

## Sen. Laura Ellman

## Filed: 3/15/2019

	10100SB1710sam001 LRB101 10443 RAB 57953 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1710
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 1710 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by
5	adding Sections 512-12 and 512-13 as follows:
6	(215 ILCS 5/512-12 new)
7	Sec. 512-12. Audit of pharmacy records.
8	(a) Notwithstanding any other law, when an entity is
9	conducting a retrospective audit of the records of a pharmacy
10	for its reimbursements claims (on-site or remotely) or performs
11	concurrent daily reviews, the auditing entity must comply with
12	the following:
13	(1) The entity conducting the initial on-site audit
14	shall give the pharmacy and the pharmacy's corporate office
15	written notice at least 30 days before conducting the
16	initial on-site audit for each audit cycle and shall

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1	disclose the specific prescriptions to be included in the
2	audit.
3	(2) Unless otherwise consented to by the pharmacy, ar
4	audit shall not be initiated or scheduled during the first
5	7 calendar days of any month or the day before or after a
6	<u>federal or State holiday due to the high volume of</u>
7	prescriptions filled during that time.
8	(3) When an entity is conducting an on-site audit, it
9	shall not interfere with the delivery of pharmacist
10	services to a patient and shall utilize every effort to
11	minimize inconvenience and disruption to pharmacy
12	operations during the audit process. The on-site audit
13	shall not exceed 4 hours in duration and shall review no
14	more than 100 unique prescription numbers during an initial
15	audit.
16	(4) No entity shall conduct an on-site audit at a
17	particular pharmacy more than one time annually. However,
18	this paragraph (4) shall not apply when an entity must
19	return to a pharmacy to complete an audit already ir
20	progress.
21	(5) The period covered by an audit shall not exceed 2
22	years from the date the initial prescription claim was
23	submitted to or adjudicated by an entity.
24	(6) Each pharmacy shall be audited under the same

auditing standards and parameters used for conducting

audits of other contracted network pharmacies under each

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pharmacy network contract that a pharmacy benefits manage
or health plan utilizes in this State. Any documentatio
and records required by an auditor during an audit shall b
of the same type as the documentation and records require
for other contracted network pharmacies under eac
pharmacy provider network contract that a pharmac
benefits manager or health plan utilizes in this State.

- (7) Any audit that involves clinical or professional judgment shall be conducted by or in consultation with a pharmacist licensed under the Pharmacy Practice Act.
- (8) Each audit shall be conducted by a field agent who possesses the requisite expertise in pharmacy practice in this State.
- (9) Any unintentional clerical or record-keeping error, such as a typographical error, scrivener's error, or computer error, regarding a required document or record shall not necessarily constitute fraud. These claims may be subject to recoupment, but shall not subject a pharmacy to criminal penalties without proof of intent to commit fraud. In the case of errors which have no financial harm to the patient or plan, the entity must not assess any chargebacks.
- (10) All audits shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, standards, and procedures; and auditing principles, standards, and procedures; and using standards and parameters established

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by rule that are identical for all audits conducted.

- (11) An entity conducting daily concurrent reviews, either directly or on behalf of a pharmacy benefits manager, must complete the concurrent reviews and allow final processing for final claim adjudication within 3 business days or 5 calendar days, whichever is sooner, after the initial adjudication effort for the claim.
- (12) Prescriptions are considered valid prescriptions if they are compliant with the Pharmacy Practice Act and Illinois Controlled Substances Act and have been positively adjudicated upon claim submission by the entity. Plan restrictions should be addressed during the claims adjudication process either through the rejection of the claim or a rejection of the claim with direction to obtain a prior authorization and may not be the basis for a retrospective recoupment of a paid claim.
- (13) A finding of an overpayment or underpayment must be based on the actual overpayment or underpayment and may not be a projection based on the number of patients served having a similar diagnosis or on the number of similar orders or refills for similar drugs.
- (14) With the exception of overpayments, if a pharmacy benefits manager approves a claim through adjudication, the pharmacy benefits manager may not retroactively deny or modify reimbursement based on information accompanying the original claim or information available to the pharmacy

1	benefits manager at the time of adjudication, unless the
2	claim was fraudulent, the pharmacy or pharmacist had been
3	reimbursed for the claim previously, or the services
4	reimbursed were not rendered by the pharmacy or pharmacist.
5	(15) A pharmacy benefits manager may not require more
6	information to be written on a prescription than is
7	required by State or federal law. Nor may a pharmacy
8	benefits manager require more stringent records to
9	validate a prescription order than is required by State or
10	<pre>federal law.</pre>
11	(16) Electronic records, including electronic
12	beneficiary signature logs, electronic tracking of
13	prescriptions, electronic prescriber prescription
14	transmissions and imagery of hard copy prescriptions,
15	electronically scanned store, patient records maintained
16	at or accessible to the offices of an audited pharmacy's
17	central operations, and any other reasonably clear and
18	accurate electronic documentation shall be acceptable for
19	auditing under the same terms and conditions and for the
20	same purposes as their paper analogs.
21	If paper logs are used, auditors must look at least 14
22	days past the dispense date to check for patient pickup.
23	Point of sale electronic register data shall qualify as
24	proof of delivery to the patient.
25	(17) A pharmacy may use the records of a hospital,
26	physician, or other authorized practitioner of the healing

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1	arts for drugs or medicinal supplies written or transmitted
2	by any means of communication for purposes of validating
3	the pharmacy record with respect to orders or refills of a
4	legend drug or other controlled substance.
5	(18) Validation of appropriate day's supply and drug
6	dosing must be based on manufacturer quidelines and
7	definitions or, in the case of topical products or titrated
8	products, the professional judgment of the pharmacist
9	based upon communication with the patient or prescriber.
10	(19) A pharmacy's usual and customary price for
11	compounded medications is considered the reimbursable cost
12	unless an alternate price is published in the provider
13	contract and signed by both parties.
14	(20) A pharmacy benefits manager may not require a
15	pharmacy to agree to recoupments deducted against future
16	remittances and shall invoice the pharmacy for payment if
17	the pharmacy elects. Recoupment may be deducted against
18	future remittances without mutual consent when the
19	pharmacy is considered delinquent in payment of the invoice
20	per the contractual arrangement.
21	(21) Interest shall not accrue during the audit period.
22	(22) Notwithstanding any other provision in this
23	subsection (a), the entity conducting the audit shall be

prohibited from using the accounting practice of

extrapolation in calculating recoupments or penalties for

audits. A finding of overpayment or underpayment must be

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]	based on the actual overpayment or underpayment and not o	'n
-	a projection based on the number of patients served havin	ıg
- -	a similar diagnosis or on the number of similar orders o	r
- -	refills for similar drugs.	

- (23) A finding of an overpayment shall not include the dispensing fee amount.
- (24) The preliminary audit report shall be delivered by the entity to the pharmacy and pharmacy corporate office within 30 days, with reasonable extensions allowed, after conclusion of the audit and shall contain individual claim level information for any discrepancy found and total dollar amount of claims subject to recovery, organized by plan sponsor, identified by organization name, for which each claim is associated.
- (25) A pharmacy shall be allowed at least 30 days following receipt of the preliminary audit report in which to produce documentation to address any discrepancy found during an audit or to file an appeal.
- information for any discrepancy found and total dollar amount of claims subject to recovery shall be delivered to the pharmacy and pharmacy corporate office within 45 days after the audited pharmacy's receipt of the preliminary audit report if the audited pharmacy does not file an appeal or offers no documentation to address a discrepancy found during an audit, or within 60 days after the auditing

1	entity receives the audited pharmacy's appeal or
2	documentation to address a discrepancy. The final audit
3	results shall be reflected in the remittance advice at the
4	claim level.
5	(27) The entity shall establish an appeals process that
6	meets the following requirements:
7	(A) The National Council for Prescription Drug
8	Programs or any other recognized national industry
9	standard shall be used to evaluate claims submission
10	and product size disputes.
11	(B) Each entity conducting an audit shall
12	establish a written appeals process under which a
13	pharmacy may appeal an unfavorable preliminary audit
14	report to the entity.
15	(C) If, following the appeal, the entity finds that
16	an unfavorable audit report or any portion thereof is
17	unsubstantiated, the entity shall dismiss the audit
18	report or said portion without the necessity of any
19	further action.
20	(28) A pharmacy benefits manager may not recover
21	payment of claims from the pharmacy which is identified
22	through the audit process to be the responsibility of
23	another payer. The pharmacy benefits manager must
24	reconcile directly with the other payer for any moneys owed
25	without requiring the pharmacy to reverse and rebill the
26	original claim in the retail setting.

1	(29) Each entity conducting an audit shall provide a
2	copy of the final audit report, after completion of any
3	review process, to the plan sponsor and to the contracted
4	network pharmacy within 3 business days after its
5	completion by the entity.
6	(30) The full amount of any recoupment on an audit
7	shall be refunded to the plan sponsor. Written
8	documentation of the refund with the refund date and plan
9	sponsor's name and address shall be provided to the
10	contracted network pharmacy subjected to the audit
11	recoupment.
12	(31) Neither the agency conducting the audit nor its
13	agents shall receive payment based on a percentage of the
14	amount recovered. This Section does not prevent the entity
15	conducting the audit from charging or assessing the
16	responsible party, directly or indirectly, based on
17	amounts recouped if both of the following conditions are
18	<pre>met:</pre>
19	(A) the plan sponsor and the entity conducting the
20	audit have a contract that explicitly states the
21	percentage charge or assessment to the plan sponsor;
22	<u>and</u>
23	(B) a commission to an agent or employee of the
24	entity conducting the audit is not based, directly or
25	indirectly, on amounts recouped.
26	(32) The entity conducting the audit shall not base

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1	compensation of any employees of the entity involved with
2	the audit process on a percentage of the amount recovered
3	or audit findings.
4	(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a), all

- recoupments from final audits of pharmacies are to be considered property of the plan sponsor. The entity shall be required to refund recoupments to each plan sponsor associated with the audited claims.
- 9 (c) Recoupments of any disputed funds shall occur after 10 final internal disposition of the audit, including the appeals 11 process as set forth in subsection (d).
- (d) Notwithstanding any other law, each entity conducting 12 an audit shall establish an appeals process under which a 13 14 pharmacy may appeal a preliminary audit report to the entity.
- 15 (e) This Section does not apply to any audit, review, or investigation that involves allegations of fraud, willful 16 misrepresentation, or abuse. 17
- 18 (215 ILCS 5/512-13 new)
- 19 Sec. 512-13. Enforcement.
- 2.0 (a) Enforcement of this Article shall be the responsibility 21 of the Department and the Director.
- (b) The Director shall have the authority to adopt any 22 23 rules necessary for the implementation and administration of 24 this Article.
- 25 (c) The Director shall take action or impose penalties to

- bring non-complying entities into full compliance with this 1
- Article. Any violation of this Article may subject a 2
- non-complying entity to financial penalties not less than 3
- 4 \$1,000 per violation.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 5
- 1, 2020.". 6