

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

HB5101

Introduced 1/27/2022, by Rep. Jim Durkin

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/15-169

Amends the Property Tax Code. In provisions concerning the homestead exemption for veterans with disabilities, provides that, beginning in tax year 2023, if the veteran has a service connected disability of 70% or more, and his or her property has an equalized assessed value that is equal to or greater than the maximum allowable amount for the tax year, then the property is considered qualified property and is exempt from taxation under the Code up to the maximum allowable amount for the tax year. Indexes the maximum allowable amount to the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index. Effective immediately.

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1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
Section 15-169 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 200/15-169)

7 Sec. 15-169. Homestead exemption for veterans with8 disabilities.

9 (a) Beginning with taxable year 2007, an annual homestead 10 exemption, limited to the amounts set forth in subsections (b) 11 and (b-3), is granted for property that is used as a qualified 12 residence by a veteran with a disability.

13 (b) For taxable years prior to 2015, the amount of the 14 exemption under this Section is as follows:

(1) for veterans with a service-connected disability
of at least (i) 75% for exemptions granted in taxable
years 2007 through 2009 and (ii) 70% for exemptions
granted in taxable year 2010 and each taxable year
thereafter, as certified by the United States Department
of Veterans Affairs, the annual exemption is \$5,000; and

(2) for veterans with a service-connected disability
of at least 50%, but less than (i) 75% for exemptions
granted in taxable years 2007 through 2009 and (ii) 70%

1 for exemptions granted in taxable year 2010 and each 2 taxable year thereafter, as certified by the United States 3 Department of Veterans Affairs, the annual exemption is 4 \$2,500.

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(b-3) For taxable years 2015 and thereafter:

6 (1) if the veteran has a service connected disability 7 of 30% or more but less than 50%, as certified by the 8 United States Department of Veterans Affairs, then the 9 annual exemption is \$2,500;

10 (2) if the veteran has a service connected disability 11 of 50% or more but less than 70%, as certified by the 12 United States Department of Veterans Affairs, then the 13 annual exemption is \$5,000; and

14 (3) if the veteran has a service connected disability 15 of 70% or more, as certified by the United States 16 Department of Veterans Affairs, then the property is 17 exempt from taxation under this Code. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, beginning in tax year 18 19 2023, if the veteran has a service connected disability of 70% or more, and his or her property has an equalized 20 21 assessed value that is equal to or greater than the 22 maximum allowable amount for the tax year, then the 23 property is exempt from taxation under this Code, but only 24 up to the maximum allowable amount for the tax year.

(b-5) If a homestead exemption is granted under this
Section and the person awarded the exemption subsequently

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becomes a resident of a facility licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act or a facility operated by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, then the exemption shall continue (i) so long as the residence continues to be occupied by the qualifying person's spouse or (ii) if the residence remains unoccupied but is still owned by the person who qualified for the homestead exemption.

8 (c) The tax exemption under this Section carries over to 9 the benefit of the veteran's surviving spouse as long as the 10 spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead, 11 permanently resides thereon, and does not remarry. If the 12 surviving spouse sells the property, an exemption not to 13 exceed the amount granted from the most recent ad valorem tax roll may be transferred to his or her new residence as long as 14 15 it is used as his or her primary residence and he or she does 16 not remarry.

17 (c-1) Beginning with taxable year 2015, nothing in this 18 Section shall require the veteran to have qualified for or 19 obtained the exemption before death if the veteran was killed 20 in the line of duty.

(d) The exemption under this Section applies for taxable year 2007 and thereafter. A taxpayer who claims an exemption under Section 15-165 or 15-168 may not claim an exemption under this Section.

(e) Each taxpayer who has been granted an exemption underthis Section must reapply on an annual basis. Application must

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be made during the application period in effect for the county 1 2 of his or her residence. The assessor or chief county 3 assessment officer may determine the eligibility of residential property to receive the homestead exemption 4 5 provided by this Section by application, visual inspection, questionnaire, or other reasonable methods. The determination 6 7 must be made in accordance with guidelines established by the 8 Department.

9 (e-1) If the person qualifying for the exemption does not 10 occupy the qualified residence as of January 1 of the taxable 11 year, the exemption granted under this Section shall be 12 prorated on a monthly basis. The prorated exemption shall 13 apply beginning with the first complete month in which the 14 person occupies the qualified residence.

15 (e-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each 16 chief county assessment officer may approve this exemption for 17 the 2020 taxable year, without application, for any property 18 that was approved for this exemption for the 2019 taxable 19 year, provided that:

(1) the county board has declared a local disaster as
 provided in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act
 related to the COVID-19 public health emergency;

(2) the owner of record of the property as of January
1, 2020 is the same as the owner of record of the property
as of January 1, 2019;

(3) the exemption for the 2019 taxable year has not

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been determined to be an erroneous exemption as defined by
 this Code; and

3 (4) the applicant for the 2019 taxable year has not
4 asked for the exemption to be removed for the 2019 or 2020
5 taxable years.

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a veteran whose
service connected disability rating has changed since the 2019
exemption was granted from applying for the exemption based on
the subsequent service connected disability rating.

10 (e-10) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each 11 chief county assessment officer may approve this exemption for 12 the 2021 taxable year, without application, for any property 13 that was approved for this exemption for the 2020 taxable 14 year, if:

(1) the county board has declared a local disaster as provided in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act related to the COVID-19 public health emergency;

18 (2) the owner of record of the property as of January
19 1, 2021 is the same as the owner of record of the property
20 as of January 1, 2020;

(3) the exemption for the 2020 taxable year has not
been determined to be an erroneous exemption as defined by
this Code; and

(4) the taxpayer for the 2020 taxable year has not
asked for the exemption to be removed for the 2020 or 2021
taxable years.

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1	Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a veteran whose
2	service connected disability rating has changed since the 2020
3	exemption was granted from applying for the exemption based on
4	the subsequent service connected disability rating.

(f) For the purposes of this Section:

6 <u>"Maximum allowable amount" means: (1) until tax year 2023,</u> 7 <u>\$250,000; and (2) for tax year 2023 and thereafter, the</u> 8 <u>maximum allowable amount for the previous tax year, increased</u> 9 <u>by the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price</u> 10 <u>Index for All Urban Consumers, as issued by the United States</u> 11 <u>Department of Labor, during the 12-month calendar year</u> 12 <u>preceding the tax year.</u>

13 "Qualified residence" means real property, but less any 14 portion of that property that is used for commercial purposes, 15 with an equalized assessed value of less than the maximum 16 allowable amount $\frac{250,000}{100}$ that is the primary residence of a 17 veteran with a disability. Property rented for more than 6 months is presumed to be used for commercial purposes. 18 19 Property with an equalized assessed value that is equal to or 20 more than the maximum allowable amount that would otherwise be 21 considered a qualified residence under this Section and is 22 used as a primary residence by a veteran with a service 23 connected disability of 70% or more is also considered a qualified residence; however, the exemption is limited as 24 25 provided in paragraph (3) of subsection (b-3).

"Veteran" means an Illinois resident who has served as a

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1 member of the United States Armed Forces on active duty or 2 State active duty, a member of the Illinois National Guard, or 3 a member of the United States Reserve Forces and who has 4 received an honorable discharge.

5 (Source: P.A. 101-635, eff. 6-5-20; 102-136, eff. 7-23-21.)

6 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon7 becoming law.