

## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2021 and 2022 HB3401

Introduced 2/22/2021, by Rep. Robyn Gabel

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act 5 ILCS 80/4.41 new

Creates the Licensed Certified Professional Midwife Practice Act. Provides for the licensure of certified professional midwives by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and for certain limitations on the activities of licensed certified professional midwives. Creates the Illinois Midwifery Board. Sets forth provisions concerning application; qualifications; exemptions; title protection; informed consent; consultation and referral; grounds for disciplinary action; reporting; and administrative procedures. Amends the Regulatory Sunset Act to set a repeal date for the new Act of January 1, 2032.

LRB102 14708 SPS 20061 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Licensed Certified Professional Midwife Practice Act.
- 6 Section 5. Purpose. The practice of midwifery 7 out-of-hospital settings is hereby declared to affect the 8 public health, safety, and welfare and to be subject to 9 regulation in the public interest. The purpose of the Act is to protect and benefit the public by setting standards for the 10 qualifications, education, training, and experience of those 11 seek to obtain licensure as licensed certified 12 а 13 professional midwife, including requirements to work in 14 consultation with hospital based and privileged health care professionals to promote high standards of professional 15 performance for those licensed to practice midwifery in 16 17 out-of-hospital settings in this State, to promote consultative and integrated maternity care delivery system in 18 19 Illinois with agreed-upon consulting, transfer, and transport 20 protocols in use by all health care professionals and licensed 21 certified professional midwives across all health care 22 settings to maximize client safety and positive outcomes, to support accredited education and training as a prerequisite to 23

- 1 licensure, and to protect the public.
- 2 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 3 "Address of record" means the designated address recorded
- 4 by the Department in the applicant's application file or the
- 5 licensee's licensure file as maintained by the Department.
- 6 "Antepartum" means before labor or childbirth.
- 7 "Birth assistant" means a midwifery student or individual
- 8 who has been educated to provide both basic and emergency care
- 9 to newborns and mothers during labor, delivery, and
- 10 immediately postpartum and who maintains Neonatal
- 11 Resuscitation Program provider status and cardiopulmonary
- 12 resuscitation certification.
- 13 "Board" means the Illinois Midwifery Board.
- "Certified nurse midwife" means an individual licensed
- 15 under the Nurse Practice Act as an advanced practice
- registered nurse and is certified as a nurse midwife.
- 17 "Client" means a childbearing individual or newborn for
- 18 whom a licensed certified professional midwife provides
- 19 services.
- "Consultation" means the process by which a licensed
- 21 certified professional midwife seeks the advice or opinion of
- 22 another health care professional.
- 23 "Department" means the Department of Financial and
- 24 Professional Regulation.
- "Email address of record" means the designated email

- 1 address of record by the Department in the applicant's
- 2 application file or the licensee's licensure file as
- 3 maintained by the Department.
- 4 "Health care professional" means an advanced practice
- 5 registered nurse or a physician licensed to practice medicine
- 6 in all of its branches.
- 7 "Intrapartum" means during labor and delivery or
- 8 childbirth.
- 9 "Licensed certified professional midwife" means a person
- 10 who has successfully met the requirements under Section 40 of
- 11 this Act.
- "Low-risk" means a low-risk pregnancy where there is an
- 13 absence of any preexisting maternal disease, significant
- 14 disease arising from the pregnancy, or any condition likely to
- 15 affect the pregnancy, including, but not limited to, those
- 16 listed in subsection (b) of Section 60 of this Act.
- "Midwifery Education and Accreditation Council" or "MEAC"
- 18 means the nationally recognized accrediting agency, or its
- 19 successor, that establishes standards for the education of
- 20 direct-entry midwives in the United States.
- "National Association of Certified Professional Midwives"
- 22 or "NACPM" means the professional organization, or its
- 23 successor, that promotes the growth and development of the
- 24 profession of certified professional midwives.
- "North American Registry of Midwives" or "NARM" means the
- 26 accredited international agency, or its successor

organization, that has established and has continued to administer certification for the credentialing of licensed certified professional midwives.

"Onset of care" means the initial prenatal visit upon an agreement between a licensed certified professional midwife and prospective client to establish a midwife-client relationship, during which the licensed certified professional midwife may take a prospective client's medical history, complete an exam, establish a prospective client's record, or perform other services related to establishing care. "Onset of care" does not include an initial interview where information about the licensed certified professional midwife's practice is shared but no midwife-client relationship is established.

"Pediatric health care professional" means a licensed physician specializing in the care of children, a family practice physician, or an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under the Nurse Practice Act and certified as a Pediatric Nurse Practitioner or Family Nurse Practitioner.

"Physician" means a physician licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987 to practice medicine in all of its branches.

"Postpartum period" means the first 6 weeks after delivery.

"Practice of midwifery" means providing the necessary supervision, care, and advice to a client during a low-risk pregnancy, labor, and the postpartum period, including the

- 1 intended low-risk delivery of a child, and providing normal
- 2 newborn care. "Practice of midwifery" does not include the
- 3 practice of medicine or nursing.
- 4 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
- 5 Professional Regulation.
- 6 Section 15. Address of record; email address of record.
- 7 All applicants and licensees shall:
- 8 (1) provide a valid address and email address to the
- 9 Department, which shall serve as the address of record and
- 10 email address of record, respectively, at the time of
- application for licensure or renewal of licensure; and
- 12 (2) inform the Department of any change of address of
- 13 record or email address of record within 14 days after
- such change either through the Department's website or by
- 15 contacting the Department.
- 16 Section 20. Exemptions.
- 17 (a) This Act does not prohibit a person licensed under any
- 18 other Act in this State from engaging in the practice for which
- 19 he or she is licensed or from delegating services as provided
- 20 for under the Act.
- 21 (b) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit or
- 22 require licensing under this Act with regard to:
- 23 (1) the gratuitous rendering of services;
- 24 (2) the rendering of services by a birth attendant if

- such attendance is in accordance with the birth attendant's religious faith or cultural group and is rendered only to childbearing individuals and families in a distinct cultural or religious group as an exercise and enjoyment of religious or cultural freedom; and
  - (3) a student midwife or midwife's assistant working under the supervision of a licensed certified professional midwife.
- (c) Nothing in this Act prevents a licensed certified professional midwife from assisting a health care professional, practicing within his or her scope of practice while providing antepartum, intrapartum, or postpartum care.
- (d) Nothing in this Act abridges, limits, or changes in any way the rights of parents to deliver their baby where, when, how, and with whom they choose, regardless of licensure under this Act.
- Section 25. Illinois Midwifery Board.
- (a) There is created under the authority of the Department the Illinois Midwifery Board, which shall consist of 9 members appointed by the Secretary: 5 of whom shall be licensed certified professional midwives, except that initial appointees must have at least 3 years of experience in the practice of midwifery in an out-of-hospital setting, be certified by the North American Registry of Midwives, and meet the qualifications for licensure set forth in this Act; one of

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whom shall be a licensed obstetrician; one of whom shall be a certified nurse midwife who provides home birth services; one of whom shall be a pediatric health care professional; and one of whom shall be a knowledgeable public member who has given birth in an out-of-hospital birth setting. Board members shall serve 4-year terms, except that in the case of initial appointments, terms shall be staggered as follows: 4 members shall serve for 4 years, 3 members shall serve for 3 years, and 2 members shall serve for 2 years. The Board shall annually elect a chairperson and vice chairperson.

- (b) Any appointment made to fill a vacancy shall be for the unexpired portion of the term. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be made in the same manner as original appointments. No Board member may be reappointed for a term that would cause his or her continuous service on the Board to exceed 9 years.
- (c) Board membership must have a reasonable representation from different geographic areas of this State, if possible.
- (d) Board membership appointments should give preference to members who have experience providing out-of-hospital birth services or consulting with licensed certified professional midwives or certified nurse midwives.
- (e) The members of the Board may be reimbursed for all legitimate, necessary, and authorized expenses incurred in attending the meetings of the Board.
- (f) The Secretary may remove any member of the Board for misconduct, incapacity, or neglect of duty at any time prior

- 1 to the expiration of his or her term.
- 2 (g) Five Board members shall constitute a quorum. A
  3 vacancy in the membership of the Board shall not impair the
  4 right of a quorum to perform all of the duties of the Board.
  - (h) The Board shall provide the Department with recommendations concerning the administration of this Act and may perform each of the following duties:
    - (1) Recommend to the Department the prescription and, from time to time, the revision of any rules that may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act, including those that are designed to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public.
    - (2) Recommend changes to the medication formulary list as standards and drug availability change.
    - (3) Conduct hearing and disciplinary conferences on disciplinary charges of licensees.
    - (4) Report to the Department, upon completion of a hearing, the disciplinary actions recommended to be taken against a person found in violation of this Act.
    - (5) Recommend the approval, denial of approval, and withdrawal of approval of required education and continuing educational programs.
    - (6) Assist the Department in drafting forms and informational handouts relative to this Act.
  - (i) The Secretary shall give due consideration to all recommendations of the Board. If the Secretary takes action

- contrary to a recommendation of the Board, the Secretary must promptly provide a written explanation of that action.
  - (j) The Board may recommend to the Secretary that one or more licensed certified professional midwives be selected by the Secretary to assist in any investigation under this Act. Compensation shall be provided to any licensee who provides assistance under this subsection in an amount determined by the Secretary.
    - (k) Members of the Board shall be immune from suit in an action based upon a disciplinary proceeding or other activity performed in good faith as a member of the Board, except for willful or wanton misconduct.
    - (1) Members of the Board may participate in and act at any meeting of the Illinois Midwifery Board through the use of any real-time Internet or telephone communications media, by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can communicate with each other. Participation in such meeting shall constitute attendance and presence in person at the meetings of the person or persons so participating.
- 20 Section 30. Powers and duties of the Department; rules.
  - (a) The Department shall exercise the powers and duties prescribed by the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois for the administration of licensing Acts and shall exercise such other powers and duties necessary for effectuating the purposes of this Act.

- 1 (b) The Secretary shall adopt rules consistent with the 2 provisions of this Act for the administration and enforcement 3 of this Act and for the payment of fees connected to this Ac 4 and may prescribe forms that shall be issued in connection 5 with this Act.
- 6 (c) Administration by the Department of this Act must be
  7 consistent with standards regarding the practice of midwifery
  8 established by the National Association of Certified
  9 Professional Midwives or a successor organization, this Act,
  10 and rules adopted pursuant to this Act.
- Section 35. Use of title. No person may use the title
  "licensed midwife", describe or imply that he or she is a
  licensed midwife, or represent himself or herself as a
  licensed midwife unless the person is granted a license under
  this Act or is licensed as an advanced practice registered
  nurse with certification as a nurse midwife.
- 17 Section 40. Licensure.
- 18 (a) Each applicant who successfully meets the requirements
  19 of this Section shall be licensed as a certified professional
  20 midwife if the applicant:
- 21 (1) submits forms prescribed by the Department and accompanied by the required fee;
- 23 (2) is at least 21 years of age;
- 24 (3) is a high school graduate or have completed an

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- (4) holds and maintains valid certified professional midwife certification granted by NARM or its successor organization;
  - (5) holds and maintains cardiopulmonary resuscitation certification:
  - (6) holds and maintains neonatal resuscitation provider status; and
  - (7) successfully completed a postsecondary midwifery education program through an institution, program, or pathway accredited by the Midwife Education and Accreditation Council, that has both academic and clinical practice incorporated throughout the curriculum.
  - (b) Midwives who are certified by NARM, but who have not completed a MEAC program, may apply for licensure for up to 3 years after the adoption of rules if they meet the following requirements:
    - (1) provide proof as a citizen residing in Illinois;
    - (2) provide proof of practicing as a certified professional midwife in Illinois for at least 3 years prior to when rules are adopted; and
- 22 (3) provide proof of items (1) through (6) of subsection (a).
- 24 Section 45. Renewal of licensure.
- 25 (a) A licensed certified professional midwife shall renew

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- his or her license every 3 years at the discretion of the 1 2 Department.
- (b) Rules adopted under this Act shall require a licensed professional midwife to maintain professional midwife certification by meeting all continuing education requirements and other requirements set forth in 7 Section and to maintain current cardiopulmonary resuscitation or basic life support certification as required under Section 40.
- 10 licensed certified professional midwife 11 complete at least 10 hours of continuing education credits 12 annually, such that each licensure renewal requires a total 30 hours of continuing education credits. 13
- Section 50. Informed consent. 14
  - (a) A licensed certified professional midwife shall, at an initial prenatal visit with a client, provide and disclose to the client orally and in writing on a form provided by the Department all of the following information:
    - (1) the licensed certified professional midwife's experience and training;
      - whether the licensed certified professional (2) midwife has malpractice liability insurance coverage and the policy limits of the coverage;
    - (3) a protocol for the handling of both the patient's and the newborn's medical emergencies; this shall include,

but not be limited to, obtaining transportation to a hospital particular to each client with identification of the appropriate hospital, providing a verbal report of the care provided to emergency services providers, and sending a copy of the client records with the client at the time of any transfer to a hospital, including obtaining a signed authorization to release the client's medical records to a health care professional or hospital in the event of such emergency transport;

- (4) a statement informing the client that, in the event of an emergency or voluntary transfer or if subsequent care is required resulting from the acts or omissions of the licensed certified professional midwife, no liability for the acts or omissions of the licensed certified professional midwife are assignable to the receiving hospital, health care facility, physician, nurse, emergency personnel, or other medical professional rendering such care; the receiving hospital, health care facility, physician, nurse, emergency medical personnel, hospital, or other medical professional rendering care are responsible for their own acts and omissions;
- (5) a statement outlining the emergency equipment, drugs, and personnel available to necessary to provide appropriate care in the home;
- (6) the intent to provide at least one birth assistant during intrapartum and immediate postpartum care; and

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1		(7) a	reco	mmendation	that	the	clien	t pre	register	with
2	the	neare	est	hospital	and	exp	lain	the	benefits	of
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- (b) A licensed certified professional midwife shall, at an initial prenatal visit with a client, provide a copy of the written disclosures required under this Section to the client and obtain the client's signature acknowledging that the client has been informed, orally and in writing, of the disclosures required.
- Section 55. Scope of practice.
  - (a) A licensed certified professional midwife shall:
  - (1) offer each client routine prenatal care and testing in accordance with current American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists guidelines;
  - (2) provide all clients with a plan for 24 hour on-call availability by a licensed certified professional midwife, certified nurse midwife, or licensed physician throughout pregnancy, intrapartum, and 6 weeks postpartum;
  - (3) provide clients with labor support, fetal monitoring, and routine assessment of vital signs once active labor is established;
  - (4) supervise delivery of infant and placenta, assess newborn and maternal well-being in immediate postpartum, and perform an Apgar score assessment;
    - (5) perform routine cord management and inspect for an

1	appropriate	number	of	vessels;

- (6) inspect the placenta and membranes for completeness;
- (7) inspect the perineum and vagina postpartum for lacerations and stabilize if necessary;
- (8) observe the childbearing individual and newborn postpartum until stable condition is achieved, but in no event for less than 2 hours;
- (9) instruct the childbearing individual, spouse, and other support persons, both verbally and in writing, of the special care and precautions for both the childbearing individual and newborn in the immediate postpartum period;
- (10) reevaluate maternal and newborn well-being within
  36 hours of delivery;
- (11) notify a pediatric health care professional within 72 hours after delivery;
- (12) use universal precautions with all biohazard materials;
- (13) ensure that a birth certificate is accurately completed and filed in accordance with the Department of Public Health;
- (14) offer to obtain and submit a blood sample in accordance with the recommendations for metabolic screening of the newborn;
- (15) offer an injection of vitamin K for the newborn in accordance with the indication, dose, and

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1	administration route as authorized in subsection (b);
2	(16) within one week of delivery, offer a newborn
3	hearing screening to every newborn or refer the parents to
4	a facility with a newborn hearing screening program;
5	(17) within 2 hours of the birth, offer the
6	administration of antibiotic ointment into the eyes of the
7	newborn, in accordance with the Infant Eye Disease Act;
8	and
9	(18) maintain adequate antenatal and perinatal records
10	of each client and provide records to consulting licensed
11	physicians and licensed certified nurse midwives, in
12	accordance with regulations promulgated under the Health
13	Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.
14	(b) A licensed certified professional midwife may
15	administer the following during the practice of midwifery:
16	(1) oxygen for the treatment of fetal distress;
17	(2) eye prophylactics, either 0.5% erythromycin
18	ophthalmic ointment or 1% tetracycline ophthalmic ointment
19	for the prevention of neonatal ophthalmia;
20	(3) oxytocin, pitocin, or misoprostol as a postpartum
21	antihemorrhagic agent;
22	(4) methylergonovine or methergine for the treatment
23	of postpartum hemorrhage;

(5) vitamin K for the prophylaxis of hemorrhagic

(6) Rho (D) immune globulin for the prevention of Rho

disease of the newborn;

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- 1 (D) sensitization in Rho (D) negative individuals;
- 2 (7) intravenous fluids for maternal stabilization, 3 including lactated Ringer's solution or 5% dextrose, 4 unless unavailable or impractical, in which case 0.9% 5 sodium chloride may be administered;
  - (8) antibiotics, prescribed by a health care professional, to prevent group B strep disease;
    - (9) ibuprofen for postpartum pain relief;
  - (10) lidocaine injection as a local anesthetic for perineal repair; and
  - (11) sterile water subcutaneous injections as a non-pharmaceutical form of pain relief during the first and second stages of labor.
  - The medication indications, dose, route of administration, and duration of treatment relating to the administration of drugs and procedures identified under this Section shall be determined by rule as the Department deems necessary to be in keeping with current evidence-based practice and standards. The Department may approve additional medications, agents, or procedures based upon updated evidence-based obstetrical guidelines or based upon limited availability of standard medications or agents.
  - (c) A licensed certified professional midwife shall plan for at least 2 licensed certified professional midwives or a licensed certified professional midwife and a birth assistant to be present at all out-of-hospital births.

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- 1 Section 60. Consultation and referral.
  - (a) A licensed certified professional midwife shall consult with a licensed physician or a certified nurse midwife providing obstetrical care whenever there are significant deviations, including abnormal laboratory results, relative to a client's pregnancy or to a neonate. If a referral to a physician or certified nurse midwife is needed, the licensed certified professional midwife shall refer the client to a physician or certified nurse midwife and, if possible, remain in consultation with the physician until resolution of the concern. Consultation does not preclude the possibility of an out-of-hospital birth. It is appropriate for the licensed certified professional midwife to maintain care of the client to the greatest degree possible, in accordance with the client's wishes, during the pregnancy and, if possible, during labor, birth, and the postpartum period.
    - (b) A licensed certified professional midwife shall consult with a licensed physician or a certified nurse midwife with regard to any childbearing individual who presents with or develops the following risk factors or presents with or develops other risk factors that, in the judgment of the licensed certified professional midwife, warrant consultation:

## (1) Antepartum:

(A) pregnancy induced hypertension, as evidenced by a blood pressure of 140/90 on 2 occasions greater

1	than 6 hours apart;
2	(B) persistent, severe headaches, epigastric pain,
3	or visual disturbances;
4	(C) persistent symptoms of urinary tract
5	infection;
6	(D) significant vaginal bleeding before the onset
7	of labor not associated with uncomplicated spontaneous
8	abortion;
9	(E) rupture of membranes prior to the 37th week
10	gestation;
11	(F) noted abnormal decrease in or cessation of
12	<pre>fetal movement;</pre>
13	(G) anemia resistant to supplemental therapy;
14	(H) fever of 102 degrees Fahrenheit or 39 degrees
15	Celsius or greater for more than 24 hours;
16	(I) non-vertex presentation after 38 weeks
17	gestation;
18	(J) hyperemesis or significant dehydration;
19	(K) isoimmunization, Rh-negative sensitized,
20	positive titers, or any other positive antibody titer,
21	which may have a detrimental effect on the
22	childbearing individual or fetus;
23	(L) elevated blood glucose levels unresponsive to
24	dietary management;
25	(M) positive HIV antibody test;
26	(N) primary genital herpes infection in pregnancy;

1	(O) symptoms of malnutrition or anorexia or
2	protracted weight loss or failure to gain weight;
3	(P) suspected deep vein thrombosis;
4	(Q) documented placental anomaly or previa;
5	(R) documented low-lying placenta in a
6	childbearing individual with history of previous
7	cesarean delivery;
8	(S) labor prior to the 37th week of gestation;
9	(T) history of prior uterine incision;
10	(U) lie other than vertex at term;
11	(V) multiple gestation;
12	(W) known fetal anomalies that may be affected by
13	the site of birth;
14	(X) marked abnormal fetal heart tones;
15	(Y) abnormal non-stress test or abnormal
16	biophysical profile;
17	(Z) marked or severe polyhydramnios or
18	oligohydramnios;
19	(AA) evidence of intrauterine growth restriction;
20	(BB) significant abnormal ultrasound findings; or
21	(CC) gestation beyond 42 weeks by reliable
22	confirmed dates;
23	(2) Intrapartum:
24	(A) rise in blood pressure above baseline, more
25	than 30/15 points or greater than 140/90;
26	(B) persistent, severe headaches, epigastric pain

1	or visual disturbances;
2	(C) significant proteinuria or ketonuria;
3	(D) fever over 100.6 degrees Fahrenheit or 38
4	degrees Celsius in absence of environmental factors;
5	(E) ruptured membranes without onset of
6	established labor after 18 hours;
7	(F) significant bleeding prior to delivery or any
8	abnormal bleeding, with or without abdominal pain or
9	evidence of placental abruption;
10	(G) lie not compatible with spontaneous vaginal
11	delivery or unstable fetal lie;
12	(H) failure to progress after 5 hours of active
13	labor or following 2 hours of active second stage
14	labor;
15	(I) signs or symptoms of maternal infection;
16	(J) active genital herpes at onset of labor;
17	(K) fetal heart tones with non-reassuring
18	patterns;
19	(L) signs or symptoms of fetal distress;
20	(M) thick meconium or frank bleeding with birth
21	not imminent; or
22	(N) client or licensed certified professional
23	midwife desires physician consultation or transfer;
24	(3) Postpartum:
25	(A) failure to void within 6 hours of birth;
26	(B) signs or symptoms of maternal shock;

1	(C) fever of 102 degrees Fahrenheit or 39 degrees
2	Celsius and unresponsive to therapy for 12 hours;
3	(D) abnormal lochia or signs or symptoms of
4	uterine sepsis;
5	(E) suspected deep vein thrombosis; or
6	(F) signs of clinically significant depression.
7	(c) A licensed certified professional midwife shall
8	consult with a licensed physician or certified nurse midwife
9	with regard to any neonate who is born with or develops the
10	following risk factors:
11	(1) Apgar score of 6 or less at 5 minutes without
12	significant improvement by 10 minutes;
13	(2) persistent grunting respirations or retractions;
14	(3) persistent cardiac irregularities;
15	(4) persistent central cyanosis or pallor;
16	(5) persistent lethargy or poor muscle tone;
17	(6) abnormal cry;
18	(7) birth weight less than 2,300 grams;
19	(8) jitteriness or seizures;
20	(9) jaundice occurring before 24 hours or outside of
21	normal range;
22	(10) failure to urinate within 24 hours of birth;
23	(11) failure to pass meconium within 48 hours of
24	birth;
25	(12) edema;
26	(13) prolonged temperature instability;

1 (	14	) significant	sians	or s	symptoms	of	infection:
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- 2 (15) significant clinical evidence of glycemic 3 instability;
  - (16) abnormal, bulging, or depressed fontanel;
- (17) significant clinical evidence of prematurity;
- 6 (18) medically significant congenital anomalies;
- 7 (19) significant or suspected birth injury;
- 8 (20) persistent inability to suck;
- 9 (21) diminished consciousness;
- 10 (22) clinically significant abnormalities in vital 11 signs, muscle tone, or behavior;
- 12 (23) clinically significant color abnormality,
  13 cyanotic, or pale or abnormal perfusion;
- 14 (24) abdominal distension or projectile vomiting; or
- 15 (25) signs of clinically significant dehydration or 16 failure to thrive.
- (d) Consultation with a health care professional does not establish a formal relationship with the client. Consultation does not establish a formal relationship between a licensed certified professional midwife and another health care professional.
- 22 Section 65. Transfer.
- 23 (a) Transport via private vehicle is an acceptable method 24 of transport if it is the most expedient and safest method for 25 accessing medical services. The licensed certified

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- professional midwife shall initiate 1 immediate transport 2 according to the licensed certified professional midwife's 3 emergency plan, provide emergency stabilization emergency medical services arrive or transfer is completed, 5 accompany the client or follow the client to a hospital in a timely fashion, and provide pertinent information to the 6 7 receiving facility and complete an emergency.
  - (b) A licensed certified professional midwife must establish a protocol for the handling of both the patient's and newborn's medical emergencies, including transportation to a hospital, particular to each client, with identification of the appropriate hospital. A verbal report of the care provided must be provided to emergency services providers and a copy of the client records shall be sent with the client at the time of any transfer to a hospital, including obtaining a signed authorization to release the client's medical records to a health care professional or hospital in the event of such emergency transport.
- 19 Section 70. Prohibited practices.
- 20 (a) A licensed certified professional midwife may not do 21 any of the following:
- 22 (1) administer prescription pharmacological agents 23 intended to induce or augment labor;
- 24 (2) administer prescription pharmacological agents to 25 provide pain management;

1	(3) use vacuum extractors or forceps;
2	(4) prescribe medications;
3	(5) provide out-of-hospital care to a childbearing
4	individual who has had a previous cesarean section;
5	(6) perform surgical procedures, including, but not
6	limited to, abortions, cesarean sections, and
7	circumcisions, except for an emergency episiotomy;
8	(7) knowingly accept responsibility for prenatal or
9	intrapartum care of a client with any of the following
10	risk factors:
11	(A) chronic significant maternal cardiac,
12	pulmonary, renal, or hepatic disease;
13	(B) malignant disease in an active phase;
14	(C) significant hematological disorders,
15	coagulopathies, or pulmonary embolism;
16	(D) insulin requiring diabetes mellitus;
17	(E) known maternal congenital abnormalities
18	affecting childbirth;
19	(F) confirmed isoimmunization, Rh disease with
20	positive titer;
21	(G) active tuberculosis;
22	(H) active syphilis or gonorrhea;
23	(I) active genital herpes infection 2 weeks prior
24	to labor or in labor;
25	(J) pelvic or uterine abnormalities affecting
26	normal vaginal births, including tumors and

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1	malform	ations;

- 2 (K) alcoholism or alcohol abuse;
- 3 (L) drug addiction or abuse; or
- 4 (M) confirmed AIDS status.
- 5 (b) A licensed certified professional midwife shall not 6 administer Schedule II through IV controlled substances. 7 Subject to a prescription by a health care professional, 8 Schedule V controlled substances may be administered by 9 licensed certified professional midwives.
- 10 Section 75. Annual Reports.
  - (a) Beginning in 2023, a licensed certified professional midwife shall annually report to the Department, by no later than March 31 of each year, in a form specified by the Department, the following information regarding cases in which the licensed certified professional midwife assisted during the previous calendar year when the intended place of birth at the onset of care was an out-of-hospital setting:
- 18 (1) the total number of patients served at the onset 19 of care;
  - (2) the number, by county, of live births attended;
  - (3) the number, by county, of cases of fetal demise, infant deaths, and maternal deaths attended at the discovery of the demise or death;
    - (4) the number of women whose care was transferred to another health care professional during the antepartum

period and the reason for transfer;

- (5) the number, reason for, and outcome of each nonemergency hospital transfer during the intrapartum or postpartum period;
  - (6) the number, reason for, and outcome of each urgent or emergency transport of an expectant childbearing individual in the antepartum period;
  - (7) the number, reason for, and outcome of each urgent or emergency transport of an infant or childbearing individual during the intrapartum or immediate postpartum period;
  - (8) the number of planned out-of-hospital births at the onset of labor and the number of births completed in an out-of-hospital setting;
  - (9) a brief description of any complications resulting in the morbidity or mortality of a childbearing individual or a neonate; and
  - (10) any other information required by rule by the Department.
- (b) The Department shall send a written notice of noncompliance to each licensee who fails to meet the reporting requirements under subsection (a) of this Section.
- (c) A licensed certified professional midwife who fails to comply with the reporting requirements under this Section shall be prohibited from license renewal until the information required under subsection (a) of this Section is reported.

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- 1 (d) The Board shall maintain the confidentiality of any 2 report under subsection (f) of this Section.
  - (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a licensed certified professional midwife shall be subject to the same reporting requirements as other health care professionals who provide care to individuals.
  - All reports required shall be submitted to the Department in a timely fashion. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the reports shall be filed in writing within 60 days after a determination that a report is required under this Act. The Department may also exercise the power under Section 30 of this Act to subpoena copies of hospital or medical records in cases concerning death or permanent bodily injury. Rules shall be adopted by the Department to implement this Section. Nothing contained in this Section shall act to in any way waive or modify the confidentiality of reports and committee reports to the extent provided by law. Any information reported or disclosed shall be kept for confidential use of the Department, its attorneys, the investigative staff, and authorized clerical staff, provided in this Act, and shall be afforded the same status as is provided information concerning medical studies in Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure, except that the Department may disclose information and documents to a federal, state, or local law enforcement agency pursuant to a subpoena in an ongoing criminal investigation or to a health

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care licensing body or midwifery licensing authority of 1 2 another state or jurisdiction pursuant to an official request 3 made by that licensing body or authority. Furthermore, information and documents disclosed to a federal, state, or 5 local law enforcement agency may be used by that agency only for the investigation and prosecution of a criminal offense, 6 7 or, in the case of disclosure to a health care licensing body or medical licensing authority, only for investigations and 8 9 disciplinary action proceedings with regard to a license. 10 Information and documents disclosed to the Department of 11 Public Health may be used by that Department only for 12 investigation and disciplinary action regarding the license of 13 a health care institution licensed by the Department of Public 14 Health.

- 15 Section 80. Disclosure of information to client.
- 16 (a) A licensed certified professional midwife shall, at an 17 initial prenatal visit with a client, provide and disclose to 18 the client orally and in writing on a form provided by the 19 department all of the following:
- 20 (1) The licensed certified professional midwife's experience and training.
  - (2) Whether the licensed certified professional midwife has malpractice liability insurance coverage and the policy limits of the coverage.
- 25 (3) A protocol for the handling of both the patient's

and newborn's medical emergencies, including transportation to a hospital, particular to each client, with identification of the appropriate hospital. A verbal report of the care provided must be provided to emergency services providers and a copy of the client records shall be sent with the client at the time of any transfer to a hospital, including obtaining a signed authorization to release the client's medical records to a health care professional or hospital in the event of such emergency transport.

- (4) A statement informing the client that, in the event of an emergency or voluntary transfer or if subsequent care is required resulting from the acts or omissions of the licensed certified professional midwife, no liability for the acts or omissions of the licensed certified professional midwife are assignable to the receiving hospital, health care facility, physician, nurse, emergency personnel or other medical professional rendering such care. The receiving hospital, health care facility, physician, nurse, emergency medical personnel, hospital, or other medical professional rendering care are responsible for their own acts and omissions.
- (5) A statement outlining the emergency equipment, drugs and personnel necessary to provide appropriate care in the home.
  - (6) The intent to provide at least one birth assistant

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- during intrapartum and postpartum care.
- 2 (b) A licensed certified professional midwife shall, at an initial prenatal visit with a client, provide a copy of the written disclosures required under this Section to the client and obtain the client's signature acknowledging that she has been informed, orally and in writing, of the disclosures required.
- 8 Section 85. Vicarious liability.
  - (a) No physician, advanced practice registered nurse, nurse, hospital, emergency room personnel, emergency medical technician, or ambulance personnel shall be liable in any civil action arising out of any injury resulting from an act or omission of a licensed certified professional midwife, even if the health care professional has consulted with or accepted a referral from the licensed certified professional midwife. A physician or advanced practice registered nurse who consults with a licensed certified professional midwife but who does not examine or treat a client of the licensed certified professional midwife shall not be deemed to have created a physician-patient advanced practice registered or nurse-patient relationship with such client.
  - (b) Consultation with a physician or advanced practice registered nurse does not alone create a physician-patient or advanced practice registered nurse-patient relationship or any other relationship with the physician or advanced practice

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- registered nurse. The informed consent shall specifically state that the licensed certified professional midwife and any consulting physician or advanced practice registered nurse are not employees, partners, associates, agents, or principals of one another. The licensed certified professional midwife shall inform the patient that he or she is independently licensed and practicing midwifery and in that regard is solely responsible for the services he or she provides.
- (c) Nothing in this Act is intended to expand the malpractice liability of physicians, advanced practice registered nurses, licensed certified professional midwives, or other health care professionals, hospitals, or other health care institutions beyond the limits existing in current Illinois statutory and common law; however, no physician, nurse, emergency medical personnel, hospital, or other health care institution shall be liable for any act or omission resulting from the provision of services by any licensed certified professional midwife, even if the physician, nurse, emergency medical personnel, hospital or other health care institution has consulted with or accepted a referral from the licensed certified professional midwife. The physician, nurse, licensed certified professional midwife, emergency medical personnel, hospital, or other health care institution providing care are responsible for their own acts and omissions.

HB3401

- 1 Section 90. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by adding
- 2 Section 4.41 as follows:
- 3 (5 ILCS 80/4.41 new)
- Sec. 4.41. Act repealed on January 1, 2032. The following
- 5 Act is repealed on January 1, 2032:
- 6 The Licensed Certified Professional Midwife Practice Act.