

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB5840

Introduced 11/16/2022, by Rep. Sonya M. Harper, Kambium Buckner, Dagmara Avelar, Kelly M. Cassidy, Marcus C. Evans, Jr., et al.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

205 ILCS 510/2 815 ILCS 123/15-1-5 815 ILCS 123/15-1-10 815 ILCS 123/15-5-10 815 ILCS 123/15-10-5 from Ch. 17, par. 4652

Amends the Pawnbroker Regulation Act. Clarifies that it shall be unlawful for any pawnbroker to charge or collect a greater benefit or percentage upon money advanced, and for the use and forbearance thereof, than permitted under the Predatory Loan Prevention Act. Amends the Predatory Loan Prevention Act. Provides that the definition of "loan" includes transactions subject to the Pawnbroker Regulation Act. Provides that it is a violation of the Act for any person or entity to solicit, broker, or otherwise engage in any other activity intended to facilitate or result in, or that in fact facilitates or results in, the origination of a loan that violates the Act. Provides that it is a violation of the Act for any person or entity to advertise or cause to be advertised a loan that violates the Act. Provides that a violation of the Act by a person or entity licensed under the Pawnbroker Regulation Act shall subject the person or entity to discipline in accordance with that Act. Makes other changes. Effective June 1, 2023.

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1 AN ACT concerning business.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Pawnbroker Regulation Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:
- 6 (205 ILCS 510/2) (from Ch. 17, par. 4652)
- 7 Sec. 2. Pursuant to Section 15-10-30 of the Predatory Loan 8 Prevention Act, it It shall be unlawful for any pawnbroker to 9 charge or collect a greater benefit or percentage upon money advanced, and for the use and forbearance thereof, than 10 permitted under Section 15-5-5 of the Predatory Loan 11 Prevention Act than the rate of 3% per month. Nothing in this 12 13 Section shall be construed so as to conflict with the law 14 pertaining to usury and the person receiving money so advanced 15 may hold such moneys to pay any fees in addition to interest as 16 herein provided.
 - Each pawnbroker, when making a loan under this Section, must disclose in printed form on the pawn contract the following information to the persons receiving the loan:
 - (1) the amount of money advanced, which must be designated as the amount financed;
- 22 (2) the maturity date of the pawn, which must be at 23 least 30 days after the date of the pawn;

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- (3) the total pawn interest and service charge payable on the maturity date, which must be designated as the finance charge;
 - (4) the total of payments that must be paid to redeem the pledged goods on the maturity date, which must be designated as the total of payments; and
 - (5) the annual percentage rate, computed according to the regulations adopted by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System under the Federal Truth in Lending Act.

The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly shall be construed as being declaratory of existing law and not as a new enactment. The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly apply to actions commenced or pending on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly Each pawnbroker may contract for and receive a monthly finance charge including interest and fees not to exceed one fifth of the loan amount, as set forth herein, for appraising, investigating title, storing and insuring the collateral, closing the loan, making daily reports to local law enforcement officers including enhanced reporting, complying with computerized requirements, and for other expenses and losses of every nature whatsoever and for all other services. Such fees, when made and collected, shall not be deemed interest for

- 1 purpose of law.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 90-477, eff. 7-1-98.)
- 3 Section 10. The Predatory Loan Prevention Act is amended
- 4 by changing Sections 15-1-5, 15-1-10, 15-5-10, and 15-10-5 as
- 5 follows:

- 6 (815 ILCS 123/15-1-5)
- 7 Sec. 15-1-5. Purpose and construction. Illinois families 8 pay over \$500,000,000 per year in consumer installment, 9 payday, and title loan fees. As reported by the Department in 10 2020, nearly half of Illinois payday loan borrowers earn less 11 than \$30,000 per year, and the average annual percentage rate of a payday loan is 297%. The purpose of this Act is to protect 12 consumers from all types of predatory loans, including, but 13 14 not limited to, the types of loans covered under consistent 15 with federal law and the federal Military Lending Act, which protects active duty members of the military and their 16 dependents. This Act shall be construed as a consumer 17 protection law for all purposes. The changes made to this 18 Section by this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly 19 20 shall be construed as being declaratory of existing law and 21 not as a new enactment. The changes made to this Section by 22 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly apply to 23 actions commenced or pending on or after the effective date of

this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. This Act

- shall be liberally construed to effectuate its purpose.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 101-658, eff. 3-23-21.)
- 3 (815 ILCS 123/15-1-10)
- 4 Sec. 15-1-10. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 5 "Consumer" means any natural person, including consumers
- 6 acting jointly.
- 7 "Department" means the Department of Financial and
- 8 Professional Regulation.
- 9 "Lender" means any person or entity, including any
- 10 affiliate or subsidiary of a lender, that offers or makes a
- loan, buys a whole or partial interest in a loan, arranges a
- loan for a third party, or acts as an agent for a third party
- in making a loan, regardless of whether approval, acceptance,
- or ratification by the third party is necessary to create a
- 15 legal obligation for the third party, and includes any other
- person or entity if the Department determines that the person
- or entity is engaged in a transaction that is in substance a
- 18 disguised loan or a subterfuge for the purpose of avoiding
- 19 this Act.
- "Person" means any natural person.
- 21 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
- 22 Professional Regulation or a person authorized by the
- 23 Secretary.
- "Loan" means money or credit provided to a consumer in
- 25 exchange for the consumer's agreement to a certain set of

- 1 terms, including, but not limited to, any finance charges,
- 2 interest, or other conditions. "Loan" includes closed-end and
- 3 open-end credit, retail installment sales contracts, motor
- 4 vehicle retail installment sales contracts, transactions
- 5 subject to the Pawnbroker Regulation Act, and any transaction
- 6 conducted via any medium whatsoever, including, but not
- 7 limited to, paper, facsimile, Internet, or telephone. "Loan"
- 8 does not include a commercial loan.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 101-658, eff. 3-23-21.)
- 10 (815 ILCS 123/15-5-10)
- 11 Sec. 15-5-10. Violation.
- 12 (a) Any loan made in violation of this Act is null and void
- and no person or entity shall have any right to collect,
- 14 attempt to collect, receive, or retain any principal, fee,
- interest, or charges related to the loan.
- 16 (b) It is a violation of this Act for any person or entity
- 17 to solicit, broker, or otherwise engage in any other activity
- 18 intended to facilitate or result in, or that in fact
- 19 facilitates or results in, the origination of a loan that
- violates Section 15-5-5 of this Act.
- 21 (c) It is a violation of this Act for any person or entity
- 22 to advertise or cause to be advertised a loan that violates
- 23 Section 15-5-5 of this Act.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 101-658, eff. 3-23-21.)

- 1 (815 ILCS 123/15-10-5)
- 2 Sec. 15-10-5. Enforcement and remedies.
- 3 (a) The remedies provided in this Act are cumulative and 4 apply to persons or entities subject to this Act.
 - (b) Any violation of this Act, including the commission of an act prohibited under Article 5, constitutes a violation of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act.
 - (c) Subject to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, the Secretary may hold hearings, make findings of fact, conclusions of law, issue cease and desist orders, have the power to issue fines of up to \$10,000 per violation, and refer the matter to the appropriate law enforcement agency for prosecution under this Act. All proceedings shall be open to the public.
 - (d) The Secretary may issue a cease and desist order to any person or entity, when in the opinion of the Secretary the person or entity is violating or is about to violate any provision of this Act. The cease and desist order permitted by this subsection (d) may be issued prior to a hearing.
 - The Secretary shall serve notice of the action, including, but not limited to, a statement of the reasons for the action, either personally or by certified mail. Service by certified mail shall be deemed completed when the notice is deposited in the U.S. Mail.
- Within 10 days of service of the cease and desist order, the person or entity may request a hearing in writing.

If it is determined that the Secretary had the authority
to issue the cease and desist order, the Secretary may issue
such orders as may be reasonably necessary to correct,
eliminate, or remedy the conduct.

The powers vested in the Secretary by this subsection (d) are additional to any and all other powers and remedies vested in the Secretary by law, and nothing in this subsection (d) shall be construed as requiring that the Secretary shall employ the power conferred in this subsection instead of or as a condition precedent to the exercise of any other power or remedy vested in the Secretary.

- (e) After 10 days' notice by certified mail to the person or entity stating the contemplated action and in general the grounds therefor, the Secretary may fine the person or entity an amount not exceeding \$10,000 per violation if the person or entity has failed to comply with any provision of this Act or any order, decision, finding, rule, regulation, or direction of the Secretary lawfully made in accordance with the authority of this Act. Service by certified mail shall be deemed completed when the notice is deposited in the U.S. Mail.
- (f) A violation of this Act by a person or entity licensed under another Act including, but not limited to, the Pawnbroker Regulation Act, the Consumer Installment Loan Act, the Payday Loan Reform Act, and the Sales Finance Agency Act shall subject the person or entity to discipline in accordance

- 1 with the Act or Acts under which the person or entity is
- 2 licensed.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 101-658, eff. 3-23-21.)
- 4 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect June 1,
- 5 2023.