



## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

### State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

HB3154

Introduced 2/19/2021, by Rep. Janet Yang Rohr

#### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/15-170  
35 ILCS 200/15-172

Amends the Property Tax Code. Provides that, for taxable years 2021 and thereafter, the maximum reduction under the senior citizens homestead exemption is \$9,000 in all counties (currently, \$8,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$5,000 in all other counties). Provides that the maximum income limitation for the senior citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption is \$75,000 (currently, \$65,000). Effective immediately.

LRB102 10421 HLH 15749 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT  
MAY APPLY

HOUSING  
AFFORDABILITY  
IMPACT NOTE ACT  
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing  
5 Sections 15-170 and 15-172 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 200/15-170)

7 Sec. 15-170. Senior citizens homestead exemption.

8 (a) An annual homestead exemption limited, except as  
9 described here with relation to cooperatives or life care  
10 facilities, to a maximum reduction set forth below from the  
11 property's value, as equalized or assessed by the Department,  
12 is granted for property that is occupied as a residence by a  
13 person 65 years of age or older who is liable for paying real  
14 estate taxes on the property and is an owner of record of the  
15 property or has a legal or equitable interest therein as  
16 evidenced by a written instrument, except for a leasehold  
17 interest, other than a leasehold interest of land on which a  
18 single family residence is located, which is occupied as a  
19 residence by a person 65 years or older who has an ownership  
20 interest therein, legal, equitable or as a lessee, and on  
21 which he or she is liable for the payment of property taxes.  
22 Before taxable year 2004, the maximum reduction shall be  
23 \$2,500 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and

1 \$2,000 in all other counties. For taxable years 2004 through  
2 2005, the maximum reduction shall be \$3,000 in all counties.  
3 For taxable years 2006 and 2007, the maximum reduction shall  
4 be \$3,500. For taxable years 2008 through 2011, the maximum  
5 reduction is \$4,000 in all counties. For taxable year 2012,  
6 the maximum reduction is \$5,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or  
7 more inhabitants and \$4,000 in all other counties. For taxable  
8 years 2013 through 2016, the maximum reduction is \$5,000 in  
9 all counties. For taxable years 2017 through 2020 ~~and~~  
10 ~~thereafter~~, the maximum reduction is \$8,000 in counties with  
11 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$5,000 in all other  
12 counties. For taxable years 2021 and thereafter, the maximum  
13 reduction is \$9,000 in all counties.

14 (b) For land improved with an apartment building owned and  
15 operated as a cooperative, the maximum reduction from the  
16 value of the property, as equalized by the Department, shall  
17 be multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by  
18 a person 65 years of age or older who is liable, by contract  
19 with the owner or owners of record, for paying property taxes  
20 on the property and is an owner of record of a legal or  
21 equitable interest in the cooperative apartment building,  
22 other than a leasehold interest. For land improved with a life  
23 care facility, the maximum reduction from the value of the  
24 property, as equalized by the Department, shall be multiplied  
25 by the number of apartments or units occupied by persons 65  
26 years of age or older, irrespective of any legal, equitable,

1 or leasehold interest in the facility, who are liable, under a  
2 contract with the owner or owners of record of the facility,  
3 for paying property taxes on the property. In a cooperative or  
4 a life care facility where a homestead exemption has been  
5 granted, the cooperative association or the management firm of  
6 the cooperative or facility shall credit the savings resulting  
7 from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of  
8 the owner or resident who qualified for the exemption. Any  
9 person who willfully refuses to so credit the savings shall be  
10 guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Under this Section and  
11 Sections 15-175, 15-176, and 15-177, "life care facility"  
12 means a facility, as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care  
13 Facilities Act, with which the applicant for the homestead  
14 exemption has a life care contract as defined in that Act.

15 (c) When a homestead exemption has been granted under this  
16 Section and the person qualifying subsequently becomes a  
17 resident of a facility licensed under the Assisted Living and  
18 Shared Housing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized  
19 Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community  
20 Care Act, or the MC/DD Act, the exemption shall continue so  
21 long as the residence continues to be occupied by the  
22 qualifying person's spouse if the spouse is 65 years of age or  
23 older, or if the residence remains unoccupied but is still  
24 owned by the person qualified for the homestead exemption.

25 (d) A person who will be 65 years of age during the current  
26 assessment year shall be eligible to apply for the homestead

1 exemption during that assessment year. Application shall be  
2 made during the application period in effect for the county of  
3 his residence.

4 (e) Beginning with assessment year 2003, for taxes payable  
5 in 2004, property that is first occupied as a residence after  
6 January 1 of any assessment year by a person who is eligible  
7 for the senior citizens homestead exemption under this Section  
8 must be granted a pro-rata exemption for the assessment year.  
9 The amount of the pro-rata exemption is the exemption allowed  
10 in the county under this Section divided by 365 and multiplied  
11 by the number of days during the assessment year the property  
12 is occupied as a residence by a person eligible for the  
13 exemption under this Section. The chief county assessment  
14 officer must adopt reasonable procedures to establish  
15 eligibility for this pro-rata exemption.

16 (f) The assessor or chief county assessment officer may  
17 determine the eligibility of a life care facility to receive  
18 the benefits provided by this Section, by affidavit,  
19 application, visual inspection, questionnaire or other  
20 reasonable methods in order to insure that the tax savings  
21 resulting from the exemption are credited by the management  
22 firm to the apportioned tax liability of each qualifying  
23 resident. The assessor may request reasonable proof that the  
24 management firm has so credited the exemption.

25 (g) The chief county assessment officer of each county  
26 with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants shall provide to each

1 person allowed a homestead exemption under this Section a form  
2 to designate any other person to receive a duplicate of any  
3 notice of delinquency in the payment of taxes assessed and  
4 levied under this Code on the property of the person receiving  
5 the exemption. The duplicate notice shall be in addition to  
6 the notice required to be provided to the person receiving the  
7 exemption, and shall be given in the manner required by this  
8 Code. The person filing the request for the duplicate notice  
9 shall pay a fee of \$5 to cover administrative costs to the  
10 supervisor of assessments, who shall then file the executed  
11 designation with the county collector. Notwithstanding any  
12 other provision of this Code to the contrary, the filing of  
13 such an executed designation requires the county collector to  
14 provide duplicate notices as indicated by the designation. A  
15 designation may be rescinded by the person who executed such  
16 designation at any time, in the manner and form required by the  
17 chief county assessment officer.

18 (h) The assessor or chief county assessment officer may  
19 determine the eligibility of residential property to receive  
20 the homestead exemption provided by this Section by  
21 application, visual inspection, questionnaire or other  
22 reasonable methods. The determination shall be made in  
23 accordance with guidelines established by the Department.

24 (i) In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, for  
25 taxable years 2010 through 2018, and beginning again in  
26 taxable year 2024, each taxpayer who has been granted an

1 exemption under this Section must reapply on an annual basis.

2 If a reapplication is required, then the chief county  
3 assessment officer shall mail the application to the taxpayer  
4 at least 60 days prior to the last day of the application  
5 period for the county.

6 For taxable years 2019 through 2023, in counties with  
7 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, a taxpayer who has been granted  
8 an exemption under this Section need not reapply. However, if  
9 the property ceases to be qualified for the exemption under  
10 this Section in any year for which a reapplication is not  
11 required under this Section, then the owner of record of the  
12 property shall notify the chief county assessment officer that  
13 the property is no longer qualified. In addition, for taxable  
14 years 2019 through 2023, the chief county assessment officer  
15 of a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall enter  
16 into an intergovernmental agreement with the county clerk of  
17 that county and the Department of Public Health, as well as any  
18 other appropriate governmental agency, to obtain information  
19 that documents the death of a taxpayer who has been granted an  
20 exemption under this Section. Notwithstanding any other  
21 provision of law, the county clerk and the Department of  
22 Public Health shall provide that information to the chief  
23 county assessment officer. The Department of Public Health  
24 shall supply this information no less frequently than every  
25 calendar quarter. Information concerning the death of a  
26 taxpayer may be shared with the county treasurer. The chief

1 county assessment officer shall also enter into a data  
2 exchange agreement with the Social Security Administration or  
3 its agent to obtain access to the information regarding deaths  
4 in possession of the Social Security Administration. The chief  
5 county assessment officer shall, subject to the notice  
6 requirements under subsection (m) of Section 9-275, terminate  
7 the exemption under this Section if the information obtained  
8 indicates that the property is no longer qualified for the  
9 exemption. In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the  
10 assessor and the county recorder of deeds shall establish  
11 policies and practices for the regular exchange of information  
12 for the purpose of alerting the assessor whenever the transfer  
13 of ownership of any property receiving an exemption under this  
14 Section has occurred. When such a transfer occurs, the  
15 assessor shall mail a notice to the new owner of the property  
16 (i) informing the new owner that the exemption will remain in  
17 place through the year of the transfer, after which it will be  
18 canceled, and (ii) providing information pertaining to the  
19 rules for reapplying for the exemption if the owner qualifies.  
20 In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the chief  
21 county assessment official shall conduct audits of all  
22 exemptions granted under this Section no later than December  
23 31, 2022 and no later than December 31, 2024. The audit shall  
24 be designed to ascertain whether any senior homestead  
25 exemptions have been granted erroneously. If it is determined  
26 that a senior homestead exemption has been erroneously applied



1 to a property, the chief county assessment officer shall make  
2 use of the appropriate provisions of Section 9-275 in relation  
3 to the property that received the erroneous homestead  
4 exemption.

5 (j) In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the  
6 county board may by resolution provide that if a person has  
7 been granted a homestead exemption under this Section, the  
8 person qualifying need not reapply for the exemption.

9 In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if the  
10 assessor or chief county assessment officer requires annual  
11 application for verification of eligibility for an exemption  
12 once granted under this Section, the application shall be  
13 mailed to the taxpayer.

14 (l) The assessor or chief county assessment officer shall  
15 notify each person who qualifies for an exemption under this  
16 Section that the person may also qualify for deferral of real  
17 estate taxes under the Senior Citizens Real Estate Tax  
18 Deferral Act. The notice shall set forth the qualifications  
19 needed for deferral of real estate taxes, the address and  
20 telephone number of county collector, and a statement that  
21 applications for deferral of real estate taxes may be obtained  
22 from the county collector.

23 (m) Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates  
24 Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the  
25 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.

26 (Source: P.A. 100-401, eff. 8-25-17; 101-453, eff. 8-23-19;

1 101-622, eff. 1-14-20.)

2 (35 ILCS 200/15-172)

3 Sec. 15-172. Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead  
4 Exemption.

5 (a) This Section may be cited as the Senior Citizens  
6 Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption.

7 (b) As used in this Section:

8 "Applicant" means an individual who has filed an  
9 application under this Section.

10 "Base amount" means the base year equalized assessed value  
11 of the residence plus the first year's equalized assessed  
12 value of any added improvements which increased the assessed  
13 value of the residence after the base year.

14 "Base year" means the taxable year prior to the taxable  
15 year for which the applicant first qualifies and applies for  
16 the exemption provided that in the prior taxable year the  
17 property was improved with a permanent structure that was  
18 occupied as a residence by the applicant who was liable for  
19 paying real property taxes on the property and who was either  
20 (i) an owner of record of the property or had legal or  
21 equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written  
22 instrument or (ii) had a legal or equitable interest as a  
23 lessee in the parcel of property that was single family  
24 residence. If in any subsequent taxable year for which the  
25 applicant applies and qualifies for the exemption the

1 equalized assessed value of the residence is less than the  
2 equalized assessed value in the existing base year (provided  
3 that such equalized assessed value is not based on an assessed  
4 value that results from a temporary irregularity in the  
5 property that reduces the assessed value for one or more  
6 taxable years), then that subsequent taxable year shall become  
7 the base year until a new base year is established under the  
8 terms of this paragraph. For taxable year 1999 only, the Chief  
9 County Assessment Officer shall review (i) all taxable years  
10 for which the applicant applied and qualified for the  
11 exemption and (ii) the existing base year. The assessment  
12 officer shall select as the new base year the year with the  
13 lowest equalized assessed value. An equalized assessed value  
14 that is based on an assessed value that results from a  
15 temporary irregularity in the property that reduces the  
16 assessed value for one or more taxable years shall not be  
17 considered the lowest equalized assessed value. The selected  
18 year shall be the base year for taxable year 1999 and  
19 thereafter until a new base year is established under the  
20 terms of this paragraph.

21 "Chief County Assessment Officer" means the County  
22 Assessor or Supervisor of Assessments of the county in which  
23 the property is located.

24 "Equalized assessed value" means the assessed value as  
25 equalized by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

26 "Household" means the applicant, the spouse of the

1 applicant, and all persons using the residence of the  
2 applicant as their principal place of residence.

3 "Household income" means the combined income of the  
4 members of a household for the calendar year preceding the  
5 taxable year.

6 "Income" has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07  
7 of the Senior Citizens and Persons with Disabilities Property  
8 Tax Relief Act, except that, beginning in assessment year  
9 2001, "income" does not include veteran's benefits.

10 "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means the United States  
11 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor law or laws  
12 relating to federal income taxes in effect for the year  
13 preceding the taxable year.

14 "Life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative" means  
15 a facility as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities  
16 Act.

17 "Maximum income limitation" means:

- 18 (1) \$35,000 prior to taxable year 1999;  
19 (2) \$40,000 in taxable years 1999 through 2003;  
20 (3) \$45,000 in taxable years 2004 through 2005;  
21 (4) \$50,000 in taxable years 2006 and 2007;  
22 (5) \$55,000 in taxable years 2008 through 2016;  
23 (6) for taxable year 2017, (i) \$65,000 for qualified  
24 property located in a county with 3,000,000 or more  
25 inhabitants and (ii) \$55,000 for qualified property  
26 located in a county with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants;

1           ~~and~~  
2           (7) for taxable years 2018 through 2020 ~~and~~  
3           ~~thereafter~~, \$65,000 for all qualified property; ~~and~~—  
4           (8) for taxable years 2021 and thereafter, \$75,000 for  
5           all qualified property.

6           "Residence" means the principal dwelling place and  
7           appurtenant structures used for residential purposes in this  
8           State occupied on January 1 of the taxable year by a household  
9           and so much of the surrounding land, constituting the parcel  
10          upon which the dwelling place is situated, as is used for  
11          residential purposes. If the Chief County Assessment Officer  
12          has established a specific legal description for a portion of  
13          property constituting the residence, then that portion of  
14          property shall be deemed the residence for the purposes of  
15          this Section.

16          "Taxable year" means the calendar year during which ad  
17          valorem property taxes payable in the next succeeding year are  
18          levied.

19          (c) Beginning in taxable year 1994, a senior citizens  
20          assessment freeze homestead exemption is granted for real  
21          property that is improved with a permanent structure that is  
22          occupied as a residence by an applicant who (i) is 65 years of  
23          age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household  
24          income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation,  
25          (iii) is liable for paying real property taxes on the  
26          property, and (iv) is an owner of record of the property or has

1 a legal or equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a  
2 written instrument. This homestead exemption shall also apply  
3 to a leasehold interest in a parcel of property improved with a  
4 permanent structure that is a single family residence that is  
5 occupied as a residence by a person who (i) is 65 years of age  
6 or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income  
7 that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) has  
8 a legal or equitable ownership interest in the property as  
9 lessee, and (iv) is liable for the payment of real property  
10 taxes on that property.

11 In counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the amount  
12 of the exemption for all taxable years is the equalized  
13 assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which  
14 application is made minus the base amount. In all other  
15 counties, the amount of the exemption is as follows: (i)  
16 through taxable year 2005 and for taxable year 2007 and  
17 thereafter, the amount of this exemption shall be the  
18 equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year  
19 for which application is made minus the base amount; and (ii)  
20 for taxable year 2006, the amount of the exemption is as  
21 follows:

22 (1) For an applicant who has a household income of  
23 \$45,000 or less, the amount of the exemption is the  
24 equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable  
25 year for which application is made minus the base amount.

26 (2) For an applicant who has a household income

1           exceeding \$45,000 but not exceeding \$46,250, the amount of  
2           the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the  
3           residence in the taxable year for which application is  
4           made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.8.

5           (3) For an applicant who has a household income  
6           exceeding \$46,250 but not exceeding \$47,500, the amount of  
7           the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the  
8           residence in the taxable year for which application is  
9           made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.6.

10          (4) For an applicant who has a household income  
11          exceeding \$47,500 but not exceeding \$48,750, the amount of  
12          the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the  
13          residence in the taxable year for which application is  
14          made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.4.

15          (5) For an applicant who has a household income  
16          exceeding \$48,750 but not exceeding \$50,000, the amount of  
17          the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the  
18          residence in the taxable year for which application is  
19          made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.2.

20          When the applicant is a surviving spouse of an applicant  
21          for a prior year for the same residence for which an exemption  
22          under this Section has been granted, the base year and base  
23          amount for that residence are the same as for the applicant for  
24          the prior year.

25          Each year at the time the assessment books are certified  
26          to the County Clerk, the Board of Review or Board of Appeals

1 shall give to the County Clerk a list of the assessed values of  
2 improvements on each parcel qualifying for this exemption that  
3 were added after the base year for this parcel and that  
4 increased the assessed value of the property.

5 In the case of land improved with an apartment building  
6 owned and operated as a cooperative or a building that is a  
7 life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative, the  
8 maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value of the  
9 property is limited to the sum of the reductions calculated  
10 for each unit occupied as a residence by a person or persons  
11 (i) 65 years of age or older, (ii) with a household income that  
12 does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) who is  
13 liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for  
14 paying real property taxes on the property, and (iv) who is an  
15 owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the  
16 cooperative apartment building, other than a leasehold  
17 interest. In the instance of a cooperative where a homestead  
18 exemption has been granted under this Section, the cooperative  
19 association or its management firm shall credit the savings  
20 resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax  
21 liability of the owner who qualified for the exemption. Any  
22 person who willfully refuses to credit that savings to an  
23 owner who qualifies for the exemption is guilty of a Class B  
24 misdemeanor.

25 When a homestead exemption has been granted under this  
26 Section and an applicant then becomes a resident of a facility



1 licensed under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the  
2 Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health  
3 Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community Care Act, or  
4 the MC/DD Act, the exemption shall be granted in subsequent  
5 years so long as the residence (i) continues to be occupied by  
6 the qualified applicant's spouse or (ii) if remaining  
7 unoccupied, is still owned by the qualified applicant for the  
8 homestead exemption.

9 Beginning January 1, 1997, when an individual dies who  
10 would have qualified for an exemption under this Section, and  
11 the surviving spouse does not independently qualify for this  
12 exemption because of age, the exemption under this Section  
13 shall be granted to the surviving spouse for the taxable year  
14 preceding and the taxable year of the death, provided that,  
15 except for age, the surviving spouse meets all other  
16 qualifications for the granting of this exemption for those  
17 years.

18 When married persons maintain separate residences, the  
19 exemption provided for in this Section may be claimed by only  
20 one of such persons and for only one residence.

21 For taxable year 1994 only, in counties having less than  
22 3,000,000 inhabitants, to receive the exemption, a person  
23 shall submit an application by February 15, 1995 to the Chief  
24 County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property  
25 is located. In counties having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants,  
26 for taxable year 1994 and all subsequent taxable years, to

1 receive the exemption, a person may submit an application to  
2 the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the  
3 property is located during such period as may be specified by  
4 the Chief County Assessment Officer. The Chief County  
5 Assessment Officer in counties of 3,000,000 or more  
6 inhabitants shall annually give notice of the application  
7 period by mail or by publication. In counties having less than  
8 3,000,000 inhabitants, beginning with taxable year 1995 and  
9 thereafter, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an  
10 application by July 1 of each taxable year to the Chief County  
11 Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is  
12 located. A county may, by ordinance, establish a date for  
13 submission of applications that is different than July 1. The  
14 applicant shall submit with the application an affidavit of  
15 the applicant's total household income, age, marital status  
16 (and if married the name and address of the applicant's  
17 spouse, if known), and principal dwelling place of members of  
18 the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The Department  
19 shall establish, by rule, a method for verifying the accuracy  
20 of affidavits filed by applicants under this Section, and the  
21 Chief County Assessment Officer may conduct audits of any  
22 taxpayer claiming an exemption under this Section to verify  
23 that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the exemption. Each  
24 application shall contain or be verified by a written  
25 declaration that it is made under the penalties of perjury. A  
26 taxpayer's signing a fraudulent application under this Act is

1 perjury, as defined in Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of  
2 2012. The applications shall be clearly marked as applications  
3 for the Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption  
4 and must contain a notice that any taxpayer who receives the  
5 exemption is subject to an audit by the Chief County  
6 Assessment Officer.

7 Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, in  
8 counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an  
9 applicant fails to file the application required by this  
10 Section in a timely manner and this failure to file is due to a  
11 mental or physical condition sufficiently severe so as to  
12 render the applicant incapable of filing the application in a  
13 timely manner, the Chief County Assessment Officer may extend  
14 the filing deadline for a period of 30 days after the applicant  
15 regains the capability to file the application, but in no case  
16 may the filing deadline be extended beyond 3 months of the  
17 original filing deadline. In order to receive the extension  
18 provided in this paragraph, the applicant shall provide the  
19 Chief County Assessment Officer with a signed statement from  
20 the applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse,  
21 or physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the  
22 condition, that, in the physician's, advanced practice  
23 registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the  
24 condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant  
25 incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, and  
26 the date on which the applicant regained the capability to

1 file the application.

2 Beginning January 1, 1998, notwithstanding any other  
3 provision to the contrary, in counties having fewer than  
4 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the  
5 application required by this Section in a timely manner and  
6 this failure to file is due to a mental or physical condition  
7 sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of  
8 filing the application in a timely manner, the Chief County  
9 Assessment Officer may extend the filing deadline for a period  
10 of 3 months. In order to receive the extension provided in this  
11 paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County  
12 Assessment Officer with a signed statement from the  
13 applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or  
14 physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the  
15 condition, and that, in the physician's, advanced practice  
16 registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the  
17 condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant  
18 incapable of filing the application in a timely manner.

19 In counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an  
20 applicant was denied an exemption in taxable year 1994 and the  
21 denial occurred due to an error on the part of an assessment  
22 official, or his or her agent or employee, then beginning in  
23 taxable year 1997 the applicant's base year, for purposes of  
24 determining the amount of the exemption, shall be 1993 rather  
25 than 1994. In addition, in taxable year 1997, the applicant's  
26 exemption shall also include an amount equal to (i) the amount

1 of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1995  
2 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year,  
3 (ii) the amount of any exemption denied to the applicant in  
4 taxable year 1996 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993,  
5 as the base year, and (iii) the amount of the exemption  
6 erroneously denied for taxable year 1994.

7 For purposes of this Section, a person who will be 65 years  
8 of age during the current taxable year shall be eligible to  
9 apply for the homestead exemption during that taxable year.  
10 Application shall be made during the application period in  
11 effect for the county of his or her residence.

12 The Chief County Assessment Officer may determine the  
13 eligibility of a life care facility that qualifies as a  
14 cooperative to receive the benefits provided by this Section  
15 by use of an affidavit, application, visual inspection,  
16 questionnaire, or other reasonable method in order to insure  
17 that the tax savings resulting from the exemption are credited  
18 by the management firm to the apportioned tax liability of  
19 each qualifying resident. The Chief County Assessment Officer  
20 may request reasonable proof that the management firm has so  
21 credited that exemption.

22 Except as provided in this Section, all information  
23 received by the chief county assessment officer or the  
24 Department from applications filed under this Section, or from  
25 any investigation conducted under the provisions of this  
26 Section, shall be confidential, except for official purposes

1 or pursuant to official procedures for collection of any State  
2 or local tax or enforcement of any civil or criminal penalty or  
3 sanction imposed by this Act or by any statute or ordinance  
4 imposing a State or local tax. Any person who divulges any such  
5 information in any manner, except in accordance with a proper  
6 judicial order, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

7 Nothing contained in this Section shall prevent the  
8 Director or chief county assessment officer from publishing or  
9 making available reasonable statistics concerning the  
10 operation of the exemption contained in this Section in which  
11 the contents of claims are grouped into aggregates in such a  
12 way that information contained in any individual claim shall  
13 not be disclosed.

14 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for taxable  
15 year 2017 and thereafter, in counties of 3,000,000 or more  
16 inhabitants, the amount of the exemption shall be the greater  
17 of (i) the amount of the exemption otherwise calculated under  
18 this Section or (ii) \$2,000.

19 (c-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each  
20 chief county assessment officer may approve this exemption for  
21 the 2020 taxable year, without application, for any property  
22 that was approved for this exemption for the 2019 taxable  
23 year, provided that:

24 (1) the county board has declared a local disaster as  
25 provided in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act  
26 related to the COVID-19 public health emergency;

1           (2) the owner of record of the property as of January  
2           1, 2020 is the same as the owner of record of the property  
3           as of January 1, 2019;

4           (3) the exemption for the 2019 taxable year has not  
5           been determined to be an erroneous exemption as defined by  
6           this Code; and

7           (4) the applicant for the 2019 taxable year has not  
8           asked for the exemption to be removed for the 2019 or 2020  
9           taxable years.

10          Nothing in this subsection shall preclude or impair the  
11          authority of a chief county assessment officer to conduct  
12          audits of any taxpayer claiming an exemption under this  
13          Section to verify that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the  
14          exemption as provided elsewhere in this Section.

15          (d) Each Chief County Assessment Officer shall annually  
16          publish a notice of availability of the exemption provided  
17          under this Section. The notice shall be published at least 60  
18          days but no more than 75 days prior to the date on which the  
19          application must be submitted to the Chief County Assessment  
20          Officer of the county in which the property is located. The  
21          notice shall appear in a newspaper of general circulation in  
22          the county.

23          Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates  
24          Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the  
25          implementation of any mandate created by this Section.

26          (Source: P.A. 100-401, eff. 8-25-17; 100-513, eff. 1-1-18;

1 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 101-635, eff. 6-5-20.)

2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon  
3 becoming law.