



102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

HB2966

Introduced 2/19/2021, by Rep. Amy Elik

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/15-170
35 ILCS 200/15-172

Amends the Property Tax Code. Provides that, for taxable years 2021 and thereafter, the maximum reduction under the senior citizens homestead exemption is \$8,000 in all counties (currently, \$8,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$5,000 in all other counties). Provides that the maximum income limitation for the senior citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption is \$75,000 (currently, \$65,000). Effective immediately.

LRB102 15505 HLH 20868 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

HOUSING
AFFORDABILITY
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
5 Sections 15-170 and 15-172 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 200/15-170)

7 Sec. 15-170. Senior citizens homestead exemption.

8 (a) An annual homestead exemption limited, except as
9 described here with relation to cooperatives or life care
10 facilities, to a maximum reduction set forth below from the
11 property's value, as equalized or assessed by the Department,
12 is granted for property that is occupied as a residence by a
13 person 65 years of age or older who is liable for paying real
14 estate taxes on the property and is an owner of record of the
15 property or has a legal or equitable interest therein as
16 evidenced by a written instrument, except for a leasehold
17 interest, other than a leasehold interest of land on which a
18 single family residence is located, which is occupied as a
19 residence by a person 65 years or older who has an ownership
20 interest therein, legal, equitable or as a lessee, and on
21 which he or she is liable for the payment of property taxes.
22 Before taxable year 2004, the maximum reduction shall be
23 \$2,500 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and

1 \$2,000 in all other counties. For taxable years 2004 through
2 2005, the maximum reduction shall be \$3,000 in all counties.
3 For taxable years 2006 and 2007, the maximum reduction shall
4 be \$3,500. For taxable years 2008 through 2011, the maximum
5 reduction is \$4,000 in all counties. For taxable year 2012,
6 the maximum reduction is \$5,000 in counties with 3,000,000 or
7 more inhabitants and \$4,000 in all other counties. For taxable
8 years 2013 through 2016, the maximum reduction is \$5,000 in
9 all counties. For taxable years 2017 through 2020 ~~and~~
10 ~~thereafter~~, the maximum reduction is \$8,000 in counties with
11 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$5,000 in all other
12 counties. For taxable years 2021 and thereafter, the maximum
13 reduction is \$8,000 in all counties.

14 (b) For land improved with an apartment building owned and
15 operated as a cooperative, the maximum reduction from the
16 value of the property, as equalized by the Department, shall
17 be multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by
18 a person 65 years of age or older who is liable, by contract
19 with the owner or owners of record, for paying property taxes
20 on the property and is an owner of record of a legal or
21 equitable interest in the cooperative apartment building,
22 other than a leasehold interest. For land improved with a life
23 care facility, the maximum reduction from the value of the
24 property, as equalized by the Department, shall be multiplied
25 by the number of apartments or units occupied by persons 65
26 years of age or older, irrespective of any legal, equitable,

1 or leasehold interest in the facility, who are liable, under a
2 contract with the owner or owners of record of the facility,
3 for paying property taxes on the property. In a cooperative or
4 a life care facility where a homestead exemption has been
5 granted, the cooperative association or the management firm of
6 the cooperative or facility shall credit the savings resulting
7 from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of
8 the owner or resident who qualified for the exemption. Any
9 person who willfully refuses to so credit the savings shall be
10 guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Under this Section and
11 Sections 15-175, 15-176, and 15-177, "life care facility"
12 means a facility, as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care
13 Facilities Act, with which the applicant for the homestead
14 exemption has a life care contract as defined in that Act.

15 (c) When a homestead exemption has been granted under this
16 Section and the person qualifying subsequently becomes a
17 resident of a facility licensed under the Assisted Living and
18 Shared Housing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized
19 Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community
20 Care Act, or the MC/DD Act, the exemption shall continue so
21 long as the residence continues to be occupied by the
22 qualifying person's spouse if the spouse is 65 years of age or
23 older, or if the residence remains unoccupied but is still
24 owned by the person qualified for the homestead exemption.

25 (d) A person who will be 65 years of age during the current
26 assessment year shall be eligible to apply for the homestead

1 exemption during that assessment year. Application shall be
2 made during the application period in effect for the county of
3 his residence.

4 (e) Beginning with assessment year 2003, for taxes payable
5 in 2004, property that is first occupied as a residence after
6 January 1 of any assessment year by a person who is eligible
7 for the senior citizens homestead exemption under this Section
8 must be granted a pro-rata exemption for the assessment year.
9 The amount of the pro-rata exemption is the exemption allowed
10 in the county under this Section divided by 365 and multiplied
11 by the number of days during the assessment year the property
12 is occupied as a residence by a person eligible for the
13 exemption under this Section. The chief county assessment
14 officer must adopt reasonable procedures to establish
15 eligibility for this pro-rata exemption.

16 (f) The assessor or chief county assessment officer may
17 determine the eligibility of a life care facility to receive
18 the benefits provided by this Section, by affidavit,
19 application, visual inspection, questionnaire or other
20 reasonable methods in order to insure that the tax savings
21 resulting from the exemption are credited by the management
22 firm to the apportioned tax liability of each qualifying
23 resident. The assessor may request reasonable proof that the
24 management firm has so credited the exemption.

25 (g) The chief county assessment officer of each county
26 with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants shall provide to each

1 person allowed a homestead exemption under this Section a form
2 to designate any other person to receive a duplicate of any
3 notice of delinquency in the payment of taxes assessed and
4 levied under this Code on the property of the person receiving
5 the exemption. The duplicate notice shall be in addition to
6 the notice required to be provided to the person receiving the
7 exemption, and shall be given in the manner required by this
8 Code. The person filing the request for the duplicate notice
9 shall pay a fee of \$5 to cover administrative costs to the
10 supervisor of assessments, who shall then file the executed
11 designation with the county collector. Notwithstanding any
12 other provision of this Code to the contrary, the filing of
13 such an executed designation requires the county collector to
14 provide duplicate notices as indicated by the designation. A
15 designation may be rescinded by the person who executed such
16 designation at any time, in the manner and form required by the
17 chief county assessment officer.

18 (h) The assessor or chief county assessment officer may
19 determine the eligibility of residential property to receive
20 the homestead exemption provided by this Section by
21 application, visual inspection, questionnaire or other
22 reasonable methods. The determination shall be made in
23 accordance with guidelines established by the Department.

24 (i) In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, for
25 taxable years 2010 through 2018, and beginning again in
26 taxable year 2024, each taxpayer who has been granted an

1 exemption under this Section must reapply on an annual basis.

2 If a reapplication is required, then the chief county
3 assessment officer shall mail the application to the taxpayer
4 at least 60 days prior to the last day of the application
5 period for the county.

6 For taxable years 2019 through 2023, in counties with
7 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, a taxpayer who has been granted
8 an exemption under this Section need not reapply. However, if
9 the property ceases to be qualified for the exemption under
10 this Section in any year for which a reapplication is not
11 required under this Section, then the owner of record of the
12 property shall notify the chief county assessment officer that
13 the property is no longer qualified. In addition, for taxable
14 years 2019 through 2023, the chief county assessment officer
15 of a county with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall enter
16 into an intergovernmental agreement with the county clerk of
17 that county and the Department of Public Health, as well as any
18 other appropriate governmental agency, to obtain information
19 that documents the death of a taxpayer who has been granted an
20 exemption under this Section. Notwithstanding any other
21 provision of law, the county clerk and the Department of
22 Public Health shall provide that information to the chief
23 county assessment officer. The Department of Public Health
24 shall supply this information no less frequently than every
25 calendar quarter. Information concerning the death of a
26 taxpayer may be shared with the county treasurer. The chief

1 county assessment officer shall also enter into a data
2 exchange agreement with the Social Security Administration or
3 its agent to obtain access to the information regarding deaths
4 in possession of the Social Security Administration. The chief
5 county assessment officer shall, subject to the notice
6 requirements under subsection (m) of Section 9-275, terminate
7 the exemption under this Section if the information obtained
8 indicates that the property is no longer qualified for the
9 exemption. In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the
10 assessor and the county recorder of deeds shall establish
11 policies and practices for the regular exchange of information
12 for the purpose of alerting the assessor whenever the transfer
13 of ownership of any property receiving an exemption under this
14 Section has occurred. When such a transfer occurs, the
15 assessor shall mail a notice to the new owner of the property
16 (i) informing the new owner that the exemption will remain in
17 place through the year of the transfer, after which it will be
18 canceled, and (ii) providing information pertaining to the
19 rules for reapplying for the exemption if the owner qualifies.
20 In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the chief
21 county assessment official shall conduct audits of all
22 exemptions granted under this Section no later than December
23 31, 2022 and no later than December 31, 2024. The audit shall
24 be designed to ascertain whether any senior homestead
25 exemptions have been granted erroneously. If it is determined
26 that a senior homestead exemption has been erroneously applied

1 to a property, the chief county assessment officer shall make
2 use of the appropriate provisions of Section 9-275 in relation
3 to the property that received the erroneous homestead
4 exemption.

5 (j) In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the
6 county board may by resolution provide that if a person has
7 been granted a homestead exemption under this Section, the
8 person qualifying need not reapply for the exemption.

9 In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if the
10 assessor or chief county assessment officer requires annual
11 application for verification of eligibility for an exemption
12 once granted under this Section, the application shall be
13 mailed to the taxpayer.

14 (l) The assessor or chief county assessment officer shall
15 notify each person who qualifies for an exemption under this
16 Section that the person may also qualify for deferral of real
17 estate taxes under the Senior Citizens Real Estate Tax
18 Deferral Act. The notice shall set forth the qualifications
19 needed for deferral of real estate taxes, the address and
20 telephone number of county collector, and a statement that
21 applications for deferral of real estate taxes may be obtained
22 from the county collector.

23 (m) Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates
24 Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the
25 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.

26 (Source: P.A. 100-401, eff. 8-25-17; 101-453, eff. 8-23-19;

1 101-622, eff. 1-14-20.)

2 (35 ILCS 200/15-172)

3 Sec. 15-172. Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead
4 Exemption.

5 (a) This Section may be cited as the Senior Citizens
6 Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption.

7 (b) As used in this Section:

8 "Applicant" means an individual who has filed an
9 application under this Section.

10 "Base amount" means the base year equalized assessed value
11 of the residence plus the first year's equalized assessed
12 value of any added improvements which increased the assessed
13 value of the residence after the base year.

14 "Base year" means the taxable year prior to the taxable
15 year for which the applicant first qualifies and applies for
16 the exemption provided that in the prior taxable year the
17 property was improved with a permanent structure that was
18 occupied as a residence by the applicant who was liable for
19 paying real property taxes on the property and who was either
20 (i) an owner of record of the property or had legal or
21 equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written
22 instrument or (ii) had a legal or equitable interest as a
23 lessee in the parcel of property that was single family
24 residence. If in any subsequent taxable year for which the
25 applicant applies and qualifies for the exemption the

1 equalized assessed value of the residence is less than the
2 equalized assessed value in the existing base year (provided
3 that such equalized assessed value is not based on an assessed
4 value that results from a temporary irregularity in the
5 property that reduces the assessed value for one or more
6 taxable years), then that subsequent taxable year shall become
7 the base year until a new base year is established under the
8 terms of this paragraph. For taxable year 1999 only, the Chief
9 County Assessment Officer shall review (i) all taxable years
10 for which the applicant applied and qualified for the
11 exemption and (ii) the existing base year. The assessment
12 officer shall select as the new base year the year with the
13 lowest equalized assessed value. An equalized assessed value
14 that is based on an assessed value that results from a
15 temporary irregularity in the property that reduces the
16 assessed value for one or more taxable years shall not be
17 considered the lowest equalized assessed value. The selected
18 year shall be the base year for taxable year 1999 and
19 thereafter until a new base year is established under the
20 terms of this paragraph.

21 "Chief County Assessment Officer" means the County
22 Assessor or Supervisor of Assessments of the county in which
23 the property is located.

24 "Equalized assessed value" means the assessed value as
25 equalized by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

26 "Household" means the applicant, the spouse of the

1 applicant, and all persons using the residence of the
2 applicant as their principal place of residence.

3 "Household income" means the combined income of the
4 members of a household for the calendar year preceding the
5 taxable year.

6 "Income" has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07
7 of the Senior Citizens and Persons with Disabilities Property
8 Tax Relief Act, except that, beginning in assessment year
9 2001, "income" does not include veteran's benefits.

10 "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means the United States
11 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor law or laws
12 relating to federal income taxes in effect for the year
13 preceding the taxable year.

14 "Life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative" means
15 a facility as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities
16 Act.

17 "Maximum income limitation" means:

- 18 (1) \$35,000 prior to taxable year 1999;
19 (2) \$40,000 in taxable years 1999 through 2003;
20 (3) \$45,000 in taxable years 2004 through 2005;
21 (4) \$50,000 in taxable years 2006 and 2007;
22 (5) \$55,000 in taxable years 2008 through 2016;
23 (6) for taxable year 2017, (i) \$65,000 for qualified
24 property located in a county with 3,000,000 or more
25 inhabitants and (ii) \$55,000 for qualified property
26 located in a county with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants;

1 ~~and~~
2 (7) for taxable years 2018 through 2020 ~~and~~
3 ~~thereafter~~, \$65,000 for all qualified property; and ~~-~~
4 (8) for taxable years 2021 and thereafter, \$75,000 for
5 all qualified property.

6 "Residence" means the principal dwelling place and
7 appurtenant structures used for residential purposes in this
8 State occupied on January 1 of the taxable year by a household
9 and so much of the surrounding land, constituting the parcel
10 upon which the dwelling place is situated, as is used for
11 residential purposes. If the Chief County Assessment Officer
12 has established a specific legal description for a portion of
13 property constituting the residence, then that portion of
14 property shall be deemed the residence for the purposes of
15 this Section.

16 "Taxable year" means the calendar year during which ad
17 valorem property taxes payable in the next succeeding year are
18 levied.

19 (c) Beginning in taxable year 1994, a senior citizens
20 assessment freeze homestead exemption is granted for real
21 property that is improved with a permanent structure that is
22 occupied as a residence by an applicant who (i) is 65 years of
23 age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household
24 income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation,
25 (iii) is liable for paying real property taxes on the
26 property, and (iv) is an owner of record of the property or has

1 a legal or equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a
2 written instrument. This homestead exemption shall also apply
3 to a leasehold interest in a parcel of property improved with a
4 permanent structure that is a single family residence that is
5 occupied as a residence by a person who (i) is 65 years of age
6 or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income
7 that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) has
8 a legal or equitable ownership interest in the property as
9 lessee, and (iv) is liable for the payment of real property
10 taxes on that property.

11 In counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the amount
12 of the exemption for all taxable years is the equalized
13 assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which
14 application is made minus the base amount. In all other
15 counties, the amount of the exemption is as follows: (i)
16 through taxable year 2005 and for taxable year 2007 and
17 thereafter, the amount of this exemption shall be the
18 equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year
19 for which application is made minus the base amount; and (ii)
20 for taxable year 2006, the amount of the exemption is as
21 follows:

22 (1) For an applicant who has a household income of
23 \$45,000 or less, the amount of the exemption is the
24 equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable
25 year for which application is made minus the base amount.

26 (2) For an applicant who has a household income

1 exceeding \$45,000 but not exceeding \$46,250, the amount of
2 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the
3 residence in the taxable year for which application is
4 made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.8.

5 (3) For an applicant who has a household income
6 exceeding \$46,250 but not exceeding \$47,500, the amount of
7 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the
8 residence in the taxable year for which application is
9 made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.6.

10 (4) For an applicant who has a household income
11 exceeding \$47,500 but not exceeding \$48,750, the amount of
12 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the
13 residence in the taxable year for which application is
14 made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.4.

15 (5) For an applicant who has a household income
16 exceeding \$48,750 but not exceeding \$50,000, the amount of
17 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the
18 residence in the taxable year for which application is
19 made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.2.

20 When the applicant is a surviving spouse of an applicant
21 for a prior year for the same residence for which an exemption
22 under this Section has been granted, the base year and base
23 amount for that residence are the same as for the applicant for
24 the prior year.

25 Each year at the time the assessment books are certified
26 to the County Clerk, the Board of Review or Board of Appeals

1 shall give to the County Clerk a list of the assessed values of
2 improvements on each parcel qualifying for this exemption that
3 were added after the base year for this parcel and that
4 increased the assessed value of the property.

5 In the case of land improved with an apartment building
6 owned and operated as a cooperative or a building that is a
7 life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative, the
8 maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value of the
9 property is limited to the sum of the reductions calculated
10 for each unit occupied as a residence by a person or persons
11 (i) 65 years of age or older, (ii) with a household income that
12 does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) who is
13 liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for
14 paying real property taxes on the property, and (iv) who is an
15 owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the
16 cooperative apartment building, other than a leasehold
17 interest. In the instance of a cooperative where a homestead
18 exemption has been granted under this Section, the cooperative
19 association or its management firm shall credit the savings
20 resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax
21 liability of the owner who qualified for the exemption. Any
22 person who willfully refuses to credit that savings to an
23 owner who qualifies for the exemption is guilty of a Class B
24 misdemeanor.

25 When a homestead exemption has been granted under this
26 Section and an applicant then becomes a resident of a facility

1 licensed under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the
2 Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health
3 Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community Care Act, or
4 the MC/DD Act, the exemption shall be granted in subsequent
5 years so long as the residence (i) continues to be occupied by
6 the qualified applicant's spouse or (ii) if remaining
7 unoccupied, is still owned by the qualified applicant for the
8 homestead exemption.

9 Beginning January 1, 1997, when an individual dies who
10 would have qualified for an exemption under this Section, and
11 the surviving spouse does not independently qualify for this
12 exemption because of age, the exemption under this Section
13 shall be granted to the surviving spouse for the taxable year
14 preceding and the taxable year of the death, provided that,
15 except for age, the surviving spouse meets all other
16 qualifications for the granting of this exemption for those
17 years.

18 When married persons maintain separate residences, the
19 exemption provided for in this Section may be claimed by only
20 one of such persons and for only one residence.

21 For taxable year 1994 only, in counties having less than
22 3,000,000 inhabitants, to receive the exemption, a person
23 shall submit an application by February 15, 1995 to the Chief
24 County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property
25 is located. In counties having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants,
26 for taxable year 1994 and all subsequent taxable years, to

1 receive the exemption, a person may submit an application to
2 the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the
3 property is located during such period as may be specified by
4 the Chief County Assessment Officer. The Chief County
5 Assessment Officer in counties of 3,000,000 or more
6 inhabitants shall annually give notice of the application
7 period by mail or by publication. In counties having less than
8 3,000,000 inhabitants, beginning with taxable year 1995 and
9 thereafter, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an
10 application by July 1 of each taxable year to the Chief County
11 Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is
12 located. A county may, by ordinance, establish a date for
13 submission of applications that is different than July 1. The
14 applicant shall submit with the application an affidavit of
15 the applicant's total household income, age, marital status
16 (and if married the name and address of the applicant's
17 spouse, if known), and principal dwelling place of members of
18 the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The Department
19 shall establish, by rule, a method for verifying the accuracy
20 of affidavits filed by applicants under this Section, and the
21 Chief County Assessment Officer may conduct audits of any
22 taxpayer claiming an exemption under this Section to verify
23 that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the exemption. Each
24 application shall contain or be verified by a written
25 declaration that it is made under the penalties of perjury. A
26 taxpayer's signing a fraudulent application under this Act is

1 perjury, as defined in Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of
2 2012. The applications shall be clearly marked as applications
3 for the Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption
4 and must contain a notice that any taxpayer who receives the
5 exemption is subject to an audit by the Chief County
6 Assessment Officer.

7 Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, in
8 counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an
9 applicant fails to file the application required by this
10 Section in a timely manner and this failure to file is due to a
11 mental or physical condition sufficiently severe so as to
12 render the applicant incapable of filing the application in a
13 timely manner, the Chief County Assessment Officer may extend
14 the filing deadline for a period of 30 days after the applicant
15 regains the capability to file the application, but in no case
16 may the filing deadline be extended beyond 3 months of the
17 original filing deadline. In order to receive the extension
18 provided in this paragraph, the applicant shall provide the
19 Chief County Assessment Officer with a signed statement from
20 the applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse,
21 or physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the
22 condition, that, in the physician's, advanced practice
23 registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the
24 condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant
25 incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, and
26 the date on which the applicant regained the capability to

1 file the application.

2 Beginning January 1, 1998, notwithstanding any other
3 provision to the contrary, in counties having fewer than
4 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the
5 application required by this Section in a timely manner and
6 this failure to file is due to a mental or physical condition
7 sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of
8 filing the application in a timely manner, the Chief County
9 Assessment Officer may extend the filing deadline for a period
10 of 3 months. In order to receive the extension provided in this
11 paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County
12 Assessment Officer with a signed statement from the
13 applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or
14 physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the
15 condition, and that, in the physician's, advanced practice
16 registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the
17 condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant
18 incapable of filing the application in a timely manner.

19 In counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an
20 applicant was denied an exemption in taxable year 1994 and the
21 denial occurred due to an error on the part of an assessment
22 official, or his or her agent or employee, then beginning in
23 taxable year 1997 the applicant's base year, for purposes of
24 determining the amount of the exemption, shall be 1993 rather
25 than 1994. In addition, in taxable year 1997, the applicant's
26 exemption shall also include an amount equal to (i) the amount

1 of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1995
2 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year,
3 (ii) the amount of any exemption denied to the applicant in
4 taxable year 1996 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993,
5 as the base year, and (iii) the amount of the exemption
6 erroneously denied for taxable year 1994.

7 For purposes of this Section, a person who will be 65 years
8 of age during the current taxable year shall be eligible to
9 apply for the homestead exemption during that taxable year.
10 Application shall be made during the application period in
11 effect for the county of his or her residence.

12 The Chief County Assessment Officer may determine the
13 eligibility of a life care facility that qualifies as a
14 cooperative to receive the benefits provided by this Section
15 by use of an affidavit, application, visual inspection,
16 questionnaire, or other reasonable method in order to insure
17 that the tax savings resulting from the exemption are credited
18 by the management firm to the apportioned tax liability of
19 each qualifying resident. The Chief County Assessment Officer
20 may request reasonable proof that the management firm has so
21 credited that exemption.

22 Except as provided in this Section, all information
23 received by the chief county assessment officer or the
24 Department from applications filed under this Section, or from
25 any investigation conducted under the provisions of this
26 Section, shall be confidential, except for official purposes

1 or pursuant to official procedures for collection of any State
2 or local tax or enforcement of any civil or criminal penalty or
3 sanction imposed by this Act or by any statute or ordinance
4 imposing a State or local tax. Any person who divulges any such
5 information in any manner, except in accordance with a proper
6 judicial order, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

7 Nothing contained in this Section shall prevent the
8 Director or chief county assessment officer from publishing or
9 making available reasonable statistics concerning the
10 operation of the exemption contained in this Section in which
11 the contents of claims are grouped into aggregates in such a
12 way that information contained in any individual claim shall
13 not be disclosed.

14 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for taxable
15 year 2017 and thereafter, in counties of 3,000,000 or more
16 inhabitants, the amount of the exemption shall be the greater
17 of (i) the amount of the exemption otherwise calculated under
18 this Section or (ii) \$2,000.

19 (c-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each
20 chief county assessment officer may approve this exemption for
21 the 2020 taxable year, without application, for any property
22 that was approved for this exemption for the 2019 taxable
23 year, provided that:

24 (1) the county board has declared a local disaster as
25 provided in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act
26 related to the COVID-19 public health emergency;

1 (2) the owner of record of the property as of January
2 1, 2020 is the same as the owner of record of the property
3 as of January 1, 2019;

4 (3) the exemption for the 2019 taxable year has not
5 been determined to be an erroneous exemption as defined by
6 this Code; and

7 (4) the applicant for the 2019 taxable year has not
8 asked for the exemption to be removed for the 2019 or 2020
9 taxable years.

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude or impair the
11 authority of a chief county assessment officer to conduct
12 audits of any taxpayer claiming an exemption under this
13 Section to verify that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the
14 exemption as provided elsewhere in this Section.

15 (d) Each Chief County Assessment Officer shall annually
16 publish a notice of availability of the exemption provided
17 under this Section. The notice shall be published at least 60
18 days but no more than 75 days prior to the date on which the
19 application must be submitted to the Chief County Assessment
20 Officer of the county in which the property is located. The
21 notice shall appear in a newspaper of general circulation in
22 the county.

23 Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates
24 Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the
25 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.

26 (Source: P.A. 100-401, eff. 8-25-17; 100-513, eff. 1-1-18;

1 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 101-635, eff. 6-5-20.)

2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
3 becoming law.