

HB3208



102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

HB3208

Introduced 2/19/2021, by Rep. Janet Yang Rohr

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Provides that, if a contribution to a qualified ABLE account is made on or after January 1 of any calendar year and on or before April 15 of that calendar year, the taxpayer is allowed a deduction for that contribution for either the taxable year in which the contribution is made or the immediately preceding taxable year, but not both. Provides that the contribution shall count against the contribution limit for the taxable year in which the deduction is taken. Effective immediately.

LRB102 09942 HLH 15260 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
15 the sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
10 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
11 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned
24 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
26 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of

1 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
2 2000;

3 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
5 costs that the individual deducted in computing
6 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
7 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

8 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
17 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
18 deductions taken in all taxable years under
19 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which the
22 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
23 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
24 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
25 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
26 equal to that subtraction modification.

1 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
2 modification under this subparagraph only once with
3 respect to any one piece of property;

4 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
5 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the same unitary business group but for the
10 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
11 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
20 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
21 extent that dividends were included in base income of
22 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
23 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
24 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
25 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
26 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included

1 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
3 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
4 incurred.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person, during the same taxable
18 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
19 to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
22 person did not have as a principal purpose the
23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
26 terms; or

1 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
2 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
3 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
4 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
5 and terms and the principal purpose for the
6 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
7 or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
13 to the application or use of an alternative method
14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
18 for any tax year beginning after the effective
19 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
20 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
21 Department and such regulations provide methods
22 and standards by which the Department will utilize
23 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

24 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
25 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
26 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
3 foreign person who would be a member of the same
4 unitary business group but for the fact that the
5 foreign person's business activity outside the United
6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
11 from being included in the unitary business group
12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
13 business income under different subsections of Section
14 304. The addition modification required by this
15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
17 group for the same taxable year and received by the
18 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
19 business group (including amounts included in gross
20 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
22 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
23 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
24 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
26 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same

1 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
2 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
6 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
16 similar types of intangible assets.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such item; or

25 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
2 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable
5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 intangible expense or cost between the
10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
21 writing to the application or use of an
22 alternative method of apportionment under Section
23 304(f);

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act

1 for any tax year beginning after the effective
2 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
3 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
4 Department and such regulations provide methods
5 and standards by which the Department will utilize
6 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
9 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
10 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
18 addition modification required by this subparagraph
19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
20 included in base income of the unitary group for the
21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
23 (including amounts included in gross income under
24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the

1 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
2 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
3 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
4 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
5 the addition modification required under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
7 Act;i-

8 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
10 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
11 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
13 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
14 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
15 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
16 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
17 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
18 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
19 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
21 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
22 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
23 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
24 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
25 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
26 adopts and determines that its offering materials

1 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
2 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
3 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
4 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
5 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
6 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
7 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
8 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
9 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
10 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

11 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
12 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
13 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
14 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
15 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
16 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
17 participants in its offering materials or makes a
18 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
19 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
20 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
21 out-of-state program distributes its offering
22 materials;

23 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
25 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
26 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from

1 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
2 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
3 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c) (1) (B)
4 of the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
7 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
9 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
10 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
11 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

12 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
14 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
15 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
16 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
17 State to an ABLE account established under an
18 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
19 the contribution component of the transferred amount
20 that was previously deducted from base income under
21 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
22 Section;

23 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
25 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
26 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
2 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
3 education institution, an amount equal to the
4 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
5 or refund that was previously deducted from base
6 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
7 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
8 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
9 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
10 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
11 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
12 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
13 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
15 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
16 or refund that was previously deducted from base
17 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
18 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
19 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
20 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
21 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
22 amount equal to the contribution component of the
23 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
24 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
25 of this Section;

26 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
3 Act;

4 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
6 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 for the taxable year;

8 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
9 following amounts:

10 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
11 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
12 any compensation (including but not limited to any
13 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
14 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
15 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
16 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
17 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
18 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
19 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
20 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
21 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
22 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
23 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending
24 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
25 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total

1 in respect of any compensation (including but not
2 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
3 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
4 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
5 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
6 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
7 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
8 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
9 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
10 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
11 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
13 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
14 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
15 of Section 250;

16 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
17 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
18 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
19 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
20 total as distributions under the provisions of any
21 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
22 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
23 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
24 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
25 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
26 adopted pursuant thereto;

1 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

2 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
3 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
4 and included in such total for the taxable year;

5 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
6 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
7 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
8 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
9 computation of taxable income;

10 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
11 such total which were paid by a corporation which
12 conducts business operations in a River Edge
13 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
14 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
15 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
17 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
19 such total that were paid by a corporation that
20 conducts business operations in a federally designated
21 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
22 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
23 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
24 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
25 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
26 this subparagraph (K);

1 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
2 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
3 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
4 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code;

6 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
7 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
8 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
9 171(a)(2), ~~7~~ and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
10 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
11 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
13 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
14 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
16 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
17 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
18 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
19 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
21 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
22 250;

23 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in
24 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
25 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
26 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes

1 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
2 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
3 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
4 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
5 net of bond premium amortization;

6 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
7 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
8 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

9 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
10 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
11 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
12 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
14 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
15 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
16 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

17 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
18 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
19 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
20 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
21 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
22 illness;

23 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
24 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

25 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
26 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution

1 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
2 medical care savings account established under the
3 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
4 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
5 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
6 as provided in that Act;

7 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
8 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
9 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
10 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
11 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
12 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
13 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

14 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
15 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
16 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
17 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
18 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
19 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

20 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
21 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
22 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
23 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
24 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
25 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
26 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that

1 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
2 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
3 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
5 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
6 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
7 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
8 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
9 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
10 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
11 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
12 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
13 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
14 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
15 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
16 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
17 times a number that represents the fractional
18 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
19 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
20 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

21 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
22 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
23 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year
24 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
25 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
2 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
3 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
4 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
5 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
6 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
7 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
8 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
9 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
10 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
11 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
12 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
13 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
14 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
15 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
16 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
17 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
18 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
19 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
20 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
21 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
22 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
23 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
24 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
25 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
26 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or

1 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
2 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
3 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
4 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
5 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
6 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
7 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
10 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
11 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
12 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
13 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
15 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
16 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
17 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
18 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
19 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
20 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
21 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
23 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
24 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
25 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
26 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as

1 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
2 from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
4 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
5 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
6 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
8 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

9 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
10 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
11 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
12 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
13 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
14 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
15 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

16 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
17 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
18 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
19 0.429); and

20 (3) for taxable years ending after December
21 31, 2005:

22 (i) for property on which a bonus
23 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
24 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
25 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
26 by 0.429); and

1 (ii) for property on which a bonus
2 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
3 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
4 1.0.

5 The aggregate amount deducted under this
6 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
7 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
8 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
9 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
10 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
11 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
17 an amount equal to that addition modification.

18 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
19 the last day of the last tax year for which the
20 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
21 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
22 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
23 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
24 equal to that addition modification.

25 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
26 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any

1 one piece of property.

2 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
5 other than salary, received by a driver in a
6 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

7 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
8 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
9 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
10 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
11 modification with respect to such transaction under
12 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
13 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
14 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
15 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
16 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
17 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
18 that is required to make an addition modification with
19 respect to such transaction under Section
20 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
21 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
22 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
25 into account for the taxable year (net of the
26 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to

1 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
3 for the fact that the foreign person's business
4 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
5 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
6 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
7 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
8 business group but for the fact that the person is
9 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
10 included in the unitary business group because he or
11 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
12 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
13 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
14 made for the same taxable year under Section
15 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
17 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
18 of Section 250;

19 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
20 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
21 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
24 for the fact that the foreign person's business
25 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
26 that person's total business activity and (ii) for

1 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
2 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
3 business group but for the fact that the person is
4 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
5 included in the unitary business group because he or
6 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
7 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
8 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
9 made for the same taxable year under Section
10 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
12 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
13 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

14 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
15 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
16 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
17 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
18 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
21 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
22 add back any insurance premiums under Section
23 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
24 that part of a reimbursement received from the
25 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
26 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance

1 company) that would have been taken into account as a
2 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
3 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
4 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
5 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
6 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
7 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
8 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250; and

10 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
11 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2023, a maximum
12 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
13 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
14 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
15 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
16 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
17 be considered moneys contributed under this
18 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
19 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
20 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
21 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;
22 for contributions made on or after January 1, 2021, if
23 the contribution is made on or after January 1 of any
24 calendar year and on or before April 15 of that
25 calendar year, the taxpayer is allowed a deduction
26 under this subparagraph (HH) for that contribution for

1 either the taxable year in which the contribution is
2 made or the immediately preceding taxable year, but
3 not both; the contribution shall count against the
4 contribution limit for the taxable year in which the
5 deduction is taken.

6 (b) Corporations.

7 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
8 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
9 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

10 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
11 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
12 of the following amounts:

13 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
14 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
15 received from regulated investment companies during
16 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
17 income in the computation of taxable income;

18 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
19 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
20 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
21 year;

22 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
23 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
24 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
25 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as

1 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
3 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
4 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
5 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
6 law and is not a new enactment);

7 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
8 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
9 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
10 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

11 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
12 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
13 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
14 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
15 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
16 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
17 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
18 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
19 year, with the following limitations applied in the
20 order that they are listed:

21 (i) the addition modification relating to the
22 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
23 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
24 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
25 of addition modification under this subparagraph
26 (E) which related to that net operating loss and

1 which was taken into account in calculating the
2 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

3 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
4 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
5 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
6 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
7 such carryback or carryforward;

8 For taxable years in which there is a net
9 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
10 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
11 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
12 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
13 computed independently under the preceding provisions
14 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

15 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
16 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
17 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
18 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
19 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

20 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
21 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
22 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
23 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
24 the Internal Revenue Code;

25 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
26 or otherwise disposes of property for which the

1 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
2 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
3 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
4 deductions taken in all taxable years under
5 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
7 the last day of the last tax year for which the
8 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
9 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
10 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
11 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
12 equal to that subtraction modification.

13 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
14 modification under this subparagraph only once with
15 respect to any one piece of property;

16 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
17 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the same unitary business group but for the
22 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
23 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
6 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
7 extent that dividends were included in base income of
8 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
9 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
10 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
11 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
12 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
13 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
15 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
16 accrued, or incurred.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
20 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
21 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
22 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
23 with respect to such interest; or

24 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
26 the taxpayer can establish, based on a

1 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
2 following:

3 (a) the person, during the same taxable
4 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
5 to a person that is not a related member, and

6 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
7 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
8 person did not have as a principal purpose the
9 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
10 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
11 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
12 terms; or

13 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
14 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
15 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
16 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
17 and terms and the principal purpose for the
18 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
19 or

20 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
24 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
25 to the application or use of an alternative method
26 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

1 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
2 Director from making any other adjustment
3 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
4 for any tax year beginning after the effective
5 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
6 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
7 Department and such regulations provide methods
8 and standards by which the Department will utilize
9 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

10 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
11 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
12 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
15 foreign person who would be a member of the same
16 unitary business group but for the fact that the
17 foreign person's business activity outside the United
18 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
19 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
21 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
22 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
23 from being included in the unitary business group
24 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
25 business income under different subsections of Section
26 304. The addition modification required by this

1 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
2 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
3 group for the same taxable year and received by the
4 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
5 business group (including amounts included in gross
6 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
8 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
9 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
10 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
11 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
12 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
13 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
14 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
15 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
16 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
17 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
18 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
19 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
20 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
22 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
23 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
24 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
25 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
26 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service

1 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
2 similar types of intangible assets.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
7 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
8 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
9 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
10 with respect to such item; or

11 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
14 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15 following:

16 (a) the person during the same taxable
17 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
18 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
19 not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 intangible expense or cost between the
22 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
23 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
24 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
25 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
26 or

1 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
4 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
6 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
7 writing to the application or use of an
8 alternative method of apportionment under Section
9 304(f);

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
11 Director from making any other adjustment
12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
13 for any tax year beginning after the effective
14 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
15 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
16 Department and such regulations provide methods
17 and standards by which the Department will utilize
18 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

19 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
21 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
22 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
25 business group but for the fact that the person is
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
3 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
4 addition modification required by this subparagraph
5 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
6 included in base income of the unitary group for the
7 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
8 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
9 (including amounts included in gross income under
10 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
11 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
12 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
13 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
14 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
15 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
16 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
17 the addition modification required under Section
18 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
19 Act;

20 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
21 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
22 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
23 to a real estate investment trust under Section
24 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
25 dividends paid;

26 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
3 Act;

4 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
6 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 for the taxable year;

8 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
9 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
10 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
11 Code for the taxable year.

12 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
13 following amounts:

14 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
15 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
16 and included in such total for the taxable year;

17 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
18 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

19 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
20 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
21 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
22 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
23 for the taxable year;

24 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
25 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
26 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections

1 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
2 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
4 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
5 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
6 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
7 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
8 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
9 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
10 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
11 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
12 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
13 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
15 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
16 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
17 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
18 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
19 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
20 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
21 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
22 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
23 from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
25 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
26 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution

1 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
2 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
3 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
4 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
5 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
6 net of bond premium amortization;

7 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
8 such total which were paid by a corporation which
9 conducts business operations in a River Edge
10 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
11 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
12 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
13 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
14 the provisions of Section 250;

15 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
16 such total that were paid by a corporation that
17 conducts business operations in a federally designated
18 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
19 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
20 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
21 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
22 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
23 this subparagraph (L);

24 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
25 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
26 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest

1 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
2 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
3 property which is eligible for the River Edge
4 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
5 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
6 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
7 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
8 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
9 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
10 investment credit property which secures the loan or
11 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
12 such property on the date that it was placed in service
13 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
14 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
15 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
16 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
17 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
18 calculated under the previous sentence. This
19 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250;

21 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
22 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
23 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
24 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
25 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
26 property which is eligible for the High Impact

1 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
2 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
3 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
4 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
5 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
6 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
7 investment credit property which secures the loan or
8 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
9 such property on the date that it was placed in service
10 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
11 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
12 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
13 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
14 eligible for the deduction provided under this
15 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
16 available to taxpayers in any year under this
17 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
18 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
19 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
20 under the previous sentence;

21 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
22 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
23 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
24 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
25 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
26 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by

1 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
2 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
3 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
4 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
7 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
8 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
9 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
10 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
11 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
12 income and received from a corporation that is not
13 created or organized under the laws of the United
14 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
15 including, for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
17 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
18 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
19 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
20 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
21 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
23 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
24 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
25 included in taxable income and received, including,
26 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,

1 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
2 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
4 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
5 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
6 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
7 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
8 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
9 affiliated group which includes the dividend
10 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
11 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
12 this subsection (b) which is related to such
13 dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

15 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
16 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
17 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

18 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
19 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
20 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
21 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code;

23 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
24 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
25 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
26 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.

1 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
2 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
3 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
4 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
5 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
6 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
7 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
8 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
11 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
12 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
13 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
14 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
15 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
16 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
17 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
18 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
21 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
22 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
23 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
25 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

26 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation

1 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
3 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
4 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
5 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
6 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

7 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
8 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
9 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
10 0.429); and

11 (3) for taxable years ending after December
12 31, 2005:

13 (i) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
17 by 0.429); and

18 (ii) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 1.0.

22 The aggregate amount deducted under this
23 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
24 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
25 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
26 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection

1 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
2 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
5 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
6 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
10 the last day of the last tax year for which the
11 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
12 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
13 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
14 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
15 equal to that addition modification.

16 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
17 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
18 one piece of property.

19 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
22 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
23 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
24 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
25 modification with respect to such transaction under
26 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),

1 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
2 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
3 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
4 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
5 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
6 that is required to make an addition modification with
7 respect to such transaction under Section
8 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
9 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
10 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
11 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
12 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
13 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
14 an addition modification with respect to such
15 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
16 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
17 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
18 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
19 from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
21 into account for the taxable year (net of the
22 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
25 for the fact that the foreign person's business
26 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of

1 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
2 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
3 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
4 business group but for the fact that the person is
5 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
6 included in the unitary business group because he or
7 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
8 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
9 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
10 made for the same taxable year under Section
11 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
13 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250;

15 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
20 for the fact that the foreign person's business
21 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
22 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
25 business group but for the fact that the person is
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
3 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
4 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
5 made for the same taxable year under Section
6 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
9 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
11 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
12 add back any insurance premiums under Section
13 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
14 that part of a reimbursement received from the
15 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
16 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
17 company) that would have been taken into account as a
18 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
19 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
20 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
21 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
22 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
23 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
24 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250; and

26 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible

1 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
2 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
3 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
4 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
5 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
6 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250.

8 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),
9 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
10 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
11 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
12 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
13 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
14 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
15 Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

16 (c) Trusts and estates.

17 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
18 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
19 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

20 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
21 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
22 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
23 following amounts:

24 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
25 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the

1 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
2 in the computation of taxable income;

3 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
4 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
5 required to distribute all of its income currently,
6 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
7 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
8 the computation of taxable income;

9 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
10 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
11 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
12 year;

13 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
14 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
15 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
16 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

17 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
18 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
19 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
20 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
21 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
22 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
23 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
24 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
25 the following limitations applied in the order that
26 they are listed:

1 (i) the addition modification relating to the
2 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
3 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
4 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
5 of addition modification under this subparagraph
6 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
7 which was taken into account in calculating the
8 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

9 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
10 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
11 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
12 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
13 such carryback or carryforward;

14 For taxable years in which there is a net
15 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
16 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
17 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
18 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
19 computed independently under the preceding provisions
20 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

21 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
22 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
23 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
24 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
25 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
26 of this Act;

1 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
2 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
3 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
4 computation of taxable income;

5 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
6 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
7 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
8 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
9 estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section
10 201;

11 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
13 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
14 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
15 the Internal Revenue Code; and

16 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
20 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
21 deductions taken in all taxable years under
22 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which the
25 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
26 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer

1 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
2 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
3 equal to that subtraction modification.

4 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
5 modification under this subparagraph only once with
6 respect to any one piece of property;

7 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
8 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
9 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the same unitary business group but for the
13 fact that the foreign person's business activity
14 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
23 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
24 extent that dividends were included in base income of
25 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
26 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the

1 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
2 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
3 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
4 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
6 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
7 accrued, or incurred.

8 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

9 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
11 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
12 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
13 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
14 with respect to such interest; or

15 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
18 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the person, during the same taxable
21 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
22 to a person that is not a related member, and

23 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
24 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
25 person did not have as a principal purpose the
26 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid

1 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
2 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
3 terms; or

4 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
5 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
6 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
7 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
8 and terms and the principal purpose for the
9 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
10 or

11 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
15 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
16 to the application or use of an alternative method
17 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

18 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
19 Director from making any other adjustment
20 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
21 for any tax year beginning after the effective
22 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
23 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
24 Department and such regulations provide methods
25 and standards by which the Department will utilize
26 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

1 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
2 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
3 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
6 foreign person who would be a member of the same
7 unitary business group but for the fact that the
8 foreign person's business activity outside the United
9 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
10 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
12 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
13 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
14 from being included in the unitary business group
15 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
16 business income under different subsections of Section
17 304. The addition modification required by this
18 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
19 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
20 group for the same taxable year and received by the
21 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
22 business group (including amounts included in gross
23 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
25 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
26 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom

1 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
2 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
3 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
4 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
5 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
6 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
7 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
8 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
9 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
10 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
11 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
13 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
14 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
15 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
16 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
17 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
18 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
19 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

20 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

21 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
24 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
25 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
26 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income

1 with respect to such item; or

2 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
5 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
6 following:

7 (a) the person during the same taxable
8 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
9 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
10 not a related member, and

11 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
12 intangible expense or cost between the
13 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
14 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
15 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
16 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
17 or

18 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
21 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
22 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
23 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
24 writing to the application or use of an
25 alternative method of apportionment under Section
26 304(f);

1 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
2 Director from making any other adjustment
3 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
4 for any tax year beginning after the effective
5 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
6 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
7 Department and such regulations provide methods
8 and standards by which the Department will utilize
9 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

10 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
12 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
13 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
15 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
16 business group but for the fact that the person is
17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
18 included in the unitary business group because he or
19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
20 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
21 addition modification required by this subparagraph
22 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
23 included in base income of the unitary group for the
24 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
26 (including amounts included in gross income under

1 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
2 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
3 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
4 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
5 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
6 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
7 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
8 the addition modification required under Section
9 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
10 Act;

11 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
12 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
13 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
14 Act;

15 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
17 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
18 for the taxable year;

19 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
20 following amounts:

21 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
22 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
23 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
24 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
25 as distributions under the provisions of any
26 retirement or disability plan for employees of any

1 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
2 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
3 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
4 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
5 adopted pursuant thereto;

6 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

7 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
8 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
9 and included in such total for the taxable year;

10 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
11 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
12 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
13 taxation by this State either by reason of its
14 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
15 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
16 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
17 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
18 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
19 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
20 premium amortization;

21 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
22 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
23 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
24 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
25 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
26 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the

1 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
2 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
3 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
5 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
6 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
7 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
8 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
9 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
10 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
11 250;

12 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total which were paid by a corporation which
14 conducts business operations in a River Edge
15 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
16 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
17 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
18 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
19 the provisions of Section 250;

20 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
21 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
22 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

23 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
24 such total that were paid by a corporation that
25 conducts business operations in a federally designated
26 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated

1 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
2 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
3 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
4 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
5 this subparagraph (O);

6 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
7 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
8 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
9 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
10 the Internal Revenue Code;

11 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
13 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
14 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
15 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
16 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
17 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
18 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
19 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
20 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
21 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
22 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
23 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
24 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
25 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
26 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a

1 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
2 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
3 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
4 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
5 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
6 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
7 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
8 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
9 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
10 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
11 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
12 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
13 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
14 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
15 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
16 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
17 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
19 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
20 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
21 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
22 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
23 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

24 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
25 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
26 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property

1 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
2 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
3 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
4 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

5 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
6 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
7 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
8 0.429); and

9 (3) for taxable years ending after December
10 31, 2005:

11 (i) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
14 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
15 by 0.429); and

16 (ii) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
19 1.0.

20 The aggregate amount deducted under this
21 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
22 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
23 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
24 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
25 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
26 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of

1 Section 250;

2 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
3 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
4 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
5 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
6 equal to that addition modification.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
8 the last day of the last tax year for which the
9 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
10 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
12 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
13 equal to that addition modification.

14 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
15 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
16 one piece of property.

17 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250;

19 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
20 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
21 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
22 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
23 modification with respect to such transaction under
24 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
25 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
26 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any

1 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
2 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
3 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
4 that is required to make an addition modification with
5 respect to such transaction under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
7 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
8 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
9 from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
11 into account for the taxable year (net of the
12 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
13 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
15 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
16 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
19 who would be a member of the same unitary business
20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
21 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
23 required to apportion business income under different
24 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
25 addition modification required to be made for the same
26 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for

1 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
3 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

4 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
5 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
6 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
7 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
9 for the fact that the foreign person's business
10 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
11 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
12 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
13 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
14 business group but for the fact that the person is
15 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
16 included in the unitary business group because he or
17 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
18 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
19 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
20 made for the same taxable year under Section
21 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
23 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
24 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
26 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the

1 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
2 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
3 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
4 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
5 from Section 250;

6 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
7 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
8 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
9 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
12 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
13 add back any insurance premiums under Section
14 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
15 that part of a reimbursement received from the
16 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
17 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
18 company) that would have been taken into account as a
19 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
20 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
21 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
22 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
23 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
24 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
25 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250; and

1 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
2 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
3 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
4 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
5 Revenue Code.

6 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
7 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
8 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
9 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
10 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
11 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
12 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

13 (d) Partnerships.

14 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
15 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
16 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

17 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
18 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
19 of the following amounts:

20 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
21 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
22 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
23 in the computation of taxable income;

24 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
25 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for

1 the taxable year;

2 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
3 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
5 income;

6 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
7 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
8 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
9 computation of taxable income;

10 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
11 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
12 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
13 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
14 the Internal Revenue Code;

15 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
16 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
17 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
18 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
19 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
20 deductions taken in all taxable years under
21 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

22 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
23 the last day of the last tax year for which the
24 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
25 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
26 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction

1 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
2 equal to that subtraction modification.

3 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
4 modification under this subparagraph only once with
5 respect to any one piece of property;

6 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
7 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
8 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the same unitary business group but for the
12 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
13 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
14 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
16 who would be a member of the same unitary business
17 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
18 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
19 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
20 required to apportion business income under different
21 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
22 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
23 extent that dividends were included in base income of
24 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
25 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
26 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts

1 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
2 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
3 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
5 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
6 accrued, or incurred.

7 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

8 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
10 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
11 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
12 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
13 with respect to such interest; or

14 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
16 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
17 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
18 following:

19 (a) the person, during the same taxable
20 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
21 to a person that is not a related member, and

22 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
23 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
24 person did not have as a principal purpose the
25 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
26 pursuant to a contract or agreement that

1 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
2 terms; or

3 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
4 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
5 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
6 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
7 and terms and the principal purpose for the
8 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
9 or

10 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
13 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
14 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
15 to the application or use of an alternative method
16 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
18 Director from making any other adjustment
19 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
20 for any tax year beginning after the effective
21 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
22 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
23 Department and such regulations provide methods
24 and standards by which the Department will utilize
25 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and
26 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible

1 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
2 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
4 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
5 foreign person who would be a member of the same
6 unitary business group but for the fact that the
7 foreign person's business activity outside the United
8 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
9 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
11 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
12 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
13 from being included in the unitary business group
14 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
15 business income under different subsections of Section
16 304. The addition modification required by this
17 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
18 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
19 group for the same taxable year and received by the
20 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
21 business group (including amounts included in gross
22 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
24 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
25 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
26 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or

1 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
2 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
3 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
4 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
5 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
6 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
7 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
8 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
9 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
10 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
12 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
13 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
14 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
15 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
16 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
17 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
18 similar types of intangible assets;

19 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

20 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
23 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
24 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
25 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
26 with respect to such item; or

1 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
4 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
5 following:

6 (a) the person during the same taxable
7 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
8 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
9 not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 intangible expense or cost between the
12 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
13 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
14 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
15 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
16 or

17 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
20 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
21 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
22 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
23 writing to the application or use of an
24 alternative method of apportionment under Section
25 304(f);

26 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the

1 Director from making any other adjustment
2 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
3 for any tax year beginning after the effective
4 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
5 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
6 Department and such regulations provide methods
7 and standards by which the Department will utilize
8 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

9 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
11 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
12 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
14 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
15 business group but for the fact that the person is
16 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
17 included in the unitary business group because he or
18 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
19 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
20 addition modification required by this subparagraph
21 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
22 included in base income of the unitary group for the
23 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
25 (including amounts included in gross income under
26 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
2 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
3 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
4 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
5 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
6 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
7 the addition modification required under Section
8 203(d) (2) (D-7) or Section 203(d) (2) (D-8) of this Act;

9 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
10 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
11 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
12 Act;

13 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
15 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
16 for the taxable year;

17 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
18 amounts:

19 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

20 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
21 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
22 and included in such total for the taxable year;

23 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
24 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
25 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
26 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution

1 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
2 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
3 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
4 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
5 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
6 net of bond premium amortization;

7 (H) Any income of the partnership which
8 constitutes personal service income as defined in
9 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
10 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
11 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
12 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
13 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250;

15 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
16 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
17 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
18 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
19 including amounts distributable to organizations
20 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
21 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
22 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
24 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
25 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
26 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
2 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
4 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
5 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
7 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
8 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
9 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
10 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
11 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
12 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
13 250;

14 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
15 such total which were paid by a corporation which
16 conducts business operations in a River Edge
17 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
18 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
19 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
20 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
21 the provisions of Section 250;

22 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
23 job training project established pursuant to the Real
24 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

25 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
26 such total that were paid by a corporation that

1 conducts business operations in a federally designated
2 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
3 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
4 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
5 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
6 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
7 this subparagraph (M);

8 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
9 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
10 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
11 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
14 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
15 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
16 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
17 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
18 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

19 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
20 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
21 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
22 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
23 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
24 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
25 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

26 (2) for taxable years ending on or before

1 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
2 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
3 0.429); and

4 (3) for taxable years ending after December
5 31, 2005:

6 (i) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
8 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
9 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
10 by 0.429); and

11 (ii) for property on which a bonus
12 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
13 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
14 1.0.

15 The aggregate amount deducted under this
16 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
17 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
18 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
20 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
21 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250;

23 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
24 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which the
4 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
5 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
6 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
10 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
11 one piece of property.

12 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
13 provisions of Section 250;

14 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
15 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
16 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
17 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
18 modification with respect to such transaction under
19 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
20 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
21 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
22 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
23 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
24 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
25 that is required to make an addition modification with
26 respect to such transaction under Section

1 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
2 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
3 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
4 from Section 250;

5 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
6 into account for the taxable year (net of the
7 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
8 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
10 for the fact that the foreign person's business
11 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
12 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
13 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
14 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
15 business group but for the fact that the person is
16 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
17 included in the unitary business group because he or
18 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
19 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
20 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
21 made for the same taxable year under Section
22 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
24 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

25 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
26 property taken into account for the taxable year (net

1 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
4 for the fact that the foreign person's business
5 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
6 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
7 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
14 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
15 made for the same taxable year under Section
16 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
17 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
18 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
19 Section 250; and

20 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
21 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
22 add back any insurance premiums under Section
23 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
24 that part of a reimbursement received from the
25 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
26 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance

1 company) that would have been taken into account as a
2 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
3 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
4 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
5 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
6 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
7 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
8 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250.

10 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

11 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
12 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
13 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
14 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
15 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
16 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
17 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
18 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
19 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
21 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
22 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
23 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
24 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
25 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to

1 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
2 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
3 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
5 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
6 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
7 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
8 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
9 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
10 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
11 addition modification must be made under those
12 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
13 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
14 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
15 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
16 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code.

18 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
19 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
20 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

21 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
22 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
23 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
24 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
25 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
26 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the

1 Internal Revenue Code;

2 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
3 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
4 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 insurance company taxable income;

6 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
7 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
8 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
9 investment company taxable income;

10 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
11 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
12 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 real estate investment trust taxable income;

14 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
15 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
16 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
17 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
18 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
19 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
20 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
21 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
22 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
23 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
24 determined as if the election provided by Section
25 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
26 effect for all such years;

1 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
2 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
3 organization determined in accordance with the
4 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
6 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
7 activities against income from nonpatronage
8 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
9 association may make an election to follow its federal
10 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
11 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
12 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
13 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
14 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
15 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
16 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
17 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
18 effective for all taxable years with original returns
19 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
20 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
21 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
22 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
23 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
24 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
25 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
26 Department shall adopt rules setting forth

1 requirements for documenting the elections and any
2 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
3 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
4 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
5 existing law;

6 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
7 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
8 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
9 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
10 of such corporation determined in accordance with
11 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
12 that taxable income shall take into account those
13 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
15 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
16 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
17 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
18 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
19 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
20 such corporation determined in accordance with the
21 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
22 1982; and

23 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
24 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
25 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
26 income shall take into account those items which are

1 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
2 but which would be taken into account by an individual
3 in calculating his taxable income.

4 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
5 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
6 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
7 business has been classified as business income and in a
8 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
9 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
10 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
11 related to that asset or business that generated the
12 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
13 business income in the year of the disposition of the
14 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
15 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
16 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
17 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
18 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
19 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
20 preceding taxable years.

21 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

22 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
23 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
24 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

25 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation

1 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
2 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
4 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
5 plus

6 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
7 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
8 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
9 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
10 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
11 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
12 of such gain included in the amount determined under
13 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

14 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

15 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
16 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
17 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
18 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
19 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
20 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
21 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
22 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
23 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
24 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
25 such property.

26 (B) If the fair market value of property referred

1 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
2 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
3 amount for such property is that amount which bears
4 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
5 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
6 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
7 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
8 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
9 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
10 period for the property.

11 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
12 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
13 purposes of this paragraph.

14 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
15 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
16 to be deducted more than once.

17 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
18 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
19 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
20 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
21 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
22 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
23 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
24 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of

1 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

2 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 100-905, eff. 8-17-18;
3 101-9, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; revised 9-20-19.)

4 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
5 becoming law.