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1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of 5 Marriage Act is amended by changing Sections 502 and 504 as 6 follows:

7 (750 ILCS 5/502) (from Ch. 40, par. 502)

8 Sec. 502. Agreement.

9 (a) To promote amicable settlement of disputes between parties to a marriage attendant upon the dissolution of their 10 marriage, the parties may enter into an agreement containing 11 provisions for disposition of any property owned by either of 12 13 them, maintenance of either of them, support, parental 14 responsibility allocation of their children, and support of their children as provided in Sections 513 and 513.5 after the 15 16 children attain majority. The parties may also enter into an 17 agreement allocating the sole or joint ownership of or responsibility for a companion animal. As used in this 18 19 Section, "companion animal" does not include a service animal as defined in Section 2.01c of the Humane Care for Animals Act. 20 21 Any agreement pursuant to this Section must be in writing, 22 except for good cause shown with the approval of the court, before proceeding to an oral prove up. 23

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(b) The terms of the agreement, except those providing for 1 2 and parental responsibility allocation of the support children, are binding upon the court unless it finds, after 3 considering the economic circumstances of the parties and any 4 5 other relevant evidence produced by the parties, on their own motion or on request of the court, that the agreement is 6 unconscionable. Any agreement or provision of an agreement 7 regarding the disposition of maintenance is unconscionable if 8 9 the obligor is the petitioner for an order of protection under the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 and the obligee is 10 11 the respondent to the petition for the order of protection. 12 The terms of the agreement incorporated into the judgment are binding if there is any conflict between the terms of the 13 agreement and any testimony made at an uncontested prove-up 14 15 hearing on the grounds or the substance of the agreement.

16 (c) If the court finds the agreement unconscionable, it 17 may request the parties to submit a revised agreement or upon hearing, may make orders for the disposition of property, 18 19 maintenance, child support and other matters. If the agreement 20 is unconscionable under subsection (b) due to an order of 21 protection under the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, 22 the court shall require the parties to submit a revised 23 agreement, as it relates to the disposition of maintenance, or upon hearing, shall deny any order or provision of an order for 24 25 the disposition of maintenance.

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(d) Unless the agreement provides to the contrary, its

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terms shall be set forth in the judgment, and the parties shall be ordered to perform under such terms, or if the agreement provides that its terms shall not be set forth in the judgment, the judgment shall identify the agreement and state that the court has approved its terms.

6 (e) Terms of the agreement set forth in the judgment are 7 enforceable by all remedies available for enforcement of a 8 judgment, including contempt, and are enforceable as contract 9 terms.

10 (f) Child support, support of children as provided in 11 Sections 513 and 513.5 after the children attain majority, and 12 parental responsibility allocation of children may be modified 13 upon a showing of a substantial change in circumstances. The 14 parties may provide that maintenance is non-modifiable in 15 amount, duration, or both. If the parties do not provide that 16 maintenance is non-modifiable in amount, duration, or both, 17 then those terms are modifiable upon a substantial change of circumstances. Property provisions of an agreement are never 18 19 modifiable. The judgment may expressly preclude or limit 20 modification of other terms set forth in the judgment if the agreement so provides. Otherwise, terms of an agreement set 21 22 forth in the judgment are automatically modified by 23 modification of the judgment.

24 (Source: P.A. 99-90, eff. 1-1-16; 99-763, eff. 1-1-17; 25 100-422, eff. 1-1-18.)

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(750 ILCS 5/504) (from Ch. 40, par. 504)

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Sec. 504. Maintenance.

3 Entitlement to maintenance. In a proceeding (a) for dissolution of marriage, legal separation, declaration of 4 5 invalidity of marriage, or dissolution of a civil union, a proceeding for maintenance following a legal separation or 6 7 dissolution of the marriage or civil union by a court which 8 lacked personal jurisdiction over the absent spouse, а 9 for modification of a previous proceeding order for 10 maintenance under Section 510 of this Act, or any proceeding 11 authorized under Section 501 of this Act, the court may grant a 12 maintenance award for either spouse in amounts and for periods 13 of time as the court deems just, without regard to marital 14 misconduct unless the marital misconduct involves an order of protection under the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, 15 16 and the maintenance may be paid from the income or property of 17 the other spouse. The court shall first make a finding as to 18 whether а maintenance award is appropriate, after 19 consideration of all relevant factors, including:

(1) the income and property of each party, including marital property apportioned and non-marital property assigned to the party seeking maintenance as well as all financial obligations imposed on the parties as a result of the dissolution of marriage;

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(2) the needs of each party;

(3) the realistic present and future earning capacity

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1 of each party;

(4) any impairment of the present and future earning
capacity of the party seeking maintenance due to that
party devoting time to domestic duties or having forgone
or delayed education, training, employment, or career
opportunities due to the marriage;

7 (5) any impairment of the realistic present or future 8 earning capacity of the party against whom maintenance is 9 sought;

10 (6) the time necessary to enable the party seeking 11 maintenance to acquire appropriate education, training, 12 and employment, and whether that party is able to support 13 himself or herself through appropriate employment;

14 (6.1) the effect of any parental responsibility 15 arrangements and its effect on a party's ability to seek 16 or maintain employment;

17 (7) the standard of living established during the 18 marriage;

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(8) the duration of the marriage;

(9) the age, health, station, occupation, amount and
sources of income, vocational skills, employability,
estate, liabilities, and the needs of each of the parties;

(10) all sources of public and private income including, without limitation, disability and retirement income;

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(11) the tax consequences to each party;

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(12) contributions and services by the party seeking
 maintenance to the education, training, career or career
 potential, or license of the other spouse;

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(13) any valid agreement of the parties; and

5 (14) any other factor that the court expressly finds
6 to be just and equitable.

A court shall not grant a maintenance award to a spouse who is the respondent to a petition for an order of protection under the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 if the petitioner is granted an order of protection and is the intended obligor and the respondent is the intended obligee.

12 (b) (Blank).

(b-1) Amount and duration of maintenance. Unless the court 13 14 finds that a maintenance award is appropriate, it shall bar 15 maintenance as to the party seeking maintenance regardless of 16 the length of the marriage at the time the action was 17 commenced. Only if the court finds that a maintenance award is appropriate, the court shall order guideline maintenance in 18 19 accordance with paragraph (1) or non-guideline maintenance in accordance with paragraph (2) of this subsection (b-1). If the 20 application of quideline maintenance results in a combined 21 22 maintenance and child support obligation that exceeds 50% of 23 the payor's net income, the court may determine non-quideline in accordance with paragraph 24 maintenance (2) of this 25 subsection (b-1), non-guideline child support in accordance with paragraph (3.4) of subsection (a) of Section 505, or 26

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1 both.

2 (1) Maintenance award in accordance with guidelines. 3 If the combined gross annual income of the parties is less than \$500,000 and the payor has no obligation to pay child 4 5 support or maintenance or both from a prior relationship, 6 maintenance payable after the date the parties' marriage 7 is dissolved shall be in accordance with subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph (1), unless the court makes a 8 9 finding that the application of the guidelines would be 10 inappropriate.

11 (A) The amount of maintenance under this paragraph 12 (1) shall be calculated by taking 33 1/3% of the payor's net annual income minus 25% of the payee's net 13 14 annual income. The amount calculated as maintenance, 15 however, when added to the net income of the payee, 16 shall not result in the payee receiving an amount that 17 is in excess of 40% of the combined net income of the 18 parties.

(A-1) Modification of maintenance orders entered 19 before January 1, 2019 that are and continue to be 20 21 eligible for inclusion in the gross income of the 22 payee for federal income tax purposes and deductible by the payor shall be calculated by taking 30% of the 23 24 payor's gross annual income minus 20% of the payee's gross annual income, unless both parties expressly 25 26 provide otherwise in the modification order. The

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- amount calculated as maintenance, however, when added to the gross income of the payee, may not result in the payee receiving an amount that is in excess of 40% of the combined gross income of the parties.
- 5 (B) The duration of an award under this paragraph 6 (1) shall be calculated by multiplying the length of 7 the marriage at the time the action was commenced by whichever of the following factors applies: less than 8 9 5 years (.20); 5 years or more but less than 6 years 10 (.24); 6 years or more but less than 7 years (.28); 7 11 years or more but less than 8 years (.32); 8 years or 12 more but less than 9 years (.36); 9 years or more but less than 10 years (.40); 10 years or more but less 13 14 than 11 years (.44); 11 years or more but less than 12 15 years (.48); 12 years or more but less than 13 years 16 (.52); 13 years or more but less than 14 years (.56); 17 14 years or more but less than 15 years (.60); 15 years 18 or more but less than 16 years (.64); 16 years or more 19 but less than 17 years (.68); 17 years or more but less 20 than 18 years (.72); 18 years or more but less than 19 21 years (.76); 19 years or more but less than 20 years 22 (.80). For a marriage of 20 or more years, the court, 23 in its discretion, shall order maintenance for a 24 period equal to the length of the marriage or for an 25 indefinite term.

(1.5) In the discretion of the court, any term of

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temporary maintenance paid by court order under Section may be a corresponding credit to the duration of maintenance set forth in subparagraph (b-1)(1)(B).

4 (2) Maintenance award not in accordance with 5 guidelines. Any non-guidelines award of maintenance shall 6 be made after the court's consideration of all relevant 7 factors set forth in subsection (a) of this Section.

8 (b-2) Findings. In each case involving the issue of 9 maintenance, the court shall make specific findings of fact, 10 as follows:

(1) the court shall state its reasoning for awarding or not awarding maintenance and shall include references to each relevant factor set forth in subsection (a) of this Section;

(2) if the court deviates from applicable guidelines under paragraph (1) of subsection (b-1), it shall state in its findings the amount of maintenance (if determinable) or duration that would have been required under the guidelines and the reasoning for any variance from the guidelines; and

21 (3) the court shall state whether the maintenance is 22 fixed-term, indefinite, reviewable, or reserved by the 23 court.

(b-3) Gross income. For purposes of this Section, the term
"gross income" means all income from all sources, within the
scope of that phrase in Section 505 of this Act, except

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1 maintenance payments in the pending proceedings shall not be 2 included.

3 (b-3.5) Net income. As used in this Section, "net income" 4 has the meaning provided in Section 505 of this Act, except 5 maintenance payments in the pending proceedings shall not be 6 included.

7 (b-4) Modification of maintenance orders entered before 8 January 1, 2019. For any order for maintenance or unallocated 9 maintenance and child support entered before January 1, 2019 10 that is modified after December 31, 2018, payments thereunder 11 shall continue to retain the same tax treatment for federal 12 income tax purposes unless both parties expressly agree otherwise and the agreement is included in the modification 13 14 order.

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(b-4.5) Maintenance designation.

16 (1)Fixed-term maintenance. If а court grants 17 maintenance for a fixed term, the court shall designate termination of the period during which this 18 the 19 maintenance is to be paid. Maintenance is barred after the 20 end of the period during which fixed-term maintenance is 21 to be paid.

(2) Indefinite maintenance. If a court grants
maintenance for an indefinite term, the court shall not
designate a termination date. Indefinite maintenance shall
continue until modification or termination under Section
510.

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(3) Reviewable maintenance. Ιf 1 а court grants maintenance for a specific term with a review, the court 2 3 shall designate the period of the specific term and state that the maintenance is reviewable. Upon review, the court 4 5 shall make a finding in accordance with subdivision (b-8) of this Section, unless the maintenance is modified or 6 7 terminated under Section 510.

8 (b-5) Interest on maintenance. Any maintenance obligation 9 including any unallocated maintenance and child support 10 obligation, or any portion of any support obligation, that 11 becomes due and remains unpaid shall accrue simple interest as 12 set forth in Section 505 of this Act.

13 (b-7) Maintenance judgments. Any new or existing 14 maintenance order including any unallocated maintenance and 15 child support order entered by the court under this Section 16 shall be deemed to be a series of judgments against the person 17 obligated to pay support thereunder. Each such judgment to be in the amount of each payment or installment of support and 18 each such judgment to be deemed entered as of the date the 19 20 corresponding payment or installment becomes due under the 21 terms of the support order, except no judgment shall arise as 22 to any installment coming due after the termination of 23 maintenance as provided by Section 510 of the Illinois 24 Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act or the provisions of 25 any order for maintenance. Each such judgment shall have the 26 full force, effect and attributes of any other judgment of

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1 this State, including the ability to be enforced. Notwithstanding any other State or local law to the contrary, 2 3 a lien arises by operation of law against the real and personal property of the obligor for each installment of overdue 4 5 support owed by the obligor.

(b-8) Review of maintenance. Upon review of any previously 6 ordered maintenance award, the court may extend maintenance 7 8 further review, extend maintenance for fixed for а 9 non-modifiable term, extend maintenance for an indefinite 10 term, or permanently terminate maintenance in accordance with 11 subdivision (b-1)(1)(A) of this Section.

12 (c) Maintenance during an appeal. The court may grant and 13 enforce the payment of maintenance during the pendency of an 14 appeal as the court shall deem reasonable and proper.

15 (d) Maintenance during imprisonment. No maintenance shall 16 accrue during the period in which a party is imprisoned for 17 failure to comply with the court's order for the payment of 18 such maintenance.

19 (e) Fees when maintenance is paid through the clerk. When 20 maintenance is to be paid through the clerk of the court in a county of 500,000 inhabitants or less, the order shall direct 21 22 the obligor to pay to the clerk, in addition to the maintenance 23 payments, all fees imposed by the county board under paragraph (4) of subsection (bb) of Section 27.1a of the Clerks of Courts 24 25 Act. When maintenance is to be paid through the clerk of the court in a county of more than 500,000 but less than 3,000,000 26

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inhabitants, the order shall direct the obligor to pay to the clerk, in addition to the maintenance payments, all fees imposed by the county board under paragraph (4) of subsection (bb) of Section 27.2 of the Clerks of Courts Act. Unless paid in cash or pursuant to an order for withholding, the payment of the fee shall be by a separate instrument from the support payment and shall be made to the order of the Clerk.

8 Maintenance secured by life insurance. An award (f) 9 ordered by a court upon entry of a dissolution judgment or upon 10 entry of an award of maintenance following a reservation of 11 maintenance in a dissolution judgment may be reasonably 12 secured, in whole or in part, by life insurance on the payor's life on terms as to which the parties agree or, if the parties 13 14 do not agree, on such terms determined by the court, subject to 15 the following:

16 (1) With respect to existing life insurance, provided 17 the court is apprised through evidence, stipulation, or 18 otherwise as to level of death benefits, premium, and 19 other relevant data and makes findings relative thereto, 20 the court may allocate death benefits, the right to assign 21 death benefits, or the obligation for future premium 22 payments between the parties as it deems just.

(2) To the extent the court determines that its award
should be secured, in whole or in part, by new life
insurance on the payor's life, the court may only order:
(i) that the payor cooperate on all appropriate

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steps for the payee to obtain such new life insurance; and

(ii) that the payee, at his or her sole option and 3 expense, may obtain such new life insurance on the 4 5 payor's life up to a maximum level of death benefit 6 coverage, or descending death benefit coverage, as is 7 set by the court, such level not to exceed a reasonable amount in light of the court's award, with the payee or 8 9 the payee's designee being the beneficiary of such 10 life insurance.

11 In determining the maximum level of death benefit 12 coverage, the court shall take into account all relevant facts and circumstances, including the impact on access to 13 14 life insurance by the maintenance payor. If in resolving 15 any issues under paragraph (2) of this subsection (f) a 16 court reviews any submitted or proposed application for 17 new insurance on the life of a maintenance payor, the review shall be in camera. 18

19 (3) (Blank).

20 (Source: P.A. 99-90, eff. 1-1-16; 99-763, eff. 1-1-17; 21 100-520, eff. 1-1-18 (see Section 5 of P.A. 100-565 for the 22 effective date of P.A. 100-520); 100-923, eff. 1-1-19.)