1 AN ACT concerning education.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section
- 5 24-6 as follows:

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- 6 (105 ILCS 5/24-6)
- Sec. 24-6. Sick leave. The school boards of all school 8 districts, including special charter districts, but not 9 including school districts in municipalities of 500,000 or more, shall grant their full-time teachers, and also shall 10 grant such of their other employees as are eligible to 11 participate in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund under 12 the "600-Hour Standard" established, or under such other 13 14 eligibility participation standard as may from time to time be established, by rules and regulations now or hereafter 15 16 promulgated by the Board of that Fund under Section 7-198 of 17 the Illinois Pension Code, as now or hereafter amended, sick leave provisions not less in amount than 10 days at full pay in 18 19 each school year. If any such teacher or employee does not use 20 the full amount of annual leave thus allowed, the unused 21 amount shall be allowed to accumulate to a minimum available 22 leave of 180 days at full pay, including the leave of the

current year. Sick leave shall be interpreted to mean personal

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illness, quarantine at home, or serious illness or death in the immediate family or household, or birth, adoption, or placement for adoption. The school board may require a certificate from a physician licensed in Illinois to practice medicine and surgery in all its branches, a chiropractic physician licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse, a licensed physician assistant, or, if the treatment is by prayer or spiritual means, a spiritual adviser or practitioner of the teacher's or employee's faith as a basis for pay during leave after an absence of 3 days for personal illness or 30 days for birth or as the school board may deem necessary in other cases. If the school board does require a certificate as a basis for pay during leave of less than 3 days for personal illness, the school board shall pay, from school funds, the expenses incurred by the teachers or other employees in obtaining the certificate. For paid leave for adoption or placement for adoption, the school board may require that the teacher other employee provide evidence that the formal adoption process is underway, and such leave is limited to 30 days unless a longer leave has been negotiated with the exclusive bargaining representative. Sick leave shall also be interpreted to mean birth,

Sick leave shall also be interpreted to mean birth, adoption, placement for adoption, and the acceptance of a child in need of foster care. Teachers and other employees to which this Section applies are entitled to use up to 30 days of

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paid sick leave because of the birth of a child that is not dependent on the need to recover from childbirth. Paid sick leave because of the birth of a child may be used absent medical certification for up to 30 working school days, which days may be used at any time within the 12-month period following the birth of the child. The use of up to 30 working school days of paid sick leave because of the birth of a child may not be diminished as a result of any intervening period of nonworking days or school not being in session, such as for summer, winter, or spring break or holidays, that may occur during the use of the paid sick leave. For paid sick leave for adoption, placement for adoption, or the acceptance of a child in need of foster care, the school board may require that the teacher or other employee to which this Section applies provide evidence that the formal adoption process or the formal foster care process is underway, and such sick leave is limited to 30 days unless a longer leave has been negotiated with the exclusive bargaining representative. Paid sick leave for adoption, placement for adoption, or the acceptance of a child in need of foster care need not be used consecutively once the formal adoption process or the formal foster care process is underway, and such sick leave may be used for reasons related to the <u>formal adoption process or the formal</u> foster care process prior to taking custody of the child or accepting the child in need of foster care, in addition to using such sick leave upon taking custody of the child or

## 1 accepting the child in need of foster care.

- 2 If, by reason of any change in the boundaries of school
- 3 districts, or by reason of the creation of a new school
- district, the employment of a teacher is transferred to a new
- 5 or different board, the accumulated sick leave of such teacher
- 6 is not thereby lost, but is transferred to such new or
- 7 different district.
- 8 For purposes of this Section, "immediate family" shall
- 9 include parents, spouse, brothers, sisters, children,
- 10 grandparents, grandchildren, parents-in-law, brothers-in-law,
- 11 sisters-in-law, and legal guardians.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 99-173, eff. 7-29-15; 100-513, eff. 1-1-18.)
- 13 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 14 becoming law.