

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB3755

Introduced 2/22/2021, by Rep. Charles Meier

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

520 ILCS 5/1.2s-1 new
520 ILCS 5/2.2 from Ch. 61, par. 2.2
520 ILCS 5/2.30 from Ch. 61, par. 2.30
520 ILCS 5/2.33 from Ch. 61, par. 2.33

Amends the Wildlife Code. Includes wild swine as a protected species covered by the Code. Sets forth definitions of "wild swine" for purposes of the Code. Provides that wild swine may be taken by hunting methods at any time. Provides further that wild swine may be taken during the open season by use of a small light that is worn on the body or hand-held by a person not in any vehicle. Effectively immediately.

LRB102 05134 CMG 15155 b

1 AN ACT concerning wildlife.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Wildlife Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 2.30, 2.2, and 2.33 and by adding Section 1.2s-1 as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (520 ILCS 5/1.2s-1 new)
- 8 Sec. 1.2s-1. "Wild swine" means feral swine, Eurasian wild
- 9 boar (Sus scrofa, including subspecies), and hybrids between
- 10 feral swine and Eurasian wild boar. "Feral swine" means
- 11 populations or individuals of any swine that are unrestrained
- and are living in a wild or free-roaming environment.
- 13 (520 ILCS 5/2.2) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.2)
- 14 Sec. 2.2. This Act shall apply only to the wild birds and
- 15 parts of wild birds (including, but not limited to, their
- nests and eggs), and wild mammals and parts of wild mammals,
- 17 which shall include their green hides, in the State of
- 18 Illinois, or which may be brought into the State.
- 19 Wildlife protected by this Act, hereby defined as
- 20 protected species, include the following wild species and all
- 21 wild species contained in listed families, including, but not
- 22 limited to, groups of wild species preceding each family name:

1 (except the House Sparrow, Passer domesticus; European 2 Starling, Sturnus vulgaris; and Rock Pigeon, Domestic Pigeon, 3 Columba livia; Purple Swamphen, Porphyrio porphyio; or Muscovy Duck, Cairina moschata). GAME BIRDS-Ruffed grouse, Bonasa 5 Sharp-tailed grouse, Tympanuchus phasianellus; Northern Bobwhite, Colinus virginianus; Gray Partridge, Perdix 6 7 Chukar, Alectoris chukar; Ring-necked Pheasant, 8 Phasianus colchicus; Greater Prairie Chicken, Tympanuchus 9 cupido; Wild Turkey, Meleagris gallopavo. MIGRATORY GAME 10 BIRDS-Waterfowl including brant, ducks, geese, and swans, 11 Anatidae; wild species of the families Rallidae, Scolopacidae, 12 Columbidae, and Corvidae that may be legally hunted as provided for in Section 2.18 of this Act. RESIDENT AND 13 14 NON-GAME BIRDS-Loons, Gaviidae; grebes, 15 Podicipedidae; pelicans, Pelecanidae; gannets, 16 cormorants, Phalacrocoracidae; anhingas, Anhingidae; 17 frigatebirds, Fregatidae; herons, bitterns and egrets, Ardeidae; ibises and spoonbills, Threskiornithidae; storks, 18 19 Ciconiidae; vultures, Cathartidae; kites, hawks, ospreys, and 20 eagles, Accipitridae; falcons, merlins, and kestrels, Falconidae; rails, gallinules, and moorhens, which may not be 21 22 legally hunted, Rallidae; cranes, Gruidae; all shorebirds that 23 may not be legally hunted, of the families Charadriidae, 24 Scolopacidae, and Recurvirostridae gulls, terns, jaegers, skimmers, and kittiwakes, Laridae; dovekies and murrelets, 25 26 Alcidae; doves and pigeons, which may not be legally hunted,

1 Columbidae; cuckoos and anis, Cuculidae; owls, Tytonidae and 2 whip-poor-wills, chuck-will's-widows, Strigidae; and 3 nighthawks, Caprimulgidae; swifts, Apodidae; hummingbirds, Trochilidae, Kingfishers, Alcedinidae; woodpeckers, flickers, 5 and sapsuckers, Picidae; kingbirds, pewees, phoebes, and flycatchers, Tyrannidae shrikes, Laniidae; vireos, Vireonidae; 6 7 magpies, ravens, and jays, Corvidae; larks, Alaudidae; 8 swallows and martins, Hirundinidae; chickadees and titmice, 9 Paridae; nuthatches, Sittidae; creepers, Certhiidae; wrens, 10 Troglodytidae; kinglets, Regulidae; gnatcatchers, Sylviidae; 11 robins, bluebirds, solitaires, veerys, and thrushes, Turdidae; 12 mockingbirds, catbirds, and thrashers, Mimidae; pipits, Motacillidae; waxwings, Bombycillidae; warblers, parulas, 13 14 redstarts, ovenbirds, waterthrushes, yellowthroats, and chats, 15 Parulidae; tanagers, Thraupidae; towhees, longspurs, sparrows, buntings, and juncos, Emberizidae; dickcissels, cardinals, 16 17 grosbeaks, Cardinalidae; blackbirds, buntings, and meadowlarks, bobolinks, grackles, cowbirds, and orioles, 18 Icteridae; grosbeaks, finches, crossbills, redpolls, and 19 20 siskins, Fringillidae. GAME MAMMALS-Woodchuck, Marmota monax; Gray squirrel, Sciurus carolinensis; Fox squirrel, Sciurus 21 22 niger; Eastern cottontail, Sylvilagus floridanus; Swamp 23 rabbit, Sylvilagus aquaticus; White-tailed deer, Odocoileus 24 virginianus. FUR-BEARING MAMMALS-Muskrat, Ondatra zibethicus; 25 Beaver, Castor canadensis; Raccoon, Procyon lotor; Opossum, 26 Didelphis virginiana; Least weasel, Mustela nivalis;

- 1 Long-tailed weasel, Mustela frenata; Mink, Mustela vison;
- 2 River otter, Lontra canadensis; Striped skunk, Mephitis
- 3 mephitis; Badger, Taxidea taxus; Red fox, Vulpes vulpes; Gray
- fox, Urocyon cinereoargenteus; Coyote, Canis latrans; Bobcat,
- 5 Lynx rufus. OTHER MAMMALS-Flying squirrel, Glaucomys volans;
- 6 Red squirrel, Tamiasciurus hudsonicus; Eastern Woodrat,
- 7 Neotoma floridana; Golden Mouse, Ochrotomys nuttalli; Rice
- 8 Rat, Oryzomys palustris; Franklin's Ground Squirrel,
- 9 Spermophilus franklinii; Bats, Vespertilionidae; Gray wolf,
- 10 Canis lupus; American black bear, Ursus americanus; Cougar,
- 11 Puma concolor, wild swine.
- 12 It shall be unlawful for any person at any time to take,
- possess, sell, or offer for sale, propagate, or release into
- 14 the wild, any of these wild birds (dead or alive) and parts of
- 15 wild birds (including, but not limited to, their nests and
- 16 eggs), wild mammals (dead or alive) and parts of wild mammals,
- including their green hides contrary to the provisions of this
- 18 Act. However, nothing in this Act shall prohibit bona-fide
- 19 public or state scientific, educational or zoological
- 20 institutions from receiving, holding, and displaying protected
- 21 species that were salvaged or legally obtained.
- It shall be unlawful for any person to take any other
- 23 living wildlife animal not covered by this Act without the
- 24 permission of the landowner or tenant.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 97-431, eff. 8-16-11; 98-1033, eff. 1-1-15.)

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1 (520 ILCS 5/2.30) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.30)

Sec. 2.30. Except as provided in this Section, it shall be unlawful for any person to trap or to hunt with gun, dog, dog and gun, or bow and arrow, gray fox, red fox, raccoon, weasel, mink, muskrat, badger, bobcat, and opossum except during the open season which will be set annually by the Director between 12:01 a.m., November 1 to 12:00 midnight, February 15, both inclusive.

It shall be unlawful for any person to hunt or trap bobcat in this State on and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly in the counties of Boone, Bureau, Champaign, Cook, DeKalb, DeWitt, DuPage, Ford, Grundy, Henry, Iroquois, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, Knox, Lake, LaSalle, Lee, Livingston, Logan, Marshall, McHenry, McLean, Ogle, Peoria, Piatt, Putnam, Stark, Stephenson, Vermilion, Will, Winnebago, and Woodford and north of U.S. Route 36 in Edgar and Douglas and north of U.S. Route 36 to the junction with Illinois Route 121 and north or east of Illinois Route 121 in Macon. For the season beginning in 2017, a total number of 350 bobcats may be hunted or trapped lawfully, or the conclusion of the season occurs, whichever is earlier. For the season beginning in 2018, a total number of 375 bobcats may be hunted or trapped lawfully, or the conclusion of the season occurs, whichever is earlier. The changes added to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, except for this sentence, are inoperative on and after June 1 30, 2019.

It is unlawful to pursue any fur-bearing mammal with a dog or dogs between the hours of sunset and sunrise during the 10 day period preceding the opening date of the raccoon hunting season and the 10 day period following the closing date of the raccoon hunting season except that the Department may issue field trial permits in accordance with Section 2.34 of this Act. A non-resident from a state with more restrictive fur-bearer pursuit regulations for any particular species than provided for that species in this Act may not pursue that species in Illinois except during the period of time that Illinois residents are allowed to pursue that species in the non-resident's state of residence. Hound running areas approved by the Department shall be exempt from the provisions of this Section.

It shall be unlawful to take beaver, river otter, weasel, mink, or muskrat except during the open season set annually by the Director, and then, only with traps, except that a firearm, pistol, or airgun of a caliber not larger than a .22 long rifle may be used to remove the animal from the trap.

It shall be unlawful for any person to trap beaver or river otter with traps except during the open season which will be set annually by the Director between 12:01 a.m., November 1st and 12:00 midnight, March 31, both inclusive.

Coyote may be taken by trapping methods only during the period from September 1 to March 1, both inclusive, and by

- 1 hunting methods at any time.
- 2 Wild swine may be taken by hunting methods at any time.
- 3 Striped skunk may be taken by trapping methods only during
- 4 the period from September 1 to March 1, both inclusive, and by
- 5 hunting methods at any time.
- 6 Muskrat may be taken by trapping methods during an open
- 7 season set annually by the Director.
- 8 For the purpose of taking fur-bearing mammals, the State
- 9 may be divided into management zones by administrative rule.
- 10 It shall be unlawful to take or possess more than the
- 11 season limit or possession limit of fur-bearing mammals that
- shall be set annually by the Director. The season limit for
- 13 bobcat shall not exceed one bobcat per permit. Possession
- limits shall not apply to fur buyers, tanners, manufacturers,
- 15 and taxidermists, as defined by this Act, who possess
- 16 fur-bearing mammals in accordance with laws governing such
- 17 activities.
- Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the taking or
- 19 possessing of fur-bearing mammals found dead or
- 20 unintentionally killed by a vehicle along a roadway during the
- open season provided the person who possesses such fur-bearing
- 22 mammals has all appropriate licenses, stamps, or permits; the
- season for which the species possessed is open; and that such
- 24 possession and disposal of such fur-bearing mammals is
- otherwise subject to the provisions of this Section.
- The provisions of this Section are subject to modification

- 1 by administrative rule.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 99-33, eff. 1-1-16; 100-524, eff. 9-22-17;
- 3 100-779, eff. 8-10-18.)
- 4 (520 ILCS 5/2.33) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.33)
- 5 Sec. 2.33. Prohibitions.
- 6 (a) It is unlawful to carry or possess any gun in any State 7 refuge unless otherwise permitted by administrative rule.
- 8 (b) It is unlawful to use or possess any snare or snare-like device, deadfall, net, or pit trap to take any species, except that snares not powered by springs or other mechanical devices may be used to trap fur-bearing mammals, in water sets only, if at least one-half of the snare noose is located underwater at all times.
- 14 (c) It is unlawful for any person at any time to take a
 15 wild mammal protected by this Act from its den by means of any
 16 mechanical device, spade, or digging device or to use smoke or
 17 other gases to dislodge or remove such mammal except as
 18 provided in Section 2.37.
 - (d) It is unlawful to use a ferret or any other small mammal which is used in the same or similar manner for which ferrets are used for the purpose of frightening or driving any mammals from their dens or hiding places.
- (e) (Blank).

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24 (f) It is unlawful to use spears, gigs, hooks or any like 25 device to take any species protected by this Act.

- 1 (g) It is unlawful to use poisons, chemicals or explosives 2 for the purpose of taking any species protected by this Act.
 - (h) It is unlawful to hunt adjacent to or near any peat, grass, brush or other inflammable substance when it is burning.
 - (i) It is unlawful to take, pursue or intentionally harass or disturb in any manner any wild birds or mammals by use or aid of any vehicle or conveyance, except as permitted by the Code of Federal Regulations for the taking of waterfowl. It is also unlawful to use the lights of any vehicle or conveyance or any light from or any light connected to the vehicle or conveyance in any area where wildlife may be found except in accordance with Section 2.37 of this Act; however, nothing in this Section shall prohibit the normal use of headlamps for the purpose of driving upon a roadway. Striped skunk, opossum, red fox, gray fox, raccoon, bobcat, wild swine, and coyote may be taken during the open season by use of a small light which is worn on the body or hand-held by a person on foot and not in any vehicle.
 - (j) It is unlawful to use any shotgun larger than 10 gauge while taking or attempting to take any of the species protected by this Act.
 - (k) It is unlawful to use or possess in the field any shotgun shell loaded with a shot size larger than lead BB or steel T (.20 diameter) when taking or attempting to take any species of wild game mammals (excluding white-tailed deer),

- wild game birds, migratory waterfowl or migratory game birds

 protected by this Act, except white-tailed deer as provided

 for in Section 2 26 and other appeals as provided for by
- 3 for in Section 2.26 and other species as provided for by
- 4 subsection (1) or administrative rule.
 - (1) It is unlawful to take any species of wild game, except white-tailed deer and fur-bearing mammals, with a shotgun loaded with slugs unless otherwise provided for by administrative rule.
 - (m) It is unlawful to use any shotgun capable of holding more than 3 shells in the magazine or chamber combined, except on game breeding and hunting preserve areas licensed under Section 3.27 and except as permitted by the Code of Federal Regulations for the taking of waterfowl. If the shotgun is capable of holding more than 3 shells, it shall, while being used on an area other than a game breeding and shooting preserve area licensed pursuant to Section 3.27, be fitted with a one piece plug that is irremovable without dismantling the shotgun or otherwise altered to render it incapable of holding more than 3 shells in the magazine and chamber, combined.
 - (n) It is unlawful for any person, except persons who possess a permit to hunt from a vehicle as provided in this Section and persons otherwise permitted by law, to have or carry any gun in or on any vehicle, conveyance or aircraft, unless such gun is unloaded and enclosed in a case, except that at field trials authorized by Section 2.34 of this Act,

- 1 unloaded guns or guns loaded with blank cartridges only, may
- 2 be carried on horseback while not contained in a case, or to
- 3 have or carry any bow or arrow device in or on any vehicle
- 4 unless such bow or arrow device is unstrung or enclosed in a
- 5 case, or otherwise made inoperable.
- 6 (o) (Blank).
- 7 (p) It is unlawful to take game birds, migratory game
- 8 birds or migratory waterfowl with a rifle, pistol, revolver or
- 9 airgun.
- 10 (q) It is unlawful to fire a rifle, pistol, revolver or
- 11 airgun on, over or into any waters of this State, including
- 12 frozen waters.
- 13 (r) It is unlawful to discharge any gun or bow and arrow
- device along, upon, across, or from any public right-of-way or
- 15 highway in this State.
- 16 (s) It is unlawful to use a silencer or other device to
- 17 muffle or mute the sound of the explosion or report resulting
- 18 from the firing of any gun.
- 19 (t) It is unlawful for any person to take or attempt to
- 20 take any species of wildlife or parts thereof, intentionally
- or wantonly allow a dog to hunt, within or upon the land of
- another, or upon waters flowing over or standing on the land of
- another, or to knowingly shoot a gun or bow and arrow device at
- 24 any wildlife physically on or flying over the property of
- another without first obtaining permission from the owner or
- the owner's designee. For the purposes of this Section, the

owner's designee means anyone who the owner designates in a written authorization and the authorization must contain (i) the legal or common description of property for such authority is given, (ii) the extent that the owner's designee is authorized to make decisions regarding who is allowed to take or attempt to take any species of wildlife or parts thereof, and (iii) the owner's notarized signature. Before enforcing this Section the law enforcement officer must have received notice from the owner or the owner's designee of a violation of this Section. Statements made to the law enforcement officer regarding this notice shall not be rendered inadmissible by the hearsay rule when offered for the purpose of showing the required notice.

(u) It is unlawful for any person to discharge any firearm for the purpose of taking any of the species protected by this Act, or hunt with gun or dog, or intentionally or wantonly allow a dog to hunt, within 300 yards of an inhabited dwelling without first obtaining permission from the owner or tenant, except that while trapping, hunting with bow and arrow, hunting with dog and shotgun using shot shells only, or hunting with shotgun using shot shells only, or providing outfitting services under a waterfowl outfitter permit, or on licensed game breeding and hunting preserve areas, as defined in Section 3.27, on federally owned and managed lands and on Department owned, managed, leased, or controlled lands, a 100 yard restriction shall apply.

- 1 (v) It is unlawful for any person to remove fur-bearing
 2 mammals from, or to move or disturb in any manner, the traps
 3 owned by another person without written authorization of the
 4 owner to do so.
 - (w) It is unlawful for any owner of a dog to knowingly or wantonly allow his or her dog to pursue, harass or kill deer, except that nothing in this Section shall prohibit the tracking of wounded deer with a dog in accordance with the provisions of Section 2.26 of this Code.
 - (x) It is unlawful for any person to wantonly or carelessly injure or destroy, in any manner whatsoever, any real or personal property on the land of another while engaged in hunting or trapping thereon.
 - (y) It is unlawful to hunt wild game protected by this Act between one half hour after sunset and one half hour before sunrise, except that hunting hours between one half hour after sunset and one half hour before sunrise may be established by administrative rule for fur-bearing mammals.
 - (z) It is unlawful to take any game bird (excluding wild turkeys and crippled pheasants not capable of normal flight and otherwise irretrievable) protected by this Act when not flying. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a person from carrying an uncased, unloaded shotgun in a boat, while in pursuit of a crippled migratory waterfowl that is incapable of normal flight, for the purpose of attempting to reduce the migratory waterfowl to possession, provided that the attempt

- is made immediately upon downing the migratory waterfowl and
- 2 is done within 400 yards of the blind from which the migratory
- 3 waterfowl was downed. This exception shall apply only to
- 4 migratory game birds that are not capable of normal flight.
- 5 Migratory waterfowl that are crippled may be taken only with a
- 6 shotgun as regulated by subsection (j) of this Section using
- 7 shotgun shells as regulated in subsection (k) of this Section.
- 8 (aa) It is unlawful to use or possess any device that may
- 9 be used for tree climbing or cutting, while hunting
- 10 fur-bearing mammals, excluding coyotes.
- 11 (bb) It is unlawful for any person, except licensed game
- breeders, pursuant to Section 2.29 to import, carry into, or
- 13 possess alive in this State any species of wildlife taken
- 14 outside of this State, without obtaining permission to do so
- 15 from the Director.
- 16 (cc) It is unlawful for any person to have in his or her
- 17 possession any freshly killed species protected by this Act
- during the season closed for taking.
- 19 (dd) It is unlawful to take any species protected by this
- 20 Act and retain it alive except as provided by administrative
- 21 rule.
- (ee) It is unlawful to possess any rifle while in the field
- 23 during gun deer season except as provided in Section 2.26 and
- 24 administrative rules.
- 25 (ff) It is unlawful for any person to take any species
- 26 protected by this Act, except migratory waterfowl, during the

- gun deer hunting season in those counties open to gun deer hunting, unless he or she wears, when in the field, a cap and upper outer garment of a solid blaze orange color or solid blaze pink color, with such articles of clothing displaying a minimum of 400 square inches of blaze orange or solid blaze pink color material.
 - (gg) It is unlawful during the upland game season for any person to take upland game with a firearm unless he or she wears, while in the field, a cap of solid blaze orange color or solid blaze pink color. For purposes of this Act, upland game is defined as Bobwhite Quail, Hungarian Partridge, Ring-necked Pheasant, Eastern Cottontail and Swamp Rabbit.
 - (hh) It shall be unlawful to kill or cripple any species protected by this Act for which there is a bag limit without making a reasonable effort to retrieve such species and include such in the bag limit. It shall be unlawful for any person having control over harvested game mammals, game birds, or migratory game birds for which there is a bag limit to wantonly waste or destroy the usable meat of the game, except this shall not apply to wildlife taken under Sections 2.37 or 3.22 of this Code. For purposes of this subsection, "usable meat" means the breast meat of a game bird or migratory game bird and the hind ham and front shoulders of a game mammal. It shall be unlawful for any person to place, leave, dump, or abandon a wildlife carcass or parts of it along or upon a public right-of-way or highway or on public or private

- property, including a waterway or stream, without the permission of the owner or tenant. It shall not be unlawful to discard game meat that is determined to be unfit for human consumption.
 - (ii) This Section shall apply only to those species protected by this Act taken within the State. Any species or any parts thereof, legally taken in and transported from other states or countries, may be possessed within the State, except as provided in this Section and Sections 2.35, 2.36 and 3.21.
- 10 (jj) (Blank).
 - (kk) Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the Director from issuing permits to paraplegics or to other persons with disabilities who meet the requirements set forth in administrative rule to shoot or hunt from a vehicle as provided by that rule, provided that such is otherwise in accord with this Act.
 - (11) Nothing contained in this Act shall prohibit the taking of aquatic life protected by the Fish and Aquatic Life Code or birds and mammals protected by this Act, except deer and fur-bearing mammals, from a boat not camouflaged or disguised to alter its identity or to further provide a place of concealment and not propelled by sail or mechanical power. However, only shotguns not larger than 10 gauge nor smaller than .410 bore loaded with not more than 3 shells of a shot size no larger than lead BB or steel T (.20 diameter) may be used to take species protected by this Act.

- 1 (mm) Nothing contained in this Act shall prohibit the use
- of a shotgun, not larger than 10 gauge nor smaller than a 20
- 3 gauge, with a rifled barrel.
- 4 (nn) It shall be unlawful to possess any species of
- 5 wildlife or wildlife parts taken unlawfully in Illinois, any
- other state, or any other country, whether or not the wildlife
- 7 or wildlife parts is indigenous to Illinois. For the purposes
- 8 of this subsection, the statute of limitations for unlawful
- 9 possession of wildlife or wildlife parts shall not cease until
- 2 years after the possession has permanently ended.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 99-33, eff. 1-1-16; 99-143, eff. 7-27-15;
- 12 99-642, eff. 7-28-16; 100-489, eff. 9-8-17; 100-949, eff.
- 13 1-1-19.)
- 14 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 15 becoming law.