



## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

### State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

HB5221

Introduced 1/31/2022, by Rep. Michael Halpin

#### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a deduction for the full amount of union dues paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year if the taxpayer was not allowed a federal deduction under the Internal Revenue Code. Provides that, if any amount of union dues representing federal miscellaneous itemized deductions was allowed as a federal deduction, then the amount allowed as an Illinois deduction shall be a percentage of the union dues disallowed under the Internal Revenue Code. Provides that the deduction is exempt from the Act's automatic sunset provision. Effective immediately.

LRB102 23075 HLH 32231 b

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by  
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base  
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted  
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph  
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred  
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto  
15 the sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued  
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the  
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income  
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except  
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities  
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue  
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1           this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in  
2           the computation of adjusted gross income for the  
3           taxable year;

4           (C) An amount equal to the amount received during  
5           the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real  
6           property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's  
7           principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and  
8           for which a deduction was previously taken under  
9           subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July  
10          1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article  
11          4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or  
12          multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on  
13          the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that  
14          portion of the total taxes for the entire property  
15          which is attributable to such principal residence;

16          (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital  
17          gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue  
18          Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the  
19          computation of adjusted gross income;

20          (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in  
21          adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money  
22          withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a  
23          medical care savings account and the interest earned  
24          on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal  
25          pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the  
26          Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of

1 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of  
2 2000;

3 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,  
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation  
5 costs that the individual deducted in computing  
6 adjusted gross income and for which the individual  
7 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

8 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an  
9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken  
10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the  
11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of  
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,  
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the  
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an  
16 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then  
17 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the  
18 deductions taken in all taxable years under  
19 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through  
21 the last day of the last tax year for which a  
22 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property  
23 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was  
24 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction  
25 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount  
26 equal to that subtraction modification.

1           The taxpayer is required to make the addition  
2           modification under this subparagraph only once with  
3           respect to any one piece of property;

4           (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise  
5           allowed as a deduction in computing base income for  
6           interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
7           indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after  
8           December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a  
9           member of the same unitary business group but for the  
10          fact that foreign person's business activity outside  
11          the United States is 80% or more of the foreign  
12          person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable  
13          years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person  
14          who would be a member of the same unitary business  
15          group but for the fact that the person is prohibited  
16          under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the  
17          unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily  
18          required to apportion business income under different  
19          subsections of Section 304. The addition modification  
20          required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the  
21          extent that dividends were included in base income of  
22          the unitary group for the same taxable year and  
23          received by the taxpayer or by a member of the  
24          taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts  
25          included in gross income under Sections 951 through  
26          964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included

1 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal  
2 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same  
3 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or  
4 incurred.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who  
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other  
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary  
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income  
11 with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if  
14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a  
15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the  
16 following:

17 (a) the person, during the same taxable  
18 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest  
19 to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the  
21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the  
22 person did not have as a principal purpose the  
23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid  
24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that  
25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and  
26 terms; or

1 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on  
2 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest  
3 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract  
4 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates  
5 and terms and the principal purpose for the  
6 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;  
7 or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if  
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing  
11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or  
12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing  
13 to the application or use of an alternative method  
14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the  
16 Director from making any other adjustment  
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act  
18 for any tax year beginning after the effective  
19 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is  
20 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the  
21 Department and such regulations provide methods  
22 and standards by which the Department will utilize  
23 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

24 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible  
25 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in  
26 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable  
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a  
3 foreign person who would be a member of the same  
4 unitary business group but for the fact that the  
5 foreign person's business activity outside the United  
6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business  
7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after  
8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of  
9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that  
10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)  
11 from being included in the unitary business group  
12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion  
13 business income under different subsections of Section  
14 304. The addition modification required by this  
15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that  
16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary  
17 group for the same taxable year and received by the  
18 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary  
19 business group (including amounts included in gross  
20 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal  
21 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income  
22 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with  
23 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the  
24 intangible expenses and costs were directly or  
25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding  
26 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same



1 dividends caused a reduction to the addition  
2 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of  
3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term  
4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,  
5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or  
6 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,  
7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of  
8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or  
9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting  
10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and  
11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other  
12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this  
13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,  
14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service  
15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and  
16 similar types of intangible assets.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs  
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who  
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other  
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary  
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income  
24 with respect to such item; or

25 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost  
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based  
2 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the  
3 following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable  
5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the  
6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is  
7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the  
9 intangible expense or cost between the  
10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a  
11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois  
12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract  
13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;  
14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost  
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if  
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing  
19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;  
20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in  
21 writing to the application or use of an  
22 alternative method of apportionment under Section  
23 304(f);

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the  
25 Director from making any other adjustment  
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act

1           for any tax year beginning after the effective  
2           date of this amendment provided such adjustment is  
3           made pursuant to regulation adopted by the  
4           Department and such regulations provide methods  
5           and standards by which the Department will utilize  
6           its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

7           (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after  
8           December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of  
9           insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed  
10          as a deduction in computing base income, and that were  
11          paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to  
12          a person who would be a member of the same unitary  
13          business group but for the fact that the person is  
14          prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being  
15          included in the unitary business group because he or  
16          she is ordinarily required to apportion business  
17          income under different subsections of Section 304. The  
18          addition modification required by this subparagraph  
19          shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were  
20          included in base income of the unitary group for the  
21          same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a  
22          member of the taxpayer's unitary business group  
23          (including amounts included in gross income under  
24          Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code  
25          and amounts included in gross income under Section 78  
26          of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the

1 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs  
2 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or  
3 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the  
4 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to  
5 the addition modification required under Section  
6 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this  
7 Act;

8 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after  
9 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,  
10 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified  
11 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal  
12 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a  
13 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the  
14 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the  
15 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal  
16 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section  
17 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after  
18 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a  
19 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the  
20 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution  
21 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5  
22 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from  
23 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a  
24 distribution from a qualified tuition program under  
25 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)  
26 adopts and determines that its offering materials

1           comply with the College Savings Plans Network's  
2           disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable  
3           efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence  
4           of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing  
5           Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to  
6           inform financial intermediaries distributing the  
7           program to inform in-state residents of the existence  
8           of in-state qualified tuition programs at least  
9           annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from  
10          gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

11           For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a  
12          qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts  
13          if it makes disclosures (which may use the term  
14          "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not  
15          specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified  
16          programs by name) (i) directly to prospective  
17          participants in its offering materials or makes a  
18          public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)  
19          where applicable, to intermediaries selling the  
20          out-of-state program in the same manner that the  
21          out-of-state program distributes its offering  
22          materials;

23           (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after  
24          January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a  
25          qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the  
26          Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from

1 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of  
2 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount  
3 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c) (1) (B)  
4 of the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after  
6 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from  
7 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the  
8 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the  
9 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to  
10 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base  
11 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

12 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after  
13 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys  
14 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or  
15 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the  
16 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this  
17 State to an ABLE account established under an  
18 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to  
19 the contribution component of the transferred amount  
20 that was previously deducted from base income under  
21 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this  
22 Section;

23 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after  
24 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the  
25 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys  
26 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State  
2 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible  
3 education institution, an amount equal to the  
4 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal  
5 or refund that was previously deducted from base  
6 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,  
7 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result  
8 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For  
9 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:  
10 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or  
11 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State  
12 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition  
13 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code  
14 administered by the State, an amount equal to the  
15 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal  
16 or refund that was previously deducted from base  
17 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and  
18 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund  
19 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of  
20 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State  
21 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an  
22 amount equal to the contribution component of the  
23 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously  
24 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)  
25 of this Section;

26 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,  
2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this  
3 Act;

4 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after  
5 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction  
6 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code  
7 for the taxable year;

8 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal  
9 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed  
10 pursuant to Section 201(p)(7) of this Act;

11 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the  
12 following amounts:

13 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,  
14 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of  
15 any compensation (including but not limited to any  
16 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a  
17 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a  
18 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed  
19 Forces of the United States and in respect of any  
20 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a  
21 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing  
22 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a  
23 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training  
24 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,  
25 United States Code as a member of the Illinois  
26 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending



1 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of  
2 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after  
3 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total  
4 in respect of any compensation (including but not  
5 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a  
6 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in  
7 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member  
8 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United  
9 States and in respect of any compensation paid or  
10 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee  
11 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in  
12 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001  
13 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the  
14 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable  
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the  
16 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of  
17 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions  
18 of Section 250;

19 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in  
20 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections  
21 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and  
22 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such  
23 total as distributions under the provisions of any  
24 retirement or disability plan for employees of any  
25 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to  
26 retired partners, which payments are excluded in

1 computing net earnings from self employment by Section  
2 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations  
3 adopted pursuant thereto;

4 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

5 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax  
6 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer  
7 and included in such total for the taxable year;

8 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in  
9 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111  
10 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items  
11 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the  
12 computation of taxable income;

13 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in  
14 such total which were paid by a corporation which  
15 conducts business operations in a River Edge  
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River  
17 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts  
18 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge  
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is  
20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in  
22 such total that were paid by a corporation that  
23 conducts business operations in a federally designated  
24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated  
25 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided  
26 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

1           subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection  
2           shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under  
3           this subparagraph (K);

4           (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,  
5           1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits  
6           and railroad retirement benefits included in such  
7           total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the  
8           Internal Revenue Code;

9           (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted  
10          under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of  
11          all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections  
12          171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,  
13          and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and  
14          disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the  
15          Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years  
16          ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections  
17          171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the  
18          Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending  
19          on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of  
20          the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years  
21          ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount  
22          included in gross income under Section 87 of the  
23          Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this  
24          subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section  
25          250;

26          (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in

1 such total which are exempt from taxation by this  
2 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution  
3 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes  
4 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any  
5 statute of this State that exempts income derived from  
6 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under  
7 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest  
8 net of bond premium amortization;

9 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a  
10 job training project established pursuant to the Tax  
11 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction  
13 used to compute the federal income tax credit for  
14 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of  
15 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of  
16 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction  
17 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of  
18 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts  
19 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

20 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in  
21 such total, received by the taxpayer as an  
22 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or  
23 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would  
24 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal  
25 illness;

26 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or

1 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

2 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted  
3 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution  
4 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a  
5 medical care savings account established under the  
6 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care  
7 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the  
8 contribution is accepted by the account administrator  
9 as provided in that Act;

10 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted  
11 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned  
12 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account  
13 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act  
14 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on  
15 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added  
16 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

17 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after  
18 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of  
19 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of  
20 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by  
21 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance  
22 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

23 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after  
24 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on  
25 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the  
26 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed

1 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder  
2 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or  
3 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that  
4 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that  
5 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term  
6 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of  
7 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on  
8 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and  
9 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to  
10 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or  
11 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no  
12 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the  
13 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health  
14 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an  
15 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The  
16 amount of the health insurance and long-term care  
17 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be  
18 determined by multiplying total health insurance and  
19 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer  
20 times a number that represents the fractional  
21 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section  
22 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually  
23 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

24 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after  
25 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the  
26 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year

1 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth  
2 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of  
3 Section 250;

4 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an  
5 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,  
6 to the extent includible in gross income for federal  
7 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of  
8 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial  
9 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis  
10 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of  
11 income, to the extent includible in gross income for  
12 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived  
13 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,  
14 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of  
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi  
16 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,  
17 during, and immediately after World War II, including,  
18 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds  
19 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a  
20 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons  
21 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European  
22 insurance companies immediately prior to and during  
23 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from  
24 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets  
25 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from  
26 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this

1 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the  
2 first recipient of such assets after their recovery  
3 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or  
4 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis  
5 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and  
6 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or  
7 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion  
8 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income  
9 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is  
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after  
12 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,  
13 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a  
14 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the  
15 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from  
16 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the  
17 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys  
18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable  
19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum  
20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a  
21 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the  
22 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid  
23 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from  
24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the  
25 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys  
26 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes



1 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an  
2 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching  
3 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as  
4 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt  
5 from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the  
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction  
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return  
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal  
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year  
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation  
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the  
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property  
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was  
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section  
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not  
18 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before  
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30  
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by  
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December  
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus  
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by  
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied  
3 by 0.429);

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus  
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted  
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by  
7 1.0;

8 (iii) for property on which a bonus  
9 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted  
10 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or  
11 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the  
12 depreciation deduction that would be allowed  
13 on that property if the taxpayer had made the  
14 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the  
15 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus  
16 depreciation ~~depreciation~~ on that property; and

17 (iv) for property on which a bonus  
18 depreciation deduction of a percentage other  
19 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis  
20 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after  
21 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied  
22 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation  
23 on the property (that is,  $100(\text{bonus}\%)$ ) and  
24 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the  
25 percentage bonus depreciation on the property  
26 (that is,  $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$ ).

1           The aggregate amount deducted under this  
2           subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of  
3           property may not exceed the amount of the bonus  
4           depreciation deduction taken on that property on the  
5           taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection  
6           (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This  
7           subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of  
8           Section 250;

9           (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,  
10          or otherwise disposes of property for which the  
11          taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an  
12          addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then  
13          an amount equal to that addition modification.

14          If the taxpayer continues to own property through  
15          the last day of the last tax year for which a  
16          subtraction is allowed with respect to that property  
17          under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was  
18          required in any taxable year to make an addition  
19          modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount  
20          equal to that addition modification.

21          The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction  
22          under this subparagraph only once with respect to any  
23          one piece of property.

24          This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the  
25          provisions of Section 250;

26          (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,

1 other than salary, received by a driver in a  
2 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

3 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of  
4 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account  
5 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction  
6 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition  
7 modification with respect to such transaction under  
8 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),  
9 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed  
10 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any  
11 income from intangible property (net of the deductions  
12 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable  
13 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer  
14 that is required to make an addition modification with  
15 respect to such transaction under Section  
16 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or  
17 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that  
18 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is  
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken  
21 into account for the taxable year (net of the  
22 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to  
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a  
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but  
25 for the fact that the foreign person's business  
26 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of

1 that person's total business activity and (ii) for  
2 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to  
3 a person who would be a member of the same unitary  
4 business group but for the fact that the person is  
5 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being  
6 included in the unitary business group because he or  
7 she is ordinarily required to apportion business  
8 income under different subsections of Section 304, but  
9 not to exceed the addition modification required to be  
10 made for the same taxable year under Section  
11 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or  
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.  
13 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions  
14 of Section 250;

15 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible  
16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net  
17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to  
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a  
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but  
20 for the fact that the foreign person's business  
21 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of  
22 that person's total business activity and (ii) for  
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to  
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary  
25 business group but for the fact that the person is  
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or  
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business  
3 income under different subsections of Section 304, but  
4 not to exceed the addition modification required to be  
5 made for the same taxable year under Section  
6 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs  
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to  
8 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is  
9 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the  
11 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of  
12 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court  
13 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State  
14 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the  
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December  
17 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to  
18 add back any insurance premiums under Section  
19 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract  
20 that part of a reimbursement received from the  
21 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense  
22 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance  
23 company) that would have been taken into account as a  
24 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the  
25 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer  
26 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph

1 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must  
2 add back to income the amount subtracted by the  
3 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This  
4 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of  
5 Section 250; ~~and~~

6 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after  
7 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2023, a maximum  
8 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a  
9 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State  
10 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross  
11 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section  
12 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not  
13 be considered moneys contributed under this  
14 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph  
15 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of  
16 an employee, or matching contributions made by an  
17 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;  
18 and -

19 (II) For taxable years beginning on or after  
20 January 1, 2023, the full amount of union dues paid by  
21 the taxpayer during the taxable year if the taxpayer  
22 was not allowed a federal deduction by operation of  
23 Section 67 of the Internal Revenue Code; if any amount  
24 of union dues representing federal miscellaneous  
25 itemized deductions was allowed, then the amount  
26 allowed as a deduction under this subparagraph (II)

1           shall be a percentage of the union dues disallowed by  
2           the operation of Section 67 of the Internal Revenue  
3           Code computed as follows: by multiplying the total  
4           union dues paid by the taxpayer during the taxable  
5           year by a percentage determined by subtracting from  
6           one a fraction where the numerator is the amount of  
7           federal miscellaneous deductions allowed and the  
8           denominator is the aggregate federal miscellaneous  
9           itemized deductions before application of the 2% floor  
10           under Section 67 of the Internal Revenue Code. For the  
11           purposes of this subparagraph (II), union dues are  
12           those amounts that are deductible as union dues and  
13           agency shop fees under Section 162 of the Internal  
14           Revenue Code. This subparagraph (II) is exempt from  
15           the provisions of Section 250.

16           (b) Corporations.

17           (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base  
18           income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable  
19           income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

20           (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in  
21           paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum  
22           of the following amounts:

23           (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued  
24           to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions  
25           received from regulated investment companies during



1 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross  
2 income in the computation of taxable income;

3 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by  
4 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in  
5 the computation of taxable income for the taxable  
6 year;

7 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,  
8 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term  
9 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the  
10 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as  
11 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the  
12 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under  
13 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,  
14 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act  
15 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing  
16 law and is not a new enactment);

17 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction  
18 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net  
19 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year  
20 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

21 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating  
22 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year  
23 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of  
24 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)  
25 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection  
26 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other

1 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded  
2 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable  
3 year, with the following limitations applied in the  
4 order that they are listed:

5 (i) the addition modification relating to the  
6 net operating loss carried back or forward to the  
7 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to  
8 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount  
9 of addition modification under this subparagraph  
10 (E) which related to that net operating loss and  
11 which was taken into account in calculating the  
12 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

13 (ii) the addition modification relating to the  
14 net operating loss carried back or forward to the  
15 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to  
16 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of  
17 such carryback or carryforward;

18 For taxable years in which there is a net  
19 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more  
20 than one other taxable year ending prior to December  
21 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this  
22 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts  
23 computed independently under the preceding provisions  
24 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

25 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,  
26 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation

1 costs that the corporation deducted in computing  
2 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation  
3 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

4 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an  
5 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken  
6 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the  
7 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of  
8 the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,  
10 or otherwise disposes of property for which the  
11 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an  
12 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then  
13 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the  
14 deductions taken in all taxable years under  
15 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

16 If the taxpayer continues to own property through  
17 the last day of the last tax year for which a  
18 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property  
19 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was  
20 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction  
21 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount  
22 equal to that subtraction modification.

23 The taxpayer is required to make the addition  
24 modification under this subparagraph only once with  
25 respect to any one piece of property;

26 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise

1 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for  
2 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
3 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after  
4 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a  
5 member of the same unitary business group but for the  
6 fact the foreign person's business activity outside  
7 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign  
8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable  
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person  
10 who would be a member of the same unitary business  
11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited  
12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the  
13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily  
14 required to apportion business income under different  
15 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification  
16 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the  
17 extent that dividends were included in base income of  
18 the unitary group for the same taxable year and  
19 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the  
20 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts  
21 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951  
22 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts  
23 included in gross income under Section 78 of the  
24 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of  
25 the same person to whom the interest was paid,  
26 accrued, or incurred.

1 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

2 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who  
4 is subject in a foreign country or state, other  
5 than a state which requires mandatory unitary  
6 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income  
7 with respect to such interest; or

8 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if  
10 the taxpayer can establish, based on a  
11 preponderance of the evidence, both of the  
12 following:

13 (a) the person, during the same taxable  
14 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest  
15 to a person that is not a related member, and

16 (b) the transaction giving rise to the  
17 interest expense between the taxpayer and the  
18 person did not have as a principal purpose the  
19 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid  
20 pursuant to a contract or agreement that  
21 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and  
22 terms; or

23 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on  
24 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest  
25 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract  
26 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates

1 and terms and the principal purpose for the  
2 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;  
3 or

4 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if  
6 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing  
7 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or  
8 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing  
9 to the application or use of an alternative method  
10 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

11 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the  
12 Director from making any other adjustment  
13 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act  
14 for any tax year beginning after the effective  
15 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is  
16 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the  
17 Department and such regulations provide methods  
18 and standards by which the Department will utilize  
19 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

20 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible  
21 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in  
22 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or  
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable  
24 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a  
25 foreign person who would be a member of the same  
26 unitary business group but for the fact that the

1 foreign person's business activity outside the United  
2 States is 80% or more of that person's total business  
3 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after  
4 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of  
5 the same unitary business group but for the fact that  
6 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)  
7 from being included in the unitary business group  
8 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion  
9 business income under different subsections of Section  
10 304. The addition modification required by this  
11 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that  
12 dividends were included in base income of the unitary  
13 group for the same taxable year and received by the  
14 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary  
15 business group (including amounts included in gross  
16 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the  
17 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross  
18 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)  
19 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom  
20 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or  
21 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding  
22 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same  
23 dividends caused a reduction to the addition  
24 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of  
25 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term  
26 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,

1 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or  
2 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,  
3 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of  
4 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or  
5 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting  
6 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and  
7 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other  
8 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this  
9 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,  
10 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service  
11 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and  
12 similar types of intangible assets.

13 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

14 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs  
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
16 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who  
17 is subject in a foreign country or state, other  
18 than a state which requires mandatory unitary  
19 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income  
20 with respect to such item; or

21 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost  
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
23 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based  
24 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the  
25 following:

26 (a) the person during the same taxable



1 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the  
2 intangible expense or cost to a person that is  
3 not a related member, and

4 (b) the transaction giving rise to the  
5 intangible expense or cost between the  
6 taxpayer and the person did not have as a  
7 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois  
8 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract  
9 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;  
10 or

11 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost  
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
13 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if  
14 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing  
15 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;  
16 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in  
17 writing to the application or use of an  
18 alternative method of apportionment under Section  
19 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the  
21 Director from making any other adjustment  
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act  
23 for any tax year beginning after the effective  
24 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is  
25 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the  
26 Department and such regulations provide methods

1           and standards by which the Department will utilize  
2           its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

3           (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after  
4           December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of  
5           insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed  
6           as a deduction in computing base income, and that were  
7           paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to  
8           a person who would be a member of the same unitary  
9           business group but for the fact that the person is  
10          prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being  
11          included in the unitary business group because he or  
12          she is ordinarily required to apportion business  
13          income under different subsections of Section 304. The  
14          addition modification required by this subparagraph  
15          shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were  
16          included in base income of the unitary group for the  
17          same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a  
18          member of the taxpayer's unitary business group  
19          (including amounts included in gross income under  
20          Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code  
21          and amounts included in gross income under Section 78  
22          of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the  
23          stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs  
24          were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or  
25          accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the  
26          extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to

1 the addition modification required under Section  
2 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this  
3 Act;

4 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December  
5 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a  
6 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed  
7 to a real estate investment trust under Section  
8 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for  
9 dividends paid;

10 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to  
11 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,  
12 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this  
13 Act;

14 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after  
15 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction  
16 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code  
17 for the taxable year;

18 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December  
19 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed  
20 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue  
21 Code for the taxable year;

22 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June  
23 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed  
24 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue  
25 Code for the taxable year;

26 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June

1           30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed  
2           under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal  
3           Revenue Code for the taxable year.

4           and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the  
5           following amounts:

6                   (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax  
7                   imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer  
8                   and included in such total for the taxable year;

9                   (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such  
10                  total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

11                  (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,  
12                  an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest  
13                  dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section  
14                  852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders  
15                  for the taxable year;

16                  (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted  
17                  under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of  
18                  all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections  
19                  171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as  
20                  interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal  
21                  Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to  
22                  interest and disallowed as deductions by Section  
23                  265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for  
24                  taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,  
25                  Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and  
26                  832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,

1 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,  
2 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)  
3 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years  
4 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount  
5 included in gross income under Section 87 of the  
6 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of  
7 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under  
8 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in  
9 the case of a life insurance company with gross income  
10 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or  
11 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in  
12 the case of a life insurance company allowed a  
13 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax  
14 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt  
15 from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in  
17 such total which are exempt from taxation by this  
18 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution  
19 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes  
20 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any  
21 statute of this State that exempts income derived from  
22 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under  
23 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest  
24 net of bond premium amortization;

25 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in  
26 such total which were paid by a corporation which

1           conducts business operations in a River Edge  
2           Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River  
3           Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially  
4           all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment  
5           Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from  
6           the provisions of Section 250;

7           (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in  
8           such total that were paid by a corporation that  
9           conducts business operations in a federally designated  
10          Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated  
11          a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided  
12          that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in  
13          subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection  
14          shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under  
15          this subparagraph (L);

16          (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial  
17          organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of  
18          this Act, an amount included in such total as interest  
19          income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a  
20          borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by  
21          property which is eligible for the River Edge  
22          Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the  
23          portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property  
24          eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the  
25          borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or  
26          loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be

1 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)  
2 investment credit property which secures the loan or  
3 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of  
4 such property on the date that it was placed in service  
5 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction  
6 modification available to the taxpayer in any year  
7 under this subsection shall be that portion of the  
8 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to  
9 such loan attributable to the eligible property as  
10 calculated under the previous sentence. This  
11 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of  
12 Section 250;

13 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial  
14 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of  
15 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest  
16 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a  
17 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by  
18 property which is eligible for the High Impact  
19 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion  
20 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible  
21 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the  
22 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or  
23 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be  
24 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)  
25 investment credit property which secures the loan or  
26 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of

1 such property on the date that it was placed in service  
2 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or  
3 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is  
4 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph  
5 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be  
6 eligible for the deduction provided under this  
7 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification  
8 available to taxpayers in any year under this  
9 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest  
10 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan  
11 attributable to the eligible property as calculated  
12 under the previous sentence;

13 (N) Two times any contribution made during the  
14 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the  
15 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a  
16 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of  
17 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)  
18 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by  
19 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity  
20 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act  
21 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment  
22 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the  
23 provisions of Section 250;

24 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years  
25 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a  
26 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under



1 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986  
2 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of  
3 the amount by which dividends included in taxable  
4 income and received from a corporation that is not  
5 created or organized under the laws of the United  
6 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,  
7 including, for taxable years ending on or after  
8 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed  
9 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951  
10 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the  
11 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph  
12 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is  
13 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable  
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends  
15 received from a captive real estate investment trust;  
16 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,  
17 included in taxable income and received, including,  
18 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,  
19 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or  
20 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the  
21 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years  
22 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends  
23 received from a captive real estate investment trust,  
24 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that  
25 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of  
26 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the

1 affiliated group which includes the dividend  
2 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification  
3 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of  
4 this subsection (b) which is related to such  
5 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June  
6 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the  
7 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as  
8 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue  
9 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to  
10 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under  
11 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This  
12 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of  
13 Section 250 of this Act;

14 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a  
15 job training project established pursuant to the Tax  
16 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

17 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction  
18 used to compute the federal income tax credit for  
19 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of  
20 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of  
21 the Internal Revenue Code;

22 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an  
23 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer  
24 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under  
25 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.  
26 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the

1 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or  
2 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the  
3 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that  
4 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the  
5 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal  
6 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of  
7 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of  
8 Section 250;

9 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December  
10 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an  
11 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a  
12 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax  
13 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and  
14 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts  
15 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income  
16 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal  
17 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the  
18 provisions of Section 250;

19 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the  
20 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction  
21 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return  
22 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal  
23 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year  
24 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

25 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation  
26 deduction taken for the taxable year on the

1 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property  
2 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was  
3 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section  
4 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not  
5 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

6 (2) for taxable years ending on or before  
7 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30  
8 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by  
9 0.429); and

10 (3) for taxable years ending after December  
11 31, 2005:

12 (i) for property on which a bonus  
13 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted  
14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by  
15 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied  
16 by 0.429);

17 (ii) for property on which a bonus  
18 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted  
19 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by  
20 1.0;

21 (iii) for property on which a bonus  
22 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted  
23 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or  
24 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the  
25 depreciation deduction that would be allowed  
26 on that property if the taxpayer had made the

1 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the  
2 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus  
3 depreciation ~~depreciation~~ on that property; and

4 (iv) for property on which a bonus  
5 depreciation deduction of a percentage other  
6 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis  
7 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after  
8 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied  
9 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation  
10 on the property (that is,  $100(\text{bonus}\%)$ ) and  
11 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the  
12 percentage bonus depreciation on the property  
13 (that is,  $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$ ).

14 The aggregate amount deducted under this  
15 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of  
16 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus  
17 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the  
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection  
19 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This  
20 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of  
21 Section 250;

22 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or  
23 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer  
24 was required in any taxable year to make an addition  
25 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount  
26 equal to that addition modification.

1           If the taxpayer continues to own property through  
2 the last day of the last tax year for which a  
3 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property  
4 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was  
5 required in any taxable year to make an addition  
6 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount  
7 equal to that addition modification.

8           The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction  
9 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any  
10 one piece of property.

11           This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the  
12 provisions of Section 250;

13           (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of  
14 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account  
15 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction  
16 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition  
17 modification with respect to such transaction under  
18 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),  
19 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed  
20 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any  
21 income from intangible property (net of the deductions  
22 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable  
23 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer  
24 that is required to make an addition modification with  
25 respect to such transaction under Section  
26 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or

1           203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such  
2           addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium  
3           income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken  
4           into account for the taxable year with respect to a  
5           transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make  
6           an addition modification with respect to such  
7           transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section  
8           203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section  
9           203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that  
10          addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt  
11          from the provisions of Section 250;

12                 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken  
13           into account for the taxable year (net of the  
14           deductions allocable thereto) with respect to  
15           transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a  
16           member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but  
17           for the fact that the foreign person's business  
18           activity outside the United States is 80% or more of  
19           that person's total business activity and (ii) for  
20           taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to  
21           a person who would be a member of the same unitary  
22           business group but for the fact that the person is  
23           prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being  
24           included in the unitary business group because he or  
25           she is ordinarily required to apportion business  
26           income under different subsections of Section 304, but

1 not to exceed the addition modification required to be  
2 made for the same taxable year under Section  
3 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or  
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.  
5 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of  
6 Section 250;

7 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible  
8 property taken into account for the taxable year (net  
9 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to  
10 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a  
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but  
12 for the fact that the foreign person's business  
13 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of  
14 that person's total business activity and (ii) for  
15 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to  
16 a person who would be a member of the same unitary  
17 business group but for the fact that the person is  
18 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being  
19 included in the unitary business group because he or  
20 she is ordinarily required to apportion business  
21 income under different subsections of Section 304, but  
22 not to exceed the addition modification required to be  
23 made for the same taxable year under Section  
24 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs  
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to  
26 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is



1 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December  
3 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to  
4 add back any insurance premiums under Section  
5 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract  
6 that part of a reimbursement received from the  
7 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense  
8 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance  
9 company) that would have been taken into account as a  
10 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the  
11 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer  
12 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph  
13 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must  
14 add back to income the amount subtracted by the  
15 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This  
16 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of  
17 Section 250; and

18 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible  
19 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section  
20 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the  
21 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without  
22 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue  
23 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss  
24 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the  
25 provisions of Section 250.

26 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),

1 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,  
2 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and  
3 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross  
4 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years  
5 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all  
6 amounts included in life insurance gross income under  
7 Section 803(a) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

8 (c) Trusts and estates.

9 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base  
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable  
11 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

12 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of  
13 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph  
14 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the  
15 following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued  
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the  
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income  
19 in the computation of taxable income;

20 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a  
21 trust which, under its governing instrument, is  
22 required to distribute all of its income currently,  
23 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such  
24 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in  
25 the computation of taxable income;

1           (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by  
2 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in  
3 the computation of taxable income for the taxable  
4 year;

5           (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction  
6 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net  
7 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year  
8 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

9           (E) For taxable years in which a net operating  
10 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year  
11 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of  
12 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)  
13 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection  
14 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other  
15 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded  
16 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with  
17 the following limitations applied in the order that  
18 they are listed:

19           (i) the addition modification relating to the  
20 net operating loss carried back or forward to the  
21 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to  
22 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount  
23 of addition modification under this subparagraph  
24 (E) which related to that net operating loss and  
25 which was taken into account in calculating the  
26 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

1           (ii) the addition modification relating to the  
2           net operating loss carried back or forward to the  
3           taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to  
4           December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of  
5           such carryback or carryforward;

6           For taxable years in which there is a net  
7           operating loss carryback or carryforward from more  
8           than one other taxable year ending prior to December  
9           31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this  
10          subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts  
11          computed independently under the preceding provisions  
12          of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

13          (F) For taxable years ending on or after January  
14          1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant  
15          to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the  
16          trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes  
17          of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601  
18          of this Act;

19          (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital  
20          gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue  
21          Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the  
22          computation of taxable income;

23          (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,  
24          1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation  
25          costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing  
26          adjusted gross income and for which the trust or

1 estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section  
2 201;

3 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an  
4 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken  
5 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the  
6 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of  
7 the Internal Revenue Code; and

8 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,  
9 or otherwise disposes of property for which the  
10 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an  
11 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then  
12 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the  
13 deductions taken in all taxable years under  
14 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through  
16 the last day of the last tax year for which a  
17 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property  
18 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was  
19 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction  
20 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount  
21 equal to that subtraction modification.

22 The taxpayer is required to make the addition  
23 modification under this subparagraph only once with  
24 respect to any one piece of property;

25 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise  
26 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for

1 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
2 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after  
3 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a  
4 member of the same unitary business group but for the  
5 fact that the foreign person's business activity  
6 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign  
7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable  
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person  
9 who would be a member of the same unitary business  
10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited  
11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the  
12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily  
13 required to apportion business income under different  
14 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification  
15 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the  
16 extent that dividends were included in base income of  
17 the unitary group for the same taxable year and  
18 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the  
19 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts  
20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951  
21 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts  
22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the  
23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of  
24 the same person to whom the interest was paid,  
25 accrued, or incurred.

26 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

1           (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who  
3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other  
4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary  
5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income  
6 with respect to such interest; or

7           (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if  
9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a  
10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the  
11 following:

12                 (a) the person, during the same taxable  
13 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest  
14 to a person that is not a related member, and

15                 (b) the transaction giving rise to the  
16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the  
17 person did not have as a principal purpose the  
18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid  
19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that  
20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and  
21 terms; or

22           (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on  
23 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest  
24 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract  
25 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates  
26 and terms and the principal purpose for the

1 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;  
2 or

3 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if  
5 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing  
6 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or  
7 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing  
8 to the application or use of an alternative method  
9 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the  
11 Director from making any other adjustment  
12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act  
13 for any tax year beginning after the effective  
14 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is  
15 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the  
16 Department and such regulations provide methods  
17 and standards by which the Department will utilize  
18 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

19 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible  
20 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in  
21 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or  
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable  
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a  
24 foreign person who would be a member of the same  
25 unitary business group but for the fact that the  
26 foreign person's business activity outside the United



1 States is 80% or more of that person's total business  
2 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after  
3 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of  
4 the same unitary business group but for the fact that  
5 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)  
6 from being included in the unitary business group  
7 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion  
8 business income under different subsections of Section  
9 304. The addition modification required by this  
10 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that  
11 dividends were included in base income of the unitary  
12 group for the same taxable year and received by the  
13 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary  
14 business group (including amounts included in gross  
15 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the  
16 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross  
17 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)  
18 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom  
19 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or  
20 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding  
21 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same  
22 dividends caused a reduction to the addition  
23 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of  
24 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term  
25 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)  
26 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the

1 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or  
2 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other  
3 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses  
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring  
5 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,  
6 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing  
7 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For  
8 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"  
9 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,  
10 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,  
11 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

12 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs  
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
15 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who  
16 is subject in a foreign country or state, other  
17 than a state which requires mandatory unitary  
18 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income  
19 with respect to such item; or

20 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost  
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
22 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based  
23 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the  
24 following:

25 (a) the person during the same taxable  
26 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the

1 intangible expense or cost to a person that is  
2 not a related member, and

3 (b) the transaction giving rise to the  
4 intangible expense or cost between the  
5 taxpayer and the person did not have as a  
6 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois  
7 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract  
8 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;  
9 or

10 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost  
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if  
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing  
14 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;  
15 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in  
16 writing to the application or use of an  
17 alternative method of apportionment under Section  
18 304(f);

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the  
20 Director from making any other adjustment  
21 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act  
22 for any tax year beginning after the effective  
23 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is  
24 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the  
25 Department and such regulations provide methods  
26 and standards by which the Department will utilize

1           its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

2           (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after  
3           December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of  
4           insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed  
5           as a deduction in computing base income, and that were  
6           paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to  
7           a person who would be a member of the same unitary  
8           business group but for the fact that the person is  
9           prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being  
10          included in the unitary business group because he or  
11          she is ordinarily required to apportion business  
12          income under different subsections of Section 304. The  
13          addition modification required by this subparagraph  
14          shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were  
15          included in base income of the unitary group for the  
16          same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a  
17          member of the taxpayer's unitary business group  
18          (including amounts included in gross income under  
19          Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code  
20          and amounts included in gross income under Section 78  
21          of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the  
22          stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs  
23          were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or  
24          accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the  
25          extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to  
26          the addition modification required under Section

1           203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this  
2           Act;

3           (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to  
4           the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,  
5           determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this  
6           Act;

7           (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after  
8           December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction  
9           allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code  
10          for the taxable year;

11          and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the  
12          following amounts:

13                 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in  
14                 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections  
15                 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408  
16                 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total  
17                 as distributions under the provisions of any  
18                 retirement or disability plan for employees of any  
19                 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to  
20                 retired partners, which payments are excluded in  
21                 computing net earnings from self employment by Section  
22                 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations  
23                 adopted pursuant thereto;

24                 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

25                 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax  
26                 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer

1 and included in such total for the taxable year;

2 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in  
3 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),  
4 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from  
5 taxation by this State either by reason of its  
6 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the  
7 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United  
8 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of  
9 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or  
10 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,  
11 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond  
12 premium amortization;

13 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted  
14 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of  
15 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections  
16 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,  
17 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and  
18 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the  
19 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years  
20 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections  
21 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the  
22 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years  
23 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section  
24 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for  
25 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,  
26 any amount included in gross income under Section 87

1 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this  
2 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section  
3 250;

4 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in  
5 such total which were paid by a corporation which  
6 conducts business operations in a River Edge  
7 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River  
8 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially  
9 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment  
10 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from  
11 the provisions of Section 250;

12 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a  
13 job training project established pursuant to the Tax  
14 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

15 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in  
16 such total that were paid by a corporation that  
17 conducts business operations in a federally designated  
18 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated  
19 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided  
20 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in  
21 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection  
22 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under  
23 this subparagraph (O);

24 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction  
25 used to compute the federal income tax credit for  
26 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of

1 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of  
2 the Internal Revenue Code;

3 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an  
4 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,  
5 to the extent includible in gross income for federal  
6 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of  
7 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial  
8 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis  
9 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of  
10 income, to the extent includible in gross income for  
11 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived  
12 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,  
13 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of  
14 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi  
15 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,  
16 during, and immediately after World War II, including,  
17 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds  
18 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a  
19 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons  
20 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European  
21 insurance companies immediately prior to and during  
22 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from  
23 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets  
24 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from  
25 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this  
26 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the



1 first recipient of such assets after their recovery  
2 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or  
3 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis  
4 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and  
5 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or  
6 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion  
7 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income  
8 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is  
9 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the  
11 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction  
12 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return  
13 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal  
14 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year  
15 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

16 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation  
17 deduction taken for the taxable year on the  
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property  
19 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was  
20 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section  
21 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not  
22 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

23 (2) for taxable years ending on or before  
24 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30  
25 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by  
26 0.429); and

1 (3) for taxable years ending after December  
2 31, 2005:

3 (i) for property on which a bonus  
4 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted  
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by  
6 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied  
7 by 0.429);

8 (ii) for property on which a bonus  
9 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted  
10 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by  
11 1.0;

12 (iii) for property on which a bonus  
13 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted  
14 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or  
15 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the  
16 depreciation deduction that would be allowed  
17 on that property if the taxpayer had made the  
18 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the  
19 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus  
20 depreciation ~~depreciation~~ on that property; and

21 (iv) for property on which a bonus  
22 depreciation deduction of a percentage other  
23 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis  
24 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after  
25 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied  
26 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation

1           on the property (that is,  $100(\text{bonus}\%)$ ) and  
2           then divided by 100 times 1 minus the  
3           percentage bonus depreciation on the property  
4           (that is,  $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$ ).

5           The aggregate amount deducted under this  
6           subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of  
7           property may not exceed the amount of the bonus  
8           depreciation deduction taken on that property on the  
9           taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection  
10          (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This  
11          subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of  
12          Section 250;

13          (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or  
14          otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer  
15          was required in any taxable year to make an addition  
16          modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount  
17          equal to that addition modification.

18          If the taxpayer continues to own property through  
19          the last day of the last tax year for which a  
20          subtraction is allowed with respect to that property  
21          under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was  
22          required in any taxable year to make an addition  
23          modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount  
24          equal to that addition modification.

25          The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction  
26          under this subparagraph only once with respect to any

1 one piece of property.

2 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the  
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of  
5 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account  
6 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction  
7 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition  
8 modification with respect to such transaction under  
9 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),  
10 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed  
11 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any  
12 income from intangible property (net of the deductions  
13 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable  
14 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer  
15 that is required to make an addition modification with  
16 respect to such transaction under Section  
17 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or  
18 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such  
19 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt  
20 from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken  
22 into account for the taxable year (net of the  
23 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to  
24 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a  
25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but  
26 for the fact the foreign person's business activity

1 outside the United States is 80% or more of that  
2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable  
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person  
4 who would be a member of the same unitary business  
5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited  
6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the  
7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily  
8 required to apportion business income under different  
9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the  
10 addition modification required to be made for the same  
11 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for  
12 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
13 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)  
14 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible  
16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net  
17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to  
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a  
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but  
20 for the fact that the foreign person's business  
21 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of  
22 that person's total business activity and (ii) for  
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to  
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary  
25 business group but for the fact that the person is  
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or  
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business  
3 income under different subsections of Section 304, but  
4 not to exceed the addition modification required to be  
5 made for the same taxable year under Section  
6 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs  
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to  
8 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is  
9 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to  
11 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the  
12 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code  
13 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the  
14 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation  
15 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt  
16 from Section 250;

17 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such  
18 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax  
19 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back  
20 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is  
21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

22 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December  
23 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to  
24 add back any insurance premiums under Section  
25 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract  
26 that part of a reimbursement received from the

1 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense  
2 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance  
3 company) that would have been taken into account as a  
4 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the  
5 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer  
6 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph  
7 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must  
8 add back to income the amount subtracted by the  
9 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This  
10 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of  
11 Section 250; and

12 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,  
13 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess  
14 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a  
15 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal  
16 Revenue Code.

17 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification  
18 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under  
19 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by  
20 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,  
21 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently  
22 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal  
23 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

24 (d) Partnerships.

25 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base

1 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable  
2 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

3 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in  
4 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum  
5 of the following amounts:

6 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued  
7 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the  
8 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income  
9 in the computation of taxable income;

10 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by  
11 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for  
12 the taxable year;

13 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the  
14 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the  
15 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable  
16 income;

17 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital  
18 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue  
19 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the  
20 computation of taxable income;

21 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an  
22 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken  
23 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the  
24 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of  
25 the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,



1 or otherwise disposes of property for which the  
2 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an  
3 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then  
4 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the  
5 deductions taken in all taxable years under  
6 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through  
8 the last day of the last tax year for which a  
9 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property  
10 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was  
11 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction  
12 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount  
13 equal to that subtraction modification.

14 The taxpayer is required to make the addition  
15 modification under this subparagraph only once with  
16 respect to any one piece of property;

17 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise  
18 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for  
19 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
20 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after  
21 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a  
22 member of the same unitary business group but for the  
23 fact the foreign person's business activity outside  
24 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign  
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable  
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1           who would be a member of the same unitary business  
2           group but for the fact that the person is prohibited  
3           under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the  
4           unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily  
5           required to apportion business income under different  
6           subsections of Section 304. The addition modification  
7           required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the  
8           extent that dividends were included in base income of  
9           the unitary group for the same taxable year and  
10          received by the taxpayer or by a member of the  
11          taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts  
12          included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951  
13          through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts  
14          included in gross income under Section 78 of the  
15          Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of  
16          the same person to whom the interest was paid,  
17          accrued, or incurred.

18                 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19                         (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
20                         incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who  
21                         is subject in a foreign country or state, other  
22                         than a state which requires mandatory unitary  
23                         reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income  
24                         with respect to such interest; or

25                         (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
26                         incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

1 the taxpayer can establish, based on a  
2 preponderance of the evidence, both of the  
3 following:

4 (a) the person, during the same taxable  
5 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest  
6 to a person that is not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the  
8 interest expense between the taxpayer and the  
9 person did not have as a principal purpose the  
10 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid  
11 pursuant to a contract or agreement that  
12 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and  
13 terms; or

14 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on  
15 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest  
16 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract  
17 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates  
18 and terms and the principal purpose for the  
19 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;  
20 or

21 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or  
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if  
23 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing  
24 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or  
25 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing  
26 to the application or use of an alternative method

1 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

2 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the  
3 Director from making any other adjustment  
4 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act  
5 for any tax year beginning after the effective  
6 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is  
7 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the  
8 Department and such regulations provide methods  
9 and standards by which the Department will utilize  
10 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

11 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible  
12 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in  
13 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or  
14 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable  
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a  
16 foreign person who would be a member of the same  
17 unitary business group but for the fact that the  
18 foreign person's business activity outside the United  
19 States is 80% or more of that person's total business  
20 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after  
21 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of  
22 the same unitary business group but for the fact that  
23 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)  
24 from being included in the unitary business group  
25 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion  
26 business income under different subsections of Section

1           304. The addition modification required by this  
2           subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that  
3           dividends were included in base income of the unitary  
4           group for the same taxable year and received by the  
5           taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary  
6           business group (including amounts included in gross  
7           income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the  
8           Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross  
9           income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)  
10          with respect to the stock of the same person to whom  
11          the intangible expenses and costs were directly or  
12          indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding  
13          sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same  
14          dividends caused a reduction to the addition  
15          modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of  
16          this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term  
17          "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,  
18          losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or  
19          indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,  
20          ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of  
21          intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or  
22          indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting  
23          transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and  
24          copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other  
25          similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this  
26          subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,

1 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service  
2 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and  
3 similar types of intangible assets;

4 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

5 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs  
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
7 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who  
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other  
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary  
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income  
11 with respect to such item; or

12 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost  
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
14 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based  
15 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the  
16 following:

17 (a) the person during the same taxable  
18 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the  
19 intangible expense or cost to a person that is  
20 not a related member, and

21 (b) the transaction giving rise to the  
22 intangible expense or cost between the  
23 taxpayer and the person did not have as a  
24 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois  
25 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract  
26 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;

1                   or

2                   (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost  
3                   paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or  
4                   indirectly, from a transaction with a person if  
5                   the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing  
6                   evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;  
7                   or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in  
8                   writing to the application or use of an  
9                   alternative method of apportionment under Section  
10                  304(f);

11                  Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the  
12                  Director from making any other adjustment  
13                  otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act  
14                  for any tax year beginning after the effective  
15                  date of this amendment provided such adjustment is  
16                  made pursuant to regulation adopted by the  
17                  Department and such regulations provide methods  
18                  and standards by which the Department will utilize  
19                  its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

20                  (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after  
21                  December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of  
22                  insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed  
23                  as a deduction in computing base income, and that were  
24                  paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to  
25                  a person who would be a member of the same unitary  
26                  business group but for the fact that the person is

1 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being  
2 included in the unitary business group because he or  
3 she is ordinarily required to apportion business  
4 income under different subsections of Section 304. The  
5 addition modification required by this subparagraph  
6 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were  
7 included in base income of the unitary group for the  
8 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a  
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group  
10 (including amounts included in gross income under  
11 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code  
12 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78  
13 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the  
14 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs  
15 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or  
16 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the  
17 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to  
18 the addition modification required under Section  
19 203(d)(2)(D-7) or Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

20 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to  
21 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,  
22 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this  
23 Act;

24 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after  
25 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction  
26 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code



1           for the taxable year;

2           and by deducting from the total so obtained the following  
3           amounts:

4                   (E) The valuation limitation amount;

5                   (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax  
6           imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer  
7           and included in such total for the taxable year;

8                   (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in  
9           taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),  
10          (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this  
11          State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution  
12          or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes  
13          of the United States; provided that, in the case of any  
14          statute of this State that exempts income derived from  
15          bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under  
16          this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest  
17          net of bond premium amortization;

18                  (H) Any income of the partnership which  
19          constitutes personal service income as defined in  
20          Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in  
21          effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance  
22          for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered  
23          by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;  
24          this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of  
25          Section 250;

26                  (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income

1           distributable to an entity subject to the Personal  
2           Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by  
3           subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act  
4           including amounts distributable to organizations  
5           exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section  
6           501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph  
7           (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8           (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted  
9           under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of  
10          all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections  
11          171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,  
12          and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and  
13          disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the  
14          Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years  
15          ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections  
16          171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the  
17          Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years  
18          ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section  
19          45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for  
20          taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,  
21          any amount included in gross income under Section 87  
22          of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this  
23          subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section  
24          250;

25          (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in  
26          such total which were paid by a corporation which

1           conducts business operations in a River Edge  
2           Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River  
3           Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially  
4           all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment  
5           Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from  
6           the provisions of Section 250;

7           (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a  
8           job training project established pursuant to the Real  
9           Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

10          (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in  
11          such total that were paid by a corporation that  
12          conducts business operations in a federally designated  
13          Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated  
14          a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided  
15          that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in  
16          subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection  
17          shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under  
18          this subparagraph (M);

19          (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction  
20          used to compute the federal income tax credit for  
21          restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of  
22          right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of  
23          the Internal Revenue Code;

24          (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the  
25          taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction  
26          is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return

1 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal  
2 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year  
3 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

4 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation  
5 deduction taken for the taxable year on the  
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property  
7 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was  
8 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section  
9 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not  
10 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

11 (2) for taxable years ending on or before  
12 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30  
13 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by  
14 0.429); and

15 (3) for taxable years ending after December  
16 31, 2005:

17 (i) for property on which a bonus  
18 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted  
19 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by  
20 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied  
21 by 0.429);

22 (ii) for property on which a bonus  
23 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted  
24 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by  
25 1.0;

26 (iii) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted  
2 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or  
3 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the  
4 depreciation deduction that would be allowed  
5 on that property if the taxpayer had made the  
6 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the  
7 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus  
8 depreciation ~~depreciation~~ on that property; and

9 (iv) for property on which a bonus  
10 depreciation deduction of a percentage other  
11 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis  
12 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after  
13 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied  
14 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation  
15 on the property (that is,  $100(\text{bonus}\%)$ ) and  
16 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the  
17 percentage bonus depreciation on the property  
18 (that is,  $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$ ).

19 The aggregate amount deducted under this  
20 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of  
21 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus  
22 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the  
23 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection  
24 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This  
25 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of  
26 Section 250;

1           (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or  
2 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer  
3 was required in any taxable year to make an addition  
4 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount  
5 equal to that addition modification.

6           If the taxpayer continues to own property through  
7 the last day of the last tax year for which a  
8 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property  
9 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was  
10 required in any taxable year to make an addition  
11 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount  
12 equal to that addition modification.

13           The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction  
14 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any  
15 one piece of property.

16           This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the  
17 provisions of Section 250;

18           (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of  
19 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account  
20 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction  
21 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition  
22 modification with respect to such transaction under  
23 Section           203(a)(2)(D-17),           203(b)(2)(E-12),  
24 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed  
25 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any  
26 income from intangible property (net of the deductions

1 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable  
2 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer  
3 that is required to make an addition modification with  
4 respect to such transaction under Section  
5 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or  
6 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such  
7 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt  
8 from Section 250;

9 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken  
10 into account for the taxable year (net of the  
11 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to  
12 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a  
13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but  
14 for the fact that the foreign person's business  
15 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of  
16 that person's total business activity and (ii) for  
17 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to  
18 a person who would be a member of the same unitary  
19 business group but for the fact that the person is  
20 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being  
21 included in the unitary business group because he or  
22 she is ordinarily required to apportion business  
23 income under different subsections of Section 304, but  
24 not to exceed the addition modification required to be  
25 made for the same taxable year under Section  
26 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.

2 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

3 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible  
4 property taken into account for the taxable year (net  
5 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to  
6 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a  
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but  
8 for the fact that the foreign person's business  
9 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of  
10 that person's total business activity and (ii) for  
11 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to  
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary  
13 business group but for the fact that the person is  
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being  
15 included in the unitary business group because he or  
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business  
17 income under different subsections of Section 304, but  
18 not to exceed the addition modification required to be  
19 made for the same taxable year under Section  
20 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,  
21 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the  
22 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from  
23 Section 250; and

24 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December  
25 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to  
26 add back any insurance premiums under Section



1           203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract  
2           that part of a reimbursement received from the  
3           insurance company equal to the amount of the expense  
4           or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance  
5           company) that would have been taken into account as a  
6           deduction for federal income tax purposes if the  
7           expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer  
8           makes the election provided for by this subparagraph  
9           (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must  
10          add back to income the amount subtracted by the  
11          taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This  
12          subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of  
13          Section 250.

14          (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

15           (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph  
16          (2) and subsection (b)(3), for purposes of this Section  
17          and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted  
18          gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall  
19          mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or  
20          taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax  
21          purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the  
22          Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than  
23          zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after  
24          December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from  
25          taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not

1 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable  
2 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess  
3 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications  
4 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to  
5 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount  
6 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as  
7 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the  
8 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income  
9 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),  
10 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition  
11 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph  
12 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or  
13 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for  
14 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an  
15 addition modification must be made under those  
16 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the  
17 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is  
18 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or  
19 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection  
20 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the  
21 Internal Revenue Code.

22 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of  
23 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable  
24 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

25 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case  
26 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed

1 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life  
2 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of  
3 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus  
4 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the  
5 Internal Revenue Code;

6 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case  
7 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax  
8 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,  
9 insurance company taxable income;

10 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of  
11 a regulated investment company subject to the tax  
12 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,  
13 investment company taxable income;

14 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of  
15 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax  
16 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,  
17 real estate investment trust taxable income;

18 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a  
19 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group  
20 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax  
21 return for the taxable year for federal income tax  
22 purposes, taxable income determined as if such  
23 corporation had filed a separate return for federal  
24 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each  
25 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an  
26 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,

1 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be  
2 determined as if the election provided by Section  
3 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in  
4 effect for all such years;

5 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative  
6 corporation or association, the taxable income of such  
7 organization determined in accordance with the  
8 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the  
9 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the  
10 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage  
11 activities against income from nonpatronage  
12 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or  
13 association may make an election to follow its federal  
14 income tax treatment of patronage losses and  
15 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is  
16 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over  
17 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section  
18 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment  
19 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois  
20 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which  
21 the losses are incurred. The election shall be  
22 effective for all taxable years with original returns  
23 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,  
24 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,  
25 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the  
26 election shall be effective for losses incurred or

1 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to  
2 the date of the election. Once made, the election may  
3 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The  
4 Department shall adopt rules setting forth  
5 requirements for documenting the elections and any  
6 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be  
7 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke  
8 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of  
9 existing law;

10 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)  
11 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in  
12 effect an election for the taxable year under Section  
13 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income  
14 of such corporation determined in accordance with  
15 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except  
16 that taxable income shall take into account those  
17 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the  
18 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and  
19 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in  
20 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions  
21 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have  
22 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules  
23 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of  
24 such corporation determined in accordance with the  
25 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,  
26 1982; and

1           (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,  
2           taxable income determined in accordance with Section  
3           703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable  
4           income shall take into account those items which are  
5           required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated  
6           but which would be taken into account by an individual  
7           in calculating his taxable income.

8           (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of  
9           asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the  
10          contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or  
11          business has been classified as business income and in a  
12          later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then  
13          all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later  
14          year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years  
15          related to that asset or business that generated the  
16          non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as  
17          business income in the year of the disposition of the  
18          asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to  
19          Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction  
20          computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act  
21          for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment  
22          fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of  
23          this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately  
24          preceding taxable years.

25          (f) Valuation limitation amount.

1           (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount  
2 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and  
3 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

4           (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation  
5 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable  
6 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the  
7 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of  
8 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;  
9 plus

10           (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,  
11 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of  
12 capital gain) for all property in respect of which  
13 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes  
14 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for  
15 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount  
16 of such gain included in the amount determined under  
17 subsection (a)(2)(F) or (c)(2)(H).

18           (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

19           (A) If the fair market value of property referred  
20 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on  
21 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation  
22 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the  
23 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's  
24 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that  
25 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in  
26 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized

1 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in  
2 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of  
3 such property.

4 (B) If the fair market value of property referred  
5 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on  
6 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation  
7 amount for such property is that amount which bears  
8 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of  
9 the property for federal income tax purposes for the  
10 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in  
11 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the  
12 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of  
13 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding  
14 period for the property.

15 (C) The Department shall prescribe such  
16 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the  
17 purposes of this paragraph.

18 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided  
19 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item  
20 to be deducted more than once.

21 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by  
22 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on  
23 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into  
24 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or



1 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable  
2 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the  
3 computation of base income and net income under this Act for  
4 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of  
5 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

6 (Source: P.A. 101-9, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;  
7 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-658, eff.  
8 8-27-21; revised 10-14-21.)

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon  
10 becoming law.