102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

HB3039

Introduced 2/19/2021, by Rep. Keith R. Wheeler

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Department of State Police Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. Provides that the Illinois State Police shall establish a portal for use by federal, State, or local law enforcement agencies, including State's Attorneys and the Attorney General to capture a report of persons whose Firearm Owner's Identification Cards have been revoked or suspended. Creates the Firearm Recovery Task Force led by the Illinois State Police to seize and recover the Firearm Owner's Identification Cards of revoked persons and to enforce the revocation and suspension of Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. Amends the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. Provides that the Illinois State Police shall include in the report the reason the person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card was revoked or suspended. Amends the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Provides that the defendant shall physically surrender each firearm in his or her possession to a law enforcement agency designated by the court to take custody of and impound the firearm and physically surrender his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card to the law enforcement agency as a condition of remaining on bond pending sentencing when the offense the person has been charged with is a forcible felony, stalking, aggravated stalking, domestic battery, any violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or the Cannabis Control Act that is classified as a Class 2 or greater felony, or any felony violation of the Deadly Weapons Article of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. Amends the Freedom of Information Act and the Unified Code of Corrections to make conforming changes. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning public safety.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by 5 changing Section 7.5 as follows:

6 (5 ILCS 140/7.5)

Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for
by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be
exempt from inspection and copying:

(a) All information determined to be confidential
 under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and
 Development Act.

(b) Library circulation and order records identifying
library users with specific materials under the Library
Records Confidentiality Act.

(c) Applications, related documents, and medical
 records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
 Procedures Board and any and all documents or other
 records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
 Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it
 has received.

(d) Information and records held by the Department ofPublic Health and its authorized representatives relating

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to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.

(e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.

7 (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of
8 the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying
9 Qualifications Based Selection Act.

10 (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted 11 and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid 12 Tuition Act.

(h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.

(i) Information contained in a local emergency energy
 plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a
 local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted
 under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

(j) Information and data concerning the distribution
 of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers
 under the Emergency Telephone System Act.

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(k) Law enforcement officer identification information

or driver identification information compiled by a law
 enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation
 under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

4 (1) Records and information provided to a residential
5 health care facility resident sexual assault and death
6 review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse
7 Prevention Review Team Act.

8 (m) Information provided to the predatory lending 9 database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential 10 Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent 11 authorized under that Article.

(n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act. This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.

(o) Information that is prohibited from being
disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and
Hazardous Substances Registry Act.

(p) Security portions of system safety program plans,
investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or
information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the
Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of
the Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair

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- County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety
 Act.
- 3 (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the
 4 Personnel Record Review Act.
- (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the
 Illinois School Student Records Act.
- 7 (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted
 8 under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
- 9 (t) All identified or deidentified health information 10 in the form of health data or medical records contained 11 in, stored in, submitted to, transferred by, or released 12 from the Illinois Health Information Exchange, and identified or deidentified health information in the form 13 of health data and medical records of the Illinois Health 14 15 Information Exchange in the possession of the Illinois 16 Health Information Exchange Office due to its 17 administration of the Illinois Health Information Exchange. The terms "identified" and "deidentified" shall 18 19 be given the same meaning as in the Health Insurance 20 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 21 104-191, or any subsequent amendments thereto, and any 22 regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (u) Records and information provided to an independent
 team of experts under the Developmental Disability and
 Mental Health Safety Act (also known as Brian's Law).
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(v) Names and information of people who have applied

for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under 1 the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for 2 3 or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the 4 5 Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed 6 7 Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed 8 Carry Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the 9 Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

(w) Personally identifiable information which is
exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section
19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.

13 (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure
14 under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section
15 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

16 Confidential information under the Adult (V) 17 Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling 18 statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including 19 information about the identity and administrative finding 20 against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated 21 decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of 22 an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established 23 under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act.

(z) Records and information provided to a fatality
 review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory
 Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services

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1 Act.

2 (aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure
3 under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.

4 (bb) Information which is or was prohibited from
 5 disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

6 (cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement 7 Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent 8 authorized under that Act.

9 (dd) Information that is prohibited from being 10 disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common 11 Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.

(ee) Information that is exempted from disclosureunder Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.

14 (ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure15 under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.

16 (gg) Information that is prohibited from being 17 disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle 18 Code.

(hh) Records that are exempt from disclosure underSection 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.

(ii) Information which is exempted from disclosure
 under Section 2505-800 of the Department of Revenue Law of
 the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

(jj) Information and reports that are required to be
 submitted to the Department of Labor by registering day
 and temporary labor service agencies but are exempt from

disclosure under subsection (a-1) of Section 45 of the Day

and Temporary Labor Services Act.

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(kk) Information prohibited from disclosure under the Seizure and Forfeiture Reporting Act.

5 (11) Information the disclosure of which is restricted
6 and exempted under Section 5-30.8 of the Illinois Public
7 Aid Code.

8 (mm) Records that are exempt from disclosure under
9 Section 4.2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act.

(nn) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
 Section 70 of the Higher Education Student Assistance Act.

12 (oo) Communications, notes, records, and reports 13 arising out of a peer support counseling session 14 prohibited from disclosure under the First Responders 15 Suicide Prevention Act.

16 (pp) Names and all identifying information relating to 17 an employee of an emergency services provider or law 18 enforcement agency under the First Responders Suicide 19 Prevention Act.

(qq) Information and records held by the Department of
 Public Health and its authorized representatives collected
 under the Reproductive Health Act.

23 (rr) Information that is exempt from disclosure under24 the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.

(ss) Data reported by an employer to the Department of
 Human Rights pursuant to Section 2-108 of the Illinois

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1 Human Rights Act.

(tt) Recordings made under the Children's Advocacy
Center Act, except to the extent authorized under that
Act.

(uu) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of the Sexual Assault Evidence Submission Act.

7 (vv) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
8 subsections (f) and (j) of Section 5-36 of the Illinois
9 Public Aid Code.

10 (ww) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
11 Section 16.8 of the State Treasurer Act.

12 (xx) Information that is exempt from disclosure or 13 information that shall not be made public under the 14 Illinois Insurance Code.

(yy) Information prohibited from being disclosed underthe Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act.

17 (zz) Information prohibited from being disclosed under18 the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act.

(aaa) Information prohibited from being disclosed
 under Section 1-167 of the Illinois Pension Code.

(bbb) Records and information exempt from disclosure
 under Section 2605-304 of the Department of State Police
 Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

24 (Source: P.A. 100-20, eff. 7-1-17; 100-22, eff. 1-1-18;
25 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-373, eff. 1-1-18; 100-464, eff.
26 8-28-17; 100-465, eff. 8-31-17; 100-512, eff. 7-1-18; 100-517,

1 eff. 6-1-18; 100-646, eff. 7-27-18; 100-690, eff. 1-1-19; 2 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-887, eff. 8-14-18; 101-13, eff. 3 6-12-19; 101-27, eff. 6-25-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-221, 4 eff. 1-1-20; 101-236, eff. 1-1-20; 101-375, eff. 8-16-19; 5 101-377, eff. 8-16-19; 101-452, eff. 1-1-20; 101-466, eff. 6 1-1-20; 101-600, eff. 12-6-19; 101-620, eff 12-20-19; 101-649, 7 eff. 7-7-20.)

8 Section 10. The Department of State Police Law of the 9 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding 10 Sections 2605-304 and 2605-615 as follows:

11 (20 ILCS 2605/2605-304 new)

12 Sec. 2605-304. Prohibited persons portal.

(a) Within 180 days of the effective date of this 13 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, the Illinois 14 15 State Police shall establish a portal for use by federal, State, or local law enforcement agencies, including State's 16 17 Attorneys and the Attorney General, to capture a report of persons whose Firearm Owner's Identification Cards have been 18 revoked or suspended. The portal is for law enforcement 19 20 purposes only. 21 (b) The Illinois State Police shall include in the report

22 <u>the reason the person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card</u> 23 <u>was subject to revocation or suspension, to the extent allowed</u> 24 <u>by law, consistent with Section 8 of the Firearm Owners</u>

1 Identification Card Act.

2	(c) The Illinois State Police shall indicate whether the
3	person subject to the revocation or suspension of his or her
4	Firearm Owner's Identification Card has surrendered his or her
5	revoked or suspended Firearm Owner's Identification Card and
6	whether the person has completed a Firearm Disposition Record
7	required under Section 9.5 of the Firearm Owners
8	Identification Card Act.

9 <u>(d) The Illinois State Police shall provide updates of</u> 10 <u>information related to an individual's current Firearm Owner's</u> 11 <u>Identification Card revocation or suspension status, including</u> 12 <u>compliance under Section 9.5 of the Firearm Owners</u> 13 <u>Identification Card Act, in the Illinois State Police's Law</u> 14 <u>Enforcement Agencies Data System.</u>

15 (e) Records and information in the portal are exempt from
 16 disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

17 (f) The Illinois State Police may adopt rules necessary to
 18 implement this Section.

19 (20 ILCS 2605/2605-615 new)
 20 <u>Sec. 2605-615. Firearm Recovery Task Force. The Director</u>
 21 <u>shall establish a statewide multi-jurisdictional Firearm</u>
 22 <u>Recovery Task Force led by the Illinois State Police to seize</u>
 23 <u>and recover the Firearm Owner's Identification Cards of</u>
 24 <u>revoked persons and to enforce Section 9.5 of the Firearm</u>
 25 <u>Owner's Identification Card Act.</u>

1	The Task Force may work with units of local government in
2	its recovery efforts. In working with a unit of local
3	government, the Task Force shall operate under an
4	intergovernmental agreement entered into with that unit of
5	local government in conformity with the provisions of the
6	Intergovernmental Cooperation Act. Units of local government
7	cooperating with the Task Force shall be reimbursed by the
8	Illinois State Police for expenses incurred in their
9	cooperation with the Task Force.
10	The creation of the Task Force is subject to
11	appropriation.
12	For purposes of this Section:
13	"Revoked person" means a person whose Firearm Owner's
14	Identification Card has been revoked under Section 8 of the
15	Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
16	"Unit of local comment" has the manning evenided in

16 <u>"Unit of local government" has the meaning provided in</u> 17 <u>Section 1 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution and</u> 18 <u>includes both home rule and non-home rule units.</u>

Section 15. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is amended by changing Sections 3.1, 8, and 9.5 and by adding Section 8.4 as follows:

22 (430 ILCS 65/3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-3.1)

23 Sec. 3.1. Dial up system.

24 (a) The Department of State Police shall provide a dial up

telephone system or utilize other existing technology which 1 2 shall be used by any federally licensed firearm dealer, gun 3 show promoter, or gun show vendor who is to transfer a firearm, stun gun, or taser under the provisions of this Act. The 4 5 Department of State Police may utilize existing technology which allows the caller to be charged a fee not to exceed \$2. 6 7 Fees collected by the Department of State Police shall be deposited in the State Police Services Fund and used to 8 9 provide the service.

10 (b) Upon receiving a request from a federally licensed 11 firearm dealer, gun show promoter, or gun show vendor, the 12 Department of State Police shall immediately approve, or 13 within the time period established by Section 24-3 of the Criminal Code of 2012 regarding the delivery of firearms, stun 14 15 guns, and tasers notify the inquiring dealer, gun show promoter, or gun show vendor of any objection that would 16 17 disqualify the transferee from acquiring or possessing a firearm, stun gun, or taser. In conducting the inquiry, the 18 Department of State Police shall initiate and complete an 19 20 automated search of its criminal history record information files and those of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, 21 22 including the National Instant Criminal Background Check 23 System, and of the files of the Department of Human Services relating to mental health and developmental disabilities to 24 obtain any prohibiting information felony conviction or 25 26 patient hospitalization information which would disqualify a

person from obtaining or require revocation of a currently
 valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

3 (c) If receipt of a firearm would not violate Section 24-3
4 of the Criminal Code of 2012, federal law, or this Act the
5 Department of State Police shall:

6 (1) assign a unique identification number to the 7 transfer; and

8 (2) provide the licensee, gun show promoter, or gun9 show vendor with the number.

10 (d) Approvals issued by the Department of State Police for 11 the purchase of a firearm are valid for 30 days from the date 12 of issue.

(e) (1) The Department of State Police must act as the
Illinois Point of Contact for the National Instant Criminal
Background Check System.

16 (2) The Department of State Police and the Department of 17 Human Services shall, in accordance with State and federal law regarding confidentiality, enter 18 into a memorandum of 19 understanding with the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the 20 purpose of implementing the National Instant Criminal 21 Background Check System in the State. The Department of State 22 Police shall report the name, date of birth, and physical 23 description of any person prohibited from possessing a firearm pursuant to the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or 18 24 25 U.S.C. 922(q) and (n) to the National Instant Criminal 26 Background Check System Index, Denied Persons Files.

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(3) The Department of State Police shall provide notice of 1 2 the disqualification of a person under subsection (b) of this 3 Section or the revocation of a person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card under Section 8 or Section 8.2 of this 4 5 Act, and the reason for the disqualification or revocation, to all law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction to assist with 6 the seizure of the person's Firearm Owner's Identification 7 8 Card.

9 (f) The Department of State Police shall adopt rules not
10 inconsistent with this Section to implement this system.
11 (Source: P.A. 98-63, eff. 7-9-13; 99-787, eff. 1-1-17.)

12 (430 ILCS 65/8) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-8)

Sec. 8. Grounds for denial and revocation. The Department of State Police has authority to deny an application for or to revoke and seize a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued under this Act only if the Department finds that the applicant or the person to whom such card was issued is or was at the time of issuance:

(a) A person under 21 years of age who has been
convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or
adjudged delinquent;

(b) This subsection (b) applies through the 180th day
following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
101st General Assembly. A person under 21 years of age who
does not have the written consent of his parent or

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guardian to acquire and possess firearms and firearm ammunition, or whose parent or guardian has revoked such written consent, or where such parent or guardian does not qualify to have a Firearm Owner's Identification Card;

5 (b-5) This subsection (b-5) applies on and after the 6 181st day following the effective date of this amendatory 7 Act of the 101st General Assembly. A person under 21 years of age who is not an active duty member of the United 8 9 States Armed Forces and does not have the written consent 10 of his or her parent or quardian to acquire and possess 11 firearms and firearm ammunition, or whose parent or 12 guardian has revoked such written consent, or where such parent or quardian does not qualify to have a Firearm 13 14 Owner's Identification Card:

15 (c) A person convicted of a felony under the laws of16 this or any other jurisdiction;

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(d) A person addicted to narcotics;

18 (e) A person who has been a patient of a mental health 19 facility within the past 5 years or a person who has been a 20 patient in a mental health facility more than 5 years ago who has not received the certification required under 21 22 subsection (u) of this Section. An active law enforcement 23 officer employed by a unit of government who is denied, revoked, or has his or her Firearm Owner's Identification 24 25 Card seized under this subsection (e) may obtain relief as described in subsection (c-5) of Section 10 of this Act if 26

the officer did not act in a manner threatening to the officer, another person, or the public as determined by the treating clinical psychologist or physician, and the officer seeks mental health treatment;

(f) A person whose mental condition is of such a nature that it poses a clear and present danger to the applicant, any other person or persons or the community;

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(g) A person who has an intellectual disability;

9 (h) A person who intentionally makes a false statement
10 in the Firearm Owner's Identification Card application;

(i) An alien who is unlawfully present in the United
States under the laws of the United States;

(i-5) An alien who has been admitted to the United States under a non-immigrant visa (as that term is defined in Section 101(a)(26) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(26))), except that this subsection (i-5) does not apply to any alien who has been lawfully admitted to the United States under a non-immigrant visa if that alien is:

20 (1) admitted to the United States for lawful
21 hunting or sporting purposes;

(2) an official representative of a foreigngovernment who is:

(A) accredited to the United States Government
or the Government's mission to an international
organization having its headquarters in the United

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1 States; or
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2 (B) en route to or from another country to 3 which that alien is accredited;

4 (3) an official of a foreign government or
5 distinguished foreign visitor who has been so
6 designated by the Department of State;

7 (4) a foreign law enforcement officer of a
8 friendly foreign government entering the United States
9 on official business; or

10 (5) one who has received a waiver from the 11 Attorney General of the United States pursuant to 18 12 U.S.C. 922(y)(3);

13 (j) (Blank);

14 (k) A person who has been convicted within the past 5 15 years of battery, assault, aggravated assault, violation 16 of an order of protection, or a substantially similar 17 offense in another jurisdiction, in which a firearm was 18 used or possessed;

19 (1) A person who has been convicted of domestic 20 battery, aggravated domestic battery, or a substantially 21 similar offense in another jurisdiction committed before, 22 on or after January 1, 2012 (the effective date of Public 23 Act 97-158). If the applicant or person who has been 24 previously issued a Firearm Owner's Identification Card 25 under this Act knowingly and intelligently waives the 26 right to have an offense described in this paragraph (1)

1 tried by a jury, and by guilty plea or otherwise, results 2 in a conviction for an offense in which a domestic 3 relationship is not a required element of the offense but in which a determination of the applicability of 18 U.S.C. 4 5 922(q)(9) is made under Section 112A-11.1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, an entry by the court of a 6 7 judgment of conviction for that offense shall be grounds 8 for denying an application for and for revoking and 9 seizing a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously 10 issued to the person under this Act;

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(m) (Blank);

12 (n) A person who is prohibited from acquiring or
13 possessing firearms or firearm ammunition by any Illinois
14 State statute or by federal law;

15 (o) A minor subject to a petition filed under Section 16 5-520 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 alleging that the 17 minor is a delinquent minor for the commission of an 18 offense that if committed by an adult would be a felony;

(p) An adult who had been adjudicated a delinquent minor under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for the commission of an offense that if committed by an adult would be a felony;

23 (q) A person who is not a resident of the State of 24 Illinois, except as provided in subsection (a-10) of 25 Section 4;

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(r) A person who has been adjudicated as a person with

a mental disability;

2 (s) A person who has been found to have a
3 developmental disability;

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(t) A person involuntarily admitted into a mental health facility; or

6 (u) A person who has had his or her Firearm Owner's 7 Identification Card revoked or denied under subsection (e) this Section or item (iv) of paragraph (2) 8 of of 9 subsection (a) of Section 4 of this Act because he or she 10 was a patient in a mental health facility as provided in 11 subsection (e) of this Section, shall not be permitted to 12 obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card, after the 5-year period has lapsed, unless he or she has received a 13 14 mental health evaluation by a physician, clinical 15 psychologist, or qualified examiner as those terms are 16 defined in the Mental Health and Developmental 17 Disabilities Code, and has received a certification that he or she is not a clear and present danger to himself, 18 19 herself, or others. The physician, clinical psychologist, 20 or qualified examiner making the certification and his or 21 her employer shall not be held criminally, civilly, or 22 professionally liable for making or not making the 23 certification required under this subsection, except for willful or wanton misconduct. This subsection does not 24 25 apply to a person whose firearm possession rights have 26 been restored through administrative or judicial action

under Section 10 or 11 of this Act; or. 1 2 (v) A person who is under guardianship under the Probate Act of 1975 because he or she is a person with a 3 4 disability as defined in Section 11a-2 of the Probate Act 5 of 1975. 6 Upon revocation of а person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card, the Department of State Police shall 7 8 provide notice to the person within 7 business days and the 9 person shall comply with Section 9.5 of this Act. 10 (Source: P.A. 101-80, eff. 7-12-19.) 11 (430 ILCS 65/8.4 new) 12 Sec. 8.4. Cancellation of Firearm Owner's Identification Card. The Illinois State Police may cancel a Firearm Owner's 13 Identification Card if a person is not prohibited by State or 14 15 federal law from acquiring or possessing a firearm or firearm 16 ammunition and the sole purpose is for an administrative reason. "Administrative reason" includes, but is not limited 17 18 to: a person who surrenders his or her Illinois drivers license or Illinois Identification Card to another 19 20 jurisdiction, death, or in which a person's Firearm Owner's 21 Identification Card is reported as lost, stolen, or destroyed. 22 The Illinois State Police may adopt rules necessary to 23 implement this Section.

24 (430 ILCS 65/9.5)

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Sec. 9.5. Revocation <u>or suspension</u> of Firearm Owner's
 Identification Card.

3 (a) A person who receives a revocation <u>or suspension</u> 4 notice under Section 9 of this Act shall, within 48 hours of 5 receiving notice of the revocation <u>or suspension</u>:

his or 6 (1)surrender her Firearm Owner's 7 Identification Card to the local law enforcement agency where the person resides. The local law enforcement agency 8 9 shall provide the person a receipt and transmit the 10 Firearm Owner's Identification Card to the Department of 11 State Police; and

(2) complete a Firearm Disposition Record on a form
prescribed by the Department of State Police and place his
or her firearms in the location or with the person
reported in the Firearm Disposition Record. The form shall
require the person to disclose:

17 (A) the make, model, and serial number of each
18 firearm owned by or under the custody and control of
19 the revoked <u>or suspended</u> person;

(B) the location where each firearm will be
 maintained during the prohibited term; and

(C) if any firearm will be transferred to the
custody of another person, the name, address and
Firearm Owner's Identification Card number of the
transferee.

26 <u>(a-5) The Firearm Disposition Record shall contain a</u>

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1	statement to be signed by the transferee that the transferee:
2	(1) is aware of, and will abide by, current law
3	regarding the unlawful transfer of a firearm;
4	(2) is aware of the penalties for violating the law as
5	it pertains to unlawful transfer of a firearm; and
6	(3) intends to retain possession of the firearm or
7	firearms until it is determined that the transferor is
8	legally eligible to possess a firearm and has an active
9	Firearm Owner's Identification Card, if applicable, or
10	until a new person is chosen to hold the firearm or
11	firearms.

12 (b) The local law enforcement agency shall provide a copy 13 of the Firearm Disposition Record to the person whose Firearm 14 Owner's Identification Card has been revoked <u>or suspended</u>, the 15 <u>transferee</u>, and to the Department of State Police.

16 (c) If the person whose Firearm Owner's Identification Card has been revoked or suspended fails to comply with the 17 requirements of this Section, the sheriff or law enforcement 18 agency where the person resides may petition the circuit court 19 20 to issue a warrant to search for and seize the Firearm Owner's 21 Identification Card and firearms in the possession or under 22 the custody or control of the person whose Firearm Owner's Identification Card has been revoked or suspended. 23

24 (d) A violation of subsection (a) of this Section is a25 Class A misdemeanor.

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(e) The observation of a Firearm Owner's Identification

1 Card in the possession of a person whose Firearm Owner's 2 Identification Card has been revoked <u>or suspended</u> constitutes 3 a sufficient basis for the arrest of that person for violation 4 of this Section.

5 (f) Within 30 days after the effective date of this 6 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, the Department of State Police shall provide written notice of the requirements 7 8 this Section to persons whose Firearm Owner's of 9 Identification Cards have been revoked, suspended, or expired 10 and who have failed to surrender their cards to the 11 Department.

12 (g) A person whose Firearm Owner's Identification Card has 13 been revoked <u>or suspended</u> and who received notice under 14 subsection (f) shall comply with the requirements of this 15 Section within 48 hours of receiving notice.

16 (Source: P.A. 98-63, eff. 7-9-13.)

Section 20. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is amended by changing Section 110-10 as follows:

19 (725 ILCS 5/110-10) (from Ch. 38, par. 110-10)

20 Sec. 110-10. Conditions of bail bond.

(a) If a person is released prior to conviction, either upon payment of bail security or on his or her own recognizance, the conditions of the bail bond shall be that he or she will:

(1) Appear to answer the charge in the court having 1 2 jurisdiction on a day certain and thereafter as ordered by 3 the court until discharged or final order of the court; (2) Submit himself or herself to the orders and 4 5 process of the court; 6 (3) Not depart this State without leave of the court; 7 (4) Not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction; 8 9 (5) At a time and place designated by the court, the 10 defendant shall physically surrender each firearm in his 11 or her possession to a law enforcement agency designated 12 by the court to take custody of and impound the firearm and 13 physically surrender his or her Firearm Owner's 14 Identification Card to the law enforcement agency as a condition of remaining on bond pending sentencing 15 16 surrender all firearms in his or her possession to a law 17 enforcement officer designated by the court to take custody of and impound the firearms and physically 18 19 surrender his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card 20 to the clerk of the circuit court when the offense the 21 person has been charged with is a forcible felony, 22 stalking, aggravated stalking, domestic battery, anv 23 violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or 24 25 the Cannabis Control Act that is classified as a Class 2 or 26 greater felony, or any felony violation of Article 24 of

1	the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 $_{\underline{\textit{\prime}}}$
2	unless the defendant requests to transfer his or her
3	firearm under Section 9.5 of the Firearm Owners
4	Identification Card Act first. A defendant whose Firearm
5	Owner's Identification Card has been revoked or suspended
6	may petition the court to transfer the defendant's firearm
7	to a person who is lawfully able to possess the firearm if
8	the person does not reside at the same address as the
9	defendant. The transferee who receives the defendant's
10	firearm must swear or affirm by affidavit that he or she
11	shall not transfer the firearm to the defendant or to
12	anyone residing in the same residence as the defendant,
13	until the defendant's Firearm Owner's Identification Card
14	has been reinstated. The law enforcement agency, upon
15	transfer of the firearm, shall require the defendant to
16	complete a Firearm Disposition Record under Section 9.5 of
17	the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act and provide a
18	copy to the Illinois State Police along with the
19	defendant's Firearm Owner's Identification Card; the court
20	may, however, forgo the imposition of this condition when
21	the circumstances of the case clearly do not warrant it or
22	when its imposition would be impractical; each legally
23	possessed firearm shall be returned to the person upon
24	proof being provided to the law enforcement agency of the
25	reinstatement of the person's Firearm Owner's
26	Identification Card if the Firearm Owner's Identification

1 Card is confiscated, the clerk of the circuit court shall 2 mail the confiscated card to the Illinois State Police; 3 all legally possessed firearms shall be returned to the 4 person upon the charges being dismissed, or if the person 5 is found not guilty, unless the finding of not guilty is by 6 reason of insanity; and

7 (6) At a time and place designated by the court, 8 submit to a psychological evaluation when the person has been charged with a violation of item (4) of subsection 9 (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 10 11 Criminal Code of 2012 and that violation occurred in a 12 school or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted 13 by a school to transport students to or from school or a school-related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 14 15 feet of real property comprising any school.

16 Psychological evaluations ordered pursuant to this Section 17 shall be completed promptly and made available to the State, the defendant, and the court. As a further condition of bail 18 under these circumstances, the court shall order the defendant 19 to refrain from entering upon the property of the school, 20 21 including any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a 22 school to transport students to or from school or a 23 school-related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of real property comprising any school. Upon receipt of 24 25 the psychological evaluation, either the State or the 26 defendant may request a change in the conditions of bail,

pursuant to Section 110-6 of this Code. The court may change 1 2 the conditions of bail to include a requirement that the 3 defendant follow the recommendations of the psychological evaluation, including undergoing psychiatric treatment. The 4 5 conclusions of the psychological evaluation and any statements elicited from the defendant during its administration are not 6 7 admissible as evidence of guilt during the course of any trial 8 on the charged offense, unless the defendant places his or her 9 mental competency in issue.

10 (b) The court may impose other conditions, such as the 11 following, if the court finds that such conditions are 12 reasonably necessary to assure the defendant's appearance in court, protect the public from the defendant, or prevent the 13 defendant's unlawful 14 interference with the orderlv 15 administration of justice:

16 (1) Report to or appear in person before such person
17 or agency as the court may direct;

18 (2) Refrain from possessing a firearm or other19 dangerous weapon;

20 (3) Refrain from approaching or communicating with
 21 particular persons or classes of persons;

22 (4) Refrain from going to certain described
 23 geographical areas or premises;

24 (5) Refrain from engaging in certain activities or
25 indulging in intoxicating liquors or in certain drugs;
26 (6) Undergo treatment for drug addiction or

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1 alcoholism;

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- (7) Undergo medical or psychiatric treatment;
- 3 (8) Work or pursue a course of study or vocational 4 training;

5 (9) Attend or reside in a facility designated by the 6 court;

7

(10) Support his or her dependents;

8 (11) If a minor resides with his or her parents or in a 9 foster home, attend school, attend a non-residential 10 program for youths, and contribute to his or her own 11 support at home or in a foster home;

12

(12) Observe any curfew ordered by the court;

(13) Remain in the custody of such designated person or organization agreeing to supervise his release. Such third party custodian shall be responsible for notifying the court if the defendant fails to observe the conditions of release which the custodian has agreed to monitor, and shall be subject to contempt of court for failure so to notify the court;

20 (14) Be placed under direct supervision of the 21 Pretrial Services Agency, Probation Department or Court 22 Services Department in a pretrial bond home supervision 23 capacity with or without the use of an approved electronic 24 monitoring device subject to Article 8A of Chapter V of 25 the Unified Code of Corrections;

26

(14.1) The court shall impose upon a defendant who is

charged with any alcohol, cannabis, methamphetamine, or 1 2 controlled substance violation and is placed under direct 3 supervision of the Pretrial Services Agency, Probation Department or Court Services Department in a pretrial bond 4 5 home supervision capacity with the use of an approved 6 monitoring device, as a condition of such bail bond, a fee 7 represents costs incidental to the electronic that monitoring for each day of such bail supervision ordered 8 9 by the court, unless after determining the inability of 10 the defendant to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser 11 fee or no fee as the case may be. The fee shall be 12 collected by the clerk of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of 13 14 the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall 15 pay all monies collected from this fee to the county 16 treasurer for deposit in the substance abuse services fund 17 under Section 5-1086.1 of the Counties Code, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of 18 19 the circuit court.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by administrative order establish a program for electronic monitoring of offenders with regard to drug-related and alcohol-related offenses, in which a vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall include provisions for indigent offenders

and the collection of unpaid fees. The program shall not
 unduly burden the offender and shall be subject to review
 by the Chief Judge.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or damage to any device;

7 (14.2) The court shall impose upon all defendants, including those defendants subject to paragraph (14.1) 8 9 above, placed under direct supervision of the Pretrial 10 Services Agency, Probation Department or Court Services 11 Department in a pretrial bond home supervision capacity 12 with the use of an approved monitoring device, as a condition of such bail bond, a fee which shall represent 13 14 costs incidental to such electronic monitoring for each day of such bail supervision ordered by the court, unless 15 16 after determining the inability of the defendant to pay 17 the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the case may be. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the 18 19 circuit court, except as provided in an administrative 20 order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The clerk of 21 the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this 22 fee to the county treasurer who shall use the monies 23 collected to defray the costs of corrections. The county 24 treasurer shall deposit the fee collected in the county 25 working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 26 of the Counties Code, as the case may be, except as

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provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court.

3 The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by administrative order establish a program for electronic 4 5 monitoring of offenders with regard to drug-related and alcohol-related offenses, in which a vendor supplies and 6 7 monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring 8 device, and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The 9 program shall include provisions for indigent offenders 10 and the collection of unpaid fees. The program shall not 11 unduly burden the offender and shall be subject to review 12 by the Chief Judge.

13 The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any 14 additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or 15 damage to any device;

16 (14.3) The Chief Judge of the Judicial Circuit may 17 establish reasonable fees to be paid by a person receiving pretrial services while under supervision of a pretrial 18 19 services agency, probation department, or court services 20 department. Reasonable fees may be charged for pretrial 21 services including, but not limited to, pretrial 22 supervision, diversion programs, electronic monitoring, 23 victim impact services, drug and alcohol testing, DNA 24 testing, GPS electronic monitoring, assessments and 25 evaluations related to domestic violence and other 26 victims, and victim mediation services. The person

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receiving pretrial services may be ordered to pay all costs incidental to pretrial services in accordance with his or her ability to pay those costs;

(14.4) For persons charged with violating Section 4 5 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, refrain from operating a motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition 6 7 interlock device, as defined in Section 1-129.1 of the 8 Illinois Vehicle Code, pursuant to the rules promulgated 9 by the Secretary of State for the installation of ignition interlock devices. Under this condition the court may 10 11 allow a defendant who is not self-employed to operate a 12 vehicle owned by the defendant's employer that is not 13 equipped with an ignition interlock device in the course 14 and scope of the defendant's employment;

(15) Comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued by the court under the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory;

20 (16) Under Section 110-6.5 comply with the conditions
21 of the drug testing program; and

(17) Such other reasonable conditions as the court mayimpose.

(c) When a person is charged with an offense under Section
11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 12-13, 12-14,
12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the

1 Criminal Code of 2012, involving a victim who is a minor under 2 18 years of age living in the same household with the defendant 3 at the time of the offense, in granting bail or releasing the 4 defendant on his own recognizance, the judge shall impose 5 conditions to restrict the defendant's access to the victim 6 which may include, but are not limited to conditions that he 7 will:

8

1. Vacate the household.

9 2. Make payment of temporary support to his 10 dependents.

3. Refrain from contact or communication with the
 child victim, except as ordered by the court.

(d) When a person is charged with a criminal offense and the victim is a family or household member as defined in Article 112A, conditions shall be imposed at the time of the defendant's release on bond that restrict the defendant's access to the victim. Unless provided otherwise by the court, the restrictions shall include requirements that the defendant do the following:

20 (1) refrain from contact or communication with the 21 victim for a minimum period of 72 hours following the 22 defendant's release; and

(2) refrain from entering or remaining at the victim's
 residence for a minimum period of 72 hours following the
 defendant's release.

26 (e) Local law enforcement agencies shall develop

standardized bond forms for use in cases involving family or household members as defined in Article 112A, including specific conditions of bond as provided in subsection (d). Failure of any law enforcement department to develop or use those forms shall in no way limit the applicability and enforcement of subsections (d) and (f).

7 (f) If the defendant is admitted to bail after conviction 8 the conditions of the bail bond shall be that he will, in 9 addition to the conditions set forth in subsections (a) and 10 (b) hereof:

11

(1) Duly prosecute his appeal;

12 (2) Appear at such time and place as the court may13 direct;

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(3) Not depart this State without leave of the court;

15 (4) Comply with such other reasonable conditions as16 the court may impose; and

17 (5) If the judgment is affirmed or the cause reversed
18 and remanded for a new trial, forthwith surrender to the
19 officer from whose custody he was bailed.

(g) Upon a finding of guilty for any felony offense, <u>the</u> <u>defendant shall physically surrender</u>, <u>at a time and place</u> <u>designated by the court</u>, <u>each firearm in his or her possession</u> <u>to a law enforcement officer designated by the court to take</u> <u>custody of and impound the firearm and physically surrender</u> <u>his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card to the law</u> <u>enforcement agency as a condition of remaining on bond pending</u>

1	sentencing, unless the defendant requests to transfer his or
2	her firearm under Section 9.5 of the Firearm Owners
3	Identification Card Act first. A defendant whose Firearm
4	Owner's Identification Card has been revoked or suspended may
5	petition the court to transfer the defendant's firearm to a
6	person who is lawfully able to possess the firearm if the
7	person does not reside at the same address as the defendant.
8	The transferee who receives the defendant's firearm must swear
9	or affirm by affidavit that he or she shall not transfer the
10	firearm to the defendant or to anyone residing in the same
11	residence as the defendant, until the defendant's Firearm
12	Owner's Identification Card has been reinstated. The law
13	enforcement agency, upon transfer of the firearm, shall
14	require the defendant to complete a Firearm Disposition Record
15	under Section 9.5 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card
16	Act and provide a copy to the Illinois State Police along with
17	the defendant's Firearm Owner's Identification Card the
18	defendant shall physically surrender, at a time and place
19	designated by the court, any and all firearms in his or her
20	possession and his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card
21	as a condition of remaining on bond pending sentencing.

(h) In the event the defendant is unable to post bond, the court may impose a no contact provision with the victim or other interested party that shall be enforced while the defendant remains in custody.

26

(i) Upon indictment for any felony offense, the defendant

1	shall physically surrender, at a time and place designated by
2	the court, each firearm in his or her possession to a law
3	enforcement officer designated by the court to take custody of
4	and impound the firearm and physically surrender his or her
5	Firearm Owner's Identification Card to the law enforcement
6	agency as a condition of remaining on bond pending sentencing,
7	unless the defendant requests to transfer his or her firearm
8	under Section 9.5 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card
9	Act first. A defendant whose Firearm Owner's Identification
10	Card has been revoked or suspended may petition the court to
11	transfer the defendant's firearm to a person who is lawfully
12	able to possess the firearm if the person does not reside at
13	the same address as the defendant. The transferee who receives
14	the defendant's firearm must swear or affirm by affidavit that
15	he or she shall not transfer the firearm to the defendant or to
16	anyone residing in the same residence as the defendant, until
17	the defendant's Firearm Owner's Identification Card has been
18	reinstated. The law enforcement agency upon transfer of the
19	firearm shall require the defendant to complete a Firearm
20	Disposition Record under Section 9.5 of the Firearm Owners
21	
	Identification Card Act and provide a copy to the Illinois
22	Identification Card Act and provide a copy to the Illinois State Police along with the defendant's Firearm Owner's
22 23	
	State Police along with the defendant's Firearm Owner's
23	State Police along with the defendant's Firearm Owner's Identification Card. Each legally possessed firearm shall be

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1	(Source: P.A. 101-138, eff. 1-1-20.)
2	Section 25. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
3	changing Section 5-6-3 as follows:
4	(730 ILCS 5/5-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3)
5	Sec. 5-6-3. Conditions of probation and of conditional
6	discharge.
7	(a) The conditions of probation and of conditional
8	discharge shall be that the person:
9	(1) not violate any criminal statute of any
10	jurisdiction;
11	(2) report to or appear in person before such person
12	or agency as directed by the court;
13	(3) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
14	dangerous weapon where the offense is a felony or, if a
15	misdemeanor, the offense involved the intentional or
16	knowing infliction of bodily harm or threat of bodily
17	harm;
18	(4) not leave the State without the consent of the
19	court or, in circumstances in which the reason for the
20	absence is of such an emergency nature that prior consent
21	by the court is not possible, without the prior
22	notification and approval of the person's probation
23	officer. Transfer of a person's probation or conditional
24	discharge supervision to another state is subject to

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acceptance by the other state pursuant to the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision;

3 (5) permit the probation officer to visit him at his 4 home or elsewhere to the extent necessary to discharge his 5 duties;

6 (6) perform no less than 30 hours of community service 7 and not more than 120 hours of community service, if community service is available in the jurisdiction and is 8 9 funded and approved by the county board where the offense 10 was committed, where the offense was related to or in 11 furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized 12 gang and was motivated by the offender's membership in or 13 allegiance to an organized gang. The community service 14 shall include, but not be limited to, the cleanup and 15 repair of any damage caused by a violation of Section 16 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 17 2012 and similar damage to property located within the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. 18 19 When possible and reasonable, the community service should 20 be performed in the offender's neighborhood. For purposes 21 of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed 22 to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism 23 Omnibus Prevention Act. The court may give credit toward 24 fulfillment of community service hours the for 25 participation in activities and treatment as determined by 26 court services;

(7) if he or she is at least 17 years of age and has 1 been sentenced to probation or conditional discharge for a 2 3 misdemeanor or felony in a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and has not been previously convicted of a 4 misdemeanor or felony, may be required by the sentencing 5 court to attend educational courses designed to prepare 6 7 the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing high 8 9 school equivalency testing or to work toward completing a 10 vocational training program approved by the court. The 11 person on probation or conditional discharge must attend a 12 public institution of education to obtain the educational or vocational training required by this paragraph (7). The 13 14 court shall revoke the probation or conditional discharge 15 of a person who wilfully fails to comply with this 16 paragraph (7). The person on probation or conditional 17 discharge shall be required to pay for the cost of the educational courses or high school equivalency testing if 18 19 a fee is charged for those courses or testing. The court probation 20 shall resentence the offender whose or 21 conditional discharge has been revoked as provided in 22 Section 5-6-4. This paragraph (7) does not apply to a 23 person who has a high school diploma or has successfully 24 passed high school equivalency testing. This paragraph (7) 25 does not apply to a person who is determined by the court 26 be a person with a developmental disability or to

1 2 otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program;

3 if convicted of possession of (8) а substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois 4 5 Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act after a previous conviction 6 7 disposition of supervision for possession of or а 8 substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or 9 Illinois Controlled Substances Act or after a sentence of 10 probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, 11 Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or 12 Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act and upon a finding by the court that the 13 14 person is addicted, undergo treatment at a substance abuse 15 program approved by the court;

16 (8.5) if convicted of a felony sex offense as defined 17 in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the person shall 18 undergo and successfully complete sex offender treatment 19 by a treatment provider approved by the Board and 20 conducted in conformance with the standards developed 21 under the Sex Offender Management Board Act;

(8.6) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, refrain from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or apartment complex with another person he or she knows or

reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been placed on supervision for a sex offense; the provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders;

7 (8.7) if convicted for an offense committed on or after June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 8 9 95-464) that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the 10 11 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, 12 refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is not related to the accused 13 14 and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 15 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (8.7), 16 "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 17 16-0.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is not related to the accused if the person is not: (i) the 18 19 spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin 20 of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of 21 22 the accused;

(8.8) if convicted for an offense under Section 11-6,
 11-9.1, 11-14.4 that involves soliciting for a juvenile
 prostitute, 11-15.1, 11-20.1, 11-20.1B, 11-20.3, or 11-21
 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012,

1 or any attempt to commit any of these offenses, committed 2 on or after June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 3 95-983):

4 (i) not access or use a computer or any other
5 device with Internet capability without the prior
6 written approval of the offender's probation officer,
7 except in connection with the offender's employment or
8 search for employment with the prior approval of the
9 offender's probation officer;

(ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations 10 11 of the offender's computer or any other device with 12 Internet capability by the offender's probation 13 officer, a law enforcement officer, or assigned 14 computer or information technology specialist, 15 including the retrieval and copying of all data from 16 the computer or device and any internal or external 17 removal of such information, peripherals and equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough 18 19 inspection;

(iii) submit to the installation on the offender's
computer or device with Internet capability, at the
offender's expense, of one or more hardware or
software systems to monitor the Internet use; and

(iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions
 concerning the offender's use of or access to a
 computer or any other device with Internet capability

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imposed by the offender's probation officer;

(8.9) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the
Sex Offender Registration Act committed on or after
January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-262),
refrain from accessing or using a social networking
website as defined in Section 17-0.5 of the Criminal Code
of 2012;

(9) if convicted of a felony or of any misdemeanor 8 9 violation of Section 12-1, 12-2, 12-3, 12-3.2, 12-3.4, or 10 12-3.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 11 2012 that was determined, pursuant to Section 112A-11.1 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, to trigger the 12 13 prohibitions of 18 U.S.C. 922(q)(9), the defendant shall 14 physically surrender, at a time and place designated by 15 the court, each firearm in his or her possession to a law 16 enforcement officer designated by the court to take custody of and impound the firearm and physically 17 surrender his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card 18 19 to the law enforcement agency as a condition of remaining on bond pending sentencing, unless the defendant requests 20 21 to transfer his or her firearm under Section 9.5 of the 22 Firearm Owners Identification Card Act first. A defendant 23 whose Firearm Owner's Identification Card has been revoked 24 or suspended may petition the court to transfer the 25 defendant's firearm to a person who is lawfully able to 26 possess the firearm if the person does not reside at the

1	same address as the defendant. The transferee who receives
2	the defendant's firearm must swear or affirm by affidavit
3	that he or she shall not transfer the firearm to the
4	defendant or to anyone residing in the same residence as
5	the defendant, until the defendant's Firearm Owner's
6	Identification Card has been reinstated. The law
7	enforcement agency, upon transfer of the firearm, shall
8	require the defendant to complete a Firearm Disposition
9	Record under Section 9.5 of the Firearm Owners
10	Identification Card Act and provide a copy to the Illinois
11	State Police along with the defendant's Firearm Owner's
12	Identification Card physically surrender at a time and
13	place designated by the court, his or her Firearm Owner's
14	Identification Card and any and all firearms in his or her
15	possession. The Court shall return to the Department of
16	State Police Firearm Owner's Identification Card Office
17	the person's Firearm Owner's Identification Card;

(10) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in 18 subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the 19 offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 20 21 years of age present in the home and no non-familial 22 minors are present, not participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, such 23 as 24 distributing candy or other items to children on 25 Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding 26 Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa

Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding
 Easter;

if convicted of a sex offense as defined in 3 (11)Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act committed 4 5 on or after January 1, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act 96-362) that requires the person to register as a sex 6 7 offender under that Act, may not knowingly use any 8 computer scrub software on any computer that the sex 9 offender uses:

10 (12)if convicted of а violation of the 11 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the 12 Methamphetamine Precursor Control Act, or а 13 methamphetamine related offense:

(A) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or
 having under his or her control any product containing
 pseudoephedrine unless prescribed by a physician; and

17 (B) prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or
18 having under his or her control any product containing
19 ammonium nitrate; and

20 (13) if convicted of a hate crime involving the protected class identified in subsection (a) of Section 21 22 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012 that gave rise to the 23 offender committed, perform offense the public or community service of no less than 200 hours and enroll in 24 25 educational program discouraging hate crimes that an 26 includes racial, ethnic, and cultural sensitivity training

1 ordered by the court<u>;</u>-

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2	(14) if convicted of a felony, the defendant shall
3	physically surrender, at a time and place designated by
4	the court, each firearm in his or her possession to a law
5	enforcement officer designated by the court to take
6	custody of and impound the firearm and physically
7	surrender his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card
8	to the law enforcement agency as a condition of remaining
9	on bond pending sentencing, unless the defendant requests
10	to transfer his or her firearm under Section 9.5 of the
11	Firearm Owners Identification Card Act first. A defendant
12	whose Firearm Owner's Identification Card has been revoked
13	or suspended may petition the court to transfer the
14	defendant's firearm to a person who is lawfully able to
15	possess the firearm if the person does not reside at the
16	same address as the defendant. The transferee who receives
17	the defendant's firearm must swear or affirm by affidavit
18	that he or she shall not transfer the firearm to the
19	defendant or to anyone residing in the same residence as
20	the defendant, until the defendant's Firearm Owner's
21	Identification Card has been reinstated. The law
22	enforcement agency, upon transfer of the firearm, shall
23	require the defendant to complete a Firearm Disposition
24	Record under Section 9.5 of the Firearm Owners
25	Identification Card Act and provide a copy to the Illinois
26	State Police along with the defendant's Firearm Owner's

1 Identification Card; and

2	(15) if the person is under 21 years of age who has
3	been convicted of a misdemeanor offense other than a
4	traffic offense, the defendant shall physically surrender,
5	at a time and place designated by the court, each firearm
6	in his or her possession to a law enforcement officer
7	designated by the court to take custody of and impound the
8	firearm and physically surrender his or her Firearm
9	Owner's Identification Card to the law enforcement agency
10	as a condition of remaining on bond pending sentencing,
11	unless the defendant requests to transfer his or her
12	firearm under Section 9.5 of the Firearm Owners
13	Identification Card Act first. A defendant whose Firearm
14	Owner's Identification Card has been revoked or suspended
15	may petition the court to transfer the defendant's firearm
16	to a person who is lawfully able to possess the firearm if
17	the person does not reside at the same address as the
18	defendant. The transferee who receives the defendant's
19	firearm must swear or affirm by affidavit that he or she
20	shall not transfer the firearm to the defendant or to
21	anyone residing in the same residence as the defendant,
22	until the defendant's Firearm Owner's Identification Card
23	has been reinstated. The law enforcement agency, upon
24	transfer of the firearm, shall require the defendant to
25	complete a Firearm Disposition Record under Section 9.5 of
26	the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act and provide a

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<u>copy to the Illinois State Police along with the</u>
 defendant's Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

3 (b) The Court may in addition to other reasonable 4 conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the 5 rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each 6 defendant in the proper discretion of the Court require that 7 the person:

8 (1) serve a term of periodic imprisonment under 9 Article 7 for a period not to exceed that specified in 10 paragraph (d) of Section 5-7-1;

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(2) pay a fine and costs;

12 (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational13 training;

14 (4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric
 15 treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;

16 (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the
 17 instruction or residence of defendants on probation;

(6) support his dependents;

19 (7) and in addition, if a minor:

20 (i) reside with his parents or in a foster home;
21 (ii) attend school;
22 (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth

(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
(iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a
foster home;

(v) with the consent of the superintendent of the
 facility, attend an educational program at a facility

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1 other than the school in which the offense was 2 committed if he or she is convicted of a crime of 3 violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime Victims 4 Compensation Act committed in a school, on the real 5 property comprising a school, or within 1,000 feet of 6 the real property comprising a school;

7 (8) make restitution as provided in Section 5-5-6 of
8 this Code;

9 (9) perform some reasonable public or community 10 service;

(10) serve a term of home confinement. In addition to any other applicable condition of probation or conditional discharge, the conditions of home confinement shall be that the offender:

(i) remain within the interior premises of the
place designated for his confinement during the hours
designated by the court;

(ii) admit any person or agent designated by the court into the offender's place of confinement at any time for purposes of verifying the offender's compliance with the conditions of his confinement; and

(iii) if further deemed necessary by the court or the Probation or Court Services Department, be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, subject to Article 8A of Chapter V;

(iv) for persons convicted of any alcohol,

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cannabis or controlled substance violation who are 1 2 placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition 3 of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the 4 5 device, as established by the county board in 6 subsection (a) of this Section, unless after 7 determining the inability of the offender to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the 8 9 case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to 10 the fees imposed under subsections (g) and (i) of this 11 Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the 12 circuit court, except as provided in an administrative 13 order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The 14 clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies 15 collected from this fee to the county treasurer for 16 deposit in the substance abuse services fund under 17 Section 5-1086.1 of the Counties Code, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge 18 19 of the circuit court.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may by administrative order establish a program for electronic monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall include provisions for indigent offenders and the collection of unpaid fees.

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The program shall not unduly burden the offender and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or damage to any device; and

6 (v) for persons convicted of offenses other than 7 those referenced in clause (iv) above and who are placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition 8 9 of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall 10 impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the 11 device, as established by the county board in 12 subsection of this Section, unless (q) after 13 determining the inability of the defendant to pay the 14 fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the 15 case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to 16 the fees imposed under subsections (g) and (i) of this 17 Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative 18 19 order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The 20 clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies 21 collected from this fee to the county treasurer who 22 shall use the monies collected to defray the costs of 23 corrections. The county treasurer shall deposit the 24 fee collected in the probation and court services 25 fund. The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the 26 county may by administrative order establish a program

for electronic monitoring of offenders, in which a 1 vendor supplies and monitors the operation of the 2 3 electronic monitoring device, and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program shall include 4 5 provisions for indigent offenders and the collection 6 of unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden 7 the offender and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge. 8

9 The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend 10 any additional charges or fees for late payment, 11 interest, or damage to any device.

12 (11) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois 13 14 Domestic Violence Act of 1986, as now or hereafter 15 amended, or an order of protection issued by the court of 16 another state, tribe, or United States territory. A copy 17 of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the probation officer or agency having responsibility for the 18 19 case;

20 (12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" as 21 defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council 22 Act for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on 23 the offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of 24 the fine authorized for the offense for which the 25 defendant was sentenced;

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(13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to

exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the 1 2 offense for which the defendant was sentenced, (i) to a 3 "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act, or (ii) for offenses 4 5 under the jurisdiction of the Department of Natural 6 Resources, to the fund established by the Department of 7 Natural Resources for the purchase of evidence for 8 investigation purposes and to conduct investigations as 9 outlined in Section 805-105 of the Department of Natural 10 Resources (Conservation) Law;

11 (14)refrain from entering into а designated 12 geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the 13 14 purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons 15 accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a 16 probation officer, if the defendant has been placed on 17 probation or advance approval by the court, if the defendant was placed on conditional discharge; 18

19 (15) refrain from having any contact, directly or 20 indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular 21 types of persons, including but not limited to members of 22 street gangs and drug users or dealers;

(16) refrain from having in his or her body the
presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis
Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or
the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act,

unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug;

(17) if convicted for an offense committed on or after 4 June 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-464) 5 that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as 6 7 defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, refrain from 8 of 9 communicating with or contacting, by means of the 10 Internet, a person who is related to the accused and whom 11 the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of 12 age; for purposes of this paragraph (17), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16-0.1 of the 13 14 Criminal Code of 2012; and a person is related to the 15 accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or 16 sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; 17 (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused; 18

19 (18) if convicted for an offense committed on or after 20 June 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-983) 21 that would qualify as a sex offense as defined in the Sex 22 Offender Registration Act:

(i) not access or use a computer or any other
device with Internet capability without the prior
written approval of the offender's probation officer,
except in connection with the offender's employment or

1 2 search for employment with the prior approval of the offender's probation officer;

(ii) submit to periodic unannounced examinations 3 of the offender's computer or any other device with 4 5 Internet capability by the offender's probation officer, a law enforcement officer, or assigned 6 7 information technology specialist, computer or 8 including the retrieval and copying of all data from 9 the computer or device and any internal or external 10 peripherals and removal of such information, 11 equipment, or device to conduct a more thorough 12 inspection;

(iii) submit to the installation on the offender's computer or device with Internet capability, at the subject's expense, of one or more hardware or software systems to monitor the Internet use; and

(iv) submit to any other appropriate restrictions concerning the offender's use of or access to a computer or any other device with Internet capability imposed by the offender's probation officer; and

(19) refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon where the offense is a misdemeanor that did not involve the intentional or knowing infliction of bodily harm or threat of bodily harm.

25 (c) The court may as a condition of probation or of 26 conditional discharge require that a person under 18 years of

age found quilty of any alcohol, cannabis or controlled 1 2 substance violation, refrain from acquiring a driver's license 3 during the period of probation or conditional discharge. If such person is in possession of a permit or license, the court 4 5 may require that the minor refrain from driving or operating vehicle during the period of probation 6 anv motor or 7 conditional discharge, except as may be necessary in the 8 course of the minor's lawful employment.

9 (d) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional 10 discharge shall be given a certificate setting forth the 11 conditions thereof.

12 (e) Except where the offender has committed a fourth or 13 subsequent violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the court shall not require as a 14 15 condition of the sentence of probation or conditional 16 discharge that the offender be committed to a period of 17 imprisonment in excess of 6 months. This 6-month limit shall not include periods of confinement given pursuant to a 18 sentence of county impact incarceration under Section 5-8-1.2. 19

Persons committed to imprisonment as a condition of probation or conditional discharge shall not be committed to the Department of Corrections.

(f) The court may combine a sentence of periodic imprisonment under Article 7 or a sentence to a county impact incarceration program under Article 8 with a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.

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(q) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional 1 2 discharge and who during the term of either undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, or is assigned to 3 be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, shall 4 5 be ordered to pay all costs incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs incidental to such 6 7 approved electronic monitoring in accordance with the 8 defendant's ability to pay those costs. The county board with 9 the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the judicial circuit in 10 which the county is located shall establish reasonable fees 11 for the cost of maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses 12 related to the mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs incidental to approved electronic monitoring, 13 14 involved in a successful probation program for the county. The 15 concurrence of the Chief Judge shall be in the form of an 16 administrative order. The fees shall be collected by the clerk 17 of the circuit court, except as provided in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the circuit court. The clerk of the 18 19 circuit court shall pay all moneys collected from these fees 20 to the county treasurer who shall use the moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing, alcohol testing, and 21 22 electronic monitoring. The county treasurer shall deposit the 23 fees collected in the county working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties Code, as the case 24 25 may be. The Chief Judge of the circuit court of the county may 26 by administrative order establish a program for electronic

1 monitoring of offenders, in which a vendor supplies and 2 monitors the operation of the electronic monitoring device, 3 and collects the fees on behalf of the county. The program 4 shall include provisions for indigent offenders and the 5 collection of unpaid fees. The program shall not unduly burden 6 the offender and shall be subject to review by the Chief Judge.

7 The Chief Judge of the circuit court may suspend any 8 additional charges or fees for late payment, interest, or 9 damage to any device.

10 (h) Jurisdiction over an offender may be transferred from 11 the sentencing court to the court of another circuit with the 12 concurrence of both courts. Further transfers or retransfers of jurisdiction are also authorized in the same manner. The 13 14 court to which jurisdiction has been transferred shall have 15 the same powers as the sentencing court. The probation 16 department within the circuit to which jurisdiction has been 17 transferred, or which has agreed to provide supervision, may impose probation fees upon receiving the transferred offender, 18 as provided in subsection (i). For all transfer cases, as 19 20 defined in Section 9b of the Probation and Probation Officers Act, the probation department from the original sentencing 21 22 court shall retain all probation fees collected prior to the 23 transfer. After the transfer, all probation fees shall be paid to the probation department within the circuit to which 24 25 jurisdiction has been transferred.

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(i) The court shall impose upon an offender sentenced to

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probation after January 1, 1989 or to conditional discharge 1 2 after January 1, 1992 or to community service under the supervision of a probation or court services department after 3 January 1, 2004, as a condition of such probation or 4 5 conditional discharge or supervised community service, a fee of \$50 for each month of probation or conditional discharge 6 7 supervision or supervised community service ordered by the 8 court, unless after determining the inability of the person 9 sentenced to probation or conditional discharge or supervised 10 community service to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser 11 fee. The court may not impose the fee on a minor who is placed 12 in the guardianship or custody of the Department of Children and Family Services under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 while 13 14 the minor is in placement. The fee shall be imposed only upon 15 an offender who is actively supervised by the probation and 16 court services department. The fee shall be collected by the 17 clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county 18 treasurer for deposit in the probation and court services fund 19 under Section 15.1 of the Probation and Probation Officers 20 Act. 21

A circuit court may not impose a probation fee under this subsection (i) in excess of \$25 per month unless the circuit court has adopted, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, a standard probation fee guide determining an offender's ability to pay. Of the amount collected as a

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1 2 probation fee, up to \$5 of that fee collected per month may be used to provide services to crime victims and their families.

3 The Court may only waive probation fees based on an offender's ability to pay. The probation department may 4 5 re-evaluate an offender's ability to pay every 6 months, and, with the approval of the Director of Court Services or the 6 Chief Probation Officer, adjust the monthly fee amount. An 7 8 offender may elect to pay probation fees due in a lump sum. Any 9 offender that has been assigned to the supervision of a 10 probation department, or has been transferred either under 11 subsection (h) of this Section or under any interstate 12 compact, shall be required to pay probation fees to the 13 department supervising the offender, based on the offender's 14 ability to pay.

Public Act 93-970 deletes the \$10 increase in the fee under this subsection that was imposed by Public Act 93-616. This deletion is intended to control over any other Act of the 93rd General Assembly that retains or incorporates that fee increase.

(i-5) In addition to the fees imposed under subsection (i) of this Section, in the case of an offender convicted of a felony sex offense (as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act) or an offense that the court or probation department has determined to be sexually motivated (as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act), the court or the probation department shall assess additional fees to pay for all costs of treatment, assessment, evaluation for risk and treatment, and monitoring the offender, based on that offender's ability to pay those costs either as they occur or under a payment plan.

5 (j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for any 6 violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle 7 Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any 8 violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar 9 provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and 10 disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under the Criminal 11 and Traffic Assessment Act.

12 Any offender who is sentenced to probation or (k) 13 conditional discharge for a felony sex offense as defined in 14 the Sex Offender Management Board Act or any offense that the 15 court or probation department has determined to be sexually 16 motivated as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act 17 shall be required to refrain from any contact, directly or indirectly, with any persons specified by the court and shall 18 be available for all evaluations and treatment programs 19 20 required by the court or the probation department.

(1) The court may order an offender who is sentenced to probation or conditional discharge for a violation of an order of protection be placed under electronic surveillance as provided in Section 5-8A-7 of this Code.

25 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-797, eff. 8-12-16;
26 100-159, eff. 8-18-17; 100-260, eff. 1-1-18; 100-575, eff.

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2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
3 becoming law.

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