

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB4501

Introduced 1/21/2022, by Rep. Katie Stuart and Margaret Croke

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

225 ILCS 25/4 from Ch. 111, par. 2304 225 ILCS 25/17 from Ch. 111, par. 2317 225 ILCS 25/17.1

Amends the Illinois Dental Practice Act. Provides that a person who uses teledentistry is considered to practice dentistry under the Act. Provides that a dentist may utilize and delegate dental services to a dental hygienist or dental assistant using telehealth only under the supervision requirements as specified in the Act for in-person patient care. Provides that a dental assistant who has at least 2,000 hours of direct clinical patient care experience continuing education provider approved by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may perform specified procedures. Provides that a dental assistant who has completed specified training may perform coronal scaling and intracoronal temporization of a tooth under the supervision of a dentist. Changes the definition "public health setting" to include a prison. Changes the definition of "teledentistry" to include limited patient diagnosis and treatment planning (rather than patient care) using synchronous and asynchronous communications under an Illinois licensed dentist's authority (rather than a dentist's authority).

LRB102 22484 SPS 31624 b

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Dental Practice Act is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 4, 17, and 17.1 as follows:
- 6 (225 ILCS 25/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 2304)
- 7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-93)
- 8 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 9 Sec. 4. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- "Address of record" means the designated address recorded
- 11 by the Department in the applicant's or licensee's application
- 12 file or license file as maintained by the Department's
- 13 licensure maintenance unit. It is the duty of the applicant or
- 14 licensee to inform the Department of any change of address and
- 15 those changes must be made either through the Department's
- website or by contacting the Department.
- "Department" means the Department of Financial and
- 18 Professional Regulation.
- 19 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
- 20 Professional Regulation.
- 21 "Board" means the Board of Dentistry.
- 22 "Dentist" means a person who has received a general
- license pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 11 of this Act and

- who may perform any intraoral and extraoral procedure required
- 2 in the practice of dentistry and to whom is reserved the
- 3 responsibilities specified in Section 17.
- 4 "Dental hygienist" means a person who holds a license
- 5 under this Act to perform dental services as authorized by
- 6 Section 18.
- 7 "Dental assistant" means an appropriately trained person
- 8 who, under the supervision of a dentist, provides dental
- 9 services as authorized by Section 17.
- 10 "Expanded function dental assistant" means a dental
- 11 assistant who has completed the training required by Section
- 12 17.1 of this Act.
- "Dental laboratory" means a person, firm or corporation
- 14 which:
- 15 (i) engages in making, providing, repairing or
- altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial
- materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for
- insertion into the human oral cavity or which come in
- 19 contact with its adjacent structures and tissues; and
- 20 (ii) utilizes or employs a dental technician to
- 21 provide such services; and
- 22 (iii) performs such functions only for a dentist or
- 23 dentists.
- "Supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist or a
- 25 dental assistant requiring that a dentist authorize the
- 26 procedure, remain in the dental facility while the procedure

- is performed, and approve the work performed by the dental
- 2 hygienist or dental assistant before dismissal of the patient,
- 3 but does not mean that the dentist must be present at all times
- 4 in the treatment room.
- 5 "General supervision" means supervision of a dental
- 6 hygienist requiring that the patient be a patient of record,
- 7 that the dentist examine the patient in accordance with
- 8 Section 18 prior to treatment by the dental hygienist, and
- 9 that the dentist authorize the procedures which are being
- 10 carried out by a notation in the patient's record, but not
- 11 requiring that a dentist be present when the authorized
- 12 procedures are being performed. The issuance of a prescription
- 13 to a dental laboratory by a dentist does not constitute
- 14 general supervision.
- "Public member" means a person who is not a health
- professional. For purposes of board membership, any person
- 17 with a significant financial interest in a health service or
- 18 profession is not a public member.
- 19 "Dentistry" means the healing art which is concerned with
- 20 the examination, diagnosis, treatment planning and care of
- 21 conditions within the human oral cavity and its adjacent
- tissues and structures, as further specified in Section 17.
- "Branches of dentistry" means the various specialties of
- dentistry which, for purposes of this Act, shall be limited to
- 25 the following: endodontics, oral and maxillofacial surgery,
- orthodontics and dentofacial orthopedics, pediatric dentistry,

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patient care.

- periodontics, prosthodontics, and oral and maxillofacial
 radiology.
- 3 "Specialist" means a dentist who has received a specialty
- 4 license pursuant to Section 11(b).
- "Dental technician" means a person who owns, operates or is employed by a dental laboratory and engages in making, providing, repairing or altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for insertion into the human oral cavity or which

come in contact with its adjacent structures and tissues.

- "Impaired dentist" or "impaired dental hygienist" means a
 dentist or dental hygienist who is unable to practice with
 reasonable skill and safety because of a physical or mental
 disability as evidenced by a written determination or written
 consent based on clinical evidence, including deterioration
 through the aging process, loss of motor skills, abuse of
 drugs or alcohol, or a psychiatric disorder, of sufficient
 - "Nurse" means a registered professional nurse, a certified registered nurse anesthetist licensed as an advanced practice registered nurse, or a licensed practical nurse licensed under the Nurse Practice Act.

degree to diminish the person's ability to deliver competent

"Patient of record" means a patient for whom the patient's most recent dentist has obtained a relevant medical and dental history and on whom the dentist has performed an examination

- 1 and evaluated the condition to be treated.
- 2 "Dental responder" means a dentist or dental hygienist who
- 3 is appropriately certified in disaster preparedness,
- 4 immunizations, and dental humanitarian medical response
- 5 consistent with the Society of Disaster Medicine and Public
- 6 Health and training certified by the National Incident
- 7 Management System or the National Disaster Life Support
- 8 Foundation.
- 9 "Mobile dental van or portable dental unit" means any
- 10 self-contained or portable dental unit in which dentistry is
- 11 practiced that can be moved, towed, or transported from one
- 12 location to another in order to establish a location where
- dental services can be provided.
- "Public health dental hygienist" means a hygienist who
- holds a valid license to practice in the State, has 2 years of
- full-time clinical experience or an equivalent of 4,000 hours
- of clinical experience and has completed at least 42 clock
- 18 hours of additional structured courses in dental education in
- 19 advanced areas specific to public health dentistry.
- "Public health setting" means a federally qualified health
- 21 center; a federal, State, or local public health facility;
- 22 Head Start; a special supplemental nutrition program for
- 23 Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) facility; or a certified
- 24 school-based health center or school-based oral health
- 25 program; or a prison.
- 26 "Public health supervision" means the supervision of a

poverty level.

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public health dental hygienist by a licensed dentist who has a 1 2 written public health supervision agreement with that public 3 health dental hygienist while working in an approved facility or program that allows the public health dental hygienist to 4 5 treat patients, without a dentist first examining the patient and being present in the facility during treatment, (1) who 6 are eligible for Medicaid or (2) who are uninsured and whose 7 household income is not greater than 200% of the federal 8

"Teledentistry" means the use of telehealth systems and methodologies in dentistry and includes <u>limited</u> patient <u>diagnosis</u>, <u>treatment planning</u>, <u>eare</u> and education delivery using synchronous and asynchronous communications under <u>an Illinois licensed</u> a dentist's authority as provided under this Act.

- 16 (Source: P.A. 101-64, eff. 7-12-19; 101-162, eff. 7-26-19; 102-588, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 18 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-93)
- 19 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 20 Sec. 4. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Address of record" means the designated address recorded by the Department in the applicant's or licensee's application file or license file as maintained by the Department's licensure maintenance unit. It is the duty of the applicant or licensee to inform the Department of any change of address and

- 1 those changes must be made either through the Department's
- 2 website or by contacting the Department.
- 3 "Department" means the Department of Financial and
- 4 Professional Regulation.
- 5 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
- 6 Professional Regulation.
- 7 "Board" means the Board of Dentistry.
- 8 "Dentist" means a person who has received a general
- 9 license pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 11 of this Act and
- who may perform any intraoral and extraoral procedure required
- in the practice of dentistry and to whom is reserved the
- 12 responsibilities specified in Section 17.
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- 15 Section 18.
- "Dental assistant" means an appropriately trained person
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- services as authorized by Section 17.
- "Expanded function dental assistant" means a dental
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- 21 17.1 of this Act.
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- 23 which:
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- 25 altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial
- 26 materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for

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2	contact wi	th its	adi	acent	structi	ires and	tis	ssues;	and	

- (ii) utilizes or employs a dental technician to provide such services; and
- 5 (iii) performs such functions only for a dentist or dentists.

"Supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist or a dental assistant requiring that a dentist authorize the procedure, remain in the dental facility while the procedure is performed, and approve the work performed by the dental hygienist or dental assistant before dismissal of the patient, but does not mean that the dentist must be present at all times in the treatment room.

"General supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist requiring that the patient be a patient of record, that the dentist examine the patient in accordance with Section 18 prior to treatment by the dental hygienist, and that the dentist authorize the procedures which are being carried out by a notation in the patient's record, but not requiring that a dentist be present when the authorized procedures are being performed. The issuance of a prescription to a dental laboratory by a dentist does not constitute general supervision.

"Public member" means a person who is not a health professional. For purposes of board membership, any person with a significant financial interest in a health service or

1 profession is not a public member.

"Dentistry" means the healing art which is concerned with the examination, diagnosis, treatment planning and care of conditions within the human oral cavity and its adjacent tissues and structures, as further specified in Section 17.

"Branches of dentistry" means the various specialties of dentistry which, for purposes of this Act, shall be limited to the following: endodontics, oral and maxillofacial surgery, orthodontics and dentofacial orthopedics, pediatric dentistry, periodontics, prosthodontics, oral and maxillofacial radiology, and dental anesthesiology.

"Specialist" means a dentist who has received a specialty license pursuant to Section 11(b).

"Dental technician" means a person who owns, operates or is employed by a dental laboratory and engages in making, providing, repairing or altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for insertion into the human oral cavity or which come in contact with its adjacent structures and tissues.

"Impaired dentist" or "impaired dental hygienist" means a dentist or dental hygienist who is unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety because of a physical or mental disability as evidenced by a written determination or written consent based on clinical evidence, including deterioration through the aging process, loss of motor skills, abuse of drugs or alcohol, or a psychiatric disorder, of sufficient

degree to diminish the person's ability to deliver competent patient care.

"Nurse" means a registered professional nurse, a certified registered nurse anesthetist licensed as an advanced practice registered nurse, or a licensed practical nurse licensed under the Nurse Practice Act.

"Patient of record" means a patient for whom the patient's most recent dentist has obtained a relevant medical and dental history and on whom the dentist has performed an examination and evaluated the condition to be treated.

"Dental responder" means a dentist or dental hygienist who is appropriately certified in disaster preparedness, immunizations, and dental humanitarian medical response consistent with the Society of Disaster Medicine and Public Health and training certified by the National Incident Management System or the National Disaster Life Support Foundation.

"Mobile dental van or portable dental unit" means any self-contained or portable dental unit in which dentistry is practiced that can be moved, towed, or transported from one location to another in order to establish a location where dental services can be provided.

"Public health dental hygienist" means a hygienist who holds a valid license to practice in the State, has 2 years of full-time clinical experience or an equivalent of 4,000 hours of clinical experience and has completed at least 42 clock

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- hours of additional structured courses in dental education in
 advanced areas specific to public health dentistry.
- "Public health setting" means a federally qualified health
 center; a federal, State, or local public health facility;
 Head Start; a special supplemental nutrition program for
 Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) facility; or a certified
 school-based health center or school-based oral health
 program; or a prison.
- 9 "Public health supervision" means the supervision of a 10 public health dental hygienist by a licensed dentist who has a 11 written public health supervision agreement with that public 12 health dental hygienist while working in an approved facility or program that allows the public health dental hygienist to 13 treat patients, without a dentist first examining the patient 14 15 and being present in the facility during treatment, (1) who 16 are eligible for Medicaid or (2) who are uninsured and whose 17 household income is not greater than 200% of the federal 18 poverty level.
 - "Teledentistry" means the use of telehealth systems and methodologies in dentistry and includes <u>limited</u> patient <u>diagnosis</u>, <u>treatment planning</u>, <u>eare</u> and education delivery using synchronous and asynchronous communications under <u>an Illinois licensed</u> a dentist's authority as provided under this Act.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 101-64, eff. 7-12-19; 101-162, eff. 7-26-19;
- 26 102-93, eff. 1-1-22; 102-588, eff. 8-20-21.)

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1	(225 ILCS 25/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 2317)
2	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
3	Sec. 17. Acts constituting the practice of dentistry. A
4	person practices dentistry, within the meaning of this Act:
5	(1) Who represents himself or herself as being able to
6	diagnose or diagnoses, treats, prescribes, or operates for
7	any disease, pain, deformity, deficiency, injury, or
8	physical condition of the human tooth, teeth, alveolar
9	process, gums or jaw; or
10	(2) Who is a manager, proprietor, operator or
11	conductor of a business where dental operations are
12	performed; or
13	(3) Who performs dental operations of any kind; or
14	(4) Who uses an X-Ray machine or X-Ray films for
15	dental diagnostic purposes; or
16	(5) Who extracts a human tooth or teeth, or corrects
17	or attempts to correct malpositions of the human teeth or
18	jaws; or
19	(6) Who offers or undertakes, by any means or method,
20	to diagnose, treat or remove stains, calculus, and bonding
21	materials from human teeth or jaws; or
22	(7) Who uses or administers local or general
23	anesthetics in the treatment of dental or oral diseases or

in any preparation incident to a dental operation of any

kind or character; or

- (8) Who takes material or digital scans for final impressions of the human tooth, teeth, or jaws or performs any phase of any operation incident to the replacement of a part of a tooth, a tooth, teeth or associated tissues by means of a filling, crown, a bridge, a denture or other appliance; or
- (9) Who offers to furnish, supply, construct, reproduce or repair, or who furnishes, supplies, constructs, reproduces or repairs, prosthetic dentures, bridges or other substitutes for natural teeth, to the user or prospective user thereof; or
- (10) Who instructs students on clinical matters or performs any clinical operation included in the curricula of recognized dental schools and colleges; or
- (11) Who takes material or digital scans for final impressions of human teeth or places his or her hands in the mouth of any person for the purpose of applying teeth whitening materials, or who takes impressions of human teeth or places his or her hands in the mouth of any person for the purpose of assisting in the application of teeth whitening materials. A person does not practice dentistry when he or she discloses to the consumer that he or she is not licensed as a dentist under this Act and (i) discusses the use of teeth whitening materials with a consumer purchasing these materials; (ii) provides instruction on the use of teeth whitening materials with a consumer

purchasing	these r	mater	ials;	or	(iii)	prov	/ides	appropria	ate
equipment	on-site	e to	the	cons	umer	for	the	consumer	to
self-apply	teeth w	hiten	ning:	mateı	rials;	or .			

(12) Who uses teledentistry. A dentist may utilize and delegate dental services to a dental hygienist or dental assistant using telehealth only under the supervision requirements as specified in this Act for in-person patient care.

The fact that any person engages in or performs, or offers to engage in or perform, any of the practices, acts, or operations set forth in this Section, shall be prima facie evidence that such person is engaged in the practice of dentistry.

The following practices, acts, and operations, however, are exempt from the operation of this Act:

- (a) The rendering of dental relief in emergency cases in the practice of his or her profession by a physician or surgeon, licensed as such under the laws of this State, unless he or she undertakes to reproduce or reproduces lost parts of the human teeth in the mouth or to restore or replace lost or missing teeth in the mouth; or
- (b) The practice of dentistry in the discharge of their official duties by dentists in any branch of the Armed Services of the United States, the United States Public Health Service, or the United States Veterans Administration; or

_	(c) The practice of dentistry by students in their
2	course of study in dental schools or colleges approved by
3	the Department, when acting under the direction and
l	supervision of dentists acting as instructors; or
5	(d) The practice of dentistry by clinical instructors

- in the course of their teaching duties in dental schools or colleges approved by the Department:

 (i) When acting under the direction and
 - (i) when acting under the direction and supervision of dentists, provided that such clinical instructors have instructed continuously in this State since January 1, 1986; or
 - (ii) when holding the rank of full professor at such approved dental school or college and possessing a current valid license or authorization to practice dentistry in another country; or
- (e) The practice of dentistry by licensed dentists of other states or countries at meetings of the Illinois State Dental Society or component parts thereof, alumni meetings of dental colleges, or any other like dental organizations, while appearing as clinicians; or
- (f) The use of X-Ray machines for exposing X-Ray films of dental or oral tissues by dental hygienists or dental assistants; or
- (g) The performance of any dental service by a dental assistant, if such service is performed under the supervision and full responsibility of a dentist. In

addition, after being authorized by a dentist, a dental assistant may, for the purpose of eliminating pain or discomfort, remove loose, broken, or irritating orthodontic appliances on a patient of record.

For purposes of this paragraph (g), "dental service" is defined to mean any intraoral procedure or act which shall be prescribed by rule or regulation of the Department. Dental service, however, shall not include:

- (1) Any and all diagnosis of or prescription for treatment of disease, pain, deformity, deficiency, injury or physical condition of the human teeth or jaws, or adjacent structures.
- (2) Removal of, or restoration of, or addition to the hard or soft tissues of the oral cavity, except for the placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam restorations and placing, packing, and finishing composite restorations by dental assistants who have had additional formal education and certification.

A dental assistant may place, carve, and finish amalgam restorations, place, pack, and finish composite restorations, and place interim restorations if he or she (A) has successfully completed a structured training program as described in item (2) of subsection (g) provided by an educational institution accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation, such as a dental school or dental

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hygiene or dental assistant program, or (B) has at least 4,000 hours of direct clinical patient care experience and has successfully completed a structured training program as described in item (2) subsection (q) provided by a statewide association, approved by the Department to provide continuing education, that has developed and conducted training programs for expanded functions for dental assistants or hygienists. The training program must: (i) include a minimum of 16 hours of didactic study and 14 hours of clinical manikin instruction; all training programs shall include areas of study in nomenclature, caries classifications, oral anatomy, periodontium, basic occlusion, instrumentations, pulp protection liners and bases, dental materials, matrix and wedge techniques, amalgam placement and carving, rubber dam clamp placement, and rubber dam placement and removal; (ii) include an outcome assessment examination that demonstrates competency; (iii) require the supervising dentist to observe and approve the completion of 8 amalgam or composite restorations; and (iv) issue a certificate of completion of the training program, which must be kept on file at the dental office and be made available to the Department upon request. A dental assistant must have successfully completed an approved coronal polishing and dental sealant course

prior to taking the amalgam and composite restoration course.

A dentist utilizing dental assistants shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam restorations or for placing, packing, and finishing composite restorations.

- (3) Any and all correction of malformation of teeth or of the jaws.
- (4) Administration of anesthetics, except for monitoring of nitrous oxide, conscious sedation, deep sedation, and general anesthetic as provided in Section 8.1 of this Act, that may be performed only after successful completion of a training program approved by the Department. A dentist utilizing dental assistants shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for the monitoring of nitrous oxide.
 - (5) Removal of calculus from human teeth.
- (6) Taking of material or digital scans for final impressions for the fabrication of prosthetic appliances, crowns, bridges, inlays, onlays, or other restorative or replacement dentistry.
- (7) The operative procedure of dental hygiene consisting of oral prophylactic procedures, except for coronal polishing and pit and fissure sealants, which

may be performed by a dental assistant who has successfully completed a training program approved by the Department. Dental assistants may perform coronal polishing under the following circumstances: (i) the coronal polishing shall be limited to polishing the clinical crown of the tooth and existing restorations, supragingivally; (ii) the dental assistant performing the coronal polishing shall be limited to the use of rotary instruments using a rubber cup or brush polishing method (air polishing is not permitted); and (iii) the supervising dentist shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for the task of coronal polishing or pit and fissure sealants.

In addition to coronal polishing and pit and fissure sealants as described in this item (7), a dental assistant who has at least 2,000 hours of direct clinical patient care experience and who has successfully completed a structured training program provided by (1) an educational institution including, but not limited to, such as a dental school or dental hygiene or dental assistant program, (2) a continuing education provider approved by the Department, or (3) or (2) by a statewide dental or dental hygienist association, approved by the Department on or before January 1, 2017 (the effective date of Public Act 99-680), that has developed and conducted a training

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program for expanded functions for dental assistants or hygienists may perform: (A) coronal scaling above the gum line, supragingivally, on the clinical crown of the tooth only on patients 19 12 years of age or younger who have an absence of periodontal disease and who are not medically compromised or individuals with special needs and (B) intracoronal temporization of a The training program must: (I) include tooth. minimum of 16 hours of instruction in both didactic and clinical manikin or human subject instruction; all training programs shall include areas of study in dental anatomy, public health dentistry, medical history, dental emergencies, and managing pediatric patient; (II) include an outcome assessment examination that demonstrates competency; require the supervising dentist to observe and approve the completion of 6 full mouth supragingival scaling procedures unless the training was received as part of a Commission on Dental Accreditation approved dental assistant program; and (IV) issue a certificate of completion of the training program, which must be kept on file at the dental office and be made available to the Department upon request. A dental assistant must have successfully completed an approved coronal polishing course prior to taking the coronal scaling course. A dental assistant performing these functions

In addition, coronal scaling as described in this paragraph shall only be utilized on patients who are eligible for Medicaid or who are uninsured and whose household income is not greater than 200% of the federal poverty level. A dentist may not supervise more than 2 dental assistants at any one time for the task of coronal scaling. This paragraph is inoperative on and after January 1, 2026.

The limitations on the number of dental assistants a dentist may supervise contained in items (2), (4), and (7) of this paragraph (g) mean a limit of 4 total dental assistants or dental hygienists doing expanded functions covered by these Sections being supervised by one dentist; or

- (h) The practice of dentistry by an individual who:
- (i) has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a general dental license and has complied with all provisions of Section 9 of this Act, except for the passage of the examination specified in subsection (e) of Section 9 of this Act; or
- (ii) has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a temporary dental license and has complied with all provisions of subsection (c) of Section 11 of this

Т	ACC; and
2	(iii) has been accepted or appointed for specialty
3	or residency training by a hospital situated in this
4	State; or
5	(iv) has been accepted or appointed for specialty
6	training in an approved dental program situated in
7	this State; or
8	(v) has been accepted or appointed for specialty
9	training in a dental public health agency situated in
10	this State.
11	The applicant shall be permitted to practice dentistry
12	for a period of 3 months from the starting date of the
13	program, unless authorized in writing by the Department to
14	continue such practice for a period specified in writing
15	by the Department.
16	The applicant shall only be entitled to perform such
17	acts as may be prescribed by and incidental to his or her
18	program of residency or specialty training and shall not
19	otherwise engage in the practice of dentistry in this
20	State.
21	The authority to practice shall terminate immediately
22	upon:
23	(1) the decision of the Department that the
24	applicant has failed the examination; or
25	(2) denial of licensure by the Department; or
26	(3) withdrawal of the application.

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- 1 (Source: P.A. 101-162, eff. 7-26-19; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 2 (225 ILCS 25/17.1)
- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2026)
- 4 Sec. 17.1. Expanded function dental assistants.
- 5 (a) A dental assistant who has completed training as 6 provided in subsection (b) of this Section in all of the 7 following areas may hold himself or herself out as an expanded 8 function dental assistant:
 - (1) Taking material or digital scans for final impressions after completing a training program that includes either didactic objectives or clinical skills and functions that demonstrate competency.
 - (2) Performing pulp vitality test after completing a training program that includes either didactic objectives or clinical skills and functions that demonstrate competency.
 - (3) (Blank). Placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam restorations and placing, packing, and finishing composite restorations as allowed under Section 17.
 - (4) Starting the flow of oxygen and monitoring of nitrous oxide-oxygen analgesia as allowed under Section 17.
- 23 (5) Coronal polishing and pit and fissure sealants as 24 allowed under Section 17.
 - (6) Coronal scaling as allowed under Section 17.

(7) Intracoronal temporization of a tooth.

All procedures listed in paragraphs (1) through (7) (5) for dental assistants must be performed under the supervision of a dentist, requiring the dentist authorizes the procedure, remains in the dental facility while the procedure is performed, and approves the work performed by the dental assistant before dismissal of the patient, but the dentist is not required to be present at all times in the treatment room.

After the completion of training as provided in subsection (b) of this Section, an expanded function dental assistant may perform any of the services listed in this subsection (a) pursuant to the limitations of this Act.

(b) Certification and training as an expanded function dental assistant must be obtained from one of the following sources: (i) an approved continuing education sponsor; (ii) a dental assistant training program approved by the Commission on Dental Accreditation of the American Dental Association; or (iii) a training program approved by the Department.

Training required under this subsection (b) must also include Basic Life Support certification, as described in Section 16 of this Act. Proof of current certification shall be kept on file with the supervising dentist.

(c) Any procedures listed in subsection (a) that are performed by an expanded function dental assistant must be approved by the supervising dentist and examined prior to dismissal of the patient. The supervising dentist shall be

- 1 responsible for all dental services or procedures performed by
- 2 the dental assistant.
- 3 (d) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to alter
- 4 the number of dental assistants that a dentist may supervise
- 5 under paragraph (g) of Section 17 of this Act.
- 6 (e) Nothing in this Act shall: (1) require a dental
- 7 assistant to be certified as an expanded function dental
- 8 assistant or (2) prevent a dentist from training dental
- 9 assistants in accordance with the provisions of Section 17 or
- 10 17.1 of this Act or rules pertaining to dental assistant
- 11 duties.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 100-215, eff. 1-1-18; 100-976, eff. 1-1-19;
- 13 101-162, eff. 7-26-19.)
- Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes
- 15 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text
- that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section
- 17 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does
- 18 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes
- 19 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other
- 20 Public Act.