HB4260 Engrossed

1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Health Care Surrogate Act is amended by 5 changing Section 10 as follows:

6 (755 ILCS 40/10) (from Ch. 110 1/2, par. 851-10)

7 (Text of Section from P.A. 102-140)

8 Sec. 10. Definitions.

9 "Adult" means a person who is (i) 18 years of age or older 10 or (ii) an emancipated minor under the Emancipation of Minors 11 Act.

"Artificial nutrition and hydration" means supplying food and water through a conduit, such as a tube or intravenous line, where the recipient is not required to chew or swallow voluntarily, including, but not limited to, nasogastric tubes, gastrostomies, jejunostomies, and intravenous infusions. Artificial nutrition and hydration does not include assisted feeding, such as spoon or bottle feeding.

19 "Available" means that a person is not "unavailable". A
20 person is unavailable if (i) the person's existence is not
21 known, (ii) the person has not been able to be contacted by
22 telephone or mail, or (iii) the person lacks decisional
23 capacity, refuses to accept the office of surrogate, or is

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1 unwilling to respond in a manner that indicates a choice among 2 the treatment matters at issue.

3 "Attending physician" means the physician selected by or 4 assigned to the patient who has primary responsibility for 5 treatment and care of the patient and who is a licensed 6 physician in Illinois <u>or a physician licensed in the state</u> 7 <u>where the patient is being treated</u>. If more than one physician 8 shares that responsibility, any of those physicians may act as 9 the attending physician under this Act.

10 "Close friend" means any person 18 years of age or older 11 who has exhibited special care and concern for the patient and 12 who presents an affidavit to the attending physician stating that he or she (i) is a close friend of the patient, (ii) is 13 14 willing and able to become involved in the patient's health 15 care, and (iii) has maintained such regular contact with the 16 patient as to be familiar with the patient's activities, 17 health, and religious and moral beliefs. The affidavit must also state facts and circumstances that demonstrate that 18 19 familiarity.

20 when, according to accepted medical "Death" means (i) 21 standards, there is an irreversible cessation of 22 circulatory and respiratory functions or (ii) an irreversible 23 cessation of all functions of the entire brain, including the 24 brain stem.

25 "Decisional capacity" means the ability to understand and 26 appreciate the nature and consequences of a decision regarding HB4260 Engrossed - 3 - LRB102 21425 LNS 30541 b

1 medical treatment or forgoing life-sustaining treatment and 2 the ability to reach and communicate an informed decision in 3 the matter as determined by the attending physician.

4 "Forgo life-sustaining treatment" means to withhold, 5 withdraw, or terminate all or any portion of life-sustaining 6 treatment with knowledge that the patient's death is likely to 7 result.

8 "Guardian" means a court appointed guardian of the person 9 who serves as a representative of a minor or as a 10 representative of a person under legal disability.

"Health care facility" means a type of health care provider commonly known by a wide variety of titles, including but not limited to, hospitals, medical centers, nursing homes, rehabilitation centers, long term or tertiary care facilities, and other facilities established to administer health care and provide overnight stays in their ordinary course of business or practice.

"Health care provider" means a person that is licensed, 18 certified, or otherwise authorized or permitted by the law of 19 20 this State or licensed in the state where the patient is being treated to administer health care in the ordinary course of 21 22 business or practice of a profession, including, but not 23 limited to, physicians, nurses, health care facilities, and any employee, officer, director, agent, or person under 24 25 contract with such a person.

26 "Imminent" (as in "death is imminent") means a

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determination made by the attending physician according to accepted medical standards that death will occur in a relatively short period of time, even if life-sustaining treatment is initiated or continued.

5 "Life-sustaining treatment" means any medical treatment, procedure, or intervention that, in the judgment of the 6 attending physician, when applied to a patient with a 7 8 qualifying condition, would not be effective to remove the 9 qualifying condition or would serve only to prolong the dying 10 process. Those procedures can include, but are not limited to, assisted ventilation, renal dialysis, surgical procedures, 11 12 blood transfusions, and the administration of drugs, 13 antibiotics, and artificial nutrition and hydration.

14 "Minor" means an individual who is not an adult as defined 15 in this Act.

16 "Parent" means a person who is the natural or adoptive 17 mother or father of the child and whose parental rights have 18 not been terminated by a court of law.

19 "Patient" means an adult or minor individual, unless 20 otherwise specified, under the care or treatment of a licensed 21 physician or other health care provider.

22 "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a business 23 trust, a trust, a partnership, an association, a government, a 24 governmental subdivision or agency, or any other legal entity.

25 "Qualifying condition" means the existence of one or more 26 of the following conditions in a patient certified in writing HB4260 Engrossed - 5 - LRB102 21425 LNS 30541 b

in the patient's medical record by the attending physician and by at least one other qualified health care practitioner:

3 (1) "Terminal condition" means an illness or injury 4 for which there is no reasonable prospect of cure or 5 recovery, death is imminent, and the application of 6 life-sustaining treatment would only prolong the dying 7 process.

"Permanent unconsciousness" means a condition (2) 8 9 that, to a high degree of medical certainty, (i) will last 10 permanently, without improvement, (ii) in which thought, 11 sensation, purposeful action, social interaction, and 12 awareness of self and environment are absent, and (iii) 13 for which initiating or continuing life-sustaining 14 treatment, in light of the patient's medical condition, 15 provides only minimal medical benefit.

16 (3) "Incurable or irreversible condition" means an 17 illness or injury (i) for which there is no reasonable prospect of cure or recovery, (ii) that ultimately will 18 19 the patient's death even if life-sustaining cause treatment is initiated or continued, (iii) that imposes 20 severe pain or otherwise imposes an inhumane burden on the 21 22 patient, and (iv) for which initiating or continuing 23 life-sustaining treatment, in light of the patient's 24 medical condition, provides only minimal medical benefit.

The determination that a patient has a qualifying condition creates no presumption regarding the application or HB4260 Engrossed - 6 - LRB102 21425 LNS 30541 b

non-application of life-sustaining treatment. It is only after 1 2 a determination by the attending physician that the patient 3 has a qualifying condition that the surrogate decision maker may consider whether or not to forgo life-sustaining 4 5 treatment. In making this decision, the surrogate shall weigh the burdens on the patient of initiating or continuing 6 7 life-sustaining treatment against the benefits of that 8 treatment.

9 "Qualified health care practitioner" means an individual 10 who has personally examined the patient and who is licensed in 11 an Illinois or in the state where the patient is being treated 12 and who is a licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, or resident with at least one year 13 14 of graduate or specialty training in this State who holds a an Illinois temporary license to practice medicine and is 15 16 enrolled in a residency program accredited by the Liaison 17 Committee on Graduate Medical Education or the Bureau of Professional Education of 18 the American Osteopathic 19 Association.

20 "Physician" means a physician licensed to practice 21 medicine in all its branches in this State <u>or in the state</u> 22 <u>where the patient is being treated</u>.

23 "Surrogate decision maker" means an adult individual or 24 individuals who (i) have decisional capacity, (ii) are 25 available upon reasonable inquiry, (iii) are willing to make 26 medical treatment decisions on behalf of a patient who lacks HB4260 Engrossed - 7 - LRB102 21425 LNS 30541 b

decisional capacity, and (iv) are identified by the attending physician in accordance with the provisions of this Act as the person or persons who are to make those decisions in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

5 (Source: P.A. 102-140, eff. 1-1-22.)

6 (Text of Section from P.A. 102-182)

7 Sec. 10. Definitions.

8 "Adult" means a person who is (i) 18 years of age or older 9 or (ii) an emancipated minor under the Emancipation of Minors 10 Act.

11 "Artificial nutrition and hydration" means supplying food 12 and water through a conduit, such as a tube or intravenous 13 line, where the recipient is not required to chew or swallow 14 voluntarily, including, but not limited to, nasogastric tubes, 15 gastrostomies, jejunostomies, and intravenous infusions. 16 Artificial nutrition and hydration does not include assisted feeding, such as spoon or bottle feeding. 17

"Available" means that a person is not "unavailable". A person is unavailable if (i) the person's existence is not known, (ii) the person has not been able to be contacted by telephone or mail, or (iii) the person lacks decisional capacity, refuses to accept the office of surrogate, or is unwilling to respond in a manner that indicates a choice among the treatment matters at issue.

25 "Attending physician" means the physician selected by or

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assigned to the patient who has primary responsibility for treatment and care of the patient and who is a licensed physician in Illinois or a physician licensed in the state where the patient is being treated. If more than one physician shares that responsibility, any of those physicians may act as the attending physician under this Act.

"Close friend" means any person 18 years of age or older 7 8 who has exhibited special care and concern for the patient and 9 who presents an affidavit to the attending physician stating 10 that he or she (i) is a close friend of the patient, (ii) is 11 willing and able to become involved in the patient's health 12 care, and (iii) has maintained such regular contact with the patient as to be familiar with the patient's activities, 13 health, and religious and moral beliefs. The affidavit must 14 also state facts and circumstances that demonstrate that 15 16 familiarity.

17 "Death" means when, according to accepted medical is (i) irreversible cessation 18 standards, there an of circulatory and respiratory functions or (ii) an irreversible 19 20 cessation of all functions of the entire brain, including the brain stem. 21

"Decisional capacity" means the ability to understand and appreciate the nature and consequences of a decision regarding medical treatment or forgoing life-sustaining treatment and the ability to reach and communicate an informed decision in the matter as determined by the attending physician. HB4260 Engrossed - 9 - LRB102 21425 LNS 30541 b

1 "Forgo life-sustaining treatment" means to withhold, 2 withdraw, or terminate all or any portion of life-sustaining 3 treatment with knowledge that the patient's death is likely to 4 result.

5 "Guardian" means a court appointed guardian of the person 6 who serves as a representative of a minor or as a 7 representative of a person under legal disability.

8 "Health care facility" means a type of health care 9 provider commonly known by a wide variety of titles, including 10 but not limited to, hospitals, medical centers, nursing homes, 11 rehabilitation centers, long term or tertiary care facilities, 12 and other facilities established to administer health care and 13 provide overnight stays in their ordinary course of business 14 or practice.

15 "Health care provider" means a person that is licensed, 16 certified, or otherwise authorized or permitted by the law of 17 this State or licensed in the state where the patient is being treated to administer health care in the ordinary course of 18 business or practice of a profession, including, but not 19 20 limited to, physicians, nurses, health care facilities, and any employee, officer, director, agent, or person under 21 22 contract with such a person.

23 "Imminent" (as in "death is imminent") means a 24 determination made by the attending physician according to 25 accepted medical standards that death will occur in a 26 relatively short period of time, even if life-sustaining HB4260 Engrossed - 10 - LRB102 21425 LNS 30541 b

1 treatment is initiated or continued.

2 "Life-sustaining treatment" means any medical treatment, 3 procedure, or intervention that, in the judgment of the attending physician, when applied to a patient with a 4 5 qualifying condition, would not be effective to remove the qualifying condition or would serve only to prolong the dying 6 7 process. Those procedures can include, but are not limited to, 8 assisted ventilation, renal dialysis, surgical procedures, 9 blood transfusions, and the administration of drugs, 10 antibiotics, and artificial nutrition and hydration.

11 "Minor" means an individual who is not an adult as defined 12 in this Act.

13 "Parent" means a person who is the natural or adoptive 14 mother or father of the child and whose parental rights have 15 not been terminated by a court of law.

16 "Patient" means an adult or minor individual, unless 17 otherwise specified, under the care or treatment of a licensed 18 physician or other health care provider.

19 "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a business 20 trust, a trust, a partnership, an association, a government, a 21 governmental subdivision or agency, or any other legal entity.

"Qualifying condition" means the existence of one or more of the following conditions in a patient certified in writing in the patient's medical record by the attending physician and by at least one other qualified <u>health care practitioner</u> physician: HB4260 Engrossed

1 (1) "Terminal condition" means an illness or injury 2 for which there is no reasonable prospect of cure or 3 recovery, death is imminent, and the application of 4 life-sustaining treatment would only prolong the dying 5 process.

"Permanent unconsciousness" means a condition 6 (2) that, to a high degree of medical certainty, (i) will last 7 permanently, without improvement, (ii) in which thought, 8 9 sensation, purposeful action, social interaction, and 10 awareness of self and environment are absent, and (iii) 11 for which initiating or continuing life-sustaining 12 treatment, in light of the patient's medical condition, provides only minimal medical benefit. 13

(3) "Incurable or irreversible condition" means an 14 15 illness or injury (i) for which there is no reasonable 16 prospect of cure or recovery, (ii) that ultimately will 17 patient's death even if life-sustaining cause the treatment is initiated or continued, (iii) that imposes 18 19 severe pain or otherwise imposes an inhumane burden on the 20 patient, and (iv) for which initiating or continuing 21 life-sustaining treatment, in light of the patient's 22 medical condition, provides only minimal medical benefit.

The determination that a patient has a qualifying condition creates no presumption regarding the application or non-application of life-sustaining treatment. It is only after a determination by the attending physician that the patient HB4260 Engrossed - 12 - LRB102 21425 LNS 30541 b

has a qualifying condition that the surrogate decision maker may consider whether or not to forgo life-sustaining treatment. In making this decision, the surrogate shall weigh the burdens on the patient of initiating or continuing life-sustaining treatment against the benefits of that treatment.

"Qualified health care practitioner" means an individual 7 8 who has personally examined the patient and who is licensed in 9 Illinois or in the state where the patient is being treated and 10 who is a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, 11 physician assistant, or resident with at least one year of 12 graduate or specialty training who holds a temporary license 13 to practice medicine and is enrolled in a residency program 14 accredited by the Liaison Committee on Graduate Medical Education or the Bureau of Professional Education of the 15 American Osteopathic Association. 16

17 <u>"Physician" means a physician licensed to practice</u> 18 <u>medicine in all its branches in this State or in the state</u> 19 <u>where the patient is being treated.</u>

20 "Qualified physician" means a physician licensed to 21 practice medicine in all of its branches in Illinois or a 22 physician licensed in the state where the patient is being 23 treated who has personally examined the patient.

24 "Surrogate decision maker" means an adult individual or 25 individuals who (i) have decisional capacity, (ii) are 26 available upon reasonable inquiry, (iii) are willing to make HB4260 Engrossed - 13 - LRB102 21425 LNS 30541 b

1 medical treatment decisions on behalf of a patient who lacks 2 decisional capacity, and (iv) are identified by the attending 3 physician in accordance with the provisions of this Act as the 4 person or persons who are to make those decisions in 5 accordance with the provisions of this Act.

6 (Source: P.A. 102-182, eff. 7-30-21.)

7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon8 becoming law.