

## 101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2019 and 2020 SB3154

Introduced 2/6/2020, by Sen. Laura Ellman

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act 30 ILCS 105/5.930 new

Creates the PFAS Reduction Act. Provides that a person, local government, fire department, or State agency may not discharge or otherwise use for training or testing purposes a class B firefighting foam containing intentionally added PFAS. On and after January 1, 2021, prohibits the knowing manufacture, sale, offering for sale, distribution for sale, or distribution for use of a class B firefighting foam containing intentionally added PFAS. Provides specified notice and recall requirements for manufacturers. Contains a prohibition and exemption for the manufacture, sale, offering for sale, or distribution for sale of food packaging containing intentionally added PFAS. Requires manufacturers of class B firefighting foam containing PFAS to register with the Environmental Protection Agency and pay to the Agency an annual registration fee of \$5,000. Requires the Agency to administer and enforce the Act and to adopt rules. Requires the Office of the State Fire Marshal to conduct a survey of fire departments and to provide a report of the results of the survey to the General Assembly no later than 90 days after its completion. Creates the PFAS Program Fund as a special fund in the State treasury and makes a conforming change in the State Finance Act. Provides a civil penalty of \$5,000 for the first violation of the Act and \$10,000 for each subsequent violation. Effective immediately.

LRB101 19263 CPF 68728 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning safety.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the PFAS
- 5 Reduction Act.
- 6 Section 5. Definitions. In this Act:
- 7 "Agency" means the Environmental Protection Agency.
- 8 "Class B firefighting foam" means foam designed to
- 9 extinguish flammable liquid fires.
- 10 "Fire department" means the duly authorized fire
- 11 protection organization of a unit of local government, a
- 12 Regional Fire Protection Agency, a fire protection district, or
- 13 a volunteer fire department.
- "Firefighting personal protective equipment" means any
- 15 clothing, including, but not limited to, jackets, pants, shoes,
- 16 gloves, helmets, and respiratory equipment designed, intended,
- or marketed to be worn by firefighting personnel in the
- 18 performance of their duties.
- "Food package" means a package or packaging component
- intended to market, protect, or handle a product intended for
- food contact or used to store food and foodstuffs for sale.
- 22 "Food package" includes, but is not limited to, the individual
- 23 assembled parts of a package, any interior or exterior

- 1 blocking, bracing, cushioning, weatherproofing, strapping,
- 2 coating, closure, ink, or label.
- 3 "Local government" means a unit of local government or
- 4 other special purpose district that provides firefighting
- 5 services.
- 6 "Manufacturer" means a person that manufactures
- 7 firefighting agents, firefighting equipment, or firefighting
- 8 personal protective equipment and any agents of that person,
- 9 including an importer, distributor, authorized servicer,
- 10 factory branch, or distributor branch.
- "Perfluoroalkyl substance or polyfluoroalkyl substance" or
- 12 "PFAS" means a class of fluorinated organic chemicals
- 13 containing at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom.
- "Person" means any individual, partnership, association,
- public or private corporation, limited liability company, or
- any other type of legal or commercial entity, including, but
- 17 not limited to, members, managers, partners, directors, or
- 18 officers.
- 19 Section 10. Class B firefighting foam; PFAS.
- 20 (a) A person, local government, fire department, or State
- 21 agency may not discharge or otherwise use for training or
- 22 testing purposes a class B firefighting foam containing
- 23 intentionally added PFAS.
- 24 (b) On and after January 1, 2021, a manufacturer of class B
- 25 firefighting foam may not knowingly manufacture, sell, offer

- 1 for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this
- 2 State a class B firefighting foam containing intentionally
- 3 added PFAS.
- 4 (c) The prohibitions of this Section do not apply to the
- 5 manufacture, sale, or distribution of class B firefighting foam
- 6 where the inclusion of PFAS chemicals is required or authorized
- 7 under federal law, including, but not limited to, 14 CFR
- 8 139.317, federal aviation administration guidance, or
- 9 otherwise required for a military purpose. However, if
- 10 applicable federal allows the use of alternative firefighting
- 11 agents that do not contain PFAS chemicals, the restrictions
- 12 under this Section shall apply.
- 13 Section 15. Notification; recall; registration and
- 14 registration fee.
- 15 (a) On and after 30 days after the effective date of this
- 16 Act, a manufacturer of class B firefighting foam that is
- 17 restricted under Section 10 must notify, in writing, a person
- 18 that sells the manufacturer's class B firefighting foam in this
- 19 State of the provisions of this Act.
- 20 (b) A manufacturer that produces, sells, or distributes a
- 21 class B firefighting foam restricted under Section 10 shall
- 22 recall the product and reimburse the retailer or any other
- 23 purchaser for the product.
- 24 (c) A manufacturer that produces, sells, or distributes a
- 25 class B firefighting foam restricted under Section 10 shall

- 1 register with the Agency and pay to the Agency an annual
- 2 registration fee of \$5,000 which shall be deposited into the
- 3 PFAS Program Fund created under Section 40.
- 4 Section 20. Rules. The Agency shall adopt any rules
- 5 necessary for the implementation and administration of this
- 6 Act.
- 7 Section 25. Survey.
- 8 (a) On or before January 1, 2021, the Office of the State
- 9 Fire Marshal shall conduct a survey of fire departments to
- 10 determine:
- 11 (1) Each fire department's name, applicable
- identification number, and address.
- 13 (2) The amount, type, and date of manufacture of any
- 14 class b firefighting foam containing intentionally added
- 15 PFAS chemicals that each fire department possesses.
- 16 (3) How, where, and when each fire department has used
- 17 class b firefighting foam containing intentionally added
- 18 PFAS chemicals for firefighter training.
- 19 (4) Whether each fire department is served by a well or
- 20 public drinking water source.
- 21 (5) Whether each fire department has used class b
- firefighting foam containing intentionally added PFAS
- chemicals in the previous 5 years, whether that use was
- 24 reported to the Agency, and if not when and where the class

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- b firefighting foam containing intentionally added PFAS
  chemicals was used.
  - (6) How much, if any, class b firefighting foam containing intentionally added PFAS chemicals the fire department has disposed of and the method of disposal.
  - (b) The Office of the State Fire Marshal shall compile the results of the survey conducted under this Section and provide a report to the General Assembly no later than 90 days following the completion of the survey.
- 10 Section 30. Firefighting personal protective equipment.
  - (a) On and after January 1, 2021, a manufacturer or person who sells firefighting personal protective equipment to any person, fire department, local government, or State agency must provide written notice to the purchaser at the time of sale if the firefighting personal protective equipment contains intentionally added PFAS chemicals. The written notice must include a statement that the firefighting personal protective equipment being sold contains intentionally added PFAS chemicals and the reason PFAS chemicals are added to the firefighting personal protective equipment.
  - (b) A manufacturer or person who sells firefighting personal protective equipment and the person, fire department, local government, or State agency purchasing firefighting personal protective equipment must retain the notice provided under subsection (a) on file for at least 3 years after the

- date of the transaction. Upon the request of the Agency, a
- 2 manufacturer, person, fire department, local government, or
- 3 State agency must furnish the notice, or copies of the notice,
- 4 and any associated sales documentation to the Agency not more
- 5 than 60 days after the Agency's request.
- 6 Section 35. Food packaging; exemption.
- 7 (a) On and after January 1, 2021, no person shall knowingly
- 8 manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or
- 9 distribute for use in this State food packaging containing
- 10 intentionally added PFAS.
- 11 (b) Subsection (a) shall not apply to food packaging that
- is sold, offered for sale, or distributed for promotional
- 13 purposes in this State by a retailer or wholesaler on or after
- 14 January 1, 2021 if the food packaging was imported into this
- 15 State, or otherwise purchased or acquired by the retailer or
- 16 wholesaler for sale or distribution in this State, prior to
- 17 January 1, 2021.
- 18 Section 40. PFAS Program Fund. The PFAS Program Fund is
- 19 created as a special fund in the State treasury. Moneys in the
- 20 Fund shall be used by the Agency as provided by rules adopted
- 21 by the Agency.
- Section 45. Civil penalties. A manufacturer or person who
- 23 violates this Act is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed

- 1 \$5,000 for the first violation and a civil penalty not to
- 2 exceed \$10,000 for each subsequent violation. Penalties
- 3 collected under this Section must be deposited into the PFAS
- 4 Program Fund.
- 5 Section 90. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- 6 Section 5.930 as follows:
- 7 (30 ILCS 105/5.930 new)
- 8 Sec. 5.930. The PFAS Program Fund.
- 9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 10 becoming law.