

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by  
5 changing Section 10.4 as follows:

6 (210 ILCS 85/10.4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 151.4)

7 Sec. 10.4. Medical staff privileges.

8 (a) Any hospital licensed under this Act or any hospital  
9 organized under the University of Illinois Hospital Act shall,  
10 prior to the granting of any medical staff privileges to an  
11 applicant, or renewing a current medical staff member's  
12 privileges, request of the Director of Professional Regulation  
13 information concerning the licensure status, proper  
14 credentials, required certificates, and any disciplinary  
15 action taken against the applicant's or medical staff member's  
16 license, except: (1) for medical personnel who enter a  
17 hospital to obtain organs and tissues for transplant from a  
18 donor in accordance with the Illinois Anatomical Gift Act; or  
19 (2) for medical personnel who have been granted disaster  
20 privileges pursuant to the procedures and requirements  
21 established by rules adopted by the Department. Any hospital  
22 and any employees of the hospital or others involved in  
23 granting privileges who, in good faith, grant disaster

1 privileges pursuant to this Section to respond to an emergency  
2 shall not, as a result of their acts or omissions, be liable  
3 for civil damages for granting or denying disaster privileges  
4 except in the event of willful and wanton misconduct, as that  
5 term is defined in Section 10.2 of this Act. Individuals  
6 granted privileges who provide care in an emergency situation,  
7 in good faith and without direct compensation, shall not, as a  
8 result of their acts or omissions, except for acts or  
9 omissions involving willful and wanton misconduct, as that  
10 term is defined in Section 10.2 of this Act, on the part of the  
11 person, be liable for civil damages. The Director of  
12 Professional Regulation shall transmit, in writing and in a  
13 timely fashion, such information regarding the license of the  
14 applicant or the medical staff member, including the record of  
15 imposition of any periods of supervision or monitoring as a  
16 result of alcohol or substance abuse, as provided by Section  
17 23 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987, and such information as  
18 may have been submitted to the Department indicating that the  
19 application or medical staff member has been denied, or has  
20 surrendered, medical staff privileges at a hospital licensed  
21 under this Act, or any equivalent facility in another state or  
22 territory of the United States. The Director of Professional  
23 Regulation shall define by rule the period for timely response  
24 to such requests.

25 No transmittal of information by the Director of  
26 Professional Regulation, under this Section shall be to other

1 than the president, chief operating officer, chief  
2 administrative officer, or chief of the medical staff of a  
3 hospital licensed under this Act, a hospital organized under  
4 the University of Illinois Hospital Act, or a hospital  
5 operated by the United States, or any of its  
6 instrumentalities. The information so transmitted shall be  
7 afforded the same status as is information concerning medical  
8 studies by Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil  
9 Procedure, as now or hereafter amended.

10 (b) All hospitals licensed under this Act, except county  
11 hospitals as defined in subsection (c) of Section 15-1 of the  
12 Illinois Public Aid Code, shall comply with, and the medical  
13 staff bylaws of these hospitals shall include rules consistent  
14 with, the provisions of this Section in granting, limiting,  
15 renewing, or denying medical staff membership and clinical  
16 staff privileges. Hospitals that require medical staff members  
17 to possess faculty status with a specific institution of  
18 higher education are not required to comply with subsection  
19 (1) below when the physician does not possess faculty status.

20 (1) Minimum procedures for pre-applicants and  
21 applicants for medical staff membership shall include the  
22 following:

23 (A) Written procedures relating to the acceptance  
24 and processing of pre-applicants or applicants for  
25 medical staff membership, which should be contained in  
26 medical staff bylaws.

1 (B) Written procedures to be followed in  
2 determining a pre-applicant's or an applicant's  
3 qualifications for being granted medical staff  
4 membership and privileges.

5 (C) Written criteria to be followed in evaluating  
6 a pre-applicant's or an applicant's qualifications.

7 (D) An evaluation of a pre-applicant's or an  
8 applicant's current health status and current license  
9 status in Illinois.

10 (E) A written response to each pre-applicant or  
11 applicant that explains the reason or reasons for any  
12 adverse decision (including all reasons based in whole  
13 or in part on the applicant's medical qualifications  
14 or any other basis, including economic factors).

15 (2) Minimum procedures with respect to medical staff  
16 and clinical privilege determinations concerning current  
17 members of the medical staff shall include the following:

18 (A) A written notice of an adverse decision.

19 (B) An explanation of the reasons for an adverse  
20 decision including all reasons based on the quality of  
21 medical care or any other basis, including economic  
22 factors.

23 (C) A statement of the medical staff member's  
24 right to request a fair hearing on the adverse  
25 decision before a hearing panel whose membership is  
26 mutually agreed upon by the medical staff and the

1 hospital governing board. The hearing panel shall have  
2 independent authority to recommend action to the  
3 hospital governing board. Upon the request of the  
4 medical staff member or the hospital governing board,  
5 the hearing panel shall make findings concerning the  
6 nature of each basis for any adverse decision  
7 recommended to and accepted by the hospital governing  
8 board.

9 (i) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a  
10 hospital's or medical staff's right to summarily  
11 suspend, without a prior hearing, a person's  
12 medical staff membership or clinical privileges if  
13 the continuation of practice of a medical staff  
14 member constitutes an immediate danger to the  
15 public, including patients, visitors, and hospital  
16 employees and staff. In the event that a hospital  
17 or the medical staff imposes a summary suspension,  
18 the Medical Executive Committee, or other  
19 comparable governance committee of the medical  
20 staff as specified in the bylaws, must meet as  
21 soon as is reasonably possible to review the  
22 suspension and to recommend whether it should be  
23 affirmed, lifted, expunged, or modified if the  
24 suspended physician requests such review. A  
25 summary suspension may not be implemented unless  
26 there is actual documentation or other reliable

1 information that an immediate danger exists. This  
2 documentation or information must be available at  
3 the time the summary suspension decision is made  
4 and when the decision is reviewed by the Medical  
5 Executive Committee. If the Medical Executive  
6 Committee recommends that the summary suspension  
7 should be lifted, expunged, or modified, this  
8 recommendation must be reviewed and considered by  
9 the hospital governing board, or a committee of  
10 the board, on an expedited basis. Nothing in this  
11 subparagraph (C) shall affect the requirement that  
12 any requested hearing must be commenced within 15  
13 days after the summary suspension and completed  
14 without delay unless otherwise agreed to by the  
15 parties. A fair hearing shall be commenced within  
16 15 days after the suspension and completed without  
17 delay, except that when the medical staff member's  
18 license to practice has been suspended or revoked  
19 by the State's licensing authority, no hearing  
20 shall be necessary.

21 (ii) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a  
22 medical staff's right to permit, in the medical  
23 staff bylaws, summary suspension of membership or  
24 clinical privileges in designated administrative  
25 circumstances as specifically approved by the  
26 medical staff. This bylaw provision must

1 specifically describe both the administrative  
2 circumstance that can result in a summary  
3 suspension and the length of the summary  
4 suspension. The opportunity for a fair hearing is  
5 required for any administrative summary  
6 suspension. Any requested hearing must be  
7 commenced within 15 days after the summary  
8 suspension and completed without delay. Adverse  
9 decisions other than suspension or other  
10 restrictions on the treatment or admission of  
11 patients may be imposed summarily and without a  
12 hearing under designated administrative  
13 circumstances as specifically provided for in the  
14 medical staff bylaws as approved by the medical  
15 staff.

16 (iii) If a hospital exercises its option to  
17 enter into an exclusive contract and that contract  
18 results in the total or partial termination or  
19 reduction of medical staff membership or clinical  
20 privileges of a current medical staff member, the  
21 hospital shall provide the affected medical staff  
22 member 60 days prior notice of the effect on his or  
23 her medical staff membership or privileges. An  
24 affected medical staff member desiring a hearing  
25 under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (2) must  
26 request the hearing within 14 days after the date

1 he or she is so notified. The requested hearing  
2 shall be commenced and completed (with a report  
3 and recommendation to the affected medical staff  
4 member, hospital governing board, and medical  
5 staff) within 30 days after the date of the  
6 medical staff member's request. If agreed upon by  
7 both the medical staff and the hospital governing  
8 board, the medical staff bylaws may provide for  
9 longer time periods.

10 (C-5) All peer review used for the purpose of  
11 credentialing, privileging, disciplinary action, or  
12 other recommendations affecting medical staff  
13 membership or exercise of clinical privileges, whether  
14 relying in whole or in part on internal or external  
15 reviews, shall be conducted in accordance with the  
16 medical staff bylaws and applicable rules,  
17 regulations, or policies of the medical staff. If  
18 external review is obtained, any adverse report  
19 utilized shall be in writing and shall be made part of  
20 the internal peer review process under the bylaws. The  
21 report shall also be shared with a medical staff peer  
22 review committee and the individual under review. If  
23 the medical staff peer review committee or the  
24 individual under review prepares a written response to  
25 the report of the external peer review within 30 days  
26 after receiving such report, the governing board shall



1 consider the response prior to the implementation of  
2 any final actions by the governing board which may  
3 affect the individual's medical staff membership or  
4 clinical privileges. Any peer review that involves  
5 willful or wanton misconduct shall be subject to civil  
6 damages as provided for under Section 10.2 of this  
7 Act.

8 (D) A statement of the member's right to inspect  
9 all pertinent information in the hospital's possession  
10 with respect to the decision.

11 (E) A statement of the member's right to present  
12 witnesses and other evidence at the hearing on the  
13 decision.

14 (E-5) The right to be represented by a personal  
15 attorney.

16 (F) A written notice and written explanation of  
17 the decision resulting from the hearing.

18 (F-5) A written notice of a final adverse decision  
19 by a hospital governing board.

20 (G) Notice given 15 days before implementation of  
21 an adverse medical staff membership or clinical  
22 privileges decision based substantially on economic  
23 factors. This notice shall be given after the medical  
24 staff member exhausts all applicable procedures under  
25 this Section, including item (iii) of subparagraph (C)  
26 of this paragraph (2), and under the medical staff

1           bylaws in order to allow sufficient time for the  
2           orderly provision of patient care.

3           (H) Nothing in this paragraph (2) of this  
4           subsection (b) limits a medical staff member's right  
5           to waive, in writing, the rights provided in  
6           subparagraphs (A) through (G) of this paragraph (2) of  
7           this subsection (b) upon being granted the written  
8           exclusive right to provide particular services at a  
9           hospital, either individually or as a member of a  
10          group. If an exclusive contract is signed by a  
11          representative of a group of physicians, a waiver  
12          contained in the contract shall apply to all members  
13          of the group unless stated otherwise in the contract.

14          (3) Every adverse medical staff membership and  
15          clinical privilege decision based substantially on  
16          economic factors shall be reported to the Hospital  
17          Licensing Board before the decision takes effect. These  
18          reports shall not be disclosed in any form that reveals  
19          the identity of any hospital or physician. These reports  
20          shall be utilized to study the effects that hospital  
21          medical staff membership and clinical privilege decisions  
22          based upon economic factors have on access to care and the  
23          availability of physician services. The Hospital Licensing  
24          Board shall submit an initial study to the Governor and  
25          the General Assembly by January 1, 1996, and subsequent  
26          reports shall be submitted periodically thereafter.

1 (4) As used in this Section:

2 "Adverse decision" means a decision reducing,  
3 restricting, suspending, revoking, denying, or not  
4 renewing medical staff membership or clinical privileges.

5 "Economic factor" means any information or reasons for  
6 decisions unrelated to quality of care or professional  
7 competency.

8 "Pre-applicant" means a physician licensed to practice  
9 medicine in all its branches who requests an application  
10 for medical staff membership or privileges.

11 "Privilege" means permission to provide medical or  
12 other patient care services and permission to use hospital  
13 resources, including equipment, facilities and personnel  
14 that are necessary to effectively provide medical or other  
15 patient care services. This definition shall not be  
16 construed to require a hospital to acquire additional  
17 equipment, facilities, or personnel to accommodate the  
18 granting of privileges.

19 (5) Any amendment to medical staff bylaws required  
20 because of this amendatory Act of the 91st General  
21 Assembly shall be adopted on or before July 1, 2001.

22 (c) All hospitals shall consult with the medical staff  
23 prior to closing membership in the entire or any portion of the  
24 medical staff or a department. If the hospital closes  
25 membership in the medical staff, any portion of the medical  
26 staff, or the department over the objections of the medical

1 staff, then the hospital shall provide a detailed written  
2 explanation for the decision to the medical staff 10 days  
3 prior to the effective date of any closure. No applications  
4 need to be provided when membership in the medical staff or any  
5 relevant portion of the medical staff is closed.

6 (Source: P.A. 96-445, eff. 8-14-09; 97-1006, eff. 8-17-12.)

7 Section 10. The Hospital Report Card Act is amended by  
8 changing Section 25 as follows:

9 (210 ILCS 86/25)

10 Sec. 25. Hospital reports.

11 (a) Individual hospitals shall prepare a quarterly report  
12 including all of the following:

13 (1) Nursing hours per patient day, average daily  
14 census, and average daily hours worked for each clinical  
15 service area.

16 (2) Infection-related measures for the facility for  
17 the specific clinical procedures and devices determined by  
18 the Department by rule under 2 or more of the following  
19 categories:

20 (A) Surgical procedure outcome measures.

21 (B) Surgical procedure infection control process  
22 measures.

23 (C) Outcome or process measures related to  
24 ventilator-associated pneumonia.

1 (D) Central vascular catheter-related bloodstream  
2 infection rates in designated critical care units.

3 (3) Information required under paragraph (4) of  
4 Section 2310-312 of the Department of Public Health Powers  
5 and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of  
6 Illinois.

7 (4) Additional infection measures mandated by the  
8 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services that are  
9 reported by hospitals to the Centers for Disease Control  
10 and Prevention's National Healthcare Safety Network  
11 surveillance system, or its successor, and deemed relevant  
12 to patient safety by the Department.

13 (5) Each instance of preterm birth and infant  
14 mortality within the reporting period, including the  
15 racial and ethnic information of the mothers of those  
16 infants.

17 (6) Each instance of maternal mortality within the  
18 reporting period, including the racial and ethnic  
19 information of those mothers.

20 (7) The number of female patients who have died within  
21 the reporting period.

22 (8) The number of female patients admitted to the  
23 hospital with a diagnosis of COVID-19 and at least one  
24 known underlying condition identified by the United States  
25 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention as a condition  
26 that increases the risk of mortality from COVID-19 who

1       subsequently died at the hospital within the reporting  
2       period.

3       The infection-related measures developed by the Department  
4 shall be based upon measures and methods developed by the  
5 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Centers for  
6 Medicare and Medicaid Services, the Agency for Healthcare  
7 Research and Quality, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of  
8 Healthcare Organizations, or the National Quality Forum. The  
9 Department may align the infection-related measures with the  
10 measures and methods developed by the Centers for Disease  
11 Control and Prevention, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid  
12 Services, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, the  
13 Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations,  
14 and the National Quality Forum by adding reporting measures  
15 based on national health care strategies and measures deemed  
16 scientifically reliable and valid for public reporting. The  
17 Department shall receive approval from the State Board of  
18 Health to retire measures deemed no longer scientifically  
19 valid or valuable for informing quality improvement or  
20 infection prevention efforts. The Department shall notify the  
21 Chairs and Minority Spokespersons of the House Human Services  
22 Committee and the Senate Public Health Committee of its intent  
23 to have the State Board of Health take action to retire  
24 measures no later than 7 business days before the meeting of  
25 the State Board of Health.

26       The Department shall include interpretive guidelines for

1 infection-related indicators and, when available, shall  
2 include relevant benchmark information published by national  
3 organizations.

4 The Department shall collect the information reported  
5 under paragraphs (5) and (6) and shall use it to illustrate the  
6 disparity of those occurrences across different racial and  
7 ethnic groups.

8 (b) Individual hospitals shall prepare annual reports  
9 including vacancy and turnover rates for licensed nurses per  
10 clinical service area.

11 (c) None of the information the Department discloses to  
12 the public may be made available in any form or fashion unless  
13 the information has been reviewed, adjusted, and validated  
14 according to the following process:

15 (1) The Department shall organize an advisory  
16 committee, including representatives from the Department,  
17 public and private hospitals, direct care nursing staff,  
18 physicians, academic researchers, consumers, health  
19 insurance companies, organized labor, and organizations  
20 representing hospitals and physicians. The advisory  
21 committee must be meaningfully involved in the development  
22 of all aspects of the Department's methodology for  
23 collecting, analyzing, and disclosing the information  
24 collected under this Act, including collection methods,  
25 formatting, and methods and means for release and  
26 dissemination.

1           (2) The entire methodology for collecting and  
2 analyzing the data shall be disclosed to all relevant  
3 organizations and to all hospitals that are the subject of  
4 any information to be made available to the public before  
5 any public disclosure of such information.

6           (3) Data collection and analytical methodologies shall  
7 be used that meet accepted standards of validity and  
8 reliability before any information is made available to  
9 the public.

10          (4) The limitations of the data sources and analytic  
11 methodologies used to develop comparative hospital  
12 information shall be clearly identified and acknowledged,  
13 including but not limited to the appropriate and  
14 inappropriate uses of the data.

15          (5) To the greatest extent possible, comparative  
16 hospital information initiatives shall use standard-based  
17 norms derived from widely accepted provider-developed  
18 practice guidelines.

19          (6) Comparative hospital information and other  
20 information that the Department has compiled regarding  
21 hospitals shall be shared with the hospitals under review  
22 prior to public dissemination of such information and  
23 these hospitals have 30 days to make corrections and to  
24 add helpful explanatory comments about the information  
25 before the publication.

26          (7) Comparisons among hospitals shall adjust for



1 patient case mix and other relevant risk factors and  
2 control for provider peer groups, when appropriate.

3 (8) Effective safeguards to protect against the  
4 unauthorized use or disclosure of hospital information  
5 shall be developed and implemented.

6 (9) Effective safeguards to protect against the  
7 dissemination of inconsistent, incomplete, invalid,  
8 inaccurate, or subjective hospital data shall be developed  
9 and implemented.

10 (10) The quality and accuracy of hospital information  
11 reported under this Act and its data collection, analysis,  
12 and dissemination methodologies shall be evaluated  
13 regularly.

14 (11) Only the most basic identifying information from  
15 mandatory reports shall be used, and information  
16 identifying a patient, employee, or licensed professional  
17 shall not be released. None of the information the  
18 Department discloses to the public under this Act may be  
19 used to establish a standard of care in a private civil  
20 action.

21 (d) Quarterly reports shall be submitted, in a format set  
22 forth in rules adopted by the Department, to the Department by  
23 April 30, July 31, October 31, and January 31 each year for the  
24 previous quarter. Data in quarterly reports must cover a  
25 period ending not earlier than one month prior to submission  
26 of the report. Annual reports shall be submitted by December

1 31 in a format set forth in rules adopted by the Department to  
2 the Department. All reports shall be made available to the  
3 public on-site and through the Department.

4 (e) If the hospital is a division or subsidiary of another  
5 entity that owns or operates other hospitals or related  
6 organizations, the annual public disclosure report shall be  
7 for the specific division or subsidiary and not for the other  
8 entity.

9 (f) The Department shall disclose information under this  
10 Section in accordance with provisions for inspection and  
11 copying of public records required by the Freedom of  
12 Information Act provided that such information satisfies the  
13 provisions of subsection (c) of this Section.

14 (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, under no  
15 circumstances shall the Department disclose information  
16 obtained from a hospital that is confidential under Part 21 of  
17 Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure.

18 (h) No hospital report or Department disclosure may  
19 contain information identifying a patient, employee, or  
20 licensed professional.

21 (Source: P.A. 101-446, eff. 8-23-19.)