# 101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY <br> State of Illinois <br> 2019 and 2020 

SB3210

Introduced 2/11/2020, by Sen. Bill Cunningham

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

65 ILCS 5/3.1-20-45

Amends the Illinois Municipal Code. Provides that when a person who intends to be a write-in candidate for an uncontested nonpartisan office has not timely filed nomination papers but has filed a written statement or notice of his or her intent, no primary ballot shall be printed (rather than requiring a primary ballot to be prepared and a primary election held if the write-in candidate is the fifth candidate filed). Provides that where no primary is held, a person intending to become a write-in candidate shall re-file a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for the general election with the appropriate election authority or authorities. Removes language: concerning requirements for the written statement or notice; and providing that an election authority has no duty to conduct a primary and prepare a ballot for a uncontested office, unless the written statement or notice is filed in a timely manner.

LRB101 18029 AWJ 67467 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

## A BILL FOR

AN ACT concerning local government.

# Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: 

Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by changing Section 3.1-20-45 as follows:
(65 ILCS 5/3.1-20-45)
Sec. 3.1-20-45. Nonpartisan primary elections; uncontested office. A city incorporated under this Code that elects municipal officers at nonpartisan primary and general elections shall conduct the elections as provided in the Election Code, except that no office for which nomination is uncontested shall be included on the primary ballot and no primary shall be held for that office. For the purposes of this Section, an office is uncontested when not more than 4 persons to be nominated for each office have timely filed valid nominating papers seeking nomination for the election to that office.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law the pring argh, when a person (i) who has not timely filed valid nomination papers and (ii) who intends to become a write-in candidate for nomination for any office for which nomination is uncontested files a written statement or notice of that intent with the proper election official with whom the nomination papers for that office are filed, no primary ballot shall be printed. Where no primary is held, a person intending to become a write-in candidate at the general primary election shall re-file a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate for the general election with the appropriate election authority or authorities if the wite in eandidate becmes the fifth eandidate filed, a primary ballot must be prepared and a primary must be held for the office. The statement or notice must be filed on or before the 61st day before the consolidated primary election. The statement must contain (i) the name and zderes of the person intending to become a write-in condidate, (ii) a statement that the person intends to become a wite-in eandidate, and (iii) the office the person is secking as a write in candidate. An election authority has no duty to eonduct a primary election or prepare a primary ballot unless a statement mecting the requirements of this paragraph is filed in a timely mannex.

If there is a primary election, then candidates shall be placed on the ballot for the next succeeding general municipal election in the following manner:
(1) If one officer is to be elected, then the 2 candidates who receive the highest number of votes shall be placed on the ballot for the next succeeding general municipal election.
(2) If 2 aldermen are to be elected at large, then the 4 candidates who receive the highest number of votes shall
be placed on the ballot for the next succeeding general municipal election.
(3) If 3 aldermen are to be elected at large, then the 6 candidates who receive the highest number of votes shall be placed on the ballot for the next succeeding general municipal election.

The name of a write-in candidate may not be placed on the ballot for the next succeeding general municipal election unless he or she receives a number of votes in the primary election that equals or exceeds the number of signatures required on a petition for nomination for that office or that exceeds the number of votes received by at least one of the candidates whose names were printed on the primary ballot for nomination for or election to the same office.

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(Source: P.A. 97-81, eff. 7-5-11.)
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