

1 AN ACT concerning public aid.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 ARTICLE 5.

5 Section 5-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
6 changing Sections 5-5e.1, 5A-2, 5A-5, 5A-8, 5A-10, 5A-12.7,
7 and 5A-14 as follows:

8 (305 ILCS 5/5-5e.1)

9 Sec. 5-5e.1. Safety-Net Hospitals.

10 (a) A Safety-Net Hospital is an Illinois hospital that:

11 (1) is licensed by the Department of Public Health as
12 a general acute care or pediatric hospital; and

13 (2) is a disproportionate share hospital, as described
14 in Section 1923 of the federal Social Security Act, as
15 determined by the Department; and

16 (3) meets one of the following:

17 (A) has a MIUR of at least 40% and a charity
18 percent of at least 4%; or

19 (B) has a MIUR of at least 50%.

20 (b) Definitions. As used in this Section:

21 (1) "Charity percent" means the ratio of (i) the
22 hospital's charity charges for services provided to

1 individuals without health insurance or another source of
2 third party coverage to (ii) the Illinois total hospital
3 charges, each as reported on the hospital's OBRA form.

4 (2) "MIUR" means Medicaid Inpatient Utilization Rate
5 and is defined as a fraction, the numerator of which is the
6 number of a hospital's inpatient days provided in the
7 hospital's fiscal year ending 3 years prior to the rate
8 year, to patients who, for such days, were eligible for
9 Medicaid under Title XIX of the federal Social Security
10 Act, 42 USC 1396a et seq., excluding those persons
11 eligible for medical assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C.
12 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) as set forth in paragraph 18 of
13 Section 5-2 of this Article, and the denominator of which
14 is the total number of the hospital's inpatient days in
15 that same period, excluding those persons eligible for
16 medical assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C.
17 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) as set forth in paragraph 18 of
18 Section 5-2 of this Article.

19 (3) "OBRA form" means form HFS-3834, OBRA '93 data
20 collection form, for the rate year.

21 (4) "Rate year" means the 12-month period beginning on
22 October 1.

23 (c) Beginning July 1, 2012 and ending on December 31, 2026
24 ~~2022~~, a hospital that would have qualified for the rate year
25 beginning October 1, 2011 or October 1, 2012 shall be a
26 Safety-Net Hospital.

1 (c-5) Beginning July 1, 2020 and ending on December 31,
2 2026, a hospital that would have qualified for the rate year
3 beginning October 1, 2020 and was designated a federal rural
4 referral center under 42 CFR 412.96 as of October 1, 2020 shall
5 be a Safety-Net Hospital.

6 (d) No later than August 15 preceding the rate year, each
7 hospital shall submit the OBRA form to the Department. Prior
8 to October 1, the Department shall notify each hospital
9 whether it has qualified as a Safety-Net Hospital.

10 (e) The Department may promulgate rules in order to
11 implement this Section.

12 (f) Nothing in this Section shall be construed as limiting
13 the ability of the Department to include the Safety-Net
14 Hospitals in the hospital rate reform mandated by Section
15 14-11 of this Code and implemented under Section 14-12 of this
16 Code and by administrative rulemaking.

17 (Source: P.A. 100-581, eff. 3-12-18; 101-650, eff. 7-7-20;
18 101-669, eff. 4-2-21.)

19 (305 ILCS 5/5A-2) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-2)

20 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2022)

21 Sec. 5A-2. Assessment.

22 (a)(1) Subject to Sections 5A-3 and 5A-10, for State
23 fiscal years 2009 through 2018, or as long as continued under
24 Section 5A-16, an annual assessment on inpatient services is
25 imposed on each hospital provider in an amount equal to

1 \$218.38 multiplied by the difference of the hospital's
2 occupied bed days less the hospital's Medicare bed days,
3 provided, however, that the amount of \$218.38 shall be
4 increased by a uniform percentage to generate an amount equal
5 to 75% of the State share of the payments authorized under
6 Section 5A-12.5, with such increase only taking effect upon
7 the date that a State share for such payments is required under
8 federal law. For the period of April through June 2015, the
9 amount of \$218.38 used to calculate the assessment under this
10 paragraph shall, by emergency rule under subsection (s) of
11 Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, be
12 increased by a uniform percentage to generate \$20,250,000 in
13 the aggregate for that period from all hospitals subject to
14 the annual assessment under this paragraph.

15 (2) In addition to any other assessments imposed under
16 this Article, effective July 1, 2016 and semi-annually
17 thereafter through June 2018, or as provided in Section 5A-16,
18 in addition to any federally required State share as
19 authorized under paragraph (1), the amount of \$218.38 shall be
20 increased by a uniform percentage to generate an amount equal
21 to 75% of the ACA Assessment Adjustment, as defined in
22 subsection (b-6) of this Section.

23 For State fiscal years 2009 through 2018, or as provided
24 in Section 5A-16, a hospital's occupied bed days and Medicare
25 bed days shall be determined using the most recent data
26 available from each hospital's 2005 Medicare cost report as

1 contained in the Healthcare Cost Report Information System
2 file, for the quarter ending on December 31, 2006, without
3 regard to any subsequent adjustments or changes to such data.
4 If a hospital's 2005 Medicare cost report is not contained in
5 the Healthcare Cost Report Information System, then the
6 Illinois Department may obtain the hospital provider's
7 occupied bed days and Medicare bed days from any source
8 available, including, but not limited to, records maintained
9 by the hospital provider, which may be inspected at all times
10 during business hours of the day by the Illinois Department or
11 its duly authorized agents and employees.

12 (3) Subject to Sections 5A-3, 5A-10, and 5A-16, for State
13 fiscal years 2019 and 2020, an annual assessment on inpatient
14 services is imposed on each hospital provider in an amount
15 equal to \$197.19 multiplied by the difference of the
16 hospital's occupied bed days less the hospital's Medicare bed
17 days. For State fiscal years 2019 and 2020, a hospital's
18 occupied bed days and Medicare bed days shall be determined
19 using the most recent data available from each hospital's 2015
20 Medicare cost report as contained in the Healthcare Cost
21 Report Information System file, for the quarter ending on
22 March 31, 2017, without regard to any subsequent adjustments
23 or changes to such data. If a hospital's 2015 Medicare cost
24 report is not contained in the Healthcare Cost Report
25 Information System, then the Illinois Department may obtain
26 the hospital provider's occupied bed days and Medicare bed

1 days from any source available, including, but not limited to,
2 records maintained by the hospital provider, which may be
3 inspected at all times during business hours of the day by the
4 Illinois Department or its duly authorized agents and
5 employees. Notwithstanding any other provision in this
6 Article, for a hospital provider that did not have a 2015
7 Medicare cost report, but paid an assessment in State fiscal
8 year 2018 on the basis of hypothetical data, that assessment
9 amount shall be used for State fiscal years 2019 and 2020.

10 (4) Subject to Sections 5A-3 and 5A-10 and to subsection
11 (b-8), for the period of July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
12 and calendar years 2021 through 2026 ~~and 2022~~, an annual
13 assessment on inpatient services is imposed on each hospital
14 provider in an amount equal to \$221.50 multiplied by the
15 difference of the hospital's occupied bed days less the
16 hospital's Medicare bed days, provided however: for the period
17 of July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, (i) the assessment
18 shall be equal to 50% of the annual amount; and (ii) the amount
19 of \$221.50 shall be retroactively adjusted by a uniform
20 percentage to generate an amount equal to 50% of the
21 Assessment Adjustment, as defined in subsection (b-7). For the
22 period of July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020 and calendar
23 years 2021 through 2026 ~~and 2022~~, a hospital's occupied bed
24 days and Medicare bed days shall be determined using the most
25 recent data available from each hospital's 2015 Medicare cost
26 report as contained in the Healthcare Cost Report Information

1 System file, for the quarter ending on March 31, 2017, without
2 regard to any subsequent adjustments or changes to such data.
3 If a hospital's 2015 Medicare cost report is not contained in
4 the Healthcare Cost Report Information System, then the
5 Illinois Department may obtain the hospital provider's
6 occupied bed days and Medicare bed days from any source
7 available, including, but not limited to, records maintained
8 by the hospital provider, which may be inspected at all times
9 during business hours of the day by the Illinois Department or
10 its duly authorized agents and employees. Should the change in
11 the assessment methodology for fiscal years 2021 through
12 December 31, 2022 not be approved on or before June 30, 2020,
13 the assessment and payments under this Article in effect for
14 fiscal year 2020 shall remain in place until the new
15 assessment is approved. If the assessment methodology for July
16 1, 2020 through December 31, 2022, is approved on or after July
17 1, 2020, it shall be retroactive to July 1, 2020, subject to
18 federal approval and provided that the payments authorized
19 under Section 5A-12.7 have the same effective date as the new
20 assessment methodology. In giving retroactive effect to the
21 assessment approved after June 30, 2020, credit toward the new
22 assessment shall be given for any payments of the previous
23 assessment for periods after June 30, 2020. Notwithstanding
24 any other provision of this Article, for a hospital provider
25 that did not have a 2015 Medicare cost report, but paid an
26 assessment in State Fiscal Year 2020 on the basis of

1 hypothetical data, the data that was the basis for the 2020
2 assessment shall be used to calculate the assessment under
3 this paragraph until December 31, 2023. Beginning July 1, 2022
4 and through December 31, 2024, a safety-net hospital that had
5 a change of ownership in calendar year 2021, and whose
6 inpatient utilization had decreased by 90% from the prior year
7 and prior to the change of ownership, may be eligible to pay a
8 tax based on hypothetical data based on a determination of
9 financial distress by the Department.

10 (b) (Blank).

11 (b-5) (1) Subject to Sections 5A-3 and 5A-10, for the
12 portion of State fiscal year 2012, beginning June 10, 2012
13 through June 30, 2012, and for State fiscal years 2013 through
14 2018, or as provided in Section 5A-16, an annual assessment on
15 outpatient services is imposed on each hospital provider in an
16 amount equal to .008766 multiplied by the hospital's
17 outpatient gross revenue, provided, however, that the amount
18 of .008766 shall be increased by a uniform percentage to
19 generate an amount equal to 25% of the State share of the
20 payments authorized under Section 5A-12.5, with such increase
21 only taking effect upon the date that a State share for such
22 payments is required under federal law. For the period
23 beginning June 10, 2012 through June 30, 2012, the annual
24 assessment on outpatient services shall be prorated by
25 multiplying the assessment amount by a fraction, the numerator
26 of which is 21 days and the denominator of which is 365 days.

1 For the period of April through June 2015, the amount of
2 .008766 used to calculate the assessment under this paragraph
3 shall, by emergency rule under subsection (s) of Section 5-45
4 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, be increased by
5 a uniform percentage to generate \$6,750,000 in the aggregate
6 for that period from all hospitals subject to the annual
7 assessment under this paragraph.

8 (2) In addition to any other assessments imposed under
9 this Article, effective July 1, 2016 and semi-annually
10 thereafter through June 2018, in addition to any federally
11 required State share as authorized under paragraph (1), the
12 amount of .008766 shall be increased by a uniform percentage
13 to generate an amount equal to 25% of the ACA Assessment
14 Adjustment, as defined in subsection (b-6) of this Section.

15 For the portion of State fiscal year 2012, beginning June
16 10, 2012 through June 30, 2012, and State fiscal years 2013
17 through 2018, or as provided in Section 5A-16, a hospital's
18 outpatient gross revenue shall be determined using the most
19 recent data available from each hospital's 2009 Medicare cost
20 report as contained in the Healthcare Cost Report Information
21 System file, for the quarter ending on June 30, 2011, without
22 regard to any subsequent adjustments or changes to such data.
23 If a hospital's 2009 Medicare cost report is not contained in
24 the Healthcare Cost Report Information System, then the
25 Department may obtain the hospital provider's outpatient gross
26 revenue from any source available, including, but not limited

1 to, records maintained by the hospital provider, which may be
2 inspected at all times during business hours of the day by the
3 Department or its duly authorized agents and employees.

4 (3) Subject to Sections 5A-3, 5A-10, and 5A-16, for State
5 fiscal years 2019 and 2020, an annual assessment on outpatient
6 services is imposed on each hospital provider in an amount
7 equal to .01358 multiplied by the hospital's outpatient gross
8 revenue. For State fiscal years 2019 and 2020, a hospital's
9 outpatient gross revenue shall be determined using the most
10 recent data available from each hospital's 2015 Medicare cost
11 report as contained in the Healthcare Cost Report Information
12 System file, for the quarter ending on March 31, 2017, without
13 regard to any subsequent adjustments or changes to such data.
14 If a hospital's 2015 Medicare cost report is not contained in
15 the Healthcare Cost Report Information System, then the
16 Department may obtain the hospital provider's outpatient gross
17 revenue from any source available, including, but not limited
18 to, records maintained by the hospital provider, which may be
19 inspected at all times during business hours of the day by the
20 Department or its duly authorized agents and employees.
21 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Article, for a
22 hospital provider that did not have a 2015 Medicare cost
23 report, but paid an assessment in State fiscal year 2018 on the
24 basis of hypothetical data, that assessment amount shall be
25 used for State fiscal years 2019 and 2020.

26 (4) Subject to Sections 5A-3 and 5A-10 and to subsection

1 (b-8), for the period of July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
2 and calendar years 2021 through 2026 ~~and 2022~~, an annual
3 assessment on outpatient services is imposed on each hospital
4 provider in an amount equal to .01525 multiplied by the
5 hospital's outpatient gross revenue, provided however: (i) for
6 the period of July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, the
7 assessment shall be equal to 50% of the annual amount; and (ii)
8 the amount of .01525 shall be retroactively adjusted by a
9 uniform percentage to generate an amount equal to 50% of the
10 Assessment Adjustment, as defined in subsection (b-7). For the
11 period of July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020 and calendar
12 years 2021 through 2026 ~~and 2022~~, a hospital's outpatient
13 gross revenue shall be determined using the most recent data
14 available from each hospital's 2015 Medicare cost report as
15 contained in the Healthcare Cost Report Information System
16 file, for the quarter ending on March 31, 2017, without regard
17 to any subsequent adjustments or changes to such data. If a
18 hospital's 2015 Medicare cost report is not contained in the
19 Healthcare Cost Report Information System, then the Illinois
20 Department may obtain the hospital provider's outpatient
21 revenue data from any source available, including, but not
22 limited to, records maintained by the hospital provider, which
23 may be inspected at all times during business hours of the day
24 by the Illinois Department or its duly authorized agents and
25 employees. Should the change in the assessment methodology
26 above for fiscal years 2021 through calendar year 2022 not be

1 approved prior to July 1, 2020, the assessment and payments
2 under this Article in effect for fiscal year 2020 shall remain
3 in place until the new assessment is approved. If the change in
4 the assessment methodology above for July 1, 2020 through
5 December 31, 2022, is approved after June 30, 2020, it shall
6 have a retroactive effective date of July 1, 2020, subject to
7 federal approval and provided that the payments authorized
8 under Section 12A-7 have the same effective date as the new
9 assessment methodology. In giving retroactive effect to the
10 assessment approved after June 30, 2020, credit toward the new
11 assessment shall be given for any payments of the previous
12 assessment for periods after June 30, 2020. Notwithstanding
13 any other provision of this Article, for a hospital provider
14 that did not have a 2015 Medicare cost report, but paid an
15 assessment in State Fiscal Year 2020 on the basis of
16 hypothetical data, the data that was the basis for the 2020
17 assessment shall be used to calculate the assessment under
18 this paragraph until December 31, 2023. Beginning July 1, 2022
19 and through December 31, 2024, a safety-net hospital that had
20 a change of ownership in calendar year 2021, and whose
21 inpatient utilization had decreased by 90% from the prior year
22 and prior to the change of ownership, may be eligible to pay a
23 tax based on hypothetical data based on a determination of
24 financial distress by the Department.

25 (b-6) (1) As used in this Section, "ACA Assessment
26 Adjustment" means:

1 (A) For the period of July 1, 2016 through December
2 31, 2016, the product of .19125 multiplied by the sum of
3 the fee-for-service payments to hospitals as authorized
4 under Section 5A-12.5 and the adjustments authorized under
5 subsection (t) of Section 5A-12.2 to managed care
6 organizations for hospital services due and payable in the
7 month of April 2016 multiplied by 6.

8 (B) For the period of January 1, 2017 through June 30,
9 2017, the product of .19125 multiplied by the sum of the
10 fee-for-service payments to hospitals as authorized under
11 Section 5A-12.5 and the adjustments authorized under
12 subsection (t) of Section 5A-12.2 to managed care
13 organizations for hospital services due and payable in the
14 month of October 2016 multiplied by 6, except that the
15 amount calculated under this subparagraph (B) shall be
16 adjusted, either positively or negatively, to account for
17 the difference between the actual payments issued under
18 Section 5A-12.5 for the period beginning July 1, 2016
19 through December 31, 2016 and the estimated payments due
20 and payable in the month of April 2016 multiplied by 6 as
21 described in subparagraph (A).

22 (C) For the period of July 1, 2017 through December
23 31, 2017, the product of .19125 multiplied by the sum of
24 the fee-for-service payments to hospitals as authorized
25 under Section 5A-12.5 and the adjustments authorized under
26 subsection (t) of Section 5A-12.2 to managed care

1 organizations for hospital services due and payable in the
2 month of April 2017 multiplied by 6, except that the
3 amount calculated under this subparagraph (C) shall be
4 adjusted, either positively or negatively, to account for
5 the difference between the actual payments issued under
6 Section 5A-12.5 for the period beginning January 1, 2017
7 through June 30, 2017 and the estimated payments due and
8 payable in the month of October 2016 multiplied by 6 as
9 described in subparagraph (B).

10 (D) For the period of January 1, 2018 through June 30,
11 2018, the product of .19125 multiplied by the sum of the
12 fee-for-service payments to hospitals as authorized under
13 Section 5A-12.5 and the adjustments authorized under
14 subsection (t) of Section 5A-12.2 to managed care
15 organizations for hospital services due and payable in the
16 month of October 2017 multiplied by 6, except that:

17 (i) the amount calculated under this subparagraph

18 (D) shall be adjusted, either positively or
19 negatively, to account for the difference between the
20 actual payments issued under Section 5A-12.5 for the
21 period of July 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 and
22 the estimated payments due and payable in the month of
23 April 2017 multiplied by 6 as described in
24 subparagraph (C); and

25 (ii) the amount calculated under this subparagraph

26 (D) shall be adjusted to include the product of .19125

1 multiplied by the sum of the fee-for-service payments,
2 if any, estimated to be paid to hospitals under
3 subsection (b) of Section 5A-12.5.

4 (2) The Department shall complete and apply a final
5 reconciliation of the ACA Assessment Adjustment prior to June
6 30, 2018 to account for:

7 (A) any differences between the actual payments issued
8 or scheduled to be issued prior to June 30, 2018 as
9 authorized in Section 5A-12.5 for the period of January 1,
10 2018 through June 30, 2018 and the estimated payments due
11 and payable in the month of October 2017 multiplied by 6 as
12 described in subparagraph (D); and

13 (B) any difference between the estimated
14 fee-for-service payments under subsection (b) of Section
15 5A-12.5 and the amount of such payments that are actually
16 scheduled to be paid.

17 The Department shall notify hospitals of any additional
18 amounts owed or reduction credits to be applied to the June
19 2018 ACA Assessment Adjustment. This is to be considered the
20 final reconciliation for the ACA Assessment Adjustment.

21 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section,
22 if for any reason the scheduled payments under subsection (b)
23 of Section 5A-12.5 are not issued in full by the final day of
24 the period authorized under subsection (b) of Section 5A-12.5,
25 funds collected from each hospital pursuant to subparagraph
26 (D) of paragraph (1) and pursuant to paragraph (2),

1 attributable to the scheduled payments authorized under
2 subsection (b) of Section 5A-12.5 that are not issued in full
3 by the final day of the period attributable to each payment
4 authorized under subsection (b) of Section 5A-12.5, shall be
5 refunded.

6 (4) The increases authorized under paragraph (2) of
7 subsection (a) and paragraph (2) of subsection (b-5) shall be
8 limited to the federally required State share of the total
9 payments authorized under Section 5A-12.5 if the sum of such
10 payments yields an annualized amount equal to or less than
11 \$450,000,000, or if the adjustments authorized under
12 subsection (t) of Section 5A-12.2 are found not to be
13 actuarially sound; however, this limitation shall not apply to
14 the fee-for-service payments described in subsection (b) of
15 Section 5A-12.5.

16 (b-7)(1) As used in this Section, "Assessment Adjustment"
17 means:

18 (A) For the period of July 1, 2020 through December
19 31, 2020, the product of .3853 multiplied by the total of
20 the actual payments made under subsections (c) through (k)
21 of Section 5A-12.7 attributable to the period, less the
22 total of the assessment imposed under subsections (a) and
23 (b-5) of this Section for the period.

24 (B) For each calendar quarter beginning ~~on and after~~
25 January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2022, the product of
26 .3853 multiplied by the total of the actual payments made

1 under subsections (c) through (k) of Section 5A-12.7
2 attributable to the period, less the total of the
3 assessment imposed under subsections (a) and (b-5) of this
4 Section for the period.

5 (C) Beginning on January 1, 2023, and each subsequent
6 July 1 and January 1, the product of .3853 multiplied by
7 the total of the actual payments made under subsections
8 (c) through (j) of Section 5A-12.7 attributable to the
9 6-month period immediately preceding the period to which
10 the adjustment applies, less the total of the assessment
11 imposed under subsections (a) and (b-5) of this Section
12 for the 6-month period immediately preceding the period to
13 which the adjustment applies.

14 (2) The Department shall calculate and notify each
15 hospital of the total Assessment Adjustment and any additional
16 assessment owed by the hospital or refund owed to the hospital
17 on either a semi-annual or annual basis. Such notice shall be
18 issued at least 30 days prior to any period in which the
19 assessment will be adjusted. Any additional assessment owed by
20 the hospital or refund owed to the hospital shall be uniformly
21 applied to the assessment owed by the hospital in monthly
22 installments for the subsequent semi-annual period or calendar
23 year. If no assessment is owed in the subsequent year, any
24 amount owed by the hospital or refund due to the hospital,
25 shall be paid in a lump sum.

26 (3) The Department shall publish all details of the

1 Assessment Adjustment calculation performed each year on its
2 website within 30 days of completing the calculation, and also
3 submit the details of the Assessment Adjustment calculation as
4 part of the Department's annual report to the General
5 Assembly.

6 (b-8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article,
7 the Department shall reduce the assessments imposed on each
8 hospital under subsections (a) and (b-5) by the uniform
9 percentage necessary to reduce the total assessment imposed on
10 all hospitals by an aggregate amount of \$240,000,000, with
11 such reduction being applied by June 30, 2022. The assessment
12 reduction required for each hospital under this subsection
13 shall be forever waived, forgiven, and released by the
14 Department.

15 (c) (Blank).

16 (d) Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this
17 Section, the Department is authorized to adopt rules to reduce
18 the rate of any annual assessment imposed under this Section,
19 as authorized by Section 5-46.2 of the Illinois Administrative
20 Procedure Act.

21 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section,
22 any plan providing for an assessment on a hospital provider as
23 a permissible tax under Title XIX of the federal Social
24 Security Act and Medicaid-eligible payments to hospital
25 providers from the revenues derived from that assessment shall
26 be reviewed by the Illinois Department of Healthcare and

1 Family Services, as the Single State Medicaid Agency required
2 by federal law, to determine whether those assessments and
3 hospital provider payments meet federal Medicaid standards. If
4 the Department determines that the elements of the plan may
5 meet federal Medicaid standards and a related State Medicaid
6 Plan Amendment is prepared in a manner and form suitable for
7 submission, that State Plan Amendment shall be submitted in a
8 timely manner for review by the Centers for Medicare and
9 Medicaid Services of the United States Department of Health
10 and Human Services and subject to approval by the Centers for
11 Medicare and Medicaid Services of the United States Department
12 of Health and Human Services. No such plan shall become
13 effective without approval by the Illinois General Assembly by
14 the enactment into law of related legislation. Notwithstanding
15 any other provision of this Section, the Department is
16 authorized to adopt rules to reduce the rate of any annual
17 assessment imposed under this Section. Any such rules may be
18 adopted by the Department under Section 5-50 of the Illinois
19 Administrative Procedure Act.

20 (Source: P.A. 100-581, eff. 3-12-18; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19;
21 101-650, eff. 7-7-20; reenacted by P.A. 101-655, eff.
22 3-12-21.)

23 (305 ILCS 5/5A-5) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-5)

24 Sec. 5A-5. Notice; penalty; maintenance of records.

25 (a) The Illinois Department shall send a notice of

1 assessment to every hospital provider subject to assessment
2 under this Article. The notice of assessment shall notify the
3 hospital of its assessment and shall be sent after receipt by
4 the Department of notification from the Centers for Medicare
5 and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of Health and
6 Human Services that the payment methodologies required under
7 this Article and, if necessary, the waiver granted under 42
8 CFR 433.68 have been approved. The notice shall be on a form
9 prepared by the Illinois Department and shall state the
10 following:

11 (1) The name of the hospital provider.

12 (2) The address of the hospital provider's principal
13 place of business from which the provider engages in the
14 occupation of hospital provider in this State, and the
15 name and address of each hospital operated, conducted, or
16 maintained by the provider in this State.

17 (3) The occupied bed days, occupied bed days less
18 Medicare days, adjusted gross hospital revenue, or
19 outpatient gross revenue of the hospital provider
20 (whichever is applicable), the amount of assessment
21 imposed under Section 5A-2 for the State fiscal year for
22 which the notice is sent, and the amount of each
23 installment to be paid during the State fiscal year.

24 (4) (Blank).

25 (5) Other reasonable information as determined by the
26 Illinois Department.

1 (b) If a hospital provider conducts, operates, or
2 maintains more than one hospital licensed by the Illinois
3 Department of Public Health, the provider shall pay the
4 assessment for each hospital separately.

5 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Article,
6 in the case of a person who ceases to conduct, operate, or
7 maintain a hospital in respect of which the person is subject
8 to assessment under this Article as a hospital provider, the
9 assessment for the State fiscal year in which the cessation
10 occurs shall be adjusted by multiplying the assessment
11 computed under Section 5A-2 by a fraction, the numerator of
12 which is the number of days in the year during which the
13 provider conducts, operates, or maintains the hospital and the
14 denominator of which is 365. Immediately upon ceasing to
15 conduct, operate, or maintain a hospital, the person shall pay
16 the assessment for the year as so adjusted (to the extent not
17 previously paid).

18 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Article, a
19 provider who commences conducting, operating, or maintaining a
20 hospital, upon notice by the Illinois Department, shall pay
21 the assessment computed under Section 5A-2 and subsection (e)
22 in installments on the due dates stated in the notice and on
23 the regular installment due dates for the State fiscal year
24 occurring after the due dates of the initial notice.

25 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Article,
26 for State fiscal years 2009 through 2018, in the case of a

1 hospital provider that did not conduct, operate, or maintain a
2 hospital in 2005, the assessment for that State fiscal year
3 shall be computed on the basis of hypothetical occupied bed
4 days for the full calendar year as determined by the Illinois
5 Department. Notwithstanding any other provision in this
6 Article, for the portion of State fiscal year 2012 beginning
7 June 10, 2012 through June 30, 2012, and for State fiscal years
8 2013 through 2018, in the case of a hospital provider that did
9 not conduct, operate, or maintain a hospital in 2009, the
10 assessment under subsection (b-5) of Section 5A-2 for that
11 State fiscal year shall be computed on the basis of
12 hypothetical gross outpatient revenue for the full calendar
13 year as determined by the Illinois Department.

14 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Article,
15 beginning July 1, 2018 through December 31, 2026 ~~for State~~
16 ~~fiscal years 2019 through 2024~~, in the case of a hospital
17 provider that did not conduct, operate, or maintain a hospital
18 in the year that is the basis of the calculation of the
19 assessment under this Article, the assessment under paragraph
20 (3) of subsection (a) of Section 5A-2 for the State fiscal year
21 shall be computed on the basis of hypothetical occupied bed
22 days for the full calendar year as determined by the Illinois
23 Department, except that for a hospital provider that did not
24 have a 2015 Medicare cost report, but paid an assessment in
25 State fiscal year 2018 on the basis of hypothetical data, that
26 assessment amount shall be used for State fiscal years 2019

1 and 2020; however, for State fiscal year 2020, the assessment
2 amount shall be increased by the proportion that it represents
3 of the total annual assessment that is generated from all
4 hospitals in order to generate \$6,250,000 in the aggregate for
5 that period from all hospitals subject to the annual
6 assessment under this paragraph.

7 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Article,
8 beginning July 1, 2018 through December 31, 2026 ~~for State~~
9 ~~fiscal years 2019 through 2024~~, in the case of a hospital
10 provider that did not conduct, operate, or maintain a hospital
11 in the year that is the basis of the calculation of the
12 assessment under this Article, the assessment under subsection
13 (b-5) of Section 5A-2 for that State fiscal year shall be
14 computed on the basis of hypothetical gross outpatient revenue
15 for the full calendar year as determined by the Illinois
16 Department, except that for a hospital provider that did not
17 have a 2015 Medicare cost report, but paid an assessment in
18 State fiscal year 2018 on the basis of hypothetical data, that
19 assessment amount shall be used for State fiscal years 2019
20 and 2020; however, for State fiscal year 2020, the assessment
21 amount shall be increased by the proportion that it represents
22 of the total annual assessment that is generated from all
23 hospitals in order to generate \$6,250,000 in the aggregate for
24 that period from all hospitals subject to the annual
25 assessment under this paragraph.

26 (f) Every hospital provider subject to assessment under

1 this Article shall keep sufficient records to permit the
2 determination of adjusted gross hospital revenue for the
3 hospital's fiscal year. All such records shall be kept in the
4 English language and shall, at all times during regular
5 business hours of the day, be subject to inspection by the
6 Illinois Department or its duly authorized agents and
7 employees.

8 (g) The Illinois Department may, by rule, provide a
9 hospital provider a reasonable opportunity to request a
10 clarification or correction of any clerical or computational
11 errors contained in the calculation of its assessment, but
12 such corrections shall not extend to updating the cost report
13 information used to calculate the assessment.

14 (h) (Blank).

15 (Source: P.A. 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 100-581, eff. 3-12-18.)

16 (305 ILCS 5/5A-8) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-8)

17 Sec. 5A-8. Hospital Provider Fund.

18 (a) There is created in the State Treasury the Hospital
19 Provider Fund. Interest earned by the Fund shall be credited
20 to the Fund. The Fund shall not be used to replace any moneys
21 appropriated to the Medicaid program by the General Assembly.

22 (b) The Fund is created for the purpose of receiving
23 moneys in accordance with Section 5A-6 and disbursing moneys
24 only for the following purposes, notwithstanding any other
25 provision of law:

1 (1) For making payments to hospitals as required under
2 this Code, under the Children's Health Insurance Program
3 Act, under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, and
4 under the Long Term Acute Care Hospital Quality
5 Improvement Transfer Program Act.

6 (2) For the reimbursement of moneys collected by the
7 Illinois Department from hospitals or hospital providers
8 through error or mistake in performing the activities
9 authorized under this Code.

10 (3) For payment of administrative expenses incurred by
11 the Illinois Department or its agent in performing
12 activities under this Code, under the Children's Health
13 Insurance Program Act, under the Covering ALL KIDS Health
14 Insurance Act, and under the Long Term Acute Care Hospital
15 Quality Improvement Transfer Program Act.

16 (4) For payments of any amounts which are reimbursable
17 to the federal government for payments from this Fund
18 which are required to be paid by State warrant.

19 (5) For making transfers, as those transfers are
20 authorized in the proceedings authorizing debt under the
21 Short Term Borrowing Act, but transfers made under this
22 paragraph (5) shall not exceed the principal amount of
23 debt issued in anticipation of the receipt by the State of
24 moneys to be deposited into the Fund.

25 (6) For making transfers to any other fund in the
26 State treasury, but transfers made under this paragraph

1 (6) shall not exceed the amount transferred previously
 2 from that other fund into the Hospital Provider Fund plus
 3 any interest that would have been earned by that fund on
 4 the monies that had been transferred.

5 (6.5) For making transfers to the Healthcare Provider
 6 Relief Fund, except that transfers made under this
 7 paragraph (6.5) shall not exceed \$60,000,000 in the
 8 aggregate.

9 (7) For making transfers not exceeding the following
 10 amounts, related to State fiscal years 2013 through 2018,
 11 to the following designated funds:

12	Health and Human Services Medicaid Trust	
13	Fund	\$20,000,000
14	Long-Term Care Provider Fund	\$30,000,000
15	General Revenue Fund	\$80,000,000.

16 Transfers under this paragraph shall be made within 7 days
 17 after the payments have been received pursuant to the
 18 schedule of payments provided in subsection (a) of Section
 19 5A-4.

20 (7.1) (Blank).

21 (7.5) (Blank).

22 (7.8) (Blank).

23 (7.9) (Blank).

24 (7.10) For State fiscal year 2014, for making
 25 transfers of the moneys resulting from the assessment
 26 under subsection (b-5) of Section 5A-2 and received from

1 hospital providers under Section 5A-4 and transferred into
2 the Hospital Provider Fund under Section 5A-6 to the
3 designated funds not exceeding the following amounts in
4 that State fiscal year:

5 Healthcare Provider Relief Fund..... \$100,000,000

6 Transfers under this paragraph shall be made within 7
7 days after the payments have been received pursuant to the
8 schedule of payments provided in subsection (a) of Section
9 5A-4.

10 The additional amount of transfers in this paragraph
11 (7.10), authorized by Public Act 98-651, shall be made
12 within 10 State business days after June 16, 2014 (the
13 effective date of Public Act 98-651). That authority shall
14 remain in effect even if Public Act 98-651 does not become
15 law until State fiscal year 2015.

16 (7.10a) For State fiscal years 2015 through 2018, for
17 making transfers of the moneys resulting from the
18 assessment under subsection (b-5) of Section 5A-2 and
19 received from hospital providers under Section 5A-4 and
20 transferred into the Hospital Provider Fund under Section
21 5A-6 to the designated funds not exceeding the following
22 amounts related to each State fiscal year:

23 Healthcare Provider Relief Fund..... \$50,000,000

24 Transfers under this paragraph shall be made within 7
25 days after the payments have been received pursuant to the
26 schedule of payments provided in subsection (a) of Section

1 5A-4.

2 (7.11) (Blank).

3 (7.12) For State fiscal year 2013, for increasing by
4 21/365ths the transfer of the moneys resulting from the
5 assessment under subsection (b-5) of Section 5A-2 and
6 received from hospital providers under Section 5A-4 for
7 the portion of State fiscal year 2012 beginning June 10,
8 2012 through June 30, 2012 and transferred into the
9 Hospital Provider Fund under Section 5A-6 to the
10 designated funds not exceeding the following amounts in
11 that State fiscal year:

12 Healthcare Provider Relief Fund..... \$2,870,000

13 Since the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
14 Services approval of the assessment authorized under
15 subsection (b-5) of Section 5A-2, received from hospital
16 providers under Section 5A-4 and the payment methodologies
17 to hospitals required under Section 5A-12.4 was not
18 received by the Department until State fiscal year 2014
19 and since the Department made retroactive payments during
20 State fiscal year 2014 related to the referenced period of
21 June 2012, the transfer authority granted in this
22 paragraph (7.12) is extended through the date that is 10
23 State business days after June 16, 2014 (the effective
24 date of Public Act 98-651).

25 (7.13) In addition to any other transfers authorized
26 under this Section, for State fiscal years 2017 and 2018,

1 for making transfers to the Healthcare Provider Relief
 2 Fund of moneys collected from the ACA Assessment
 3 Adjustment authorized under subsections (a) and (b-5) of
 4 Section 5A-2 and paid by hospital providers under Section
 5 5A-4 into the Hospital Provider Fund under Section 5A-6
 6 for each State fiscal year. Timing of transfers to the
 7 Healthcare Provider Relief Fund under this paragraph shall
 8 be at the discretion of the Department, but no less
 9 frequently than quarterly.

10 (7.14) For making transfers not exceeding the
 11 following amounts, related to State fiscal years 2019 and
 12 2020, to the following designated funds:

13	Health and Human Services Medicaid Trust	
14	Fund	\$20,000,000
15	Long-Term Care Provider Fund	\$30,000,000
16	Healthcare Provider Relief Fund....	\$325,000,000.

17 Transfers under this paragraph shall be made within 7
 18 days after the payments have been received pursuant to the
 19 schedule of payments provided in subsection (a) of Section
 20 5A-4.

21 (7.15) For making transfers not exceeding the
 22 following amounts, related to State fiscal years 2023
 23 through 2026 ~~2021 and 2022~~, to the following designated
 24 funds:

25	Health and Human Services Medicaid Trust	
26	Fund	\$20,000,000

1 Long-Term Care Provider Fund \$30,000,000

2 Healthcare Provider Relief Fund..... \$365,000,000

3 (7.16) For making transfers not exceeding the
4 following amounts, related to July 1, 2026 ~~2022~~ to
5 December 31, 2026 ~~2022~~, to the following designated funds:

6 Health and Human Services Medicaid Trust
7 Fund \$10,000,000
8 Long-Term Care Provider Fund \$15,000,000
9 Healthcare Provider Relief Fund..... \$182,500,000

10 (8) For making refunds to hospital providers pursuant
11 to Section 5A-10.

12 (9) For making payment to capitated managed care
13 organizations as described in subsections (s) and (t) of
14 Section 5A-12.2, subsection (r) of Section 5A-12.6, and
15 Section 5A-12.7 of this Code.

16 Disbursements from the Fund, other than transfers
17 authorized under paragraphs (5) and (6) of this subsection,
18 shall be by warrants drawn by the State Comptroller upon
19 receipt of vouchers duly executed and certified by the
20 Illinois Department.

21 (c) The Fund shall consist of the following:

22 (1) All moneys collected or received by the Illinois
23 Department from the hospital provider assessment imposed
24 by this Article.

25 (2) All federal matching funds received by the
26 Illinois Department as a result of expenditures made by

1 the Illinois Department that are attributable to moneys
2 deposited in the Fund.

3 (3) Any interest or penalty levied in conjunction with
4 the administration of this Article.

5 (3.5) As applicable, proceeds from surety bond
6 payments payable to the Department as referenced in
7 subsection (s) of Section 5A-12.2 of this Code.

8 (4) Moneys transferred from another fund in the State
9 treasury.

10 (5) All other moneys received for the Fund from any
11 other source, including interest earned thereon.

12 (d) (Blank).

13 (Source: P.A. 100-581, eff. 3-12-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-19;
14 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

15 (305 ILCS 5/5A-10) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-10)

16 Sec. 5A-10. Applicability.

17 (a) The assessment imposed by subsection (a) of Section
18 5A-2 shall cease to be imposed and the Department's obligation
19 to make payments shall immediately cease, and any moneys
20 remaining in the Fund shall be refunded to hospital providers
21 in proportion to the amounts paid by them, if:

22 (1) The payments to hospitals required under this
23 Article are not eligible for federal matching funds under
24 Title XIX or XXI of the Social Security Act;

25 (2) For State fiscal years 2009 through 2018, and as

1 provided in Section 5A-16, the Department of Healthcare
2 and Family Services adopts any administrative rule change
3 to reduce payment rates or alters any payment methodology
4 that reduces any payment rates made to operating hospitals
5 under the approved Title XIX or Title XXI State plan in
6 effect January 1, 2008 except for:

7 (A) any changes for hospitals described in
8 subsection (b) of Section 5A-3;

9 (B) any rates for payments made under this Article
10 V-A;

11 (C) any changes proposed in State plan amendment
12 transmittal numbers 08-01, 08-02, 08-04, 08-06, and
13 08-07;

14 (D) in relation to any admissions on or after
15 January 1, 2011, a modification in the methodology for
16 calculating outlier payments to hospitals for
17 exceptionally costly stays, for hospitals reimbursed
18 under the diagnosis-related grouping methodology in
19 effect on July 1, 2011; provided that the Department
20 shall be limited to one such modification during the
21 36-month period after the effective date of this
22 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly;

23 (E) any changes affecting hospitals authorized by
24 Public Act 97-689;

25 (F) any changes authorized by Section 14-12 of
26 this Code, or for any changes authorized under Section

1 5A-15 of this Code; or

2 (G) any changes authorized under Section 5-5b.1.

3 (b) The assessment imposed by Section 5A-2 shall not take
4 effect or shall cease to be imposed, and the Department's
5 obligation to make payments shall immediately cease, if the
6 assessment is determined to be an impermissible tax under
7 Title XIX of the Social Security Act. Moneys in the Hospital
8 Provider Fund derived from assessments imposed prior thereto
9 shall be disbursed in accordance with Section 5A-8 to the
10 extent federal financial participation is not reduced due to
11 the impermissibility of the assessments, and any remaining
12 moneys shall be refunded to hospital providers in proportion
13 to the amounts paid by them.

14 (c) The assessments imposed by subsection (b-5) of Section
15 5A-2 shall not take effect or shall cease to be imposed, the
16 Department's obligation to make payments shall immediately
17 cease, and any moneys remaining in the Fund shall be refunded
18 to hospital providers in proportion to the amounts paid by
19 them, if the payments to hospitals required under Section
20 5A-12.4 or Section 5A-12.6 are not eligible for federal
21 matching funds under Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

22 (d) The assessments imposed by Section 5A-2 shall not take
23 effect or shall cease to be imposed, the Department's
24 obligation to make payments shall immediately cease, and any
25 moneys remaining in the Fund shall be refunded to hospital
26 providers in proportion to the amounts paid by them, if:

1 (1) for State fiscal years 2013 through 2018, and as
2 provided in Section 5A-16, the Department reduces any
3 payment rates to hospitals as in effect on May 1, 2012, or
4 alters any payment methodology as in effect on May 1,
5 2012, that has the effect of reducing payment rates to
6 hospitals, except for any changes affecting hospitals
7 authorized in Public Act 97-689 and any changes authorized
8 by Section 14-12 of this Code, and except for any changes
9 authorized under Section 5A-15, and except for any changes
10 authorized under Section 5-5b.1;

11 (2) for State fiscal years 2013 through 2018, and as
12 provided in Section 5A-16, the Department reduces any
13 supplemental payments made to hospitals below the amounts
14 paid for services provided in State fiscal year 2011 as
15 implemented by administrative rules adopted and in effect
16 on or prior to June 30, 2011, except for any changes
17 affecting hospitals authorized in Public Act 97-689 and
18 any changes authorized by Section 14-12 of this Code, and
19 except for any changes authorized under Section 5A-15, and
20 except for any changes authorized under Section 5-5b.1; or

21 (3) for State fiscal years 2015 through 2018, and as
22 provided in Section 5A-16, the Department reduces the
23 overall effective rate of reimbursement to hospitals below
24 the level authorized under Section 14-12 of this Code,
25 except for any changes under Section 14-12 or Section
26 5A-15 of this Code, and except for any changes authorized

1 under Section 5-5b.1.

2 (e) In State fiscal year 2019 through State fiscal year
3 2020, the assessments imposed under Section 5A-2 shall not
4 take effect or shall cease to be imposed, the Department's
5 obligation to make payments shall immediately cease, and any
6 moneys remaining in the Fund shall be refunded to hospital
7 providers in proportion to the amounts paid by them, if:

8 (1) the payments to hospitals required under Section
9 5A-12.6 are not eligible for federal matching funds under
10 Title XIX of the Social Security Act; or

11 (2) the Department reduces the overall effective rate
12 of reimbursement to hospitals below the level authorized
13 under Section 14-12 of this Code, as in effect on December
14 31, 2017, except for any changes authorized under Sections
15 14-12 or Section 5A-15 of this Code, and except for any
16 changes authorized under changes to Sections 5A-12.2,
17 5A-12.4, 5A-12.5, 5A-12.6, and 14-12 made by Public Act
18 100-581.

19 (f) Beginning in State Fiscal Year 2021, the assessments
20 imposed under Section 5A-2 shall not take effect or shall
21 cease to be imposed, the Department's obligation to make
22 payments shall immediately cease, and any moneys remaining in
23 the Fund shall be refunded to hospital providers in proportion
24 to the amounts paid by them, if:

25 (1) the payments to hospitals required under Section
26 5A-12.7 are not eligible for federal matching funds under

1 Title XIX of the Social Security Act; or

2 (2) the Department reduces the overall effective rate
3 of reimbursement to hospitals below the level authorized
4 under Section 14-12, as in effect on December 31, 2021
5 ~~2019~~, except for any changes authorized under Sections
6 14-12 or 5A-15, and except for any changes authorized
7 under changes to Sections 5A-12.7 and 14-12 made by this
8 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly, and except
9 for any changes to Section 5A-12.7 made by this amendatory
10 Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

11 (Source: P.A. 100-581, eff. 3-12-18; 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

12 (305 ILCS 5/5A-12.7)

13 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2022)

14 Sec. 5A-12.7. Continuation of hospital access payments on
15 and after July 1, 2020.

16 (a) To preserve and improve access to hospital services,
17 for hospital services rendered on and after July 1, 2020, the
18 Department shall, except for hospitals described in subsection
19 (b) of Section 5A-3, make payments to hospitals or require
20 capitated managed care organizations to make payments as set
21 forth in this Section. Payments under this Section are not due
22 and payable, however, until: (i) the methodologies described
23 in this Section are approved by the federal government in an
24 appropriate State Plan amendment or directed payment preprint;
25 and (ii) the assessment imposed under this Article is

1 determined to be a permissible tax under Title XIX of the
2 Social Security Act. In determining the hospital access
3 payments authorized under subsection (g) of this Section, if a
4 hospital ceases to qualify for payments from the pool, the
5 payments for all hospitals continuing to qualify for payments
6 from such pool shall be uniformly adjusted to fully expend the
7 aggregate net amount of the pool, with such adjustment being
8 effective on the first day of the second month following the
9 date the hospital ceases to receive payments from such pool.

10 (b) Amounts moved into claims-based rates and distributed
11 in accordance with Section 14-12 shall remain in those
12 claims-based rates.

13 (c) Graduate medical education.

14 (1) The calculation of graduate medical education
15 payments shall be based on the hospital's Medicare cost
16 report ending in Calendar Year 2018, as reported in the
17 Healthcare Cost Report Information System file, release
18 date September 30, 2019. An Illinois hospital reporting
19 intern and resident cost on its Medicare cost report shall
20 be eligible for graduate medical education payments.

21 (2) Each hospital's annualized Medicaid Intern
22 Resident Cost is calculated using annualized intern and
23 resident total costs obtained from Worksheet B Part I,
24 Columns 21 and 22 the sum of Lines 30-43, 50-76, 90-93,
25 96-98, and 105-112 multiplied by the percentage that the
26 hospital's Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7,

1 Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of the
2 hospital's total days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 8,
3 Lines 14, 16-18, and 32).

4 (3) An annualized Medicaid indirect medical education
5 (IME) payment is calculated for each hospital using its
6 IME payments (Worksheet E Part A, Line 29, Column 1)
7 multiplied by the percentage that its Medicaid days
8 (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18,
9 and 32) comprise of its Medicare days (Worksheet S3 Part
10 I, Column 6, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, and 16-18).

11 (4) For each hospital, its annualized Medicaid Intern
12 Resident Cost and its annualized Medicaid IME payment are
13 summed, and, except as capped at 120% of the average cost
14 per intern and resident for all qualifying hospitals as
15 calculated under this paragraph, is multiplied by the
16 applicable reimbursement factor as described in this
17 paragraph, ~~22.6%~~ to determine the hospital's final
18 graduate medical education payment. Each hospital's
19 average cost per intern and resident shall be calculated
20 by summing its total annualized Medicaid Intern Resident
21 Cost plus its annualized Medicaid IME payment and dividing
22 that amount by the hospital's total Full Time Equivalent
23 Residents and Interns. If the hospital's average per
24 intern and resident cost is greater than 120% of the same
25 calculation for all qualifying hospitals, the hospital's
26 per intern and resident cost shall be capped at 120% of the

1 average cost for all qualifying hospitals.

2 (A) For the period of July 1, 2020 through
3 December 31, 2022, the applicable reimbursement factor
4 shall be 22.6%.

5 (B) For the period of January 1, 2023 through
6 December 31, 2026, the applicable reimbursement factor
7 shall be 35% for all qualified safety-net hospitals,
8 as defined in Section 5-5e.1 of this Code, and all
9 hospitals with 100 or more Full Time Equivalent
10 Residents and Interns, as reported on the hospital's
11 Medicare cost report ending in Calendar Year 2018, and
12 for all other qualified hospitals the applicable
13 reimbursement factor shall be 30%.

14 (d) Fee-for-service supplemental payments. For the period
15 of July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2022, each ~~Each~~ Illinois
16 hospital shall receive an annual payment equal to the amounts
17 below, to be paid in 12 equal installments on or before the
18 seventh State business day of each month, except that no
19 payment shall be due within 30 days after the later of the date
20 of notification of federal approval of the payment
21 methodologies required under this Section or any waiver
22 required under 42 CFR 433.68, at which time the sum of amounts
23 required under this Section prior to the date of notification
24 is due and payable.

25 (1) For critical access hospitals, \$385 per covered
26 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and

1 \$530 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates
2 of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's
3 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

4 (2) For safety-net hospitals, \$960 per covered
5 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and
6 \$625 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates
7 of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's
8 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

9 (3) For long term acute care hospitals, \$295 per
10 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service
11 claims for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the
12 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

13 (4) For freestanding psychiatric hospitals, \$125 per
14 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service
15 claims and \$130 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim
16 for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the
17 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

18 (5) For freestanding rehabilitation hospitals, \$355
19 per covered inpatient day contained in paid
20 fee-for-service claims for dates of service in Calendar
21 Year 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as
22 of May 11, 2020.

23 (6) For all general acute care hospitals and high
24 Medicaid hospitals as defined in subsection (f), \$350 per
25 covered inpatient day for dates of service in Calendar
26 Year 2019 contained in paid fee-for-service claims and

1 \$620 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim in the
2 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

3 (7) Alzheimer's treatment access payment. Each
4 Illinois academic medical center or teaching hospital, as
5 defined in Section 5-5e.2 of this Code, that is identified
6 as the primary hospital affiliate of one of the Regional
7 Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Centers, as designated by
8 the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act and identified in
9 the Department of Public Health's Alzheimer's Disease
10 State Plan dated December 2016, shall be paid an
11 Alzheimer's treatment access payment equal to the product
12 of the qualifying hospital's State Fiscal Year 2018 total
13 inpatient fee-for-service days multiplied by the
14 applicable Alzheimer's treatment rate of \$226.30 for
15 hospitals located in Cook County and \$116.21 for hospitals
16 located outside Cook County.

17 (d-2) Fee-for-service supplemental payments. Beginning
18 January 1, 2023, each Illinois hospital shall receive an
19 annual payment equal to the amounts listed below, to be paid in
20 12 equal installments on or before the seventh State business
21 day of each month, except that no payment shall be due within
22 30 days after the later of the date of notification of federal
23 approval of the payment methodologies required under this
24 Section or any waiver required under 42 CFR 433.68, at which
25 time the sum of amounts required under this Section prior to
26 the date of notification is due and payable. The Department

1 may adjust the rates in paragraphs (1) through (7) to comply
2 with the federal upper payment limits, with such adjustments
3 being determined so that the total estimated spending by
4 hospital class, under such adjusted rates, remains
5 substantially similar to the total estimated spending under
6 the original rates set forth in this subsection.

7 (1) For critical access hospitals, as defined in
8 subsection (f), \$750 per covered inpatient day contained
9 in paid fee-for-service claims and \$750 per paid
10 fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates of service in
11 Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data
12 Warehouse as of August 6, 2021.

13 (2) For safety-net hospitals, as described in
14 subsection (f), \$1,350 per inpatient day contained in paid
15 fee-for-service claims and \$1,350 per paid fee-for-service
16 outpatient claim for dates of service in Calendar Year
17 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of
18 August 6, 2021.

19 (3) For long term acute care hospitals, \$550 per
20 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service
21 claims for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the
22 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of August 6,
23 2021.

24 (4) For freestanding psychiatric hospitals, \$200 per
25 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service
26 claims and \$200 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim

1 for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the
2 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of August 6,
3 2021.

4 (5) For freestanding rehabilitation hospitals, \$550
5 per covered inpatient day contained in paid
6 fee-for-service claims and \$125 per paid fee-for-service
7 outpatient claim for dates of service in Calendar Year
8 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of
9 August 6, 2021.

10 (6) For all general acute care hospitals and high
11 Medicaid hospitals as defined in subsection (f), \$500 per
12 covered inpatient day for dates of service in Calendar
13 Year 2019 contained in paid fee-for-service claims and
14 \$500 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim in the
15 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of August 6,
16 2021.

17 (7) For public hospitals, as defined in subsection
18 (f), \$275 per covered inpatient day contained in paid
19 fee-for-service claims and \$275 per paid fee-for-service
20 outpatient claim for dates of service in Calendar Year
21 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of
22 August 6, 2021.

23 (8) Alzheimer's treatment access payment. Each
24 Illinois academic medical center or teaching hospital, as
25 defined in Section 5-5e.2 of this Code, that is identified
26 as the primary hospital affiliate of one of the Regional

1 Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Centers, as designated by
2 the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act and identified in
3 the Department of Public Health's Alzheimer's Disease
4 State Plan dated December 2016, shall be paid an
5 Alzheimer's treatment access payment equal to the product
6 of the qualifying hospital's Calendar Year 2019 total
7 inpatient fee-for-service days, in the Department's
8 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of August 6, 2021, multiplied
9 by the applicable Alzheimer's treatment rate of \$244.37
10 for hospitals located in Cook County and \$312.03 for
11 hospitals located outside Cook County.

12 (e) The Department shall require managed care
13 organizations (MCOs) to make directed payments and
14 pass-through payments according to this Section. Each calendar
15 year, the Department shall require MCOs to pay the maximum
16 amount out of these funds as allowed as pass-through payments
17 under federal regulations. The Department shall require MCOs
18 to make such pass-through payments as specified in this
19 Section. The Department shall require the MCOs to pay the
20 remaining amounts as directed Payments as specified in this
21 Section. The Department shall issue payments to the
22 Comptroller by the seventh business day of each month for all
23 MCOs that are sufficient for MCOs to make the directed
24 payments and pass-through payments according to this Section.
25 The Department shall require the MCOs to make pass-through
26 payments and directed payments using electronic funds

1 transfers (EFT), if the hospital provides the information
2 necessary to process such EFTs, in accordance with directions
3 provided monthly by the Department, within 7 business days of
4 the date the funds are paid to the MCOs, as indicated by the
5 "Paid Date" on the website of the Office of the Comptroller if
6 the funds are paid by EFT and the MCOs have received directed
7 payment instructions. If funds are not paid through the
8 Comptroller by EFT, payment must be made within 7 business
9 days of the date actually received by the MCO. The MCO will be
10 considered to have paid the pass-through payments when the
11 payment remittance number is generated or the date the MCO
12 sends the check to the hospital, if EFT information is not
13 supplied. If an MCO is late in paying a pass-through payment or
14 directed payment as required under this Section (including any
15 extensions granted by the Department), it shall pay a penalty,
16 unless waived by the Department for reasonable cause, to the
17 Department equal to 5% of the amount of the pass-through
18 payment or directed payment not paid on or before the due date
19 plus 5% of the portion thereof remaining unpaid on the last day
20 of each 30-day period thereafter. Payments to MCOs that would
21 be paid consistent with actuarial certification and enrollment
22 in the absence of the increased capitation payments under this
23 Section shall not be reduced as a consequence of payments made
24 under this subsection. The Department shall publish and
25 maintain on its website for a period of no less than 8 calendar
26 quarters, the quarterly calculation of directed payments and

1 pass-through payments owed to each hospital from each MCO. All
2 calculations and reports shall be posted no later than the
3 first day of the quarter for which the payments are to be
4 issued.

5 (f)(1) For purposes of allocating the funds included in
6 capitation payments to MCOs, Illinois hospitals shall be
7 divided into the following classes as defined in
8 administrative rules:

9 (A) Beginning July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2022,
10 critical ~~Critical~~ access hospitals. Beginning January 1,
11 2023, "critical access hospital" means a hospital
12 designated by the Department of Public Health as a
13 critical access hospital, excluding any hospital meeting
14 the definition of a public hospital in subparagraph (F).

15 (B) Safety-net hospitals, except that stand-alone
16 children's hospitals that are not specialty children's
17 hospitals will not be included. For the calendar year
18 beginning January 1, 2023, and each calendar year
19 thereafter, assignment to the safety-net class shall be
20 based on the annual safety-net rate year beginning 15
21 months before the beginning of the first Payout Quarter of
22 the calendar year.

23 (C) Long term acute care hospitals.

24 (D) Freestanding psychiatric hospitals.

25 (E) Freestanding rehabilitation hospitals.

26 (F) Beginning January 1, 2023, "public hospital" means

1 a hospital that is owned or operated by an Illinois
2 Government body or municipality, excluding a hospital
3 provider that is a State agency, a State university, or a
4 county with a population of 3,000,000 or more.

5 (G) ~~(F)~~ High Medicaid hospitals.

6 (i) As used in this Section, "high Medicaid
7 hospital" means a general acute care hospital that:

8 (I) For the payout periods July 1, 2020
9 through December 31, 2022, is not a safety-net

10 hospital or critical access hospital and that has
11 a Medicaid Inpatient Utilization Rate above 30% or
12 a hospital that had over 35,000 inpatient Medicaid
13 days during the applicable period. For the period
14 July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, the
15 applicable period for the Medicaid Inpatient
16 Utilization Rate (MIUR) is the rate year 2020 MIUR
17 and for the number of inpatient days it is State
18 fiscal year 2018. Beginning in calendar year 2021,
19 the Department shall use the most recently
20 determined MIUR, as defined in subsection (h) of
21 Section 5-5.02, and for the inpatient day
22 threshold, the State fiscal year ending 18 months
23 prior to the beginning of the calendar year. For
24 purposes of calculating MIUR under this Section,
25 children's hospitals and affiliated general acute
26 care hospitals shall be considered a single

1 hospital.

2 (II) For the calendar year beginning January
3 1, 2023, and each calendar year thereafter, is not
4 a public hospital, safety-net hospital, or
5 critical access hospital and that qualifies as a
6 regional high volume hospital or is a hospital
7 that has a Medicaid Inpatient Utilization Rate
8 (MIUR) above 30%. As used in this item, "regional
9 high volume hospital" means a hospital which ranks
10 in the top 2 quartiles based on total hospital
11 services volume, of all eligible general acute
12 care hospitals, when ranked in descending order
13 based on total hospital services volume, within
14 the same Medicaid managed care region, as
15 designated by the Department, as of January 1,
16 2022. As used in this item, "total hospital
17 services volume" means the total of all Medical
18 Assistance hospital inpatient admissions plus all
19 Medical Assistance hospital outpatient visits. For
20 purposes of determining regional high volume
21 hospital inpatient admissions and outpatient
22 visits, the Department shall use dates of service
23 provided during State Fiscal Year 2020 for the
24 Payout Quarter beginning January 1, 2023. The
25 Department shall use dates of service from the
26 State fiscal year ending 18 month before the

1 beginning of the first Payout Quarter of the
2 subsequent annual determination period.

3 (ii) For the calendar year beginning January 1,
4 2023, the Department shall use the Rate Year 2022
5 Medicaid inpatient utilization rate (MIUR), as defined
6 in subsection (h) of Section 5-5.02. For each
7 subsequent annual determination, the Department shall
8 use the MIUR applicable to the rate year ending
9 September 30 of the year preceding the beginning of
10 the calendar year.

11 (H) ~~(G)~~ General acute care hospitals. As used under
12 this Section, "general acute care hospitals" means all
13 other Illinois hospitals not identified in subparagraphs
14 (A) through (G) ~~(F)~~.

15 (2) Hospitals' qualification for each class shall be
16 assessed prior to the beginning of each calendar year and the
17 new class designation shall be effective January 1 of the next
18 year. The Department shall publish by rule the process for
19 establishing class determination.

20 (g) Fixed pool directed payments. Beginning July 1, 2020,
21 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be
22 used to issue directed payments to qualified Illinois
23 safety-net hospitals and critical access hospitals on a
24 monthly basis in accordance with this subsection. Prior to the
25 beginning of each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the
26 Department shall use encounter claims data from the

1 Determination Quarter, accepted by the Department's Medicaid
2 Management Information System for inpatient and outpatient
3 services rendered by safety-net hospitals and critical access
4 hospitals to determine a quarterly uniform per unit add-on for
5 each hospital class.

6 (1) Inpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per
7 diem add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly
8 Inpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the
9 applicable hospital class by the total inpatient days
10 contained on all encounter claims received during the
11 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

12 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a
13 quarterly inpatient directed payment calculated that
14 is equal to the product of the number of inpatient days
15 attributable to the hospital used in the calculation
16 of the quarterly uniform class per diem add-on,
17 multiplied by the calculated applicable quarterly
18 uniform class per diem add-on of the hospital class.

19 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its
20 quarterly inpatient directed payment in each of the 3
21 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with
22 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

23 (2) Outpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform
24 per claim add-on shall be derived by dividing the
25 quarterly Outpatient Directed Payments Pool amount
26 allocated to the applicable hospital class by the total

1 outpatient encounter claims received during the
2 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

3 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a
4 quarterly outpatient directed payment calculated that
5 is equal to the product of the number of outpatient
6 encounter claims attributable to the hospital used in
7 the calculation of the quarterly uniform class per
8 claim add-on, multiplied by the calculated applicable
9 quarterly uniform class per claim add-on of the
10 hospital class.

11 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its
12 quarterly outpatient directed payment in each of the 3
13 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with
14 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

15 (3) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly
16 Directed Payment as identified by the Department on its
17 quarterly determination report.

18 (4) Definitions. As used in this subsection:

19 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each 3 month calendar
20 quarter, beginning July 1, 2020.

21 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each 3 month
22 calendar quarter, which ends 3 months prior to the
23 first day of each Payout Quarter.

24 (5) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020,
25 the following amounts shall be allocated to the following
26 hospital class directed payment pools for the quarterly

1 development of a uniform per unit add-on:

2 (A) \$2,894,500 for hospital inpatient services for
3 critical access hospitals.

4 (B) \$4,294,374 for hospital outpatient services
5 for critical access hospitals.

6 (C) \$29,109,330 for hospital inpatient services
7 for safety-net hospitals.

8 (D) \$35,041,218 for hospital outpatient services
9 for safety-net hospitals.

10 (6) For the period January 1, 2023 through December
11 31, 2023, the Department shall establish the amounts that
12 shall be allocated to the hospital class directed payment
13 fixed pools identified in this paragraph for the quarterly
14 development of a uniform per unit add-on. The Department
15 shall establish such amounts so that the total amount of
16 payments to each hospital under this Section in calendar
17 year 2023 is projected to be substantially similar to the
18 total amount of such payments received by the hospital
19 under this Section in calendar year 2021, adjusted for
20 increased funding provided for fixed pool directed
21 payments under subsection (g) in calendar year 2022,
22 assuming that the volume and acuity of claims are held
23 constant. The Department shall publish the directed
24 payment fixed pool amounts to be established under this
25 paragraph on its website by November 15, 2022.

26 (A) Hospital inpatient services for critical

1 access hospitals.

2 (B) Hospital outpatient services for critical
3 access hospitals.

4 (C) Hospital inpatient services for public
5 hospitals.

6 (D) Hospital outpatient services for public
7 hospitals.

8 (E) Hospital inpatient services for safety-net
9 hospitals.

10 (F) Hospital outpatient services for safety-net
11 hospitals.

12 (7) Semi-annual rate maintenance review. The
13 Department shall ensure that hospitals assigned to the
14 fixed pools in paragraph (6) are paid no less than 95% of
15 the annual initial rate for each 6-month period of each
16 annual payout period. For each calendar year, the
17 Department shall calculate the annual initial rate per day
18 and per visit for each fixed pool hospital class listed in
19 paragraph (6), by dividing the total of all applicable
20 inpatient or outpatient directed payments issued in the
21 preceding calendar year to the hospitals in each fixed
22 pool class for the calendar year, plus any increase
23 resulting from the annual adjustments described in
24 subsection (i), by the actual applicable total service
25 units for the preceding calendar year which were the basis
26 of the total applicable inpatient or outpatient directed

1 payments issued to the hospitals in each fixed pool class
2 in the calendar year, except that for calendar year 2023,
3 the service units from calendar year 2021 shall be used.

4 (A) The Department shall calculate the effective
5 rate, per day and per visit, for the payout periods of
6 January to June and July to December of each year, for
7 each fixed pool listed in paragraph (6), by dividing
8 50% of the annual pool by the total applicable
9 reported service units for the 2 applicable
10 determination quarters.

11 (B) If the effective rate calculated in
12 subparagraph (A) is less than 95% of the annual
13 initial rate assigned to the class for each pool under
14 paragraph (6), the Department shall adjust the payment
15 for each hospital to a level equal to no less than 95%
16 of the annual initial rate, by issuing a retroactive
17 adjustment payment for the 6-month period under review
18 as identified in subparagraph (A).

19 (h) Fixed rate directed payments. Effective July 1, 2020,
20 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be
21 used to issue directed payments to Illinois hospitals not
22 identified in paragraph (g) on a monthly basis. Prior to the
23 beginning of each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the
24 Department shall use encounter claims data from the
25 Determination Quarter, accepted by the Department's Medicaid
26 Management Information System for inpatient and outpatient

1 services rendered by hospitals in each hospital class
2 identified in paragraph (f) and not identified in paragraph
3 (g). For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020, the
4 Department shall direct MCOs to make payments as follows:

5 (1) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
6 to \$1,750 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
7 20 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied
8 by the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
9 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

10 (2) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
11 to \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
12 21 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied
13 by the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
14 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

15 (3) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
16 to \$80 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22
17 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
18 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
19 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

20 (4) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
21 to \$375 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
22 24 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied
23 by the hospital's total number of category of service 24
24 paid EAPG (EAPGs) for the determination quarter.

25 (5) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
26 to \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service

1 27 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter
2 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of
3 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination
4 quarter.

5 (6) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
6 to \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
7 29 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied
8 by the hospital's total number of category of service 29
9 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

10 (7) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
11 \$1,800 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20
12 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
13 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
14 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

15 (8) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
16 \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21
17 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
18 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
19 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

20 (9) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$80
21 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22 case
22 mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the
23 hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
24 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

25 (10) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
26 \$400 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24

1 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
2 the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid
3 EAPG outpatient claims for the determination quarter.

4 (11) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
5 \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27
6 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter
7 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of
8 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination
9 quarter.

10 (12) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
11 \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29
12 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
13 the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid
14 EAPGs for the determination quarter.

15 (13) For long term acute care hospitals the amount of
16 \$495 multiplied by the hospital's total number of
17 inpatient days for the determination quarter.

18 (14) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$210
19 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient
20 days for category of service 21 for the determination
21 quarter.

22 (15) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$250
23 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient
24 claims for category of service 27 and 28 for the
25 determination quarter.

26 (16) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$410

1 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient
2 days for category of service 22 for the determination
3 quarter.

4 (17) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$100
5 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient
6 claims for category of service 29 for the determination
7 quarter.

8 (18) Effective for the Payout Quarter beginning
9 January 1, 2023, for the directed payments to hospitals
10 required under this subsection, the Department shall
11 establish the amounts that shall be used to calculate such
12 directed payments using the methodologies specified in
13 this paragraph. The Department shall use a single, uniform
14 rate, adjusted for acuity as specified in paragraphs (1)
15 through (12), for all categories of inpatient services
16 provided by each class of hospitals and a single uniform
17 rate, adjusted for acuity as specified in paragraphs (1)
18 through (12), for all categories of outpatient services
19 provided by each class of hospitals. The Department shall
20 establish such amounts so that the total amount of
21 payments to each hospital under this Section in calendar
22 year 2023 is projected to be substantially similar to the
23 total amount of such payments received by the hospital
24 under this Section in calendar year 2021, adjusted for
25 increased funding provided for fixed pool directed
26 payments under subsection (g) in calendar year 2022,

1 assuming that the volume and acuity of claims are held
2 constant. The Department shall publish the directed
3 payment amounts to be established under this subsection on
4 its website by November 15, 2022.

5 (19) ~~(18)~~ Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of their
6 quarterly inpatient and outpatient directed payment in
7 each of the 3 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance
8 with directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

9 20 ~~(19)~~ Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly
10 Directed Payment amount as identified by the Department on
11 its quarterly determination report.

12 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, if
13 the Department determines that the actual total hospital
14 utilization data that is used to calculate the fixed rate
15 directed payments is substantially different than anticipated
16 when the rates in this subsection were initially determined
17 ~~for unforeseeable circumstances~~ (such as the COVID-19
18 pandemic or some other public health emergency), the
19 Department may adjust the rates specified in this subsection
20 so that the total directed payments approximate the total
21 spending amount anticipated when the rates were initially
22 established.

23 Definitions. As used in this subsection:

24 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each calendar quarter,
25 beginning July 1, 2020.

26 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each calendar

1 quarter which ends 3 months prior to the first day of
2 each Payout Quarter.

3 (C) "Case mix index" means a hospital specific
4 calculation. For inpatient claims the case mix index
5 is calculated each quarter by summing the relative
6 weight of all inpatient Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG)
7 claims for a category of service in the applicable
8 Determination Quarter and dividing the sum by the
9 number of sum total of all inpatient DRG admissions
10 for the category of service for the associated claims.
11 The case mix index for outpatient claims is calculated
12 each quarter by summing the relative weight of all
13 paid EAPGs in the applicable Determination Quarter and
14 dividing the sum by the sum total of paid EAPGs for the
15 associated claims.

16 (i) Beginning January 1, 2021, the rates for directed
17 payments shall be recalculated in order to spend the
18 additional funds for directed payments that result from
19 reduction in the amount of pass-through payments allowed under
20 federal regulations. The additional funds for directed
21 payments shall be allocated proportionally to each class of
22 hospitals based on that class' proportion of services.

23 (1) Beginning January 1, 2024, the fixed pool directed
24 payment amounts and the associated annual initial rates
25 referenced in paragraph (6) of subsection (f) for each
26 hospital class shall be uniformly increased by a ratio of

1 not less than, the ratio of the total pass-through
2 reduction amount pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection
3 (j), for the hospitals comprising the hospital fixed pool
4 directed payment class for the next calendar year, to the
5 total inpatient and outpatient directed payments for the
6 hospitals comprising the hospital fixed pool directed
7 payment class paid during the preceding calendar year.

8 (2) Beginning January 1, 2024, the fixed rates for the
9 directed payments referenced in paragraph (18) of
10 subsection (h) for each hospital class shall be uniformly
11 increased by a ratio of not less than, the ratio of the
12 total pass-through reduction amount pursuant to paragraph
13 (4) of subsection (j), for the hospitals comprising the
14 hospital directed payment class for the next calendar
15 year, to the total inpatient and outpatient directed
16 payments for the hospitals comprising the hospital fixed
17 rate directed payment class paid during the preceding
18 calendar year.

19 (j) Pass-through payments.

20 (1) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,
21 2020, the Department shall assign quarterly pass-through
22 payments to each class of hospitals equal to one-fourth of
23 the following annual allocations:

24 (A) \$390,487,095 to safety-net hospitals.

25 (B) \$62,553,886 to critical access hospitals.

26 (C) \$345,021,438 to high Medicaid hospitals.

1 (D) \$551,429,071 to general acute care hospitals.

2 (E) \$27,283,870 to long term acute care hospitals.

3 (F) \$40,825,444 to freestanding psychiatric
4 hospitals.

5 (G) \$9,652,108 to freestanding rehabilitation
6 hospitals.

7 (2) For the period of July 1, 2020 through December
8 31, 2020, the ~~The~~ pass-through payments shall at a minimum
9 ensure hospitals receive a total amount of monthly
10 payments under this Section as received in calendar year
11 2019 in accordance with this Article and paragraph (1) of
12 subsection (d-5) of Section 14-12, exclusive of amounts
13 received through payments referenced in subsection (b).

14 (3) For the calendar year beginning January 1, 2023,
15 the Department shall establish the annual pass-through
16 allocation to each class of hospitals and the pass-through
17 payments to each hospital so that the total amount of
18 payments to each hospital under this Section in calendar
19 year 2023 is projected to be substantially similar to the
20 total amount of such payments received by the hospital
21 under this Section in calendar year 2021, adjusted for
22 increased funding provided for fixed pool directed
23 payments under subsection (g) in calendar year 2022,
24 assuming that the volume and acuity of claims are held
25 constant. The Department shall publish the pass-through
26 allocation to each class and the pass-through payments to

1 each hospital to be established under this subsection on
2 its website by November 15, 2022.

3 (4) ~~(3)~~ For the calendar years ~~year~~ beginning January
4 1, 2021, January 1, 2022, and January 1, 2024, and each
5 calendar year thereafter, each hospital's pass-through
6 payment amount shall be reduced proportionally to the
7 reduction of all pass-through payments required by federal
8 regulations.

9 (k) At least 30 days prior to each calendar year, the
10 Department shall notify each hospital of changes to the
11 payment methodologies in this Section, including, but not
12 limited to, changes in the fixed rate directed payment rates,
13 the aggregate pass-through payment amount for all hospitals,
14 and the hospital's pass-through payment amount for the
15 upcoming calendar year.

16 (l) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section,
17 the Department may adopt rules to change the methodology for
18 directed and pass-through payments as set forth in this
19 Section, but only to the extent necessary to obtain federal
20 approval of a necessary State Plan amendment or Directed
21 Payment Preprint or to otherwise conform to federal law or
22 federal regulation.

23 (m) As used in this subsection, "managed care
24 organization" or "MCO" means an entity which contracts with
25 the Department to provide services where payment for medical
26 services is made on a capitated basis, excluding contracted

1 entities for dual eligible or Department of Children and
2 Family Services youth populations.

3 (n) In order to address the escalating infant mortality
4 rates among minority communities in Illinois, the State shall,
5 subject to appropriation, create a pool of funding of at least
6 \$50,000,000 annually to be disbursed among safety-net
7 hospitals that maintain perinatal designation from the
8 Department of Public Health. The funding shall be used to
9 preserve or enhance OB/GYN services or other specialty
10 services at the receiving hospital, with the distribution of
11 funding to be established by rule and with consideration to
12 perinatal hospitals with safe birthing levels and quality
13 metrics for healthy mothers and babies.

14 (o) In order to address the growing challenges of
15 providing stable access to healthcare in rural Illinois,
16 including perinatal services, behavioral healthcare including
17 substance use disorder services (SUDs) and other specialty
18 services, and to expand access to telehealth services among
19 rural communities in Illinois, the Department of Healthcare
20 and Family Services, subject to appropriation, shall
21 administer a program to provide at least \$10,000,000 in
22 financial support annually to critical access hospitals for
23 delivery of perinatal and OB/GYN services, behavioral
24 healthcare including SUDs, other specialty services and
25 telehealth services. The funding shall be used to preserve or
26 enhance perinatal and OB/GYN services, behavioral healthcare

1 including SUDS, other specialty services, as well as the
2 explanation of telehealth services by the receiving hospital,
3 with the distribution of funding to be established by rule.

4 (p) For calendar year 2023, the final amounts, rates, and
5 payments under subsections (c), (d-2), (g), (h), and (j) shall
6 be established by the Department, so that the sum of the total
7 estimated annual payments under subsections (c), (d-2), (g),
8 (h), and (j) for each hospital class for calendar year 2023, is
9 no less than:

10 (1) \$858,260,000 to safety-net hospitals.

11 (2) \$86,200,000 to critical access hospitals.

12 (3) \$1,765,000,000 to high Medicaid hospitals.

13 (4) \$673,860,000 to general acute care hospitals.

14 (5) \$48,330,000 to long term acute care hospitals.

15 (6) \$89,110,000 to freestanding psychiatric hospitals.

16 (7) \$24,300,000 to freestanding rehabilitation
17 hospitals.

18 (8) \$32,570,000 to public hospitals.

19 (Source: P.A. 101-650, eff. 7-7-20; 102-4, eff. 4-27-21;
20 102-16, eff. 6-17-21.)

21 (305 ILCS 5/5A-14)

22 Sec. 5A-14. Repeal of assessments and disbursements.

23 (a) Section 5A-2 is repealed on December 31, 2026 ~~2022~~.

24 (b) Section 5A-12 is repealed on July 1, 2005.

25 (c) Section 5A-12.1 is repealed on July 1, 2008.

1 (d) Section 5A-12.2 and Section 5A-12.4 are repealed on
2 July 1, 2018, subject to Section 5A-16.

3 (e) Section 5A-12.3 is repealed on July 1, 2011.

4 (f) Section 5A-12.6 is repealed on July 1, 2020.

5 (g) Section 5A-12.7 is repealed on December 31, 2026 ~~2022~~.

6 (Source: P.A. 100-581, eff. 3-12-18; 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

7 ARTICLE 10.

8 Section 10-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
9 adding Section 5-45 as follows:

10 (305 ILCS 5/5-45 new)

11 Sec. 5-45. General acute care hospitals. A general acute
12 care hospital is authorized to file a notice with the
13 Department of Public Health and the Health Facilities and
14 Services Review Board to establish an acute mental illness
15 category of service in accordance with the Illinois Health
16 Facilities Planning Act and add authorized acute mental
17 illness beds if the following conditions are met:

18 (1) the general acute care hospital qualifies as a
19 safety-net hospital, as defined in Section 5-5e.1, as
20 determined by the Department of Healthcare and Family
21 Services at the time of filing the notice or for the year
22 immediately prior to the date of filing the notice;

23 (2) the notice seeks to establish no more than 24

1 authorized acute mental illness beds; and
2 (3) the notice seeks to reduce the number of
3 authorized beds in another category of service to offset
4 the number of authorized acute mental illness beds.

5 ARTICLE 15.

6 Section 15-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
7 changing Section 12-4.105 as follows:

8 (305 ILCS 5/12-4.105)

9 Sec. 12-4.105. Human poison control center; payment
10 program. Subject to funding availability resulting from
11 transfers made from the Hospital Provider Fund to the
12 Healthcare Provider Relief Fund as authorized under this Code,
13 for State fiscal year 2017 and State fiscal year 2018, and for
14 each State fiscal year thereafter in which the assessment
15 under Section 5A-2 is imposed, the Department of Healthcare
16 and Family Services shall pay to the human poison control
17 center designated under the Poison Control System Act an
18 amount of not less than \$3,000,000 for each of State fiscal
19 years 2017 through 2020, and for State fiscal years ~~year~~ 2021
20 through 2026 ~~and 2022~~ an amount of not less than \$3,750,000 and
21 for the period July 1, 2026 ~~2022~~ through December 31, 2026 ~~2022~~
22 an amount of not less than \$1,875,000, if the human poison
23 control center is in operation.

1 (Source: P.A. 100-581, eff. 3-12-18; 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

2 ARTICLE 20.

3 Section 20-5. The Department of Public Health Powers and
4 Duties Law is amended by adding Section 2310-710 as follows:

5 (20 ILCS 2310/2310-710 new)

6 Sec. 2310-710. Safety-Net Hospital Health Equity and
7 Access Leadership (HEAL) Grant Program.

8 (a) Findings. The General Assembly finds that there are
9 communities in Illinois that experience significant health
10 care disparities, as recently emphasized by the COVID-19
11 pandemic, aggravated by social determinants of health and a
12 lack of sufficient access to high quality healthcare
13 resources, particularly community-based services, preventive
14 care, obstetric care, chronic disease management, and
15 specialty care. Safety-net hospitals, as defined under the
16 Illinois Public Aid Code, serve as the anchors of the health
17 care system for many of these communities. Safety-net
18 hospitals not only care for their patients, they also are
19 rooted in their communities by providing jobs and partnering
20 with local organizations to help address the social
21 determinants of health, such as food, housing, and
22 transportation needs.

23 However, safety-net hospitals serve a significant number

1 of Medicare, Medicaid, and uninsured patients, and therefore,
2 are heavily dependent on underfunded government payers, and
3 are heavily burdened by uncompensated care. At the same time,
4 the overall cost of providing care has increased substantially
5 in recent years, driven by increasing costs for staffing,
6 prescription drugs, technology, and infrastructure.

7 For all of these reasons, the General Assembly finds that
8 the long term sustainability of safety-net hospitals is
9 threatened. While the General Assembly is providing funding to
10 the Department to be paid to support the expenses of specific
11 safety-net hospitals in State Fiscal Year 2023, such annual,
12 ad hoc funding is not a reliable and stable source of funding
13 that will enable safety-net hospitals to develop strategies to
14 achieve long term sustainability. Such annual, ad hoc funding
15 also does not provide the State with transparency and
16 accountability to ensure that such funding is being used
17 effectively and efficiently to maximize the benefit to members
18 of the community.

19 Therefore, it is the intent of the General Assembly that
20 the Department of Public Health and the Department of
21 Healthcare and Family Services jointly provide options and
22 recommendations to the General Assembly by February 1, 2023,
23 for the establishment of a permanent Safety-Net Hospital
24 Health Equity and Access Leadership (HEAL) Grant Program, in
25 accordance with this Section. It is the intention of the
26 General Assembly that during State fiscal years 2024 through

1 2029, the Safety-Net Hospital Health Equity and Access
2 Leadership (HEAL) Grant Program shall be supported by an
3 annual funding pool of up to \$100,000,000, subject to
4 appropriation.

5 (b) By February 1, 2023, the Department of Public Health
6 and the Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall
7 provide a joint report to the General Assembly on options and
8 recommendations for the establishment of a permanent
9 Safety-Net Hospital Health Equity and Access Leadership (HEAL)
10 Grant Program to be administered by the State. For this
11 report, "safety-net hospital" means a hospital identified by
12 the Department of Healthcare and Family Services under Section
13 5-5e.1 of the Illinois Public Aid Code. The Departments of
14 Public Health and Healthcare and Family Services may consult
15 with the statewide association representing a majority of
16 hospitals and safety-net hospitals on the report. The report
17 may include, but need not be limited to:

18 (1) Criteria for a safety-net hospital to be eligible
19 for the program, such as:

20 (A) The hospital is a participating provider in at
21 least one Medicaid managed care plan.

22 (B) The hospital is located in a medically
23 underserved area.

24 (C) The hospital's Medicaid utilization rate (for
25 both inpatient and outpatient services).

26 (D) The hospital's Medicare utilization rate (for

1 September 30, 1992. Notwithstanding any other provisions of
2 this Code or the Illinois Department's Rules promulgated under
3 the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, reimbursement to
4 hospitals for services provided during the period July 1, 1992
5 through September 30, 1992, shall be as follows:

6 (1) For inpatient hospital services rendered, or if
7 applicable, for inpatient hospital discharges occurring,
8 on or after July 1, 1992 and on or before September 30,
9 1992, the Illinois Department shall reimburse hospitals
10 for inpatient services under the reimbursement
11 methodologies in effect for each hospital, and at the
12 inpatient payment rate calculated for each hospital, as of
13 June 30, 1992. For purposes of this paragraph,
14 "reimbursement methodologies" means all reimbursement
15 methodologies that pertain to the provision of inpatient
16 hospital services, including, but not limited to, any
17 adjustments for disproportionate share, targeted access,
18 critical care access and uncompensated care, as defined by
19 the Illinois Department on June 30, 1992.

20 (2) For the purpose of calculating the inpatient
21 payment rate for each hospital eligible to receive
22 quarterly adjustment payments for targeted access and
23 critical care, as defined by the Illinois Department on
24 June 30, 1992, the adjustment payment for the period July
25 1, 1992 through September 30, 1992, shall be 25% of the
26 annual adjustment payments calculated for each eligible

1 hospital, as of June 30, 1992. The Illinois Department
2 shall determine by rule the adjustment payments for
3 targeted access and critical care beginning October 1,
4 1992.

5 (3) For the purpose of calculating the inpatient
6 payment rate for each hospital eligible to receive
7 quarterly adjustment payments for uncompensated care, as
8 defined by the Illinois Department on June 30, 1992, the
9 adjustment payment for the period August 1, 1992 through
10 September 30, 1992, shall be one-sixth of the total
11 uncompensated care adjustment payments calculated for each
12 eligible hospital for the uncompensated care rate year, as
13 defined by the Illinois Department, ending on July 31,
14 1992. The Illinois Department shall determine by rule the
15 adjustment payments for uncompensated care beginning
16 October 1, 1992.

17 (b) Inpatient payments. For inpatient services provided on
18 or after October 1, 1993, in addition to rates paid for
19 hospital inpatient services pursuant to the Illinois Health
20 Finance Reform Act, as now or hereafter amended, or the
21 Illinois Department's prospective reimbursement methodology,
22 or any other methodology used by the Illinois Department for
23 inpatient services, the Illinois Department shall make
24 adjustment payments, in an amount calculated pursuant to the
25 methodology described in paragraph (c) of this Section, to
26 hospitals that the Illinois Department determines satisfy any

1 one of the following requirements:

2 (1) Hospitals that are described in Section 1923 of
3 the federal Social Security Act, as now or hereafter
4 amended, except that for rate year 2015 and after a
5 hospital described in Section 1923(b)(1)(B) of the federal
6 Social Security Act and qualified for the payments
7 described in subsection (c) of this Section for rate year
8 2014 provided the hospital continues to meet the
9 description in Section 1923(b)(1)(B) in the current
10 determination year; or

11 (2) Illinois hospitals that have a Medicaid inpatient
12 utilization rate which is at least one-half a standard
13 deviation above the mean Medicaid inpatient utilization
14 rate for all hospitals in Illinois receiving Medicaid
15 payments from the Illinois Department; or

16 (3) Illinois hospitals that on July 1, 1991 had a
17 Medicaid inpatient utilization rate, as defined in
18 paragraph (h) of this Section, that was at least the mean
19 Medicaid inpatient utilization rate for all hospitals in
20 Illinois receiving Medicaid payments from the Illinois
21 Department and which were located in a planning area with
22 one-third or fewer excess beds as determined by the Health
23 Facilities and Services Review Board, and that, as of June
24 30, 1992, were located in a federally designated Health
25 Manpower Shortage Area; or

26 (4) Illinois hospitals that:

1 (A) have a Medicaid inpatient utilization rate
2 that is at least equal to the mean Medicaid inpatient
3 utilization rate for all hospitals in Illinois
4 receiving Medicaid payments from the Department; and

5 (B) also have a Medicaid obstetrical inpatient
6 utilization rate that is at least one standard
7 deviation above the mean Medicaid obstetrical
8 inpatient utilization rate for all hospitals in
9 Illinois receiving Medicaid payments from the
10 Department for obstetrical services; or

11 (5) Any children's hospital, which means a hospital
12 devoted exclusively to caring for children. A hospital
13 which includes a facility devoted exclusively to caring
14 for children shall be considered a children's hospital to
15 the degree that the hospital's Medicaid care is provided
16 to children if either (i) the facility devoted exclusively
17 to caring for children is separately licensed as a
18 hospital by a municipality prior to February 28, 2013;
19 (ii) the hospital has been designated by the State as a
20 Level III perinatal care facility, has a Medicaid
21 Inpatient Utilization rate greater than 55% for the rate
22 year 2003 disproportionate share determination, and has
23 more than 10,000 qualified children days as defined by the
24 Department in rulemaking; (iii) the hospital has been
25 designated as a Perinatal Level III center by the State as
26 of December 1, 2017, is a Pediatric Critical Care Center

1 designated by the State as of December 1, 2017 and has a
2 2017 Medicaid inpatient utilization rate equal to or
3 greater than 45%; or (iv) the hospital has been designated
4 as a Perinatal Level II center by the State as of December
5 1, 2017, has a 2017 Medicaid Inpatient Utilization Rate
6 greater than 70%, and has at least 10 pediatric beds as
7 listed on the IDPH 2015 calendar year hospital profile; or

8 (6) A hospital that reopens a previously closed
9 hospital facility within 4 ~~3~~ calendar years of the
10 hospital facility's closure, if the previously closed
11 hospital facility qualified for payments under paragraph
12 (c) at the time of closure, until utilization data for the
13 new facility is available for the Medicaid inpatient
14 utilization rate calculation. For purposes of this clause,
15 a "closed hospital facility" shall include hospitals that
16 have been terminated from participation in the medical
17 assistance program in accordance with Section 12-4.25 of
18 this Code.

19 (c) Inpatient adjustment payments. The adjustment payments
20 required by paragraph (b) shall be calculated based upon the
21 hospital's Medicaid inpatient utilization rate as follows:

22 (1) hospitals with a Medicaid inpatient utilization
23 rate below the mean shall receive a per day adjustment
24 payment equal to \$25;

25 (2) hospitals with a Medicaid inpatient utilization
26 rate that is equal to or greater than the mean Medicaid

1 inpatient utilization rate but less than one standard
2 deviation above the mean Medicaid inpatient utilization
3 rate shall receive a per day adjustment payment equal to
4 the sum of \$25 plus \$1 for each one percent that the
5 hospital's Medicaid inpatient utilization rate exceeds the
6 mean Medicaid inpatient utilization rate;

7 (3) hospitals with a Medicaid inpatient utilization
8 rate that is equal to or greater than one standard
9 deviation above the mean Medicaid inpatient utilization
10 rate but less than 1.5 standard deviations above the mean
11 Medicaid inpatient utilization rate shall receive a per
12 day adjustment payment equal to the sum of \$40 plus \$7 for
13 each one percent that the hospital's Medicaid inpatient
14 utilization rate exceeds one standard deviation above the
15 mean Medicaid inpatient utilization rate;

16 (4) hospitals with a Medicaid inpatient utilization
17 rate that is equal to or greater than 1.5 standard
18 deviations above the mean Medicaid inpatient utilization
19 rate shall receive a per day adjustment payment equal to
20 the sum of \$90 plus \$2 for each one percent that the
21 hospital's Medicaid inpatient utilization rate exceeds 1.5
22 standard deviations above the mean Medicaid inpatient
23 utilization rate; and

24 (5) hospitals qualifying under clause (6) of paragraph
25 (b) shall have the rate assigned to the previously closed
26 hospital facility at the date of closure, until

1 utilization data for the new facility is available for the
2 Medicaid inpatient utilization rate calculation.

3 (d) Supplemental adjustment payments. In addition to the
4 adjustment payments described in paragraph (c), hospitals as
5 defined in clauses (1) through (6) of paragraph (b), excluding
6 county hospitals (as defined in subsection (c) of Section 15-1
7 of this Code) and a hospital organized under the University of
8 Illinois Hospital Act, shall be paid supplemental inpatient
9 adjustment payments of \$60 per day. For purposes of Title XIX
10 of the federal Social Security Act, these supplemental
11 adjustment payments shall not be classified as adjustment
12 payments to disproportionate share hospitals.

13 (e) The inpatient adjustment payments described in
14 paragraphs (c) and (d) shall be increased on October 1, 1993
15 and annually thereafter by a percentage equal to the lesser of
16 (i) the increase in the DRI hospital cost index for the most
17 recent 12 month period for which data are available, or (ii)
18 the percentage increase in the statewide average hospital
19 payment rate over the previous year's statewide average
20 hospital payment rate. The sum of the inpatient adjustment
21 payments under paragraphs (c) and (d) to a hospital, other
22 than a county hospital (as defined in subsection (c) of
23 Section 15-1 of this Code) or a hospital organized under the
24 University of Illinois Hospital Act, however, shall not exceed
25 \$275 per day; that limit shall be increased on October 1, 1993
26 and annually thereafter by a percentage equal to the lesser of

1 (i) the increase in the DRI hospital cost index for the most
2 recent 12-month period for which data are available or (ii)
3 the percentage increase in the statewide average hospital
4 payment rate over the previous year's statewide average
5 hospital payment rate.

6 (f) Children's hospital inpatient adjustment payments. For
7 children's hospitals, as defined in clause (5) of paragraph
8 (b), the adjustment payments required pursuant to paragraphs
9 (c) and (d) shall be multiplied by 2.0.

10 (g) County hospital inpatient adjustment payments. For
11 county hospitals, as defined in subsection (c) of Section 15-1
12 of this Code, there shall be an adjustment payment as
13 determined by rules issued by the Illinois Department.

14 (h) For the purposes of this Section the following terms
15 shall be defined as follows:

16 (1) "Medicaid inpatient utilization rate" means a
17 fraction, the numerator of which is the number of a
18 hospital's inpatient days provided in a given 12-month
19 period to patients who, for such days, were eligible for
20 Medicaid under Title XIX of the federal Social Security
21 Act, and the denominator of which is the total number of
22 the hospital's inpatient days in that same period.

23 (2) "Mean Medicaid inpatient utilization rate" means
24 the total number of Medicaid inpatient days provided by
25 all Illinois Medicaid-participating hospitals divided by
26 the total number of inpatient days provided by those same

1 hospitals.

2 (3) "Medicaid obstetrical inpatient utilization rate"
3 means the ratio of Medicaid obstetrical inpatient days to
4 total Medicaid inpatient days for all Illinois hospitals
5 receiving Medicaid payments from the Illinois Department.

6 (i) Inpatient adjustment payment limit. In order to meet
7 the limits of Public Law 102-234 and Public Law 103-66, the
8 Illinois Department shall by rule adjust disproportionate
9 share adjustment payments.

10 (j) University of Illinois Hospital inpatient adjustment
11 payments. For hospitals organized under the University of
12 Illinois Hospital Act, there shall be an adjustment payment as
13 determined by rules adopted by the Illinois Department.

14 (k) The Illinois Department may by rule establish criteria
15 for and develop methodologies for adjustment payments to
16 hospitals participating under this Article.

17 (l) On and after July 1, 2012, the Department shall reduce
18 any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments or
19 alter any methodologies authorized by this Code to reduce any
20 rate of reimbursement for services or other payments in
21 accordance with Section 5-5e.

22 (m) The Department shall establish a cost-based
23 reimbursement methodology for determining payments to
24 hospitals for approved graduate medical education (GME)
25 programs for dates of service on and after July 1, 2018.

26 (1) As used in this subsection, "hospitals" means the

1 University of Illinois Hospital as defined in the
2 University of Illinois Hospital Act and a county hospital
3 in a county of over 3,000,000 inhabitants.

4 (2) An amendment to the Illinois Title XIX State Plan
5 defining GME shall maximize reimbursement, shall not be
6 limited to the education programs or special patient care
7 payments allowed under Medicare, and shall include:

8 (A) inpatient days;

9 (B) outpatient days;

10 (C) direct costs;

11 (D) indirect costs;

12 (E) managed care days;

13 (F) all stages of medical training and education
14 including students, interns, residents, and fellows
15 with no caps on the number of persons who may qualify;
16 and

17 (G) patient care payments related to the
18 complexities of treating Medicaid enrollees including
19 clinical and social determinants of health.

20 (3) The Department shall make all GME payments
21 directly to hospitals including such costs in support of
22 clients enrolled in Medicaid managed care entities.

23 (4) The Department shall promptly take all actions
24 necessary for reimbursement to be effective for dates of
25 service on and after July 1, 2018 including publishing all
26 appropriate public notices, amendments to the Illinois

1 Title XIX State Plan, and adoption of administrative rules
2 if necessary.

3 (5) As used in this subsection, "managed care days"
4 means costs associated with services rendered to enrollees
5 of Medicaid managed care entities. "Medicaid managed care
6 entities" means any entity which contracts with the
7 Department to provide services paid for on a capitated
8 basis. "Medicaid managed care entities" includes a managed
9 care organization and a managed care community network.

10 (6) All payments under this Section are contingent
11 upon federal approval of changes to the Illinois Title XIX
12 State Plan, if that approval is required.

13 (7) The Department may adopt rules necessary to
14 implement Public Act 100-581 through the use of emergency
15 rulemaking in accordance with subsection (aa) of Section
16 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. For
17 purposes of that Act, the General Assembly finds that the
18 adoption of rules to implement Public Act 100-581 is
19 deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest,
20 safety, and welfare.

21 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-682, eff. 12-10-21.)

22 ARTICLE 30.

23 Section 30-5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
24 changing Section 223 as follows:

1 (35 ILCS 5/223)

2 Sec. 223. Hospital credit.

3 (a) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2012 and
4 ending on or before December 31, 2027 ~~December 31, 2022~~, a
5 taxpayer that is the owner of a hospital licensed under the
6 Hospital Licensing Act, but not including an organization that
7 is exempt from federal income taxes under the Internal Revenue
8 Code, is entitled to a credit against the taxes imposed under
9 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act in an amount
10 equal to the lesser of the amount of real property taxes paid
11 during the tax year on real property used for hospital
12 purposes during the prior tax year or the cost of free or
13 discounted services provided during the tax year pursuant to
14 the hospital's charitable financial assistance policy,
15 measured at cost.

16 (b) If the taxpayer is a partnership or Subchapter S
17 corporation, the credit is allowed to the partners or
18 shareholders in accordance with the determination of income
19 and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704
20 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. A transfer of
21 this credit may be made by the taxpayer earning the credit
22 within one year after the credit is earned in accordance with
23 rules adopted by the Department. The Department shall
24 prescribe rules to enforce and administer provisions of this
25 Section. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability

1 for the year, then the excess credit may be carried forward and
2 applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following
3 the excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the
4 earliest year for which there is a tax liability. If there are
5 credits from more than one tax year that are available to
6 offset a liability, the earlier credit shall be applied first.
7 In no event shall a credit under this Section reduce the
8 taxpayer's liability to less than zero.

9 (Source: P.A. 100-587, eff. 6-4-18.)

10 Section 30-10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing
11 Section 3-8 as follows:

12 (35 ILCS 105/3-8)

13 Sec. 3-8. Hospital exemption.

14 (a) Until July 1, 2027 ~~2022~~, tangible personal property
15 sold to or used by a hospital owner that owns one or more
16 hospitals licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act or
17 operated under the University of Illinois Hospital Act, or a
18 hospital affiliate that is not already exempt under another
19 provision of this Act and meets the criteria for an exemption
20 under this Section, is exempt from taxation under this Act.

21 (b) A hospital owner or hospital affiliate satisfies the
22 conditions for an exemption under this Section if the value of
23 qualified services or activities listed in subsection (c) of
24 this Section for the hospital year equals or exceeds the

1 relevant hospital entity's estimated property tax liability,
2 without regard to any property tax exemption granted under
3 Section 15-86 of the Property Tax Code, for the calendar year
4 in which exemption or renewal of exemption is sought. For
5 purposes of making the calculations required by this
6 subsection (b), if the relevant hospital entity is a hospital
7 owner that owns more than one hospital, the value of the
8 services or activities listed in subsection (c) shall be
9 calculated on the basis of only those services and activities
10 relating to the hospital that includes the subject property,
11 and the relevant hospital entity's estimated property tax
12 liability shall be calculated only with respect to the
13 properties comprising that hospital. In the case of a
14 multi-state hospital system or hospital affiliate, the value
15 of the services or activities listed in subsection (c) shall
16 be calculated on the basis of only those services and
17 activities that occur in Illinois and the relevant hospital
18 entity's estimated property tax liability shall be calculated
19 only with respect to its property located in Illinois.

20 (c) The following services and activities shall be
21 considered for purposes of making the calculations required by
22 subsection (b):

23 (1) Charity care. Free or discounted services provided
24 pursuant to the relevant hospital entity's financial
25 assistance policy, measured at cost, including discounts
26 provided under the Hospital Uninsured Patient Discount

1 Act.

2 (2) Health services to low-income and underserved
3 individuals. Other unreimbursed costs of the relevant
4 hospital entity for providing without charge, paying for,
5 or subsidizing goods, activities, or services for the
6 purpose of addressing the health of low-income or
7 underserved individuals. Those activities or services may
8 include, but are not limited to: financial or in-kind
9 support to affiliated or unaffiliated hospitals, hospital
10 affiliates, community clinics, or programs that treat
11 low-income or underserved individuals; paying for or
12 subsidizing health care professionals who care for
13 low-income or underserved individuals; providing or
14 subsidizing outreach or educational services to low-income
15 or underserved individuals for disease management and
16 prevention; free or subsidized goods, supplies, or
17 services needed by low-income or underserved individuals
18 because of their medical condition; and prenatal or
19 childbirth outreach to low-income or underserved persons.

20 (3) Subsidy of State or local governments. Direct or
21 indirect financial or in-kind subsidies of State or local
22 governments by the relevant hospital entity that pay for
23 or subsidize activities or programs related to health care
24 for low-income or underserved individuals.

25 (4) Support for State health care programs for
26 low-income individuals. At the election of the hospital

1 applicant for each applicable year, either (A) 10% of
2 payments to the relevant hospital entity and any hospital
3 affiliate designated by the relevant hospital entity
4 (provided that such hospital affiliate's operations
5 provide financial or operational support for or receive
6 financial or operational support from the relevant
7 hospital entity) under Medicaid or other means-tested
8 programs, including, but not limited to, General
9 Assistance, the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act,
10 and the State Children's Health Insurance Program or (B)
11 the amount of subsidy provided by the relevant hospital
12 entity and any hospital affiliate designated by the
13 relevant hospital entity (provided that such hospital
14 affiliate's operations provide financial or operational
15 support for or receive financial or operational support
16 from the relevant hospital entity) to State or local
17 government in treating Medicaid recipients and recipients
18 of means-tested programs, including but not limited to
19 General Assistance, the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance
20 Act, and the State Children's Health Insurance Program.
21 The amount of subsidy for purpose of this item (4) is
22 calculated in the same manner as unreimbursed costs are
23 calculated for Medicaid and other means-tested government
24 programs in the Schedule H of IRS Form 990 in effect on the
25 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General
26 Assembly.

1 (5) Dual-eligible subsidy. The amount of subsidy
2 provided to government by treating dual-eligible
3 Medicare/Medicaid patients. The amount of subsidy for
4 purposes of this item (5) is calculated by multiplying the
5 relevant hospital entity's unreimbursed costs for
6 Medicare, calculated in the same manner as determined in
7 the Schedule H of IRS Form 990 in effect on the effective
8 date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly,
9 by the relevant hospital entity's ratio of dual-eligible
10 patients to total Medicare patients.

11 (6) Relief of the burden of government related to
12 health care. Except to the extent otherwise taken into
13 account in this subsection, the portion of unreimbursed
14 costs of the relevant hospital entity attributable to
15 providing, paying for, or subsidizing goods, activities,
16 or services that relieve the burden of government related
17 to health care for low-income individuals. Such activities
18 or services shall include, but are not limited to,
19 providing emergency, trauma, burn, neonatal, psychiatric,
20 rehabilitation, or other special services; providing
21 medical education; and conducting medical research or
22 training of health care professionals. The portion of
23 those unreimbursed costs attributable to benefiting
24 low-income individuals shall be determined using the ratio
25 calculated by adding the relevant hospital entity's costs
26 attributable to charity care, Medicaid, other means-tested

1 government programs, Medicare patients with disabilities
2 under age 65, and dual-eligible Medicare/Medicaid patients
3 and dividing that total by the relevant hospital entity's
4 total costs. Such costs for the numerator and denominator
5 shall be determined by multiplying gross charges by the
6 cost to charge ratio taken from the hospital's most
7 recently filed Medicare cost report (CMS 2252-10
8 Worksheet, Part I). In the case of emergency services, the
9 ratio shall be calculated using costs (gross charges
10 multiplied by the cost to charge ratio taken from the
11 hospital's most recently filed Medicare cost report (CMS
12 2252-10 Worksheet, Part I)) of patients treated in the
13 relevant hospital entity's emergency department.

14 (7) Any other activity by the relevant hospital entity
15 that the Department determines relieves the burden of
16 government or addresses the health of low-income or
17 underserved individuals.

18 (d) The hospital applicant shall include information in
19 its exemption application establishing that it satisfies the
20 requirements of subsection (b). For purposes of making the
21 calculations required by subsection (b), the hospital
22 applicant may for each year elect to use either (1) the value
23 of the services or activities listed in subsection (e) for the
24 hospital year or (2) the average value of those services or
25 activities for the 3 fiscal years ending with the hospital
26 year. If the relevant hospital entity has been in operation

1 for less than 3 completed fiscal years, then the latter
2 calculation, if elected, shall be performed on a pro rata
3 basis.

4 (e) For purposes of making the calculations required by
5 this Section:

6 (1) particular services or activities eligible for
7 consideration under any of the paragraphs (1) through (7)
8 of subsection (c) may not be counted under more than one of
9 those paragraphs; and

10 (2) the amount of unreimbursed costs and the amount of
11 subsidy shall not be reduced by restricted or unrestricted
12 payments received by the relevant hospital entity as
13 contributions deductible under Section 170(a) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code.

15 (f) (Blank).

16 (g) Estimation of Exempt Property Tax Liability. The
17 estimated property tax liability used for the determination in
18 subsection (b) shall be calculated as follows:

19 (1) "Estimated property tax liability" means the
20 estimated dollar amount of property tax that would be
21 owed, with respect to the exempt portion of each of the
22 relevant hospital entity's properties that are already
23 fully or partially exempt, or for which an exemption in
24 whole or in part is currently being sought, and then
25 aggregated as applicable, as if the exempt portion of
26 those properties were subject to tax, calculated with

1 respect to each such property by multiplying:

2 (A) the lesser of (i) the actual assessed value,
3 if any, of the portion of the property for which an
4 exemption is sought or (ii) an estimated assessed
5 value of the exempt portion of such property as
6 determined in item (2) of this subsection (g), by

7 (B) the applicable State equalization rate
8 (yielding the equalized assessed value), by

9 (C) the applicable tax rate.

10 (2) The estimated assessed value of the exempt portion
11 of the property equals the sum of (i) the estimated fair
12 market value of buildings on the property, as determined
13 in accordance with subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this item
14 (2), multiplied by the applicable assessment factor, and
15 (ii) the estimated assessed value of the land portion of
16 the property, as determined in accordance with
17 subparagraph (C).

18 (A) The "estimated fair market value of buildings
19 on the property" means the replacement value of any
20 exempt portion of buildings on the property, minus
21 depreciation, determined utilizing the cost
22 replacement method whereby the exempt square footage
23 of all such buildings is multiplied by the replacement
24 cost per square foot for Class A Average building
25 found in the most recent edition of the Marshall &
26 Swift Valuation Services Manual, adjusted by any

1 appropriate current cost and local multipliers.

2 (B) Depreciation, for purposes of calculating the
3 estimated fair market value of buildings on the
4 property, is applied by utilizing a weighted mean life
5 for the buildings based on original construction and
6 assuming a 40-year life for hospital buildings and the
7 applicable life for other types of buildings as
8 specified in the American Hospital Association
9 publication "Estimated Useful Lives of Depreciable
10 Hospital Assets". In the case of hospital buildings,
11 the remaining life is divided by 40 and this ratio is
12 multiplied by the replacement cost of the buildings to
13 obtain an estimated fair market value of buildings. If
14 a hospital building is older than 35 years, a
15 remaining life of 5 years for residual value is
16 assumed; and if a building is less than 8 years old, a
17 remaining life of 32 years is assumed.

18 (C) The estimated assessed value of the land
19 portion of the property shall be determined by
20 multiplying (i) the per square foot average of the
21 assessed values of three parcels of land (not
22 including farm land, and excluding the assessed value
23 of the improvements thereon) reasonably comparable to
24 the property, by (ii) the number of square feet
25 comprising the exempt portion of the property's land
26 square footage.

1 (3) The assessment factor, State equalization rate,
2 and tax rate (including any special factors such as
3 Enterprise Zones) used in calculating the estimated
4 property tax liability shall be for the most recent year
5 that is publicly available from the applicable chief
6 county assessment officer or officers at least 90 days
7 before the end of the hospital year.

8 (4) The method utilized to calculate estimated
9 property tax liability for purposes of this Section 15-86
10 shall not be utilized for the actual valuation,
11 assessment, or taxation of property pursuant to the
12 Property Tax Code.

13 (h) For the purpose of this Section, the following terms
14 shall have the meanings set forth below:

15 (1) "Hospital" means any institution, place, building,
16 buildings on a campus, or other health care facility
17 located in Illinois that is licensed under the Hospital
18 Licensing Act and has a hospital owner.

19 (2) "Hospital owner" means a not-for-profit
20 corporation that is the titleholder of a hospital, or the
21 owner of the beneficial interest in an Illinois land trust
22 that is the titleholder of a hospital.

23 (3) "Hospital affiliate" means any corporation,
24 partnership, limited partnership, joint venture, limited
25 liability company, association or other organization,
26 other than a hospital owner, that directly or indirectly

1 controls, is controlled by, or is under common control
2 with one or more hospital owners and that supports, is
3 supported by, or acts in furtherance of the exempt health
4 care purposes of at least one of those hospital owners'
5 hospitals.

6 (4) "Hospital system" means a hospital and one or more
7 other hospitals or hospital affiliates related by common
8 control or ownership.

9 (5) "Control" relating to hospital owners, hospital
10 affiliates, or hospital systems means possession, direct
11 or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction
12 of the management and policies of the entity, whether
13 through ownership of assets, membership interest, other
14 voting or governance rights, by contract or otherwise.

15 (6) "Hospital applicant" means a hospital owner or
16 hospital affiliate that files an application for an
17 exemption or renewal of exemption under this Section.

18 (7) "Relevant hospital entity" means (A) the hospital
19 owner, in the case of a hospital applicant that is a
20 hospital owner, and (B) at the election of a hospital
21 applicant that is a hospital affiliate, either (i) the
22 hospital affiliate or (ii) the hospital system to which
23 the hospital applicant belongs, including any hospitals or
24 hospital affiliates that are related by common control or
25 ownership.

26 (8) "Subject property" means property used for the

1 calculation under subsection (b) of this Section.

2 (9) "Hospital year" means the fiscal year of the
3 relevant hospital entity, or the fiscal year of one of the
4 hospital owners in the hospital system if the relevant
5 hospital entity is a hospital system with members with
6 different fiscal years, that ends in the year for which
7 the exemption is sought.

8 (i) It is the intent of the General Assembly that any
9 exemptions taken, granted, or renewed under this Section prior
10 to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th
11 General Assembly are hereby validated.

12 (j) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the
13 exemption under this Section applies on a continuous basis. If
14 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly takes effect
15 after July 1, 2022, any exemptions taken, granted, or renewed
16 under this Section on or after July 1, 2022 and prior to the
17 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
18 Assembly are hereby validated.

19 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 100-1181, eff. 3-8-19.)

20 Section 30-15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by
21 changing Section 3-8 as follows:

22 (35 ILCS 110/3-8)

23 Sec. 3-8. Hospital exemption.

24 (a) Until July 1, 2027 ~~2022~~, tangible personal property

1 sold to or used by a hospital owner that owns one or more
2 hospitals licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act or
3 operated under the University of Illinois Hospital Act, or a
4 hospital affiliate that is not already exempt under another
5 provision of this Act and meets the criteria for an exemption
6 under this Section, is exempt from taxation under this Act.

7 (b) A hospital owner or hospital affiliate satisfies the
8 conditions for an exemption under this Section if the value of
9 qualified services or activities listed in subsection (c) of
10 this Section for the hospital year equals or exceeds the
11 relevant hospital entity's estimated property tax liability,
12 without regard to any property tax exemption granted under
13 Section 15-86 of the Property Tax Code, for the calendar year
14 in which exemption or renewal of exemption is sought. For
15 purposes of making the calculations required by this
16 subsection (b), if the relevant hospital entity is a hospital
17 owner that owns more than one hospital, the value of the
18 services or activities listed in subsection (c) shall be
19 calculated on the basis of only those services and activities
20 relating to the hospital that includes the subject property,
21 and the relevant hospital entity's estimated property tax
22 liability shall be calculated only with respect to the
23 properties comprising that hospital. In the case of a
24 multi-state hospital system or hospital affiliate, the value
25 of the services or activities listed in subsection (c) shall
26 be calculated on the basis of only those services and

1 activities that occur in Illinois and the relevant hospital
2 entity's estimated property tax liability shall be calculated
3 only with respect to its property located in Illinois.

4 (c) The following services and activities shall be
5 considered for purposes of making the calculations required by
6 subsection (b):

7 (1) Charity care. Free or discounted services provided
8 pursuant to the relevant hospital entity's financial
9 assistance policy, measured at cost, including discounts
10 provided under the Hospital Uninsured Patient Discount
11 Act.

12 (2) Health services to low-income and underserved
13 individuals. Other unreimbursed costs of the relevant
14 hospital entity for providing without charge, paying for,
15 or subsidizing goods, activities, or services for the
16 purpose of addressing the health of low-income or
17 underserved individuals. Those activities or services may
18 include, but are not limited to: financial or in-kind
19 support to affiliated or unaffiliated hospitals, hospital
20 affiliates, community clinics, or programs that treat
21 low-income or underserved individuals; paying for or
22 subsidizing health care professionals who care for
23 low-income or underserved individuals; providing or
24 subsidizing outreach or educational services to low-income
25 or underserved individuals for disease management and
26 prevention; free or subsidized goods, supplies, or

1 services needed by low-income or underserved individuals
2 because of their medical condition; and prenatal or
3 childbirth outreach to low-income or underserved persons.

4 (3) Subsidy of State or local governments. Direct or
5 indirect financial or in-kind subsidies of State or local
6 governments by the relevant hospital entity that pay for
7 or subsidize activities or programs related to health care
8 for low-income or underserved individuals.

9 (4) Support for State health care programs for
10 low-income individuals. At the election of the hospital
11 applicant for each applicable year, either (A) 10% of
12 payments to the relevant hospital entity and any hospital
13 affiliate designated by the relevant hospital entity
14 (provided that such hospital affiliate's operations
15 provide financial or operational support for or receive
16 financial or operational support from the relevant
17 hospital entity) under Medicaid or other means-tested
18 programs, including, but not limited to, General
19 Assistance, the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act,
20 and the State Children's Health Insurance Program or (B)
21 the amount of subsidy provided by the relevant hospital
22 entity and any hospital affiliate designated by the
23 relevant hospital entity (provided that such hospital
24 affiliate's operations provide financial or operational
25 support for or receive financial or operational support
26 from the relevant hospital entity) to State or local

1 government in treating Medicaid recipients and recipients
2 of means-tested programs, including but not limited to
3 General Assistance, the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance
4 Act, and the State Children's Health Insurance Program.
5 The amount of subsidy for purposes of this item (4) is
6 calculated in the same manner as unreimbursed costs are
7 calculated for Medicaid and other means-tested government
8 programs in the Schedule H of IRS Form 990 in effect on the
9 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General
10 Assembly.

11 (5) Dual-eligible subsidy. The amount of subsidy
12 provided to government by treating dual-eligible
13 Medicare/Medicaid patients. The amount of subsidy for
14 purposes of this item (5) is calculated by multiplying the
15 relevant hospital entity's unreimbursed costs for
16 Medicare, calculated in the same manner as determined in
17 the Schedule H of IRS Form 990 in effect on the effective
18 date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly,
19 by the relevant hospital entity's ratio of dual-eligible
20 patients to total Medicare patients.

21 (6) Relief of the burden of government related to
22 health care. Except to the extent otherwise taken into
23 account in this subsection, the portion of unreimbursed
24 costs of the relevant hospital entity attributable to
25 providing, paying for, or subsidizing goods, activities,
26 or services that relieve the burden of government related

1 to health care for low-income individuals. Such activities
2 or services shall include, but are not limited to,
3 providing emergency, trauma, burn, neonatal, psychiatric,
4 rehabilitation, or other special services; providing
5 medical education; and conducting medical research or
6 training of health care professionals. The portion of
7 those unreimbursed costs attributable to benefiting
8 low-income individuals shall be determined using the ratio
9 calculated by adding the relevant hospital entity's costs
10 attributable to charity care, Medicaid, other means-tested
11 government programs, Medicare patients with disabilities
12 under age 65, and dual-eligible Medicare/Medicaid patients
13 and dividing that total by the relevant hospital entity's
14 total costs. Such costs for the numerator and denominator
15 shall be determined by multiplying gross charges by the
16 cost to charge ratio taken from the hospital's most
17 recently filed Medicare cost report (CMS 2252-10
18 Worksheet, Part I). In the case of emergency services, the
19 ratio shall be calculated using costs (gross charges
20 multiplied by the cost to charge ratio taken from the
21 hospital's most recently filed Medicare cost report (CMS
22 2252-10 Worksheet, Part I)) of patients treated in the
23 relevant hospital entity's emergency department.

24 (7) Any other activity by the relevant hospital entity
25 that the Department determines relieves the burden of
26 government or addresses the health of low-income or

1 underserved individuals.

2 (d) The hospital applicant shall include information in
3 its exemption application establishing that it satisfies the
4 requirements of subsection (b). For purposes of making the
5 calculations required by subsection (b), the hospital
6 applicant may for each year elect to use either (1) the value
7 of the services or activities listed in subsection (e) for the
8 hospital year or (2) the average value of those services or
9 activities for the 3 fiscal years ending with the hospital
10 year. If the relevant hospital entity has been in operation
11 for less than 3 completed fiscal years, then the latter
12 calculation, if elected, shall be performed on a pro rata
13 basis.

14 (e) For purposes of making the calculations required by
15 this Section:

16 (1) particular services or activities eligible for
17 consideration under any of the paragraphs (1) through (7)
18 of subsection (c) may not be counted under more than one of
19 those paragraphs; and

20 (2) the amount of unreimbursed costs and the amount of
21 subsidy shall not be reduced by restricted or unrestricted
22 payments received by the relevant hospital entity as
23 contributions deductible under Section 170(a) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code.

25 (f) (Blank).

26 (g) Estimation of Exempt Property Tax Liability. The

1 estimated property tax liability used for the determination in
2 subsection (b) shall be calculated as follows:

3 (1) "Estimated property tax liability" means the
4 estimated dollar amount of property tax that would be
5 owed, with respect to the exempt portion of each of the
6 relevant hospital entity's properties that are already
7 fully or partially exempt, or for which an exemption in
8 whole or in part is currently being sought, and then
9 aggregated as applicable, as if the exempt portion of
10 those properties were subject to tax, calculated with
11 respect to each such property by multiplying:

12 (A) the lesser of (i) the actual assessed value,
13 if any, of the portion of the property for which an
14 exemption is sought or (ii) an estimated assessed
15 value of the exempt portion of such property as
16 determined in item (2) of this subsection (g), by

17 (B) the applicable State equalization rate
18 (yielding the equalized assessed value), by

19 (C) the applicable tax rate.

20 (2) The estimated assessed value of the exempt portion
21 of the property equals the sum of (i) the estimated fair
22 market value of buildings on the property, as determined
23 in accordance with subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this item
24 (2), multiplied by the applicable assessment factor, and
25 (ii) the estimated assessed value of the land portion of
26 the property, as determined in accordance with

1 subparagraph (C).

2 (A) The "estimated fair market value of buildings
3 on the property" means the replacement value of any
4 exempt portion of buildings on the property, minus
5 depreciation, determined utilizing the cost
6 replacement method whereby the exempt square footage
7 of all such buildings is multiplied by the replacement
8 cost per square foot for Class A Average building
9 found in the most recent edition of the Marshall &
10 Swift Valuation Services Manual, adjusted by any
11 appropriate current cost and local multipliers.

12 (B) Depreciation, for purposes of calculating the
13 estimated fair market value of buildings on the
14 property, is applied by utilizing a weighted mean life
15 for the buildings based on original construction and
16 assuming a 40-year life for hospital buildings and the
17 applicable life for other types of buildings as
18 specified in the American Hospital Association
19 publication "Estimated Useful Lives of Depreciable
20 Hospital Assets". In the case of hospital buildings,
21 the remaining life is divided by 40 and this ratio is
22 multiplied by the replacement cost of the buildings to
23 obtain an estimated fair market value of buildings. If
24 a hospital building is older than 35 years, a
25 remaining life of 5 years for residual value is
26 assumed; and if a building is less than 8 years old, a

1 remaining life of 32 years is assumed.

2 (C) The estimated assessed value of the land
3 portion of the property shall be determined by
4 multiplying (i) the per square foot average of the
5 assessed values of three parcels of land (not
6 including farm land, and excluding the assessed value
7 of the improvements thereon) reasonably comparable to
8 the property, by (ii) the number of square feet
9 comprising the exempt portion of the property's land
10 square footage.

11 (3) The assessment factor, State equalization rate,
12 and tax rate (including any special factors such as
13 Enterprise Zones) used in calculating the estimated
14 property tax liability shall be for the most recent year
15 that is publicly available from the applicable chief
16 county assessment officer or officers at least 90 days
17 before the end of the hospital year.

18 (4) The method utilized to calculate estimated
19 property tax liability for purposes of this Section 15-86
20 shall not be utilized for the actual valuation,
21 assessment, or taxation of property pursuant to the
22 Property Tax Code.

23 (h) For the purpose of this Section, the following terms
24 shall have the meanings set forth below:

25 (1) "Hospital" means any institution, place, building,
26 buildings on a campus, or other health care facility

1 located in Illinois that is licensed under the Hospital
2 Licensing Act and has a hospital owner.

3 (2) "Hospital owner" means a not-for-profit
4 corporation that is the titleholder of a hospital, or the
5 owner of the beneficial interest in an Illinois land trust
6 that is the titleholder of a hospital.

7 (3) "Hospital affiliate" means any corporation,
8 partnership, limited partnership, joint venture, limited
9 liability company, association or other organization,
10 other than a hospital owner, that directly or indirectly
11 controls, is controlled by, or is under common control
12 with one or more hospital owners and that supports, is
13 supported by, or acts in furtherance of the exempt health
14 care purposes of at least one of those hospital owners'
15 hospitals.

16 (4) "Hospital system" means a hospital and one or more
17 other hospitals or hospital affiliates related by common
18 control or ownership.

19 (5) "Control" relating to hospital owners, hospital
20 affiliates, or hospital systems means possession, direct
21 or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction
22 of the management and policies of the entity, whether
23 through ownership of assets, membership interest, other
24 voting or governance rights, by contract or otherwise.

25 (6) "Hospital applicant" means a hospital owner or
26 hospital affiliate that files an application for an

1 exemption or renewal of exemption under this Section.

2 (7) "Relevant hospital entity" means (A) the hospital
3 owner, in the case of a hospital applicant that is a
4 hospital owner, and (B) at the election of a hospital
5 applicant that is a hospital affiliate, either (i) the
6 hospital affiliate or (ii) the hospital system to which
7 the hospital applicant belongs, including any hospitals or
8 hospital affiliates that are related by common control or
9 ownership.

10 (8) "Subject property" means property used for the
11 calculation under subsection (b) of this Section.

12 (9) "Hospital year" means the fiscal year of the
13 relevant hospital entity, or the fiscal year of one of the
14 hospital owners in the hospital system if the relevant
15 hospital entity is a hospital system with members with
16 different fiscal years, that ends in the year for which
17 the exemption is sought.

18 (i) It is the intent of the General Assembly that any
19 exemptions taken, granted, or renewed under this Section prior
20 to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th
21 General Assembly are hereby validated.

22 (j) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the
23 exemption under this Section applies on a continuous basis. If
24 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly takes effect
25 after July 1, 2022, any exemptions taken, granted, or renewed
26 under this Section on or after July 1, 2022 and prior to the

1 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
2 Assembly are hereby validated.

3 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 100-1181, eff. 3-8-19.)

4 Section 30-20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended
5 by changing Section 3-8 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 115/3-8)

7 Sec. 3-8. Hospital exemption.

8 (a) Until July 1, 2027 ~~2022~~, tangible personal property
9 sold to or used by a hospital owner that owns one or more
10 hospitals licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act or
11 operated under the University of Illinois Hospital Act, or a
12 hospital affiliate that is not already exempt under another
13 provision of this Act and meets the criteria for an exemption
14 under this Section, is exempt from taxation under this Act.

15 (b) A hospital owner or hospital affiliate satisfies the
16 conditions for an exemption under this Section if the value of
17 qualified services or activities listed in subsection (c) of
18 this Section for the hospital year equals or exceeds the
19 relevant hospital entity's estimated property tax liability,
20 without regard to any property tax exemption granted under
21 Section 15-86 of the Property Tax Code, for the calendar year
22 in which exemption or renewal of exemption is sought. For
23 purposes of making the calculations required by this
24 subsection (b), if the relevant hospital entity is a hospital

1 owner that owns more than one hospital, the value of the
2 services or activities listed in subsection (c) shall be
3 calculated on the basis of only those services and activities
4 relating to the hospital that includes the subject property,
5 and the relevant hospital entity's estimated property tax
6 liability shall be calculated only with respect to the
7 properties comprising that hospital. In the case of a
8 multi-state hospital system or hospital affiliate, the value
9 of the services or activities listed in subsection (c) shall
10 be calculated on the basis of only those services and
11 activities that occur in Illinois and the relevant hospital
12 entity's estimated property tax liability shall be calculated
13 only with respect to its property located in Illinois.

14 (c) The following services and activities shall be
15 considered for purposes of making the calculations required by
16 subsection (b):

17 (1) Charity care. Free or discounted services provided
18 pursuant to the relevant hospital entity's financial
19 assistance policy, measured at cost, including discounts
20 provided under the Hospital Uninsured Patient Discount
21 Act.

22 (2) Health services to low-income and underserved
23 individuals. Other unreimbursed costs of the relevant
24 hospital entity for providing without charge, paying for,
25 or subsidizing goods, activities, or services for the
26 purpose of addressing the health of low-income or

1 underserved individuals. Those activities or services may
2 include, but are not limited to: financial or in-kind
3 support to affiliated or unaffiliated hospitals, hospital
4 affiliates, community clinics, or programs that treat
5 low-income or underserved individuals; paying for or
6 subsidizing health care professionals who care for
7 low-income or underserved individuals; providing or
8 subsidizing outreach or educational services to low-income
9 or underserved individuals for disease management and
10 prevention; free or subsidized goods, supplies, or
11 services needed by low-income or underserved individuals
12 because of their medical condition; and prenatal or
13 childbirth outreach to low-income or underserved persons.

14 (3) Subsidy of State or local governments. Direct or
15 indirect financial or in-kind subsidies of State or local
16 governments by the relevant hospital entity that pay for
17 or subsidize activities or programs related to health care
18 for low-income or underserved individuals.

19 (4) Support for State health care programs for
20 low-income individuals. At the election of the hospital
21 applicant for each applicable year, either (A) 10% of
22 payments to the relevant hospital entity and any hospital
23 affiliate designated by the relevant hospital entity
24 (provided that such hospital affiliate's operations
25 provide financial or operational support for or receive
26 financial or operational support from the relevant

1 hospital entity) under Medicaid or other means-tested
2 programs, including, but not limited to, General
3 Assistance, the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act,
4 and the State Children's Health Insurance Program or (B)
5 the amount of subsidy provided by the relevant hospital
6 entity and any hospital affiliate designated by the
7 relevant hospital entity (provided that such hospital
8 affiliate's operations provide financial or operational
9 support for or receive financial or operational support
10 from the relevant hospital entity) to State or local
11 government in treating Medicaid recipients and recipients
12 of means-tested programs, including but not limited to
13 General Assistance, the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance
14 Act, and the State Children's Health Insurance Program.
15 The amount of subsidy for purposes of this item (4) is
16 calculated in the same manner as unreimbursed costs are
17 calculated for Medicaid and other means-tested government
18 programs in the Schedule H of IRS Form 990 in effect on the
19 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General
20 Assembly.

21 (5) Dual-eligible subsidy. The amount of subsidy
22 provided to government by treating dual-eligible
23 Medicare/Medicaid patients. The amount of subsidy for
24 purposes of this item (5) is calculated by multiplying the
25 relevant hospital entity's unreimbursed costs for
26 Medicare, calculated in the same manner as determined in

1 the Schedule H of IRS Form 990 in effect on the effective
2 date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly,
3 by the relevant hospital entity's ratio of dual-eligible
4 patients to total Medicare patients.

5 (6) Relief of the burden of government related to
6 health care. Except to the extent otherwise taken into
7 account in this subsection, the portion of unreimbursed
8 costs of the relevant hospital entity attributable to
9 providing, paying for, or subsidizing goods, activities,
10 or services that relieve the burden of government related
11 to health care for low-income individuals. Such activities
12 or services shall include, but are not limited to,
13 providing emergency, trauma, burn, neonatal, psychiatric,
14 rehabilitation, or other special services; providing
15 medical education; and conducting medical research or
16 training of health care professionals. The portion of
17 those unreimbursed costs attributable to benefiting
18 low-income individuals shall be determined using the ratio
19 calculated by adding the relevant hospital entity's costs
20 attributable to charity care, Medicaid, other means-tested
21 government programs, Medicare patients with disabilities
22 under age 65, and dual-eligible Medicare/Medicaid patients
23 and dividing that total by the relevant hospital entity's
24 total costs. Such costs for the numerator and denominator
25 shall be determined by multiplying gross charges by the
26 cost to charge ratio taken from the hospital's most

1 recently filed Medicare cost report (CMS 2252-10
2 Worksheet, Part I). In the case of emergency services, the
3 ratio shall be calculated using costs (gross charges
4 multiplied by the cost to charge ratio taken from the
5 hospital's most recently filed Medicare cost report (CMS
6 2252-10 Worksheet, Part I)) of patients treated in the
7 relevant hospital entity's emergency department.

8 (7) Any other activity by the relevant hospital entity
9 that the Department determines relieves the burden of
10 government or addresses the health of low-income or
11 underserved individuals.

12 (d) The hospital applicant shall include information in
13 its exemption application establishing that it satisfies the
14 requirements of subsection (b). For purposes of making the
15 calculations required by subsection (b), the hospital
16 applicant may for each year elect to use either (1) the value
17 of the services or activities listed in subsection (e) for the
18 hospital year or (2) the average value of those services or
19 activities for the 3 fiscal years ending with the hospital
20 year. If the relevant hospital entity has been in operation
21 for less than 3 completed fiscal years, then the latter
22 calculation, if elected, shall be performed on a pro rata
23 basis.

24 (e) For purposes of making the calculations required by
25 this Section:

26 (1) particular services or activities eligible for

1 consideration under any of the paragraphs (1) through (7)
2 of subsection (c) may not be counted under more than one of
3 those paragraphs; and

4 (2) the amount of unreimbursed costs and the amount of
5 subsidy shall not be reduced by restricted or unrestricted
6 payments received by the relevant hospital entity as
7 contributions deductible under Section 170(a) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code.

9 (f) (Blank).

10 (g) Estimation of Exempt Property Tax Liability. The
11 estimated property tax liability used for the determination in
12 subsection (b) shall be calculated as follows:

13 (1) "Estimated property tax liability" means the
14 estimated dollar amount of property tax that would be
15 owed, with respect to the exempt portion of each of the
16 relevant hospital entity's properties that are already
17 fully or partially exempt, or for which an exemption in
18 whole or in part is currently being sought, and then
19 aggregated as applicable, as if the exempt portion of
20 those properties were subject to tax, calculated with
21 respect to each such property by multiplying:

22 (A) the lesser of (i) the actual assessed value,
23 if any, of the portion of the property for which an
24 exemption is sought or (ii) an estimated assessed
25 value of the exempt portion of such property as
26 determined in item (2) of this subsection (g), by

1 (B) the applicable State equalization rate
2 (yielding the equalized assessed value), by

3 (C) the applicable tax rate.

4 (2) The estimated assessed value of the exempt portion
5 of the property equals the sum of (i) the estimated fair
6 market value of buildings on the property, as determined
7 in accordance with subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this item
8 (2), multiplied by the applicable assessment factor, and
9 (ii) the estimated assessed value of the land portion of
10 the property, as determined in accordance with
11 subparagraph (C).

12 (A) The "estimated fair market value of buildings
13 on the property" means the replacement value of any
14 exempt portion of buildings on the property, minus
15 depreciation, determined utilizing the cost
16 replacement method whereby the exempt square footage
17 of all such buildings is multiplied by the replacement
18 cost per square foot for Class A Average building
19 found in the most recent edition of the Marshall &
20 Swift Valuation Services Manual, adjusted by any
21 appropriate current cost and local multipliers.

22 (B) Depreciation, for purposes of calculating the
23 estimated fair market value of buildings on the
24 property, is applied by utilizing a weighted mean life
25 for the buildings based on original construction and
26 assuming a 40-year life for hospital buildings and the

1 applicable life for other types of buildings as
2 specified in the American Hospital Association
3 publication "Estimated Useful Lives of Depreciable
4 Hospital Assets". In the case of hospital buildings,
5 the remaining life is divided by 40 and this ratio is
6 multiplied by the replacement cost of the buildings to
7 obtain an estimated fair market value of buildings. If
8 a hospital building is older than 35 years, a
9 remaining life of 5 years for residual value is
10 assumed; and if a building is less than 8 years old, a
11 remaining life of 32 years is assumed.

12 (C) The estimated assessed value of the land
13 portion of the property shall be determined by
14 multiplying (i) the per square foot average of the
15 assessed values of three parcels of land (not
16 including farm land, and excluding the assessed value
17 of the improvements thereon) reasonably comparable to
18 the property, by (ii) the number of square feet
19 comprising the exempt portion of the property's land
20 square footage.

21 (3) The assessment factor, State equalization rate,
22 and tax rate (including any special factors such as
23 Enterprise Zones) used in calculating the estimated
24 property tax liability shall be for the most recent year
25 that is publicly available from the applicable chief
26 county assessment officer or officers at least 90 days

1 before the end of the hospital year.

2 (4) The method utilized to calculate estimated
3 property tax liability for purposes of this Section 15-86
4 shall not be utilized for the actual valuation,
5 assessment, or taxation of property pursuant to the
6 Property Tax Code.

7 (h) For the purpose of this Section, the following terms
8 shall have the meanings set forth below:

9 (1) "Hospital" means any institution, place, building,
10 buildings on a campus, or other health care facility
11 located in Illinois that is licensed under the Hospital
12 Licensing Act and has a hospital owner.

13 (2) "Hospital owner" means a not-for-profit
14 corporation that is the titleholder of a hospital, or the
15 owner of the beneficial interest in an Illinois land trust
16 that is the titleholder of a hospital.

17 (3) "Hospital affiliate" means any corporation,
18 partnership, limited partnership, joint venture, limited
19 liability company, association or other organization,
20 other than a hospital owner, that directly or indirectly
21 controls, is controlled by, or is under common control
22 with one or more hospital owners and that supports, is
23 supported by, or acts in furtherance of the exempt health
24 care purposes of at least one of those hospital owners'
25 hospitals.

26 (4) "Hospital system" means a hospital and one or more

1 other hospitals or hospital affiliates related by common
2 control or ownership.

3 (5) "Control" relating to hospital owners, hospital
4 affiliates, or hospital systems means possession, direct
5 or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction
6 of the management and policies of the entity, whether
7 through ownership of assets, membership interest, other
8 voting or governance rights, by contract or otherwise.

9 (6) "Hospital applicant" means a hospital owner or
10 hospital affiliate that files an application for an
11 exemption or renewal of exemption under this Section.

12 (7) "Relevant hospital entity" means (A) the hospital
13 owner, in the case of a hospital applicant that is a
14 hospital owner, and (B) at the election of a hospital
15 applicant that is a hospital affiliate, either (i) the
16 hospital affiliate or (ii) the hospital system to which
17 the hospital applicant belongs, including any hospitals or
18 hospital affiliates that are related by common control or
19 ownership.

20 (8) "Subject property" means property used for the
21 calculation under subsection (b) of this Section.

22 (9) "Hospital year" means the fiscal year of the
23 relevant hospital entity, or the fiscal year of one of the
24 hospital owners in the hospital system if the relevant
25 hospital entity is a hospital system with members with
26 different fiscal years, that ends in the year for which

1 the exemption is sought.

2 (i) It is the intent of the General Assembly that any
3 exemptions taken, granted, or renewed under this Section prior
4 to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th
5 General Assembly are hereby validated.

6 (j) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the
7 exemption under this Section applies on a continuous basis. If
8 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly takes effect
9 after July 1, 2022, any exemptions taken, granted, or renewed
10 under this Section on or after July 1, 2022 and prior to the
11 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
12 Assembly are hereby validated.

13 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 100-1181, eff. 3-8-19.)

14 Section 30-25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is
15 amended by changing Section 2-9 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 120/2-9)

17 Sec. 2-9. Hospital exemption.

18 (a) Until July 1, 2027 ~~2022~~, tangible personal property
19 sold to or used by a hospital owner that owns one or more
20 hospitals licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act or
21 operated under the University of Illinois Hospital Act, or a
22 hospital affiliate that is not already exempt under another
23 provision of this Act and meets the criteria for an exemption
24 under this Section, is exempt from taxation under this Act.

1 (b) A hospital owner or hospital affiliate satisfies the
2 conditions for an exemption under this Section if the value of
3 qualified services or activities listed in subsection (c) of
4 this Section for the hospital year equals or exceeds the
5 relevant hospital entity's estimated property tax liability,
6 without regard to any property tax exemption granted under
7 Section 15-86 of the Property Tax Code, for the calendar year
8 in which exemption or renewal of exemption is sought. For
9 purposes of making the calculations required by this
10 subsection (b), if the relevant hospital entity is a hospital
11 owner that owns more than one hospital, the value of the
12 services or activities listed in subsection (c) shall be
13 calculated on the basis of only those services and activities
14 relating to the hospital that includes the subject property,
15 and the relevant hospital entity's estimated property tax
16 liability shall be calculated only with respect to the
17 properties comprising that hospital. In the case of a
18 multi-state hospital system or hospital affiliate, the value
19 of the services or activities listed in subsection (c) shall
20 be calculated on the basis of only those services and
21 activities that occur in Illinois and the relevant hospital
22 entity's estimated property tax liability shall be calculated
23 only with respect to its property located in Illinois.

24 (c) The following services and activities shall be
25 considered for purposes of making the calculations required by
26 subsection (b):

1 (1) Charity care. Free or discounted services provided
2 pursuant to the relevant hospital entity's financial
3 assistance policy, measured at cost, including discounts
4 provided under the Hospital Uninsured Patient Discount
5 Act.

6 (2) Health services to low-income and underserved
7 individuals. Other unreimbursed costs of the relevant
8 hospital entity for providing without charge, paying for,
9 or subsidizing goods, activities, or services for the
10 purpose of addressing the health of low-income or
11 underserved individuals. Those activities or services may
12 include, but are not limited to: financial or in-kind
13 support to affiliated or unaffiliated hospitals, hospital
14 affiliates, community clinics, or programs that treat
15 low-income or underserved individuals; paying for or
16 subsidizing health care professionals who care for
17 low-income or underserved individuals; providing or
18 subsidizing outreach or educational services to low-income
19 or underserved individuals for disease management and
20 prevention; free or subsidized goods, supplies, or
21 services needed by low-income or underserved individuals
22 because of their medical condition; and prenatal or
23 childbirth outreach to low-income or underserved persons.

24 (3) Subsidy of State or local governments. Direct or
25 indirect financial or in-kind subsidies of State or local
26 governments by the relevant hospital entity that pay for

1 or subsidize activities or programs related to health care
2 for low-income or underserved individuals.

3 (4) Support for State health care programs for
4 low-income individuals. At the election of the hospital
5 applicant for each applicable year, either (A) 10% of
6 payments to the relevant hospital entity and any hospital
7 affiliate designated by the relevant hospital entity
8 (provided that such hospital affiliate's operations
9 provide financial or operational support for or receive
10 financial or operational support from the relevant
11 hospital entity) under Medicaid or other means-tested
12 programs, including, but not limited to, General
13 Assistance, the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act,
14 and the State Children's Health Insurance Program or (B)
15 the amount of subsidy provided by the relevant hospital
16 entity and any hospital affiliate designated by the
17 relevant hospital entity (provided that such hospital
18 affiliate's operations provide financial or operational
19 support for or receive financial or operational support
20 from the relevant hospital entity) to State or local
21 government in treating Medicaid recipients and recipients
22 of means-tested programs, including but not limited to
23 General Assistance, the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance
24 Act, and the State Children's Health Insurance Program.
25 The amount of subsidy for purposes of this item (4) is
26 calculated in the same manner as unreimbursed costs are

1 calculated for Medicaid and other means-tested government
2 programs in the Schedule H of IRS Form 990 in effect on the
3 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General
4 Assembly.

5 (5) Dual-eligible subsidy. The amount of subsidy
6 provided to government by treating dual-eligible
7 Medicare/Medicaid patients. The amount of subsidy for
8 purposes of this item (5) is calculated by multiplying the
9 relevant hospital entity's unreimbursed costs for
10 Medicare, calculated in the same manner as determined in
11 the Schedule H of IRS Form 990 in effect on the effective
12 date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly,
13 by the relevant hospital entity's ratio of dual-eligible
14 patients to total Medicare patients.

15 (6) Relief of the burden of government related to
16 health care. Except to the extent otherwise taken into
17 account in this subsection, the portion of unreimbursed
18 costs of the relevant hospital entity attributable to
19 providing, paying for, or subsidizing goods, activities,
20 or services that relieve the burden of government related
21 to health care for low-income individuals. Such activities
22 or services shall include, but are not limited to,
23 providing emergency, trauma, burn, neonatal, psychiatric,
24 rehabilitation, or other special services; providing
25 medical education; and conducting medical research or
26 training of health care professionals. The portion of

1 those unreimbursed costs attributable to benefiting
2 low-income individuals shall be determined using the ratio
3 calculated by adding the relevant hospital entity's costs
4 attributable to charity care, Medicaid, other means-tested
5 government programs, Medicare patients with disabilities
6 under age 65, and dual-eligible Medicare/Medicaid patients
7 and dividing that total by the relevant hospital entity's
8 total costs. Such costs for the numerator and denominator
9 shall be determined by multiplying gross charges by the
10 cost to charge ratio taken from the hospital's most
11 recently filed Medicare cost report (CMS 2252-10
12 Worksheet, Part I). In the case of emergency services, the
13 ratio shall be calculated using costs (gross charges
14 multiplied by the cost to charge ratio taken from the
15 hospital's most recently filed Medicare cost report (CMS
16 2252-10 Worksheet, Part I)) of patients treated in the
17 relevant hospital entity's emergency department.

18 (7) Any other activity by the relevant hospital entity
19 that the Department determines relieves the burden of
20 government or addresses the health of low-income or
21 underserved individuals.

22 (d) The hospital applicant shall include information in
23 its exemption application establishing that it satisfies the
24 requirements of subsection (b). For purposes of making the
25 calculations required by subsection (b), the hospital
26 applicant may for each year elect to use either (1) the value

1 of the services or activities listed in subsection (e) for the
2 hospital year or (2) the average value of those services or
3 activities for the 3 fiscal years ending with the hospital
4 year. If the relevant hospital entity has been in operation
5 for less than 3 completed fiscal years, then the latter
6 calculation, if elected, shall be performed on a pro rata
7 basis.

8 (e) For purposes of making the calculations required by
9 this Section:

10 (1) particular services or activities eligible for
11 consideration under any of the paragraphs (1) through (7)
12 of subsection (c) may not be counted under more than one of
13 those paragraphs; and

14 (2) the amount of unreimbursed costs and the amount of
15 subsidy shall not be reduced by restricted or unrestricted
16 payments received by the relevant hospital entity as
17 contributions deductible under Section 170(a) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code.

19 (f) (Blank).

20 (g) Estimation of Exempt Property Tax Liability. The
21 estimated property tax liability used for the determination in
22 subsection (b) shall be calculated as follows:

23 (1) "Estimated property tax liability" means the
24 estimated dollar amount of property tax that would be
25 owed, with respect to the exempt portion of each of the
26 relevant hospital entity's properties that are already

1 fully or partially exempt, or for which an exemption in
2 whole or in part is currently being sought, and then
3 aggregated as applicable, as if the exempt portion of
4 those properties were subject to tax, calculated with
5 respect to each such property by multiplying:

6 (A) the lesser of (i) the actual assessed value,
7 if any, of the portion of the property for which an
8 exemption is sought or (ii) an estimated assessed
9 value of the exempt portion of such property as
10 determined in item (2) of this subsection (g), by

11 (B) the applicable State equalization rate
12 (yielding the equalized assessed value), by

13 (C) the applicable tax rate.

14 (2) The estimated assessed value of the exempt portion
15 of the property equals the sum of (i) the estimated fair
16 market value of buildings on the property, as determined
17 in accordance with subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this item
18 (2), multiplied by the applicable assessment factor, and
19 (ii) the estimated assessed value of the land portion of
20 the property, as determined in accordance with
21 subparagraph (C).

22 (A) The "estimated fair market value of buildings
23 on the property" means the replacement value of any
24 exempt portion of buildings on the property, minus
25 depreciation, determined utilizing the cost
26 replacement method whereby the exempt square footage

1 of all such buildings is multiplied by the replacement
2 cost per square foot for Class A Average building
3 found in the most recent edition of the Marshall &
4 Swift Valuation Services Manual, adjusted by any
5 appropriate current cost and local multipliers.

6 (B) Depreciation, for purposes of calculating the
7 estimated fair market value of buildings on the
8 property, is applied by utilizing a weighted mean life
9 for the buildings based on original construction and
10 assuming a 40-year life for hospital buildings and the
11 applicable life for other types of buildings as
12 specified in the American Hospital Association
13 publication "Estimated Useful Lives of Depreciable
14 Hospital Assets". In the case of hospital buildings,
15 the remaining life is divided by 40 and this ratio is
16 multiplied by the replacement cost of the buildings to
17 obtain an estimated fair market value of buildings. If
18 a hospital building is older than 35 years, a
19 remaining life of 5 years for residual value is
20 assumed; and if a building is less than 8 years old, a
21 remaining life of 32 years is assumed.

22 (C) The estimated assessed value of the land
23 portion of the property shall be determined by
24 multiplying (i) the per square foot average of the
25 assessed values of three parcels of land (not
26 including farm land, and excluding the assessed value

1 of the improvements thereon) reasonably comparable to
2 the property, by (ii) the number of square feet
3 comprising the exempt portion of the property's land
4 square footage.

5 (3) The assessment factor, State equalization rate,
6 and tax rate (including any special factors such as
7 Enterprise Zones) used in calculating the estimated
8 property tax liability shall be for the most recent year
9 that is publicly available from the applicable chief
10 county assessment officer or officers at least 90 days
11 before the end of the hospital year.

12 (4) The method utilized to calculate estimated
13 property tax liability for purposes of this Section 15-86
14 shall not be utilized for the actual valuation,
15 assessment, or taxation of property pursuant to the
16 Property Tax Code.

17 (h) For the purpose of this Section, the following terms
18 shall have the meanings set forth below:

19 (1) "Hospital" means any institution, place, building,
20 buildings on a campus, or other health care facility
21 located in Illinois that is licensed under the Hospital
22 Licensing Act and has a hospital owner.

23 (2) "Hospital owner" means a not-for-profit
24 corporation that is the titleholder of a hospital, or the
25 owner of the beneficial interest in an Illinois land trust
26 that is the titleholder of a hospital.

1 (3) "Hospital affiliate" means any corporation,
2 partnership, limited partnership, joint venture, limited
3 liability company, association or other organization,
4 other than a hospital owner, that directly or indirectly
5 controls, is controlled by, or is under common control
6 with one or more hospital owners and that supports, is
7 supported by, or acts in furtherance of the exempt health
8 care purposes of at least one of those hospital owners'
9 hospitals.

10 (4) "Hospital system" means a hospital and one or more
11 other hospitals or hospital affiliates related by common
12 control or ownership.

13 (5) "Control" relating to hospital owners, hospital
14 affiliates, or hospital systems means possession, direct
15 or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction
16 of the management and policies of the entity, whether
17 through ownership of assets, membership interest, other
18 voting or governance rights, by contract or otherwise.

19 (6) "Hospital applicant" means a hospital owner or
20 hospital affiliate that files an application for an
21 exemption or renewal of exemption under this Section.

22 (7) "Relevant hospital entity" means (A) the hospital
23 owner, in the case of a hospital applicant that is a
24 hospital owner, and (B) at the election of a hospital
25 applicant that is a hospital affiliate, either (i) the
26 hospital affiliate or (ii) the hospital system to which

1 the hospital applicant belongs, including any hospitals or
2 hospital affiliates that are related by common control or
3 ownership.

4 (8) "Subject property" means property used for the
5 calculation under subsection (b) of this Section.

6 (9) "Hospital year" means the fiscal year of the
7 relevant hospital entity, or the fiscal year of one of the
8 hospital owners in the hospital system if the relevant
9 hospital entity is a hospital system with members with
10 different fiscal years, that ends in the year for which
11 the exemption is sought.

12 (i) It is the intent of the General Assembly that any
13 exemptions taken, granted, or renewed under this Section prior
14 to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th
15 General Assembly are hereby validated.

16 (j) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the
17 exemption under this Section applies on a continuous basis. If
18 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly takes effect
19 after July 1, 2022, any exemptions taken, granted, or renewed
20 under this Section on or after July 1, 2022 and prior to the
21 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
22 Assembly are hereby validated.

23 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 100-1181, eff. 3-8-19.)

24 ARTICLE 999.

25 Section 999-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

1 becoming law.