

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
5 General Contractors Licensing Act.

6 Section 5. Legislative intent. The intent of the General
7 Assembly in enacting this Act is to evaluate the competency of
8 persons engaged in general contracting and to license and
9 regulate those persons for the protection of the public.

10 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

11 "Address of record" means the designated address recorded
12 by the Department in the applicant's application file or
13 licensee's licensure file as maintained by the Department.

14 "Board" means the General Contractor Board.

15 "Department" means the Department of Financial and
16 Professional Regulation.

17 "Email address of record" means the designated email
18 address of record by the Department in the applicant's
19 application file or licensee's licensure file as maintained by
20 the Department.

21 "General contracting" means (i) any activity requiring a
22 license under this Act; (ii) any conduct regulated by this

1 Act; (iii) any activity requiring a county or municipal
2 building permit; or (iv) any duty or other requirement imposed
3 by this Act.

4 "General contractor" means any person who, as an
5 investment or for compensation or with the intent to sell or to
6 lease: (i) arranges or submits a bid or offers to undertake or
7 purports to have the capacity to undertake or undertakes,
8 through himself, herself, or others, to erect, construct,
9 alter, repair, move, install, replace, convert, remodel,
10 rehabilitate, modernize, improve, or make additions to any
11 building or to any appurtenance thereto attached to real
12 estate and located on the same lot as the building, including,
13 but not limited to, driveways, swimming pools, porches, decks,
14 garages, fences, fallout shelters, and other accessory objects
15 or uses; (ii) retains for himself or herself control over the
16 means, method, and manner of accomplishing the desired result;
17 and (iii) whose business operations, in whole or in part,
18 require the hiring or supervision of one or more persons from
19 any building trade or craft, including, but not limited to,
20 plumbing, masonry, electrical, heating, air conditioning, or
21 carpentry. "General contractor" includes developers of
22 conversion condominiums as defined in the Condominium Property
23 Act.

24 "Licensee" means any person licensed under this Act.

25 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
26 Professional Regulation or his or her designee, including, but

1 not limited to, the Director of Professional Regulation.

2 Section 15. Title.

3 (a) No person shall use the title "general contractor"
4 without being so licensed by the Department.

5 (b) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as preventing
6 or restricting the offering, advertising, or providing of
7 services defined as general contracting under this Act by an
8 individual not licensed under this Act.

9 Section 20. Display of license. Every holder of a general
10 contractor license shall display a copy of his or her license
11 in a conspicuous place in his or her principal office or place
12 of business and at each site at which the licensee is engaged
13 in general contracting.

14 Section 25. Address of record; email address of record.
15 All applicants and licensees shall:

16 (1) provide a valid address and email address to the
17 Department, which shall serve as the address of record and
18 email address of record, respectively, at the time of
19 application for licensure or renewal of licensure; and

20 (2) inform the Department of any change of address of
21 record or email address of record within 14 days after such
22 change either through the Department's website or by
23 contacting the Department.

1 Section 30. General Contractor Board.

2 (a) Within 90 days after the effective date of this Act,
3 the Secretary shall appoint a General Contractor Board
4 consisting of 9 members. Seven members shall be licensed
5 general contractors, with initial appointees meeting the
6 qualifications for licensure set forth in this Act as
7 determined by the Department. Of the general contractors, 3
8 shall be residents of Chicago and 4 shall be residents of other
9 parts of the State. In addition to the 7 general contractors,
10 there shall be 2 public members of the Board. The public
11 members shall be voting members and shall not be licensed
12 under this Act or any other design and construction profession
13 licensing Act that the Department administers.

14 (b) Board members shall serve 4-year terms, except that in
15 the case of initial appointments, terms shall be staggered as
16 follows: 2 members shall serve for 4 years, 3 members shall
17 serve for 3 years, and 4 members shall serve for 2 years. The
18 Board shall annually elect a chairperson and vice chairperson.
19 All board members must be residents of this State.

20 (c) Appointments to fill vacancies shall be made in the
21 same manner as initial appointments.

22 (d) A majority of members of the Board shall constitute a
23 quorum. A quorum is required for Board decisions.

24 (e) Members of the Board shall serve without compensation,
25 but may, at the discretion of the Department, be reimbursed

1 for expenses incurred in performing their duties.

2 Section 35. Powers and duties of the Board.

3 (a) The Board shall hold at least one meeting each year,
4 conducted in accordance with the Open Meetings Act.

5 (b) The Board shall annually elect a chairperson and a
6 vice chairperson who shall be general contractors.

7 (c) The Department may, at any time, seek the expert
8 advice and knowledge of the Board on any matter relating to the
9 enforcement of this Act, including qualifications of
10 applicants for licensure.

11 Section 40. Powers and duties of the Department. The
12 Department shall exercise, subject to the provisions of this
13 Act, the following functions, powers, and duties:

14 (1) Authorize examinations to ascertain the fitness
15 and qualifications of applicants for licensure and pass
16 upon the qualifications and fitness of applicants for
17 licensure by endorsement.

18 (2) Adopt rules and regulations required for the
19 administration of this Act.

20 (3) Conduct hearings on proceedings to refuse to
21 issue, renew, or restore licensure; to revoke or suspend
22 licensure; or to place on probation or reprimand persons
23 licensed under this Act.

24 (4) Adopt rules to establish what constitutes an

1 approved general contractor education program.

2 (5) Issue licenses to those who meet the requirements
3 of this Act.

4 (6) Conduct investigations related to possible
5 violations of this Act.

6 Section 45. Application for licensure.

7 (a) Applications for licensure shall be made to the
8 Department in writing on forms or electronically as prescribed
9 by the Department and shall be accompanied by the required
10 fee, which shall not be refundable. All applications shall
11 contain information that, in the judgment of the Department,
12 enables the Department to pass on the qualifications of the
13 applicant for licensure as a general contractor.

14 (b) Applicants have 3 years from the date of application
15 to complete the application process. If the process has not
16 been completed in 3 years, the application shall be denied,
17 the fee shall be forfeited, and the applicant must reapply and
18 meet the requirements in effect at the time of reapplication.

19 (c) Applicants must provide evidence that they have
20 completed at least 12 hours in an approved course in dwelling
21 construction within one year prior to the date of application.
22 The course shall include instruction in at least the following
23 subject matter and one or more tests on at least the following
24 subject matter:

25 (1) construction laws;

- 1 (2) construction codes;
- 2 (3) construction business practices;
- 3 (4) prevention of wage theft; and
- 4 (5) selection of subcontractors.

5 Section 50. License classifications.

6 (a) General contractor licenses shall be divided into
7 classifications depending on the cost of the work as follows:

8 (1) Class A. The holder of a Class A license is subject
9 to no limitation as to the value of any single contract
10 project. The license fee for a Class A license is \$2,000
11 annually.

12 (2) Class B. The holder of a Class B license is not
13 entitled to engage in the construction of any single
14 contract project of a value in excess of \$10,000,000. The
15 license fee for a Class B license is \$1,000 annually.

16 (3) Class C. The holder of a Class C license is not
17 entitled to engage in the construction of any single
18 contract project of a value in excess of \$5,000,000. The
19 license fee for a Class C license is \$750 annually.

20 (4) Class D. The holder of a Class D license is not
21 entitled to engage in the construction of any single
22 contract project of a value in excess of \$2,000,000. The
23 license fee for a Class D license is \$500 annually.

24 (5) Class E. The holder of a Class E license is not
25 entitled to engage in the construction of any single

1 contract project of a value in excess of \$500,000. The
2 license fee for a Class E license is \$300 annually.

3 (b) General contractors must be licensed to perform work
4 for a third party on private and commercial structures.
5 Subcontractors working under the supervision of a licensed
6 general contractor are not required to be licensed under this
7 Act.

8 Section 55. Licensure; renewal; and restoration.

9 (a) The expiration date and renewal period for each
10 license issued under this Act shall be established by rule. A
11 licensee may renew a license during the 2 months preceding its
12 expiration date by paying the required fee.

13 (b) A general contractor who has permitted his or her
14 license to expire or has had his or her license placed on
15 inactive status may have his or her license restored by making
16 application to the Department and filing proof acceptable to
17 the Department of his or her fitness to have his or her license
18 restored, including, but not limited to, sworn evidence
19 certifying active lawful practice in another jurisdiction
20 satisfactory to the Department and by paying the required fee
21 as determined by rule.

22 (c) A licensed general contractor whose license expired
23 while engaged (1) in federal service on active duty with the
24 Armed Forces of the United States or the State Militia called
25 into service or training or (2) in training or education under

1 the supervision of the United States preliminary to induction
2 into the military service, may have a license restored or
3 reinstated without paying any lapsed reinstatement, renewal,
4 or restoration fees if within 2 years after termination other
5 than by dishonorable discharge of such service, training, or
6 education, the Department is furnished with satisfactory
7 evidence that the licensee has been so engaged in the practice
8 of general contracting and that such service, training, or
9 education has been so terminated.

10 Section 60. Inactive status.

11 (a) A person licensed under this Act who notifies the
12 Department in writing on forms or electronically as prescribed
13 by the Department may elect to place his or her license on
14 inactive status and shall, subject to rules of the Department,
15 be excused from payment of renewal fees until he or she
16 notifies the Department in writing on forms or electronically
17 as prescribed by the Department of his or her desire to resume
18 active status.

19 (b) Any licensee whose license is on inactive status shall
20 not use the title "licensed general contractor" or "general
21 contractor" in the State of Illinois.

22 (c) Any licensee who uses the title "licensed general
23 contractor" or "general contractor" while his or her license
24 is inactive shall be considered to be using the title without a
25 license, which shall be grounds for discipline under this Act.

1 Section 65. Fees. The Department shall establish by rule a
2 schedule of fees for the administration and maintenance of
3 this Act. These fees are not refundable.

4 Section 70. Disposition of funds. All of the fees
5 collected as authorized under this Act shall be deposited into
6 the General Professions Dedicated Fund. The moneys deposited
7 into the General Professions Dedicated Fund may be used for
8 the expenses of the Department in the administration of this
9 Act. Moneys from the Fund may also be used for direct and
10 allocable indirect costs related to the public purposes of the
11 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. Moneys in
12 the Fund may be transferred to the Professions Indirect Cost
13 Fund as authorized by Section 2105-300 of the Department of
14 Professional Regulation Law.

15 Section 75. Advertising. Any person licensed under this
16 Act may advertise the availability of professional services in
17 the public media or on the premises where such professional
18 services are rendered provided that the advertising is
19 truthful and not misleading.

20 Section 80. Insurance. A licensee shall carry and provide
21 proof of a valid liability insurance policy insuring the
22 licensee against bodily injury and property damage arising out

1 of or in connection with general contracting. The Department
2 shall establish the required insurance policy amounts by rule.

3 Section 85. Listing. The Secretary of State shall maintain
4 and make available to the public a list of licensed general
5 contractors, including their license type, company name,
6 address, phone number, license expiration date, primary
7 insurance expiration date, and secondary insurance expiration
8 date, if applicable.

9 Section 90. Violation; injunction; cease and desist order.

10 (a) If any person violates this Act, the Secretary may, in
11 the name of the People of the State of Illinois, through the
12 Attorney General of the State of Illinois or the State's
13 Attorney of any county in which the action is brought,
14 petition for an order enjoining such violation and for an
15 order enforcing compliance with this Act. Upon the filing of a
16 verified petition in court, the court may issue a temporary
17 restraining order, without notice or bond, and may
18 preliminarily and permanently enjoin such violation. If it is
19 established that such person has violated or is violating the
20 injunction, the court may punish the offender for contempt of
21 court. Proceedings under this Section shall be in addition to,
22 and not in lieu of, all other remedies and penalties provided
23 by this Act.

24 (b) Whoever holds himself or herself out as a "licensed

1 general contractor", "general contractor", or any other name
2 or designation that would in any way imply that he or she is
3 able to use the title "licensed general contractor" or
4 "general contractor" without being licensed under this Act
5 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, and for each
6 subsequent conviction shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony.

7 Section 95. Grounds for disciplinary action.

8 (a) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew a
9 license, or may revoke, suspend, place on probation,
10 reprimand, or take other disciplinary or nondisciplinary
11 action the Department may deem proper, including fines not to
12 exceed \$10,000 for each violation, with regard to any license
13 issued under this Act, for any one or combination of the
14 following reasons:

15 (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information.

16 (2) Negligent or intentional disregard of this Act or
17 rules adopted under this Act.

18 (3) Conviction of or plea of guilty or nolo
19 contendere, finding of guilt, jury verdict, or entry of
20 judgment or sentencing, including, but not limited to,
21 convictions, preceding sentences of supervision,
22 conditional discharge, or first offender probation under
23 the laws of any jurisdiction of the United States that is
24 (i) a felony, (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of
25 which is dishonesty, or (iii) any crime that is directly

1 related to the practice of general contracting.

2 (4) Making any misrepresentations for the purpose of
3 obtaining a license.

4 (5) Professional incompetence or gross negligence in
5 the rendering of general contracting services.

6 (6) Aiding or assisting another person in violating
7 any provision of this Act or any rules issued pursuant to
8 this Act.

9 (7) Failing to provide information within 60 days in
10 response to a written request made by the Department.

11 (8) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or
12 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,
13 defraud, or harm the public.

14 (9) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs
15 defined by law as controlled substances, alcohol,
16 narcotics, stimulants, or any other substances that
17 results in the inability to practice with reasonable
18 judgment, skill, or safety.

19 (10) Discipline by another jurisdiction, if at least
20 one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or
21 substantially equivalent to those set forth in this
22 Section.

23 (11) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving
24 from any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or
25 association any fee, commission, rebate, or other form of
26 compensation for any professional service not actually

1 rendered.

2 (12) A finding by the Department that the licensee,
3 after having the license placed on probationary status,
4 has violated or failed to comply with the terms of
5 probation.

6 (13) A finding by the Department that the licensee has
7 failed to pay a fine imposed by the Department.

8 (14) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated
9 report by the Department of Children and Family Services
10 under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and
11 upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the
12 licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or
13 neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected
14 Child Reporting Act.

15 (15) Solicitation of professional services by using
16 false or misleading advertising.

17 (16) Inability to practice the profession with
18 reasonable judgment, skill, or safety as a result of
19 physical illness, including, but not limited to,
20 deterioration through the aging process, loss of motor
21 skill, mental illness, or disability.

22 (17) Using or attempting to use an expired, inactive,
23 suspended, or revoked license, or impersonating another
24 licensee.

25 (b) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the
26 license of any person who fails to file a return, fails to pay

1 the tax, penalty, or interest showing in a filed return, or
2 fails to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or
3 interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the
4 Department of Revenue, until the requirements of any such tax
5 Act are satisfied.

6 (c) The entry of a decree by any circuit court
7 establishing that any person holding a license under this Act
8 is a person subject to involuntary admission under the Mental
9 Health and Developmental Disabilities Code shall operate as a
10 suspension of that license. That person may resume using the
11 title "licensed general contractor" or "general contractor"
12 only upon a finding by the Department that he or she has been
13 determined to be no longer subject to involuntary admission by
14 the court and meeting the requirements for restoration as
15 required by this Act and its rules.

16 (d) The Department may temporarily suspend a license if
17 the licensee is found to be engaging in a pattern of
18 substantial code violations as determined by the Department.

19 (e) If the Department has cause to believe that a licensee
20 is insolvent, including on the basis of public complaints, the
21 Department may review the financial books and records of the
22 licensee.

23 (f) The Department shall not issue a license to an
24 applicant whose license was revoked for any cause within the
25 preceding 4 years.

1 Section 100. Investigation; notice and hearing.

2 (a) The Department may investigate the actions of any
3 applicant or of any person holding or claiming to hold a
4 license under this Act.

5 (b) The Department shall, before disciplining an applicant
6 or licensee, at least 30 days prior to the date set for the
7 hearing, (i) notify in writing the applicant or licensee of
8 the charges made and the time and place for the hearing on the
9 charges, (ii) direct the applicant or licensee to file a
10 written answer to the charges under oath within 20 days after
11 the service of the notice, and (iii) inform the licensee or
12 licensee that failure to file a written answer to the charges
13 will result in a default judgment being entered against the
14 applicant or licensee.

15 (c) Written or electronic notice, and any notice in the
16 subsequent proceeding, may be served by personal delivery, by
17 email, or by mail to the applicant or licensee at his or her
18 address of record or email address of record.

19 (d) At the time and place fixed in the notice, the hearing
20 officer appointed by the Secretary shall proceed to hear the
21 charges and the parties or their counsel shall be accorded
22 ample opportunity to present any statement, testimony,
23 evidence, and argument as may be pertinent to the charges or to
24 their defense. The hearing officer may continue the hearing
25 from time to time.

26 (e) If the licensee or applicant, after receiving the

1 notice, fails to file an answer, his or her license may, in the
2 discretion of the Secretary, be suspended, revoked, placed on
3 probationary status, or be subject to whatever disciplinary
4 action the Secretary considers proper, including limiting the
5 scope, nature, or extent of the person's practice or
6 imposition of a fine, without hearing, if the act or acts
7 charged constitute sufficient grounds for such action under
8 this Act.

9 Section 105. Record of proceedings.

10 (a) The Department, at its expense, shall provide a
11 certified shorthand reporter to take down the testimony and
12 preserve a record of all proceedings in which a licensee may
13 have their license revoked or suspended or in which the
14 licensee may be placed on probationary status, reprimanded,
15 fined, or subjected to other disciplinary action with
16 reference to the license when a disciplinary action is
17 authorized under this Act and rules issued pursuant to this
18 Act. The notice of hearing, complaint, and all other documents
19 in the nature of pleadings and written motions filed in the
20 proceedings, the transcript of the testimony, and the orders
21 of the Department shall be the record of the proceedings. The
22 record may be made available to any person interested in the
23 hearing upon payment of the fee required by Section 2105-115
24 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law.

25 (b) The Department may contract for court reporting

1 services, and, if it does so, the Department shall provide the
2 name and contact information for the certified shorthand
3 reporter who transcribed the testimony at a hearing to any
4 person interested, who may obtain a copy of the transcript of
5 any proceedings at a hearing upon payment of the fee specified
6 by the certified shorthand reporter.

7 Section 110. Compelling testimony. Any court, upon the
8 application of the Department, designated hearing officer, or
9 the applicant or licensee against whom proceedings of this Act
10 are pending, may enter an order requiring the attendance of
11 witnesses and their testimony and the production of documents,
12 papers, files, books, and records in connection with any
13 hearing or investigation. The court may compel obedience to
14 its order by proceedings for contempt.

15 Section 115. Hearing; motion for rehearing.

16 (a) The hearing officer appointed by the Secretary shall
17 hear evidence in support of the formal charges and evidence
18 produced by the licensee. At the conclusion of the hearing,
19 the hearing officer shall present to the Secretary a written
20 report of his or her findings of fact, conclusions of law, and
21 recommendations.

22 (b) At the conclusion of the hearing, a copy of the hearing
23 officer's report shall be served upon the applicant or
24 licensee, either personally or as provided in this Act for the

1 service of the notice of hearing. Within 20 days after such
2 service, the applicant or licensee may present to the
3 Department a motion, in writing, for a rehearing which shall
4 specify the particular grounds for rehearing. The Department
5 may respond to the motion for rehearing within 20 days after
6 its service on the Department. If no motion for rehearing is
7 filed, then upon the expiration of the time specified for
8 filing such a motion, or upon denial of a motion for rehearing,
9 the Secretary may enter an order in accordance with the
10 recommendations of the hearing officer. If the applicant or
11 licensee orders from the reporting service and pays for a
12 transcript of the record within the time for filing a motion
13 for rehearing, the 20-day period within which a motion may be
14 filed shall commence upon delivery of the transcript to the
15 applicant or licensee.

16 (c) If the Secretary disagrees in any regard with the
17 report of the hearing officer, the Secretary may issue an
18 order contrary to the hearing officer's report.

19 (d) If the Secretary is not satisfied that substantial
20 justice has been done, the Secretary may order a hearing by the
21 same or another hearing officer.

22 (e) At any point in any investigation or disciplinary
23 proceeding provided for in this Act, both parties may agree to
24 a negotiated consent order. The consent order shall be final
25 upon signature of the Secretary.

1 Section 120. Appointment of a hearing officer. The
2 Secretary has the authority to appoint an attorney licensed to
3 practice law in the State of Illinois to serve as the hearing
4 officer in any action for refusal to issue, restore, or renew a
5 license or to discipline an applicant or licensee. The hearing
6 officer shall have full authority to conduct the hearing.

7 Section 125. Order or certified copy; prima facie proof.
8 An order or a certified copy thereof, over the seal of the
9 Department and purporting to be signed by the Secretary, shall
10 be prima facie proof that:

11 (1) the signature is the genuine signature of the
12 Secretary; and

13 (2) the Secretary is appointed and qualified.

14 Section 130. Restoration of suspended or revoked license.

15 (a) At any time after the successful completion of a term
16 of probation, suspension, or revocation of a license under
17 this Act, the Department may restore it to the licensee unless
18 after an investigation and hearing the Department determines
19 that restoration is not in the public interest.

20 (b) If the circumstances of suspension or revocation so
21 indicate, the Department may require an examination of the
22 licensee prior to restoring his or her licensee.

23 (c) No person whose license has been revoked as authorized
24 in this Act may apply for restoration of that license until the

1 time provided for in the Civil Administrative Code of
2 Illinois.

3 (d) A license that has been suspended or revoked shall be
4 considered nonrenewed for purposes of restoration, and a
5 restoration of the license from suspension or revocation must
6 comply with the requirements for restoration as set forth in
7 this Act and any rules adopted pursuant to this Act.

8 Section 135. Surrender of license. Upon the revocation or
9 suspension of any licensure, the licensee shall immediately
10 surrender his or her license to the Department. If the
11 licensee fails to do so, the Department has the right to seize
12 the license.

13 Section 140. Administrative Review Law; venue.

14 (a) All final administrative decisions of the Department
15 are subject to judicial review under the Administrative Review
16 Law and its rules. The term "administrative decision" is
17 defined as in Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

18 (b) Proceedings for judicial review shall be commenced in
19 the circuit court of the county in which the party applying for
20 review resides, but if the party is not a resident of this
21 State, the venue shall be in Sangamon County.

22 (c) The Department shall not be required to certify any
23 record to the court, file any answer in court, or to otherwise
24 appear in any court in a judicial review proceeding, unless

1 and until the Department has received from the plaintiff
2 payment of the costs of furnishing and certifying the record,
3 which costs shall be determined by the Department.

4 (d) Failure on the part of the plaintiff to file a receipt
5 of the plaintiff's payment to the Department as specified in
6 subsection (c) of this Section in court shall be grounds for
7 dismissal of the action.

8 (e) During the pendency and hearing of any and all
9 judicial proceedings incident to a disciplinary action, the
10 sanctions imposed upon the accused by the Department shall
11 remain in full force and effect.

12 Section 145. Confidentiality. All information collected by
13 the Department in the course of an examination or
14 investigation of a licensee or applicant, including, but not
15 limited to, any complaint against a licensee filed with the
16 Department and information collected to investigate any such
17 complaint, shall be maintained for the confidential use of the
18 Department and shall not be disclosed. The Department may not
19 disclose the information to anyone other than law enforcement
20 officials, other regulatory agencies that have an appropriate
21 regulatory interest as determined by the Secretary, or a party
22 presenting a lawful subpoena to the Department. Information
23 and documents disclosed to a federal, State, county, or local
24 law enforcement agency shall not be disclosed by the agency
25 for any purpose to any other agency or person. A formal

1 complaint filed against a licensee by the Department or any
2 order issued by the Department against a licensee or applicant
3 shall be a public record, except as otherwise prohibited by
4 law.

5 Section 150. Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The
6 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is hereby expressly
7 adopted and incorporated herein as if all of the provisions of
8 that Act were included in this Act, except that the provision
9 of subsection (d) of Section 10-65 of the Illinois
10 Administrative Procedure Act that provides that at hearings
11 the licensee has the right to show compliance with all lawful
12 requirements for retention, continuation, or renewal of the
13 license is specifically excluded. The Department shall not be
14 required to annually verify email addresses as specified in
15 paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 10-75 of the
16 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. For the purposes of
17 this Act, the notice required under Section 10-25 of the
18 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is deemed sufficient
19 when mailed to the address of record or emailed to the email
20 address of record.

21 Section 900. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by
22 changing Section 4.38 as follows:

23 (5 ILCS 80/4.38)

1 Sec. 4.38. Acts repealed on January 1, 2028. The following
2 Acts are repealed on January 1, 2028:

3 The Acupuncture Practice Act.

4 The Clinical Social Work and Social Work Practice Act.

5 The Home Medical Equipment and Services Provider License
6 Act.

7 The General Contractors Licensing Act.

8 The Illinois Petroleum Education and Marketing Act.

9 The Illinois Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology
10 Practice Act.

11 The Interpreter for the Deaf Licensure Act of 2007.

12 The Nurse Practice Act.

13 The Nursing Home Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary
14 Act.

15 The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987.

16 The Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987.

17 (Source: P.A. 100-220, eff. 8-18-17; 100-375, eff. 8-25-17;
18 100-398, eff. 8-25-17; 100-414, eff. 8-25-17; 100-453, eff.
19 8-25-17; 100-513, eff. 9-20-17; 100-525, eff. 9-22-17;
20 100-530, eff. 9-22-17; 100-560, eff. 12-8-17.)

21 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
22 becoming law.