

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB5776

Introduced 11/16/2022, by Rep. Maurice A. West, II

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

225 ILCS 15/2 225 ILCS 15/4.3 720 ILCS 570/303.05 from Ch. 111, par. 5352

Amends the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act. In provisions concerning written collaborative agreements, deletes a provision prohibiting a prescribing psychologist from prescribing medications to patients who are less than 17 years of age or over 65 years of age. Provides that no prescriptive authority for any Schedule II opioid shall be delegated. Provides that after the collaborating physician files a notice delegating authority to prescribe any nonnarcotic, nonopioid Schedule II through V controlled substances (rather than any nonnarcotic Schedule III through V controlled substances), the licensed clinical psychologist shall be eligible to register for a mid-level practitioner controlled substance license under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Defines "opioid". Makes corresponding changes in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Effective immediately.

LRB102 28323 AMQ 40194 b

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act is amended by changing Sections 2 and 4.3 as follows:
- 6 (225 ILCS 15/2) (from Ch. 111, par. 5352)
- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)
- 8 Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 9 (1) "Department" means the Department of Financial and
 10 Professional Regulation.
- 11 (2) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
 12 Professional Regulation.
 - (3) "Board" means the Clinical Psychologists Licensing and Disciplinary Board appointed by the Secretary.
 - (4) (Blank).

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"Clinical psychology" means 16 the independent 17 evaluation, classification, diagnosis, and treatment of mental, emotional, behavioral or nervous disorders or 18 19 conditions, developmental disabilities, alcoholism and substance abuse, disorders of habit or conduct, and the 20 21 psychological aspects of physical illness. The practice of 22 clinical psychology includes psychoeducational evaluation, therapy, remediation and consultation, the use 23

of psychological and neuropsychological testing, assessment, psychotherapy, psychoanalysis, hypnosis, biofeedback, and behavioral modification when any of these are used for the purpose of preventing or eliminating psychopathology, or for the amelioration of psychological disorders of individuals or groups. "Clinical psychology" does not include the use of hypnosis by unlicensed persons pursuant to Section 3.

- (6) A person represents himself <u>or herself</u> to be a "clinical psychologist" or "psychologist" within the meaning of this Act when he or she holds himself <u>or herself</u> out to the public by any title or description of services incorporating the words "psychological", "psychologic", "psychologist", "psychology", or "clinical psychologist" or under such title or description offers to render or renders clinical psychological services as defined in paragraph (7) of this Section to individuals or the public for remuneration.
- (7) "Clinical psychological services" refers to any services under paragraph (5) of this Section if the words "psychological", "psychologic", "psychologist", "psychology" or "clinical psychologist" are used to describe such services by the person or organization offering to render or rendering them.
- (8) "Collaborating physician" means a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches in

Illinois who generally prescribes medications for the treatment of mental health disease or illness to his or her patients in the normal course of his or her clinical medical practice.

- (9) "Prescribing psychologist" means a licensed, doctoral level psychologist who has undergone specialized training, has passed an examination as determined by rule, and has received a current license granting prescriptive authority under Section 4.2 of this Act that has not been revoked or suspended from the Department.
- (10) "Prescriptive authority" means the authority to prescribe, administer, discontinue, or distribute drugs or medicines.
- (11) "Prescription" means an order for a drug, laboratory test, or any medicines, including controlled substances as defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- (12) "Drugs" has the meaning given to that term in the Pharmacy Practice Act.
- (13) "Medicines" has the meaning given to that term in the Pharmacy Practice Act.
- (14) "Address of record" means the designated address recorded by the Department in the applicant's application file or the licensee's license file maintained by the Department's licensure maintenance unit.
 - (15) "Opioid" means a narcotic drug or substance that

1	is	а	Schedule	ΙI	controlled	substance	under	paragraph	(1)	,

- 2 (2), (3), or (5) of subsection (b) or under subsection (c)
- 3 <u>of Section 206 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.</u>
- 4 This Act shall not apply to persons lawfully carrying on
- 5 their particular profession or business under any valid
- 6 existing regulatory Act of the State.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 98-668, eff. 6-25-14; 99-572, eff. 7-15-16.)
- 8 (225 ILCS 15/4.3)
- 9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)
- 10 Sec. 4.3. Written collaborative agreements.
- 11 (a) A written collaborative agreement is required for all
- 12 prescribing psychologists practicing under a prescribing
- 13 psychologist license issued pursuant to Section 4.2 of this
- 14 Act.
- 15 (b) A written delegation of prescriptive authority by a
- 16 collaborating physician may only include medications for the
- 17 treatment of mental health disease or illness the
- 18 collaborating physician generally provides to his or her
- 19 patients in the normal course of his or her clinical practice
- 20 with the exception of the following:
- 21 (1) (blank); patients who are less than 17 years of
- 22 age or over 65 years of age;
- 23 (2) patients during pregnancy;
- 24 (3) patients with serious medical conditions, such as
- 25 heart disease, cancer, stroke, or seizures, and with

1	developmental	disabilities	and	intellectual	disabilities;
2.	and				

- (4) prescriptive authority for benzodiazepine Schedule III controlled substances; and $\overline{\cdot}$
 - (5) prescriptive authority for any Schedule II opioid.
- (c) The collaborating physician shall file with the Department notice of delegation of prescriptive authority and termination of the delegation, in accordance with rules of the Department. Upon receipt of this notice delegating authority to prescribe any nonnarcotic, nonopioid Schedule II III through V controlled substances, the licensed clinical psychologist shall be eligible to register for a mid-level practitioner controlled substance license under Section 303.05 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- (d) All of the following shall apply to delegation of prescriptive authority:
 - (1) Any delegation of Schedule <u>II</u> III through V controlled substances shall identify the specific controlled substance by brand name or generic name. No controlled substance to be delivered by injection may be delegated. No Schedule II <u>opioid</u> controlled substance shall be delegated.
 - (2) A prescribing psychologist shall not prescribe narcotic drugs, as defined in Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- Any prescribing psychologist who writes a prescription for

- a controlled substance without having valid and appropriate 1
- 2 authority may be fined by the Department not more than \$50 per
- 3 prescription and the Department may take any other
- disciplinary action provided for in this Act. 4
- 5 All prescriptions written by a prescribing psychologist
- must contain the name of the prescribing psychologist and his 6
- or her signature. The prescribing psychologist shall sign his 7
- 8 or her own name.
- 9 (e) The written collaborative agreement shall describe the
- 10 working relationship of the prescribing psychologist with the
- 11 collaborating physician and shall delegate prescriptive
- 12 authority as provided in this Act. Collaboration does not
- require an employment relationship between the collaborating 13
- physician and prescribing psychologist. Absent an employment 14
- 15 relationship, an agreement may not restrict third-party
- 16 payment sources accepted by the prescribing psychologist. For
- the purposes of this Section, "collaboration" means the 17
- relationship between a prescribing psychologist and 18
- 19 collaborating physician with respect to the delivery of
- 20 prescribing services in accordance with (1) the prescribing
- psychologist's training, education, and experience and (2) 21
- 22 collaboration and consultation as documented in a jointly
- 23 developed written collaborative agreement.
- 24 (f) The agreement shall promote the exercise
- 25 professional judgment by the prescribing psychologist
- 26 corresponding to his or her education and experience.

- (g) The collaborative agreement shall not be construed to require the personal presence of a physician at the place where services are rendered. Methods of communication shall be available for consultation with the collaborating physician in person or by telecommunications in accordance with established written guidelines as set forth in the written agreement.
- (h) Collaboration and consultation pursuant to all collaboration agreements shall be adequate if a collaborating physician does each of the following:
 - (1) participates in the joint formulation and joint approval of orders or guidelines with the prescribing psychologist and he or she periodically reviews the prescribing psychologist's orders and the services provided patients under the orders in accordance with accepted standards of medical practice and prescribing psychologist practice;
 - (2) provides collaboration and consultation with the prescribing psychologist in person at least once a month for review of safety and quality clinical care or treatment;
 - (3) is available through telecommunications for consultation on medical problems, complications, emergencies, or patient referral; and
 - (4) reviews medication orders of the prescribing psychologist no less than monthly, including review of laboratory tests and other tests as available.

- 1 (i) The written collaborative agreement shall contain
- 2 provisions detailing notice for termination or change of
- 3 status involving a written collaborative agreement, except
- 4 when the notice is given for just cause.
- 5 (j) A copy of the signed written collaborative agreement
- 6 shall be available to the Department upon request to either
- 7 the prescribing psychologist or the collaborating physician.
- 8 (k) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to limit
- 9 the authority of a prescribing psychologist to perform all
- 10 duties authorized under this Act.
- 11 (1) A prescribing psychologist shall inform each
- 12 collaborating physician of all collaborative agreements he or
- she has signed and provide a copy of these to any collaborating
- 14 physician.
- 15 (m) No collaborating physician shall enter into more than
- 16 3 collaborative agreements with prescribing psychologists.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 101-84, eff. 7-19-19.)
- 18 Section 10. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
- amended by changing Section 303.05 as follows:
- 20 (720 ILCS 570/303.05)
- Sec. 303.05. Mid-level practitioner registration.
- 22 (a) The Department of Financial and Professional
- 23 Regulation shall register licensed physician assistants,
- 24 licensed advanced practice registered nurses, and prescribing

psychologists licensed under Section 4.2 of the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act to prescribe and dispense controlled substances under Section 303 and euthanasia agencies to purchase, store, or administer animal euthanasia drugs under the following circumstances:

(1) with respect to physician assistants,

- (A) the physician assistant has been delegated written authority to prescribe any Schedule III through V controlled substances by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in accordance with Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987; and the physician assistant has completed the appropriate application forms and has paid the required fees as set by rule; or
- (B) the physician assistant has been delegated authority by a collaborating physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches to prescribe or dispense Schedule II controlled substances through a written delegation of authority and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Specific Schedule II controlled substances by oral dosage or topical or transdermal application may be delegated, provided that the delegated Schedule II controlled substances are routinely prescribed by the collaborating physician. This delegation must identify the

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1	specific Schedule II controlled substances by
2	either brand name or generic name. Schedule II
3	controlled substances to be delivered by injection
4	or other route of administration may not be
5	delegated;
6	(ii) any delegation must be of controlled
7	substances prescribed by the collaborating
8	physician;
9	(iii) all prescriptions must be limited to no
10	more than a 30-day supply, with any continuation
11	authorized only after prior approval of the
12	collaborating physician;
13	(iv) the physician assistant must discuss the
14	condition of any patients for whom a controlled
15	substance is prescribed monthly with the
16	delegating physician;
17	(v) the physician assistant must have
18	completed the appropriate application forms and
19	paid the required fees as set by rule;
20	(vi) the physician assistant must provide
21	evidence of satisfactory completion of 45 contact
22	hours in pharmacology from any physician assistant
23	program accredited by the Accreditation Review
24	Commission on Education for the Physician

Assistant (ARC-PA), or its predecessor agency, for

any new license issued with Schedule II authority

1	after the effective date of this amendatory Act of
2	the 97th General Assembly; and
3	(vii) the physician assistant must annually
4	complete at least 5 hours of continuing education
5	in pharmacology;
6	(2) with respect to advanced practice registered
7	nurses who do not meet the requirements of Section 65-43
8	of the Nurse Practice Act,
9	(A) the advanced practice registered nurse has
10	been delegated authority to prescribe any Schedule III
11	through V controlled substances by a collaborating
12	physician licensed to practice medicine in all its
13	branches or a collaborating podiatric physician in
14	accordance with Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice
15	Act. The advanced practice registered nurse has
16	completed the appropriate application forms and has
17	paid the required fees as set by rule; or
18	(B) the advanced practice registered nurse has
19	been delegated authority by a collaborating physician
20	licensed to practice medicine in all its branches to
21	prescribe or dispense Schedule II controlled
22	substances through a written delegation of authority
23	and under the following conditions:
24	(i) specific Schedule II controlled substances
25	by oral dosage or topical or transdermal

application may be delegated, provided that the

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1	delegated Schedule II controlled substances are
2	routinely prescribed by the collaborating
3	physician. This delegation must identify the
4	specific Schedule II controlled substances by
5	either brand name or generic name. Schedule II
6	controlled substances to be delivered by injection
7	or other route of administration may not be
8	delegated;
9	(ii) any delegation must be of controlled
10	substances prescribed by the collaborating
11	physician;
12	(iii) all prescriptions must be limited to no
13	more than a 30-day supply, with any continuation
14	authorized only after prior approval of the
15	collaborating physician;
16	(iv) the advanced practice registered nurse
17	must discuss the condition of any patients for
18	whom a controlled substance is prescribed monthly
19	with the delegating physician or in the course of
20	review as required by Section 65-40 of the Nurse
21	Practice Act;
22	(v) the advanced practice registered nurse
23	must have completed the appropriate application
24	forms and paid the required fees as set by rule;

(vi) the advanced practice registered nurse

must provide evidence of satisfactory completion

of at least 45 graduate contact hours in pharmacology for any new license issued with Schedule II authority after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly; and

- (vii) the advanced practice registered nurse
 must annually complete 5 hours of continuing
 education in pharmacology;
- (2.5) with respect to advanced practice registered nurses certified as nurse practitioners, nurse midwives, or clinical nurse specialists who do not meet the requirements of Section 65-43 of the Nurse Practice Act practicing in a hospital affiliate,
 - (A) the advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist has been privileged to prescribe any Schedule II through V controlled substances by the hospital affiliate upon the recommendation of the appropriate physician committee of the hospital affiliate in accordance with Section 65-45 of the Nurse Practice Act, has completed the appropriate application forms, and has paid the required fees as set by rule; and
 - (B) an advanced practice registered nurse certified as a nurse practitioner, nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist has been privileged to

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prescribe any Schedule II controlled substances by the hospital affiliate upon the recommendation of the appropriate physician committee of the hospital affiliate, then the following conditions must be met:

- (i) specific Schedule II controlled substances dosage or topical or transdermal application may be designated, provided that the designated Schedule II controlled substances are routinely prescribed by advanced practice registered nurses in their area of certification; the privileging documents must identify the specific Schedule II controlled substances by either brand name or generic name; privileges to prescribe or dispense Schedule II controlled substances to be delivered by injection or other route of administration may not be granted;
- (ii) any privileges must be controlled substances limited to the practice of the advanced practice registered nurse;
- (iii) any prescription must be limited to no
 more than a 30-day supply;
- (iv) the advanced practice registered nurse must discuss the condition of any patients for whom a controlled substance is prescribed monthly with the appropriate physician committee of the hospital affiliate or its physician designee; and

- 1 (v) the advanced practice registered nurse 2 must meet the education requirements of this 3 Section;
 - (3) with respect to animal euthanasia agencies, the euthanasia agency has obtained a license from the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and obtained a registration number from the Department; or
 - (4) with respect to prescribing psychologists, the prescribing psychologist has been delegated authority to prescribe any nonnarcotic, nonopioid Schedule II III through V controlled substances by a collaborating physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in accordance with Section 4.3 of the Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, and the prescribing psychologist has completed the appropriate application forms and has paid the required fees as set by rule.
 - (b) The mid-level practitioner shall only be licensed to prescribe those schedules of controlled substances for which a licensed physician has delegated prescriptive authority, except that an animal euthanasia agency does not have any prescriptive authority. A physician assistant and an advanced practice registered nurse are prohibited from prescribing medications and controlled substances not set forth in the required written delegation of authority or as authorized by their practice Act.
 - (c) Upon completion of all registration requirements,

- 1 physician assistants, advanced practice registered nurses, and
- 2 animal euthanasia agencies may be issued a mid-level
- 3 practitioner controlled substances license for Illinois.
- 4 (d) A collaborating physician may, but is not required to,
- 5 delegate prescriptive authority to an advanced practice
- 6 registered nurse as part of a written collaborative agreement,
- 7 and the delegation of prescriptive authority shall conform to
- 8 the requirements of Section 65-40 of the Nurse Practice Act.
- 9 (e) A collaborating physician may, but is not required to,
- 10 delegate prescriptive authority to a physician assistant as
- part of a written collaborative agreement, and the delegation
- of prescriptive authority shall conform to the requirements of
- 13 Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987.
- 14 (f) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit
- 15 generic substitution.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 99-173, eff. 7-29-15; 100-453, eff. 8-25-17;
- 17 100-513, eff. 1-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)
- 18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 19 becoming law.