legislative or
21 administrative action to which there are 25 or more State
22 officials invited shall be reported listing only the total
23 amount of the expenditure, the date of the event, and the
24 estimated number of officials in attendance.

25 (b-7) Matters excluded from reports. The following items
26 need not be included in the report:

1 (1) Reasonable and bona fide expenditures made by the
2 registrant who is a member of a legislative or State study
3 commission or committee while attending and participating
4 in meetings and hearings of such commission or committee.

5 (2) Reasonable and bona fide expenditures made by the
6 registrant for personal sustenance, lodging, travel,
7 office expenses and clerical or support staff.

8 (3) Salaries, fees, and other compensation paid to the
9 registrant for the purposes of lobbying.

10 (4) Any contributions required to be reported under
11 Article 9 of the Election Code.

12 (5) Expenditures made by a registrant on behalf of an
13 official that are returned or reimbursed prior to the
14 deadline for submission of the report.

15 (c) A registrant who terminates employment or duties which
16 required him to register under this Act shall give the
17 Secretary of State, within 30 days after the date of such
18 termination, written notice of such termination and shall
19 include therewith a report of the expenditures described
20 herein, covering the period of time since the filing of his
21 last report to the date of termination of employment. Such
22 notice and report shall be final and relieve such registrant
23 of further reporting under this Act, unless and until he later
24 takes employment or assumes duties requiring him to again
25 register under this Act.

26 (d) Failure to file any such report within the time

1 designated or the reporting of incomplete information shall
2 constitute a violation of this Act.

3 A registrant shall preserve for a period of 2 years all
4 receipts and records used in preparing reports under this Act.

5 (e) Within 30 days after a filing deadline or as provided
6 by rule, the lobbyist shall notify each official on whose
7 behalf an expenditure has been reported. Notification shall
8 include the name of the registrant, the total amount of the
9 expenditure, a description of the expenditure, the date on
10 which the expenditure occurred, and the subject matter of the
11 lobbying activity.

12 (f) A report for the period beginning January 1, 2010 and
13 ending on June 30, 2010 shall be filed no later than July 15,
14 2010, and a report for the period beginning July 1, 2010 and
15 ending on December 31, 2010 shall be filed no later than
16 January 15, 2011. Beginning January 1, 2011, reports shall be
17 filed semi-monthly as follows: (i) for the period beginning
18 the first day of the month through the 15th day of the month,
19 the report shall be filed no later than the 20th day of the
20 month and (ii) for the period beginning on the 16th day of the
21 month through the last day of the month, the report shall be
22 filed no later than the 5th day of the following month. A
23 report filed under this Act is due in the Office of the
24 Secretary of State no later than the close of business on the
25 date on which it is required to be filed.

26 (g) All reports filed under this Act shall be filed in a

1 format or on forms prescribed by the Secretary of State.

2 (Source: P.A. 98-459, eff. 1-1-14.)

3 (25 ILCS 170/8) (from Ch. 63, par. 178)

4 Sec. 8. Contingent fees prohibited. No person shall retain
5 or employ another to lobby or provide services as a consultant
6 with respect to any legislative, executive, or administrative
7 action for compensation contingent in whole or in part upon
8 the outcome of the action and no person shall accept any such
9 employment or render any such service for compensation
10 contingent upon the outcome of the legislative, executive, or
11 administrative action.

12 (Source: P.A. 93-889, eff. 8-9-04.)

13 (25 ILCS 170/11.2)

14 Sec. 11.2. Preemption ~~Local regulation.~~ Other than a
15 municipality with a population over 500,000, no unit of local
16 government, including a home rule unit, may regulate lobbying
17 in a manner inconsistent with this Act, and all existing laws
18 and ordinances that are inconsistent with this Act are hereby
19 superseded. This Section is a limitation of home rule powers
20 under subsections (h) and (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of
21 the Illinois Constitution. ~~A unit of local government or~~
22 ~~school district may adopt an ordinance or resolution~~
23 ~~regulating lobbying activities with that unit of local~~
24 ~~government or school district that imposes requirements~~

1 ~~similar to those imposed by this Act.~~

2 (Source: P.A. 88-187.)

3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
4 1, 2022.