

Rep. Kelly M. Burke

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10100SB1621ham004

LRB101 10067 RJF 74891 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1621 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 1621, AS AMENDED, 2 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the 3 4 following: "Section 5. The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act is 5 6 amended by adding Sections 5-45.8 and 5-45.9 as follows: 7 (5 ILCS 100/5-45.8 new)Sec. 5-45.8. Emergency rulemaking; Secretary of State 8 emergency powers. To provide for the expeditious and timely 9 implementation of the extension provisions of Section 30 of the 10 Secretary of State Act, emergency rules implementing the 11 12 extension provisions of Section 30 of the Secretary of State Act may be adopted in accordance with Section 5-45 by the 13 Secretary of State. The adoption of emergency rules authorized 14 15 by Section 5-45 and this Section is deemed to be necessary for

the public interest, safety, and welfare.

This Section is repealed on January 1, 2022. 1

(5 ILCS 100/5-45.9 new)2

3 Sec. 5-45.9. Emergency Rulemaking; Firearm Owners 4 Identification Card Act. To provide for the expeditious and 5 timely implementation of subsection (c) of Section 5 of the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Act and subsection (c) of 6 Section 50 of the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, emergency rules 7 8 implementing subsection (c) of Section 5 of the Firearm Owner's 9 Identification Card Act and subsection (c) of Section 50 of the 10 Firearm Concealed Carry Act may be adopted in accordance with Section 5-45 by the Illinois State Police. Any rule shall not 11 add any additional requirements, qualifications 12 13 disqualifications to Section 4 of the Firearm Owner's 14 Identification Card Act or Section 25 of the Firearm Concealed 15 Carry Act. Emergency rules adopted under this Section are not subject to the limitation on the number of emergency rules that 16 may be adopted in a 24 month period under subsection (c) of 17 Section 5-45. The adoption of emergency rules authorized by 18 Section 5-45 and this Section is deemed to be necessary for the 19 20 public interest, safety and welfare. 21 This Section is repealed one year after the effective date

22 of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

2.3 Section 10. The Secretary of State Act is amended by 24 changing Section 30 as follows:

1 (15 ILCS 305/30)

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(Section scheduled to be repealed on June 30, 2021)

3 Sec. 30. Emergency powers.

> (a) In response to the ongoing public health disaster caused by Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19), a novel severe acute respiratory illness that spreads rapidly through respiratory transmissions, and the need to regulate the number of individuals entering a Secretary of State facility at any one time in order to prevent the spread of the disease, the Secretary of State is hereby given the authority to adopt emergency rulemakings, as provided under subsection (b), and to adopt permanent administrative rules extending until no later than June 30, 2021, the expiration dates of driver's licenses, driving permits, monitoring device driving permits, restricted driving permits, identification cards, disabled parking placards and decals, and vehicle registrations that were issued with expiration dates on or after January 1, 2020. If as of May 1, 2021, there remains in effect a proclamation issued by the Governor of the State of Illinois declaring a statewide disaster in response to the outbreak of COVID-19, the Secretary may further extend such expiration dates until no later than December 31, 2021. Upon the Governor of the State of Illinois issuing a statewide disaster proclamation based on a health pandemic or similar emergency, the Secretary may extend for duration of the proclaimed disaster and for up to a period of

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- (1) the expiration dates of driver's licenses, driving permits, identification cards, disabled parking placards and decals, and vehicle registrations; and
 - (2) the expiration dates of professional licenses, registrations, certifications and commissions issued by the Secretary, including but not limited to, vehicle dealership licenses, commercial driver training school licenses, and securities, broker and investment adviser registrations.

After the initial 120-day extension, the Secretary may adopt subsequent 30-day extensions only upon a determination that circumstances necessitate additional extensions. The Secretary must adopt any subsequent 30 day extension prior to the previous lapsing.

- (a-5) During the period of any extensions implemented pursuant to this Section, all driver's licenses, driving permits, monitoring device driving permits, restricted driving permits, identification cards, disabled parking placards and decals, and vehicle registrations shall be subject to any terms and conditions under which the original document was issued.
- (b) To provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly, any emergency rules to implement the extension provisions of this Section must be adopted by the Secretary of State, subject to the provisions of Section 5-45 of the

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1 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. Any such rule shall:

- (blank); identify the disaster proclamation (1)authorizing the rulemaking;
 - (2) set forth the expirations being extended (for example, "this extension shall apply to all driver's licenses, driving permits, monitoring device driving permits, restricted driving permits, identification cards, disabled parking placards and decals, and vehicle registrations expiring on [date] through [date]"); and
 - (3) set forth the date on which the extension period becomes effective, and the date on which the extension will terminate if not extended by subsequent emergency rulemaking.
 - (c) Where the renewal of any driver's license, driving permit, monitoring device driving permit, restricted driving permit, identification card, disabled parking placard or decal, or vehicle registration, or professional license, registration, certification or commission has been extended pursuant to this Section, it shall be renewed during the period of an extension. Any such renewal shall be from the original expiration date and shall be subject to the full fee which would have been due had the renewal been issued based on the original expiration date, except that no late filing fees or penalties shall be imposed.
 - (d) All law enforcement agencies in the State of Illinois and all State and local governmental entities shall recognize

- 1 the validity of, and give full legal force to, extensions granted pursuant to this Section. 2
- 3 (e) Upon the request of any person or entity whose driver's 4 license, driving permit, monitoring device driving permit, 5 restricted driving permit, identification card, disabled parking placard or decal, or vehicle registration, or 6 professional license, registration, certification or 7 8 commission has been subject to an extension under this Section,
- 9 the Secretary shall issue a statement verifying the extension
- 10 was issued pursuant to Illinois law, and requesting any foreign
- 11 jurisdiction to honor the extension.
- (f) This Section is repealed on January 1, 2022 June 30, 12
- $\frac{2021}{1}$. 13
- (Source: P.A. 101-640, eff. 6-12-20.) 14
- 15 Section 15. The Department of Commerce and Economic
- Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is 16
- amended by changing Section 605-1047 and by adding Section 17
- 605-1045.1 as follows: 18
- (20 ILCS 605/605-1045.1 new) 19
- 20 605-1045.1. Restore Illinois Collaborative
- Commission. The General Assembly finds and declares that this 21
- 22 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly manifests the
- 23 intention of the General Assembly to extend the repeal of
- Section 605-1045. Section 605-1045 as enacted and reenacted in 24

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this Section shall be deemed to have been in continuous effect since June 12, 2020 and it shall continue to be in effect henceforward until it is otherwise lawfully repealed. All previously enacted amendments to this Section taking effect on or after June 12, 2020, are hereby validated. All actions taken in reliance on the continuing effect of Section 605-1045 by any person or entity are hereby validated. In order to ensure the continuing effectiveness of this Section, it is set forth in full and reenacted by this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly. This reenactment is intended as a continuation of this Section. It is not intended to supersede any amendment to this Section that is enacted by the 101st General Assembly.

(a) The General Assembly hereby finds and declares that the State is confronted with a public health crisis that has created unprecedented challenges for the State's diverse economic base. In light of this crisis, and the heightened need for collaboration between the legislative and executive branches, the General Assembly hereby establishes the Restore Illinois Collaborative Commission. The members of the Commission will participate in and provide input on plans to revive the various sectors of the State's economy in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic.

(b) The Department may request meetings be convened to address revitalization efforts for the various sectors of the State's economy. Such meetings may include public participation as determined by the Commission.

(c) The Department shall provide a written report to the
commission and the General Assembly not less than every 30 day
regarding the status of current and proposed revitalizatio
efforts. The written report shall include applicable metric
that demonstrate progress on recovery efforts, as well as an
additional information as requested by the Commission. The
first report shall be delivered by July 1, 2020. The report to
the General Assembly shall be delivered to all members, is
addition to complying with the requirements of Section 3.1 o
the General Assembly Organization Act.
(d) The Restore Illinois Collaborative Commission shal
consist of 14 members, appointed as follows:
(1) four members of the House of Representative
appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
(2) four members of the Senate appointed by the Senate
President;
(3) three members of the House of Representative
appointed by the Minority Leader of the House o
Representatives; and
(4) three members of the Senate appointed by the Senate
Minority Leader.
(e) The Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
Senate President shall each appoint one member of the
Commission to serve as a Co-Chair. The Co-Chairs may conven
meetings of the Commission. The members of the Commission shal
serve without compensation.

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(f) This Section is repealed January 1, 2022.

- 2 (20 ILCS 605/605-1047)
- 3 Sec. <u>605-1047</u> 605-1045. Local Coronavirus Urgent 4 Remediation Emergency (or Local CURE) Support Program.
- Purpose. The Department may receive, directly or 5 indirectly, federal funds from the Coronavirus Relief Fund 6 provided to the State pursuant to Section 5001 of the federal 7 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act to 8 9 provide financial support to units of local government for 10 purposes authorized by Section 5001 of the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act and related 11 12 federal quidance. Upon receipt of such funds, 13 appropriations for their use, the Department shall administer a 14 Local Coronavirus Urgent Remediation Emergency (or Local CURE) 15 Support Program to provide financial support to units of local government that have incurred necessary expenditures due to the 16 17 COVID-19 public health emergency. The Department shall provide 18 by rule the administrative framework for the Local CURE Support 19 Program.
 - (b) Allocations. A portion of the funds appropriated for the Local CURE Support Program may be allotted to municipalities and counties based on proportionate population. Units of local government, or portions thereof, located within the five Illinois counties that received direct allotments from the federal Coronavirus Relief Fund will not be included in the

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- 1 support program allotments. The Department may establish other administrative procedures for providing financial support to 2 3 units of local government. Appropriated funds may be used for 4 administration of the support program, including the hiring of 5 provider to assist with coordination service administration. 6
 - (C) Administrative Procedures. The Department establish administrative procedures for the support program, including any application procedures, grant agreements, certifications, methodologies, payment and other accountability measures that may be imposed upon recipients of funds under the grant program. Financial support may be provided in the form of grants or in the form of expense reimbursements for disaster-related expenditures. emergency rulemaking process may be used to promulgate the initial rules of the grant program.
 - (d) Definitions. As used in this Section:
 - (1) "COVID-19" means the novel coronavirus virus disease deemed COVID-19 by the World Health Organization on February 11, 2020.
 - (2) "Local government" or "unit of local government" means any unit of local government as defined in Article VII, Section 1 of the Illinois Constitution.
 - "Third party administrator" means a service provider selected by the Department to provide operational assistance with the administration of the support program.

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- 1 (e) Powers of the Department. The Department has the power 2 to:
 - (1) Provide financial support to eligible units of local government with funds appropriated from the Local Coronavirus Urgent Remediation Emergency (Local CURE) Fund to cover necessary costs incurred due to the COVID-19 public health emergency that are eligible to be paid using federal funds from the Coronavirus Relief Fund.
 - (2) Enter into agreements, accept funds, issue grants or expense reimbursements, and engage in cooperation with agencies of the federal government and units of local governments to carry out the purposes of this support program, and to use funds appropriated from the Local Coronavirus Urgent Remediation Emergency (Local CURE) Fund fund upon such terms and conditions as may be established by the federal government and the Department.
 - (3) Enter into agreements with third-party administrators to assist the state with operational assistance and administrative functions related to review of documentation and processing of financial support payments to units of local government.
 - (4) Establish applications, notifications, contracts, and procedures and adopt rules deemed necessary and appropriate to carry out the provisions of this Section. To provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of this Act, emergency rules to implement any provision of

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1 this Section may be adopted by the Department subject to provisions ofSection 5-45 the oft.he Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. 3

- (5) Provide staff, administration, and related support required to manage the support program and pay for the staffing, administration, and related support with funds appropriated from the Local Coronavirus Urgent Remediation Emergency (Local CURE) Fund.
- (6) Exercise such other powers as are necessary or incidental to the foregoing.
- (f) Local CURE Financial Support to Local Governments. The Department is authorized to provide financial support to eligible units of local government including, but not limited to, certified local health departments for necessary costs incurred due to the COVID-19 public health emergency that are eligible to be paid using federal funds from the Coronavirus Relief Fund.
 - (1) Financial support funds may be used by a unit of local government only for payment of costs permitted to be covered with monies from the Coronavirus Relief Fund pursuant to Section 601(d)(3) of the Social Security Act, as amended, or any other federal law that: (i) are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency of COVID-19; (ii) were not accounted for in the recent budget approved as of March 27, 2020 for unit of local government; and (iii) were incurred between

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1 March 1, 2020 and December 30, 2020.

- (2) A unit of local government receiving financial support funds under this program shall certify to the Department that it shall use the funds in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (1) and that any funds received but not used for such purposes shall be repaid to the Department.
- (3) The Department shall make the determination to provide financial support funds to a unit of local government on the basis of criteria established by the Department.
- (Source: P.A. 101-636, eff. 6-10-20; revised 8-3-20.) 12
- 13 Section 20. The General Assembly Organization Act is 14 amended by changing Section 1 as follows:
- 15 (25 ILCS 5/1) (from Ch. 63, par. 1)
- 16 Sec. 1. (a) The That the sessions of the General Assembly shall be held at the seat of government: Provided, that the 17 18 Governor may convene the General Assembly at some other place 19 when it is necessary, in case of pestilence or public danger.
- 20 (b) In case of pestilence or public danger, such that 21 in-person participation poses a significant risk to the health 22 or safety of General Assembly members, General Assembly staff, 23 or the public-at-large, members may participate remotely and cast votes in sessions, by joint proclamation of the Speaker of 24

- the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate. 1
- Committees of either the House of Representatives or Senate may 2
- 3 meet and members may participate remotely pursuant to the rules
- 4 of the chamber. The House of Representatives and the Senate
- 5 shall adopt rules for remote participation. The rules of the
- chamber may or may not require that a quorum of the members be 6
- physically present at the location of the session or the 7
- committee meeting, and may allow a quorum to be established 8
- 9 remotely. This subsection and subsection (c) shall be
- 10 inoperative on and after January 11, 2023.
- (c) As used in this Section, "participate remotely" means 11
- simultaneous, interactive participation in session or 12
- 13 committee meetings by members not physically present, through
- 14 means of communication technologies designed to accommodate
- 15 and facilitate such simultaneous, interactive participation
- 16 and allow the public to view such meetings or sessions.
- (Source: R.S. 1874, p. 555.) 17
- Section 23. The Legislative Commission Reorganization Act 18
- 19 of 1984 is amended by changing Section 1-5 as follows:
- 20 (25 ILCS 130/1-5) (from Ch. 63, par. 1001-5)
- Sec. 1-5. Composition of agencies; directors. 21
- 22 (a) The Boards of the Joint Committee on Administrative
- 23 Rules. the Commission on Government Forecasting and
- 24 Accountability, and the Legislative Audit Commission Committee

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shall each consist of 12 members of the General Assembly, of whom 3 shall be appointed by the President of the Senate, 3 shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate, 3 shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House Representatives, and 3 shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives. All appointments shall be in writing and filed with the Secretary of State as a public record.

Members shall serve a 2-year term, and must be appointed by the Joint Committee during the month of January in each odd-numbered year for terms beginning February 1. Any vacancy in an Agency shall be filled by appointment for the balance of the term in the same manner as the original appointment. A vacancy shall exist when a member no longer holds the elected legislative office held at the time of the appointment or at the termination of the member's legislative service.

During the month of February of each odd-numbered year, the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services shall select from the members of the Board of each Agency 2 co-chairpersons and such other officers as the Joint Committee deems necessary. The co-chairpersons of each Board shall serve for a 2-year term, beginning February 1 of the odd-numbered year, and the 2 co-chairpersons shall not be members of or identified with the same house or the same political party.

Each Board shall meet twice annually or more often upon the call of the chair or any 9 members. A quorum of the Board shall

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1 consist of a majority of the appointed members.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in times of pestilence or public danger, such that in-person participation poses a significant risk to the health or safety of Board members, Board staff, or the public-at-large, by agreement of the co-chairs of the respective Board, members of a Board under this subsection may participate remotely and cast votes in a hearing. Each Board shall adopt rules for remote participation. As used in this Section, "participate remotely" means simultaneous, interactive participation in Board meetings by members not physically present, through means of communication technologies designed to accommodate and facilitate such simultaneous, interactive participation and where members of the public may view such meetings.

(b) The Board of each of the following legislative support agencies shall consist of the Secretary and Assistant Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk and Assistant Clerk of the House of Representatives: the Legislative Information System, Legislative Printing Unit, the Legislative Reference Bureau, and the Office of the Architect of the Capitol. co-chairpersons of the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol shall be the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives, each ex officio.

The Chairperson of each of the other Boards shall be the member who is affiliated with the same caucus as the then serving Chairperson of the Joint Committee on Legislative

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1 Support Services. Each Board shall meet twice annually or more

often upon the call of the chair or any 3 members. A quorum of

the Board shall consist of a majority of the appointed members.

When the Board of the Office of the Architect of the

5 Capitol has cast a tied vote concerning the design,

6 implementation, or construction of a project within the

legislative complex, as defined in Section 8A-15, the Architect

of the Capitol may cast the tie-breaking vote.

- (c) (Blank).
- 10 (d) Members of each Agency shall serve without

11 compensation, but shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in

12 carrying out the duties of the Agency pursuant to rules and

regulations adopted by the Joint Committee on Legislative

14 Support Services.

15 (e) Beginning February 1, 1985, and every 2 years

16 thereafter, the Joint Committee shall select an Executive

Director who shall be the chief executive officer and staff

director of each Agency. The Executive Director shall receive a

salary as fixed by the Joint Committee and shall be authorized

to employ and fix the compensation of necessary professional,

technical and secretarial staff and prescribe their duties,

sign contracts, and issue vouchers for the payment of

obligations pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the

Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services. The Executive

Director and other employees of the Agency shall not be subject

to the Personnel Code.

- The executive director of the Office of the Architect of 1
- the Capitol shall be known as the Architect of the Capitol. 2
- (Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.) 3
- 4 Section 25. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 15-168, 15-169, and 15-172 as follows:
- 6 (35 ILCS 200/15-168)
- 7 15-168. Homestead exemption for persons with
- 8 disabilities.
- 9 (a) Beginning with taxable year 2007, an annual homestead
- exemption is granted to persons with disabilities in the amount 10
- 11 of \$2,000, except as provided in subsection (c), to be deducted
- 12 from the property's value as equalized or assessed by the
- 13 Department of Revenue. The person with a disability shall
- 14 receive the homestead exemption upon meeting the following
- 15 requirements:
- 16 (1) The property must be occupied as the primary
- 17 residence by the person with a disability.
- 18 (2) The person with a disability must be liable for
- 19 paying the real estate taxes on the property.
- 20 (3) The person with a disability must be an owner of
- 21 record of the property or have a legal or equitable
- 22 interest in the property as evidenced by a written
- 23 instrument. In the case of a leasehold interest in
- 24 property, the lease must be for a single family residence.

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A person who has a disability during the taxable year is eligible to apply for this homestead exemption during that taxable year. Application must be made during the application period in effect for the county of residence. If a homestead exemption has been granted under this Section and the person awarded the exemption subsequently becomes a resident of a facility licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community Care Act, or the MC/DD Act, then the exemption shall continue (i) so long as the residence continues to be occupied by the qualifying person's spouse or (ii) if the residence remains unoccupied but is still owned by the person qualified for the homestead exemption.

(b) For the purposes of this Section, "person with a disability" means a person unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of a medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. Persons with disabilities filing claims under this Act shall submit proof of disability in such form and manner as the Department shall by rule and regulation prescribe. Proof that a claimant is eligible to receive disability benefits under the Federal Social Security Act shall constitute proof of disability for purposes of this Act. Issuance of an Illinois Person with a Disability Identification Card stating that the claimant is under a Class

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- 2 disability, as defined in Section 4A of the Illinois Identification Card Act, shall constitute proof that the person named thereon is a person with a disability for purposes of this Act. A person with a disability not covered under the Federal Social Security Act and not presenting an Illinois Person with a Disability Identification Card stating that the claimant is under a Class 2 disability shall be examined by a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant designated by the Department, and his status as a person with a disability determined using the same standards as used by the Social Security Administration. The costs of any required examination shall be borne by the claimant.
 - (c) For land improved with (i) an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative or (ii) a life care facility as defined under Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities Act that is considered to be a cooperative, the maximum reduction from the value of the property, as equalized or assessed by the Department, shall be multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by a person with a disability. The person with a disability shall receive the homestead exemption upon meeting the following requirements:
 - (1) The property must be occupied as the primary residence by the person with a disability.
 - (2) The person with a disability must be liable by contract with the owner or owners of record for paying the apportioned property taxes on the property of

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cooperative or life care facility. In the case of a life care facility, the person with a disability must be liable for paying the apportioned property taxes under a life care contract as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities Act.

(3) The person with a disability must be an owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment building. A leasehold interest does not meet this requirement.

If a homestead exemption is granted under this subsection, the cooperative association or management firm shall credit the savings resulting from the exemption to the apportioned tax liability of the qualifying person with a disability. The chief county assessment officer may request reasonable proof that the association or firm has properly credited the exemption. A person who willfully refuses to credit an exemption to the qualified person with a disability is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

(d) The chief county assessment officer shall determine the eligibility of property to receive the homestead exemption according to guidelines established by the Department. After a person has received an exemption under this Section, an annual verification of eligibility for the exemption shall be mailed to the taxpayer.

In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the chief county assessment officer shall provide to each person

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granted a homestead exemption under this Section a form to designate any other person to receive a duplicate of any notice of delinquency in the payment of taxes assessed and levied under this Code on the person's qualifying property. duplicate notice shall be in addition to the notice required to be provided to the person receiving the exemption and shall be given in the manner required by this Code. The person filing request for the duplicate notice shall administrative fee of \$5 to the chief county assessment officer. The assessment officer shall then file the executed designation with the county collector, who shall issue the duplicate notices indicated as by the designation. designation may be rescinded by the person with a disability in the manner required by the chief county assessment officer.

- (d-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each chief county assessment officer may approve this exemption for the 2020 and 2021 taxable years year, without application, for any property that was approved for this exemption for the 2019 taxable year, provided that:
 - (1) the county board has declared a local disaster as provided in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act related to the COVID-19 public health emergency;
 - (2) the owner of record of the property as of <u>January 1</u> of the taxable year January 1, 2020 is the same as the owner of record of the property as of January 1, 2019;
 - (3) the exemption for the 2019 taxable year has not

- 1 been determined to be an erroneous exemption as defined by this Code; and 2
- 3 (4) the applicant for the 2019 taxable year has not 4 asked for the exemption to be removed for the 2019, or 5 2020, or 2021 taxable years.
- (e) A taxpayer who claims an exemption under Section 15-165 6 or 15-169 may not claim an exemption under this Section. 7
- (Source: P.A. 100-513, eff. 1-1-18; 101-635, eff. 6-5-20.) 8
- 9 (35 ILCS 200/15-169)

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- 10 15-169. Homestead exemption for veterans with disabilities. 11
- 12 (a) Beginning with taxable year 2007, an annual homestead 13 exemption, limited to the amounts set forth in subsections (b) 14 and (b-3), is granted for property that is used as a qualified residence by a veteran with a disability. 15
- (b) For taxable years prior to 2015, the amount of the 16 17 exemption under this Section is as follows:
 - (1) for veterans with a service-connected disability of at least (i) 75% for exemptions granted in taxable years 2007 through 2009 and (ii) 70% for exemptions granted in taxable year 2010 and each taxable year thereafter, as certified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the annual exemption is \$5,000; and
- 24 (2) for veterans with a service-connected disability 25 of at least 50%, but less than (i) 75% for exemptions

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- granted in taxable years 2007 through 2009 and (ii) 70% for 1 exemptions granted in taxable year 2010 and each taxable 2 3 year thereafter, as certified by the United States 4 Department of Veterans Affairs, the annual exemption is 5 \$2,500.
 - (b-3) For taxable years 2015 and thereafter:
 - (1) if the veteran has a service connected disability of 30% or more but less than 50%, as certified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, then the annual exemption is \$2,500;
 - (2) if the veteran has a service connected disability of 50% or more but less than 70%, as certified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, then the annual exemption is \$5,000; and
 - (3) if the veteran has a service connected disability of 70% or more, as certified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, then the property is exempt from taxation under this Code.
 - (b-5) If a homestead exemption is granted under this Section and the person awarded the exemption subsequently becomes a resident of a facility licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act or a facility operated by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, then the exemption shall continue (i) so long as the residence continues to be occupied by the qualifying person's spouse or (ii) if the residence remains unoccupied but is still owned by the person who

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- qualified for the homestead exemption.
- (c) The tax exemption under this Section carries over to the benefit of the veteran's surviving spouse as long as the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead, permanently resides thereon, and does not remarry. If the surviving spouse sells the property, an exemption not to exceed the amount granted from the most recent ad valorem tax roll may be transferred to his or her new residence as long as it is used as his or her primary residence and he or she does not remarry.
 - (c-1) Beginning with taxable year 2015, nothing in this Section shall require the veteran to have qualified for or obtained the exemption before death if the veteran was killed in the line of duty.
 - (d) The exemption under this Section applies for taxable year 2007 and thereafter. A taxpayer who claims an exemption under Section 15-165 or 15-168 may not claim an exemption under this Section.
- (e) Each taxpayer who has been granted an exemption under this Section must reapply on an annual basis. Application must be made during the application period in effect for the county of his or her residence. The assessor or chief county may determine the assessment officer eligibility residential property to receive the homestead exemption provided by this Section by application, visual inspection, questionnaire, or other reasonable methods. The determination

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- 1 must be made in accordance with quidelines established by the 2 Department.
 - (e-1) If the person qualifying for the exemption does not occupy the qualified residence as of January 1 of the taxable year, the exemption granted under this Section shall be prorated on a monthly basis. The prorated exemption shall apply beginning with the first complete month in which the person occupies the qualified residence.
 - (e-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each chief county assessment officer may approve this exemption for the 2020 and 2021 taxable years year, without application, for any property that was approved for this exemption for the 2019 taxable year, provided that:
 - (1) the county board has declared a local disaster as provided in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act related to the COVID-19 public health emergency;
 - (2) the owner of record of the property as of <u>January 1</u> of the taxable year January 1, 2020 is the same as the owner of record of the property as of January 1, 2019;
 - (3) the exemption for the 2019 taxable year has not been determined to be an erroneous exemption as defined by this Code; and
 - (4) the applicant for the 2019 taxable year has not asked for the exemption to be removed for the 2019, or 2020, or 2021 taxable years.
 - Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a veteran whose

- 1 service connected disability rating has changed since the 2019
- exemption was granted from applying for the exemption based on 2
- 3 the subsequent service connected disability rating.
- 4 (f) For the purposes of this Section:
- 5 "Qualified residence" means real property, but less any
- portion of that property that is used for commercial purposes, 6
- with an equalized assessed value of less than \$250,000 that is 7
- 8 the primary residence of a veteran with a disability. Property
- 9 rented for more than 6 months is presumed to be used for
- 10 commercial purposes.
- "Veteran" means an Illinois resident who has served as a 11
- member of the United States Armed Forces on active duty or 12
- 13 State active duty, a member of the Illinois National Guard, or
- 14 a member of the United States Reserve Forces and who has
- 15 received an honorable discharge.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 100-869, eff. 8-14-18; 101-635, eff. 6-5-20.)
- 17 (35 ILCS 200/15-172)
- Sec. 15-172. Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead 18
- 19 Exemption.
- 2.0 (a) This Section may be cited as the Senior Citizens
- 21 Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption.
- 22 (b) As used in this Section:
- 23 an individual who has filed "Applicant" means an
- 24 application under this Section.
- 25 "Base amount" means the base year equalized assessed value

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1 of the residence plus the first year's equalized assessed value of any added improvements which increased the assessed value of 2 3 the residence after the base year.

"Base year" means the taxable year prior to the taxable year for which the applicant first qualifies and applies for the exemption provided that in the prior taxable year the property was improved with a permanent structure that was occupied as a residence by the applicant who was liable for paying real property taxes on the property and who was either (i) an owner of record of the property or had legal or equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written instrument or (ii) had a legal or equitable interest as a lessee in the parcel of property that was single family residence. If in any subsequent taxable year for which the applicant applies and qualifies for the exemption the equalized assessed value of the residence is less than the equalized assessed value in the existing base year (provided that such equalized assessed value is not based on an assessed value that results from a temporary irregularity in the property that reduces the assessed value for one or more taxable years), then that subsequent taxable year shall become the base year until a new base year is established under the terms of this paragraph. For taxable year 1999 only, the Chief County Assessment Officer shall review (i) all taxable years for which the applicant applied and qualified for the exemption and (ii) the existing base year. The assessment officer shall select as the new base

of this paragraph.

- 1 year the year with the lowest equalized assessed value. An equalized assessed value that is based on an assessed value 2 3 that results from a temporary irregularity in the property that 4 reduces the assessed value for one or more taxable years shall 5 not be considered the lowest equalized assessed value. The selected year shall be the base year for taxable year 1999 and 6 thereafter until a new base year is established under the terms 7
- 9 "Chief County Assessment Officer" means the County 10 Assessor or Supervisor of Assessments of the county in which 11 the property is located.
- "Equalized assessed value" means the assessed value as 12 13 equalized by the Illinois Department of Revenue.
- 14 "Household" means the applicant, the spouse of 15 applicant, and all persons using the residence of the applicant 16 as their principal place of residence.
- "Household income" means the combined income of the members 17 of a household for the calendar year preceding the taxable 18 19 vear.
- 20 "Income" has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07 2.1 of the Senior Citizens and Persons with Disabilities Property 22 Tax Relief Act, except that, beginning in assessment year 2001, "income" does not include veteran's benefits. 23
- "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means the United States 24 25 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor law or laws 26 relating to federal income taxes in effect for the year

- 1 preceding the taxable year.
- "Life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative" means 2
- a facility as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities 3
- 4 Act.

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- 5 "Maximum income limitation" means:
- (1) \$35,000 prior to taxable year 1999; 6
- (2) \$40,000 in taxable years 1999 through 2003; 7
- (3) \$45,000 in taxable years 2004 through 2005; 8
- 9 (4) \$50,000 in taxable years 2006 and 2007;
- 10 (5) \$55,000 in taxable years 2008 through 2016;
- (6) for taxable year 2017, (i) \$65,000 for qualified 11 property located in a county with 3,000,000 or more 12 13 inhabitants and (ii) \$55,000 for qualified property located in a county with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants; 14 15 and
- 16 (7) for taxable years 2018 and thereafter, \$65,000 for 17 all qualified property.

"Residence" means the principal dwelling place appurtenant structures used for residential purposes in this State occupied on January 1 of the taxable year by a household and so much of the surrounding land, constituting the parcel upon which the dwelling place is situated, as is used for residential purposes. If the Chief County Assessment Officer has established a specific legal description for a portion of property constituting the residence, then that portion of property shall be deemed the residence for the purposes of this

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"Taxable year" means the calendar year during which ad valorem property taxes payable in the next succeeding year are levied.

(c) Beginning in taxable year 1994, a senior citizens assessment freeze homestead exemption is granted for real property that is improved with a permanent structure that is occupied as a residence by an applicant who (i) is 65 years of age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) is liable for paying real property taxes on the property, and (iv) is an owner of record of the property or has a legal or equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written instrument. This homestead exemption shall also apply to a leasehold interest in a parcel of property improved with a permanent structure that is a single family residence that is occupied as a residence by a person who (i) is 65 years of age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) has a legal or equitable ownership interest in the property as lessee, and (iv) is liable for the payment of real property taxes on that property.

In counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the amount of the exemption for all taxable years is the equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount. In all other

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- 1 counties, the amount of the exemption is as follows: through taxable year 2005 and for taxable year 2007 and 2 3 thereafter, the amount of this exemption shall be the equalized 4 assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which 5 application is made minus the base amount; and (ii) for taxable year 2006, the amount of the exemption is as follows: 6
 - (1) For an applicant who has a household income of \$45,000 or less, the amount of the exemption is the equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount.
 - (2) For an applicant who has a household income exceeding \$45,000 but not exceeding \$46,250, the amount of the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.8.
 - (3) For an applicant who has a household income exceeding \$46,250 but not exceeding \$47,500, the amount of the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.6.
 - (4) For an applicant who has a household income exceeding \$47,500 but not exceeding \$48,750, the amount of the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.4.
 - (5) For an applicant who has a household income

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exceeding \$48,750 but not exceeding \$50,000, the amount of the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.2.

When the applicant is a surviving spouse of an applicant for a prior year for the same residence for which an exemption under this Section has been granted, the base year and base amount for that residence are the same as for the applicant for the prior year.

Each year at the time the assessment books are certified to the County Clerk, the Board of Review or Board of Appeals shall give to the County Clerk a list of the assessed values of improvements on each parcel qualifying for this exemption that were added after the base year for this parcel and that increased the assessed value of the property.

In the case of land improved with an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative or a building that is a life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative, the maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value of the property is limited to the sum of the reductions calculated for each unit occupied as a residence by a person or persons (i) 65 years of age or older, (ii) with a household income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) who is liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for paying real property taxes on the property, and (iv) who is an owner of record of a legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment

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building, other than a leasehold interest. In the instance of a cooperative where a homestead exemption has been granted under this Section, the cooperative association or its management firm shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner who qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to credit that savings to an owner who qualifies for the exemption is quilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

When a homestead exemption has been granted under this Section and an applicant then becomes a resident of a facility licensed under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, the ID/DD Community Care Act, or the MC/DD Act, the exemption shall be granted in subsequent years so long as the residence (i) continues to be occupied by the qualified applicant's spouse or (ii) if remaining unoccupied, is still owned by the qualified applicant for the homestead exemption.

Beginning January 1, 1997, when an individual dies who would have qualified for an exemption under this Section, and the surviving spouse does not independently qualify for this exemption because of age, the exemption under this Section shall be granted to the surviving spouse for the taxable year preceding and the taxable year of the death, provided that, except for age, the surviving spouse meets all other qualifications for the granting of this exemption for those

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When married persons maintain separate residences, the exemption provided for in this Section may be claimed by only one of such persons and for only one residence.

For taxable year 1994 only, in counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an application by February 15, 1995 to the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located. In counties having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, for taxable year 1994 and all subsequent taxable years, to receive the exemption, a person may submit an application to the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located during such period as may be specified by the Chief County Assessment Officer. The Chief County Assessment Officer in counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall annually give notice of the application period by mail or counties having publication. In less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, beginning with taxable year 1995 and thereafter, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an application by July 1 of each taxable year to the Chief County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is located. A county may, by ordinance, establish a date for submission of applications that is different than July 1. The applicant shall submit with the application an affidavit of the applicant's total household income, age, marital status (and if married the name and address of the applicant's spouse, if known), and

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principal dwelling place of members of the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The Department shall establish, by rule, a method for verifying the accuracy of affidavits filed by applicants under this Section, and the Chief County Assessment Officer may conduct audits of any taxpayer claiming an exemption under this Section to verify that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the exemption. Each application shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is made under the penalties of perjury. A taxpayer's signing a fraudulent application under this Act is perjury, as defined in Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 2012. The applications shall be clearly marked as applications for the Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption and must contain a notice that any taxpayer who receives the exemption is subject to an audit by the Chief County Assessment Officer.

Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, in counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the application required by this Section in a timely manner and this failure to file is due to a mental or physical condition sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, the Chief County Assessment Officer may extend the filing deadline for a period of 30 days after the applicant regains the capability to file the application, but in no case may the filing deadline be extended beyond 3 months of the original filing deadline. In order to receive the extension

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provided in this paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County Assessment Officer with a signed statement from the applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the condition, that, in the physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, and the date on which the applicant regained the capability to file the application.

Beginning January 1, 1998, notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, in counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the application required by this Section in a timely manner and this failure to file is due to a mental or physical condition sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, the Chief County Assessment Officer may extend the filing deadline for a period of 3 months. In order to receive the extension provided in this paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County Assessment Officer with a signed statement from the applicant's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant stating the nature and extent of the condition, and that, in the physician's, advanced practice registered nurse's, or physician assistant's opinion, the condition was so severe that it rendered the applicant incapable of filing the

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application in a timely manner.

In counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant was denied an exemption in taxable year 1994 and the denial occurred due to an error on the part of an assessment official, or his or her agent or employee, then beginning in taxable year 1997 the applicant's base year, for purposes of determining the amount of the exemption, shall be 1993 rather than 1994. In addition, in taxable year 1997, the applicant's exemption shall also include an amount equal to (i) the amount of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1995 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year, (ii) the amount of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1996 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year, and (iii) the amount of the exemption erroneously denied for taxable year 1994.

For purposes of this Section, a person who will be 65 years of age during the current taxable year shall be eligible to apply for the homestead exemption during that taxable year. Application shall be made during the application period in effect for the county of his or her residence.

The Chief County Assessment Officer may determine the eligibility of a life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative to receive the benefits provided by this Section by use of an affidavit, application, visual inspection, questionnaire, or other reasonable method in order to insure that the tax savings resulting from the exemption are credited

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1 by the management firm to the apportioned tax liability of each

qualifying resident. The Chief County Assessment Officer may

request reasonable proof that the management firm has so

credited that exemption.

Except as provided in this Section, all information received by the chief county assessment officer or the Department from applications filed under this Section, or from any investigation conducted under the provisions of this Section, shall be confidential, except for official purposes or pursuant to official procedures for collection of any State or local tax or enforcement of any civil or criminal penalty or sanction imposed by this Act or by any statute or ordinance imposing a State or local tax. Any person who divulges any such information in any manner, except in accordance with a proper judicial order, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

Nothing contained in this Section shall prevent the Director or chief county assessment officer from publishing or available reasonable statistics concerning operation of the exemption contained in this Section in which the contents of claims are grouped into aggregates in such a way that information contained in any individual claim shall not be disclosed.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for taxable year 2017 and thereafter, in counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the amount of the exemption shall be the greater of (i) the amount of the exemption otherwise calculated under

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- this Section or (ii) \$2,000. 1
- (c-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each 2 3 chief county assessment officer may approve this exemption for 4 the 2020 and 2021 taxable years year, without application, for 5 any property that was approved for this exemption for the 2019 taxable year, provided that: 6
 - (1) the county board has declared a local disaster as provided in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act related to the COVID-19 public health emergency;
 - (2) the owner of record of the property as of January 1 of the taxable year January 1, 2020 is the same as the owner of record of the property as of January 1, 2019;
 - (3) the exemption for the 2019 taxable year has not been determined to be an erroneous exemption as defined by this Code; and
 - (4) the applicant for the 2019 taxable year has not asked for the exemption to be removed for the 2019, or 2020, or 2021 taxable years.
 - Nothing in this subsection shall preclude or impair the authority of a chief county assessment officer to conduct audits of any taxpayer claiming an exemption under this Section to verify that the taxpayer is eligible to receive the exemption as provided elsewhere in this Section.
 - (d) Each Chief County Assessment Officer shall annually publish a notice of availability of the exemption provided under this Section. The notice shall be published at least 60

- 1 days but no more than 75 days prior to the date on which the
- application must be submitted to the Chief County Assessment 2
- 3 Officer of the county in which the property is located. The
- 4 notice shall appear in a newspaper of general circulation in
- 5 the county.
- 6 Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates Act,
- 7 reimbursement by the State is required for
- 8 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 100-401, eff. 8-25-17; 100-513, eff. 1-1-18;
- 10 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 101-635, eff. 6-5-20.)
- Section 30. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is 11
- 12 amended by changing Sections 5, 6, and 7 as follows:
- 13 (430 ILCS 65/5) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-5)
- 14 Sec. 5. Application and renewal.
- (a) The Department of State Police shall either approve or 15
- 16 deny all applications within 30 days from the date they are
- received, except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section, 17
- 18 and every applicant found qualified under Section 8 of this Act
- by the Department shall be entitled to a Firearm Owner's 19
- 20 Identification Card upon the payment of a \$10 fee. Any
- 21 applicant who is an active duty member of the Armed Forces of
- 22 the United States, a member of the Illinois National Guard, or
- 23 a member of the Reserve Forces of the United States is exempt
- from the application fee. \$6 of each fee derived from the 24

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- 1 issuance of Firearm Owner's Identification Cards, or renewals thereof, shall be deposited in the Wildlife and Fish Fund in 2 3 the State Treasury; \$1 of the fee shall be deposited in the
- 4 State Police Services Fund and \$3 of the fee shall be deposited
- 5 in the State Police Firearm Services Fund.
 - (b) Renewal applications shall be approved or denied within 60 business days, provided the applicant submitted his or her renewal application prior to the expiration of his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card. If a renewal application has been submitted prior to the expiration date of the applicant's Firearm Owner's Identification Card, the Firearm Owner's Identification Card shall remain valid while the Department processes the application, unless the person is subject to or becomes subject to revocation under this Act. The cost for a renewal application shall be \$10 which shall be deposited into the State Police Firearm Services Fund.
 - (c) When a disaster has been declared by the Governor under the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act that impacts counties representing a majority of the population of this State, or if the Illinois State Police are unable to approve or deny renewal applications within 60 days after the time-lines specified in this Act, the Illinois State Police may by rule or emergency rulemaking extend the expiration dates of Firearm Owner's Identification Cards. Any Firearm Owner's Identification Cards with an extended expiration date shall be deemed valid for the purposes of possessing, transferring, and

- 1 purchasing ammunition and firearms, unless the person becomes
- subject to revocation or suspension under this Act. 2
- (Source: P.A. 100-906, eff. 1-1-19.) 3
- 4 (430 ILCS 65/6) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-6)
- 5 Sec. 6. Contents of Firearm Owner's Identification Card.
- (a) A Firearm Owner's Identification Card, issued by the 6 7 Department of State Police at such places as the Director of 8 the Department shall specify, shall contain the applicant's 9 name, residence, date of birth, sex, physical description, 10 recent photograph, except as provided in subsection (c-5), and signature. Each Firearm Owner's Identification Card must have 11 12 the expiration date boldly and conspicuously displayed on the 13 face of the card, unless the validity has been extended under 14 subsection (b) of Section 7. Each Firearm 15 Identification Card must have printed on it the following: "CAUTION - This card does not permit bearer to UNLAWFULLY carry 16 or use firearms." Before December 1, 2002, the Department may 17 use a person's digital photograph and signature from his or her 18 19 Illinois driver's license or Illinois Identification Card, if available. On and after December 1, 2002, the Department shall 20 21 use a person's digital photograph and signature from his or her Illinois driver's license or Illinois Identification Card, if 22 23 available. The Department shall decline to use a person's 24 digital photograph or signature if the digital photograph or 25 signature is the result of or associated with fraudulent or

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- erroneous data, unless otherwise provided by law.
- (b) A person applying for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card shall consent to the Department of State Police using the applicant's digital driver's license or Illinois Identification Card photograph, if available, and signature on the applicant's Firearm Owner's Identification Card. The Secretary of State shall allow the Department of State Police access to the photograph and signature for the purpose of identifying the applicant and issuing to the applicant a Firearm Owner's Identification Card.
 - The Secretary of State shall conduct a study to determine the cost and feasibility of creating a method of adding an identifiable code, background, or other means on the driver's license or Illinois Identification Card to show that an individual is not disqualified from owning or possessing a firearm under State or federal law. The Secretary shall report the findings of this study 12 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly.
 - (c-5) If a person qualifies for a photograph exemption, in lieu of a photograph, the Firearm Owner's Identification Card shall contain a copy of the card holder's fingerprints. Each Identification Card described Firearm Owner's in subsection (c-5) must have printed on it the following: "This card is only valid for firearm purchases through a federally licensed firearms dealer when presented with photographic identification, as prescribed by 18 U.S.C. 922(t)(1)(C)."

- (Source: P.A. 97-1131, eff. 1-1-13.) 1
- 2 (430 ILCS 65/7) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-7)
- 3 Sec. 7. Validity of Firearm Owner's Identification Card.
- 4 (a) Except as provided in Section 8 of this Act or
- 5 subsection (b) of this Section, a Firearm
- Identification Card issued under the provisions of this Act 6
- 7 shall be valid for the person to whom it is issued for a period
- 8 of 10 years from the date of issuance.
- 9 (b) If a renewal application is submitted to the Department
- 10 before the expiration date of the applicant's current Firearm
- Identification 11 Owner's Card, the Firearm Owner's
- 12 Identification Card shall remain valid for a period of 60
- 13 business days, unless the person is subject to or becomes
- 14 subject to revocation under this Act.
- 15 (c) The validity of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card
- may be extended as provided in subsection (b) of Section 5. 16
- (Source: P.A. 100-906, eff. 1-1-19.) 17
- 18 Section 35. The Firearm Concealed Carry Act is amended by
- changing Section 50 as follows: 19
- 20 (430 ILCS 66/50)
- 21 Sec. 50. License renewal.
- 2.2 (a) This subsection (a) applies through the 180th day
- 23 following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the

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101st General Assembly. Applications for renewal of a license shall be made to the Department. A license shall be renewed for a period of 5 years upon receipt of a completed renewal application, completion of 3 hours of training required under Section 75 of this Act, payment of the applicable renewal fee, and completion of an investigation under Section 35 of this Act. The renewal application shall contain the information required in Section 30 of this Act, except that the applicant need not resubmit a full set of fingerprints.

- (b) This subsection (b) applies on and after the 181st day following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly. Applications for renewal of a license shall be made to the Department. A license shall be renewed for a period of 5 years from the date of expiration on the applicant's current license upon the receipt of a completed renewal application, completion of 3 hours of training required under Section 75 of this Act, payment of the applicable renewal fee, and completion of an investigation under Section 35 of this Act. The renewal application shall contain the information required in Section 30 of this Act, except that the applicant need not resubmit a full set of fingerprints.
- (c) When a disaster has been declared by the Governor under the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act that impacts counties representing a majority of the population of this State, or if the Illinois State Police are unable to approve or deny renewal applications within 60 days after the time-lines

- 1 specified in this Act, the Illinois State Police may by rule or emergency rulemaking extend the expiration dates of concealed 2 3 carry licenses. Any concealed carry license with an extended 4 expiration date shall be deemed valid for the purposes this 5 Act. A concealed carry license that is renewed before its 6 expiration date remains valid during this period; provided, that during the period of the disaster declared by the 7 8 Governor, the concealed carry license shall remain valid even 9 if the licensee has not applied for renewal of the license.
- Section 11 40. The Open Space Lands Acquisition 12 Development Act is amended by changing Section 3 as follows:
- 13 (525 ILCS 35/3) (from Ch. 85, par. 2103)

(Source: P.A. 101-80, eff. 7-12-19.)

14 Sec. 3. From appropriations made from the Capital Development Fund, Build Illinois Bond Fund or other available 15 or designated funds for such purposes, the Department shall 16 make grants to local governments as financial assistance for 17 18 the capital development and improvement of park, recreation or conservation areas, marinas and shorelines, including planning 19 20 and engineering costs, and for the acquisition of open space 21 lands, including acquisition of easements and other property 22 interests less than fee simple ownership if the Department 23 determines that such property interests are sufficient to carry out the purposes of this Act, subject to the conditions and 24

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1 limitations set forth in this Act.

No more than 10% of the amount so appropriated for any 2 3 fiscal year may be committed or expended on any one project 4 described in an application under this Act.

Any grant under this Act to a local government shall be conditioned upon the state providing assistance on a 50/50 matching basis for the acquisition of open space lands and for capital development and improvement proposals. However, a local government defined as "distressed" under criteria adopted by the Department through administrative rule shall be eligible for assistance up to 90% for the acquisition of open space lands and for capital development and improvement proposals, provided that no more than 10% of the amount appropriated under this Act in any fiscal year is made available as grants to distressed local governments.

An advance payment of a A minimum of 50% of any grant made to a unit of local government under this Act must be paid to the unit of local government at the time the Department awards the grant. A unit of local government may opt out of the advanced payment option at the time of the award of the grant. The remainder of the grant shall be distributed to the local government quarterly on a reimbursement basis. The Department shall consider an applicant's request for an extension to a grant under this Act if (i) the advanced payment is expended or legally obligated within the 2 years required by Section 5 of the Illinois Grant Funds Recovery Act or (ii) no advanced

- 1 payment was made.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 98-326, eff. 8-12-13; 98-520, eff. 8-23-13;
- 3 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)
- 4 Section 45. The Child Labor Law is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 8, 11, and 12 as follows:
- 6 (820 ILCS 205/8) (from Ch. 48, par. 31.8)
- 7 Sec. 8. Authority to issue employment certificates.
- 8 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Act, the City or 9 County Superintendent of Schools, or their duly authorized agents, are authorized to issue an employment certificate for 10 any minor under sixteen (16) years of age, said certificate 11 12 authorizing and permitting the appearance of such minor in a 13 play or musical comedy with a professional traveling theatrical 14 production on the stage of a duly licensed theatre wherein not more than two performances are given in any one day and not 15 more than eight performances are given in any one week, or nine 16 when a holiday occurs during the week, or in a musical recital 17 18 or concert: Provided, that such minor is accompanied by his 19 parent or quardian or by a person in whose care the parent or 20 guardian has placed the minor and whose connection with the 21 performance or with the operation of the theatre in which the 22 minor is to appear is limited to the care of such minor or of 23 minors appearing therein: And provided further, that such minor shall not appear on said stage or in a musical recital or 24

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concert, attend rehearsals, or be present in connection with such appearance or rehearsals, in the theatre where the play or musical comedy is produced or in the place where the concert or recital is given, for more than a total of six (6) hours in any one day, or on more than six (6) days in any one week, or for more than a total of twenty-four (24) hours in any one week, or after the hour of 11 postmeridian; and provided further, no such minor shall be excused from attending school except as authorized pursuant to Section 26-1 of the School Code. Application for such certificate shall be made by the manager of the theatre, or by the person in the district responsible for the musical recital or concert, and by the parent or guardian of such minor to the City or County Superintendent of Schools or his authorized agent at least fourteen (14) days in advance of such appearance. The City or County Superintendent of Schools or his agent may issue a permit if satisfied that adequate provision has been made for the educational instruction of such minor, for safeguarding his health and for the proper moral supervision of such minor, and that proper rest and dressing room facilities are provided in the theatre for such minor.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Act, the City or Regional Superintendent of Schools, or their duly authorized agents, are authorized to issue an employment certificate for any minor under 16 years of age, such certificate authorizing and permitting the appearance of such minor as a model or in a

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- 1 motion picture, radio or television production: Provided, that no such minor shall be excused from attending school except as 2 authorized pursuant to Section 26-1 of The School Code. The 3 4 Department of Labor shall promulgate rules and regulations to 5 carry out the provisions of this subsection. Such rules and 6 regulations shall be designed to protect the health and welfare of child models or actors and to insure that the conditions 7 under which minors are employed, used or exhibited will not 8 9 impair their health, welfare, development or proper education.
 - (c) In situations where a minor from another state seeks to obtain an Illinois employment certificate, the Department shall work with a City or Regional Superintendent of Schools, or the State Superintendent of Education, or his or her duly authorized agents, to issue the certificate. Superintendent may waive the requirement in Section 12 of Act that a minor submit his or her application in person, if
- (Source: P.A. 96-1247, eff. 7-23-10.)

the minor resides in another state.

- 19 (820 ILCS 205/11) (from Ch. 48, par. 31.11)
- 11. Employment certificate issuance; 2.0 duration; 21 revocation.
- 22 (a) The employment certificate shall be issued by the City 23 or County Superintendent of Schools or by their duly authorized 24 agents and shall be valid for a period of one year. The person 25 issuing these certificates shall have authority to administer

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1 the oaths provided for herein, but no fee shall be charged. It shall be the duty of the school board or local school 2 3 authority, to designate a place or places where certificates 4 shall be issued and recorded, and physical examinations made 5 without fee, as hereinafter provided, and to establish and maintain the necessary records and clerical services for 6 carrying out the provisions of this Act. 7

The issuing officer shall notify the principal of the school attended by the minor for whom an employment certificate for out of school work is issued by him.

The parent or legal quardian of a minor, or the principal of the school attended by the minor for whom an employment certificate has been issued may ask for the revocation of the certificate by petition to the Department of Labor in writing, stating the reasons he believes that the employment is interfering with the best physical, intellectual or moral development of the minor. The Department of Labor shall thereupon revoke the employment certificate by notice in writing to the employer of the minor.

(b) In situations where a minor from another state seeks to obtain an Illinois employment certificate, the Department shall work with a City or Regional Superintendent of Schools, or the State Superintendent of Education, or his or her duly issue certificate. authorized agents, to the The Superintendent may waive the requirement in Section 12 of this Act that a minor submit his or her application in person, if

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the minor resides in another state.

2 (Source: P.A. 96-1247, eff. 7-23-10.)

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(820 ILCS 205/12) (from Ch. 48, par. 31.12)
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- The person authorized to issue employment Sec. 12. certificates shall issue a certificate only after examining and approving the written application and other papers required under this Section. The application shall be signed by the applicant's parent or legal guardian. The application shall be submitted in person by the minor desiring employment, unless the issuing officer determines that the minor may utilize a remote application process. The minor shall be accompanied by his or her parent, guardian, or custodian, whether applying in person or remotely. The following papers shall be submitted with the application:
- 1. A statement of intention to employ signed by the prospective employer, or by someone duly authorized by him, setting forth the specific nature of the occupation in which he intends to employ such minor and the exact hours of the day and number of hours per day and days per week during which the minor shall be employed.
- 2. Evidence of age showing that the minor is of the age required by this Act, which evidence shall be documentary, and shall be required in the order designated, as follows:
- 24 a. a birth certificate or transcript thereof furnished 25 by the State or County or a signed statement of the

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recorded date and place of birth issued by a registrar of vital records, or other officer charged with the duty of recording births, such registration having been completed within 10 years after the date of birth;

- b. a certificate of baptism, or transcript thereof, duly certified, showing the date of birth and place of baptism of the child;
- c. other documentary proof of age (other than a school record or an affidavit of age) such as a bona fide record of the date and place of the child's birth, kept in the Bible in which the records of births, marriages and deaths in the family of the child are preserved; a certificate of confirmation or other church ceremony at least one year old, showing the age of the child and the date and place of the confirmation or ceremony; or a certificate of arrival the United States, issued by the United States Immigration Officer, showing the age of the child; or a life insurance policy at least one year old showing the age of the child;
- d. If none of the proofs of age described in items a, b and c are obtainable, and only in that case, the issuing officer may accept a certificate signed by a physician, who shall be a public health officer or a public school physician, stating that he has examined the child and that in his opinion the child is at least of the age required by this Act. The certificate shall show the height and weight

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- 1 of the child, the condition of the child's teeth, and any other facts concerning the child's physical development 2 revealed by the examination and upon which his opinion as 3 4 to the child's age is based, and shall be accompanied by a 5 school record of age.
 - 3. A statement on a form approved by the Department of Labor and signed by the principal of the school that the minor attends, or during school holidays when the principal is not available, then by the regional superintendent of schools or by a person designated by him for that purpose, showing the minor's name, address, social security number, grade last completed, and the names of his parents, provided that the statement shall be required only in the case of a minor who is employed on school days outside school hours, or on Saturdays or other school holidays during the school term.
 - 4. A statement of physical fitness signed by a public health or public school physician who has examined the minor, certifying that the minor is physically fit to be employed in all legal occupations or to be employed in legal occupations under limitations specified. If the statement of physical fitness is limited, the employment certificate issued thereon shall state clearly the limitations upon its use, and shall be valid only when used under the limitations so stated.

In any case where the physician deems it advisable he may issue a certificate of physical fitness for a specified period of time, at the expiration of which the person for whom it was

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1 issued shall appear and be re-examined before being permitted to continue work. 2

Examinations shall be made in accordance with the standards and procedures prescribed by the State Director of the Department of Labor, in consultation with the State Director of the Department of Public Health and the State Superintendent of Education, and shall be recorded on a form furnished by the Department of Labor. When made by public health or public school physicians, the examination shall be made without charge to the minor. In case a public health or public school physician is not available, a statement from a private physician who has examined the minor may be accepted, provided that the examination is made in accordance with the standards and procedures established by the Department of Labor.

If the issuing officer refuses to issue a certificate to a minor, the issuing officer shall send to the principal of the school last attended by the minor the name and address of the minor and the reason for the refusal to issue the certificate.

(Source: P.A. 87-895; 88-365.) 19

20 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 21 becoming law.".