



102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2021 and 2022

HB2583

Introduced 2/19/2021, by Rep. Mike Murphy

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

35 ILCS 735/3-3.5 new

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates an income tax deduction for an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax year contributed to a small business asset purchase account and all interest earned on such accounts during the tax year. Provides that a "small business asset purchase account" means an account established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code. Provides an addition modification for amounts withdrawn from a small business asset purchase account that are not used for qualified purchases. Amends the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act to establish a penalty for improper use of moneys in a small business asset purchase account. Effective immediately.

LRB102 10614 HLH 15943 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
15 the sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
10 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
11 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned
24 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
26 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of

1 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
2 2000;

3 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
5 costs that the individual deducted in computing
6 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
7 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

8 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
17 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
18 deductions taken in all taxable years under
19 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which the
22 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
23 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
24 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
25 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
26 equal to that subtraction modification.

1 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
2 modification under this subparagraph only once with
3 respect to any one piece of property;

4 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
5 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the same unitary business group but for the
10 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
11 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
20 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
21 extent that dividends were included in base income of
22 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
23 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
24 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
25 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
26 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included

1 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
3 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
4 incurred.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person, during the same taxable
18 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
19 to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
22 person did not have as a principal purpose the
23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
26 terms; or

1 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
2 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
3 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
4 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
5 and terms and the principal purpose for the
6 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
7 or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
13 to the application or use of an alternative method
14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
18 for any tax year beginning after the effective
19 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
20 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
21 Department and such regulations provide methods
22 and standards by which the Department will utilize
23 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

24 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
25 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
26 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
3 foreign person who would be a member of the same
4 unitary business group but for the fact that the
5 foreign person's business activity outside the United
6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
11 from being included in the unitary business group
12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
13 business income under different subsections of Section
14 304. The addition modification required by this
15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
17 group for the same taxable year and received by the
18 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
19 business group (including amounts included in gross
20 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
22 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
23 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
24 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
26 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same

1 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
2 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
6 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
16 similar types of intangible assets.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such item; or

25 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
2 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable
5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 intangible expense or cost between the
10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
21 writing to the application or use of an
22 alternative method of apportionment under Section
23 304(f);

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act

1 for any tax year beginning after the effective
2 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
3 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
4 Department and such regulations provide methods
5 and standards by which the Department will utilize
6 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
9 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
10 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
18 addition modification required by this subparagraph
19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
20 included in base income of the unitary group for the
21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
23 (including amounts included in gross income under
24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the

1 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
2 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
3 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
4 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
5 the addition modification required under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
7 Act.

8 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
10 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
11 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
13 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
14 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
15 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
16 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
17 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
18 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
19 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
21 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
22 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
23 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
24 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
25 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
26 adopts and determines that its offering materials

1 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
2 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
3 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
4 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
5 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
6 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
7 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
8 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
9 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
10 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

11 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
12 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
13 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
14 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
15 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
16 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
17 participants in its offering materials or makes a
18 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
19 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
20 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
21 out-of-state program distributes its offering
22 materials;

23 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
25 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
26 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from

1 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
2 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
3 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c) (1) (B)
4 of the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
7 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
9 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
10 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
11 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

12 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
14 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
15 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
16 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
17 State to an ABLE account established under an
18 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
19 the contribution component of the transferred amount
20 that was previously deducted from base income under
21 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
22 Section;

23 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
25 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
26 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
2 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
3 education institution, an amount equal to the
4 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
5 or refund that was previously deducted from base
6 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
7 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
8 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
9 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
10 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
11 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
12 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
13 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
15 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
16 or refund that was previously deducted from base
17 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
18 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
19 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
20 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
21 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
22 amount equal to the contribution component of the
23 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
24 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
25 of this Section;

26 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
3 Act;

4 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
6 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 for the taxable year;

8 (D-25) An amount withdrawn from a small business
9 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
10 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
11 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year
12 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
13 used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are
14 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under
15 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;

16 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
17 following amounts:

18 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
19 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
20 any compensation (including but not limited to any
21 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
22 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
23 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
24 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
25 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
26 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing

1 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
2 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
3 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
4 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
5 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending
6 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
7 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
9 in respect of any compensation (including but not
10 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
11 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
12 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
13 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
14 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
15 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
16 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
17 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
18 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
19 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
21 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
22 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
23 of Section 250;

24 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
25 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
26 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and

1 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
2 total as distributions under the provisions of any
3 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
4 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
5 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
6 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
7 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
8 adopted pursuant thereto;

9 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

10 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
11 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
12 and included in such total for the taxable year;

13 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
14 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
15 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
16 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
17 computation of taxable income;

18 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
19 such total which were paid by a corporation which
20 conducts business operations in a River Edge
21 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
22 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
23 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
24 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
25 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

26 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total that were paid by a corporation that
2 conducts business operations in a federally designated
3 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
4 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
5 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
6 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
7 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
8 this subparagraph (K);

9 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
10 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
11 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
12 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code;

14 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
15 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
16 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
17 171(a)(2), ~~7~~ and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
18 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
19 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
20 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
21 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
22 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
24 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
25 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
26 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount

1 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
3 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
4 250;

5 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in
6 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
7 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
8 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
9 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
10 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
11 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
12 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
13 net of bond premium amortization;

14 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
15 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
16 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

17 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
18 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
19 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
20 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
21 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
22 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
23 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
24 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

25 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
26 such total, received by the taxpayer as an

1 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
2 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
3 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
4 illness;

5 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
6 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

7 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
8 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
9 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
10 medical care savings account established under the
11 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
12 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
13 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
14 as provided in that Act;

15 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
16 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
17 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
18 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
19 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
20 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
21 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

22 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
23 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
24 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
25 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
26 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance

1 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

2 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
3 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
4 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
5 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
6 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
7 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
8 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
9 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
10 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
11 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
13 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
14 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
15 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
16 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
17 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
18 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
19 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
20 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
21 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
22 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
23 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
24 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
25 times a number that represents the fractional
26 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section

1 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
2 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

3 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
5 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year
6 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
7 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
10 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
11 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
12 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
13 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
14 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
15 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
16 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
17 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
18 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
19 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
20 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
21 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
22 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
23 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
24 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
25 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
26 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European

1 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
2 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
3 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
4 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
5 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
6 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
7 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
8 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
9 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
10 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
11 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
12 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
13 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
14 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
15 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
17 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
18 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
19 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
20 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
21 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
23 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
24 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
25 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
26 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the

1 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
2 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
3 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
5 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
6 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
7 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
8 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
9 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
10 from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
12 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
13 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
14 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
15 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
16 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

17 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
18 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
20 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
21 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
22 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
23 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

24 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
25 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
26 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by

1 0.429); and

2 (3) for taxable years ending after December
3 31, 2005:

4 (i) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
8 by 0.429); and

9 (ii) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
11 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
12 1.0.

13 The aggregate amount deducted under this
14 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
15 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
16 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
17 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
18 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
19 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250;

21 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
22 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
23 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
24 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
25 an amount equal to that addition modification.

26 If the taxpayer continues to own property through

1 the last day of the last tax year for which the
2 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
3 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
4 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
5 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
6 equal to that addition modification.

7 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
8 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
9 one piece of property.

10 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
13 other than salary, received by a driver in a
14 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

15 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
16 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
17 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
18 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
19 modification with respect to such transaction under
20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
21 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
22 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
23 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
24 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
25 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
26 that is required to make an addition modification with

1 respect to such transaction under Section
2 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
3 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
4 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
5 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
7 into account for the taxable year (net of the
8 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
11 for the fact that the foreign person's business
12 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
13 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
14 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
15 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
16 business group but for the fact that the person is
17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
18 included in the unitary business group because he or
19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
20 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
21 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
22 made for the same taxable year under Section
23 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
25 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
26 of Section 250;

1 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
2 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
3 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
4 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
6 for the fact that the foreign person's business
7 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
8 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
9 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
10 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
11 business group but for the fact that the person is
12 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
13 included in the unitary business group because he or
14 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
15 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
16 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
17 made for the same taxable year under Section
18 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
20 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

22 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
23 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
24 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
25 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
26 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
3 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
4 add back any insurance premiums under Section
5 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
6 that part of a reimbursement received from the
7 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
8 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
9 company) that would have been taken into account as a
10 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
11 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
12 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
13 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
14 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
15 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
16 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250; ~~and~~

18 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2023, a maximum
20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
21 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
22 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
23 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
24 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
25 be considered moneys contributed under this
26 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph

1 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
2 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
3 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;
4 and -

5 (II) For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 2022, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax
7 year contributed to a small business asset purchase
8 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned
9 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small
10 business asset purchase account" means an account
11 established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are
12 used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois
13 for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed
14 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

15 (b) Corporations.

16 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
17 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
18 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

19 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
20 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
21 of the following amounts:

22 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
23 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
24 received from regulated investment companies during
25 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross

1 income in the computation of taxable income;

2 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
3 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
4 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
5 year;

6 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
7 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
8 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
9 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
10 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
11 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
12 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
14 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
15 law and is not a new enactment);

16 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
17 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
18 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
19 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

20 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
21 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
22 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
23 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
24 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
25 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
26 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded

1 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
2 year, with the following limitations applied in the
3 order that they are listed:

4 (i) the addition modification relating to the
5 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
6 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
7 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
8 of addition modification under this subparagraph
9 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
10 which was taken into account in calculating the
11 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

12 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
13 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
14 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
15 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
16 such carryback or carryforward;

17 For taxable years in which there is a net
18 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
19 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
20 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
21 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
22 computed independently under the preceding provisions
23 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

24 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
25 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
26 costs that the corporation deducted in computing

1 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
2 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

3 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
4 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
5 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
6 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
9 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
10 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
11 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
12 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
13 deductions taken in all taxable years under
14 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which the
17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
19 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
20 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
21 equal to that subtraction modification.

22 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
23 modification under this subparagraph only once with
24 respect to any one piece of property;

25 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
26 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for

1 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the same unitary business group but for the
5 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
6 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
9 who would be a member of the same unitary business
10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
13 required to apportion business income under different
14 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
15 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
16 extent that dividends were included in base income of
17 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
18 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
19 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
21 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
24 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
25 accrued, or incurred.

26 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

1 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
6 with respect to such interest; or

7 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11 following:

12 (a) the person, during the same taxable
13 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
14 to a person that is not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
17 person did not have as a principal purpose the
18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
21 terms; or

22 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
23 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
24 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
25 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
26 and terms and the principal purpose for the

1 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
2 or

3 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
5 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
6 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
7 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
8 to the application or use of an alternative method
9 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
11 Director from making any other adjustment
12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
13 for any tax year beginning after the effective
14 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
15 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
16 Department and such regulations provide methods
17 and standards by which the Department will utilize
18 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

19 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
20 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
21 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
24 foreign person who would be a member of the same
25 unitary business group but for the fact that the
26 foreign person's business activity outside the United

1 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
2 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
4 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
5 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
6 from being included in the unitary business group
7 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
8 business income under different subsections of Section
9 304. The addition modification required by this
10 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
11 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
12 group for the same taxable year and received by the
13 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
14 business group (including amounts included in gross
15 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
17 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
18 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
19 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
20 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
21 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
22 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
23 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
24 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
25 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
26 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or

1 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
2 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
3 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
5 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
6 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
7 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
8 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
9 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
10 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
11 similar types of intangible assets.

12 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
16 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
17 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
18 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
19 with respect to such item; or

20 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
23 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person during the same taxable
26 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the

1 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
2 not a related member, and

3 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
4 intangible expense or cost between the
5 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
6 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
7 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
8 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
9 or

10 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
15 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
16 writing to the application or use of an
17 alternative method of apportionment under Section
18 304(f);

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
20 Director from making any other adjustment
21 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
22 for any tax year beginning after the effective
23 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
24 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
25 Department and such regulations provide methods
26 and standards by which the Department will utilize

1 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

2 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
4 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
5 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
7 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
8 business group but for the fact that the person is
9 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
10 included in the unitary business group because he or
11 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
12 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
13 addition modification required by this subparagraph
14 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
15 included in base income of the unitary group for the
16 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
18 (including amounts included in gross income under
19 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
20 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
21 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
22 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
23 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
24 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
25 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
26 the addition modification required under Section

1 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
2 Act;

3 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
4 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
5 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
6 to a real estate investment trust under Section
7 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
8 dividends paid;

9 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
10 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
11 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
12 Act;

13 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
15 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
16 for the taxable year;

17 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
18 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
19 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
20 Code for the taxable year; -

21 (E-19) An amount withdrawn from a small business
22 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
23 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
24 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year
25 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
26 used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are

1 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under
2 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;
3 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
4 following amounts:

5 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
6 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
7 and included in such total for the taxable year;

8 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
9 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

10 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
11 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
12 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
13 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
14 for the taxable year;

15 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
16 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
17 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
18 171(a)(2),~~7~~ and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
19 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
20 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
21 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
22 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
23 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
24 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
25 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
26 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,

1 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e) (3)
2 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
3 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
4 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
6 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
7 Section 807(a) (2) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
8 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
9 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
10 Section 807(b) (1) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
11 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
12 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
13 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
14 from the provisions of Section 250;

15 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
16 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
17 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
18 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
19 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
20 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
21 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
22 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
23 net of bond premium amortization;

24 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total which were paid by a corporation which
26 conducts business operations in a River Edge

1 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
2 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
3 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
4 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
5 the provisions of Section 250;

6 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
7 such total that were paid by a corporation that
8 conducts business operations in a federally designated
9 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
10 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
11 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
12 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
13 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
14 this subparagraph (L);

15 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
16 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
17 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
18 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
19 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
20 property which is eligible for the River Edge
21 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
22 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
23 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
24 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
25 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
26 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)

1 investment credit property which secures the loan or
2 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
3 such property on the date that it was placed in service
4 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
5 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
6 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
7 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
8 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
9 calculated under the previous sentence. This
10 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250;

12 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
13 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
14 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
15 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
16 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
17 property which is eligible for the High Impact
18 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
19 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
20 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
21 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
22 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
23 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
24 investment credit property which secures the loan or
25 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
26 such property on the date that it was placed in service

1 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
2 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
3 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
4 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
5 eligible for the deduction provided under this
6 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
7 available to taxpayers in any year under this
8 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
9 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
10 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
11 under the previous sentence;

12 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
13 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
14 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
15 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
16 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
17 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
18 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
19 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
20 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
21 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
24 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
25 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
26 Section 243(a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986

1 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
2 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
3 income and received from a corporation that is not
4 created or organized under the laws of the United
5 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
6 including, for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
8 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
9 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
10 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
11 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
12 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
14 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
15 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
16 included in taxable income and received, including,
17 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,
18 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
19 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
21 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
22 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
23 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
24 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
25 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
26 affiliated group which includes the dividend

1 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
2 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
3 this subsection (b) which is related to such
4 dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

6 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
7 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
8 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

9 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
10 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
11 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
12 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code;

14 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
15 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
16 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
17 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
18 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
19 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
20 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
21 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
22 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
23 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
25 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
2 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
3 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
4 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
5 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
6 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
7 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
8 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
9 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
12 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
13 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
14 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
15 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
16 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

17 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
18 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
19 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
20 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
21 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
22 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
23 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

24 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
25 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
26 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by

1 0.429); and

2 (3) for taxable years ending after December
3 31, 2005:

4 (i) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
8 by 0.429); and

9 (ii) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
11 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
12 1.0.

13 The aggregate amount deducted under this
14 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
15 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
16 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
17 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
18 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
19 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
20 Section 250;

21 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
22 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
23 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
24 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
25 equal to that addition modification.

26 If the taxpayer continues to own property through

1 the last day of the last tax year for which the
2 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
3 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
4 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
5 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
6 equal to that addition modification.

7 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
8 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
9 one piece of property.

10 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
13 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
14 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
15 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
16 modification with respect to such transaction under
17 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
18 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
19 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
20 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
21 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
22 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
23 that is required to make an addition modification with
24 respect to such transaction under Section
25 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
26 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such

1 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
2 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
3 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
4 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
5 an addition modification with respect to such
6 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
7 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
8 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
9 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
10 from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
12 into account for the taxable year (net of the
13 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
16 for the fact that the foreign person's business
17 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
18 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
19 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
20 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
21 business group but for the fact that the person is
22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
23 included in the unitary business group because he or
24 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
25 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
26 not to exceed the addition modification required to be

1 made for the same taxable year under Section
2 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
4 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250;

6 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
7 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
8 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
11 for the fact that the foreign person's business
12 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
13 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
14 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
15 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
16 business group but for the fact that the person is
17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
18 included in the unitary business group because he or
19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
20 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
21 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
22 made for the same taxable year under Section
23 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
24 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
25 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
2 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
3 add back any insurance premiums under Section
4 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
5 that part of a reimbursement received from the
6 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
7 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
8 company) that would have been taken into account as a
9 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
10 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
11 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
12 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
13 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
14 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
15 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250; ~~and~~

17 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
18 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
19 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
20 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
21 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
23 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250; and ~~and~~

25 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
26 January 1, 2022, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax

1 year contributed to a small business asset purchase
2 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned
3 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small
4 business asset purchase account" means an account
5 established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are
6 used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois
7 for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed
8 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

9 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
10 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
11 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
12 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
13 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
14 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
15 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
16 Section 803(a) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

17 (c) Trusts and estates.

18 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
19 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
20 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

21 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
22 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
23 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
24 following amounts:

25 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued

1 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
2 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
3 in the computation of taxable income;

4 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
5 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
6 required to distribute all of its income currently,
7 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
8 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
9 the computation of taxable income;

10 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
11 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
12 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
13 year;

14 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
15 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
16 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
17 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

18 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
19 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
20 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
21 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
22 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
23 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
24 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
25 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
26 the following limitations applied in the order that

1 they are listed:

2 (i) the addition modification relating to the
3 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
4 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
5 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
6 of addition modification under this subparagraph
7 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
8 which was taken into account in calculating the
9 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

10 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
13 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
14 such carryback or carryforward;

15 For taxable years in which there is a net
16 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
17 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
18 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
19 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
20 computed independently under the preceding provisions
21 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

22 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
23 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
24 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
25 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
26 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601

1 of this Act;

2 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
3 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
4 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
5 computation of taxable income;

6 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
7 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
8 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
9 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
10 estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section
11 201;

12 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
13 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
14 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
15 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code; and

17 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
18 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
19 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
20 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
21 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
22 deductions taken in all taxable years under
23 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

24 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
25 the last day of the last tax year for which the
26 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for

1 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
2 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
3 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
4 equal to that subtraction modification.

5 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
6 modification under this subparagraph only once with
7 respect to any one piece of property;

8 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
9 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the same unitary business group but for the
14 fact that the foreign person's business activity
15 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
18 who would be a member of the same unitary business
19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
22 required to apportion business income under different
23 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
24 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
25 extent that dividends were included in base income of
26 the unitary group for the same taxable year and

1 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
2 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
3 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
4 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
5 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
7 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
8 accrued, or incurred.

9 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
12 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
13 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
14 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
15 with respect to such interest; or

16 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
18 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
19 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
20 following:

21 (a) the person, during the same taxable
22 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
23 to a person that is not a related member, and

24 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
25 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
26 person did not have as a principal purpose the

1 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
2 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
3 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
4 terms; or

5 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
6 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
7 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
8 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
9 and terms and the principal purpose for the
10 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
11 or

12 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
15 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
16 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
17 to the application or use of an alternative method
18 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
20 Director from making any other adjustment
21 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
22 for any tax year beginning after the effective
23 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
24 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
25 Department and such regulations provide methods
26 and standards by which the Department will utilize

1 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

2 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
3 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
4 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
6 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
7 foreign person who would be a member of the same
8 unitary business group but for the fact that the
9 foreign person's business activity outside the United
10 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
11 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
13 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
14 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
15 from being included in the unitary business group
16 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
17 business income under different subsections of Section
18 304. The addition modification required by this
19 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
20 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
21 group for the same taxable year and received by the
22 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
23 business group (including amounts included in gross
24 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
26 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)

1 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
2 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
3 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
4 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
5 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
6 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
7 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
8 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
9 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
10 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
11 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
12 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
14 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
15 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
16 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
17 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
18 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
19 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
20 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

21 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

22 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
25 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
26 than a state which requires mandatory unitary

1 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
2 with respect to such item; or

3 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
6 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
7 following:

8 (a) the person during the same taxable
9 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
10 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
11 not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
13 intangible expense or cost between the
14 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
15 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
16 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
17 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
18 or

19 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
24 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
25 writing to the application or use of an
26 alternative method of apportionment under Section

1 304(f);

2 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
3 Director from making any other adjustment
4 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
5 for any tax year beginning after the effective
6 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
7 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
8 Department and such regulations provide methods
9 and standards by which the Department will utilize
10 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

11 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
13 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
14 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
16 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
17 business group but for the fact that the person is
18 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
19 included in the unitary business group because he or
20 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
21 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
22 addition modification required by this subparagraph
23 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
24 included in base income of the unitary group for the
25 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
26 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group

1 (including amounts included in gross income under
2 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
4 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
5 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
6 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
7 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
8 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
9 the addition modification required under Section
10 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
11 Act;

12 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
13 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
14 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
15 Act;

16 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
18 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
19 for the taxable year;

20 (G-17) An amount withdrawn from a small business
21 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
22 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
23 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year
24 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
25 used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are
26 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under

1 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;
2 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
3 following amounts:

4 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
5 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
6 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
7 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
8 as distributions under the provisions of any
9 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
10 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
11 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
12 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
13 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
14 adopted pursuant thereto;

15 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

16 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
17 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
18 and included in such total for the taxable year;

19 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
20 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
21 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
22 taxation by this State either by reason of its
23 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
24 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
25 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
26 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or

1 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
2 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
3 premium amortization;

4 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
5 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
6 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
7 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
8 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
9 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
10 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
11 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
12 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
13 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
14 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
15 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
16 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
17 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
18 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
19 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
20 250;

21 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
22 such total which were paid by a corporation which
23 conducts business operations in a River Edge
24 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
25 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
26 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment

1 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
2 the provisions of Section 250;

3 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
4 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
5 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

6 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
7 such total that were paid by a corporation that
8 conducts business operations in a federally designated
9 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
10 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
11 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
12 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
13 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
14 this subparagraph (O);

15 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
16 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
17 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
18 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
19 the Internal Revenue Code;

20 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
21 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
22 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
23 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
24 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
25 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
26 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of

1 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
2 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
3 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
4 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
5 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
6 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
7 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
8 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
9 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
10 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
11 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
12 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
13 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
14 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
15 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
16 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
17 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
18 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
19 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
20 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
21 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
22 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
23 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
24 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
25 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
2 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
3 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
4 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
5 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
6 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

7 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
8 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
9 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
10 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
11 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
12 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
13 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

14 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
15 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
16 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
17 0.429); and

18 (3) for taxable years ending after December
19 31, 2005:

20 (i) for property on which a bonus
21 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
22 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
23 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
24 by 0.429); and

25 (ii) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 1.0.

3 The aggregate amount deducted under this
4 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
5 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
6 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
7 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
8 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
9 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
12 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
13 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
14 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
15 equal to that addition modification.

16 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
17 the last day of the last tax year for which the
18 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
19 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
20 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
21 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
22 equal to that addition modification.

23 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
24 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
25 one piece of property.

26 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
3 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
4 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
5 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
6 modification with respect to such transaction under
7 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
8 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
9 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
10 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
11 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
12 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
13 that is required to make an addition modification with
14 respect to such transaction under Section
15 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
16 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
17 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
18 from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
20 into account for the taxable year (net of the
21 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
24 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
25 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
2 who would be a member of the same unitary business
3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
4 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
6 required to apportion business income under different
7 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
8 addition modification required to be made for the same
9 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
12 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
14 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
15 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
16 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
18 for the fact that the foreign person's business
19 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
20 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
21 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
22 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
23 business group but for the fact that the person is
24 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
25 included in the unitary business group because he or
26 she is ordinarily required to apportion business

1 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
2 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
3 made for the same taxable year under Section
4 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
6 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
7 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
9 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
10 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
11 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
12 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
13 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
14 from Section 250;

15 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
16 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
17 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
18 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
21 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
22 add back any insurance premiums under Section
23 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
24 that part of a reimbursement received from the
25 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
26 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance

1 company) that would have been taken into account as a
2 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
3 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
4 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
5 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
6 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
7 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
8 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250; ~~and~~

10 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
11 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
12 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
13 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code; and -

15 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
16 January 1, 2022, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax
17 year contributed to a small business asset purchase
18 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned
19 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small
20 business asset purchase account" means an account
21 established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are
22 used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois
23 for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed
24 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

25 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
26 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under

1 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
2 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
3 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
4 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
5 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

6 (d) Partnerships.

7 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
8 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
9 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

10 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
11 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
12 of the following amounts:

13 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
14 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
15 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
16 in the computation of taxable income;

17 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
18 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
19 the taxable year;

20 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
21 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
23 income;

24 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
25 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue

1 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
2 computation of taxable income;

3 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
4 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
5 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
6 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
9 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
10 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
11 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
12 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
13 deductions taken in all taxable years under
14 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which the
17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
19 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
20 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
21 equal to that subtraction modification.

22 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
23 modification under this subparagraph only once with
24 respect to any one piece of property;

25 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
26 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for

1 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the same unitary business group but for the
5 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
6 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
9 who would be a member of the same unitary business
10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
13 required to apportion business income under different
14 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
15 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
16 extent that dividends were included in base income of
17 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
18 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
19 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
20 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
21 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
22 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
24 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
25 accrued, or incurred.

26 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

1 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
3 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
4 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
5 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
6 with respect to such interest; or

7 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
9 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
10 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11 following:

12 (a) the person, during the same taxable
13 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
14 to a person that is not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
17 person did not have as a principal purpose the
18 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
19 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
20 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
21 terms; or

22 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
23 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
24 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
25 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
26 and terms and the principal purpose for the

1 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
2 or

3 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
5 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
6 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
7 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
8 to the application or use of an alternative method
9 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
11 Director from making any other adjustment
12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
13 for any tax year beginning after the effective
14 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
15 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
16 Department and such regulations provide methods
17 and standards by which the Department will utilize
18 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

19 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
20 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
21 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
22 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
24 foreign person who would be a member of the same
25 unitary business group but for the fact that the
26 foreign person's business activity outside the United

1 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
2 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
4 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
5 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
6 from being included in the unitary business group
7 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
8 business income under different subsections of Section
9 304. The addition modification required by this
10 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
11 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
12 group for the same taxable year and received by the
13 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
14 business group (including amounts included in gross
15 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
17 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
18 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
19 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
20 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
21 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
22 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
23 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
24 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
25 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
26 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or

1 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
2 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
3 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
5 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
6 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
7 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
8 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
9 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
10 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
11 similar types of intangible assets;

12 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

13 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
14 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
16 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
17 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
18 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
19 with respect to such item; or

20 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
23 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person during the same taxable
26 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the

1 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
2 not a related member, and

3 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
4 intangible expense or cost between the
5 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
6 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
7 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
8 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
9 or

10 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
13 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
14 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
15 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
16 writing to the application or use of an
17 alternative method of apportionment under Section
18 304(f);

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
20 Director from making any other adjustment
21 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
22 for any tax year beginning after the effective
23 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
24 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
25 Department and such regulations provide methods
26 and standards by which the Department will utilize

1 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

2 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
4 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
5 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
6 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
7 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
8 business group but for the fact that the person is
9 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
10 included in the unitary business group because he or
11 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
12 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
13 addition modification required by this subparagraph
14 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
15 included in base income of the unitary group for the
16 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
18 (including amounts included in gross income under
19 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
20 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
21 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
22 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
23 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
24 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
25 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
26 the addition modification required under Section

1 203(d) (2) (D-7) or Section 203(d) (2) (D-8) of this Act;

2 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
3 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
4 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
5 Act;

6 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
8 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 for the taxable year;

10 (D-12) An amount withdrawn from a small business
11 asset purchase account that is not used for purchases
12 of property for which a deduction under Section 179 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code is claimed for the tax year
14 in which the amount is withdrawn and which property is
15 used predominantly in Illinois; such amounts are
16 subject to the 10% penalty for ineligible use under
17 Section 3-3.5 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act;

18 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
19 amounts:

20 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

21 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
22 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
23 and included in such total for the taxable year;

24 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
25 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
26 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this

1 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
2 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
3 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
4 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
5 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
6 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
7 net of bond premium amortization;

8 (H) Any income of the partnership which
9 constitutes personal service income as defined in
10 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
11 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
12 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
13 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
14 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
17 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
18 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
19 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
20 including amounts distributable to organizations
21 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
22 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
23 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
25 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
26 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections

1 171(a)(2),~~7~~ and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
2 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
3 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
5 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
6 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
7 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
8 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
9 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
10 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
11 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
12 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
13 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
14 250;

15 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
16 such total which were paid by a corporation which
17 conducts business operations in a River Edge
18 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
19 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
20 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
21 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
22 the provisions of Section 250;

23 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
24 job training project established pursuant to the Real
25 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

26 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total that were paid by a corporation that
2 conducts business operations in a federally designated
3 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
4 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
5 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
6 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
7 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
8 this subparagraph (M);

9 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
10 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
11 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
12 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code;

14 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
15 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
16 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
17 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
19 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

20 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
21 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
22 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
23 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
24 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
25 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
26 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

1 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
2 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
3 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
4 0.429); and

5 (3) for taxable years ending after December
6 31, 2005:

7 (i) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
11 by 0.429); and

12 (ii) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
15 1.0.

16 The aggregate amount deducted under this
17 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
18 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
19 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
20 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
21 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
22 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
25 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
26 was required in any taxable year to make an addition

1 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
2 equal to that addition modification.

3 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
4 the last day of the last tax year for which the
5 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
6 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
7 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
8 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
9 equal to that addition modification.

10 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
11 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
12 one piece of property.

13 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
16 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
17 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
18 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
19 modification with respect to such transaction under
20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
21 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
22 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
23 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
24 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
25 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
26 that is required to make an addition modification with

1 respect to such transaction under Section
2 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
3 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
4 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
5 from Section 250;

6 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
7 into account for the taxable year (net of the
8 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
11 for the fact that the foreign person's business
12 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
13 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
14 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
15 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
16 business group but for the fact that the person is
17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
18 included in the unitary business group because he or
19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
20 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
21 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
22 made for the same taxable year under Section
23 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
25 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

26 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible

1 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
2 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
3 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
5 for the fact that the foreign person's business
6 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
7 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
8 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
9 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
10 business group but for the fact that the person is
11 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
12 included in the unitary business group because he or
13 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
14 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
15 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
16 made for the same taxable year under Section
17 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
18 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
19 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
20 Section 250; ~~and~~

21 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
22 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
23 add back any insurance premiums under Section
24 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
25 that part of a reimbursement received from the
26 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense

1 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
2 company) that would have been taken into account as a
3 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
4 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
5 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
6 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
7 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
8 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
9 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250; and -

11 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after
12 January 1, 2022, an amount of up to \$50,000 per tax
13 year contributed to a small business asset purchase
14 account during the tax year, plus all interest earned
15 on such accounts during the tax year; a "small
16 business asset purchase account" means an account
17 established by a taxpayer, the proceeds of which are
18 used to purchase property used primarily in Illinois
19 for which a federal income tax deduction is claimed
20 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code.

21 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

22 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
23 (2) and subsection (b)(3), for purposes of this Section
24 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
25 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall

1 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
2 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
3 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
4 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
5 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
7 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
8 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
9 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
10 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
11 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
12 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
13 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
14 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
16 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
17 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
18 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
19 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
20 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
21 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
22 addition modification must be made under those
23 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
24 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
25 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
26 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection

1 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code.

3 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
4 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
5 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

6 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
7 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
8 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
9 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
10 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
11 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
12 Internal Revenue Code;

13 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
14 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
15 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
16 insurance company taxable income;

17 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
18 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
19 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 investment company taxable income;

21 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
22 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
23 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
24 real estate investment trust taxable income;

25 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
26 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group

1 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
2 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
3 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
4 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
5 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
6 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
7 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
8 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
9 determined as if the election provided by Section
10 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
11 effect for all such years;

12 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
13 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
14 organization determined in accordance with the
15 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
17 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
18 activities against income from nonpatronage
19 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
20 association may make an election to follow its federal
21 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
22 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
23 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
24 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
25 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
26 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois

1 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
2 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
3 effective for all taxable years with original returns
4 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
5 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
6 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
7 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
8 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
9 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
10 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
11 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
12 requirements for documenting the elections and any
13 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
14 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
15 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
16 existing law;

17 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
18 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
19 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
20 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
21 of such corporation determined in accordance with
22 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
23 that taxable income shall take into account those
24 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
26 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in

1 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
2 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
3 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
4 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
5 such corporation determined in accordance with the
6 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
7 1982; and

8 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
9 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
10 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
11 income shall take into account those items which are
12 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
13 but which would be taken into account by an individual
14 in calculating his taxable income.

15 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
16 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
17 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
18 business has been classified as business income and in a
19 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
20 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
21 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
22 related to that asset or business that generated the
23 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
24 business income in the year of the disposition of the
25 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
26 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction

1 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
2 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
3 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
4 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
5 preceding taxable years.

6 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

7 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
8 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
9 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

10 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
11 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
12 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
14 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
15 plus

16 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
17 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
18 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
19 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
20 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
21 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
22 of such gain included in the amount determined under
23 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

24 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

25 (A) If the fair market value of property referred

1 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
2 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
3 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
4 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
5 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
6 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
7 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
8 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
9 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
10 such property.

11 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
12 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
13 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
14 amount for such property is that amount which bears
15 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
16 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
17 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
18 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
19 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
20 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
21 period for the property.

22 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
23 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
24 purposes of this paragraph.

25 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided

1 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
2 to be deducted more than once.

3 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
4 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
5 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
6 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
7 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
8 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
9 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
10 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
11 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

12 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 100-905, eff. 8-17-18;
13 101-9, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; revised 9-20-19.)

14 Section 10. The Uniform Penalty and Interest Act is
15 amended by adding Section 3-3.5 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 735/3-3.5 new)

17 Sec. 3-3.5. Penalty for improper use of proceeds of Small
18 Business Asset Purchase Account. A penalty of 10% of the
19 amount withdrawn from a small business asset purchase account,
20 as defined in Section 203 of the Illinois Income Tax Act,
21 during a tax year that is used for purchases of property for
22 which a deduction under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue
23 Code is not claimed for the tax year in which the amount is

1 withdrawn, or purchases of property for which the deduction
2 under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code is claimed that
3 is not used predominantly in Illinois.

4 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
5 becoming law.