

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB3815

Introduced 2/22/2021, by Rep. Thaddeus Jones

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act
820 ILCS 315/2 from Ch. 48, par. 282
820 ILCS 315/3 from Ch. 48, par. 283
820 ILCS 315/4 from Ch. 48, par. 284

Creates the COVID-19 Family Assistance Program. Provides for the Illinois Department of Public Health to administer a program for the payment of \$25,000 to families of persons who die because of COVID-19. Authorizes the Department to adopt rules necessary for the administration of the Program. Requires annual reports to the Governor and General Assembly. Amends the Line of Duty Compensation Act. Creates a benefit of \$50,000 for health care workers who die as a result of COVID-19. Defines terms. Effective immediately.

LRB102 11448 JLS 16782 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning employment.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the COVID-19 Family Assistance Program Act.
- 6 Section 5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:
- 7 (1) the coronavirus first began to impact Illinois in 8 January of 2020;
- 9 (2) across Illinois, the COVID-19 pandemic has taken 10 countless lives and created unprecedented challenges for 11 many others;
- 12 (3) there have been over 20,000 deaths in Illinois as 13 of January 2021;
- 14 (4) payments for current COVID-19 reimbursement 15 legislation will total over \$200,000,000; and
- 16 (5) this Act will spread the financial burden out over several years.
- 18 Section 10. Definitions.
- "COVID-19" means the illness caused by the coronavirus
 SARS-CoV-2.
- "Department" means the Illinois Department of Public health.

- 1 Section 15. COVID-19 Family Assistance Program.
- 2 (a) There is established within the Department a COVID-19
- 3 Family Assistance Program, which is charged with the
- 4 responsibility of providing assistance to families of persons
- 5 who die as a result of COVID-19.
- 6 (b) A family is entitled to assistance under this Act if,
- 7 within one year after the death of a family member resulting
- 8 from COVID-19, an application is filed, under oath, with the
- 9 Department on a form prescribed by the Department.
- 10 Section 20. Amount of assistance. The amount of assistance
- under this Act is \$25,000 payable in a lump sum. Payments under
- 12 this Act are subject to appropriation. Payments with respect
- to persons who died in 2020 shall be made in fiscal year 2022.
- 14 Payments with respect to persons who die in 2021 shall be made
- in fiscal year 2023.
- 16 Section 25. Rules. The Department shall adopt rules
- 17 necessary for the administration of the COVID-19 Family
- 18 Assistance Program.
- 19 Section 30. Annual report. On or before January 1 of each
- 20 year, the Department shall report to the Governor and to the
- 21 General Assembly the following information:
- 22 (1) the number of claims filed with the Department

- 1 under this Act;
- 2 (2) the number of claims approved for payment by the
- 3 Department during the preceding calendar year; and
- 4 (3) other information as may be requested by the
- 5 Governor.
- 6 Section 35. Cessation of payments under the Act.
- 7 Compensation under this Act shall not be paid with respect to a
- 8 death that resulted from an exposure to COVID-19 occurring
- 9 after the expiration of all Executive Orders issued by the
- 10 Governor declaring an emergency as a result of COVID-19.
- 11 Section 90. The Line of Duty Compensation Act is amended
- by changing Sections 2, 3, and 4 as follows:
- 13 (820 ILCS 315/2) (from Ch. 48, par. 282)
- 14 Sec. 2. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise
- 15 requires:
- 16 (a) "Law enforcement officer" or "officer" means any
- 17 person employed by the State or a local governmental entity as
- 18 a policeman, peace officer, auxiliary policeman or in some
- 19 like position involving the enforcement of the law and
- 20 protection of the public interest at the risk of that person's
- 21 life. This includes supervisors, wardens, superintendents and
- their assistants, guards and keepers, correctional officers,
- 23 youth supervisors, parole agents, aftercare specialists,

school teachers and correctional counsellors in all facilities of both the Department of Corrections and the Department of Juvenile Justice, while within the facilities under the control of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice or in the act of transporting inmates or wards from one location to another or while performing their official duties, and all other Department of Correction or Department of Juvenile Justice employees who have daily contact with inmates.

The death of the foregoing employees of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice in order to be included herein must be by the direct or indirect willful act of an inmate, ward, work-releasee, parolee, aftercare releasee, parole violator, aftercare release violator, person under conditional release, or any person sentenced or committed, or otherwise subject to confinement in or to the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice.

- (b) "Fireman" means any person employed by the State or a local governmental entity as, or otherwise serving as, a member or officer of a fire department either for the purpose of the prevention or control of fire or the underwater recovery of drowning victims, including volunteer firemen.
- 24 (c) "Local governmental entity" includes counties, 25 municipalities and municipal corporations.
- 26 (d) "State" means the State of Illinois and its

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

departments, divisions, boards, bureaus, commissions, authorities and colleges and universities.

(e) "Killed in the line of duty" means losing one's life as a result of injury received in the active performance of duties as a law enforcement officer, civil defense worker, civil air patrol member, paramedic, fireman, or chaplain if the death occurs within one year from the date the injury was received and if that injury arose from violence or other accidental cause. In the case of health care worker, "killed in the line of duty" means losing one's life as a result of COVID-19. In the case of a State employee, "killed in the line of duty" means losing one's life as a result of injury received in the active performance of one's duties as a State employee, if the death occurs within one year from the date the injury was received and if that injury arose from a willful act of violence by another State employee committed during such other employee's course of employment and after January 1, 1988. The term excludes death resulting from the willful misconduct or intoxication of the officer, civil defense worker, civil air patrol member, paramedic, fireman, chaplain, or employee. However, the burden of proof of such willful misconduct or intoxication of the officer, civil defense worker, civil air patrol member, paramedic, fireman, chaplain, or State employee is on the Attorney General. Subject to the conditions set forth in subsection (a) with respect to inclusion under this Act of Department of Corrections and

- Department of Juvenile Justice employees described in that subsection, for the purposes of this Act, instances in which a law enforcement officer receives an injury in the active performance of duties as a law enforcement officer include but are not limited to instances when:
 - (1) the injury is received as a result of a wilful act of violence committed other than by the officer and a relationship exists between the commission of such act and the officer's performance of his duties as a law enforcement officer, whether or not the injury is received while the officer is on duty as a law enforcement officer;
 - (2) the injury is received by the officer while the officer is attempting to prevent the commission of a criminal act by another or attempting to apprehend an individual the officer suspects has committed a crime, whether or not the injury is received while the officer is on duty as a law enforcement officer;
 - (3) the injury is received by the officer while the officer is travelling to or from his employment as a law enforcement officer or during any meal break, or other break, which takes place during the period in which the officer is on duty as a law enforcement officer.

In the case of an Armed Forces member, "killed in the line of duty" means losing one's life while on active duty in connection with the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks on the United States, Operation Enduring Freedom, Operation

- Freedom's Sentinel, Operation Iraqi Freedom, Operation New Dawn, or Operation Inherent Resolve.
 - (f) "Volunteer fireman" means a person having principal employment other than as a fireman, but who is carried on the rolls of a regularly constituted fire department either for the purpose of the prevention or control of fire or the underwater recovery of drowning victims, the members of which are under the jurisdiction of the corporate authorities of a city, village, incorporated town, or fire protection district, and includes a volunteer member of a fire department organized under the "General Not for Profit Corporation Act", approved July 17, 1943, as now or hereafter amended, which is under contract with any city, village, incorporated town, fire protection district, or persons residing therein, for fire fighting services. "Volunteer fireman" does not mean an individual who volunteers assistance without being regularly enrolled as a fireman.
 - (g) "Civil defense worker" means any person employed by the State or a local governmental entity as, or otherwise serving as, a member of a civil defense work force, including volunteer civil defense work forces engaged in serving the public interest during periods of disaster, whether natural or man-made.
 - (h) "Civil air patrol member" means any person employed by the State or a local governmental entity as, or otherwise serving as, a member of the organization commonly known as the

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- 1 "Civil Air Patrol", including volunteer members of the organization commonly known as the "Civil Air Patrol".
- "Paramedic" 3 (i) means an Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic certified by the Illinois Department of 4 5 Public Health under the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act, and all other emergency medical personnel 6 7 certified by the Illinois Department of Public Health who are 8 members of an organized body or not-for-profit corporation 9 under the jurisdiction of a city, village, incorporated town, 10 fire protection district or county, that provides emergency 11 medical treatment to persons of a defined geographical area.
- 12 (j) "State employee" means any employee as defined in 13 Section 14-103.05 of the Illinois Pension Code, as now or 14 hereafter amended.
 - (k) "Chaplain" means an individual who:
 - (1) is a chaplain of (i) a fire department or (ii) a police department or other agency consisting of law enforcement officers; and
 - (2) has been designated a chaplain by (i) the fire department, police department, or other agency or an officer or body having jurisdiction over the department or agency or (ii) a labor organization representing the firemen or law enforcement officers.
- (1) "Armed Forces member" means an Illinois resident who is: a member of the Armed Forces of the United States; a member of the Illinois National Guard while on active military

- 1 service pursuant to an order of the President of the United
- 2 States; or a member of any reserve component of the Armed
- 3 Forces of the United States while on active military service
- 4 pursuant to an order of the President of the United States.
- 5 (m) "COVID-19" means the illness caused by the coronavirus
- 6 SARS-CoV-2.
- 7 (n) "Health care worker" means a person who has the
- 8 potential to be exposed to patients and infectious materials
- 9 <u>such as contaminated medical supplies, contaminated equipment,</u>
- 10 <u>contaminated environmental surfaces, and contaminated air.</u>
- 11 "Health care worker" includes, but is not limited to,
- 12 physicians, nurses, nursing assistants, technicians, emergency
- 13 medical service personnel, laboratory personnel, and persons
- 14 not directly involved in patient care such as dietary,
- housekeeping, laundry, security, maintenance, and volunteers,
- 16 but who are potentially exposed to infectious diseases.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 100-226, eff. 8-18-17.)
- 18 (820 ILCS 315/3) (from Ch. 48, par. 283)
- 19 Sec. 3. Duty death benefit.
- 20 (a) If a claim therefor is made within one year of the date
- of death of a law enforcement officer, civil defense worker,
- 22 civil air patrol member, paramedic, fireman, chaplain, or
- 23 State employee killed in the line of duty, or if a claim
- therefor is made within 2 years of the date of death of an
- 25 Armed Forces member killed in the line of duty, compensation

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

shall be paid to the person designated by the law enforcement officer, civil defense worker, civil air patrol member, paramedic, fireman, chaplain, State employee, or Armed Forces member. However, if the Armed Forces member was killed in the line of duty before October 18, 2004, the claim must be made within one year of October 18, 2004. In the case of a health care worker, if a claim therefor in made within one year of the date of death as a result of COVID-19, compensation shall be paid to the person designated by the deceased.

(b) The amount of compensation, except for an Armed Forces member or health care worker, shall be \$10,000 if the death in the line of duty occurred prior to January 1, 1974; \$20,000 if such death occurred after December 31, 1973 and before July 1, 1983; \$50,000 if such death occurred on or after July 1, 1983 and before January 1, 1996; \$100,000 if the death occurred on or after January 1, 1996 and before May 18, 2001; \$118,000 if the death occurred on or after May 18, 2001 and before July 1, 2002; and \$259,038 if the death occurred on or after July 1, 2002 and before January 1, 2003. For an Armed Forces member killed in the line of duty (i) at any time before January 1, 2005, the compensation is \$259,038 plus amounts equal to the increases for 2003 and 2004 determined under subsection (c) and (ii) on or after January 1, 2005, the compensation is the amount determined under item (i) plus the applicable increases for 2005 and thereafter determined under subsection (c). For a health care worker whose death is the result of COVID-19,

- compensation shall be \$50,000 and shall not be adjusted as provided in subsection (c). Compensation for the death of a health care worker shall not be paid with respect to a health care worker whose death resulted from an exposure to COVID-19 occurring after the expiration of all Executive Orders issued by the Governor declaring an emergency as a result of COVID-19.
 - (c) Except as provided in subsection (b), for deaths occurring on or after January 1, 2003, the death compensation rate for death in the line of duty occurring in a particular calendar year shall be the death compensation rate for death occurring in the previous calendar year (or in the case of deaths occurring in 2003, the rate in effect on December 31, 2002) increased by a percentage thereof equal to the percentage increase, if any, in the index known as the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers: U.S. city average, unadjusted, for all items, as published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the 12 months ending with the month of June of that previous calendar year.
 - (d) If no beneficiary is designated or if no designated beneficiary survives at the death of the law enforcement officer, civil defense worker, civil air patrol member, paramedic, fireman, chaplain, or State employee killed in the line of duty or health care worker killed as a result of COVID-19, the compensation shall be paid in accordance with a

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- legally binding will left by the law enforcement officer, civil defense worker, civil air patrol member, paramedic, 2 3 fireman, chaplain, health care worker, or State employee. If the law enforcement officer, civil defense worker, civil air 5 patrol member, paramedic, fireman, chaplain, health care
- worker, or State employee did not leave a legally binding 6
- 7 will, the compensation shall be paid as follows:
 - (1) when there is a surviving spouse, the entire sum shall be paid to the spouse;
 - (2) when there is no surviving spouse, but a surviving descendant of the decedent, the entire sum shall be paid to the decedent's descendants per stirpes;
 - (3) when there is neither a surviving spouse nor a surviving descendant, the entire sum shall be paid to the parents of the decedent in equal parts, allowing to the surviving parent, if one is dead, the entire sum; and
 - (4) when there is no surviving spouse, descendant or parent of the decedent, but there are surviving brothers or sisters, or descendants of a brother or sister, who were receiving their principal support from the decedent at his death, the entire sum shall be paid, in equal parts, the dependent brothers or sisters or dependent descendant of a brother or sister. Dependency shall be determined by the Court of Claims based upon the investigation and report of the Attorney General.
 - The changes made to this subsection (d) by this amendatory Act

- of the 94th General Assembly apply to any pending case as long as compensation has not been paid to any party before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.
 - (d-1) For purposes of subsection (d), in the case of a person killed in the line of duty who was born out of wedlock and was not an adoptive child at the time of the person's death, a person shall be deemed to be a parent of the person killed in the line of duty only if that person would be an eligible parent, as defined in Section 2-2 of the Probate Act of 1975, of the person killed in the line of duty. This subsection (d-1) applies to any pending claim if compensation was not paid to the claimant of the pending claim before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.
 - (d-2) If no beneficiary is designated or if no designated beneficiary survives at the death of the Armed Forces member killed in the line of duty, the compensation shall be paid in entirety according to the designation made on the most recent version of the Armed Forces member's Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance Election and Certificate ("SGLI").
 - If no SGLI form exists at the time of the Armed Forces member's death, the compensation shall be paid in accordance with a legally binding will left by the Armed Forces member.
 - If no SGLI form exists for the Armed Forces member and the Armed Forces member did not leave a legally binding will, the

- 1 compensation shall be paid to the persons and in the priority
- 2 as set forth in paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (d) of
- 3 this Section.
- 4 This subsection (d-2) applies to any pending case as long
- 5 as compensation has not been paid to any party before the
- 6 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General
- 7 Assembly.
- 8 (e) If there is no beneficiary designated or if no
- 9 designated beneficiary survives at the death of the law
- 10 enforcement officer, civil defense worker, civil air patrol
- 11 member, paramedic, fireman, chaplain, State employee, or Armed
- 12 Forces member killed in the line of duty or health care worker
- killed as a result of COVID-19, and there is no other person or
- 14 entity to whom compensation is payable under this Section, no
- compensation shall be payable under this Act.
- 16 (f) No part of such compensation may be paid to any other
- person for any efforts in securing such compensation.
- 18 (g) This amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly
- 19 applies to claims made on or after October 18, 2004 with
- 20 respect to an Armed Forces member killed in the line of duty.
- 21 (h) In any case for which benefits have not been paid
- 22 within 6 months of the claim being filed in accordance with
- 23 this Section, which is pending as of the effective date of this
- amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, and in which
- 25 there are 2 or more beneficiaries, at least one of whom would
- 26 receive at least a portion of the total benefit regardless of

the manner in which the Court of Claims resolves the claim, the Court shall direct the Comptroller to pay the minimum amount of money which the determinate beneficiary would receive together with all interest payment penalties which have accrued on that portion of the award being paid within 30 days of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly. For purposes of this subsection (h), "determinate beneficiary" means the beneficiary who would receive any portion of the total benefit claimed regardless of the manner in which the Court of Claims adjudicates the claim.

- (i) The Court of Claims shall ensure that all individuals who have filed an application to claim the duty death benefit for a deceased member of the Armed Forces pursuant to this Section or for a fireman pursuant to this Section, or their designated representative, shall have access, on a timely basis and in an efficient manner, to all information related to the court's consideration, processing, or adjudication of the claim, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (1) a reliable estimate of when the Court of Claims will adjudicate the claim, or if the Court cannot estimate when it will adjudicate the claim, a full written explanation of the reasons for this inability; and
 - (2) a reliable estimate, based upon consultation with the Comptroller, of when the benefit will be paid to the claimant.
 - (j) The Court of Claims shall send written notice to all

claimants within 2 weeks of the initiation of a claim 1 2 indicating whether or not the application is complete. For 3 purposes of this subsection (j), an application is complete if a claimant has submitted to the Court of Claims all documents 5 and information the Court requires for adjudicating and paying the benefit amount. For purposes of this subsection (j), a 6 7 claim for the duty death benefit is initiated when a claimant 8 submits any of the application materials required for 9 adjudicating the claim to the Court of Claims. In the event a 10 claimant's application is incomplete, the Court shall include 11 in its written notice a list of the information or documents 12 which the claimant must submit in order for the application to be complete. In no case may the Court of Claims deny a claim 13 14 and subsequently re-adjudicate the same claim for the purpose 15 of evading or reducing the interest penalty payment amount 16 payable to any claimant.

- 17 (Source: P.A. 95-928, eff. 8-26-08; 96-539, eff. 1-1-10;
- 18 96-923, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 19 (820 ILCS 315/4) (from Ch. 48, par. 284)
- Sec. 4. Notwithstanding Section 3, no compensation is payable under this Act unless a claim therefor is filed, within the time specified by that Section with the Court of
- 23 Claims on an application prescribed and furnished by the
- 24 Attorney General and setting forth:
- 25 (a) the name, address and title or designation of the

position in which the officer, civil defense worker, civil air patrol member, paramedic, fireman, chaplain, State employee, or Armed Forces member was serving at the time of his death;

- (b) the names and addresses of person or persons designated by the officer, civil defense worker, civil air patrol member, paramedic, fireman, chaplain, State employee, health care worker, or Armed Forces member to receive the compensation and, if more than one, the percentage or share to be paid to each such person, or if there has been no such designation, the name and address of the personal representative of the estate of the officer, civil defense worker, civil air patrol member, paramedic, fireman, chaplain, State employee, health care worker, or Armed Forces member;
- (c) a full, factual account of the circumstances resulting in or the course of events causing the death of the officer, civil defense worker, civil air patrol member, paramedic, fireman, chaplain, State employee, health care worker, or Armed Forces member; and
- (d) such other information as the Court of Claims reasonably requires.
- When a claim is filed, the Attorney General shall make an investigation for substantiation of matters set forth in such an application.
- 26 For the 2 years immediately following the effective date

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

of this amendatory act of the 96th General Assembly, the Court shall of Claims direct the Comptroller to pay "Modified-Eligibility Line of Duty Benefit" to eligible late claimants who file a claim for the benefit. A claim for a Modified-Eligibility Line of Duty Benefit must include all the application materials and documents required for all other claims payable under this Act, except as otherwise provided in this Section 4. For purposes of this Section 4 only, an "eligible late claimant" is a person who would have been eligible, at any time after September 11, 2001, to apply for and receive payment of a claim pursuant to this Act in connection with the death of an Armed Forces member killed in the line of duty or a fireman killed in the line of duty, but did not receive the award payment because:

- (1) the claim was rejected only because the claim was not filed within the time limitation set forth in subsection (a) of Section 3 of this Act; or
- (2) having met all other preconditions for applying for and receiving the award payment, the claimant did not file a claim because the claim would not have been filed within the time limitation set forth in subsection (a) of Section 3 of this Act. For purposes of this Section 4 only, the "Modified-Eligibility Line of Duty Benefit" is an amount of money payable to eligible late claimants equal to the amount set forth in Section 3 of this Act payable to claimants seeking payment of awards under Section 3 of

- this Act for claims made thereunder in the year in which
 the claim for the Modified-Eligibility Line of Duty
 Benefit is made. Within 6 months of receiving a complete
 claim for the Modified-Eligibility Line of Duty Benefit,
 the Court of Claims must direct the Comptroller to pay the
 benefit amount to the eligible late claimant.

 (Source: P.A. 96-539, eff. 1-1-10; 96-923, eff. 1-1-11.)
- 8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.