102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

SB0490

Introduced 2/23/2021, by Sen. Win Stoller

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203 35 ILCS 735/3-3.5 new from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates an income tax deduction for an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax year contributed to a small business asset purchase account and all interest earned on such accounts during the tax year. Provides that a "small business asset purchase account" means an account established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code. Provides an addition modification for amounts withdrawn from a small business asset purchase account that are not used for qualified purchases. Amends the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act to establish a penalty for improper use of moneys in a small business asset purchase account. Effective immediately.

LRB102 04170 HLH 14187 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

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2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,

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represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base 10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted 11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph 12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
15 the sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 18 19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except 20 dividends of qualified public utilities stock 21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue 22 Code;

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(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

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this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of adjusted gross income for the taxable year;

(C) An amount equal to the amount received during 4 5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real 6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's 7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and for which a deduction was previously taken under 8 9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 10 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 11 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or 12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on 13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that 14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property 15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in 21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money 22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a 23 medical care savings account and the interest earned 24 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal 25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the 26 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of

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Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
 2000;

(D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the individual deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

8 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of 12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 14 otherwise disposes of property for which the or 15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 16 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then 17 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the taken in all taxable 18 deductions vears under 19 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

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The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 4 5 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 6 7 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 8 9 member of the same unitary business group but for the 10 fact that foreign person's business activity outside 11 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 14 who would be a member of the same unitary business 15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different 18 19 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 20 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of 21 22 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 23 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 24 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 25 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 26 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included

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in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 16 following:

17(a) the person, during the same taxable18year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest19to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 22 person did not have as a principal purpose the 23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 26 terms; or - 6 - LRB102 04170 HLH 14187 b

1 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on 2 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest 3 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract 4 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates 5 and terms and the principal purpose for the 6 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; 7 or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or 12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing 13 to the application or use of an alternative method 14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 16 Director from making any other adjustment 17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective 18 19 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is 20 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the 21 Department and such regulations provide methods 22 and standards by which the Department will utilize 23 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

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incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 1 2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 3 foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the 4 5 foreign person's business activity outside the United 6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 8 9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 11 from being included in the unitary business group 12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 13 business income under different subsections of Section The addition modification required by this 14 304. 15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 17 group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 18 19 business group (including amounts included in gross 20 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income 21 22 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with 23 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the 24 intangible expenses and costs were directly or 25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 26 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same

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dividends reduction 1 caused а to the addition 2 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of 3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 4 5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 6 7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 8 9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 16 similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 18 19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other 21 22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 24 with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

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indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable 5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 9 intangible expense or cost between the 10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 18 19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 21 writing to the application or use of an 22 alternative method of apportionment under Section 23 304(f);

24Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the25Director from making any other adjustment26otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act

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for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 8 9 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 10 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 13 business group but for the fact that the person is 14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from beina 15 included in the unitary business group because he or 16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph 18 19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 20 included in base income of the unitary group for the 21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 23 (including amounts included in gross income under 24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the

1 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs 2 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or 3 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to 4 5 the addition modification required under Section 6 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this 7 Act;-

(D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after 8 9 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 10 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified 11 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal 12 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the 13 14 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the 15 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 16 17 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a 18 19 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 20 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution 21 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 22 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from 23 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a 24 distribution from a qualified tuition program under 25 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I) 26 adopts and determines that its offering materials

comply with the College Savings Plans Network's 1 2 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence 3 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing 4 5 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to inform financial intermediaries distributing the 6 7 program to inform in-state residents of the existence 8 in-state qualified tuition programs at least of 9 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from 10 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

11 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a 12 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts 13 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term 14 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not 15 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified 16 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective 17 participants in its offering materials or makes a public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii) 18 19 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the 20 out-of-state program in the same manner that the 21 out-of-state program distributes its offering 22 materials;

(D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from

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a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after 6 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from 7 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 8 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the 9 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to 10 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base 11 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

12 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys 13 14 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or 15 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the 16 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this 17 State to an ABLE account established under an 18 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to 19 the contribution component of the transferred amount 20 that was previously deducted from base income under 21 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this 22 Section;

(D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State 2 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible 3 education institution, an amount equal to the contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal 4 5 or refund that was previously deducted from base 6 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, 7 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result from the beneficiary's death or disability. For 8 9 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018: 10 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or 11 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State 12 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code 13 14 administered by the State, an amount equal to the 15 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal 16 or refund that was previously deducted from base 17 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section, and (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund 18 19 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of 20 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State 21 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an 22 amount equal to the contribution component of the 23 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously 24 deducted from base income under subsection (a) (2) (HH) 25 of this Section;

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(D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 3 Act;

4 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after 5 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction 6 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code 7 for the taxable year;

8 (D-25) An amount withdrawn from a small business 9 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases 10 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of 11 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year 12 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is 13 used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are 14 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under 15 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act; 16 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 17 following amounts:

(E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 18 19 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of 20 any compensation (including but not limited to any 21 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a 22 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 23 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed 24 Forces of the United States and in respect of any 25 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a 26 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing

in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a 1 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training 2 3 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, United States Code as a member of the Illinois 4 5 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of 6 7 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total 8 9 in respect of any compensation (including but not 10 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a 11 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in 12 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United 13 14 States and in respect of any compensation paid or 15 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee 16 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in 17 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the 18 19 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable 20 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the 21 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of 22 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions 23 of Section 250;

(F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and

408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such 1 2 total as distributions under the provisions of any 3 retirement or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to 4 5 retired partners, which payments are excluded in 6 computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations 7 adopted pursuant thereto; 8

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(G) The valuation limitation amount;

(H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(J) An amount equal to those dividends included in 18 19 such total which were paid by a corporation which 20 conducts business operations in а River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 21 22 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts 23 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge 24 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is 25 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in

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such total that were paid by a corporation that 1 2 conducts business operations in a federally designated 3 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 4 5 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 6 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 7 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 8 this subparagraph (K);

9 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31, 10 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits 11 and railroad retirement benefits included in such 12 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the 13 Internal Revenue Code;

14 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 15 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of 16 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a)(2) $_{\overline{\tau}}$ and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 17 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 18 19 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the 20 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 21 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 22 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the 171(a)(2), 23 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending 24 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of 25 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount 26

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included in gross income under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in 6 such total which are exempt from taxation by this 7 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes 8 9 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from 10 11 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 12 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest 13 net of bond premium amortization;

14 (0) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
15 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
16 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

17 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for 18 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 19 20 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 21 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction 22 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of 23 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts 24 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

(Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
 such total, received by the taxpayer as an

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1 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or 2 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would 3 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal 4 illness;

(R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

7 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution 8 9 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a 10 medical care savings account established under the 11 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care 12 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the 13 contribution is accepted by the account administrator 14 as provided in that Act;

(T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

(U) For one taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance

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Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

2 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after 3 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the 4 5 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed 6 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder 7 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that 8 9 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that 10 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term 11 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of 12 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on 13 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and 14 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to 15 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or 16 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no 17 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health 18 19 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an 20 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The 21 amount of the health insurance and long-term care 22 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be 23 determined by multiplying total health insurance and 24 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer 25 that represents the fractional times a number 26 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section

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213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

3 For taxable years beginning on or after (W) 1998, all amounts included 4 January 1, in the 5 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year 6 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth 7 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 8

9 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an 10 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, 11 to the extent includible in gross income for federal 12 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial 13 14 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 15 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 16 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 17 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 18 19 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 20 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 21 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 22 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 23 not limited to, interest on the proceeds but 24 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a 25 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons 26 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European

insurance companies immediately prior to and during 1 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from 2 3 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from 4 5 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this 6 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the 7 first recipient of such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of persecution for racial or 8 9 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 10 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and 11 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or 12 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion 13 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income 14 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is 15 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

16 For taxable years beginning on or after (Y) 17 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a 18 19 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the 20 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the 21 22 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys 23 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable 24 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum 25 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a 26 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the

State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid 1 2 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from 3 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys 4 5 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes 6 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an 7 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as 8 9 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt 10 from the provisions of Section 250;

(Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

17 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the 18 19 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 20 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 21 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 22 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not 23 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by

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0.429); and

(3) for taxable years ending after December31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

9 (ii) for property on which a bonus 10 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted 11 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 12 1.0.

deducted this 13 amount under The aggregate 14 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 15 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 16 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 17 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 18 19 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 20

(AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
or otherwise disposes of property for which the
taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
an amount equal to that addition modification.

26 If the taxpayer continues to own property through

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the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

7 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction 8 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any 9 one piece of property.

10This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the11provisions of Section 250;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
other than salary, received by a driver in a
ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

15 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 16 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 17 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 18 19 modification with respect to such transaction under 20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 21 22 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any 23 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 24 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 25 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer 26 that is required to make an addition modification with 1 respect such transaction under Section to 2 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 3 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification. This subparagraph 4 (CC) is 5 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of 7 the deductions allocable thereto) with 8 respect to 9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but 11 for the fact that the foreign person's business 12 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of 13 that person's total business activity and (ii) for 14 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to 15 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 16 business group but for the fact that the person is 17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or 18 19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 20 income under different subsections of Section 304, but 21 not to exceed the addition modification required to be 22 made for the same taxable year under Section 23 203(a)(2)(D-17)for interest paid, accrued, or 24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. 25 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 26

1 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible 2 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 3 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but 5 for the fact that the foreign person's business 6 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of 7 that person's total business activity and (ii) for 8 9 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to 10 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 11 business group but for the fact that the person is 12 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 13 included in the unitary business group because he or 14 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 15 income under different subsections of Section 304, but 16 not to exceed the addition modification required to be 17 for the same made taxable year under Section 18 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs 19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 20 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is 21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the

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provisions of Section 250;

2 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December 3 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to add back any insurance premiums under 4 Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 5 that part of a reimbursement received from the 6 7 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 8 9 company) that would have been taken into account as a 10 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 11 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer 12 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph 13 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must 14 add back to income the amount subtracted by the 15 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This 16 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of 17 Section 250; and

(HH) For taxable years beginning on or after 18 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2023, a maximum 19 20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State 21 22 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross 23 under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or income Section 24 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not 25 considered moneys contributed this be under 26 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph

(HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of 1 an employee, or matching contributions made by an 2 3 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee; 4 and 🕂 5 (II) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax 6 year contributed to a small business asset purchase 7 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned 8 9 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small 10 business asset purchase account" means an account 11 established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are 12 used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed 13 14 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

15 (b) Corporations.

16 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
17 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
18 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

19 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
 20 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
 21 of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
received from regulated investment companies during
the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross

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income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

6 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company, 7 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the 8 9 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as 10 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the 11 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under 12 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code, 13 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing 14 15 law and is not a new enactment);

16 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction 17 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net 18 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year 19 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

20 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating 21 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year 22 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of 23 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) 24 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection 25 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other 26 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded

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subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:

(i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph
 (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
 costs that the corporation deducted in computing

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adjusted gross income and for which the corporation claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

(E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 9 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 10 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 11 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then 12 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 13 deductions taken in all taxable years under 14 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 16 the last day of the last tax year for which the 17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 19 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 20 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount 21 equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for

interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 1 2 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the 4 5 fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 6 7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 8 9 who would be a member of the same unitary business 10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 13 required to apportion business income under different 14 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 15 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 16 extent that dividends were included in base income of 17 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 18 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 19 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 21 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of 24 same person to whom the interest was paid, the 25 accrued, or incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

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1 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 6 with respect to such interest; or

7 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 11 following:

(a) the person, during the same taxable
year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
to a person that is not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 17 person did not have as a principal purpose the 18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 21 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
and terms and the principal purpose for the

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payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
to the application or use of an alternative method
of apportionment under Section 304(f).

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 11 Director from making any other adjustment 12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act 13 for any tax year beginning after the effective 14 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is 15 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the 16 Department and such regulations provide methods 17 and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 18

19 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 20 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 21 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 22 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 23 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 24 foreign person who would be a member of the same 25 unitary business group but for the fact that the 26 foreign person's business activity outside the United

1 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 2 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that 4 5 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 6 from being included in the unitary business group 7 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 8 9 304. The addition modification required by this 10 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 11 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 12 group for the same taxable year and received by the 13 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 14 business group (including amounts included in gross 15 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 16 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 17 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 18 19 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 20 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 21 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 22 dividends caused a reduction to the addition 23 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of 24 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 25 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 26 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or

indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 1 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 2 3 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 4 5 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 6 7 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 8 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 9 10 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 11 similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
is subject in a foreign country or state, other
than a state which requires mandatory unitary
reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
with respect to such item; or

20 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 22 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 23 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 24 following:

(a) the person during the same taxable
year paid, accrued, or incurred, the

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intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

10 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if 13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 14 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 15 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 16 writing to the application or use of an 17 alternative method of apportionment under Section 18 304(f);

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 20 making Director from any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act 21 22 for any tax year beginning after the effective 23 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is 24 pursuant to regulation adopted by the made 25 Department and such regulations provide methods 26 and standards by which the Department will utilize

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its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

2 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 4 5 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary 7 business group but for the fact that the person is 8 9 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 10 included in the unitary business group because he or 11 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 12 income under different subsections of Section 304. The 13 addition modification required by this subparagraph 14 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 15 included in base income of the unitary group for the 16 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 18 (including amounts included in gross income under 19 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 20 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 21 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the 22 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs 23 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, were or 24 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the 25 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to 26 the addition modification required under Section

1 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this 2 Act;

3 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
4 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
5 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
6 to a real estate investment trust under Section
7 857 (b) (2) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
8 dividends paid;

9 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 10 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 11 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 12 Act;

13 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after 14 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction 15 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code 16 for the taxable year;

17 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December 18 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed 19 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue 20 Code for the taxable year; -

21 <u>(E-19) An amount withdrawn from a small business</u> 22 <u>asset purchase account that is not used for purchases</u> 23 <u>of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of</u> 24 <u>the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year</u> 25 <u>in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is</u> 26 <u>used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are</u>

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<u>subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under</u> <u>Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;</u> and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to any amount included in such total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

10 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company, 11 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest 12 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section 13 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders 14 for the taxable year;

15 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 16 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of 17 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 18 $171(a)(2)_{\tau}$ and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as 19 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal 20 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to 21 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 22 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for 23 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 24 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 25 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus, 26 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,

1 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)2 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years 3 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income under Section 87 of the 4 5 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of 6 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under 7 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in the case of a life insurance company with gross income 8 9 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or 10 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in 11 the case of a life insurance company allowed a 12 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax 13 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt 14 from the provisions of Section 250;

(J) An amount equal to all amounts included in 15 16 such total which are exempt from taxation by this 17 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution 18 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes 19 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 20 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 21 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 22 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest 23 net of bond premium amortization;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
 such total which were paid by a corporation which
 conducts business operations in a River Edge

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Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in 7 such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated 8 9 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated 10 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 11 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 12 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection 13 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 14 this subparagraph (L);

15 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial 16 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 17 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 18 19 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 20 property which is eligible for the River Edge 21 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the 22 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property 23 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the 24 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or 25 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be 26 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)

1 investment credit property which secures the loan or 2 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of 3 such property on the date that it was placed in service in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction 4 5 modification available to the taxpayer in any year 6 under this subsection shall be that portion of the 7 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible property as 8 9 calculated under the previous sentence. This 10 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of 11 Section 250;

12 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial 13 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 14 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 15 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 16 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 17 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion 18 19 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible 20 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the 21 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or 22 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be 23 into the basis of the Section divided 201(h) 24 investment credit property which secures the loan or 25 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of 26 such property on the date that it was placed in service

in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or 1 2 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is 3 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be 4 5 eligible for the deduction provided under this (M-1). The subtraction modification 6 subparagraph 7 available to taxpayers in any year under this 8 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest 9 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan 10 attributable to the eligible property as calculated 11 under the previous sentence;

12 (N) Two times any contribution made during the 13 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the 14 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a 15 charitable contribution under subsection (C) of 16 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) 17 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity 18 19 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act 20 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment 21 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the 22 provisions of Section 250;

(0) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986

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for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of 1 the amount by which dividends included in taxable 2 3 income and received from a corporation that is not created or organized under the laws of the United 4 5 States or any state or political subdivision thereof, 6 including, for taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 8 9 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the 10 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph 11 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is 12 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends 13 14 received from a captive real estate investment trust; 15 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends, 16 included in taxable income and received, including, 17 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or 18 19 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the 20 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years 21 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends 22 received from a captive real estate investment trust, 23 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that 24 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of 25 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the 26 affiliated group which includes the dividend

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recipient, exceed the amount of the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

9 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 10 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 11 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 12 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 13 the Internal Revenue Code;

(R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an 14 15 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer 16 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under 17 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the 18 19 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or 20 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that 21 22 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the 23 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal 24 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of 25 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 26

1 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December 2 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an 3 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax 4 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and 5 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts 6 7 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal 8 9 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the 10 provisions of Section 250;

(T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

17 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the 18 19 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 20 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 21 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 22 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not 23 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by

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0.429); and

(3) for taxable years ending after December31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

9 (ii) for property on which a bonus 10 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted 11 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 12 1.0.

deducted this 13 amount under The aggregate 14 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 15 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 16 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 17 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 18 19 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 20

(U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
was required in any taxable year to make an addition
modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
equal to that addition modification.

26 If the taxpayer continues to own property through

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the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

7 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction 8 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any 9 one piece of property.

10This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the11provisions of Section 250;

12 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of 13 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 14 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction 15 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 16 modification with respect to such transaction under 17 203(a)(2)(D-17), Section 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 18 19 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any 20 income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 21 22 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer 23 that is required to make an addition modification with 24 to such transaction under Section respect 25 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 26 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such

addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium 1 2 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken 3 into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make 4 5 addition modification with respect to such an 6 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section 7 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that 8 9 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt 10 from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken 12 into account for the taxable year (net of the 13 allocable deductions thereto) with respect to 14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but 16 for the fact that the foreign person's business 17 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for 18 19 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to 20 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 21 business group but for the fact that the person is 22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 23 included in the unitary business group because he or 24 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 25 income under different subsections of Section 304, but 26 not to exceed the addition modification required to be

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made for the same taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible 7 property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 8 9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but 10 11 for the fact that the foreign person's business 12 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of 13 that person's total business activity and (ii) for 14 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to 15 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 16 business group but for the fact that the person is 17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 18 included in the unitary business group because he or 19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 20 income under different subsections of Section 304, but 21 not to exceed the addition modification required to be 22 for the same taxable year under Section made 23 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs 24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 25 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is 26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

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(Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 1 2 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 3 back any insurance premiums under Section add 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 4 that part of a reimbursement received from the 5 6 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense 7 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance company) that would have been taken into account as a 8 9 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 10 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer 11 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph 12 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must 13 add back to income the amount subtracted by the 14 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This 15 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of 16 Section 250; and

17 The difference between the nondeductible (Z) controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section 18 19 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the 20 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue 21 22 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss 23 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the 24 provisions of Section 250; and -

25(AA) For taxable years beginning on or after26January 1, 2022, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax

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1 year contributed to a small business asset purchase account during the tax year, plus all interest earned 2 3 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small business asset purchase account" means an account 4 5 established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are 6 used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois 7 for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code. 8

9 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A), 10 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, 11 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and 12 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years 13 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all 14 15 amounts included in life insurance gross income under 16 Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

17 (c) Trusts and estates.

18 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
19 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
20 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
(1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
following amounts:

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(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued

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to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
trust which, under its governing instrument, is
required to distribute all of its income currently,
\$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
the computation of taxable income;

10 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by 11 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in 12 the computation of taxable income for the taxable 13 year;

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
ending prior to December 31, 1986;

18 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating 19 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year 20 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of 21 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) 22 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection 23 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other 24 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded 25 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with 26 the following limitations applied in the order that

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they are listed:

(i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph
(E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

10 (ii) the addition modification relating to the 11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 13 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of 14 such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601

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1 of this Act;

(G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

6 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 7 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation 8 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing 9 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or 10 estate claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 11 201;

12 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 13 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 14 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 15 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of 16 the Internal Revenue Code; and

17 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the 18 19 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 20 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then 21 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 22 deductions taken in all taxable years under 23 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 8 9 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 11 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 12 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 13 member of the same unitary business group but for the 14 fact that the foreign person's business activity 15 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 18 19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 22 required to apportion business income under different 23 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 24 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 25 extent that dividends were included in base income of 26 the unitary group for the same taxable year and

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received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 1 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 2 3 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 4 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 5 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of 6 the same person to whom the interest was paid, 7 accrued, or incurred. 8

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 12 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 13 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 14 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 15 with respect to such interest; or

16 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 18 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 19 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 20 following:

(a) the person, during the same taxable
year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the
interest expense between the taxpayer and the
person did not have as a principal purpose the

1avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid2pursuant to a contract or agreement that3reflects an arm's-length interest rate and4terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 20 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act 21 22 for any tax year beginning after the effective 23 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is 24 pursuant to regulation adopted by the made 25 Department and such regulations provide methods 26 and standards by which the Department will utilize

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its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

2 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 3 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 4 5 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 6 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same 7 unitary business group but for the fact that the 8 9 foreign person's business activity outside the United 10 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 11 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 12 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 13 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 14 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 15 from being included in the unitary business group 16 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 17 business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this 18 19 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 20 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 21 group for the same taxable year and received by the 22 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 23 business group (including amounts included in gross 24 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 25 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 26

with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 1 2 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 3 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 4 5 dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of 6 7 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 8 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)9 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the 10 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or 11 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other 12 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses 13 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring 14 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, 15 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing 16 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For 17 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, 18 19 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, 20 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets. 21 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
is subject in a foreign country or state, other
than a state which requires mandatory unitary

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reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

8 (a) the person during the same taxable 9 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 10 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 11 not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 13 intangible expense or cost between the 14 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 15 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 16 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 17 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 18 or

19 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if 22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 23 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 24 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 25 writing to the application or use of an 26 alternative method of apportionment under Section

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304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

11 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after 12 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 13 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 14 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 16 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 17 business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from 18 being 19 included in the unitary business group because he or 20 she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The 21 22 addition modification required by this subparagraph 23 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 24 included in base income of the unitary group for the 25 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 26 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group

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1 (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 2 3 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the 4 5 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs 6 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or 7 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to 8 the addition modification required under Section 9 10 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this 11 Act;

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12 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 13 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 14 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 15 Act;

16 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after 17 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction 18 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code 19 for the taxable year;

20 <u>(G-17) An amount withdrawn from a small business</u> 21 <u>asset purchase account that is not used for purchases</u> 22 <u>of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of</u> 23 <u>the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year</u> 24 <u>in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is</u> 25 <u>used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are</u> 26 <u>subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under</u>

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<u>Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;</u> and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

(H) An amount equal to all amounts included in 4 5 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 6 7 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total distributions under the provisions of 8 as any 9 retirement or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to 10 11 retired partners, which payments are excluded in 12 computing net earnings from self employment by Section 13 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations 14 adopted pursuant thereto;

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(I) The valuation limitation amount;

(J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

19 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in 20 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 21 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from 22 taxation by this State either by reason of its 23 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the 24 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United 25 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of 26 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or

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other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

(L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 4 5 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of 6 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 7 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 8 9 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the 10 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 11 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 12 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the 171(a)(2), Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years 13 14 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 15 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for 16 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, 17 any amount included in gross income under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 18 19 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 20 250;

21 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 22 such total which were paid by a corporation which 23 business operations conducts in а River Edge 24 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 25 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 26 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment

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Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

6 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in 7 such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated 8 9 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated 10 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 11 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 12 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 13 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 14 this subparagraph (0);

(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code;

20 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an 21 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, 22 to the extent includible in gross income for federal 23 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of 24 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial 25 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 26 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of

income, to the extent includible in gross income for 1 2 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 3 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 4 5 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 6 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 7 during, and immediately after World War II, including, limited to, interest on the proceeds 8 but not 9 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a 10 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons 11 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European 12 insurance companies immediately prior to and during 13 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from 14 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets 15 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from 16 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this 17 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of such assets after their recovery 18 19 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or 20 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 21 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and 22 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or 23 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion 24 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income 25 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is 26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

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1 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 2 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 3 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 4 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 5 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 6 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

7 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 8 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 9 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 10 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 11 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 12 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not 13 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

14 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
15 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
16 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
17 0.429); and

18 (3) for taxable years ending after December19 31, 2005:

20 (i) for property on which a bonus 21 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted 22 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 23 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied 24 by 0.429); and

(ii) for property on which a bonusdepreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted

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basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

3 The amount deducted under this aggregate subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 4 5 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 6 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 7 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 8 9 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of 10 Section 250:

(S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

16 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 17 the last day of the last tax year for which the 18 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 19 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 20 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 21 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount 22 equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the

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provisions of Section 250;

2 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 3 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction 4 5 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 6 modification with respect to such transaction under 7 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 8 9 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 10 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 11 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 12 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer 13 that is required to make an addition modification with 14 such transaction under Section respect to 15 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 16 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 17 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

19 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken 20 into account for the taxable year (net of the with 21 deductions allocable thereto) respect to 22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but 24 for the fact the foreign person's business activity 25 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 1 2 who would be a member of the same unitary business 3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 4 5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 6 required to apportion business income under different 7 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same 8 9 taxable under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for vear 10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 11 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U) 12 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

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13 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible 14 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 15 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 16 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business 18 19 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of 20 that person's total business activity and (ii) for 21 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to 22 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 23 business group but for the fact that the person is 24 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 25 included in the unitary business group because he or 26 she is ordinarily required to apportion business

income under different subsections of Section 304, but 1 2 not to exceed the addition modification required to be 3 made for the same taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs 4 5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 6 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is 7 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to 9 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the 10 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code 11 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the 12 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation 13 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt 14 from Section 250;

(X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 21 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 22 add back any insurance premiums under Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 23 24 that part of a reimbursement received from the 25 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense 26 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance

company) that would have been taken into account as a 1 2 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 3 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes the election provided for by this subparagraph 4 5 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back to income the amount subtracted by the 6 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This 7 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of 8 9 Section 250; and

10 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
11 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
12 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
13 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code; and -

(AA) For taxable years beginning on or after 15 16 January 1, 2022, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax 17 year contributed to a small business asset purchase 18 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned 19 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small 20 business asset purchase account" means an account established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are 21 22 used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois 23 for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed 24 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

25 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
 26 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under

regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by any amounts included therein which were properly paid, credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

6 (d) Partnerships.

7 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
8 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
9 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

10 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
 11 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
 12 of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
in the computation of taxable income;

17 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
18 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
19 the taxable year;

20 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the 21 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the 22 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable 23 income;

24 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 25 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue

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Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

3 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 4 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 5 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 6 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of 7 the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 9 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 10 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 11 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then 12 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 13 deductions taken all taxable in years under 14 subparagraph (0) with respect to that property.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 16 the last day of the last tax year for which the 17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 19 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 20 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount 21 equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for

interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 1 2 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the 4 5 fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 6 7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 8 9 who would be a member of the same unitary business 10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 13 required to apportion business income under different 14 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 15 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 16 extent that dividends were included in base income of 17 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 18 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 19 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 21 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of 24 same person to whom the interest was paid, the 25 accrued, or incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

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1 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 6 with respect to such interest; or

7 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 11 following:

(a) the person, during the same taxable
year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
to a person that is not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 17 person did not have as a principal purpose the 18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 21 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
and terms and the principal purpose for the

payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
to the application or use of an alternative method
of apportionment under Section 304(f).

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 11 Director from making any other adjustment 12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act 13 for any tax year beginning after the effective 14 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is 15 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the 16 Department and such regulations provide methods 17 and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and 18

19 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 20 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 21 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 22 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 23 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 24 foreign person who would be a member of the same 25 unitary business group but for the fact that the 26 foreign person's business activity outside the United

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1 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 2 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that 4 5 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 6 from being included in the unitary business group 7 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 8 9 304. The addition modification required by this 10 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 11 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 12 group for the same taxable year and received by the 13 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 14 business group (including amounts included in gross 15 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 16 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 17 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 18 19 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 20 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding 21 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 22 dividends caused a reduction to the addition 23 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of 24 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 25 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 26 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or

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indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 1 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 2 3 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 4 5 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 6 7 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 8 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 9 10 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 11 similar types of intangible assets;

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
is subject in a foreign country or state, other
than a state which requires mandatory unitary
reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
with respect to such item; or

20 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 22 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 23 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 24 following:

(a) the person during the same taxable
year paid, accrued, or incurred, the

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intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

10 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if 13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 14 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 15 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 16 writing to the application or use of an 17 alternative method of apportionment under Section 18 304(f);

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 20 making Director from any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act 21 22 for any tax year beginning after the effective 23 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is 24 pursuant to regulation adopted by the made 25 Department and such regulations provide methods 26 and standards by which the Department will utilize

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its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

2 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after 3 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 4 5 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary 7 business group but for the fact that the person is 8 9 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 10 included in the unitary business group because he or 11 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 12 income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph 13 14 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 15 included in base income of the unitary group for the 16 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 18 (including amounts included in gross income under 19 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 20 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 21 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the 22 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs 23 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, were or 24 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the 25 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to 26 the addition modification required under Section

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203(d)(2)(D-7) or Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act; 1 2 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 3 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 4 5 Act: 6 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction 7 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code 8 9 for the taxable year; 10 (D-12) An amount withdrawn from a small business 11 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases 12 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of 13 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year 14 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are 15 16 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under 17 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act; and by deducting from the total so obtained the following 18 19 amounts:

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(E) The valuation limitation amount;

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
(C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this

State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

8 (H) Any income of the partnership which 9 constitutes personal service income as defined in 10 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in 11 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance 12 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered 13 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater; 14 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of 15 Section 250;

16 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income 17 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal 18 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by 19 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act 20 including amounts distributable to organizations 21 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 22 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph 23 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections

171(a)(2) $_{ au}$ and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 1 2 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 3 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 4 5 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the 6 7 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 8 9 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for 10 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, 11 any amount included in gross income under Section 87 12 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 13 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 14

15 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 16 such total which were paid by a corporation which 17 business operations conducts in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 18 19 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 20 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment 21 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from 22 the provisions of Section 250;

(L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Real
Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;
(M) An amount equal to those dividends included in

such total that were paid by a corporation that 1 2 conducts business operations in a federally designated 3 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 4 5 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 6 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 7 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 8 this subparagraph (M);

9 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 10 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 11 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 12 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 13 the Internal Revenue Code;

(0) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
including the bonus depreciation deduction;

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(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

5 (3) for taxable years ending after December 6 31,2005:

7 (i) for property on which a bonus 8 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted 9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 10 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied 11 by 0.429); and

12 (ii) for property on which a bonus 13 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted 14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 15 1.0.

16 The aggregate amount deducted under this 17 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 18 19 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 20 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 21 22 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of 23 Section 250:

(P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
was required in any taxable year to make an addition

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modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

10The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction11under this subparagraph only once with respect to any12one piece of property.

13This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the14provisions of Section 250;

15 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 16 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 17 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 18 19 modification with respect to such transaction under 20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 21 22 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 23 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 24 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 25 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer 26 that is required to make an addition modification with

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respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt from Section 250;

6 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken 7 into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with 8 respect to 9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but 11 for the fact that the foreign person's business 12 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of 13 that person's total business activity and (ii) for 14 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to 15 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 16 business group but for the fact that the person is 17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or 18 19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 20 income under different subsections of Section 304, but 21 not to exceed the addition modification required to be 22 made for the same taxable year under Section 23 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or 24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. 25 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250; 26 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible

1 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 2 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 3 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but 4 5 for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of 6 7 that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to 8 9 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 10 business group but for the fact that the person is 11 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 12 included in the unitary business group because he or 13 is ordinarily required to apportion business she 14 income under different subsections of Section 304, but 15 not to exceed the addition modification required to be 16 made for the same taxable year under Section 17 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the 18 19 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from 20 Section 250; and

(T) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to add back any insurance premiums under Section 24 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 25 that part of a reimbursement received from the 26 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense

1 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance company) that would have been taken into account as a 2 3 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer 4 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph 5 6 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must 7 add back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This 8 9 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of 10 Section 250; and -

11 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after 12 January 1, 2022, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax 13 year contributed to a small business asset purchase 14 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned 15 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small 16 business asset purchase account" means an account 17 established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are 18 used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois 19 for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed 20 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

21 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

(1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
(2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall

mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or 1 2 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax 3 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than 4 5 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after 6 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from 7 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable 8 9 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess 10 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications 11 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to 12 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount 13 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as 14 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income 16 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), 17 is less than zero and trust, or estate addition modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph 18 19 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or 20 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for 21 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an 22 addition modification made must be under those 23 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the 24 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is 25 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or 26 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
 Internal Revenue Code.

(2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

6 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case 7 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life 8 9 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of distribution 10 from pre-1984 policyholder surplus 11 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the 12 Internal Revenue Code;

(B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
insurance company taxable income;

17 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
18 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
19 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 investment company taxable income;

(D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
real estate investment trust taxable income;

(E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group

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of corporations filing a consolidated income 1 tax 2 return for the taxable year for federal income tax 3 purposes, taxable income determined as if such corporation had filed a separate return for federal 4 5 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each 6 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an 7 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph, 8 taxpayer's separate taxable income the shall be 9 determined as if the election provided by Section 10 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in 11 effect for all such years;

12 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative 13 corporation or association, the taxable income of such 14 organization determined in accordance with the 15 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the 16 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the 17 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage income 18 activities against from nonpatronage 19 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or 20 association may make an election to follow its federal 21 income tax treatment of patronage losses and 22 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is 23 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over 24 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section 25 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment 26 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois

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income tax return filed for the taxable year in which 1 2 losses are incurred. The election shall be the 3 effective for all taxable years with original returns due on or after the date of the election. In addition, 4 5 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns, allowed under this Act, to provide that the 6 as 7 election shall be effective for losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to 8 9 the date of the election. Once made, the election may 10 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The 11 Department shall adopt rules setting forth 12 requirements for documenting the elections and any 13 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be 14 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke 15 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of 16 existing law;

17 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in 18 19 effect an election for the taxable year under Section 20 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such corporation determined in accordance with 21 22 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except 23 that taxable income shall take into account those 24 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the 25 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and 26 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such corporation determined in accordance with the federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

8 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership, 9 taxable income determined in accordance with Section 10 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable 11 income shall take into account those items which are 12 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated 13 but which would be taken into account by an individual 14 in calculating his taxable income.

15 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of 16 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or 17 business has been classified as business income and in a 18 19 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later 20 21 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years 22 related to that asset or business that generated the 23 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as 24 business income in the year of the disposition of the 25 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to 26 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding taxable years.

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(f) Valuation limitation amount.

7 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
8 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
9 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

10 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation 11 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable 12 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the 13 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of 14 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; 15 plus

16 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of 17 18 capital gain) for all property in respect of which 19 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes 20 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for 21 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount 22 of such gain included in the amount determined under 23 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

24 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

25 (A) If the fair market value of property referred

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to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on 1 2 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation 3 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's 4 5 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in 6 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized 7 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in 8 9 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of 10 such property.

11 (B) If the fair market value of property referred 12 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on 13 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation 14 amount for such property is that amount which bears 15 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of 16 the property for federal income tax purposes for the 17 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the 18 19 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of 20 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding 21 period for the property.

(C) The Department shall prescribe such
 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
 purposes of this paragraph.

25 (g) Double

Double deductions. Unless specifically provided

otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
 to be deducted more than once.

3 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by 4 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on 5 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or 6 7 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, or in the amount of such items entering into the 8 9 computation of base income and net income under this Act for 10 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of 11 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

12 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 100-905, eff. 8-17-18;
13 101-9, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; revised 9-20-19.)

Section 10. The Uniform Penalty and Interest Act is amended by adding Section 3-3.5 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 735/3-3.5 new)

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Sec. 3-3.5. Penalty for improper use of proceeds of Small Business Asset Purchase Account. A penalty of 10% of the amount withdrawn from a small business asset purchase account, as defined in Section 203 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, during a tax year that is used for purchases of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code is not claimed for the tax year in which the amount is 1 withdrawn, or purchases of property for which the deduction 2 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code is claimed that 3 is not used predominantly in Illinois.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
becoming law.