



102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

HB2617

Introduced 2/19/2021, by Rep. Lance Yednock

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 2605/2605-99.5 new

50 ILCS 705/2

50 ILCS 705/7

from Ch. 85, par. 502

from Ch. 85, par. 507

Amends the Department of State Police Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois. Provides that the Illinois State Police shall conduct or approve a training program for State police officers concerning procedures against the practice of motorcycle profiling. Amends the Illinois Police Training Act. Provides that the curriculum for probationary police officers which shall be offered by all certified schools shall include courses on motorcycle profiling. Defines "motorcycle profiling".

LRB102 10018 RLC 15338 b

1 AN ACT concerning law enforcement.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Department of State Police Law of the Civil
5 Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section
6 2605-99.5 as follows:

7 (20 ILCS 2605/2605-99.5 new)

8 Sec. 2605-99.5. Training; motorcycle profiling. The
9 Illinois State Police shall conduct or approve a training
10 program for State police officers concerning procedures
11 against the practice of motorcycle profiling. In this Section,
12 "motorcycle profiling" means the illegal use of the fact that
13 a person rides a motorcycle or wears motorcycle-related
14 paraphernalia as a factor in deciding to stop and question,
15 take enforcement action, arrest, or search a person or vehicle
16 with or without a legal basis under the United States
17 Constitution or Illinois Constitution.

18 Section 10. The Illinois Police Training Act is amended by
19 changing Sections 2 and 7 as follows:

20 (50 ILCS 705/2) (from Ch. 85, par. 502)

21 Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the

1 context otherwise requires:

2 "Board" means the Illinois Law Enforcement Training
3 Standards Board.

4 "Local governmental agency" means any local governmental
5 unit or municipal corporation in this State. It does not
6 include the State of Illinois or any office, officer,
7 department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency of
8 the State, except that it does include a State-controlled
9 university, college or public community college.

10 "Motorcycle profiling" means the illegal use of the fact
11 that a person rides a motorcycle or wears motorcycle-related
12 paraphernalia as a factor in deciding to stop and question,
13 take enforcement action, arrest, or search a person or vehicle
14 with or without a legal basis under the United States
15 Constitution or Illinois Constitution.

16 "Police training school" means any school located within
17 the State of Illinois whether privately or publicly owned
18 which offers a course in police or county corrections training
19 and has been approved by the Board.

20 "Probationary police officer" means a recruit law
21 enforcement officer required to successfully complete initial
22 minimum basic training requirements at a police training
23 school to be eligible for permanent full-time employment as a
24 local law enforcement officer.

25 "Probationary part-time police officer" means a recruit
26 part-time law enforcement officer required to successfully

1 complete initial minimum part-time training requirements to be
2 eligible for employment on a part-time basis as a local law
3 enforcement officer.

4 "Permanent police officer" means a law enforcement officer
5 who has completed his or her probationary period and is
6 permanently employed on a full-time basis as a local law
7 enforcement officer by a participating local governmental unit
8 or as a security officer or campus policeman permanently
9 employed by a participating State-controlled university,
10 college, or public community college.

11 "Part-time police officer" means a law enforcement officer
12 who has completed his or her probationary period and is
13 employed on a part-time basis as a law enforcement officer by a
14 participating unit of local government or as a campus
15 policeman by a participating State-controlled university,
16 college, or public community college.

17 "Law enforcement officer" means (i) any police officer of
18 a local governmental agency who is primarily responsible for
19 prevention or detection of crime and the enforcement of the
20 criminal code, traffic, or highway laws of this State or any
21 political subdivision of this State or (ii) any member of a
22 police force appointed and maintained as provided in Section 2
23 of the Railroad Police Act.

24 "Recruit" means any full-time or part-time law enforcement
25 officer or full-time county corrections officer who is
26 enrolled in an approved training course.

1 "Probationary county corrections officer" means a recruit
2 county corrections officer required to successfully complete
3 initial minimum basic training requirements at a police
4 training school to be eligible for permanent employment on a
5 full-time basis as a county corrections officer.

6 "Permanent county corrections officer" means a county
7 corrections officer who has completed his probationary period
8 and is permanently employed on a full-time basis as a county
9 corrections officer by a participating local governmental
10 unit.

11 "County corrections officer" means any sworn officer of
12 the sheriff who is primarily responsible for the control and
13 custody of offenders, detainees or inmates.

14 "Probationary court security officer" means a recruit
15 court security officer required to successfully complete
16 initial minimum basic training requirements at a designated
17 training school to be eligible for employment as a court
18 security officer.

19 "Permanent court security officer" means a court security
20 officer who has completed his or her probationary period and
21 is employed as a court security officer by a participating
22 local governmental unit.

23 "Court security officer" has the meaning ascribed to it in
24 Section 3-6012.1 of the Counties Code.

25 (Source: P.A. 94-846, eff. 1-1-07.)

1 (50 ILCS 705/7) (from Ch. 85, par. 507)

2 Sec. 7. Rules and standards for schools. The Board shall
3 adopt rules and minimum standards for such schools which shall
4 include, but not be limited to, the following:

5 a. The curriculum for probationary police officers
6 which shall be offered by all certified schools shall
7 include, but not be limited to, courses of procedural
8 justice, arrest and use and control tactics, search and
9 seizure, including temporary questioning, civil rights,
10 human rights, human relations, cultural competency,
11 including implicit bias and racial and ethnic sensitivity,
12 criminal law, law of criminal procedure, constitutional
13 and proper use of law enforcement authority, motorcycle
14 profiling, vehicle and traffic law including uniform and
15 non-discriminatory enforcement of the Illinois Vehicle
16 Code, traffic control and accident investigation,
17 techniques of obtaining physical evidence, court
18 testimonies, statements, reports, firearms training,
19 training in the use of electronic control devices,
20 including the psychological and physiological effects of
21 the use of those devices on humans, first-aid (including
22 cardiopulmonary resuscitation), training in the
23 administration of opioid antagonists as defined in
24 paragraph (1) of subsection (e) of Section 5-23 of the
25 Substance Use Disorder Act, handling of juvenile
26 offenders, recognition of mental conditions and crises,

1 including, but not limited to, the disease of addiction,
2 which require immediate assistance and response and
3 methods to safeguard and provide assistance to a person in
4 need of mental treatment, recognition of abuse, neglect,
5 financial exploitation, and self-neglect of adults with
6 disabilities and older adults, as defined in Section 2 of
7 the Adult Protective Services Act, crimes against the
8 elderly, law of evidence, the hazards of high-speed police
9 vehicle chases with an emphasis on alternatives to the
10 high-speed chase, and physical training. The curriculum
11 shall include specific training in techniques for
12 immediate response to and investigation of cases of
13 domestic violence and of sexual assault of adults and
14 children, including cultural perceptions and common myths
15 of sexual assault and sexual abuse as well as interview
16 techniques that are age sensitive and are trauma informed,
17 victim centered, and victim sensitive. The curriculum
18 shall include training in techniques designed to promote
19 effective communication at the initial contact with crime
20 victims and ways to comprehensively explain to victims and
21 witnesses their rights under the Rights of Crime Victims
22 and Witnesses Act and the Crime Victims Compensation Act.
23 The curriculum shall also include training in effective
24 recognition of and responses to stress, trauma, and
25 post-traumatic stress experienced by police officers that
26 is consistent with Section 25 of the Illinois Mental

1 Health First Aid Training Act in a peer setting, including
2 recognizing signs and symptoms of work-related cumulative
3 stress, issues that may lead to suicide, and solutions for
4 intervention with peer support resources. The curriculum
5 shall include a block of instruction addressing the
6 mandatory reporting requirements under the Abused and
7 Neglected Child Reporting Act. The curriculum shall also
8 include a block of instruction aimed at identifying and
9 interacting with persons with autism and other
10 developmental or physical disabilities, reducing barriers
11 to reporting crimes against persons with autism, and
12 addressing the unique challenges presented by cases
13 involving victims or witnesses with autism and other
14 developmental disabilities. The curriculum shall include
15 training in the detection and investigation of all forms
16 of human trafficking. The curriculum shall also include
17 instruction in trauma-informed responses designed to
18 ensure the physical safety and well-being of a child of an
19 arrested parent or immediate family member; this
20 instruction must include, but is not limited to: (1)
21 understanding the trauma experienced by the child while
22 maintaining the integrity of the arrest and safety of
23 officers, suspects, and other involved individuals; (2)
24 de-escalation tactics that would include the use of force
25 when reasonably necessary; and (3) inquiring whether a
26 child will require supervision and care. The curriculum

1 for permanent police officers shall include, but not be
2 limited to: (1) refresher and in-service training in any
3 of the courses listed above in this subparagraph, (2)
4 advanced courses in any of the subjects listed above in
5 this subparagraph, (3) training for supervisory personnel,
6 and (4) specialized training in subjects and fields to be
7 selected by the board. The training in the use of
8 electronic control devices shall be conducted for
9 probationary police officers, including University police
10 officers.

11 b. Minimum courses of study, attendance requirements
12 and equipment requirements.

13 c. Minimum requirements for instructors.

14 d. Minimum basic training requirements, which a
15 probationary police officer must satisfactorily complete
16 before being eligible for permanent employment as a local
17 law enforcement officer for a participating local
18 governmental agency. Those requirements shall include
19 training in first aid (including cardiopulmonary
20 resuscitation).

21 e. Minimum basic training requirements, which a
22 probationary county corrections officer must
23 satisfactorily complete before being eligible for
24 permanent employment as a county corrections officer for a
25 participating local governmental agency.

26 f. Minimum basic training requirements which a

1 probationary court security officer must satisfactorily
2 complete before being eligible for permanent employment as
3 a court security officer for a participating local
4 governmental agency. The Board shall establish those
5 training requirements which it considers appropriate for
6 court security officers and shall certify schools to
7 conduct that training.

8 A person hired to serve as a court security officer
9 must obtain from the Board a certificate (i) attesting to
10 his or her successful completion of the training course;
11 (ii) attesting to his or her satisfactory completion of a
12 training program of similar content and number of hours
13 that has been found acceptable by the Board under the
14 provisions of this Act; or (iii) attesting to the Board's
15 determination that the training course is unnecessary
16 because of the person's extensive prior law enforcement
17 experience.

18 Individuals who currently serve as court security
19 officers shall be deemed qualified to continue to serve in
20 that capacity so long as they are certified as provided by
21 this Act within 24 months of June 1, 1997 (the effective
22 date of Public Act 89-685). Failure to be so certified,
23 absent a waiver from the Board, shall cause the officer to
24 forfeit his or her position.

25 All individuals hired as court security officers on or
26 after June 1, 1997 (the effective date of Public Act

1 89-685) shall be certified within 12 months of the date of
2 their hire, unless a waiver has been obtained by the
3 Board, or they shall forfeit their positions.

4 The Sheriff's Merit Commission, if one exists, or the
5 Sheriff's Office if there is no Sheriff's Merit
6 Commission, shall maintain a list of all individuals who
7 have filed applications to become court security officers
8 and who meet the eligibility requirements established
9 under this Act. Either the Sheriff's Merit Commission, or
10 the Sheriff's Office if no Sheriff's Merit Commission
11 exists, shall establish a schedule of reasonable intervals
12 for verification of the applicants' qualifications under
13 this Act and as established by the Board.

14 g. Minimum in-service training requirements, which a
15 police officer must satisfactorily complete every 3 years.
16 Those requirements shall include constitutional and proper
17 use of law enforcement authority, procedural justice,
18 civil rights, human rights, mental health awareness and
19 response, officer wellness, reporting child abuse and
20 neglect, and cultural competency.

21 h. Minimum in-service training requirements, which a
22 police officer must satisfactorily complete at least
23 annually. Those requirements shall include law updates and
24 use of force training which shall include scenario based
25 training, or similar training approved by the Board.

26 (Source: P.A. 100-121, eff. 1-1-18; 100-247, eff. 1-1-18;

1 100-759, eff. 1-1-19; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-910, eff.
2 1-1-19; 101-18, eff. 1-1-20; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 101-215,
3 eff. 1-1-20; 101-224, eff. 8-9-19; 101-375, eff. 8-16-19;
4 101-564, eff. 1-1-20; revised 9-10-19.)